

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location:	ULYSSES, Kansas		Accident Number:	CHI96LA111
Date & Time:	March 15, 1996, 17:	10 Local	Registration:	N76632
Aircraft:	Cessna	140	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:			Injuries:	2 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General avi	ation - Personal		

Analysis

During takeoff from a private field, the pilot encountered a gust of wind and decided to abort the takeoff after the airplane drifted to the right of the runway. He used a combination of braking and forward stick, while aborting the takeoff, and said that the airplane nosed over. The pilot said he was never taught how to perform an aborted takeoff.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: Failure of the pilot to maintain directional control of the airplane during the takeoff roll, and his improper use of brakes and elevator control, while aborting the takeoff. A factor relating to the accident was the gusty wind condition.

Findings

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - ON GROUND/WATER Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - ROLL/RUN

Findings 1. (F) WEATHER CONDITION - GUSTS 2. (C) DIRECTIONAL CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND 3. ABORT - INITIATED - PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #2: NOSE OVER

Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - ABORTED

Findings

- 4. (C) BRAKES(NORMAL) IMPROPER USE OF PILOT IN COMMAND 5. (C) ELEVATOR IMPROPER USE OF PILOT IN COMMAND 6. INADEQUATE TRAINING PILOT IN COMMAND

Factual Information

On March 15, 1996, at 1710 central standard time (cst), a Cessna 140, N76632, registered to Satanta Flying Service, Inc., of Satanta, Kansas, and piloted by a private pilot, was substantially damaged following a loss of control during the takeoff roll from a private airport east of Ulysses, Kansas. The pilot and pilot rated passenger reported no injuries. The 14 CFR Part 91 flight was operating in visual meteorological conditions. No flight plan was on filed.

According to the pilot's written statement, he said that he was departing from a private airfield on runway 18. The airplane encountered a gust of wind from the left around one of the last buildings located along the narrow airstrip (20 feet wide runway). The pilot decided to abort the takeoff after drifting to the right of the runway. The pilot stated "... A combination of overbraking to keep aircraft on runway and forward stick caused the aircraft to nose over....." The pilot also told the IIC, in a telephone conversation on April 2, 1996, that he was never taught how to perform an aborted takeoff.

Twenty minutes before the accident occurred, Garden City Airport, Kansas located 38 miles northeast, reported wind conditions, 210 degrees at 7 knots.

In a telephone conversation between the IIC and the instructor pilot on April 10, 1996, he said that the pilot had problems with the use of brakes and needed additional time in the airplane. The instructor pilot also said that the pilot was told that private fields in the area were off limits for the Satanta Flying Service's airplanes. The instructor pilot said that on the day of the accident, Satanta Flying Service was reporting calm winds.

Pilot Information

Thethermation			
Certificate:	Private	Age:	30,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	November 2, 1995
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	96 hours (Total, all aircraft), 66 hour	rs (Total, this make and model)	

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Cessna	Registration:	N76632
Model/Series:	140 140	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	11072
Landing Gear Type:	Tailwheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	100 hour	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1450 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Continental
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	C-85
Registered Owner:	SATANTA FLYING SERVICES, INC.	Rated Power:	85 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	GCK ,2890 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	34 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	16:50 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	230°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Scattered / 6500 ft AGL	Visibility	20 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	7 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	210°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	29 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	15°C / -1°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:		Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	SATANTA , KS (1K9)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	17:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:	SMITH (PRIVATE FIELD) PVT	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	3000 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	18	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	2500 ft / 20 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	37.570251,-101.349143(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Carlson, Todd	
Additional Participating Persons:	E. P DAVIS; WICHITA , KS	
Original Publish Date:	May 29, 1996	
Last Revision Date:		
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>	
Note:		
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=10212	

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The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available <u>here</u>.