

BNSF Railway Safety Vision

We believe every accident or injury is preventable. Our vision is that BNSF Railway will operate free of accidents and injuries. BNSF Railway will achieve this vision through:

A culture that makes safety our highest priority and provides continuous self-examination as to the effectiveness of our safety process and performance...

A work environment, including the resources and tools, that is safe and accident-free where all known hazards will be eliminated or safe-guarded...

Work practices and training for all employees that make safety essential to the tasks we perform...

An empowered work force, including all employees, that takes responsibility for personal safety, the safety of fellow employees, and the communities in which we serve.

This version contains the following updated, added and/or deleted pages:

October 1, 2015: 17. January 1, 2016: 3, 30, 31, 32. January 3, 2017: 33, 46, 64, 65, 71. April 1, 2017: 25, 67. October 4, 2017: 20, 21. December 1, 2017: 42. March 1, 2018: Title page, 47, 48, 68, 69.

TY&E Safety Rules

In Effect at 0001 Central, Mountain and Pacific Continental Time

January 1, 2015

(Including updates through March 1, 2018)

TOC Home

At BNSF Railway, our vision is that we will operate free of accidents and injuries. We work in a safe but unforgiving environment with real risk for incidents with serious consequences. Life/safety critical rules were put in place to prevent serious injuries and fatalities.

Rules and procedures:

- · Outline expected practices, set standards and provide a basis for safety training.
- Help us identify and control or minimize risk.

Written rules and procedures cannot protect us; they are merely words. To protect ourselves, we must individually commit to and comply with them. Understanding and appropriately applying rules and procedures are part of BNSF Railway's proactive safety efforts. Our goal is that we all go home safely at the end of the shift.

S-1.0 Core Safety Rules

S-1.1 Job Safety Briefing

Employees will participate in a job safety briefing at the beginning of the shift, before changing jobs and as conditions change. This briefing must include a discussion of the tasks to be performed, present exposures and the associated risks, along with methods to control or minimize any such risks. Employees will identify opportunities throughout the duration of each task to pause the work and rebrief, such as when conditions surrounding the task change. To help in preparing an effective job safety briefing, the following should be considered:

Who

All individuals involved in the tasks, or who are in the work area, must be included in the job safety briefing; including, but not limited to, immediate crew members, supporting or adjacent crew members, supervisors, outside parties or contractors, and other work groups.

What

An engaging, two-way dialogue to ensure that all individuals involved understand the tasks to be performed. This includes a discussion of the tasks, identifying present exposures and the associated risks that are or will be present in the tasks, and reviewing ways to control or minimize such risks. If you see a better way to perform a task, or are not confident in your understanding, talk about it.

Why

To ensure that tasks are done safely and efficiently, without injury or incident, meeting or exceeding BNSF standards.

When

At the beginning of the shift, before changing jobs and as conditions change.

Where

At the work site, in the depot, break room, or locker room, or wherever all individuals involved can gather.

How

The following elements are essential to any job safety briefing:

- · Review of the tasks.
- · Identification of exposures and the associated risks.
- · Assignment of duties and responsibilities.
- · Required tools, equipment, materials, processes, and procedures.
- Methods for controlling or minimizing risk.
- · Opportunities to pause the work and re-brief.
- · Debriefing at the end of the tasks.

6 TY&E Safety Rules—January 1, 2015

TOC Home

At the conclusion of your job safety briefing, all individuals involved must be able to answer the following questions:

- · What tasks will we be performing? What will we be doing?
- · What are the processes we must follow to complete the tasks?
- · What exposures are present in the tasks, and what are the associated risks?
- · What can we do to control or minimize the risks?
- · What should we do if conditions surrounding the tasks change?
- · When should we pause the work and re-brief?

S-1.2 Rights and Responsibilities

We have the right and responsibility to perform our work safely. Our training, skills, work experience, and personal judgment provide the foundation for making safe decisions about work practices.

S-1.2.1 Sufficient Time

Take sufficient time to perform job tasks safely.

S-1.2.2 Authorized and Trained

Perform job tasks only when authorized and trained to perform them.

S-1.2.3 Alert and Attentive

Assure that you are alert and attentive when performing duties.

S-1.2.4 Co-Workers Warned

Warn co-workers of all unsafe practices and/or conditions.

S-1.2.5 Safety Rules, Mandates, Instructions, Training Practices and Policies

Comply with all applicable safety rules, mandates, instructions, training practices, and policies.

- BNSF Policies can be found on the BNSF Intranet.
- Employees without Intranet access may request a copy of any applicable policy from a supervisor.

S-1.2.6 Warning Signs

Comply with verbal warnings, warning signs, posted instructions, and placards identifying restricted areas, safety and health precautions, or potential hazards.

S-1.2.7 Two or More People

Do not perform a task alone that can only safely be performed by two or more people.

S-1.2.8 Reporting

Make reports of incidents immediately to the proper manager.

S-1.2.9 Horseplay

Conduct yourself in a way that supports a safe work environment—free of horseplay, practical jokes, and harassment.