

Human Performance Attachment – Excerpts from

Greyhound's Fatigue Management Training

Highland, IL

HWY23MH015

(10 pages)

Student Name _____

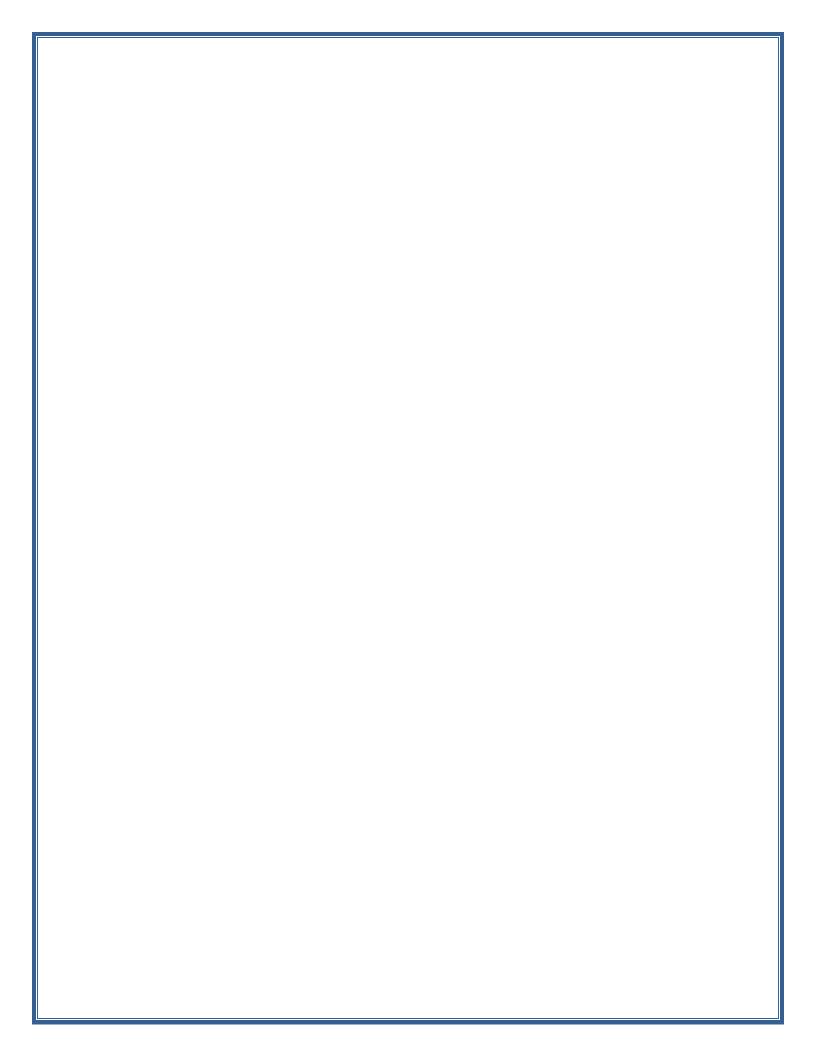
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Driver Training Phase III Student Guide Self -Directed E-Learning

Rev. 8/1/08





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This course is an educational component of the Alertness Management Program (AMP) provided by Greyhound Lines, Inc., in collaboration with Alertness Solutions. This course is designed to teach you about fatigue and its effects, and to help you with recognition and prevention.

My Notes:

Use this space to take notes during your self-directed coursework.

The Basics:

Fatigue – a significant decrease in alertness, an increase in sleepiness and an al around lack of energy due to several factors.

Those factors include:

- An insufficient amount, or poor quality of sleep
- Environmental factors
- The use of alcohol or drugs, both prescription and over-the-counter

Signs and symptoms of fatigue include:

- Forgetfulness
- Apathy
- Poor judgment
- Lethargy
- Slowed reaction time
- Bad mood
- Irritability
- Poor communication
- Nodding off

- Inability to concentrate
- Red eyes
- The tendency to day dream
- Yawning
- Fixation
- Heavy eyelids
- Drowsiness
- Squirming and fidgeting



Factors that can cause fatigue or predispose you to drowsy driving include:

- Sleep loss due to work patterns, lifestyle or an untreated sleep disorder
- Long, continuous hours of wakefulness
- Disrupted body clock
- Using medications or drugs that disrupt sleep or wakefulness
- Consuming even small amounts of alcohol

Ways to combat fatigue:

- **Take a nap** naps up to 45 minutes can help to decrease fatigue, without causing sleep inertia
 - **Exercise** serves as an effective short-term alerting strategy and regular exercise can improve overall sleep quality
 - **Take an activity break**-just getting up and walking around can dramatically improve alertness

Ask the Pro:



1. What if Dispatch does call me and I'm really tired?

Answer-Be honest and tell them you're too tired to report to work. It happens to the best of us occasionally. It doesn't look good on your work record if it becomes a regular excuse, but it's better than risking an accident.

2. If I am tired, may I pull the bus over?

Answer-Yes, by all means. Stretch and walk around the bus in a safe area.

3. Will coffee keep me alert behind the wheel?

Answer-No, drinking coffee is only a short term solution and it takes 15-20 minutes to take effect.

4. Can I take over-the-counter medication when I'm driving?

Answer-No medication may be taken if it may cause drowsiness.

5. How many hours must I be off-duty after working 15 hours? Answer- A minimum of eight hours.