



Aviation Investigation Factual Report

Location: Lincoln, Nebraska **Accident Number:** CHI05CA092

Date & Time: April 10, 2005, 13:30 Local Registration: N21816

Aircraft: Mooney M20M Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation

Factual Information

On April 10, 2005, at 1330 central daylight time, a Mooney M20M, N21816, sustained substantial damage during recovery from a loss of control when the airplane encountered severe turbulence at 16,000 feet mean sea level (msl) and recovered at 6,000 feet msl before executing a precautionary landing at Lincoln Airport (LNK), Lincoln, Nebraska. The commercial pilot was not injured. The 14 CFR Part 91 business flight departed Columbia, Missouri, on an instrument flight rules (IFR) flight plan at 1130, and was en route to Scottsbluff, Nebraska, to refuel before proceeding to Portland, Oregon, the final destination. Instrument meteorological conditions (IMC) prevailed at the time of the encounter with turbulence.

The pilot reported that a thorough pre-flight weather briefing was obtained from the Columbia, Missouri, Flight Service Station (FSS). Due to severe weather reported in Kansas and Colorado, the pilot filed a route of flight that was further north through Nebraska.

The pilot reported, "While in level cruise flight in IMC at 16,000' I suddenly encountered an unanticipated severe downdraft that caused a temporary loss of control of the aircraft. The plane was suddenly in a rapidly descending spiral. I was able to regain control and level off at 6,000' in VMC. After re-establishing contact with Minneapolis Center I diverted to Lincoln, NE (KLNK), the nearest suitable airport." The pilot also reported, "The approach and landing were uneventful. Gear-down indications were normal. However, when turning off Runway 18 onto the taxiway the right main gear collapsed."

A Federal Aviation Administration inspector examined the airplane. The inspection revealed that the right landing gear had collapsed, the wing spar was bent, and the wings were wrinkled. The pilot reported to the inspector that the landing gear circuit breaker had popped after the recovery from the encounter with turbulence.

A Mooney Airplane Company representative reported that the damage to the airplane indicated that the airplane experienced about 12g's of force during the recovery from the turbulence event.

The pilot reported that the storm scope on the airplane was very reliable and that it did not indicate any severe weather at the time of the upset. The storm scope was tested by a repair facility after the accident and it performed within normal specifications.

The Columbia FSS reported that no pilot reports (PIREPS) along the pilot's route of flight were available at the time of the weather brief. The reported severe weather was located over Kansas at the time of the brief.

A review of the air traffic control (ATC) tapes from Minneapolis Center revealed that the ATC

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controller and the pilot did not have any communications about turbulence or severe weather prior to the upset occurring.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial; Flight instructor	Age:	68,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane single-engine; Instrument airplane	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3	Last FAA Medical Exam:	April 16, 2003
Occupational Pilot:	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:		
Flight Time:	3902 hours (Total, all aircraft), 722 hours (Total, this make and model), 24 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 16 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Mooney	Registration:	N21816
Model/Series:	M20M	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	27-0277
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	
Date/Type of Last Inspection:		Certified Max Gross Wt.:	3368 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:		Engine Model/Series:	TIO-540-AF1B
Registered Owner:	Wings Northwest LLC	Rated Power:	270 Horsepower
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Instrument (IMC)	Condition of Light:	Day	
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:		
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:		
Lowest Cloud Condition:		Visibility		
Lowest Ceiling:		Visibility (RVR):		
Wind Speed/Gusts:	/	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/	
Wind Direction:		Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/	
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:		
Precipitation and Obscuration:				
Departure Point:	Columbia, MO (COU)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	IFR	
Destination:	Scottsbluff, NE (BFF)	Type of Clearance:	IFR	
Departure Time:	11:30 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class E	

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	40.850833,-96.759162

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):

Additional Participating Persons:

Report Date:

Last Revision Date:

Investigation Class:

Class

Note:

This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.

Investigation Docket:

https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=61364

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available here.

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