UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Investigation of:

HOUSATONIC RAILROAD WORKER FATALITY *

IN NORTH CANAAN, CONNECTICUT * Accident No.: RRD21FR002 ON OCTOBER 14, 2020

Interview of: MATTHEW BOARDMAN, Project Engineer Housatonic Railroad, Connecticut

Via Microsoft Teams

Wednesday, October 21, 2020

APPEARANCES:

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1 INTERVIEW 2 (1:21 p.m.)3 MR. SMITH: All right. So good afternoon. It's 1:21. 4 name is Owen Smith. I'm the IIC with the Federal Railroad 5 Administration, and we're going to do some introductions first. 6 There's three -- six of us here present right now. 7 So to my left is Matt Boardman. Can you spell your last 8 name? 9 MR. M. BOARDMAN: It's Matt Boardman, Matthew Boardman 10 actually, B-o-a-r-d-m-a-n. 11 MR. DiPIETRO: Greg DiPietro with the FRA is present. 12 MR. E. BOARDMAN: Eric Boardman with the Housatonic Railroad 13 is present. 14 John Young, counsel for Housatonic. MR. YOUNG: 15 MR. BAILLY: P.J. Bailly, Housatonic. 16 MR. SMITH: Okay. So we're here with Matt Boardman. 17 And, Greg, if you'd like to begin. 18 MR. DiPIETRO: Sure, okay. 19 MR. SMITH: Just before that, Greg, is it -- I mean, Matt, is 20 it okay if we record this conversation? 21 MR. M. BOARDMAN: Yes, it's okay that you record it. 22 MR. SMITH: And is it okay that the NTSB observe as well? 23 MR. M. BOARDMAN: Absolutely, yes.

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INTERVIEW OF MATTHEW BOARDMAN

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MR. SMITH:

Okay.

BY MR. DiPIETRO:

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Okay, all right. Matt, thanks again. To start off, I guess if you wouldn't mind telling us about starting with your -- how long you've had years of service with Housatonic, and your job titles up through from when you started and your position now, and a little bit about your experience and what you do for Housatonic? I started out on the Housatonic in the spring of 1994 as a summer job, you know, when I was home from college. The first summer was involved heavily with new construction with grade crossings so I worked closely with the signal department through that summer of '94. I returned in the summer of '95 again as in a part-time fashion on the track, obviously duties were installing ties, changing rail and all other aspects of track maintenance. That job also went into the summer of '90 -- let's say '94, '95, '96 and I graduated from the University of Massachusetts fall semester with a civil and environmental degree in engineering.

And after that December graduation, I started full-time on the Housatonic Railroad, at that time still in the track department, and in that summer of '97, I was offered the project engineer position which put me in charge of track signal, bridges, plus all aspects of construction, quoting of projects and that sort of thing. And I've held that position since the summer of '97, and that title remains with me today as project engineer, so approximately 25 years of experience.

Q. Thank you. Following that, if you would take your time and,

you know, however you want to describe to us the day, last
Wednesday, the start of the day, how it began, where it began,
what time and just describe the work you guys did and the events
leading up to the incident?

A. Well, actually the day, last Wednesday actually began on Tuesday, and Tuesday began as a planning of Wednesday, which was the removal and replacement of a turnout in North Canaan. And on Tuesday, because we had two tracks and were able to remove a portion of the turnout and still service our customers and keep the track safe, we removed as much of the turnout as possible which included the closure rails and a portion of the track leading up to the north Y which was going to be unused throughout Tuesday and Wednesday.

So then Tuesday was a very rainy day. We worked through the day, you know, between raindrops, preparing as much as we possibly could in anticipation of, you know, a full day on Wednesday. Wednesday began at 6:30, 0630 report time. We started out down at our trailer where we normally report to talk about, you know, kind of the day's tasks, the day's duties.

Wednesday was a unique day in that we took the liberty of a brand new log truck. And so the four of us that were working together that day met with the gentleman that delivered the log truck, and we went over some of the specifics of the log truck while we were waiting for operations to service the customer and clear our portion of the track so we could begin our tasks for the

day, which was the remainder of the turnout and the replacement of the turnout. I don't recall how long we were with the log truck gentleman, but it was probably an hour to an hour and a half overall time with him.

And in that, in that period of time or shortly after that period of time, we talked about we need to take the track out of service. I don't know if Warren had taken the track out of service earlier in that day, but at some point in that morning, he had taken the track out of service which was a Norak (ph.) Line 4 exclusive track occupancy for us to do our work. You know, the limits were Canaan to end of track. It is a yard track off of our Canaan yard track; it encompasses two Ys plus approximately 3,000 or 3,500 feet of track up to our customer, so that was done through the dispatcher.

And in Canaan at that time and during that week, there was multiple jobs that were occurring, some of them were related to this work, which is the replacement -- the ultimate replacement of two grade crossings in the center of town. There's a contractor working with a flagman that was doing drainage work in relation to this, and I know that there was a bridge contact -- excuse me, contractor that was working further up in town, so there was flagman on duty for the mainline portion of the track. We had the yard track to the side that went up to our customer. Once our customer was served communication between us, Warren specifically, and the train had occurred, you know, we're done for the day;

we're all set on the hill, something to that effect, which meant that we could begin our tasks for the day.

And Warren had coordinated with a couple of the other guys to start torching the joints apart so that we could remove the track in the existing turnout with the ultimate goal of excavating the track. Some of it was handwork, i.e., removing spikes, torching the joints apart, that sort of thing, taking apart the turnout in general, points, connecting rods, switch, switch stand. I think we pulled all the spikes by hand. It was an older turnout and, you know, the timbers were older, so they didn't fight that hard as far as needing hydraulic equipment to do the work. Four of us, you know, were in constant communication throughout the morning, throughout the day, as a matter of fact, and kind of planning out our work, what we were going to do, what we were going to do next, how we were going to do it.

I had a couple of guys that are newer to the industry, and we were trying to, trying to tell them how we want to do things, where we wanted to excavate, what kind of grade we want to have, what kind of an opening we wanted to have. And then ultimately, you know, the crossing was going to come up 2 inches, so we wanted to over-excavate to a depth of 16-1/2 inches we settled on below the top of the existing rail. There was a grade there, and I was explaining to Henry Beckwith how the laser level worked and how it basically puts out a plate in a light form and we just match the grade by, you know, matching two ends of the top of rail to the

top of rail in the opening where we were going to excavate. And some of the details of how or where we were excavating to and from were already laid out ahead of time the week prior to, we had marks on the rail where we wanted to make cuts, where we wanted to remove track ties and rail to and from to be able to facilitate the turnout replacement.

And, you know, as we went through the day, Warren typically runs the log truck, albeit all four of us run the log truck, but that was part of his task for the day was operating the log truck. And we began by removing the rail. When Warren loaded up the rail, the frog, the turnouts, that sort of thing, we were throwing the old plates and stuff to the side of the track, making them in somewhat of a neat pile so that later it could be picked up with a magnet.

The old, the old spikes, we put in old spike kegs so that they were easier to pick up. I remember Henry asking why we were putting them in the kegs. It just -- you know, it was just easier to pick them up, you know, you grab, grab one, one keg and it's got, you know, 50 to 100 spikes, and it's easier than just magneting them up, even though they were scrap. So we were just kind of trying to make as neat and orderly of a construction site as we possibly could, separating everything out as much as we possibly could, scrap from different size plates, different slide plates, et cetera, so that when it does get magneted up, you know, you can separate them within the truck for easier loading, easier

unloading. And that was the task through the day for that portion of the construction.

While Warren was away bringing the rails that we had picked up and removed that morning, I started with the excavator to pile the old ties and timbers in one pile where he could backup and grab them on the next load. And I began doing that, you know, as he was away. He wasn't away that long, I mean it could have been half an hour but, you know, in construction time, we were right there working within Canaan, so where he brought the materials to wasn't that far. Ties and timbers were all piled up, you know, the other two guys were watching as we -- as I was doing that task and Warren was doing his task of removing them from the area.

Once those ties and timbers were out, I had done some rough grading starting from -- working from east to west, east being where the crossing was, west being towards where we had the turnout panel. And without taking elevation shots, I just did a rough grade through there with the bucket and piled up, you know, the excess material that I could see for load out into a side dump which we had the operations place on the Y track just west of our location so that we could remove the spoils throughout the day.

The advantage of where we were working was we could -- the train could spot the car and then go about their work during the day during -- in Canaan doing their switching, and then as we needed them, they could come back and grab the car and dump it again. And that's how we, we kind of planned that amongst

ourselves how we would handle that. Once that I had done the rough grade, we had allowed the train crew to come into the out of service, remove the car, go dump it and bring it back empty.

In that meantime, I had started -- I had changed buckets from a rough digging or a bucket with teeth on it to a cleanup bucket that has just a smooth edge on it for more of a fine grading and cleanup. It's called a clean -- we call it a cleanup bucket. It's referred to in many different fashions, but we call it a cleanup bucket. And with that cleanup bucket, Warren and myself had set what we wanted for an elevation which was that 16-1/2 inches of depth. We had set the grade which was -- I believe it was almost 1.3 percent in looking at the remote that I had in my pocket, and all the while explaining to the other two guys what we were doing and why we were doing that, and it was just a rough match of the grade.

And I don't know if we talked about surfacing at a later date, but we were at least explaining what we wanted to do in the meantime. And then we commenced, you know, doing the grades, more fine tuning in more, in more detail and working together with Warren and myself. Warren was running the stick which had the --it's an audible, so he can hear it, he can hear it beep. I can hear it as well in the excavator, it beeps. Even though he's approximately 20 to 25 feet in front of me, I can still hear it. So when he takes an elevation shot, that audible is there; I can hear it.

If I don't hear it, sometimes Warren would indicate, you know, that -- he would indicate to me that it was good by a washout or a safe sign, if you will, from an umpire, and if it wasn't good, he would either point up or point down. And he would verbalize, you know, down an inch, and I could read his lips, down an inch, up an inch, up three-quarters. But I could also hear him; he was close enough where I could hear him. And we worked throughout the day kind of working, you know, east to west in doing so.

As we worked along and I dug it down, Tom was folding in the edges. There was a wind row, you know, that the bucket, you know, kind of leaves behind towards the edge of the excavated area. To my immediate left was an old siding and ties sticking out of the ground, so I was following that edge. To the right side was a lawn that I was kind of, you know, in my mind following what was the out -- the extreme outside of the ditch or the swale. And Tom was working kind of behind Warren to fold that in, and we were laughing at trying to make -- kind of make light of Tom's garden. He was out there raking it, you know, Tom's garden. Tom, I'm going to screw up your garden here again. And, you know, we're kind of laughing and having fun at that.

But as we worked along, you know, again in close proximity with one another, continuing on to the west, the car got more and more loaded, you know, more material in it. I had to get around to the side of the car to load the extreme west end of the car

because I couldn't reach over the knuckle. I couldn't -- I didn't have enough reach to reach the far end of the car to load it. So I was dragging the material down kind of beside the car and, you know, I kept working with both Tom and Henry to a lesser degree, Tom and Warren to more of a degree so that they could see my swing.

The excavator, you know, has a counterweight where the motor is located that's in my extreme back of the machine, and when I swing either left or right, I can't exactly see where the backend of the machine is. So I don't remember if it was verbal or non-verbal, but the non-verbal would have been pointing in the air and twirling my finger in a circular motion kind of with a perplexed look on my face to one of the guys on the ground, and they knew that that meant to look at my backside to make sure I had enough swing.

In fact, on the one side, it didn't have enough swing. There was trees that were in the way, and we were making a comment that, you know, Canaan is notorious for planting shit on the railroad all the time with no regard to the railroad property, trying to hide it, because, you know, didn't like the looks of it, whatever, but always trying to beautify. But when you're trying to do construction work, you know, the trees are in the way. Warren had, at that time, gone to the log truck and took out a chainsaw and trimmed up some of the sides of those trees so that I had room to swing and load that end of the car.

We proceeded to do that, and we got to the point where the entire car was full, and then we had discussions on what we were going to do next, because at that time, you know, the train crew had finished up their work for the day, so they weren't available to move the car. Then we had discussions about, don't worry about it, you know, the next crew's coming on. We can have them nose onto it, you know, get this car out of here, put it up at the airport property, somewhere out of our way and, you know, we can dump it tomorrow. Because we didn't really need to get rid of that material at that point in time; we just wanted to get the car kind of out of our way. So we had moved the car, you know, on our own with a piece of equipment that's equipped to move the car just down the tracks a little bit -- and I say a little, a couple hundred feet -- and tied the car down.

And in my mind, I thought we were kind of done with our excavating, and Warren says, no, we need to go a little bit further. I said, a little bit further? He said, yeah, we've got to remove a little bit more of the track. Because the newer turnout, the timbers had longer timbers at the back of the turnout, whereas the old turnout had what we call interlaced ties. So it didn't have long timbers; it had ties that offset one another, and they laced it similar to how your fingers come together, and that was the construction of that kind of turnout at the time.

So we had already cut the rails in the morning. We had just

left the joint bars together so that we could keep the dump car as close to the excavated hole as possible. And Warren had got in the Pettibone speed swing and had moved the dump car kind of out of the way. And I said, how much do we need to go, how much more do we need to excavate? I don't know, I'll go pace it off and see where we're at. Okay. So he went and had paced it off. I think I had -- at the time, I had already removed those extra rails to the west, but he had gone to pace it off, because we wanted to know how many extra ties that we needed to remove and, you know, excavate the hole, excavate further to the west to be able to facilitate the new turnout.

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And he had gone back, he had paced it, and he had come up to me on the side of the machine and said, we need to go to approximately right here. And the way I was oriented looking to the east, there wasn't a lot of room to be able to work there to, one, grab the ties out of the way and excavate the material. So I had set myself back down into the hole where I had already excavated and started plucking out the ties. The ties that I plucked out were probably 10 or maybe, maybe 10, maybe 15 -- I don't know. It wasn't that many but approximately another 20 feet or so. And I had done that from the hole, and I had deposited the ties in a pile on the south side of the track kind of out of our way. And once the ties were out of the way, I had more material that I needed to excavate in that 15 or 20 feet or so.

And I had done as much as I could from the angle that I was

and piled that material to the south as well. It was in a neat kind of wind row pile, off to the side but out of our way. And as I worked closer to where we needed to make the transition where we're going to leave the ties for now, I changed my location, and I moved kind of to the north and to the west where the old north Y track would have been. And we worked together to finish excavating all that material out, and once that was done and we were satisfied that the hole was open and we needed -- that we had as much as we needed to excavate, I set myself back up out of the hole, one end at a time, and then ultimately back on the tracks,

- Q. When you say one end at a time, do you mean you were using your boom to position your -- yeah?
 - A. Because, because my -- because I was down in the hole, I was below the ties, I was below the rail. I was assisting with the boom to kind of pick myself up and move along, you know, to the higher ground, if you will.
- 18 Q. Yeah, got you. Thank you.

back on the high rails. At that time --

A. And then I set myself back on the rail using the same method, and once I was on the rail, I had moved myself to the west, to the very extreme west. My work truck was down on the west end. I'm not sure if I went down for an iced tea or something to drink or something like that, but I was -- I moved to the west anyway.

I had heard Warren say, I want to double check and make sure my measurements are correct. And he had gone to the log truck,

and we had a tape that was provided with the turnout that -- where we bought the turnouts from, they provided, they provide a long tape measure that's probably 200 or 250 feet. So he had went and he grabbed that tape. Tom and Warren had measured the opening of where we had excavated, and then they brought their tape measure, you know, further to the west closer to where I was and measured the opening of the -- or, sorry, measured the overall length of the turnout.

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And it was at that time that I rolled back to the east figuring that, you know, our next task was going to be to put the skid rails -- and when I refer to skid rails, we had the turnout on rollers and we had rails joint barred together so that we could easily roll this entire turnout down into the hole. Once it was in the excavated hole, we were going to remove the rails out from underneath the turnout. We had discussions, you know, days and the week prior to how, how we were actually going to do that. We'd all talked about maybe using vegetable oil on the rails to be able to skid them out easier so that they would slide, you know, even on the dirt, stone, ties, et cetera. But we didn't end up I say, we'll be able to lift it up enough to just get the weight off it. We can yank it out, worst case we'll hook a locomotive to the rail and we'll get it out of there. So there was some discussion on that, but it wasn't, it wasn't a big concern, a big worry.

But I had moved back to the east, and Warren was on the

extreme west end of the turnout, and I rolled up to him and I said, are we good? And he said, we've got two feet. And I didn't understand what he said -- what he meant by two feet. I didn't know if we had two feet extra or we needed two more feet. And at this time, when I rolled up to him, I was a little bit east of him, so I was, I was leaning out of the excavator door, which was open on my extreme left. He was further left, further to my left at the end of the turnout. I would describe him as being at my seven o'clock, twelve o'clock being straight ahead, you know, six o'clock being the extreme behind my seven o'clock.

And I was leaning out of the excavator door and talking to him, you know, when we were discussing that two feet, I didn't understand what two feet meant. Two feet, do we need two feet more or we're two feet over? No, we're two feet over. Oh, then we're good? Yes, we're good. Where did I leave my rail tongs? Rail tongs are up at the end of the panels up there by Tom. Tom was further east, because he was holding the east end of the tape measure, so he was already at the east end of the turnout. So okay. Once I had confirmed where my rail tongs were, I immediately looked to Tom's direction, could see that Tom was in front of me. Henry was further up from that, probably at the far end of those panels, maybe a little bit further, and Warren was still at my seven o'clock.

I proceeded to move slowly to the east. My concentration was where I was going. I was just traveling the machine on the

tracks, and I caught a glimpse of motion to my extreme periphery in the left, and I knew that there shouldn't have been anything there, so I immediately stopped. And when I stopped and looked and leaned out, that's when I noticed Warren's head just in front of the rear tire staring up at me. I must have had, I must have had a very startled look on my face, because I immediately turned to Tom, who was in front of me and to my right, call it my two o'clock, my one o'clock, my two o'clock. He immediately came over to the side of the machine and leaned down. He looked up at me and he says, back up, and I backed up just a little bit, maybe a foot. Back up a little bit more. I backed up maybe another foot.

And once I had backed up that second time, I could see
Warren's body at that point laying flat on the ground, you know,
staring skyward. It was at that point that I immediately got on
the radio 104 to the dispatcher, I need an ambulance, emergency.
And she had questioned where we were, and I said, we're behind the
John Deere place, you know, on the -- I don't know if I said the
south Y, but I said we're behind the John Deere. Okay.

I turned the machine off and got out of the machine and got down on the -- I was standing on the ground kind of towards the front of the machine. Tom was at the back of the machine kind of leaning on the machine at that point. I turned to Tom, I says, what the hell happened? He looked at me with a very blank stare and says, I didn't see it. And we didn't speak any more about that, and some time went by, and we had heard nothing. I don't

remember if I had gotten on the radio at that point or if it was a little bit later looking for an update, but in that meantime, my brother Eric had called me because he had heard it on the radio, what's happened? And I think I said something to the effect that Warren got hurt or Warren got run over, I don't remember, but something to that effect. Okay.

In the meantime, it seemed like an eternity sitting there waiting. Henry yelled over to me because he didn't come near the scene. He had stayed up where he was. Do you want me to go over to the ambulance facility and knock on the door? I say yes, go. The ambulance facility is approximately a quarter to half a mile to the east of our location. So he immediately went in the truck and went over there and started banging on the door to try and get help. I know there was a period of time there that had gone by. He had called me, he says, I can't get -- there's nobody here. There's no cars here -- or there was two cars here and there's nobody here. I can't get anybody.

And I think maybe it was at that time that I got back on the radio and says, dispatcher, do you have an update? I don't have -- I don't remember exactly what she said. But it was something to the effect that we're trying to get an ambulance or they're trying to find an ambulance. I don't know. And I said well then call fucking Great Barrington then. And I turned to Tom, I say, what can we do for him? Tom looked at me and said, nothing, there's nothing we can do. I was watching him. I was

looking at Warren on the ground with blood coming out of his mouth, choking, and I leaned down over him and gently put both of my hands on each side of his cheek and turned his head so that the blood would drain from his mouth. I know there was nothing else that I could do. I'm not trained as an EMT, but I knew that was the human thing to do.

It was shortly after that that a first responder had showed up and started to take charge of the scene. And once the first responders had showed up, I had walked back to the west and leaned down on the turnout. I had leaned down on the turnout and just held my head down, because I couldn't watch the scene. And that -- I don't remember -- at that point, I was in shock, but I don't remember a lot more after that.

- O. Do you want to take a little break, Matt?
- A. No, we can keep going. It's not going to get any easier.
- Q. Well, thank you. I had a couple questions just from your discussion. You mentioned earlier you had a remote in your
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- 19 A. Yes.
- $20 \parallel Q$. That was for the transit you had?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 | Q. Could you describe exactly what that remote does?
- A. What the remote does is it -- you can adjust your level, your grade, both in the -- they refer to in the X and Y. You can --
- 25 you basically from a remote location such as, you know, 100 feet

away, you can take that laser level and adjust the grade. And

 $2 \mid \mid$ what I was doing was adjusting the grade to match top of rail at

3 \parallel the crossing, the top of rail at the west end of the turnout.

4 Once the grade is matched, then you can add 16-1/2 inches, which

5 is what we did to the stick, so that your excavation is 16-1/2

6 | inches lower.

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- Q. And does this remote make any noise directly or is it just to
- 8 address the height and any noise comes --
- 9 A. The only thing it does is it matches the -- you can hear the
- 10 -- once it matches the grade, it will make a sound, and then you
- 11 | just acknowledge it, and then it sets the laser level.
- 12 | Q. Okay. There'll probably be a few questions we get to later
- 13 | that kind of address things like this, you know, distractions and
- 14 | stuff. Do you -- that basically the way it's designed, it's not a
- 15 distraction, you don't believe if you're operating the machine
- 16 | with the --
- 17 A. No, that's part of the operation. You're looking for those
- 18 | audible cues -- you know, the man that's running the stick is
- 19 looking for those audible cues, and then it's just a beep that
- 20 | tells you that your grade is good. The man running the stick can
- 21 see that, and the portion that's attached to the stick will tell
- 22 you that. If you're too high or too low, it will tell you within
- 23 say an inch or so or two, I'm not sure. But it will tell you
- 24 | right on the display that you need to come up or down.
- 25 | Q. Okay.

BY MR. SMITH:

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- Q. Matt, was that equipment being used at the time of the incident or was it already done at that time?
 - A. Nope, we were done at -- we were already done with that.
- 5 Q. Okay, great. It sounds -- you know, the way you describe,
- 6 you know, the situation around the machine, it seems like you're
- 7 | very aware of the characteristics of it and experienced. Could
- 8 you describe some operating credentials you have, do you have a
- 9 hoisting license, CDL, et cetera?
- 10 A. I have a CDL license, and I do not have a hoisting license.
- 11 | I've grown up around equipment. I grew up on a farm. I've
- 12 operated equipment probably before I could drive.
- 13 | Q. Okay.
- 14 A. So I've been operating equipment for over 40 years.
- 15 0. A Class A or a B CDL?
- 16 | A. B.
- 17 | O. Class B.
- 18 BY MR. DiPIETRO:
- 19 Q. Just something I wanted to go back to if you wouldn't mind?
- 20 | A. Sure.
- 21 Q. Placing ourselves at the conversation about the tongs.
- 22 | A. Yes.
- 23 \parallel Q. Is that where -- I believe you said that you asked where the
- 24 tongs were because you were getting ready to move rail?
- 25 A. Correct.

- Q. And so that was basically your next task was to move the machine up east to get to the tongs --
- 3 A. Correct.
- $4 \mid Q$. -- in order to move around?
- $5 \parallel A$. Yes.
- 6 | Q. Okay.
- 7 BY MR. SMITH:
- 8 Q. Getting closer to the incident, you were -- or actually right
- 9 immediately after the incident occurred, you mentioned that Tom
- 10 was at your two o'clock which would have been to the right of the
- 11 | machine?
- 12 | A. Correct.
- 13 | Q. I just want to make sure, because it doesn't quite line up
- 14 | with the way I understood it, so I guess what I'm asking is, where
- 15 was he in reference to the panel?
- 16 A. There was two panels.
- 17 | 0. Yeah.
- 18 A. You had the switch panel to my extreme left and then there
- 19 was some track panels to my right.
- 20 | Q. Okay. And he went over to the older --
- 21 A. He was over by the track panels which would have been my two
- 22 o'clock.
- 23 | Q. Okay.
- 24 A. Approximately two o'clock.
- $25 \parallel Q$. All right. So that explains why he probably didn't see

- anything because, you know.
- A. He was, he was in front of and towards the right.
- $3 \parallel 0$. So his view would have been obstructed of the --
- $4 \mid \mid A$. Would have been obstructed by the machine.
- Q. Yeah. And, you know, my apologies, this question might be a little blunt but --
- 7 A. Yep, go ahead.
- 8 Q. When you decided to move the machine --
- 9 A. Yes.

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- 10 Q. -- after your discussion with Warren, why did you decide to
- 11 | move the machine? Did you feel it was safe, you know, did you
- 12 | have a discussion with Warren to -- that he was supposed to stay
- 13 out of the way?
- 14 A. I had leaned out of the machine, which was -- you know, the
- 15 cab of the excavator is on the left side of the machine. Warren
- 16 was further to my left, and I had to lean out of the door and look
- 17 to my back, if you will, my -- I refer to it as my seven o'clock.
- 18 | It was to my left and behind where I was -- where my cab was,
- 19 where I was sitting, and had asked him about the two feet and
- 20 questioned whether we had two feet too much or two -- not enough,
- 21 and he had said two feet more, that -- it was -- two feet more.
- 22 | So then we're good? Yes. Where are my rail tongs? They're up at
- 23 the end of the switch -- up at the end of the panels.
- $24 \parallel Q$. Okay. And then after that, you started to move eastward?
- 25 | A. Correct.

- Q. And seconds later, you see a spark kind of in your peripherals and --
- A. I see a movement on my very extreme peripheral, because again, I was facing forward, I was looking forward, I was concentrating forward in the direction that I was traveling.
- Q. Okay, thank you. So let's see. I mean, you really got into great detail about the dynamic with your team. I mean, it seems to me that machine's quiet enough that you'd get a pretty good awareness of your surroundings, would you agree with that, yeah or no?
 - A. The machine, while it does make noise, when you're sitting in the cab, you're somewhat shielded from that noise; it's behind you. And on a nice day that it was last week, beautiful fall day with the sun out, I had the window -- the front window open and the side door open.
 - Q. And is this -- when you do jobs like this, do you normally run the excavator?
 - A. Yeah, a lot of the times I do, yes. I do have others that run it. When you get into some of the finer details on really trying, trying to pull a grade and stuff like that, if you have somebody that's more familiar with the machine, let's face it, we've all seen people operate machines that make it look very easy until you sit in the seat.

24 BY MR. SMITH:

25 Q. Matt, was there conversation at that time when you asked --

- after you asked about where the tongs were, did Warren know -- was there conversation about you moving up to go retrieve them, or was he telling you anything? Could you maybe --
 - A. There was no further discussion after I said, where are my tongs? They're up there at the end of the turnout -- or they're up there at the end of the panels.
 - Q. And when you said he's at your seven o'clock, you know, we project that backwards, would you say he's kind of in line with the rear counterweight (indiscernible) position, or was he a bit further from like the rear of the machine itself?
- A. When I say on my seven o'clock, I had to lean out of the cab and look behind me to my extreme left. He was not next to the machine; he was a number of feet away from the machine at my seven

14 | o'clock.

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- Q. Okay. So he was kind of behind the machine but, you know, to the side of it?
- 17 A. Correct.
- MR. SMITH: I have no questions. Do you have any questions you want to ask or --
- 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No, thank you.
 - MR. SMITH: Is it all right if the NTSB asks a question if they have anything?
- 23 MR. M. BOARDMAN: Absolutely.
- 24 MR. SMITH: Michael, do you have any questions?
- 25 MR. HOEPF: Yeah, I do, I just -- a couple quick questions.

MR. SMITH: Standby one second. I'm going to turn the volume up. All right, go ahead.

BY MR. HOEPF:

- Q. Yeah, thanks to all of you for being with us today. I just wonder if you could talk a little bit more about the team, Henry, Tom, and Warren? It sounds like you guys have worked together quite a bit in the past, is that a fair characterization of -- Matt, you guys, you guys have been together for a while?
- A. Tom has been with us for a couple of years. Tom comes from a background very similar to Warren's and very similar to mine in that we grew up on and worked on a dairy farm or farming, so we've all worked around equipment.

Henry's a younger, a younger man; he's in his 20s. He's been with the railroad for a number of years, and he has seen these tasks that we've performed in the past. Henry's usually a very even-keeled person, and when we do some of the, some of the -- I call it -- I wouldn't call it strange, but call it an intricate type of thing when we're talking about assembling turnouts, when we're doing grades and stuff like that, he'll sit on the side and watch. He'll watch more than he participates.

So he was more in an observing type of role right there, and he'll -- he was asking questions about the laser level and how the laser level works, so I was trying to explain to him in somewhat layman's terms, and I used the plate or disc in the light that's emitted out. And I said, you know, we're just worried about, you

know, one direction because, you know, I use the term all the time we're not building a Swiss watch here, we're building a railroad. So, you know, all we've got to do is get it close, and we take care of the rest of that fine-tuning stuff with a (indiscernible).

Tom also has a plumbing background, so he understands grades, and he's inquiring more and more on, you know, how certain things work, why we do things in certain ways. So he's learning the railroad industry.

- Q. Got you. That's helpful for me. Yeah. And then -- so,
 Warren, is he a pretty, pretty experienced guy spending a lot of
 time on the railroad?
- A. I've worked -- Warren's worked for me -- or for the railroad
 21 years I think it is. I knew it was over 20. I think it was -I think somebody had said recently 21 years.

15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: April of '99 I believe it was.

MR. M. BOARDMAN: Yep.

BY MR. HOEPF:

- Q. Got that. So pretty, pretty veteran guy out there?
- A. I know, you know, Warren was always a very private person, and it wasn't until recently that we started talking a little bit about, you know, his involvement with the fire department, which he had done so for -- God, since he was in high school. Warren was one of those people that, you know, once in a while he would open up, but I didn't pry. If he offered, I would talk. I would talk to him about my kids and that sort of thing a little bit, but

he never really elaborated much, you know. We'd always talk about work, what we're doing, what we need to do, where we've got to go next, that sort of thing. He was one of those people that, quite honestly, made my life a lot easier because of his work ethic and the things that he did on a day to day and a week to week basis.

- Q. So a hard working guy? I mean, you know, this is not the kind of guy you had to motivate?
- 8 A. Oh, God, no. No, no, not at all.

9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Would you say he's like a 10 self-starter?

MR. BOARDMAN: Absolutely a self-starter.

12 BY MR. HOEPF:

- Q. Got you, got you. So in terms of, you know, just kind of the work dynamic, I think you've covered this really well, just a couple of, you know, peppered questions here. You know, is -- who was in charge in this situation? It sounds like it was really a collaborative sort of effort, but I mean, is there -- technically speaking, is one guy in charge in terms of who has the track out of service or how does that work?
- A. Yes, correct. I mean, obviously we work collaborative. We all know that Warren had the track out of service so, you know, so we're covered under the rules, we're covered under, you know, how we do things on the railroad. As far as the fine details, we have those -- you know, Warren and I will discuss this stuff ahead of time or even weeks ahead of time, this is what we want to do, this

is what I think we should do. And he'll bounce something back off of me and say, why don't we try this or why don't we do it this way. Okay, yeah, yeah, that's fine.

But, ultimately, you know, I'm the person that quotes out to these jobs. I'm the person that is responsible for -- I wouldn't say the billing but at least making sure that we're -- we've got the right equipment. We've coordinated with -- whether it be a water utility or a policeman or whatever or subcontractor, those things that, you know, fall under me. You know, I want to, I want to connect the south wire, I want to connect the north wire, I want to connect the north -- well, I don't want to connect the south wire; those are my decisions in the field.

- So you're like the technical expert kind of taking the lead role in the design layout and probably even the methods of the work, and then Warren, is he kind of like assisting you with the execution, is that kind of the --
- 17 I'm the project engineer.
 - Ο. Yeah.

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- 19 And I have people that work for me. Now, that's not to say 20 that I know everything, and I sometimes -- I do it a lot of times. 21 I'll ask my coworkers, the fellows that work for me. Maybe they've had a different experience on something and they've got an
- 23 idea on how to do something that maybe makes more sense. So I do
- 24 defer to my, my subordinates.
 - So that's helpful, Matt. And so, you know, I understand this

is kind of, you know, difficult to talk about, but I really appreciate you kind of talking with -- about this today a little bit. But, you know, obviously we're just here trying to make safety enhancements wherever possible.

A. Right.

- Q. And, you know, I'm just -- we're just wondering, I mean, are there any safety kind of lessons we can learn about this? You know, I mean, is it, is it kind of on the person who's on the ground to kind of, you know, watch where they're at in proximity to heavy machinery? You know, what's your take on how that's supposed to work?
- A. In a construction site, we're all responsible for ourselves and our coworkers, and when -- and I don't care if you're moving a train, if you're moving a piece of equipment, you don't, you don't move stuff until you know where everybody is. I knew where Tom was, I knew where Henry was, I knew where Warren was. Those were the -- those are the four people that we're all responsible for on that construction site.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You had an accounting of everyone's position when you started moving, you know, you kind of touched on that earlier.

MR. M. BOARDMAN: Correct.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And you said it right there, you know.

MR. M. BOARDMAN: Correct. They're, you know, whenever you move something you have to know where everyone is.

BY MR. HOEPF:

Q. Yeah, yeah, and I hear you. And it's, and it's -- obviously this is just a terrible situation, and it's just -- it sounded like you had a pretty good handle on where everybody was, so I think we're just kind of, you know, trying to kind of get an idea of what might have happened in terms of how apparently, you know, maybe Warren wasn't in the clear. Maybe he thought he was.

I don't want you to speculate or anything like that, but we're just, again, just trying to figure out, in the future, how can -- you know, is there a safety lesson here that we can pass on to other people that, you know, maybe something that -- a fluke that happened, something that went wrong, something that -- you know, how does this -- you know, what was different about today than every other day when you're out there doing this kind of heavy work?

- A. Yeah. I mean, I wish I could, I wish I could point to one single thing. I wish I could help out with something like that, because nobody should have to go through this, you know, and unfortunately this is the hand that's dealt me.
- Q. Yeah.
- MR. HOEPF: Well, Matt, I really appreciate your time today, and we do have a couple more questions, they're kind of what we just call standard questions.
 - Owen, maybe if you want to ask him, or I can ask him.

 Don't be offended by these, these are just the usual, you

know, fatigue, distraction, that kind of stuff.

Owen, do you want to kind of run through some of those?

MR. SMITH: Yeah, I can do that because I have, I have the list here. Bear with me one minute.

MR. LLOYD: Yeah. And, Owen, I do have just a little bit of follow-up with Matt, if you don't mind?

MR. SMITH: Sure. Do you want to go first, Troy?

MR. LLOYD: Yeah.

BY MR. LLOYD:

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- Q. And, Matt, I do apologize. Everything that you guys are going through up there, you know, small Class 3 railroad, everybody knows one another, working together for multiple years.
- I just, I feel for you guys, I really do. And you have -- we give our deep condolences from the NTSB.
- 15 A. Thank you.
- Q. Yep. So just going back -- you gave some very, very good details about the sequence of events. So just going back right prior to the accident, I just got a little lost in the conversation. But you were saying that Warren was -- you were having a conversation or something, Warren was to your -- so should have been to the right of the machine, which would place
- 21 should have been to the right of the machine, which would place
- 22 | that at the two o'clock position, correct?
- A. That's where Tom was, at my two o'clock, which would have been in front of and to my right.
- 25 Q. Okay. And Warren was located where?

- A. At my seven o'clock, which was to my left and behind.
- $2 \mid \mid Q$. Okay, okay. Okay. So that would have still had him in that
- $3 \mid\mid$ little small clearing in the path between the switch panel to be
- 4 | installed and the out of service track that the track excavator
- 5 was on, correct?
- $6 \mid \mid A$. He was towards the west end of that switch panel --
- 7 0. Yeah.

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- 8 A. -- rolling up the tape measure.
- 9 0. Okay.
- 10 A. So he was towards that west end of that switch panel.
- MR. LLOYD: I'm good. That's all I need to know. Thank you
- 12 very much. You've answered my question.
- 13 MR. M. BOARDMAN: Okay.
- 14 BY MR. SMITH:
- 15 Q. So just a couple more questions, and then I think we can wrap
- 16 | it up. Again, these are kind of -- these might be a little
- 17 | triggering.
- 18 A. Go ahead.
- 19 Q. So let me just go -- because I feel we kind of covered
- 20 | already, so I'm not going to ask them again. Cell phone or other
- 21 distractions, we talked about the remote, I'm leaving that -- not
- 22 | playing into that because you weren't using it.
- 23 | A. Nope.
- 24 | Q. Cell phone or anything, nothing?
- 25 | A. No.

- Q. Fatigue, did you feel well rested that day?
- 2 A. Yes.

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- $3 \mid \mid Q$. Any alcohol or drug usage? And, you know, think bigger, like
- 4 cold medicine or anything like that that may have affected your
- 5 | performance.
- 6 A. No, no, and you guys have my tox.
- 7 | Q. Any health issues that would impact -- you know, that kind of
- 8 goes under the fatigue and stuff. You were feeling normal that
- 9 | day?
- 10 A. Feeling normal, feeling good.
- 11 | Q. I will just branch out and ask observations on Warren since
- 12 you know him pretty well. Did he appear to be in normal spirits?
- 13 A. Warren was in normal spirits. The only thing that I didn't
- 14 | understand which was -- you know, in hindsight you're always
- 15 questioning yourself. When I talked to him about the two foot, I
- 16 wasn't clear with what he was saying, two foot too much, two foot
- 17 | not enough. Now we've over excavated by two feet so we're good?
- 18 Yes. Normally he would say -- normally somebody would say -- I'm
- 19 not saying Warren would say. Normally somebody would say we've
- 20 got two foot extra.
- 21 | Q. Okay.

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- 22 | A. And that's clear. That's the only thing I've -- in my whole
- 23 | mind in the loop that keeps playing in my head that I question.
- 24 | And I probably, you know.
 - | Q. Probably will never really know what he's thinking.

A. No.

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- $2 \parallel Q$. You know, we can't, we can't do that.
- 3 BY MR. HOEPF:
- 4 Q. Owen, I'm sorry to interrupt you, but just for clarity, Matt,
- 5 | it sounds like there was maybe a little bit of a miscommunication
- 6 there. I mean, do you think that that could have possibly had
- $7 \parallel$ anything to do with this in terms of, in terms of a communication
- 8 ssue there --
- 9 A. I don't, I don't -- I don't classify it --
- 10 || Q. -- or is that just --
- 11 A. I don't classify it as a miscommunication, I classify it as a
- 12 | misunderstanding on my part, two foot.
- 13 Q. Okay, okay. But you don't think that --
- 14 A. And it was clarified.
- 15 Q. Okay, okay. So you don't think that had anything to do with
- 16 | this necessarily?
- 17 | A. No.
- 18 | 0. Okay.
- MR. HOEPF: Okay. Sorry, I just wanted to clarify that, so
- 20 go ahead on.
- 21 BY MR. SMITH:
- 22 | Q. And just to drill a little bit deeper -- again, my apologies.
- 23 You know, this intuitive -- you know, it's strange to say, I keep
- 24 | thinking of here, do you think it's going into about -- any way
- 25 | about how he was just aware, did he appear distracted maybe or

- like he had something bigger on his mind? I know you said --
- A. He did not indicate anything bigger on his mind, no.
- 3 Q. No. Just asked, you know -- and, you know, I think training
- 4 experience, you know, you were kind of a self-taught operator and
- 5 | you --

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- 6 A. No, I wouldn't consider myself self-taught. I've had a lot
- 7 of people over the years show me how to operate certain equipment.
 - Q. So you feel you had adequate experience with the machinery?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And the schedule you were working on, did you feel rushed or
- 11 did you feel like --
- 12 A. No, as I said before, we had a running joke that, that we
- 13 | have to, you know, we've got to take our time on this. We -- I
- 14 | shared with Warren that -- we had multiple projects going earlier
- 15 | in the year, and I shared with him that one of the projects we
- 16 | turned in a lot of money because we came in so far over -- you
- 17 know, so far under budget. And I say, you know, you've got to
- 18 | remember this: in this government world, under is just as bad as
- 19 over, so we've got to do this slow. And he made the joke on
- 20 Tuesday in the rain, you know, he made the joke on Wednesday in
- 21 | the rain, we've got to, we've got to go slow, we can't be too
- 22 efficient here.
- 23 || Q. Hey, remember we are on the record here.
- A. That's quite all right. You don't want to get me on my
- 25 | soapbox.

O. Yeah.

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- 2 MR. SMITH: All right. You got something, Greg?
- 3 BY MR. DiPIETRO:
- Q. I just wanted to touch base on one thing, Matt. And you had talked earlier about how you guys communicate and work together as a group.
- 7 | A. Yes.
- Q. And you indicated you use -- you know, like if you're going to swing, you would do your -- and I'm familiar with what you're
- 10 | talking about.
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Your sign language, so to speak.
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. Can you talk a little bit about how you guys communicate red zones with the equipment in general like maybe starting with a job
- 16 | briefing in the morning and then throughout the day?
- 17 A. When we -- when we're talking kind of the tasks at hand
- 18 during the day, you know, what we're going to do and where, you
- 19 know, in general with myself and Warren, we're working together,
- 20 | using the stick, so he's at my -- if you will, out in front of me.
- 21 | So there's always those areas where you get close to a piece of
- 22 equipment and then you move away from it, whether it's to hook up
- 23 | that rail tong onto the rail or to run that stick for elevations
- 24 | and that sort of thing. So that's -- that sort of thing goes on
- 25 | all the time within construction zones, and we're well aware of

those. Whenever I have people that are in those locations and I'm operating a piece of equipment, I stop, they help me hook up something, I don't move until we're clear.

O. And --

A. And those sorts of things, you know, Warren does those same sorts of things when he's operating the log truck. He doesn't pick up a rail when there's somebody beside where that rail could fall or could swing and hit. So we're all -- we're always aware of surroundings, and we watch out for one another that way too, you know. And sometimes somebody will look a different direction, and you make sure that they're paying attention that they're moving away from a danger zone.

MR. DiPIETRO: Thank you.

MR. SMITH: All right, I'm good. All right. So we're going to hop off here, and if we have any follow-ups, we'll reach out. The only thing that I can think of that we will send is a questionnaire just on your work schedule and sleep stuff from the best of your memory. So if you -- while it's still fresh in your mind, if you could write down, you know, kind of look at your calendar again if you don't mind, that way we could just do a fatigue analysis. That's standard we do in any human factor thing.

MR. M. BOARDMAN: Okay.

MR. SMITH: All right, very good. I'll talk to you later. Thank you.

1	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you very much. Take care.
2	MR. M. BOARDMAN: Thank you.
3	MR. LLOYD: Thank you guys.
4	(Whereupon, at 2:28 p.m., the interview was concluded.)
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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached proceeding before the

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF: HOUSATONIC RAILROAD WORKER FATALITY

IN NORTH CANAAN, CONNECTICUT,

ON OCTOBER 14, 2020

Interview of Matthew Boardman

ACCIDENT NO.: RRD21FR002

PLACE: Via Microsoft Teams

DATE: October 21, 2020

was held according to the record, and that this is the original, complete, true and accurate transcript which has been transcribed to the best of my skill and ability.

Cheryl **F**arner Donovan Transcriber