



Aviation Investigation Factual Report

Location: SHIRLEY, New York Accident Number: NYC01LA020

Date & Time: October 21, 2000, 13:30 Local Registration: N2055T

Aircraft: Schweizer SGS 2-33A Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Factual Information

On October 21, 2000, about 1330 Eastern Daylight Time, a Schweizer SGS 2-33A glider, N2055T, was substantially damaged during an off airport landing near Brookhaven Airport (HWV), Shirley, New York. The certificated commercial pilot and passenger were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and no flight plan was filed for the local personal flight conducted under 14 CFR Part 91.

The pilot stated that he departed HWV about 1300, and was towed to 3,000 feet. About 1330, he was approximately 2.5 miles south of the airport, at an altitude of approximately 2,000 feet agl. The glider encountered downdrafts and began a descent of 500 feet per minute (fpm). The pilot initially flew back toward the airport, and increased his speed to 63 miles per hour (mph).

The pilot added that he was about 1.5 miles south of the airport at "a little less than 2000' agl," when he observed a rate of descent indication of about 600 fpm. The pilot thought that he would not be able to reach the airport, and elected to land in a field. While on approach to the field, about 300 feet above the ground, the glider encountered another downdraft. Realizing that he was not going to reach the field, the pilot "deliberately stalled" the glider into trees.

Examination of the wreckage by a Federal Aviation Administration inspector did not reveal any pre-impact mechanical malfunctions, nor did the pilot report any.

The reported surface wind at HWV, at 1256, was from 210 degrees at 11 knots, gusting to 16 knots. The pilot stated that before departing HWV, he listened to the automated surface observation system via radio.

Additionally, the reported wind aloft over HVW at 0700, was 255 degrees true at 23 knots, at 2,739 feet msl. The reported wind aloft over HVW at 1900, was 290 degrees true at 17 knots, 2,696 feet msl.

According to the glider manufacturer, the best (two-place glider) gliding speed was 50 mph. That speed resulted in a lift to drag ratio of 23-1, which corresponded to a glide of approximately 8 miles from 2,000 feet.

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Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	66,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	None	Seat Occupied:	Rear
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	Glider	Restraint Used:	
Instrument Rating(s):	None	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	None None	Last FAA Medical Exam:	
Occupational Pilot:	UNK	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	503 hours (Total, all aircraft), 360 hours (Total, this make and model), 413 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 20 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 12 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Schweizer	Registration:	N2055T
Model/Series:	SGS 2-33A SGS 2-33A	Aircraft Category:	Glider
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	495
Landing Gear Type:	Ski/wheel	Seats:	2
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	August 1, 2000 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	1040 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	22 Hrs	Engines:	Unknown
Airframe Total Time:	4700 Hrs	Engine Manufacturer:	
ELT:	Not installed	Engine Model/Series:	
Registered Owner:	LONG ISLAND SOARING ASSOC.	Rated Power:	
Operator:		Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	HWV ,82 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	1 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	12:56 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	360°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	8 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	11 knots / 16 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	210°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	18°C / 12°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	(HWV)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:		Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	13:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:	BROOKHAVEN AIRPORT HWV	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:		Runway Surface Condition:	
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	Precautionary landing

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	40.789176,-72.869628(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC): Gretz, Robert

Additional Participating Persons: AL SCHNOR; FARMINGDALE, NY
Report Date: March 22, 2001

Last Revision Date:
Investigation Class: Class
Note: The NTSB traveled to the scene of this accident.

Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=50507

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 United States Code section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 United States Code section 1154(b) is available here.

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