

# **Aviation Investigation Factual Report**

| Location:               | Susanville, California               | Accident Number: | WPR12LA013  |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Date & Time:            | October 15, 2011, 11:30 Local        | Registration:    | N4077B      |
| Aircraft:               | Miller AVID FLYER                    | Aircraft Damage: | Substantial |
| Defining Event:         | Loss of engine power (total)         | Injuries:        | 1 Minor     |
| Flight Conducted Under: | Part 91: General aviation - Personal |                  |             |

## **Factual Information**

#### HISTORY OF FLIGHT

On October 15, 2011, about 1130 Pacific daylight time, an experimental amateur-built Miller Avid Flyer, N4077B, lost engine power during takeoff from Spaulding Airport, Susanville, California. The pilot was operating the airplane under the provisions of Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 91. The private pilot sustained minor injuries. The airplane sustained substantial damage to the wings and fuselage during the accident sequence. The local flight departed Susanville about 1130. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan had been filed.

The pilot purchased the airplane about two months prior to the accident, after which he disassembled and relocated it to his residence. For the next few weeks, he inspected the airplane and performed engine ground runs. During that period, he replaced the fuel lines, and added two plastic cased paper-element fuel filters, mounting them within the engine compartment, just above the carburetor intake manifold. Having completed his inspection of the airplane, he relocated it back to the airport for reassembly. The pilot did not hold an FAA Airframe and Powerplant (A&P) Mechanics certificate.

Over the remaining few weeks, he performed ground runs and taxi tests. On the morning of the accident, he completed four high-speed taxi runs, and on the fifth attempt, he took off, and flew the airplane around the local area for about 1 hour.

He then performed a full-stop landing, and shutdown the engine. About 30-minutes later, he returned with the intention of performing another flight in the airport traffic pattern. During the initial climb-out, at an altitude of about 150 feet above ground level, the engine began to vibrate and lose power. The propeller then stopped rotating, and the pilot began a left turn, and landed in a wooded area.

The owner reported that during recovery of the airplane from the accident site he removed about 8 gallons of fuel from the fuel tank. His statement was corroborated by an employee of the National Forest Service, who was present during the recovery operation.

#### AIRCRAFT INFORMATION

The high-wing airplane was equipped with a Rotax 582, two-stroke, two-cylinder, liquid-cooled, reciprocating engine. The pilot did not provide maintenance records, stating that he had no knowledge of when the airplane was last subject to a conditional inspection. He estimated the engine had a total time of 300 flight hours since manufacture. He reported that when he purchased the airplane he was informed that it was of the light sport type, and required a

conditional inspection rather than an annual or 100-hour inspection. As such, he thought that the examination he performed after purchase met the regulatory requirements for inspection.

According to FAA aircraft registration records, the airplane was manufactured in 1990, and received its airworthiness certificate in December 1991.

#### TESTS AND RESEARCH

#### **Engine Exam**

The airframe and engine were subsequently examined by an A&P mechanic under the auspices of the NTSB investigator-in-charge. He performed a cursory examination of the airplane and engine, and noted no indications of engine seizure, or obvious discrepancies, with the exception of two spark plugs, which appeared to have broken off during the accident sequence. He replaced the spark plugs and attempted to start the engine. The engine started after four rotations of the propeller blades, and ran smoothly for about 1 minute until the fuel supply was exhausted. He subsequently disassembled the engine driven pneumatic fuel pump, which was located on the engine mount, just above the engine, and noted no internal damage or failure to the pulse diaphragm.

#### **Rotax Engine Installation Instructions**

The Rotax 582 Series engine installation manual recommended that 0.15 mm mesh-type fuel filters be installed between the fuel pump and the carburetor. The manual specifies that paperelement filters are not to be used, and that the fuel pump is to be positioned in a cool area, and not mounted on the engine. Representatives from Rotax stated that the fuel pump could potentially be prone to vibration-induced air cavitation if it is mounted directly to the engine.

#### Carburetor Icing

The temperature and dew point at the time of the accident was 73 degrees Fahrenheit (F) and 32 degrees F respectively. These values did not fall within the carburetor icing range when referenced against the FAA Special Airworthiness Information Bulletin CE-09-35, Carburetor Icing Prevention.

### **Pilot Information**

| Certificate:              | Private  | Age:                              | 66,Male      |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Airplane Rating(s):       | Single-engine land   | Seat Occupied:                    | Left         |
| Other Aircraft Rating(s): | None   | Restraint Used:                   |              |
| Instrument Rating(s):     | None   | Second Pilot Present:             | No           |
| Instructor Rating(s):     | None   | Toxicology Performed:             | No           |
| Medical Certification:    | Class 3 With waivers/limitations   | Last FAA Medical Exam:            | June 9, 2008 |
| Occupational Pilot:       | No   | Last Flight Review or Equivalent: |              |
| Flight Time:              | (Estimated) 200 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1 hours (Total, this make and model), 150 hours (Pilot<br>In Command, all aircraft) |                                   |              |

# Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

| Aircraft Make:                   | Miller                 | Registration:                     | N4077B          |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Model/Series:                    | AVID FLYER             | Aircraft Category:                | Airplane        |
| Year of Manufacture:             |                        | Amateur Built:                    | Yes             |
| Airworthiness Certificate:       | Experimental (Special) | Serial Number:                    | 719             |
| Landing Gear Type:               | Tailwheel              | Seats:                            | 2               |
| Date/Type of Last<br>Inspection: | Unknown                | Certified Max Gross Wt.:          | 950 lbs         |
| Time Since Last Inspection:      |                        | Engines:                          | 1 Reciprocating |
| Airframe Total Time:             |                        | Engine Manufacturer:              | Rotax           |
| ELT:                             | Not installed          | Engine Model/Series:              | 582             |
| Registered Owner:                | On file                | Rated Power:                      | 65 Horsepower   |
| Operator:                        | On file                | Operating Certificate(s)<br>Held: | None            |

## Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

| Conditions at Accident Site:            | Visual (VMC)                     | Condition of Light:                     | Day               |
|---|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| <b>Observation Facility, Elevation:</b> | RTS,5050 ft msl                  | Distance from Accident Site:            | 72 Nautical Miles |
| Observation Time:                       | 11:35 Local                      | Direction from Accident Site:           | 145°              |
| Lowest Cloud Condition:                 | Clear                            | Visibility                              | 10 miles          |
| Lowest Ceiling:                         | None                             | Visibility (RVR):                       |                   |
| Wind Speed/Gusts:                       | 5 knots / None                   | Turbulence Type<br>Forecast/Actual:     | /                 |
| Wind Direction:                         | 190°                             | Turbulence Severity<br>Forecast/Actual: | /                 |
| Altimeter Setting:                      | 30.11 inches Hg                  | Temperature/Dew Point:                  | 23°C / 0°C        |
| Precipitation and Obscuration:          | No Obscuration; No Precipitation |   |                   |
| Departure Point:                        | Susanville, CA (1Q2 )            | Type of Flight Plan Filed:              | None              |
| Destination:                            | Susanville, CA (1Q2 )            | Type of Clearance:                      | None              |
| Departure Time:                         | 11:30 Local                      | Type of Airspace:                       |                   |

# **Airport Information**

| Airport:             | Susanville 1Q2  | Runway Surface Type:      | Asphalt        |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Airport Elevation:   | 5116 ft msl     | Runway Surface Condition: | Dry            |
| Runway Used:         | 16              | IFR Approach:             | None           |
| Runway Length/Width: | 4600 ft / 50 ft | VFR Approach/Landing:     | Forced landing |

# Wreckage and Impact Information

| Crew Injuries:         | 1 Minor | Aircraft Damage:        | Substantial                |
|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Passenger<br>Injuries: |         | Aircraft Fire:          | None                       |
| Ground Injuries:       | N/A     | Aircraft Explosion:     | None                       |
| Total Injuries:        | 1 Minor | Latitude,<br>Longitude: | 40.650276,-120.768608(est) |

#### **Administrative Information**

| Investigator In Charge (IIC):        | Simpson, Eliott  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Additional Participating<br>Persons: | Donald F Morgan; Federal Aviation Adminstration FSDO; Reno, NV |
| Report Date:                         | July 5, 2012   |
| Last Revision Date:                  |  |
| Investigation Class:                 | <u>Class</u>   |
| Note:                                |  |
| Investigation Docket:                | https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=82084                   |

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available <u>here</u>.