UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Investigation of:

*

FIRE AND SINKING OF THE CONCEPTION *

WITH LOSS OF LIFE NEAR * Accident No.: DCA19MM047

SANTA CRUZ ISLAND, CALIFORNIA, *

SEPTEMBER 2, 2019

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Interview of: MARC C. CRUDER

Senior Marine Inspector United States Coast Guard

> Wednesday, December 11, 2019

APPEARANCES:

CAPT JASON NEUBAUER, Chairman, Marine Board of Investigation
United States Coast Guard

ANDREW EHLERS, Marine Accident Investigator National Transportation Safety Board

MARCEL MUISE, Marine Accident Investigator National Transportation Safety Board

ADAM TUCKER, Investigator in Charge National Transportation Safety Board

BART BARNUM, Marine Accident Investigator National Transportation Safety Board

Technical Advisor to United States Coast Guard Marine Board of Investigation

Marine Board of Investigation United States Coast Guard

United States coast Guard
(On behalf of Mr. Cruder)

		I N D E X	
ITEM			PAGE
Interview	of Marc Cruder:		
	By Mr. Ehlers		5
	By Mr. Muise		20
	By Mr. Tucker		30
	By Mr. Barnum		58
	By CDR		63
	By CAPT Neubauer		76
	By Mr. Ehlers		85
	By Mr. Tucker		103
	By CDR		112
	By Mr. Tucker		114

1	<u>INTERVIEW</u>		
2	(11:30 a.m.)		
3	MR. EHLERS: Good morning. This is Marine Accident		
4	Investigator Drew Ehlers with the NTSB. We're at Coast Guard		
5	Headquarters. It's December the 11th at about 11:30, 11:30 a.m.		
6	And we're conducting an investigation and interviews into the		
7	accident involving the dive vessel Conception.		
8	Sir, if I could ask you, number one, are you okay with		
9	recording this conversation?		
10	MR. CRUDER: Yes.		
11	MR. EHLERS: Okay. And can you state your name and spell		
12	your last name, sir?		
13	MR. CRUDER: Yes. Marc Cruder, C-R-U-D-E-R.		
14	MR. EHLERS: Okay. And your position, sir?		
15	MR. CRUDER: I'm a traveling senior marine inspector with the		
16	Coast Guard Headquarters traveling inspection staff.		
17	MR. EHLERS: Okay. Now I'm going to ask everyone else in the		
18	room and then on the phone to state your name. Again, this is		
19	Drew Ehlers, marine accident investigator with NTSB.		
20	MR. MUISE: Marcel Muise, also NTSB investigator.		
21	MR. TUCKER: Adam Tucker with the National Transportation		
22	Safety Board.		
23	CAPT NEUBAUER: CAPT Jason Neubauer, the Marine Board		
24	Investigation, chairman for Conception.		
25	CDR : CDR , a traveling		

- 1 inspection staff assigned to the Coast Guard Marine Board.
- 2 MR. : LT , legal representative for the
- 3 witness.
- 4 MR. EHLERS: Okay. And on the phone?
- 5 MR. BARNUM: Good morning. This Bart Barnum with the NTSB, 6 Office of Marine Safety.
- 7 MR. EHLERS: Okay. Is there anyone from NCOE, Captain?
- 8 CAPT NEUBAUER: No.
- 9 MR. EHLERS: Okay. All right. Okay, so I should -- it goes
- 10 without saying, but I'll say it. We'll ask you several questions.
- 11 If there's any question that's beyond your purview or anything
- 12 | that you don't have an answer to, just say so.
- And we don't ask you to speculate. If we ask you an opinion
- question, we'll try and phrase it that way and answer to the best
- 15 of your knowledge. Okay?
- MR. CRUDER: Yes.
- MR. EHLERS: All right. What I'd like to do is start out
- 18 just with some background questions.
- 19 INTERVIEW OF MARC CRUDER
- BY MR. EHLERS:
- 21 Q. Could you describe what your position is or what you do for
- 22 your position, sir?
- 23 A. Well, the traveling inspection staff in general does non-
- 24 routine inspections on a national, sometimes international basis.
- 25 I have -- we're broken down into different areas of expertise.

- 1 | like to say that I do things that nobody wants to touch, so that
- 2 | is -- those are things like steam and historic vessels, riveted
- 3 constructions, sail vessels, wood and composite construction, and
- 4 small passenger vessel plan review. So, those are my areas.
- 5 Q. Okay. How long have you been in this position?
- 6 A. In this position as a civilian for 18 years.
- 7 Q. Okay. And can you describe your experience previous to this
- 8 position?
- 9 A. I did 21 years in uniform in the Coast Guard. The last tour
- 10 I had, the last 4 years, I was a traveling inspector as a
- 11 | commander on active duty. I retired in 2000, and I worked for
- 12 Horn Blower Marine Services for about a year. They civilianized
- 13 the traveling inspection billet, and I competed and came back to
- 14 the Coast Guard.
- 15 Q. Okay. And you've been in this position, again, 18 years?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18 A. Since October of 2001.
- 19 Q. Okay. When you say, non-routine inspections, what does that
- 20 mean?
- 21 A. It could be, instead of a routine -- I wouldn't go out to do
- 22 | routine annual inspection, certification inspection. It's usually
- 23 a vessel with a problem, either from the industry side or the
- 24 Coast Guard side. It's usually something unusual.
- So, I'll give you the example of my work this past year. The

last vessel I was on was a 1938 lap-welded steel type ship in New York that wants to be an attraction vessel. It's unique because it's one of the last bell boats that used to run around -- little coastal tankers that used to run around New York. So I was asked to come assess the hull in the water and help the unit determine a course of action to move it towards a moored attraction vessel status.

2.0

Before that, earlier in the year, I went up to the Great Lakes to look at deteriorated rivets on a laker, which was built in -- well, I guess the hull built maybe '52. Right? So it was an issue of deteriorated rivet heads and whether or not to replace them.

And before that, I went to look at the 105-year-old steam stern wheel Bell of Louisville in Louisville. And in between there was the 1940 wood skipjack Wilma Lee, which had a keel timber issue that we eventually assessed and then took out on a sea trial last month just to see if the hull was suitable to continue certificated service.

So, you see, it's a piece of whatever's wrong with the vessel based on some focused experience that the unit -- the traveling inspectors work to support the field technically. So if something's a little bit unusual or something they haven't seen, it's likely somebody in the traveling staff may have that experience.

Q. Okay. So when the traveling inspectors do an inspection, is

- 1 | it always, generally most of the time at the request of the unit
- 2 in the field?
- 3 A. Historically it was always at the request of the Coast Guard.
- 4 When Congressman Oberstar had his hearings in 2006, about 5 years
- 5 after 9/11, and when the Coast Guard went way focused on security,
- 6 | we lost some of our focus, so there were hearings about that.
- 7 At that time, they changed the focus of the traveling
- 8 inspection staff so that we would be the honest broker even if the
- 9 industry called. So what happens now or since that time is, if
- 10 things are not going right on some type of unusual project in the
- 11 field, I might get a call. The staff might get a call or be
- 12 contacted by somebody in the industry, or something could come in
- 13 through Congressional Affairs if it's elevated and it's political
- 14 to that level. So that would make me then look in our database,
- 15 | see what's going on with that vessel, call the unit.
- 16 It wouldn't always result in a trip. But I could be called
- 17 | by either side. And then it's about trying to facilitate the
- 18 problem and move to solution.
- 19 Q. Okay. Do the traveling inspectors have any role in oversight
- 20 of the quality of inspectors in the field?
- 21 A. The quality of the inspectors or the quality of the
- 22 inspection?
- 23 Q. The quality of the inspection.
- 24 A. Well, I would say we do have a role because you could be
- 25 called in because there's a -- without using the appeal process

and ahead of the appeal process, there may be some disagreement

about interpreting a regulation or looking at an installation that

may be existing that, you know, is -- so that's a possibility.

And although internal affairs is not our primary job, if in unraveling the issue -- because there's always an issue, right, and it's always more than the technical issue that you're called for. There's always a people component. There's a communication component. So, you know, we do -- we would get involved in issues that are related to the quality of the inspection.

10 Q. Okay.

4

5

6

7

8

- 11 A. And make recommendations back to the program, to the sector
- 12 CO, to the chief of inspection. It depends on where you're
- 13 working in the continuum.
- 14 Q. Do the traveling inspectors have any oversight of the
- 15 | inspector training program?
- 16 A. We are frequently involved in different aspects of the
- 17 | inspection training program. For instance, one of the jobs that I
- 18 had, is I'm the technical consultant to the wood and FRP course
- 19 that we teach. I do that on behalf of the Office of Commercial
- 20 | Vessel Compliance. And as I said, wood boats, wood and composite
- 21 | are one of the things I get called for as a traveler. So, in
- 22 | overseeing that third-party contractor who teaches that course, I
- 23 have had a part in helping develop that curriculum, monitoring the
- 24 | course critiques feeding back to the program.
- MR. EHLERS: Okay.

1 LTBut to clarify, that's not oversight? 2 I would consider it oversight because if the MR. CRUDER: 3 course critiques say something that's a little -- that shows that 4 there's a gap or something that needs to be taken care of, that --5 I would provide feedback to work that problem or to improve the 6 I mean, that's what I consider as oversight. 7 direct -- I don't know. I don't understand -- I would ask you to clarify that. 8 9 LT I don't want to take up NTSB's --10 Yeah. Yeah, I think I have a --MR. EHLERS: 11 In other words, if we came to the field and the MR. CRUDER: 12 root cause of the problem at hand included a training component, 13 we would look into that. 14 MR. EHLERS: Okay. I think I understand. So thank I see. 15 you. 16 BY MR. EHLERS: 17 With your knowledge of the training program, is it -- is the 18 training program for inspectors, is it focused on a type of vessel 19 like T-boats or barges, or is it a broad training? 2.0 Well, probably both. There are different specific 21 qualifications by vessel type, but the training program starts by 22 teaching some of the basic vessels that are in large number. 23 T-boats, you know, there's about 6,000 small passenger vessels, so 24 we certainly teach that. It's certainly all domestic, largely 25 domestic. There are some small passenger vessels that run the

- 1 coast. I have SOLAS that do run to foreign countries, but that's 2 very small.
- So you get trained broadly, and then once they go to the field, they pursue -- based on what types of vessels are prevalent in that port, they pursue those qualifications based on what they have access to.
- 7 MR. EHLERS: Okay. As I understand it, there recently in the 8 wake of the *Conception* accident, there was a reinspection or a 9 broad inspection program of all T-boats. Did the traveling 10 inspectors participate in that, that -- what was the term for it?
- 11 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yep. It was overnight -- T-boats of 12 overnight accommodation.
- MR. EHLERS: T-boats for overnight.
- MR. CRUDER: No. We were not asked to do -- to participate.
- 15 BY MR. EHLERS:
- 16 Q. Okay. Did you participate in any way in that?
- 17 A. I was called by the 11th District when they were -- when the
- 18 | 11th District took a team out to look at the other vessels that
- 19 belonged to this company, I was just asked general questions about
- 20 things that they found, you know, related to regulatory
- 21 | interpretation. But I was not directly -- I don't have any
- 22 | firsthand knowledge of the boat that went down or the sister
- 23 | vessels. I mean, I understand what category they are and what
- 24 | type of vessels they are because I was stationed on the West Coast
- 25 | in my active duty career. So I know they were overnight sport

- 1 | fishing boats that, you know, are in this less than 49 overnight
- 2 | category like these guys are.
- 3 Q. Okay. Have you had the opportunity at all to review the
- 4 results of that inspection push that happened since this accident?
- 5 A. I have not looked at it any detail. I know that there's a
- 6 list of what they found. I am on the small passenger vessel that
- 7 was called the reform team. It's changed its name now. It just
- 8 -- the admiral finally signed it. It's called something else.
- 9 So, in other words, I have access to that, I have access to
- 10 that data, but the Office of Commercial Vessel Compliance is
- 11 | compiling that and analyzing it. I think I'm on it just because
- 12 it's one of my areas in the travelers, and if there's some anomaly
- 13 that they find or that they want to discuss.
- 14 Q. Okay. And the reform team, was this formed after the
- 15 | Conception accident?
- 16 A. Yes. It was formed specifically for that.
- 17 Q. Okay. All right. I have a few questions related somewhat
- 18 | specifically to Conception, and I know you're not specific -- you
- 19 don't have direct knowledge of the boat, but I'll explain. One of
- 20 | the questions is, the Conception was a -- classified in the
- 21 | certificate of inspection as a wood boat. But it was plywood boat
- 22 | with an FRP coating, or FRP --
- 23 A. Sheeting.
- 24 Q. -- sheeting. Thank you. Various considerations, a wood boat
- 25 that doesn't have that sheeting on it, you can pull fasteners.

- 1 How does -- when you have this FRP sheeting, how does that change
- 2 | an inspection for a boat? Does that cause any, should I say,
- 3 difficulties in conducting an accurate inspection?
- 4 A. If your question, how does the FRP sheeting, how does that --
- 5 | is your question is, how does it affect --
- 6 Q. Does it --
- 7 A. -- that fastening inspection or how -- what specifically is
- 8 | the question?
- 9 Q. Does that create any difficulties as far as conducting an
- 10 accurate inspection of the seaworthiness, fitness for duty of that
- 11 vessel?
- 12 A. Not any more than a boat that's built all out of fiberglass.
- 13 You have to take the sheeting into account. As a matter of fact,
- 14 | well, your question is -- I'm sorry. Ask the question one more
- 15 | time so that I answer the question instead of talk about plywood
- 16 | boats and fiberglass boats and wood boats.
- 17 Q. Well, I guess the question is this: Is a wood -- a
- 18 | fiberglass over wood boat, do you approach it as a fiberglass boat
- 19 or a wood boat or something different?
- 20 A. You need to have some understanding of how its constructed
- 21 and what's holding it together.
- 22 Q. Okay.
- 23 A. Whether you look at it from the outside or from the inside.
- 24 So from the outside, it's obvious it's got a sheeting. All right.
- 25 But if you go inside and it's wood -- so, you know, you're looking

- 1 for, you're looking to understand that the sheeting is intact,
- 2 | that there's no problem under the sheeting and that internally
- 3 there's no problem with the structure. That has nothing to do
- 4 with the sheeting.
- 5 Q. Sure.
- 6 A. And you have to understand whether the mechanical fastenings
- 7 are holding it together or whether it's glued, whether it's all
- 8 glued together. So, yeah, there are composite boats, co-molded
- 9 boats. Glass over plywood is a composite hybrid of more modern
- 10 technique than traditional plycon frame.
- 11 Q. Okay. Is the considerations -- or is that part of the
- 12 | inspector training?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. All of those different variations are covered in that wood
- 16 FRP course. It's a week of wood and a week of FRP, and somewhere
- 17 | in the wood one, you have to talk about what happens when you
- 18 introduce more modern materials into wood construction.
- 19 Q. Okay. Now as I read the T regulations, both the old and the
- 20 | new, there's a requirement for, I think its fire resistant or
- 21 fire-retardant glass. If you have a -- for an FRP-constructed
- 22 | vessel, is that fire resistant or fire-retardant glass required
- 23 | for a glass over wood boat?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 Q. Do you understand the nature of my question?

- 1 A. Yes. And I would even -- yes. An all fiberglass boat is
- 2 required to have non-fire retardant -- or fire-retardant resin.
- 3 Those -- that criteria doesn't apply to vessels that are a mix of
- 4 | wood and composite. If I call fiberglass a composite, because you
- 5 know, definitions are --
- 6 Q. Sure.
- 7 A. There's some places -- we have a lot of definitions. There
- 8 | are some things we don't define. Right? But if you put, if you
- 9 -- your question was, does a boat that has a fiberglass sheeting
- 10 on it, have to have fire retardant resin?
- 11 Q. That is my question.
- 12 A. And the answer is no. And that -- I'm not supposed to offer
- 13 information. Do you want to know where that -- you can find
- 14 | information on that?
- 15 Q. Yes. Where --
- 16 A. Well, so there were public documents that everybody has. So
- 17 | a place that's easy to see that is in -- we have Navigation and
- 18 Inspection Circulars. So NVIC 887 is the fiberglass NVIC, which
- 19 predates the regulations.
- 20 And there's two places when we talk about sheeting. So this
- 21 is 887, and in the highlight, you'll see that it says that
- 22 | sheeting does not have to be fire retardant. A second place that
- 23 | sheeting became -- in other words, I'm volunteering information
- 24 | but I think it's relevant. When the El Toro II went down '93,
- 25 that was a deadrise cross-planked hull, and one of the -- then

- 1 | what we did is we rewrote the wood NVIC. So, that 887 is the
- 2 | fiberglass NVIC; 795 is the wood boat repair NVIC. So those are
- 3 | both things that are in the public domain, so you guys can get
- 4 that.
- 5 Q. Okay.
- 6 A. But in the 795 is a section on sheeting, traditional plank-
- 7 on-frame vessels. Not plywood vessels, but plank-on-frame
- 8 vessels. And there's no discussion about fire retardant resin
- 9 because we never considered the sheeting to do that.
- 10 So there's -- there are approved methods to sheet wood boats,
- 11 | and they don't require fire retardant resin. There are vessels
- 12 that are built cold molded or composite where frames and planking
- 13 | are glued together, planks are edged glued, fastenings don't mean
- 14 anything. The boat is still wood structure, but it's glued
- 15 together, and those boats also do not have fire retardant resin.
- 16 So, in general, I would say to you that fire retardant resin
- 17 | doesn't apply to a vessel with a wood structure.
- 18 Q. Okay. Thanks. On the COI for the Conception, there is a
- 19 specific -- in the roots and condition, there is a specific
- 20 | condition that -- let me see. I don't want to paraphrase too much
- 21 here.
- 22 A. Let me read it.
- 23 O. You have it?
- 24 A. I do.
- 25 Q. So they're requiring the master to designate a roving patrol

- 1 when passengers are in bunks.
- 2 A. That's essentially what it says. Do you want me to read it?
- 3 I can read it into the record.
- 4 Q. Please, for the record.
- 5 A. A member of the vessel's crew shall be designated by the
- 6 master as a roving patrol at all times, whether or not the vessel
- 7 is underway, when the passengers' bunks are occupied.
- 8 Q. Okay. So something similar, not of the same wording, is in
- 9 the regulations. It says that a patrol has to be manned when --
- 10 at nighttime, and there's an actually a statute as well.
- 11 My first question is, there are lots of regulations in
- 12 | Subchapter T that don't appear in the roots and conditions on a
- 13 COI, yet every COI we reviewed had that, a similar phrase about
- 14 having -- why is that? Why is there, why -- is that a
- 15 | requirement? Is that a -- where does that come from, to have that
- 16 requirement, to have a -- in the COI? Why does the COI have a
- 17 | regulation that, while it doesn't have all the other regulations?
- 18 Do you know why?
- 19 A. Okay. You're not asking me where the watchman requirement
- 20 | comes from; you're asking me why is it on the COI, where it is on
- 21 the COI?
- 22 Q. Yeah. Why is it on the COI if, you know, every other
- 23 regulation is not on the COI? Why is that particular regulation?
- 24 Is it a requirement under Coast Guard manuals, directions,
- 25 | quidance?

- 1 A. I would tell you that that's outside my wheelhouse.
- 2 Q. Okay.
- 3 A. And that the, there are -- it's probably guidance on how to
- 4 | fill out a certificate, and that's done through the MISLE
- 5 database. Right? So there are probably guides that tell people
- 6 that fill out their certificates what should be in that block.
- 7 That block is the vessel -- it's a VFOD, is how I remember it.
- 8 It's something -- Vessel something Field, maybe, Operating
- 9 Details. So that's a particular MISLE product. Right?
- 10 Q. I see.
- 11 A. So there's probably guidance someplace that tells you what
- 12 | should be in that, in that block. I'm trying to stick to
- 13 regulations and policies. I just -- I don't know why that and not
- 14 something else, which is really what you're asking.
- 15 Q. Okay. All right. Fair enough.
- 16 I'd like to talk about that, and there's some other -- this
- 17 | is a good example of a regulatory, also COI requirement that's an
- 18 operational requirement. It's not something that, like a hull
- 19 inspection would find.
- 20 How or can an inspector verify that an operator is following
- 21 | that regulation, either -- or COI condition?
- 22 A. So, you know, there's probably another regulation someplace
- 23 that says that the operator needs to follow the conditions on the
- 24 certificate of inspection, which is probably tied to why something
- 25 operational is on there.

But your question really was, okay, so it's on there; how do you know the captain does that when you walk off the boat?

Q. Exactly.

2.0

A. In this particular case, without riding the vessel and being on there for a 24-hour period to see that happen -- you know, there's also a requirement for the certificate to be posted where the public can see it so that they know what the scope of the master's responsibility. That dates all the way back.

So, there is no direct way to know. The master of the vessel's responsible for operating the vessel within the parameters on the certificate. But there's no way during an inspection to know, because the inspection is conducted dockside, and even if you took the vessel out to do a -- to do drills, it wouldn't be with passengers. And unless you had an opportunity to be on a vessel -- you know, for instance, I wrote the last report on the Delta Queen in 2008. In my report, which is in the public venue, I walked around with the watchman that night. And that's like 55 minutes of punching tickets and then 5 minutes to sit down. So I got to see that it was done, but I happened to be there at night underway.

So, to answer your question, in the normal way that we conduct an inspection, there would be no way to know if the master is paying attention to the certificate of inspection. It's just assuming that's what would happen, that's what he's responsible for.

- 1 MR. EHLERS: Okay. All right. Thanks. That's all I have
- 2 for now. I may have some follow-up questions, but I'm going to
- 3 turn it over to my colleagues.
- 4 MR. CRUDER: Sure.
- 5 MR. EHLERS: Thank you.
- 6 MR. MUISE: Thanks, Commander. I'm Marcel and my role in
- 7 this is the survival factors. I'm looking at lifesaving and
- 8 firefighting.
- 9 BY MR. MUISE:
- 10 Q. So, and I have some, a little bit more specific questions
- 11 about T, because I understand you had a role in rolling out new T
- 12 | sometime in your career?
- 13 A. I was the -- my name is on the supplemental notice, the
- 14 proposed rulemaking from 1994.
- 15 Q. Okay.
- 16 A. So '89 notice, then a supplemental, then an IFR, and then a
- 17 | final rule.
- 18 Q. The specific about detectors, it talks about independent
- 19 modular smoke detection.
- 20 A. Right.
- 21 Q. Is there anything in that verbiage or in the UL standard that
- 22 goes with it, that would preclude me from installing intra-
- 23 connected detectors that are common today in households, you know,
- 24 either wireless or connected, as opposed to these -- I mean, a
- 25 | single, a single unit? So, in other words, does independent

- 1 modular smoke detection mean it has to be a standalone by itself?
- 2 A. I would read that to say that modular smoke detectors are
- 3 | allowed. And the smaller the vessel and the less complex it is,
- 4 that is the go-to choice. If an owner of a smaller vessel wanted
- 5 to put a more sophisticated system on, they could, but it wouldn't
- 6 -- that would be beyond the minimum requirement.
- 7 Q. Okay. And that would still be okay with the UL -- I think
- 8 | it's 217, is the --
- 9 A. Well --
- 10 O. Or would it?
- 11 A. I think -- this makes me want to look at 177, because I think
- 12 you could put a system -- I think the regulation reads that there
- 13 | -- that detection system in accordance with a reference in
- 14 Subchapter H, which is large passenger vessels.
- 15 Q. Okay.
- 16 A. Right. But it allows for T, that modular --
- 17 Q. Is okay?
- 18 A. -- is okay. So, you know, not thinking the way you're
- 19 thinking, which is the other way, how could I make it better?
- 20 Q. Right.
- 21 A. They would say, okay, I have to have a detection system
- 22 because I have overnight passengers. Then you go from -- and let
- 23 me just, just so I go, just so I -- because I did a little bit --
- 24 okay. So 181.405(c) --
- 25 Q. (c), right.

- 1 A. -- tells you that you have to have detection.
- 2 Q. And then it refers to --
- 3 A. And that throws you to 181.450, which refers you to the
- 4 modular UL217.
- 5 Q. Right.
- 6 A. Right.
- 7 Q. Okay. Good. As far as you know, 217 would allow you to do
- 8 something --
- 9 A. I think if you read UL217 -- I would tell you this. I don't
- 10 know --
- 11 Q. I haven't seen 217, but --
- 12 A. -- the details of what's in UL217, but my guess is that would
- 13 be written specifically for a modular unit versus an integrated
- 14 system.
- 15 Q. Okay. On the lifesaving side, the life -- I'm sorry.
- MR. EHLERS: Hold on, just to find out --
- 17 CAPT NEUBAUER: Yeah. I'm sorry. This is CAPT Neubauer.
- 18 Who just joined the line?
- 19 LT : Good morning, Captain. This is LT from
- 20 the NCOE.
- 21 CAPT NEUBAUER: Okay. Are you joining the interview for
- 22 Mr. Cruder?
- 23 LT Yes, Captain.
- 24 CAPT NEUBAUER: Okay. I just wanted to note that.
- MR. EHLERS: Thank you.

- 1 MR. MUISE: Okay. Thank you. Thanks.
- 2 BY MR. MUISE:
- 3 Q. On the life floats, for storage these boats had a cover.
- 4 | They were in a box with plywood and glass covers that were
- 5 designed to float free, which I had never seen before. Have you
- 6 come across that before? They weren't exposed to elements.
- 7 A. And so, I don't have firsthand knowledge of this vessel.
- 8 Q. So let me describe it for you. It was a box on the sundeck
- 9 | with four life floats in it, and the weak links, everything else
- 10 was in -- everything that's supposed to be there was there. But
- 11 on top of this is a plywood cover with fiberglass sheeting. And
- 12 it's designed to float free, as opposed to having the life floats
- 13 | in a cradle, you know, with PVC pipe or some sort of piping --
- 14 A. Right.
- 15 Q. -- which I had never seen before. Is that -- have you come
- 16 across that before on your --
- 17 A. If you're asking me have I seen something like that, I'll say
- 18 yes or maybe. And because -- now again, remember, the regulations
- 19 will not address covering the life floats. The regulations would
- 20 | just say they need to be rigged with a weak link and that it's got
- 21 to be able to float free. So, of course, what's the biggest issue
- 22 | with life floats? They're exposed to UV, right? So operators may
- 23 do things like that, and the local OCMI may allow it.
- 24 Q. Okay. That guidance may or may not be in a local CMI --
- 25 A. There will be -- I think you --

- 1 Q. -- prevention model?
- 2 A. -- would not -- I would say you wouldn't find anything in
- 3 writing.
- 4 Q. Okay.
- 5 A. It would be the operator asking the local OCMI, look, I want
- 6 to keep these things from deteriorating; I'll make sure it's float
- 7 free. There would be no particular guidance that I would think
- 8 of, of how to build that box or put that box because technically
- 9 you could argue that it's not part of the regulatory requirement.
- 10 Matter of fact, we'd spend more time trying to figure out if that
- 11 defeats the regulatory requirement or not, right?
- 12 Q. Sure.
- 13 A. By doing anything. For instance, the first question I would
- 14 have, is that box secured; can it float free, right? And you're
- 15 making the assumption that it can float free. You can't do an
- 16 actual test, right? But you have to assume that if the water
- 17 comes up that it would probably --
- 18 O. It would float free.
- 19 A. -- float off of there. There's no quidance. I think that
- 20 was your question, right?
- 21 Q. Yes, sir. Yes.
- 22 A. Right.
- 23 Q. And back to the new T rollout. Do you -- I can't find the
- 24 docket anywhere. Do you know? Because the regulations -- this is
- 25 before we had online regulations.gov. Where could we find the

- 1 docket for that rulemaking project?
- 2 A. You know, I almost brought my second binder that had the
- 3 actual copy of it. But --
- 4 Q. I have the Federal Registers, but I'm looking for the
- 5 | rulemaking --
- 6 A. Okay. So the --
- 7 \mathbb{Q} . I'm looking for the --
- 8 A. You're looking for the --
- 9 Q. -- actual docket, you know, all the comments that came in and
- 10 | the public forums that you did that would tell us, hey, why did we
- 11 do this, why did we do that, or what was the comments on it.
- 12 A. Okay. So --
- 13 Q. As opposed to today, a rulemaking, I can go online, I can see
- 14 every comment that every industry person makes and the transcript
- 15 of every (indiscernible).
- 16 A. Oh yeah, well, that -- okay, so now we have to understand
- 17 | that, that's now how they did it then.
- 18 Q. Right. True.
- 19 A. Okay. So what they did do -- I mean, the only way to -- I
- 20 | mean, I'm sure the docket must be someplace and the docket number
- 21 | must be in the different preambles. Remember when I said there's
- 22 | a notice, then there's a supplemental notice, then there's an
- 23 interim final rule, and a final rule. So before you read whatever
- 24 they did during that evolution of each one of those four things,
- 25 | there's got to be a docket number, right? So, if you have the

- 1 Federal Register --
- 2 Q. I have the docket number. I'm just looking for the physical
- 3 docket because it looks like a lot of work went into this
- 4 rulemaking project and --
- 5 A. Oh, you want to know where can I read what's actual gotten
- 6 written --
- 7 Q. Yes.
- 8 A. -- versus what the Coast Guard said?
- 9 Q. Yes, sir.
- 10 A. Oh. I --
- 11 Q. And things did change. It was a long -- an 8-year project, I
- 12 think.
- 13 A. Well, it wasn't -- what I would say to you is it wasn't
- 14 online. So the -- all the letters came in hardcopy, right, and
- 15 | the Coast Guard went through them and those were put in the docket
- 16 that was kept, I want to say in Legal someplace.
- 17 Q. Sure.
- 18 A. Right. And so, if you're asking me where is the actual --
- 19 because the discussion of what came in and what the comments,
- 20 summarizing what the comments said, that's in every one of those
- 21 preambles.
- 22 O. Yes.
- 23 A. Okay. If you're asking me where is that, where is the actual
- 24 | -- where's the actual original information?
- 25 Q. Original information, because there's some transcripts of --

- 1 there was some public hearings, things like that.
- 2 A. There were public hearings.
- Q. There were some studies done, some elaborate studies, I believe.
- 5 LT so, to clarify, the question is the actual 6 physical file?
- 7 MR. MUISE: Yeah, the actual physical file, where would that 8 be?
- 9 LT : If you know.
- MR. CRUDER: The last time I saw physical files, we would -originally, they would have been in NVI2, which was the standards
 development section of the Office of Compliance. It's
 complicated. But it moved around. The file moved around, and
 then I would say if you went looking for it now, I'm not sure you
 would find those files anymore. Because they went to operating
 standard -- you know, now there's a whole reg writing section of
- 17 the Coast Guard headquarters which didn't exist at the time.
- 18 After OPA 90, that happened.
- So things went, but I don't know what -- the easiest thing
 for me to say is, I remember being the custodian of it. I
 remember years after the rulemaking seeing where it was, where the
 physical stuff was, and I wouldn't know where it is now.
- BY MR. MUISE:
- Q. Okay, sir. And then just one question about egress. In the rulemaking they talk about -- they refer to the NFPA rules and

- 1 even can and even Canadian rules. Do you know, was there any kind
- 2 | of testing down for how quickly we can get people out of certain
- 3 | size, or was there any performance criteria for these egress
- 4 | rules? They settled I think on 32 inches or .3 inches per person.
- 5 A. I'm not aware of any testing specific to that.
- 6 Q. That you would do -- and I think aviation would do something
- 7 like that. You know, there's a criteria you have to get so many
- 8 people out through this --
- 9 A. Well, you know, I mean, it's easy for us to look with the
- 10 technology. I can remember when those programs started to become
- 11 available as cruise ship numbers went up. And I can remember
- 12 somebody showing me, pushing a button, and the ship has got this
- 13 many people on each deck, and then all the little dots start
- 14 moving, right, you can see how many They can actually do that
- 15 now.
- 16 Q. Right.
- 17 A. So your question was, did we do any specific testing to come
- 18 up with that number? I don't know. The process in general was
- 19 that different sections of the regulations were farmed out to
- 20 | those areas in headquarters where that expertise was.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. So the -- hard to say where escape, you know, who was looking
- 23 at that. But it could have been survival systems. It could have
- 24 been the people that did, you know, fire detection and primary
- 25 lifesaving and that kind of thing. But I really don't know. I

can't remember.

2.0

Q. Okay. Along the lines of egress, too, do you know of any existing T-boats or old T-boats that have successfully managed to modify their vessels to comply with new T when it comes to egress and escape?

So there's no -- ladders are no longer required. I think that's the biggest thing. And then there's a new threshold. So, while still maintaining subdivision and all the other rules, I guess my question would be, how do I take an existing T-boat and make it comply with new T egress rules? Is that even possible?

A. Okay. So I'm going to say it depends. And like everything else, the analogy that I could give you is, just like the Americans with Disabilities Act, which as been going on forever, as vessels get smaller there's only so much you can do. Right?

So I think you have to look at the difference between old T and new T, right, where there was no requirement originally for things to be widely separate. I mean, you really have to look at the space you're dealing with and really see what you can do. A vertical escape might be the only thing that you can do, right, whether it's incorporated as part of the bunk structure. Right?

So the question of can you modify an existing vessel? Can you improve it? Yes, but what the cost is to improve it and whether you lose some bunks -- you know, it's all about the arrangement. I would say anything's possible, but I don't have a -- I don't have firsthand knowledge of telling somebody that had

- 1 | an existing T-boat that their escape is insufficient now or I
- 2 wanted them to meet the new one, you know, what would they do.
- 3 So just reiterate your question again so I make sure I
- 4 answered it.
- 5 Q. I guess I was looking for an example of an existing T-boat
- 6 that's successfully --
- 7 A. Made that transition?
- 8 Q. -- made that transition.
- 9 A. So the answer is no, I don't have any knowledge of that.
- 10 MR. MUISE: Okay. Adam?
- 11 MR. TUCKER: Yeah.
- 12 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 13 Q. All right. Thanks again for talking with us. My name's Adam
- 14 Tucker. I'm with -- also with the National Transportation Safety
- 15 | Board. I have a couple follow-ups and likely a couple of follow-
- 16 ups after this.
- 17 | Since we're in the same ballpark, so as I understand for --
- 18 you made reference to the old T-vessels and there's not really a
- 19 lot for the egress routes specified in the old T.
- 20 A. Well, I would say it's different.
- 21 O. Different.
- 22 A. It's worded differently, so that what you see in the current
- 23 | reg might be what you see on an old T-boat.
- 24 Q. Okay. So, I was just wondering, could you again, I don't
- 25 have in depth knowledge of regulations. Really my only experience

- 1 to date has been this accident.
- 2 A. Um-hum.
- 3 MR. TUCKER: So, as applied to an old T-vessel, what is, what
- 4 | are the egress or the pathway requirements?
- 5 LT : Could you clarify the question?
- 6 MR. CRUDER: Yeah, what is the question?
- 7 LT : What is a --
- 8 MR. CRUDER: Because we could open up 177 and read it because
- 9 it's short.
- 10 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 11 Q. Sure. Yep, let's do that.
- 12 A. If that's, if that would help. All right. So, it's 177.15
- 13 | in the old, in the existing regulations. Except as otherwise
- 14 provided in this section, all vessels shall be provided with not
- 15 less than two avenues of escape from all general areas accessible
- 16 to passengers or where the crew may be quartered or normally
- 17 | employed, so located that if one is not available, the other may
- 18 be.
- 19 At least one of the avenues of escape shall be independent of
- 20 watertight doors. Windows and windshields of sufficient size and
- 21 proper accessibility may be used as one avenue of escape. When
- 22 | the length of the compartment is less than 12 feet, one vertical
- 23 means of escape will be acceptable under the following conditions.
- 24 There is no source of fire in this space, such as a galley
- 25 stove, heater, et cetera, and the vertical escape is remote from

- 1 | the engine or fuel tank space, or the arrangement is such that the
- 2 | installation of two means of escape does not materially improve
- 3 the safety of the vessel and those onboard.
- 4 Q. Okay. Thank you. And you said it was worded different. Do
- 5 | you have new T there? Would you be able to go to that one and --
- 6 A. Yep. It's a little longer.
- 7 Q. Okay.
- 8 A. But yeah.
- 9 Q. Or would you be able to give us the condensed version as
- 10 applied to the *Conception*, the vessel of 75 foot, 97 gross tons
- 11 and 49. And if not, that's fine. We have it. But my curiosity
- 12 is this, is if the Conception was a new T-vessel, would the
- 13 criteria for the egress routes be different?
- 14 A. I would say that the criteria in the, in the current
- 15 Subchapter T is more prescriptive.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. There are dimensions. The performance criteria is in there
- 18 about escaping with a lifejacket on. The words widely separated
- 19 are in there, versus, if one is not available, the other may be.
- 20 Q. And is there anything in new T that specifies that, you know,
- 21 and you mentioned widely separated, but is there anything in new T
- 22 that states that, that prevents both egress routes going into the
- 23 same space?
- 24 A. In new T?
- 25 LT : Would you like to refer to new T, to the record?

MR. CRUDER: If you go past the threshold where this vessel is and go more than 49 or more than 150, some other break points, you would have requirements for a protected escape route to an area of refuge. Those requirements do not exist for Subchapter T.

MR. TUCKER: Okay.

2.0

MR. CRUDER: So, there's nothing --

MR. TUCKER: So, --

MR. CRUDER: There are things in new T that talk about, there's a definition in 175, so we might as well just go there about means of escape, because that was discussed in the preambles. Means of escape means a continuous and unobstructed way of exit travel from any point in a vessel to an embarkation station.

A means of escape can be both vertical and horizontal, including doorways, passageways, stairways, stair covers, public spaces, cargo spaces, machinery spaces, restrooms, hazardous areas as determined by the OCMI may not be part of an escape.

I think your question was, so correct me, is there anything that would prevent you from going, from both escapes coming up in the same space?

MR. TUCKER: Correct.

MR. CRUDER: No.

BY MR. TUCKER:

Q. Okay. And that's what ultimately, I'm wondering if there are newly constructed vessels or not, new T constructed vessels that

- 1 | could potentially have the same problem of egress routes going
- 2 | into the same space? I shouldn't say problem, but --
- 3 A. Remember now, in this particular instance, you're asking for
- 4 my opinion. So, each vessel, each vessel, the general arrangement
- 5 of the vessel, which is what this would come under --
- 6 Q. Yep.
- 7 A. -- is not an item that's planned reviewed by the Marine
- 8 Safety Center. That would be in the OCMI hands.
- 9 Q. Okay. You may have mentioned in that definition, just
- 10 wondered since you've got the book open --
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. -- is there a definition of embarkation station? I've heard
- 13 that in my past life, but I thought in T-boat world it was --
- 14 A. Right. It --
- 15 \mathbb{Q} . -- there were other --
- 16 A. -- makes, in the cruise ship world --
- 17 Q. Yeah.
- 18 A. -- that's a major deal even in, even in the deep traffic ship
- 19 world. So, embarkation station means the place on, actually so
- 20 the answer to the question is, yes, there is a definition in
- 21 175.400, which are the Subchapter T definitions.
- 22 Embarkation station means the place on the vessel from which
- 23 a survival craft is boarded. I could continue but I'm going to
- 24 stop.
- 25 LT : We can wait for the next question.

- 1 MR. CRUDER: That's right.
- 2 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 3 Q. So, that's new T. Was there anything in old T? Any
- 4 definitions in old T?
- 5 A. Definitions in old T are limited but we can easily just flip
- 6 over to see, look for the same two definitions --
- 7 Q. Okay.
- 8 A. -- if that's what you're interested in.
- 9 Q. Yeah. Because, and again, I'm thankful that you have the
- 10 books in front of you as that helps.
- 11 A. It's generational. And Captain Edwards comes this afternoon.
- 12 He'll have an iPad. I get old Technology 1. He'll search it.
- 13 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And an attitude.
- MR. CRUDER: This is how I learned on it, and this is how we,
- 15 okay. So, there were definitions in 175.10, so there is not a
- 16 definition for embarkation.
- 17 MR. TUCKER: Okay.
- 18 MR. CRUDER: And there's not a definition for means of
- 19 escape.
- 20 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 21 Q. Okay. Because again, I'm thinking aloud here. Conception,
- 22 | we mentioned specifically embarkation station. It was an old T-
- vessel, but egress routes come up through the salon. Their muster
- 24 station as they call it is on the back deck, on the dive, on the
- 25 open deck aft.

- But the embarkation station is one deck above where the life
- 2 floats and lifejackets and everything is located.
- 3 A. But would that be the embarkation station? See you've got
- 4 get --
- 5 Q. Just curiosity, yeah. Yeah.
- 6 A. You've got to get some T thinking here.
- 7 Q. Yeah.
- 8 A. So, stowage, this is where I was going to go before. The
- 9 stowage of the primary lifesaving gear is generally where you see
- 10 it on a, on a boat of *Conception*'s size, that's normally where it
- 11 is. What would probably happen in an emergency is the crew would,
- 12 | if the boat sank, it would float free.
- 13 Q. Yeah.
- 14 A. But the crew would deploy the primary lifesaving. Passengers
- 15 | would embark from the main deck --
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. -- where they could get to it.
- 18 Q. Okay. Signage and lighting, in general, is there any, so
- 19 staying in the same pathway of egress routes, emergency escapes,
- 20 and again, pardon me for not using the correct verbiage that's in
- 21 the CFRS.
- 22 But is there anything more prescriptive in new T regarding
- 23 | signage and lighting with respect to emergency escape and egress
- 24 | routes? For example, if the lights go out, do you need, is there
- 25 anything, any emergency lighting or anything that is, needs to

- 1 | identify that behind this door is an escape hatch?
- 2 Or we're aware that in Sub, in old T, it's just a sign with
- 3 one-inch lettering and that's adequate. But in new T, is
- 4 anything, anything above and beyond that?
- 5 A. I would like to look at new T, but the -- but I'm going to
- 6 say, generally speaking, both new T and old T require the
- 7 | emergency escape to be marked. Right? I'd be looking to say, old
- 8 T and new T require emergency lighting when below deck. Right?
- 9 Q. Okay.
- 10 A. But not something that connects, you know, the escape path
- 11 like on an airplane, there's a lighted path that they're using
- 12 | that now on cruise ships. Right? There's no requirement for that
- embarkation or debarkation in an emergency path.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. But I said, so let me just, let me just look at the marking,
- 16 because I think --
- 17 Q. Sure.
- 18 A. -- I figured, what I said, and what I'd like to hold to is
- 19 that both require, both Sub Ts require marking. Okay. So, in new
- 20 T, 185.606 requires escape hatches and emergency exits marking,
- 21 | it's under marking required.
- So, you said, old T requires it. I'll take your word for it
- 23 and we'll just look at this real quick. 185.606, all escape
- 24 hatches and other emergency exits used as a means of escape must
- 25 be marked on both sides in clearly legible letters at least 2

- inches high, Emergency Exit, Keep Clear, unless such markings are deemed unnecessary by the cognizant OCMI.
- 3 So, easy to go to the same place in old T and compare it.
- 4 Let's see if Captain Edwards can do it as quick as this. All
- 5 escapes, 185.30-15, escape hatches and emergency exits, all escape
- 6 hatches and other escape exits shall be marked on both sides with
- 7 one-inch letters.
- 8 So, you're correct. So, the difference is size of lettering,
- 9 unless such markings are deemed unnecessary. Now let me just look
- 10 for one more thing that you asked about.
- 11 Q. And deemed unnecessary is, that's to the --
- 12 A. OCMI.
- 13 O. -- OCMI?
- 14 A. Right. Okay. So, I'm just drawing a blank for the purposes
- 15 | of right now on emergency lighting. I told you what I thought.
- 16 Without looking a little further, emergency lighting might be in
- 17 | another section that I'd just have to look, and you can compare.
- 18 But I, but I believe you'd have the same requirement.
- 19 Q. Yep. That's fine. I mean we've got the regs and we can --
- 20 A. Right.
- 21 Q. -- do our homework. But again, for me personally, I'm just
- 22 trying to capitalize on your extensive knowledge and background,
- 23 and just you working in this. So, I'll back up and --
- 24 A. And remember, what I generally don't do is compare one to the
- 25 other when I'm out there. Right. I'm going to look to what

- 1 applies to that vessel.
- 2 Q. Yeah.
- 3 A. Right. Correct.
- 4 Q. So, here comes a dumb question. So, like a traveling
- 5 | inspector, when someone says, you're a traveling inspector, my
- 6 layman's assumption would be, you spend a lot of time on the road,
- 7 bouncing around from place to place, or sector to sector, or MSD
- 8 to MSD, whatever, traveling and, is that correct?
- 9 Do you travel a lot, or do you spend most of the time here or
- 10 --
- 11 A. Well, it's a traveling staff because it, the problem that
- 12 you're going to work on is not here, unless it happens to be one
- of Baltimore's boats at the Washington Marina.
- 14 Q. Right.
- 15 A. And so, we're going to travel to the issue, and that's what
- 16 the traveling is. And the travelers, depending on what is going
- 17 on, you know, the travelers are involved in vessels that are on
- 18 the targeted list under the ultimate compliance program.
- 19 That's, they're busy looking at different vessels. I gave
- 20 you my examples because I'm doing something different.
- 21 O. Yeah.
- 22 A. I'm doing, I'm traveling, I personally am traveling less than
- 23 they are because that's a fixed project that, you know, so
- 24 sometimes we run around to do stuff. In my past I've been
- 25 | involved in a project that maybe you have to ride five ships in a

- 1 row. You know what I mean?
- 2 So, it just depends what's coming in the door.
- 3 Q. Okay. So, would you say that just ballpark, sometimes you
- 4 | see it on job descriptions, so are you traveling, are you on the
- 5 | road like 40 percent of the time, 30, 50, 100?
- 6 A. I think our standard, I think the standard that we tell
- 7 people that apply for jobs in the travelers as civilians, is 50
- 8 percent.
- 9 Q. Fifty percent. Okay. And so, you mentioned targeting, are
- 10 you just able to, you know what, I'll get to this in a minute.
- 11 But there's an area out there, and I know there's a couple
- 12 problems or maybe a couple new inspectors.
- 13 I'm just going to go show up and help them out, or do you
- 14 | need to be asked to show up at that area?
- 15 A. Well, with the travel ceiling right now --
- 16 Q. What's that?
- 17 A. With the travel budget ceiling right now, you know, we're not
- 18 | going anywhere that's not, that can't be justified.
- 19 Q. Right.
- 20 A. So, I would say at one time, if you're asking me in the
- 21 | context of being a travelling inspector, if you're aware of an
- 22 area that needs some help or that we're looking to fill a gap or
- 23 do something that we could learn and take back to the program,
- 24 that would not be beyond the scope of the travelers to do that.
- 25 They would not have to be asked. Sometimes the traveler's

- 1 | job is line of sight direction from the admiral, I need to know
- 2 | what's really going on unfiltered. I need you guys to go look at
- 3 this.
- 4 Q. Right.
- 5 A. That could happen, too.
- 6 Q. Okay. And to that point --
- 7 A. We are his tool, I mean if you want to look at it that way.
- 8 We're, we report directly to the G-, CG-5(p). So, the marine
- 9 safety admiral.
- 10 Q. Okay. And that was going to be my next question, so how does
- 11 | it work? Number one, how many traveling inspectors are there?
- 12 A. Okay. So, there are one, two, three active duty commanders.
- 13 The staff is supervised by a captain. And there are one, two,
- 14 three, right now civilian inspectors. And in addition, that's the
- 15 | headquarters traveling inspection staff.
- 16 Q. Okay. And is there, and so all three, you said, you report
- 17 | to the admiral. All three report to the admiral or are there
- 18 other supervisors?
- 19 A. We report to the captain and the captain reports to the
- 20 admiral.
- 21 Q. Captain?
- 22 A. Captain Todd Howard.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- 24 A. And the travelers also have control of several national
- 25 centers of expertise. There's one for cruise ships in Miami.

```
1
    There's an offshore one.
                               There's a liquified natural gas.
 2
    There's, a gas carrier is one. Did I hit them all
                                                                Let's
 3
    see, what's left?
 4
         CDR
                           You might want --
 5
         MR. MUISE:
                     Towing vessel.
 6
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Yeah, thank you.
 7
         CDR
                           Towing vessel, yeah.
 8
         MR. CRUDER:
                       So, those --
 9
         CDR
                           I don't know if I was going there.
10
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Yeah.
                                                  works on the staff
                              Sorry,
11
    side, so I just --
12
         MR. TUCKER:
                       That's fine. All right.
13
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Yeah. So, there were four centers of expertise
14
    and before Congressman Oberstar retired, there was one for vintage
15
    vessels, you know, for the vessels on the lakes, which were mostly
16
    older steam ships and that kind of thing.
17
         So, I say that because those guys, although they are not
18
    traveling inspectors, they work for the traveling inspection
19
    staff. Those are staffs that are small. They have focused
2.0
    expertise, just like the travelers do.
21
         I don't do pollution. I don't do ports and waterways.
22
    don't do buoys. I do ships, boats. I do what's regulated in the
23
    commercial vessel industry.
24
         BY MR. TUCKER:
25
         And so, we spoke of the traveling inspectors. Now I have an
```

- 1 | idea so the three of you report to a captain and the captain
- 2 reports to the admiral?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. So, if there's like a, if there are any, we spoke of targeted
- 5 areas again, so if there's any specific requests, that justifiable
- 6 that now you have to get on a plane and so somewhere and help out,
- 7 does that trip, does that happen?
- 8 Do you have to, do you get those, requests come in and that
- 9 you need to go and help out?
- 10 A. Can you define what help out is?
- 11 Q. Well, with the inspection process, in general.
- 12 A. We don't. We're not, the travelers do not have OCMI
- 13 authority.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. Right. So, we're not, the difference between our job and the
- 16 | inspector's job in the field is they're going to do an inspection
- 17 | that results in endorsing a certificate or issuing a certificate.
- 18 We might go there to oversee that process or to assist with
- 19 that process if it's something unusual, that they need a little
- 20 more expertise on. But we would not make decisions that would, we
- 21 don't issue the paper.
- 22 Q. Right.
- 23 A. So, when the travelers go out, generally speaking, they issue
- 24 | traveler's reports. So, the OCMI says, I need your help for this.
- 25 Right? I go out there and I look at that, the rivets on the

- 1 Arthur M. Anderson and Delta Queen.
- I write a traveler's report that says what I found that comes
- 3 to, here's what I found. Here's what I inspected. Here's what my
- 4 | conclusion is. Here's what my recommendations are. Those
- 5 | recommendations could be to the local office, right, on this
- 6 particular job.
- 7 They could be to program entities back here because of
- 8 something, anomaly that was found. So, we could be out there with
- 9 people while they're doing an inspection. Yes.
- 10 Q. So, specific to Conception.
- 11 A. Go ahead.
- 12 Q. L.A., Long Beach, MSD Santa Barbara, I know you mentioned you
- don't have any knowledge of the Conception, well at least --
- 14 A. I've never been on that boat.
- 15 Q. You never, yeah.
- 16 A. That's, that's what I would say.
- 17 MR. TUCKER: So, you mentioned traveler's reports. Have
- 18 there ever, had you ever been out to L.A., Long Beach or the MSD,
- 19 and had you ever generated a traveler's report during your tenure,
- 20 | right now?
- 21 CDR : In that geographic area?
- MR. TUCKER: Correct.
- MR. CRUDER: I have not, since Santa Barbara is a subsidiary
- of Long Beach. I've been out to, I've been out to Long Beach
- 25 probably many times over the years. I've written reports on

- 1 vessels in Long Beach. I don't know that I've been to the
- 2 detachment in Santa Barbara for anything specific ever.
- 3 MR. TUCKER: Okay.
- 4 MR. CRUDER: I mean I know of it. I know where it is in that
- 5 area. I can remember going to Santa Barbara when I was stationed
- 6 in L.A., to do an inspection with somebody up at, for a boat in
- 7 their zone.
- But I have not as a traveler written a report or went to look
- 9 at a vessel specifically in Santa Barbara.
- 10 MR. TUCKER: Okay.
- 11 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 12 Q. And just, again, just as with your extensive background
- 13 experience in the Coast Guard, especially in the inspection side,
- 14 do you interact with a lot of the inspectors? Like if they get a
- problem, can they just come to you and go, hey, I've got this
- 16 problem?
- Or I need some help here? Can they go directly to you or do
- 18 they have to kind of go through a multilevel chain of command?
- 19 How does that work?
- 20 A. So --
- 21 Q. I shouldn't use multilevel, chain of command.
- 22 A. Well, let's put it this way. Let's put it this way.
- 23 Q. Yeah.
- 24 A. They have a chain of command.
- 25 Q. Yep.

A. We market that the travelers are available to everybody because we're field deck plate guys. So, when you need us it's because it's something on the deck plate. It's not something in the office.

2.0

We generally tell units that they can request a traveler anytime. We tell them to talk to their chain of command first. I don't want somebody calling, looking for the easy answer. So, you're not calling me first.

And if you do call me first, I'm going to ask a number of questions. And if I can tell that you haven't done your leg work, I'm going to ask where's your supervisor, where's your chief of -- in other words, usually what happens in a perfect world, they will have done, they will have exhausted all of their intellectual property, and then say, we need some more help, and have, you know, is there anything else you can add to this situation?

Or my boss told you to call me, call you, told me to call you because we need some help with this boat or we see that you're, somebody just came into the zone with a steam launch, and wants to carry passengers.

We don't have one of those. Can you help? How should we approach this? It could be an approach problem. It could be, come out and see it. We just got this wood boat. It came with a certificate but it's leaking like a sieve.

We're going to put it up on the dock and we'd like to come you. You know, so, we market that we're accessible to everybody

- but of course, we want, we want the inspectors to go through their chain of command.
 - You can appreciate the fact that there'd be some people in certain chains of command that might say, look, I don't want you to call the travelers. What happens in house stays in house. You know, so we fight coming that IG because of, I know I'm off the
 - They were established for uniform administration of the program nationally after a series of accidents. So, as a part of, we're not on everybody's Christmas card list sometimes. So, those people come in two flavors. I know what you guys can do. I want your help. Come. Or, nothing to see here.
 - But we market that we're available to anybody who wants, and I expect that the junior people will be prepared. And sometimes, it's the junior person who is the attending inspector, who has got to make the decision and tell this his chain of command what he's doing.
- So, sometimes I am interacting at that very lowest level.
- 19 And I just make sure that they have done everything they can do,
- 20 and they've used all their resources.

track here, but travelers start in 1914.

- 21 Q. Okay. Back to L.A. Long Beach, are there any traveler's
- 22 | reports that you've done? I may have missed your answer there.
- 23 A. My traveler's reports?
- 24 O. Yeah.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

25 A. You know, there probably are. The topics that I can think of

- are it's the streamline inspection program.
- 2 LT : Just to clarify, you're asking for a recounting
- 3 of all the reports that --
- 4 MR. TUCKER: Not, not all. Off the, in general, off the top
- 5 of his head.

- 6 LT : In general?
- 7 MR. TUCKER: Yeah. Yeah.
- 8 MR. CRUDER: I have not written a report on a Subchapter T
- 9 vessel with a problem from LA/LB.
- 10 MR. TUCKER: Okay.
- MR. CRUDER: I don't know if that answers the question. I'm
- 12 trying to think of the different things over the years, I've gone,
- 13 because I've been in this job so long.
- 14 MR. TUCKER: Yeah.
- 15 MR. CRUDER: I have gone out there. I have written reports,
- 16 | short or long, but I can't remember ever being into a real big can
- 17 of worms with those guys on anything in particular. I think of
- 18 port state control interventions.
- 19 But I don't -- there's nothing that comes to mind that I
- 20 could, if you told me find one, I might find one or two. But it's
- 21 been a while since I've had to go out there.
- 22 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 23 Q. Well, thank you for that. Let's see, so we were talking of
- 24 | the inspectors, so I'll stay there. The inspectors that are out
- 25 | there in the field currently. I understand that the, they can be

from a diverse background, a diverse training. Has that always, has that always been the case?

For example, these days I know that an inspector can be an investigator. And inspector can be from machinery. An inspector can be from the environmental side. And again, forgive me. I'm not using the appropriate Coast Guard acronyms.

I guess there's MKs and there's, so is there, is there a specific pathway for a specific background that an inspector has to have or a candidate to be an inspector has? Is there, is there a background that you have to have in order to be an inspector, currently?

- 12 A. So, on the active duty side, no.
- 13 Q. Okay.

2.0

A. They come from any background. They can come from anywhere within the system. Right? And we have civilian inspectors. Now if you apply for a job as a civilian inspector, we're going to look for, where did you come from?

Like, if you applied to be a traveler, we'd look at, okay, so what, what school, the questions I asked you originally, what school, what license, where did you sail, what experience do you have in what segment of the industry. Right?

So, I would say the civilians, we probably, because of the process is different. Right? The other people are active duty, they go where they're told. Right? And there's no specific. You can have people that come from, if they're prior enlisted they

- 1 | could come big boat bosun mates, machinery technician.
- 2 They could, they could come from any walk of, within the
- 3 organization.
- 1 LT : To clarify, that's before they go through
- 5 training?
- 6 MR. CRUDER: That's correct.
- 7 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 8 Q. For a candidate, yeah. Right.
- 9 A. Yeah. Once they're in the program, yes, then there is a
- 10 training program. But I mean you're asking where did they come,
- 11 where did they come from? Where can they come from? They come
- 12 from anywhere on the blue suit, on the active duty side.
- 13 Q. And historically based on again your extensive time in the
- 14 Coast Guard, has that always been the case --
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. -- or is, okay.
- 17 A. Yes. We're multi-mission.
- 18 Q. I have a question here, garbage cans on T-boats.
- 19 A. Waste receptacles.
- 20 Q. Waste receptacles. Yes.
- 21 A. There you go. Yeah.
- 22 Q. All right. So, I got a little confused in that, and I
- 23 understood from what I read in the regulations that waste
- 24 receptacles are supposed to be metal and covered. Is that
- 25 correct?

- 1 A. The verbiage differs in different places. So, where --
- 2 Q. (Simultaneous speaking) --
- 3 A. What are we talking about old T, new T?
- 4 Q. Old T, yeah. There were, or, let's just take our vessel the
- 5 Conception.
- 6 A. Okay. So, --
- 7 Q. So, that'd be what T?
- 8 A. -- 177.30-7, I have summaries here, you know, but I'm going
- 9 to the source because you're asking --
- 10 Q. Yep.
- 11 A. I understand what you're asking, so I'm just going to go with
- 12 177.30.
- 13 Q. The time that it takes you to do that, versus the time it
- 14 takes me, I'm very happy. Thank you.
- 15 A. I appreciate that. What did I say, 177.30-7? Okay.
- 16 Paragraph D. This is in new T. No, this is in old T. Sorry.
- 17 | Sorry. This is old T, 177.30-7, Paragraph D. Covered metal trash
- 18 | containers shall be provided in lounge areas and the spaces shall
- 19 be maintained to minimize fire and safety hazards and to preserve
- 20 | sanitary conditions.
- So, the answer to the question is covered metal trash
- 22 | containers in lounge areas.
- 23 Q. Okay. And is there anything more prescriptive in the new T
- 24 or anything more defining in the new T?
- 25 A. Well, in the same section, first of all, I'm going to go

- 1 back. I want to stay with old T for a minute because there's
- 2 | another little fine point here that's not, it's not obvious. I
- 3 went right to Paragraph D, to your covered containers, but in
- 4 Paragraph A of the same section, which is titled, lounge
- 5 arrangements.
- 6 The specific requirements in this section apply to passenger
- 7 lounge areas located below the main deck. So, in the context of
- 8 an existing T-boat, that mean metal, covered metal trash
- 9 containers in lounge areas below the main deck, only.
- 10 Q. Okay. Did, now back to new T. Did that, is there anything
- 11 more prescriptive or is that pretty much the same?
- 12 A. Well, --
- 13 Q. Where covered metal containers below deck?
- 14 A. Okay.
- 15 \mathbb{Q} . Because on the, what we found is on, at least the sister
- 16 vessel is there were no covered metal containers below deck. And
- 17 I say, sister, similar.
- 18 A. The other vessels that belong to that company?
- 19 Q. Yep.
- 20 A. All right. So, well let's go to the new T cite. Let's see
- 21 if I can find it. I should have had it written right here. So,
- 22 | that was in 177, right? All right. Let's see if I can, let's see
- 23 | if I can find the same, waste receptacle.
- 24 So, 177.405(f), this is under general arrangement and
- 25 outfitting. Unless other means are provided to ensure that a

- 1 potential waste receptacle fire would be limited to the
- 2 | receptacle. Waste receptacles must be constructed of non-
- 3 combustible materials with no openings in the sides or bottom.
- 4 Q. Okay.
- 5 A. So, --
- 6 LT : Could you ask the question again?
- 7 MR. CRUDER: No, he asked. Yeah, I don't want to ask, I
- 8 don't want to -- I'm about to answer a question he's not asking.
- 9 That's what's stopping me. All right. Because you asked what is
- 10 new T say.
- 11 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 12 Q. So, is anything retro from new T that applies?
- 13 A. Well, so if you go to new, if you, the way you have to think
- 14 about this is that, so you go to T, that's published, not old T.
- 15 Q. Right.
- 16 A. And in the beginning of every section there's applicability
- 17 of things that are retroactive. Right?
- 18 Q. Yep.
- 19 A. So, regardless of the date of build, right, you'd go to the
- 20 | new, you'd go to applicability. And there's always a section that
- 21 says, applicability to existing vessels. So, except as otherwise
- 22 required by Paragraph B, which talks about modifications and major
- 23 modifications and this and that.
- 24 An existing vessel must comply with the construction and
- 25 arrangement regulations that were applicable to vessel on March

- 1 10th, 1996. So, this vessel was built in what, '80, '81. Right?
- 2 Q. '81, right.
- 3 A. So, in '80, '81, it doesn't have to comply with what I just
- 4 read.
- 5 Q. Okay.
- 6 A. Right? It has to comply with what we read before, which is
- 7 lounge areas below the main deck.
- 8 Q. All right.
- 9 A. All right? And then of course, it says, as an alternative,
- 10 | the vessel may comply with this section. You can always upgrade.
- 11 Q. Right.
- 12 A. Right, to the --
- 13 Q. Okay. So, that's what threw me off is the construction and
- 14 arrangement. Okay.
- 15 A. Because that's what the title is under new T where you find
- 16 the waste basket. Under old T it was lounge arrangements.
- 17 Q. And my last question before we cut loose to everyone else, it
- 18 looks like maybe, you think that we need a break?
- 19 A. No. Go ahead.
- 20 Q. Is again, just capitalizing. You mentioned, we spoke of it
- 21 | briefly but, it sounds like you were part of the old T to new T,
- 22 and the rulemaking, and it was mentioned that your name was even
- 23 on the NPRM, I believe?
- 24 A. It is. It's on the NPR.
- 25 Q. So, I was just wondering, what was the trigger to, for new

- 1 | regulations from old T to new T? What started that? Why did that
- 2 | come about? Was an accident? Was it a series of accidents? Did
- 3 some, did your boss just tell you to start working on this? Why?
- 4 A. I would, well --
- 5 Q. Why new T regulations?
- 6 A. Well, I would tell you that this took a long time, so I came
- 7 to headquarters in 1990.
- 8 Q. Okay.
- 9 A. The NPRM went out in '89. The project probably started
- 10 around 1985. It was probably time, and without going back, I
- 11 | would go back to the preamble of the notice to proposed rulemaking
- 12 | in '89 to read why are we doing this.
- Because that's our announcement to the public that we need to
- 14 do it. So, there's nothing in my head particularly except
- 15 | Subchapter T, which didn't always exist came into effect in 1958
- 16 after some accidents. Right?
- 17 Like everything, that's how we work. When there's, when
- 18 people die, stuff happens. And enough people died on small boats
- 19 that 1958 there were new rules. So, there had been on revision,
- 20 or I think one revision in '63, and I think that's all covered in
- 21 | the history of the regs in that preamble. So, I don't want to
- 22 lecture you off the cuff
- 23 Q. Yeah.
- 24 A. So, that information is documented in the preamble of the
- 25 | notice to proposed rulemaking.

- 1 Q. Okay. So, but you mentioned as well, you hit on the point
- 2 | that it takes an accident for new regs to come out. Was there
- 3 any, so there's not one particular accident or a few accidents
- 4 | that triggered the NPRM, and I, as you mentioned it's back to
- 5 | 1989. So, if nothing sticks out in your head, that's fine.
- 6 A. I can remember what might have triggered the 1958, but I
- 7 | can't, I would read, I would read that preamble because --
- 8 Q. Right.
- 9 A. -- if there's, if there's some vessel names involved.
- 10 Q. Yeah.
- 11 A. And you know, they did, and I would point you to this, in the
- 12 beginning of the NPRM, the '89 NPRM, there's a table. They did a
- 13 casualty study from 1980. They took, they hand culled data from
- 14 1981 to 1986 because the MSIS system didn't come online until
- 15 | about '84. Like if you go in the computer, the first entry you
- 16 might have on every boat is 1984. And they list in there
- 17 everything, fires, collisions, whatever, right.
- 18 Q. Right.
- 19 A. So, and then they mention something like six specific vessels
- 20 | in there by name, you know, that were casualties or loss of life.
- 21 But not always with loss of life. But I mean, so there was a --
- 22 there was something I was going to say, I believe.
- 23 Q. And now pre-Conception, have there been any further activity
- 24 to enhance or modify the existing T-boat regulations? Have there
- 25 been any activity on that side?

```
1
    Α.
         Everyone --
 2
                      Do you mean with respect to a rulemaking
         LT
 3
    process?
                      Rulemaking, correct.
 4
         MR. TUCKER:
 5
                      Yeah. So, well, I don't work where the rule
         MR. CRUDER:
 6
    makers work. And I would just say that I believe that around 2016
 7
    -- they sometimes, we would sometimes revise regulations, but not
 8
    substantively. Right?
 9
         It's like little updates and, you know, we would have things
10
    that are incorporated by reference, and maybe they were using a
11
    different, we're using a different document now. There's been on
12
    substantive rulemaking since the TK creation, which I believe the
13
    final rule is 1997.
14
                      Okay. All right.
                                          I'm going to give you a break
         MR. TUCKER:
15
    from listening to me. Thank you again for answering my questions.
16
         MR. CRUDER: You're welcome.
17
         MR. TUCKER:
                      I'll have a couple more, but we'll turn it loose
18
    I quess to --
19
         MR. EHLERS:
                      Maybe we should just take a 10-minute break?
2.0
         MR. TUCKER:
                      Yep. Yep. Bio break. Yeah, okay with me.
21
         MR. CRUDER:
                      Great.
22
                      Okay. We're pausing the recording now.
         MR. EHLERS:
23
    Recommending the recording. It is now 1256. Adam, you ready?
24
         MR. TUCKER:
                      No, I was done.
25
         MR. EHLERS:
                      Okay. Hey, Bart or Marcel, do you?
```

- 1 MR. MUISE: I have a final question later, but it's --
- 2 MR. EHLERS: Okay. Bart, go ahead.
- MR. BARNUM: Yeah, Bart Barnum here, NTSB.
- 4 BY MR. BARNUM:
- 5 Q. Mr. Cruder, real quickly, yes, thank you for your time. Just
- 6 a quick question about the, you mentioned your travelers' reports
- 7 that you complete. Could you elaborate a little bit on those? Is
- 8 that something that's required for you for every trip? And then
- 9 also, other inspectors, are they required to complete these as
- 10 | well?
- 11 A. That's generally, in the traveling inspection staff, that's
- 12 | the general way that we document what we do. It's not always the
- 13 travelers report. Sometimes it's an email of a page or two back.
- 14 It depends how detailed it needs to be and what you find. So, --
- 15 Q. Okay. All right. Are these reports public documents or is
- 16 | it all internal?
- 17 A. They are not in the public, they are not in the public
- 18 domain. They are, they are generally internal documents although
- 19 one of my reports is out in the public domain because it was a
- 20 | political vessel and I wrote the report carefully so that it could
- 21 be that way.
- 22 But generally, they are not. I would say because they are
- 23 usually scanned into our MISLE database, if you knew of a report
- 24 | that you wanted, and you put a Freedom of Information Act request,
- 25 then you could probably get one.

- But they generally don't go out publicly, except to the people involved, the owners of the vessel and the Coast Guard people involved.
- 4 Q. Okay. You had mentioned that you personally hadn't completed
- 5 one of these reports for a T-boat similar to the Conception. Do
- 6 you, are you aware of any of your fellow traveling inspectors that
- 7 | had completed one for a T-boat similar to Conception?
- 8 A. All right. So, first I think I would correct what you said.
- 9 I don't think I have done one on a T-boat like the Conception. I
- 10 can tell you the last one I did that was on a wood T-boat, but it
- 11 was not a T-boat like Conception. By that I mean, not an
- 12 overnight dive boat. Not that --
- 13 Q. Okay.
- 14 A. Not that it wouldn't have been a wooden boat, or it wouldn't
- 15 have been, you know.
- 16 Q. So, has there been any other, from your colleagues has there
- 17 been any other reports done, particular in T-boats similar to the
- 18 | Conception? Is there any other issues that have been, have you
- 19 guys been called in for issues on dive, T-boats similar to
- 20 Conception?
- 21 A. So, the answer, two things. I'm the small passenger vessel
- 22 | guy, so if somebody got called for the last 18 years, it would
- 23 have been me.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- 25 A. And I have never done a report or had to go out to a vessel

- 1 | that was a dive boat. Since you're focused on the dive part.
- 2 | I've done wood vessels, but I have gone out on a, I haven't had to
- 3 go out to a dive boat.
- 4 Q. Okay. What are generally the issues when you come out to the
- 5 wood vessels?
- 6 A. The average age of the plank-on-frame fleet is over 50 years
- 7 old now. So, the same boats that were kicking around that were 25
- 8 years old when the El Toro went down and we rewrote the wood NVIC,
- 9 some of those vessels are still out here.
- So, sometimes I get called because it's an old vessel, it's
- 11 | an unusual construction, it's an operator that doesn't want to
- 12 spend money to repair the vessel and the project is stuck.
- 13 Q. Okay. You mentioned the MSC earlier. What is your
- 14 relationship with them as far as, you know, plan reviews?
- 15 A. Okay. So, the Marine Safety Center is in charge of plan
- 16 review. The travelers are not. But plan review is in my
- 17 | wheelhouse so to speak when there are issues with it.
- 18 So, I would just give you -- I'll give you an example.
- 19 They're building a replica vessel at the Chesapeake Bay Maritime
- 20 | Museum of the Maryland Dove. It's going to be built out of wood
- 21 traditional. It's a vessel from the 1600s. They want to fasten
- 22 the frame futtocks with trunnels. Our standard for construction
- 23 is Lloyd's for yachts. Trunnels -- a trunnel, which is a wooden
- 24 peg, is typical for the construction of that period, but nobody's
- 25 every approved it.

- Well, the Marine Safety Center reviewed it. I got involved with them because I showed them other vessels that are already out there that are approved. We appreciate it's not in Lloyds, but they wrote a letter that said, that approved using the technique because it's good marine practice for that period of build.
- So, my relationship with the MSC is unusual circumstances in T-boat construction and certification.
- 8 Q. Okay. Okay. Just one last, one last question. You had
- 9 mentioned earlier that you were contacted by, you know, District
- 10 11 regarding their concentrated inspection campaign, that
- 11 reinspection campaign for the overnight vessels similar to
- 12 Conception. Do you remember what they asked you?
- 13 A. They were looking at, they were looking at the two other
- 14 vessels that were, that belonged to that owner. So, they were,
- 15 they were talking to me about things they, could be things they
- 16 | found on board the vessels and, you know, how to interpret those
- 17 | conditions in the context of the regs that were applicable. I'm
- 18 going to guess here, and I shouldn't do that, the two --
- 19 Q. Okay.

2

3

4

5

6

- 20 A. -- boats were also existing vessels. Right?
- 21 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes.
- MR. CRUDER: Yeah.
- BY MR. BARNUM:
- Q. Do you remember specifically what questions they asked?
- 25 A. Well, at, well at one point they wanted us to come out there

- 1 and help them with those boats. And we decided not to do that so
- 2 | that we would stay out that fray. You know, if I had to, if I had
- 3 to characterize the discussions, they were, the things that you
- 4 | guys are looking at now. Right? Fire detection, escapes,
- 5 electrical installations.
- 6 Q. Do you mean specific questions regarding the electrical
- 7 | installation?
- 8 A. I think they asked me about it. We talked about designations
- 9 that were on UL listed boat cable that they found onboard, and I
- 10 just explained what that, what that was and that, that was within
- 11 the specification of what's in the regs, those kinds of things.
- 12 Q. Did you, did they indicate to you anything that they found
- 13 that was not allowed or not within regulation?
- 14 A. So, here's what I don't have. They didn't, they didn't send
- me a list of stuff to rule on, if that's what you're asking me.
- 16 They were, they asked general questions.
- 17 Q. Okay. Do you remember who called, who contacted you
- 18 specifically?
- 19 A. Sure.
- 20 Q. Was it the, was it an inspector or the commander?
- 21 A. Well, the district, the D-11, D-11, I think inspection
- 22 | investigation, DPI is the staff symbol, Commander Kevin Broyles.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- 24 A. See I think they --
- 25 O. Who --

- 1 A. Am I right? They put together a team and they had, you know,
- 2 | he had several inspectors that he, that he was working with.
- 3 Q. Who ultimately decided that you guys would not go?
- 4 A. Well, I think a request was put into the chief traveler, and
- 5 I think the chief traveler decided not to, not to engage knowing
- 6 that there would be other investigations and that we wanted to be
- 7 objective and separated from that.
- 8 Q. Okay. You had mentioned Captain Edwards will be able to
- 9 provide us with a list of their findings. Is that correct?
- 10 A. A list of what?
- 11 Q. Any findings that they found on their CIC reinspection
- 12 campaign.
- 13 A. They have, they have information of what, I think what they
- 14 have is requirements written based on a targeted inspection, if
- 15 | that's a fair way to put it.
- 16 MR. BARNUM: Okay. Great. Thank you. That's all I had.
- 17 MR. CRUDER: Okay. Thank you.
- 18 MR. EHLERS: CAPT Neubauer?
- 19 CAPT NEUBAUER: Okay. CDR
- 20 CDR : All right. Marc, thanks for answering all
- 21 of our questions. I just have some follow-ups on the NTSB
- 22 questions.
- 23 BY CDR
- 24 Q. Earlier we spoke about smoke detector requirements in UL217.
- 25 That regulation in new T is in 181.450. What I wanted to ask you

- 1 | in general on that, though is whether you know if the smoke
- 2 detector requirements in UL217 was a requirement that was in
- 3 existence when *Conception* was built? Is that something you know?
- 4 A. Old Subchapter T doesn't refer to fire detection.
- 5 Q. Okay. And does this requirement apply to Conception, and are
- 6 you aware of that or --
- 7 A. Okay. So, we're in new T, and we go to the applicability.
- 8 And let's go to 181's applicability, which probably is not a place
- 9 | we've been yet this morning. So, applicability, it's interesting.
- 10 This is written different than the other sections, but it says,
- 11 applicability preemptive effect.
- But it reads the same. Except as otherwise required by
- 13 Paragraphs B and C of this section, B and C, an existing vessel
- 14 must comply with the fire protection equipment regulations
- 15 applicable on March 10th, 1996.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. And then there's, it says, except as Paragraph B and C. Do
- 18 you want me to go into --
- 19 Q. Right. That's what I was going to --
- 20 A. Okay.
- 21 Q. I guess I'm kind of, maybe I'll just lead, lead you. Like in
- 22 | the exceptions, it mentions 181.400. Do you see that in B?
- 23 A. Okay. So, let's go there.
- 24 Q. Right.
- 25 A. Paragraph B, an existing vessel with a hull or machinery

- 1 space, boundary, bulkhead or deck composed of wood or FRP, or
- 2 | sheathed in the interior in FRP plastic must comply with 181.400
- 3 before March 1999.
- 4 Q. And so, --
- 5 A. An existing, all right, let me, yeah, let me read that. It's
- 6 good, You've got me, you've got me in a place I haven't
- 7 | read. So, it's good. Okay. But this does not say, it says,
- 8 sheathed on the inside, and we talked about hull sheeting already,
- 9 which wouldn't apply.
- 10 Q. So, so --
- 11 A. So, I would say, I would say, no.
- 12 Q. Okay. So, when it says, an existing vessel with a hull
- 13 composed of wood or fiberglass reinforced plastic, do you not
- 14 categorize or anything?
- 15 A. Oh, composed of wood.
- 16 Q. It's more --
- 17 A. No, no. I got you. I didn't, I didn't read it carefully.
- 18 was focused on, I was focused on the fiberglass. All right. So,
- 19 let's, this says, an existing vessel with a hull composed of wood.
- 20 Q. Right.
- 21 A. Or, all right. I take that back. The answer is yes.
- 22 Q. Okay. And then if you go to 181.400(e).
- 23 A. Okay. I'm still looking for it. B, 1, 2, 3, 4. You said,
- 24 B?
- 25 Q. E, echo.

Α. 181.400? 1 2 CDR Yes. 3 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I don't have it. 4 A, B -- you mean, 181.405(e)? 5 Do I? I didn't think I did, but --CDR 6 MR. CRUDER: Well, here's my book. Find that, find that 7 paragraph, unless I'm reading the wrong thing. 181.400 --8 BY CDR 9 I mean 405(c) then. Yeah, it's the same write up but my book 10 is a little different. Sorry. 11 All right. So, what's the cite that you're looking at? Α. 12 405(c) on yours. 405(c)? 13 14 Yeah. Q. 15 Okay. So, this 405 is spaces required to have fire 16 Right? Each overnight accommodation space on a vessel detection. 17 with overnight accommodations for passengers must be fitted with 18 an independent modular smoke detection and alarm unit in 19 compliance with 181.450. 2.0 Right, so --21 Which, and 450 is the reference that gives you UL, so the 22 connection is, thanks for leading me, So, the answer is, 23 yes. 24 So, that's how we get there. So, would you have expected

that the Conception would have installed this after the new T was

- 1 | brought in? Is that --
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Okay. And --
- 4 A. By 1999.
- 5 Q. So, that kind of leads to my second question, which is, I
- 6 | think you've reviewed the MISLE for Conception, and have you seen
- 7 | the special note that's in there that refers to, it says, in year
- 8 2000 OCMI waived the requirements of 46 CFR 181.425 galley vent
- 9 hood and fixed fire extinguisher requirements in accordance with
- 10 GMSE for policy letter 199. Those are the words of the special
- 11 note.
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Okay. So, are you familiar with that policy or what they
- 14 | were doing there even --
- 15 A. I have not -- I would say I was aware that there was a policy
- 16 letter that modified the requirement for existing boats.]
- 17 | haven't read it recently. I don't know what it says. I refer you
- 18 to what is now page 4.
- 19 Q. Okay. When they, having looked at the policy myself, right,
- 20 | it appears that they OCMI was trying to deal with retroactive
- 21 requirements from new T.
- 22 A. On existing vessels.
- 23 Q. On existing vessels. Right.
- 24 A. Right.
- 25 Q. And so, this is, this case of the UL217, smoke detector,

- 1 | would be a requirement that was put in new T and Conception would
- 2 | have to do it afterwards. Do you know if there is any policies or
- 3 anything, that you're aware of that would allow a similar waivers
- 4 or changes to smoke detection?
- 5 A. Nothing specific to smoke detection, but Subchapter T
- 6 regulations allow the OCMI to give special consideration to any
- 7 piece of regulation in the Subchapter T. They can make exception
- 8 locally to any of those regulations.
- 9 Q. Okay. Thank you. Also, I wanted to lead us one other place.
- 10 We were talking about emergency lighting and markings before for
- 11 escapes.
- 12 A. Right. Yep.
- 13 Q. I may have misheard or not heard but I think we never got to
- 14 where we found the emergency lighting in old T.
- 15 A. I said I couldn't find it. Sorry. I said, I'd have to look
- 16 for it.
- 17 Q. Okay. Could you, could you look in old T at 46 CFR 184.30?
- 18 A. Yep.
- 19 Q. And tell me if that's the emergency lighting requirement you
- 20 were looking for?
- 21 A. You mean the one where the whole section is labeled emergency
- 22 | lighting?
- 23 Q. Yeah. I was just trying to help out.
- 24 A. Thanks, So, 184.30-1, this is under old Subchapter T.
- 25 Vessel shall be equipped with a suitable number of portable

lights. Now, I would keep going here because I should, because if I turn the page, lights for lounge areas below the main deck, and what I had said before I believe was that I thought that there was a requirement in both places.

So, it says, again, lounge area seems to be more of the focus in old T versus accommodation space. Adequate emergency lighting automatically actuated upon failure of the main lighting system shall be fitted along the line of escape in vessels having lounge areas below the main deck, as per 177.30-7.

Geez, we were in there. So, I want to look back at that. Vessels not equipped with a single source emergency lighting system shall have individual storage battery powered, automatically operated lights at strategic locations.

These shall, these lights shall have an automatic battery charger, shall not be readily portable and shall have sufficient capacity for 6 hours of continuous operation. So, that would be an emergency lighting bank plugged into AC power that would, if it lost main power, those lights would come on.

Can I look back at 177.30-7, which should have brought us that?

21 O. Yes.

2.0

A. All right. All right. So, I did say the first paragraph said, this is for lounge areas below the deck. The second paragraph is about bunks where installed with dimensions, mattresses, construct freed obstruction, each bunk immediately

- 1 attached to an aisle means of escape, aisle widths, head room.
- I hate to say it, but there's nothing in there that talks
- 3 about emergency lighting.
- 4 Q. Yeah. Okay. So, with regard to the emergency lighting issue
- 5 though, so we have an old T and a new T requirement. Right?
- 6 A. Right.
- 7 Q. And so, what, which regulation would have applied to
- 8 Conception? Do you know?
- 9 A. All right. So, we'll go to, we'll go to new T and we'll look
- 10 at applicability. So, could you give me the cite in new T?
- 11 Q. Yes, I can.
- 12 A. For the emergency, for the emergency lighting?
- 13 Q. New T is 183.432.
- 14 A. Okay. Each vessel had emergency light fitted along the line
- 15 of escape for all passenger and crew accommodations. Emergency
- 16 lighting required. It must be automatically actuated. Battery
- 17 powered is a performance spec. Okay. So, 183.432.
- 18 So, we'll go to the beginning of 183. Applicability to
- 19 existing vessels. Except as otherwise required by B and C, an
- 20 existing vessel must comply with the regulations on electrical
- 21 installations, equipment and material as of March 1996 or comply
- 22 with these.
- 23 Paragraph C says, an existing vessel must comply with the
- 24 requirements of 420 and 430. 420 is nav lights. 430 is portable
- 25 lights. New installations, which are completed to the

- 1 satisfaction of codes in OCMI after '96, have to meet it. I
- 2 don't, I don't see reference to 432.
- 3 Q. Right. That's what I see, too, right. So, it looks like --
- 4 A. Because this, but this, this is worded completely different.
- 5 Q. It is.
- 6 A. This talks about the line of escape.
- 7 Q. It is. It is. And I think that's important, right, to
- 8 recognize that perhaps the lighting along the entire route to the
- 9 escape that's required here might not be there.
- 10 A. It is not, it's not applicable because in '96 it wouldn't
- 11 have been applicable.
- 12 Q. All right. And then my next question is just a follow up a
- 13 little bit on another topic. We talked a little bit about the
- 14 training of marine inspectors with regard to T-boats. And I
- 15 wanted you to discuss briefly the T-boat plan review course.
- And what that course of instruction consisted of and does it
- 17 exist anymore?
- 18 A. Okay. So there was a T-boat plan review course from 1999 to
- 19 2009 that was -- I was one of the contributors that helped put
- 20 that course together. It was taught at Yorktown. It was taught
- 21 as a level two course.
- 22 T-boat inspectors that were already qualified. It was before
- 23 9/11, and that has some bearing. So, let's talk about the world
- 24 before 9/11. In the world before 9/11, there was no billet for a
- 25 plan review officer in the field.

And although the Marine Safety Center stood up in 1986, in the field in that time period vessels 65 feet and less were done by local plan review in the field. And that depending on how big the office was.

2.0

There was always a plan review office in New York where I was stationed with one or two people in it. There was always a plan review office in L.A., where I was stationed with two people rotating through.

There was never any formal training on plan review. You could always call the Marine Safety Center after '86. Before '86, there were field merchant marine technical officers that you could contact if you were reviewing something and it was over your head and you needed to get help with that.

So, we created that course. It was really a T-boat new construction project management course. Right? It was how to set up the six-part folder. It was a checklist of going through the regs the first time with a vessel.

It was to identify the go, no-go places because, you know, with T-boats, you get everything from, I'm going to build it to Subchapter T, to I have a 1947 Trumpy and I want to make that a T-boat.

And it wasn't built to our structure, but there was some issues you've got to go through. Right. But we certificate boats that are not necessarily built to the regulations. And so, we actually taught every section of the regs in, say from 175 to 185.

And we taught them how to, how to project management that project. But it was specific to Subchapter T vessels. In the context of *Conception*, even though 65-foot was the breakpoint that you were supposed to send it to the Marine Safety Center, if you had the right talent in the office doing a 75-foot monohull would not be much different from doing a 65-foot monohull. Right?

2.0

After, when 9/11 happened and we shifted, because I talked about pulling everybody back with Oberstar's hearings, there was a, there was a message put out that told the field to send everything to the Marine Safety Center.

So, that means, a guy that wanted to certificate a 30-foot boat in the smallest things. So, historically the smaller boats and the history of Subchapter T was vessels less than 65 feet. Then in '63, there was another revision and it was TS and TL, Subchapter T-small, Subchapter T-large.

It was based on, based on just the length of the vessel.

That changed in new TK. But that's what that course was about.

Q. Okay. And so, during that time that the *Conception* was built, in 1981, would you say at that point in time local plan review was more common?

A. Even though the, I'll say, I'll talk out of both sides of my mouth. I would say, it's over 65 feet. I don't have firsthand knowledge first of all. It's over 65 feet, technically, it should have went to a merchant marine technical office. It's likely that it could have been reviewed locally.

- 1 Q. Also, we have something called the marine inspector course,
- 2 MIC, a lot of us call it. So, could you tell us a little bit
- 3 | about MIC, and does it teach anything with regard to T-boats?
- 4 A. MIC teaches, that's, that's the primary training course for
- 5 marine inspectors, so among other vessel types, they definitely
- 6 had a T-boat module. They definitely teach how to inspect a T-
- 7 boat.
- 8 It's not particularly focused to plan review, but it's
- 9 focused to inspection. And currently, most of the time of the
- 10 year except for one, they do exercises on a three-masted gaff
- 11 schooner down there.
- 12 So, they actually get them on a boat. The school has a
- 13 Subchapter T vessel that was retired up on the hard (ph.). So,
- 14 they actually run scenarios and inspection exercises on both of
- 15 those boats, one operational and one not.
- 16 Q. All right. Thank you. Now I'm going to switch topics a
- 17 little. We did talk about the egress issue on Conception and
- 18 specifically some differences between old T and new T. So, I
- 19 won't rehash that completely.
- 20 But you had mentioned to us that in new T there's some
- 21 | verbiage that wasn't there in old T for egress. Specifically,
- 22 | I'll give you some of those types of words. Rapid evacuation,
- 23 emergency for the number of persons served and easy movement of
- 24 persons wearing lifejackets.
- I think you even said some of that right?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. So, when you, in your experience, when you reviewed emergency
- 3 escapes for an old T-vessel before this verbiage was there, did
- 4 those types of discussions, the rapid evacuation and easy movement
- of persons wearing lifejackets, is that something that would have
- 6 been in your mind at all when reviewing those escapes, or is it
- 7 simply that there is those two means. I was just wondering what
- 8 you thought on that.
- 9 A. I would have followed the direction that was in Subchapter T
- 10 for two means of escape out of every compartment, unless you
- 11 | couldn't do that. I would tell you that I don't think I have ever
- 12 been in charge of a plan review of an overnight boat.
- 13 Q. Okay. Have you seen the means of escape on the *Conception*?
- 14 Pictures or, I know you haven't been on it.
- 15 A. I've seen pictures. If I recall, the main escape is on, is
- 16 a, I'll call it a stairway, you know, we use the term ladder for
- 17 stairways on vessels, but it looks like a conventional stairway.
- 18 And the second means of escape was through a deck access to the
- 19 next deck above over a bunk.
- 20 Q. Okay. And in your experience, have you ever similar means of
- 21 escape on a vessel that you inspected? The one above the bunk.
- 22 A. The short answer is no. Firsthand, no.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- 24 A. And I don't, I don't want to make an opinion about what the
- 25 | rest of that dive fleet might be.

- 1 Q. Sorry.
- 2 A. So, I have not seen that personally.
- 3 Q. All right. Then one last question. We spoke about fire
- 4 retardant resins.
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And one of the things I just wanted to touch on a little bit
- 7 is I believed that you answered that with the FRP sheeting over
- 8 the wood boats that you wouldn't expect there to be fire retardant
- 9 resin used in that FRP sheeting. Is that correct?
- 10 A. That is correct.
- 11 Q. Would that answer have changed if you referred to the new T
- 12 version of that regulation? Could, would that change your
- 13 thinking on that at all, or not?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 CDR : No? Okay. That answered my question.
- 16 Thank you.

LT

18

- MR. EHLERS: LT , do you have any questions?

Good morning everyone.

This is LT

- 19 national technical advisor at the Coast Guard Investigations
- 20 National Center of Expertise. I do not have any additional
- 21 questions for Mr. Cruder. Thank you.
- 22 CAPT NEUBAUER: Okay. Thank you. Well, this CAPT Neubauer.
- 23 I have some follow-up questions.
- MR. EHLERS: Go ahead.
- 25 BY CAPT NEUBAUER:

- 1 Q. In your experience, do marine inspectors have the experience
- 2 to conduct electrical inspections on T-boats, currently?
- 3 A. Do they have the experience to conduct electrical
- 4 inspections?
- 5 Q. Right. Do they have --
- 6 A. For compliance with the regulations that apply.
- 7 Q. Yes. And also --
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 Q. Okay.
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Do they have the experience to detect anomalies, changes that
- 12 may have occurred on the vessel? Are we providing inspectors
- 13 adequate training to detect issues that are outside of the
- 14 regulations?
- 15 A. Well, let's put it this way. If you go down to a, in the
- 16 | context of the average inspection office, it would be rare that
- 17 | the same person would go down to the same boat twice, even within
- 18 a tour.
- 19 You know, unless, I mean, look, I'm going to, I'll qualify
- 20 that. Santa Barbara's a small port. Right? If you were
- 21 stationed there for 3 years and there's only x-amount of boats,
- 22 maybe you're going to see it twice.
- In my experience, being at big ports, you would probably
- 24 | never see the same boat twice. So, part of what you have to do as
- 25 an inspector is look for anomalies. Right? You can ask somebody

if you've done anything since the last time somebody was on there a year ago, and you might get an honest answer.

2.0

You might not. The person you're dealing with might have just been hired and not know. Have I been on vessel where, I can remember the first time I asked, told T-boat operator I was going back down in the engine room, and he was used to a deck inspector, and he said, why are you going back down there?

I said, I just want to look around. And there was orange SO cable, portable cable like you find on extension cord and it was permanently wired and went right to the main distribution panel.

I said, that's no good. So, there's an anomaly.

I didn't ask. I just saw. So, I would say that, you know, part of the inspector's skillset is to look for things that are out of place or not consistent. Right?

Whether you're looking at a wood boat for construction or you're looking at an electrical installation for the quality of the install, as soon as you see new wires, different wires, different clamps, then the question would be, when did this go in?

Was it planned reviewed? And if it really was questionable like it was the wrong material, like the SO cable or hard conductive Romex that you'd see in a house, that definitely doesn't belong on a boat. Right?

It depends on what you would see, how far you would peel that onion back. Because then the next question of course is, is the circuit protection correct, 14-gauge, 15-amp, 12-gauge, 20-amp.

Right?

- 2 You'd, you'd peel that back. So, they should be looking for
- 3 | that kind of stuff. I would say it takes some experience but
- 4 | it's, electrical is no different than any other piece. They could
- 5 modify lifesaving equipment.
- They could modify, if the firefighting equipment doesn't look
- 7 right, you're going to ask questions. Right? Okay. Just added a
- 8 plastic piece of bilge pipe. Well, it's not supposed to be
- 9 plastic. Okay.
- 10 Q. Have you ever seen a T-boat that used the watertight door to
- 11 | the engine room as a secondary means of escape?
- 12 A. I'm aware of vessels that have watertight doors separating
- 13 | the engine space from the --
- 14 Q. This would be like accommodation space below the decks.
- 15 A. It's usually, it's not, so that you'd have to go out through
- 16 the engine room. Is that what you mean?
- 17 Q. Right.
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. Or egress out of the engine room. Either one.
- 20 A. Well, remember, T-boats don't have manned engine spaces. So,
- 21 | technically there would be nobody in that engine room to egress
- 22 out of there. Right. So, it's not a space that would require --
- 23 Q. I mean not normally.
- 24 A. Not normally required two means of, it doesn't come under
- 25 that same criteria. And it's very rare to have a watertight door

on a Subchapter T because the regs don't allow that. There are exceptions. Right?

2.0

That there were always these that came from the oil field that had them that were Sub T-boats, but most of the time those doors open up to crew space, not to an accommodation, a passenger accommodation.

So, off the top of my head, I can't think of that. The regs would tell you not to do that. So, I can't think of a boat that would have that. If it had it, it would be something that a local OCMI would have approved based on the configuration, putting an alarm on the door to make sure it's closed or whatever.

Q. Now I'd like your opinion on this next question. The Conception had an open stairway between the berthing area and the upper passenger accommodation space. There was no, there were not doors, no fire boundary between the spaces.

In your opinion, does that make the two spaces the same space because there's no boundary?

A. Well, I'm going to answer it a different way. If you read through the preambles and follow the discussion on escapes, you will find that one of the -- it's probably in the SNPRM. The protected escape routes are not required on Subchapter T, only Subchapter K and Subchapter H.

Your question really is does it make it the same space, I suppose yes, but it's not required to have a protected escape.

Q. Then the reason I ask that is would the rest of the passenger

- 1 | space need technically fire detection if there's no fire boundary
- 2 between the berthing area and the upper deck? If the berthing
- 3 | area is required to fire detection and it's --
- 4 A. Would, then would, does the space that you exit to have to
- 5 | have to have it? Is that what you're asking?
- 6 Q. Well, because there is no barrier between the berthing area
- 7 and the upper deck to stop smoke or flame spread. Is that, would
- 8 that whole entire space normally need some kind of detection in
- 9 your opinion?
- 10 A. Well, the next space was not an overnight accommodation
- 11 | space. Right? You're making, you're connecting them now?
- 12 Q. I am, I'm trying to make a connection like, because, my real
- 13 (Simultaneous speaking) question --
- 14 A. The galley would have something because that's what was on
- 15 the next deck, as I understand.
- 16 Q. The galley was on the next deck but --
- 17 A. But there's a, but there's the rest of the space that's not
- 18 galley space?
- 19 Q. Right. And the stair, open stairway connected everything
- 20 | together between the galley, the passenger accommodation space and
- 21 the berthing area.
- 22 A. In my experience, I would not require the modular detector on
- 23 the next space because the regulations are specific to the
- 24 overnight space.
- 25 Q. In your experience would there be some kind of door or a fire

- 1 barrier between the stairway, somewhere in the stairway?
- 2 A. Not required.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- 4 A. Not required for Subchapter T.
- 5 Q. Okay. I want to talk a little bit about OCMIs. What
- 6 qualification does the Office in Charge, Marine Inspection need to
- 7 possess the primary OCMI for a sector?
- 8 A. You really want me to answer that question?
- 9 O. Yes.
- 10 A. All right. What requirement is there that they, there is a,
- 11 | now remember, I haven't been in the uniform in almost 20 years.
- 12 But there was a screening process for command. But there is not
- 13 anything specific skillset required, marine safety skillset to be
- 14 that sector commander.
- 15 Lawyers can be a sector commander. Aviation, pilots can be
- 16 | sector commanders. Sorry.
- 17 Q. So, in your experience now, when you do talk to an OCMI, or
- 18 an OCMI representative at a port, who normally is that person with
- 19 | the OCMI experience?
- 20 A. I go to the lowest common denominator where I'm going to get
- 21 | an intelligent discussion. That is usually inspectors. That is
- 22 definitely in my opinion the chief of inspection. Because the
- 23 OCMI function can be delegated down from the sector commander, the
- 24 prevention chief is also sometimes in that discussion.
- 25 And although I will talk to the commanding officer and the

- 1 deputy, the way we're structured now, they are not in those, they
- 2 | are not in those weeds usually, unless it's big and political.
- 3 Q. So, they don't normally have the OCMI experience that you,
- 4 | that you need to discuss -- I'm sorry. Let me rephrase that.
- 5 | They don't have the OCMI experience needed to discuss the issue in
- 6 depth that you're looking for?
- 7 A. I would answer that by saying, not always. And I'm going to
- 8 add this because this is, this is a, I'm going out on a limb here.
- 9 So, you shouldn't be asking that question but I'm going to answer
- 10 lit.
- 11 When inspection officers were IMOs, you have to look at where
- 12 we've gone. IMO, marine safety, I mean inspection office, marine
- 13 safety office, marine safety office group activity sector. When I
- 14 started, I started at marine inspection office.
- 15 Everybody did. There all they did marine inspection
- 16 | functions, the three majors ones, inspection, investigation and
- 17 licensing. There was no other influence. When the industry came
- 18 | in to talk to the old man, it might be a 219er, that's an ex-deep
- 19 draft sailor.
- He's a guy who knew the industry. You know if you went to
- 21 | talk to that OCMI he would know, he would have the situational
- 22 awareness of his inspected fleet because that's all that unit was
- 23 responsible for.
- The span of control is different now. I would go back to my
- answer which is, the OCMI or the sector commander, which is one

- 1 and the same, may or may not have that marine safety background.
- 2 Q. And just one follow-up question, during earlier, NTSB
- 3 question. You, did you say that the travelers can do a surprise
- 4 | inspection audit in a port, if you wanted, if you had concerns
- 5 about a certain area?
- 6 A. I don't know that we would do a surprise inspection, which
- 7 means nobody knowing. I think we would call and say, we're coming
- 8 out and we're going to look, we want to look at a few things,
- 9 whatever it is. Right?
- I don't know that we would, we wouldn't do a gotcha. We
- 11 | wouldn't do it without telling people we were coming. But we
- 12 | could act on our own.
- 13 Q. And if the OCMI disagreed with you coming to the port, could
- 14 they require that you not attend?
- 15 A. If it got dicey like that, it could go a couple of ways. If
- 16 we were being ordered by the admiral to go do something, then we
- 17 | would just go. If we were doing something because we were trying
- 18 to fill a gap, fix something -- I'll tell you what.
- 19 If a, first of all, it's never happened that I'm aware of.
- 20 But if an OCMI called me and said, you're not coming to my port,
- 21 I'd put them on the phone with the captain and I'd let them hash
- 22 it out. My boss, meaning my boss.
- But that hasn't, I'm not aware, you know, I'm not aware that,
- 24 that, we've never been told you can't come.
- 25 Q. Okay. You personally have never been ordered out of a port

- by an OCMI?
- 2 A. They haven't been happy with me, but I have never been
- 3 ordered out and I've always gone back. I've always gone back and
- 4 said, why am I here again? And now I'm here now because I need to
- 5 be and not because you asked me, because the owner called me this
- 6 time.

- 7 So, I mean, I think there's a relationship. I don't think,
- 8 I'm not aware of anybody ever, but I mean shouldn't say that. We
- 9 know what happened on the El Faro. I have never been ordered out
- 10 of a port or told I couldn't be there.
- 11 LN: Good. Thank you. That's all I have.
- 12 MR. CRUDER: Yes, sir.
- MR. EHLERS: I have a couple of additional questions. This
- 14 is Drew Ehlers again from the NTSB.
- 15 BY MR. EHLERS:
- 16 Q. I'd like to go back to FRP sheathing on wood vessels and the
- 17 NVIC 887 you pointed out, said that sheeting on the exterior hull
- 18 | need not be fire retardant. The next sentences I read says,
- 19 | sheathing in accommodation service spaces, controlled spaces and
- 20 external vertical surfaces on the deckhouse should be fire
- 21 retardant.
- I want to break this sentence down into pieces in like,
- 23 perhaps, excruciating detail here. But first of all --
- 24 A. That's a historical document, so that's kind of the source,
- 25 which is original, I think that, too.

- 1 Q. Okay. Fair enough.
- 2 A. So, go ahead.
- 3 Q. Fair enough. First of all, accommodation and service spaces,
- 4 | would you consider a salon, a lounge and a galley as part of
- 5 accommodations and service spaces?
- 6 A. I think I would go to the definition. There's a definition
- 7 for accommodation, space in T.
- 8 Q. Okay. It's --
- 9 A. But it's in new T.
- 10 Q. Okay.
- 11 A. You know, accommodation space, and I don't know that there's
- 12 | a definition. You know, some of that, well, that's a trick,
- 13 | that's a tricky, that's a tricky sentence. And it's not
- 14 regulation.
- 15 Q. Well, we'll get into more trickiness here.
- 16 A. Yeah. No, I'm sure we will.
- 17 Q. Okay. So, it says --
- 18 A. So, when you, when you said, do I, would I consider --
- 19 Q. The, so on the, we talked about the Conception, it had a
- 20 galley and then connected with the galley was the salon or lounge
- 21 space.
- 22 A. A lounge.
- 23 Q. Would you consider that either within the definition of
- 24 accommodations, or service spaces, as an inspector?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Okay.
- 2 A. Well, yeah.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- 4 A. Both of those on the same deck. I was just going to refer to
- 5 the one definition, even though it's in new T, and we're not going
- 6 to find an applicability of definitions to existing vessels in new
- 7 T.
- 8 But I bring it up because --
- 9 LT : Just to clarify, we're looking at, you're asking
- 10 about definitions as he understands it from the regulations or
- 11 | from the NVIC?
- MR. EHLERS: What's that? What I'd like to know, as an
- 13 inspector, would you consider a galley and lounge, accommodation
- 14 and service spaces, and whether that comes from the regulations or
- 15 | just from experience.
- 16 A. It would be both. And if I was looking for a current
- 17 | reference, so for instance, the list of accommodation spaces,
- 18 public spaces, hall, dining room, mess hall, lounge, cafe, public
- 19 sails, overnight accommodation space, conference room, washroom,
- 20 toilet, medical treatment room or game or hobby room.
- 21 That's about everything, right? So, accommodation space.
- 22 And I'm just going to look in old T. I don't think there's a, I
- 23 don't think there's a --
- 24 O. In definitions?
- 25 A. But I think accommodation, if you, in other words, if we, in

- the absence of a definition in Subchapter T, that would make me go to other regulations. I'm sure we might find a definition in Subchapter A, you know, a larger ship.
- I don't think we're going to find something here, but I'm going to, I'm going to just look. I think, but my answer to your question is would I consider that an accommodation? I think the answer is yes.
- So, let's just look at definitions here just real quick. No, not in old T.
- 10 Q. Okay. Continuing to break this sentence down. So, --
- 11 A. Okay. Might have to look at it with you because I did bring
 12 another copy with that but go ahead, read.
- Q. It says, sheathing in accommodation space, service spaces, et cetera, on the deckhouse should be fire retardant. If the FRP is on the outside, on the weather side and not on the inside, as a, an inspector, are you looking for a fire-retardant sheathing then?
- 17 Do you understand the nature of the question?

19

2.0

21

22

23

24

- A. Yeah. My experience, my experience with that is that if the, for instance, it depends what you're building this deckhouse out of, right? So, if the deckhouse is a composite structure that's really a fiberglass layup, it needs to be fire retardant, because that equates to a fiberglass, complete fiberglass structure.
 - If you build it out of wood first, and you just put glass over it as a protective sheathing even though, even on the external surface, just like you do on the bottom of the hull, I

- would not expect to get fire, to see fire retardant resin because the composition of that structure is not one with the FRP.
- Not like the reinforcement and the resin. It's basically made out of wood, and you're putting that fiberglass on the outside to protect the wood.
- Q. Okay. All right. And the last question with this sentence,
 I promise, this is the last. The use of the word, should be fire
 retardant, not shall. I mean essentially that sounds like a
 suggestion, not a rule.
- 10 I mean as a, and an inspector, is that --
- A. So, here's what I would tell you. First of all, I broke one of the lawyer's rules by giving him this paper here to allow you to be tedious here. But this is the source of everything because the exceptions, one of the things you guys haven't talked about is, you can build a vessel with general purpose resin.
 - Can't be overnight. Can't have gas engines. It's got a list of things. All those things are in this NVIC, and they ended up in the regulations. Right? This is '87. '89 was the NVICs. The object was to take existing policy and get it into regulation.
- 20 But --

17

18

- 21 LT .: But just to quickly clarify, the question from 22 Mr. Ehlers is reading from a NVIC.
- MR. CRUDER: That's true.
- 24 LT : It's not in rulemaking, a regulation.
- MR. CRUDER: I'm about to go there. So, as an inspector, if

we have to, first of all, this is a NVIC.

2 MR. EHLERS: Um-hum.

2.0

MR. CRUDER: NVIC is guidance. Okay. So, anything that's in here is subject to negotiation. I say, negotiation. That's a very soft term, but it means, there are people that will tell you, as an inspector, if you can't show it to me in the regulations, I don't have to do it. And they're right.

All right. So, this is, but in the scheme of things, this is where some of that stuff comes from. This is amplification. In 1987, my guess is, depends who was in Legal here, what the parameters were for review, should and shall have different meanings in the regulations.

If it says, shall, as an inspector, you don't have any wiggle room. They can appeal it, but it's a shall. If it's should, that leads room for discretion. The inspector's job has discretion. If you, if you write a requirement based on something only in the NVIC, that's subject to appeal because it is not law.

It is something that is an interpretation of regulation. But it's not law in regulation. And the Administrative Procedures Act would tell you not to regulate by policy document. Right?

So, we're in that gray area. So, I'd have to see what it was, and like I told you, if you build a deckhouse out of wood, that means its 75 percent plus wood, with a sheathing on the outside.

If I build that out of reinforcement and resin, structurally

- 1 | that's a whole different animal and boy that's going to burn
- 2 | completely different. Right? So, that's it. And there are also,
- 3 I know I'm not supposed to volunteer.
- 4 There's no requirements for coatings on the inside of a T-
- 5 | boat, and in that lower tier, where this boat Conception is.
- 6 Right? So, boats can be painted on the inside. They can have
- 7 bright work on the inside.
- 8 If you go over 49-overnight, and over 150 a day, there are
- 9 structural fire protection requirements that say you can't put
- 10 accelerant on the inside of the boat, or limit that. There are
- 11 boats on the bay that the combination of linseed oil and diesel
- 12 are sprayed on the inside of the boat.
- 13 It's great for killing fungus. Is it flammable? Yes. Is
- 14 the boat below the threshold that requires structural fire
- 15 protection? Yes. Is it made out of material that will already
- 16 burn? Yes.
- 17 MR. EHLERS: Okay.
- 18 MR. CRUDER: So, the regs are structured in a tiered fashion
- 19 based on risk. So, --
- 20 BY MR. EHLERS:
- 21 Q. Okay. And thank you for that.
- 22 A. Am I good for that?
- 23 Q. And so that actually is a good seque to my next question
- 24 regarding tiered regulations. You mentioned, I believe associated
- 25 | with K and H, area of refuge. Is that, is that a defined term?

- 1 A. That is definitely a defined term in structural fire
- 2 protection and if we were looking at a vessel that was within the
- 3 parameters of requiring that. So, I have my notes here that say,
- 4 | that came from the preamble, protected escape routes are not
- 5 required in Sub T.
- And if you continue to read that preamble under that reg,
- 7 because it's going to talk about T and K regulation in the same
- 8 reference. It'll tell you what's not required in T, but what's
- 9 required in K.
- 10 And you would get those definitions and you would have that
- 11 protected space with some exceptions.
- 12 Q. Okay. Are you aware of any T-vessels that you've looked at
- 13 that are built to that standard, have a protected escape?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 Q. Okay. All right. You mentioned the, at a sector where there
- 16 are a large number of inspectors, that an inspector may not a
- 17 | vessel over and over again.
- 18 A. The same vessel.
- 19 0. The same vessel --
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. -- excuse me, over again. And you also brought up the point
- 22 that a detachment, at an MSD that may be different because of the
- 23 low number of inspectors. On the Conception specifically,
- 24 actually, the same inspector saw that vessel every year from the
- 25 COI in 2014. I'm just stating a fact here.

- 1 A. No, that's fine.
- 2 Q. From 2014 up until the accident. In your opinion, as a
- 3 traveling inspector with a lot of experience, is there an
- 4 advantage or disadvantage of having the same inspector look at a
- 5 | vessel year in and year out?
- 6 A. So, first of all, it's not uncommon at the detachment. If
- 7 | you look up their vessels, if you went to the detachment in New
- 8 York, you'd find the same thing, right? You'd find one, you might
- 9 find one name.
- 10 And particularly, if it's an unusual vessel. Or if it's a
- 11 | higher risk vessel. Or if it's, you know, they might be sending,
- 12 they might be sending the same person out for multiple reasons,
- 13 either because they want that person to be looking or because they
- 14 have nobody else. You don't really know.
- 15 Q. Sure.
- 16 A. So, it's a double-edged sword. Right? Some people would
- 17 | say, and we are criticized for this all the time, if we're, if
- 18 | we're consistent, we're not flexible. And if we're flexible,
- 19 | we're not consistent. Right.
- 20 So, it depends which one of those arguments you want to, and
- 21 which side of the fence you're sitting on. So, in one respect,
- 22 having the same inspector go down is good for the operator because
- 23 it's a consistent inspection.
- They get to know each other. He gets to know the boat. You
- 25 | could find things that are out of place easier. You know, that's

one way to think of it. The other way to think of it is if the same inspector goes down there and they're not diligent, they could be walking past this, everybody can't know everything.

Right?

5

6

7

8

9

10

2.0

21

22

23

24

- So, the, there's some validity to the different set of eyes, even though it drives the industry crazy, but they'll say, geez, every 3 years we have to train a new inspector. Right? But I can remember the first time I went to T-boat and started looking at the engineering stuff a little closer because it had been inspected for years by a bosun mate.
- 11 Not that he wasn't good, but he wasn't looking at what I was 12 looking at. Right? So, I would say, it's a double-edged sword. 13 Okav. Fair enough. Speaking of inspectors, we've learned 14 that each inspector gets a qualification based on the type of 15 vessel that they're inspecting, whether it be T, K, barge, et 16 Is there a differentiation in inspector qualifications cetera. 17 between wood boats and non-wood boats? Or is it all one 18 qualification? If you don't know then --19 Well, no. No, it has come up and there have been
 - recommendations in the past based on wood boat casualties. I believe right now that it's one T-boat qual and not a separate wood dry dock qual.
 - In other words, there's a dry dock -- I shouldn't say it that way. When I think of wood boats, I think of dry docks. But there's a dry dock inspection qualification. But when you get, on

- big ships there's a dry dock qual and a hull qual and a machinery
 qual.
- On T-boat, you get a T-boat qual that should enable you to do
- 4 everything that you need to do on a T-boat, the machinery, the
- 5 | deck topside and the, and the dry dock. I believe there have been
- 6 recommendations in the past because it is getting very specific
- 7 like on framed vessels, but I believe it is not a separate qual
- 8 right now.
- 9 Q. Okay. The last question I had is, we went out to Southern
- 10 California and looked at a lot of different boats, dive boats.
- 11 And one of the things we found is, there's very little, actually
- 12 | there's no new builds for overnight T-boats happening. Again,
- 13 this is with overnight accommodations.
- 14 A. Right.
- 15 Q. For various reasons. Is that something you have seen
- 16 | nationwide in your travels as a T-boat, looking at T-boat or --
- 17 A. Now you're saying T-boats. You don't want that --
- 18 Q. With overnight accommodations.
- 19 A. All right. So, a T-boat is a small passenger vessel. You
- 20 | don't want to include K, which is also a small passenger vessel?
- 21 You want to stay at that --
- 22 Q. Well, let me ask it in two parts. T-boats and then T and K.
- 23 | Can we look at it from that perspective?
- 24 A. Okay.
- 25 Q. What I'm getting at, if I can interrupt you for just a second

- 1 | --
- 2 A. Go ahead. Go ahead.
- 3 \mathbb{Q} . -- is you mentioned that, you know, the age of, I think,
- 4 | plank-on-frame boats is aging.
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Have you seen that same thing with the overnight Ts, an aging
- 7 fleet?
- 8 A. I would say, I can't, I can't make an opinion about T-boats
- 9 | with overnight accommodations because it's the bottom of the tier.
- 10 So, in other words, the boats that had the accident and that
- 11 you're looking at now are specialized. Right?
- They're for offshore fishing, far enough away to get the good
- 13 | fish. And they're for diving. Right? So, they're, it's a really
- 14 niche. Right? There's only 300 or so vessels. Right? So, 1
- 15 can't say that I'm up on that market to know whether they're
- 16 building new boats or old boats.
- But in the small passenger vessel world, there are K vessels
- 18 still being built for, there's a lot of activity on the western
- 19 rivers system, overnight boats. I mean they can, a lot of those
- 20 | are K, not necessarily H, right.
- 21 And there are vessels up on the, Pacific Northwest, that is
- 22 | Snake River and the Columbia River and, you know, so there are
- 23 inland vessels that do that. I know that they are also vessels
- 24 that do the coast.
- 25 And they try to build them to K, right, so that they're in

```
1
    the least regulatory regime. Right? Non-SOLAS, domestic only.
 2
    There's a couple of cruise lines that, you know, do the coast,
 3
    come into Chesapeake Bay.
         So, I would say that the, I think the profit, you have to
 4
    build a big enough boat to have enough overnight accommodations
 5
 6
    for it to be worthwhile. I don't know that anybody's building
 7
    overnight accommodation boats out of wood, right, using that
 8
    construction technique.
 9
         All the boats in the K fleet, because they're over 49
10
    overnight, and over 150 are steel alone.
                                              Right?
11
         MR. EHLERS: Okay. All right.
                                         Thanks. That's all I have.
12
         CAPT NEUBAUER: I just have one follow-up. If we can revisit
13
    applicability for 181 just one more time?
14
         MR. CRUDER:
                      Sure.
15
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                        Because I want to make sure I get it right.
16
         MR. CRUDER:
                      181?
17
         CAPT NEUBAUER: 181 in new T. Where it says, it sends you to
18
    old T except for these specific vessels, 181.400 applies to
19
    existing vessels, which is the fixed firefighting paragraph.
2.0
         MR. CRUDER: Let me get to the right place, all right? Yeah,
    but I, now I'm in, I'm in Applicability. This is the line of
21
22
    questioning that
                          went through.
23
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Yes, sir. Yeah.
                                           It's just a follow-up from
24
    his question. So, --
25
                      Yeah. And I answered it, I think the final
         MR. CRUDER:
```

```
1
    answer was yes.
 2
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Yes, 400. But so, what sends, what makes 405
 3
    applicable to existing vessels? That's where the detection is.
 4
         MR. CRUDER:
                     405 is where the detection is.
 5
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Or does it, or --
 6
         MR. CRUDER: Or wait. Wait --
 7
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Go ahead.
                     Okay. Let me just take it for a second because
 8
         MR. CRUDER:
 9
         took us down that path, so I want, yeah, so I want --
10
         CDR
                          I see where he's going.
11
                     So, 405 would tell you that a vessel inspected
         MR. CRUDER:
12
    to new T requires an independent modular smoke detection alarm
13
    unit in accordance with 450. Right?
14
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Yes, sir.
15
         MR. CRUDER:
                     So, old T. And the existing vessel made of wood
16
    must comply with the requirements of 181.400 before 1999.
                                                                So, --
17
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                         So, are they --
18
         MR. CRUDER: -- that's the fixed, that's the fixed
19
    firefighting. Right?
2.0
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Right. Or are they including all of Subpart
21
    D?
22
                     No, 181.400 --
         MR. CRUDER:
23
         CAPT NEUBAUER: It's pretty specific.
24
                      It's just, 181.400 is just fixed firefighting.
         MR. CRUDER:
25
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                         Yes, sir.
```

```
1
         MR. CRUDER:
                      Because before new T --
 2
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                          There was none.
 3
         MR. CRUDER:
                       -- there was no fixed firefighting in fiber, in
    those vessels.
 4
 5
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                          Right.
 6
         MR. CRUDER:
                       There was no fixed firefighting required
 7
    anyplace, I don't remember, you know. So, --
 8
                           Can I offer some --
         CDR
 9
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Please do.
10
                           -- please. So, your book has 405. My book
         CDR
11
    has just 400 for this cite. That's why we had that confusion
12
    before. Okay? So, 181.400 had the overnight accommodation space
13
    is required to have the smoke detection unit and 181.400(e).
14
         So, what happened, in, you have a 2016 version of the regs,
15
    and I have a 2015 version.
                                 That's why we had a difference.
                                                                   Ιf
    you look really closely --
16
17
         MR. CRUDER:
                       I picked the wrong one. This is the year they
18
    didn't get, put, get the applicability right.
19
                           What happened is 405 got added in 2016.
         CDR
2.0
    Okay? And so, so, what I'm saying is they, it looked like they
21
    took that thing from 400 and put it in 405.
22
         MR. CRUDER:
                           , let me see yours for a minute, just so I
23
    understand what we're talking.
24
         CDR
                           Yeah. The reason that's important --
25
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Because if this is using the wrong book, I'm
```

```
only using what I --
 1
 2
                           I'm not saying I was using the wrong book.
         CDR
 3
    But I think is possible is I think it's possible that --
 4
         MR. CRUDER:
                       I've heard about this, but I didn't --
 5
         CDR
                           -- the --
 6
         MR. EHLERS:
                       Captain has the --
 7
         MR. CRUDER:
                       I didn't realize I picked the wrong book.
                       -- details on this.
 8
         MR. EHLERS:
 9
         MR. CRUDER:
                       I stand --
10
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                         He has the other?
11
         MR. EHLERS:
                       Yeah.
12
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Okay.
13
                       That's, you know, Captain, this is the, I think
         MR. EHLERS:
14
    when they consolidated, Captain Edwards, remember he talked about
15
    this, I think, and can addressed it.
16
                       So, except as required by the --
         MR. CRUDER:
17
         CDR
                           It's the right issue.
18
         MR. CRUDER:
                       -- regs section, fire protection --
19
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                          But we all would agree that this vessel
    needed detection?
2.0
21
         MR. EHLERS: We do because --
22
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                          Yeah, it's stated earlier.
23
         MR. EHLERS: -- it's all in old T.
24
         CAPT NEUBAUER:
                         Yes.
25
                      But I think Captain Edwards will talk about how
         MR. EHLERS:
```

```
1
    the consolidation --
 2
                       This says the same thing. It says, 181.400.
         MR. CRUDER:
 3
         MR. EHLERS:
                       Okav.
 4
         CDR
                           Right. So, what I'm getting at is --
 5
         MR. CRUDER:
                       The Applicability --
 6
         CDR
                           -- in Applicability refers you to 181.400.
 7
    But when they did the 2016 reg change, its kind of messed it up
8
    where it doesn't align with the applicability anymore.
 9
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Wait a minute. My applicability says the same
10
    thing yours does.
11
         CDR
                           It does. But they didn't, but then yours
12
    added 405, instead of, like that part that's in 405, it's in 400
13
    in the regs before 2016.
14
         MR.
                        So, there was a technical error.
15
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Oh, that's what I want to see.
16
                               So, there was a technical error in the
         MR.
                        Yeah.
    qualification.
17
18
         MR. CRUDER:
                       No, no. That makes a big difference.
19
         CDR
                           That's why we had that --
                           , why didn't you tell me to bring the right
2.0
         MR. CRUDER:
21
    book this morning. All right. So, that --
22
                           I didn't even --
         CDR
23
                       So, let me, let's go to --
         MR. CRUDER:
24
         CDR
                           To be honest I just found that out.
25
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Let's go to 181. So, what you're telling me, if
```

```
I go to 181.400 in your book in 2015, I'm going to find the
 1
 2
    detector?
 3
         CDR
                           Yeah.
 4
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Is that you're going to tell me?
 5
         CDR
                           Yeah.
 6
         MR. CRUDER:
                       All right. Give me a minute.
 7
                           Look 400(e). It was --
         CDR
 8
         MR. CRUDER:
                       All right. All right.
                           -- saying the same thing, right?
 9
         CDR
10
         MR. CRUDER:
                       All right.
11
                           Yeah.
         CDR
12
         MR. CRUDER:
                       So, if this is a mistake, wait, we've got to go
13
    between 1996 and now. We could look at every book. So, that
14
    means to clarify your question, this vessel, which is an existing
15
    T-boat, is required to have the modular smoke detection in
16
    overnight space. Right?
17
         CAPT NEUBAUER: Okay.
                                 Thank you.
18
         CDR
                           Thanks. Very good. Moving on.
19
         MR. TUCKER:
                       Oh, my turn?
2.0
         MR. EHLERS:
                       Yes, sir.
21
         MR. TUCKER:
                       All right. Some follow-ups again, Adam Tucker
22
    with the NTSB.
23
         MR. TUCKER:
                       And a little concerned based on a couple of
24
    analogies painted here. So, we spoke of the marine inspector
25
    factually as Drew had pointed out, the same marine inspector went
```

- onboard the *Conception*, I think three to, three times? Three to four times?
- 3 MR. EHLERS: Four times.
- 4 MR. TUCKER: Four times.
- 5 MR. CRUDER: Four annuals?
- 6 MR. TUCKER: For the annual.
- 7 MR. CRUDER: Four annuals in a row?
- 8 MR. EHLERS: Right. Following, he also was a party, he was
- 9 one of two for the COI inspection.
- 10 MR. CRUDER: Okay.
- 11 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 12 Q. All right. So, we talked to rotations and we understand, and
- 13 | we've learned that if the MSD is small, as well and you don't have
- 14 20 inspectors available to you. I totally understand that. But
- 15 | what got me, is you specifically mentioned going into an engine
- 16 space and that was unfamiliar to a, somebody because you reentered
- 17 | that space and normally that didn't happen.
- 18 And so, being a deckie that I am, I'm not really so good
- 19 going down in engine spaces. And I'm really, really not good at
- 20 looking at wires and cabling and picking out what's, what is
- 21 | compliant and what's not.
- The question is this, there's only one T-boat qualification,
- 23 and I understand that there is the MIC and the marine inspector's
- 24 course. So, does that, if I went to the marine inspector course,
- 25 does that make me effective at looking at machinery and

- 1 | electrical, especially electrical as an inspector?
- In other words, if I go to that course, am I good to go, or
- 3 what are your, what's your, that's my question. Yeah.
- 4 A. To be accurate, you would have to talk to the school about
- 5 what the current curriculum is. All right. But my understanding
- 6 | is that they teach Part 183, as part, I mean they teach 175 to
- 7 185. Right?
- I don't know, I can't answer on whether they teach, you know,
- 9 how good people are at picking anomalies. They will teach
- 10 | compliance with 183, right, the electrical section, so that's what
- 11 | they teach.
- 12 And I think, you know, if you need, I haven't sat in on their
- 13 course in a long time, but my expectation is that they go through
- 14 the regs in 183, and they talk about those different requirements.
- 15 Q. Okay. And I apologize if I put you on the spot.
- 16 A. No, no, no. Look, it's, there's all different systems. I'll
- 17 give you a different example. We have guys that are electrical,
- 18 | they're electrician. There's an electrical route. Right? They
- 19 come from the enlisted ranks and their EMs, electrician's mates.
- 20 You know that with the Navy come T-boat inspectors. They run
- 21 | right to the electrical. Right? So, --
- 22 Q. Yep. And that's, that's kind of where I was going as well
- as, being from the deck side, my instinct would be go to head
- 24 straight to the wheelhouse or something like that.
- 25 A. So, your instinct was, well it did, before I went down that

- 1 engine room was, show me the engine's go ahead and disturb from
- 2 the pilothouse.
- MR. TUCKER: Yeah. We had someone join the call, I believe
- 4 or some --
- 5 MR. MUISE: That was, does, anyone new on the line?
- 6 MR. BARNUM: Yes, this is Bart Barnum, NTSB. I was able to
- 7 get back on. I was dropped earlier.
- 8 MR. TUCKER: Okay. Thanks Bart. All right. Something else
- 9 that
- 10 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 11 Q. All right. Something else that got my attention, just to
- 12 back up is so again, I'm not a Coastie, no background, officer in
- 13 charge of marine inspection, but the officer in charge of marine
- 14 inspection does not have to have any inspection qualifications.
- 15 Is that correct? We, and if you don't know, you don't know.
- 16 But I think you mentioned they can be from any background.
- 17 A. I believe that --
- 18 Q. They can be a flyer or something --
- 19 A. I believe that is true. There was a screening for a command
- 20 process that you'd have to look into, but I do not believe that
- 21 there is a requirement that they have marine inspection
- 22 qualifications.
- MR. EHLERS: Okay. And Captain Edwards can also answer that.
- MR. CRUDER: Yeah, he's the --
- MR. TUCKER: Oh, okay. I'm sorry.

- 1 MR. CRUDER: Yeah. No, that's all right.
- 2 BY MR. TUCKER:
- 3 Q. Metrics, do you, do you, are you, as a traveling marine
- 4 | inspector, are you privy to any type of metrics, for example, x-
- 5 amount of boats have been inspected? And all of them have gotten
- 6 a reissuance of a COI.
- 7 And x-amount of boats have been inspected and they either got
- 8 no sails or detentions or, is there any type of that metrics
- 9 flowing through you?
- 10 A. No.
- 11 Q. Okay. Again, and would have led into my next question is,
- 12 because --
- 13 A. I'd refer that to Captain Edwards, as the program --
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. Yeah, we're not, you know, in the past, the travelers have
- 16 been involved in metrics and things too, that, you know, there was
- 17 | a revitalization of the marine safety program, you know, after the
- 18 Oberstar hearings in 2006.
- And for a while we were pushing the program and that, you
- 20 know, a lot of the things we do, a lot of the work we do supports
- 21 | the Office of Commercial Vessel Compliance. So, we have on again,
- 22 off again over the years probably have done that.
- 23 Q. Right.
- 24 A. But that's not routinely part of what we do.
- 25 Q. Okay. Because my question would have been in that respect is

- 1 sometimes when we, when there's visual on metrics and everything's
- 2 good and there's nothing really wrong, that, I'm talking for
- 3 myself, is maybe, we should take a deeper look at this because
- 4 everything's good in here and we expect that there's going to be
- 5 wrong in here at some time. So, but I'll table that for --
- 6 A. Captain Edwards.
- 7 Q. Captain Edwards? Yep. Curious because just your background
- 8 and you've seen a lot of vessels, is have you seen a lot of
- 9 owners/operators with safety management systems for vessels,
- 10 overnight T-vessels similar to the *Conception*?
- 11 A. There's no requirement for safety management systems on
- 12 Subchapter T-vessels. I would say I have not been on a boat that
- 13 has any kind of system like that. The Passenger Vessel
- 14 Association is in the middle of a beta testing a program, but
- 15 | their constituency are really the over 150 passenger boats.
- 16 Q. Right. Okay.
- 17 A. They derive from the western rivers and paddle boats.
- 18 Anyways, they don't have a lot of small T-boats. Right? So,
- 19 although there, in the past there have been, there's a streamline
- 20 | inspection program that's national that's been applied to T-boats.
- There is a modified version of that, that was working on the
- 22 | West Coast, that was good for those 85-foot or so boats. But that
- 23 program was all about keeping track of the regulatory compliance
- 24 | issues only, not the full umbrella of safety management.
- 25 So, the answer is no. I have not seen safety management

- 1 systems on small vessels, voluntarily.
- 2 Q. Okay. I'm getting down there. We spoke of rapid evacuation.
- 3 Is there a definition of rapid evacuation? Like a, I'll give you
- 4 | an example. I think I have it on the -- on a commercial aircraft,
- 5 passenger-carrying aircraft, I think, 90 seconds is kind of the
- 6 golden rule for --
- 7 A. mentioned some verbiage that's in the escape section,
- 8 and we can turn to it in new T. It talks about being able to, it
- 9 describes it. I'm not aware of a performance spec, either in
- 10 regulation or policy that relates to T-boats, on escape.
- 11 Q. Okay. And the MSC course, I understand you referenced a
- 12 certain, what they're training to, but you mentioned a couple of
- 13 vessels that they have there available to them for the marine
- 14 inspector to go through some --
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. -- scenarios in training. Curious, are any of those
- 17 | overnight accommodation type vessels?
- 18 A. No.
- 19 Q. Okay. So, in, within that curriculum they're not, there's
- 20 | not an opportunity to look at bunk spaces and bunk rooms or
- 21 | accommodations spaces?
- 22 A. The boat on the hard is a day boat.
- 23 Q. Sorry, say again?
- 24 A. The boat that's on the hard is a day excursion configuration
- 25 boat.

109

- 1 Q. Okay.
- 2 A. And the sailboat is a day configuration boat.
- 3 Q. Day, okay. Another clarification question, is, we spoke a
- 4 lot of fire-retardant material, and specific, I just want to be,
- 5 | wanted to ask, you mentioned on the inside there's no requirement.
- 6 What, is there any requirement for fire retardancy on the
- 7 interior, on the inside of the hull?
- 8 A. On a wood vessel?
- 9 0. On a wood vessel.
- 10 A. And on a T-boat?
- 11 Q. Yes.
- 12 A. No.
- 13 Q. Okay. Background in traveling inspector is, do you, do
- 14 anybody reach out to you for interpretations?
- 15 A. Of regulations and policy?
- 16 Q. Yes.
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Okay. And specific to vessels like the Conception,
- 19 overnight, built in '81, do you have, or have you made an
- 20 interpretation specific to that type of vessel?
- 21 A. Not specific to an overnight boat carrying less than 49 made
- 22 of wood.
- 23 Q. Okay. And in T-boats, in general, any interpretations that
- 24 would have applied?
- 25 A. To?

- 1 Q. To a vessel similar to Conception?
- 2 A. Not with, not with respect to, I haven't had anybody, I
- 3 | haven't experiences where people have asked me to interpret
- 4 overnight accommodation issues.
- 5 Q. Okay.
- 6 A. If that's what you're focused on.
- 7 MR. EHLERS: Yeah. I've got one for the last, everyone here
- 8 knows what that is, but I'll save that for last. Bart?
- 9 MR. BARNUM: No. Thank you, Mr. Cruder. Again, I have no
- 10 follow-up questions. Thank you.
- MR. CRUDER: Could I just make a point about the overnight
- 12 | accommodation? I haven't been asked, I mean I could ask other
- 13 people, but I haven't been asked because it hasn't come up. It's
- 14 not that I wouldn't engage if I was asked. But you asked if I
- 15 ever had been.
- So, I haven't. And I think that's indicative of what the
- 17 | history is on these boats. Not that influences anything. We've
- 18 | had an accident. We understand that, but I don't think there was
- 19 any over focus on that during the rulemaking. So, --
- 20 MR. TUCKER: Great. I just have one follow-up for you.
- 21 MR. EHLERS: No, you can do that. I'll ask the last one.
- MR. TUCKER: Okay, good. Well, my follow-up is you,
- 23 we'd asked about would a marine inspector be ready to go for an
- 24 electrical inspection after MIC, marine inspector course. But
- 25 | would there be any other requirements before an inspector would

1 start doing inspection, that you're aware of? 2 All right, so --MR. CRUDER: 3 MR. TUCKER: On their own. Well, they probably would not be prepared to do 4 MR. CRUDER: a plan review of a, of a one-line AC or DC system for the purpose 5 6 of approving the modification. But they certainly would be able 7 to inspect the vessel. But when they come from MIC, they may or may not have been 8 9 qualified before they went to MIC. So, they have to go through 10 the OJT portion of the training, so that they get out on vessels 11 with a qualified inspector. 12 And then they have to sit through a qualification board. 13 Well, they have to get their performance qualifications system, 14 POS signed off, right, which means they have to have to an 15 opportunity to be questioned about electrical things, answer 16 correctly, get the verifying officer to sign it off. 17 When everything is signed off and they have a T-boat qual 18 board, they will sit through something that's at least an hour or 19 two that determines whether or not the training officer and the chief of inspection feel the person's qualified. 2.0 21 Not until they get the gual letter do, they go out. 22 not, I guess what I said, that it's not just, MIC is the book 23 learning piece of the thing. Right? So, it doesn't mean, they 24 don't start doing it on their own until they had the qual. 25 Could you just quickly clarify for the record, LT

1 OJT and PQS, the terms that you just used? 2 On the job training, so the practical factors, MR. CRUDER: 3 if you will. And PQS, I think is performance qualification 4 system, PQS. 5 I'm not exactly sure. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 6 MR. TUCKER: I think it's professional qualification 7 standard, but I, we can look that back. 8 MR. CRUDER: Bottom line is that is a, if we looked at a PQS 9 booklet, it would be all the things in the regulations for a T-10 boat and there'd be a knowledge requirement and a demonstration of 11 knowledge requirement that would get signed off. 12 And then when you went to the qual board, qual boards usually 13 focus on scenarios, and see how the person reacts. 14 CDR Okay. I just have one. Okay. This is CDR 15 16 BY CDR 17 And just one question. Marc, you mentioned that you weren't 18 sure about the T-boat qual breaking down between wood boat and 19 other hull types and stuff like that. One thing I wanted to ask 2.0 you, do you of ports that the Coast Guard operates in that don't 21 have wood T-boats?

- 22 A. Absolutely.
- Q. All right. And so, if somebody is working in that OCMI and has to get a T-boat qual, which it's quite possible they'd have to get a T-boat qual in a place that doesn't have wood boats. Right?

113

- 1 A. Wood boat.
- 2 Q. So, have you ever seen a T-boat qualification letter that
- 3 excludes wood boats because of that?
- 4 A. No, but that would be possible. And I say that only because
- 5 | we, when I was a training officer, if we only had Subchapter D
- 6 | barges, and I couldn't qualify somebody on a Subchapter O, which
- 7 is hazardous chemicals, then they would only do petroleum barges.
- 8 Right?
- 9 So, that is within the OCMI's ability to do. I'm out of
- 10 touch with the details of the PQS. But if you, if you had a crew
- 11 | boat inspector from New Orleans, suddenly gets stationed in
- 12 Portland, Maine, he would have some difficulty with the wood boat
- 13 inspection.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. And they should check that out and not let him out on that
- 16 boat, and I'm comfortable with that.
- 17 Q. And to follow on that, can you tell us what a MITO is?
- 18 A. Marine inspection training officer.
- 19 Q. And so, do we have one of those in each of the major ports?
- 20 A. In major ports. Not in every port.
- 21 Q. Okay. And to they coordinate together?
- 22 A. They are a network that meet and --
- 23 Q. Okay. So, would it be in the MITO's best interest to
- 24 | communicate with each other if somebody hasn't been trained on
- 25 wood boats, that has a T-boat qual?

```
1 A. I think that would be a source to find out, with a training
```

- 2 | background. It's always incumbent on the, when somebody goes to a
- 3 | new port, and this happened before there were even MITOs even in
- 4 my time, if they came from someplace, you'd sit them down first.
- 5 You'd look at their qual books, their qual letters and you'd
- 6 ask about their experience, because if all of a sudden they were
- 7 | in a port that a different focus, you came to L.A. before it
- 8 altered in compliance, you were doing tankers.
- And so, if they never did a tanker, you weren't going to send
- 10 them out there.
- 11 Q. And just for the record, who is the MITO coordinator right
- 12 now?
- 13 A. Keith Core (ph.) in the, in commercial vessel sailing.
- 14 Q. All right.
- 15 A. Commercial vessel compliance, CVC1.
- 16 CDR : That's it. Thank you.
- MR. EHLERS: Okay. LT , any questions?
- 18 LT : Yeah, this is LT . No, no questions.
- 19 Thank you.
- 20 MR. EHLERS: All right. Well, the last question is sometimes
- 21 the most important.
- 22 MR. CRUDER: Okay. Then ask. I'm sorry, do you --
- MR. EHLERS: No.
- 24 LT : Please sir, ask.
- 25 BY MR. TUCKER:

115

- 1 Q. Yeah, this is Adam Tucker. My, I'd say it's my last question
- 2 | but it's going to broken down into two, so it's now. Is there
- 3 anything that we have not asked you that you feel would be
- 4 important to share with us related to this specific accident and
- 5 this specific investigation?
- 6 A. That's it.
- 7 Q. Am I to read the entire thing or just the highlighted?
- 8 A. I would start with the highlighted.
- 9 Q. For the record, Mr. Cruder has handed us an email, paper
- 10 copy.
- 11 A. And it's a paper copy of what you would find in the final
- 12 | rule that's the definition of why they put a definition for wood
- 13 vessel in the regulations after the interim final rule went out.
- 14 Q. So, what we're reading here is, this is an email, March 11th,
- 15 | 1997 from --
- 16 A. Or shares or find it in a different venue.
- 17 O. -- Christenson to --
- 18 A. Right. He was the final project manager.
- 19 A. -- George Detweller.
- 20 A. Yeah, who was the lawyer. These were people reviewing the
- 21 documents. Don't focus on where it's from because I can give you
- 22 | that verbiage exactly in a different document, which I probably
- 23 should do.
- I just had that with me, so I have it convenient.
- 25 Q. All right. So, I'm just going to read the sentence then.

- 1 A. Go ahead.
- 2 Q. Many wood vessels that have been constructed using cold
- 3 molded, edge-glued epoxy FRP over flywood -- plywood, sorry, and
- 4 other composite construction techniques that do not rely on
- 5 | mechanical fasteners to maintain hull integrity.
- 6 Next sentence. Although these vessels are constructed or are
- 7 considered wood vessels for the purpose of certification, they
- 8 will not be required to meet the additional subdivision and
- 9 lifesaving requirements contained in Parts 179 and 180,
- 10 respectively. So, can you --
- 11 A. So, what I wanted, what I want to do is, there's another
- 12 document here. I do it this way because generational. When
- 13 Captain Christensen was a lieutenant, he went to the Passenger
- 14 Vessel Association on Industry Training.
- And it was in the middle of this rulemaking. And they
- 16 decided at the end of it, that the passenger vessel association
- 17 | said, look, we need to take all the preambles and put them in one
- 18 place, because that is the discussion with the public all over the
- 19 way.
- 20 So, it's called the TK Guide. I have it in hardcopy here.
- 21 It's electronic. We can get you a copy. It's easier than, my
- 22 other binder is all of the actual regulations. So, let me go to
- 23 wood vessel in the TK Guide.
- So, this is in the TK guide on Page IV-16. Okay. And this
- 25 has to do with, this beginning of this section is definitions

under 175-400. All right.

2.0

So, if you go to 175-400 in this TK Guide, or if you have a copy of the notice to proposed rulemaking, and the supplemental notice, and the interim final rule and the final rule, if you had them all laid out in front of you when you followed 175-400, you could follow the discussion of why we put certain definitions in the regulations, aside from the actual definition itself.

So, this is all in one place so it's easy to follow. So, I can start with the 89 NPRM, then there's comments about what should be added. And it continues. And we get all the way to the last additions, which are in the 1997 Final Rule, which starts on Page IV-13.

The very last definition that was added was wood vessel. So, Adam, I would just ask you to take a look at the sheet that I gave you while you're, while I'm reading to you.

- Q. Yep.
- A. Number 16, the Coast Guard has added a definition for wood vessel to Subchapter T to clarify which types of wood construction are subject to additional subdivision and lifesaving requirements presented in the IFR, the interim final rule.

The casualty data throughout used, used throughout this rulemaking to justify the need for additional requirements for vessels constructed of wood shows that the vessels involved were built with traditional, using traditional plank-on-frame construction techniques.

This type of construction requires the use of mechanical fastenings to maintain the integrity of the hull structure. The loss of fastener structural integrity can result in springing of one or more planks and lead to catastrophic flooding. It is this type of construction that the Coast Guard determined requires additional subdivision and/or lifesaving equipment requires to provide an equivalent level of safety to steel, aluminum and FRP construction. Many wood vessels have been constructed using cold molded, edge-glued epoxy, FRP over plywood and other composite construction techniques that do not rely on mechanical fastenings to maintain hull integrity. Although these vessels are considered wood vessels for the purpose of certification. And if you look at the certificate on the Conception, under hull type, it will say, wood, because there's only so many choices. But they do not have to meet the additional subdivision and lifesaving requirements contained in Parts 179 and 180, respectively. What I would like to just pass on to you is that the boat is constructed of wood. And I think the inspection note that brought up said it was a -- maybe you didn't bring that up. CDR No.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

MR. CRUDER:

fiber --

There was an inspection note that says it is a

1 CDR I got it. Around -- do you want me to read 2 it? 3 MR. CRUDER: Yeah, read it. 4 CDR Yeah. One second here. I've got it. 5 printed it out. Let's see. So, it says, fiberglass, reinforced 6 plastic over plywood with nonstructural bronze screws. 7 So, that's an inspection doc. You put MR. CRUDER: inspection notes in if you want people to, it's something you 8 9 always check when you're doing inspections. Maybe there's 10 something unique about this vessel or you've made a decision, so 11 you put a note in. 12 It could last for, until the next dry dock. It could last 13 for 20 years. So, this boat, if you look at the certificate, it's 14 wood. But it's not plank-on-frame. So, if you're building a boat 15 with sheets of 4 by 8 plywood, there's a lot of boat that has to 16 come apart for you to have a breach of the hull integrity. 17 So, it's a different level of risk. Now the applicability 18 here focuses to subdivision and lifesaving. But this boat's got a 100-mile route offshore. It didn't get any benefit from being 19 2.0 constructed this way. 21 If it was in a lesser route, it would have to carry less 22 primary lifesaving. This boat carries 100 percent life float 23 because it has subdivision. But it has subdivision because it's 24 over 65 feet. 25 If it was less than 65 feet, it would, it would, it would

have got more of a break. All right. But I just want you guys to understand that, this is a plywood boat. It can't come apart the same way a plank-on-frame boat come apart.

2.0

Now there are boats that were constructed where people took plywood, which by the way, has laminations of glue, that is not fire retardant in it. Okay? That's why the glass on the outside, if you think of the whole thing holistically, you're, you're operating with a certain level of risk or not risk.

From a construction standpoint and a watertight integrity standpoint, you're not going to pop a plank on a plywood boat. In a plywood boat with fiberglass on it is going to show that it's got problems.

The fiberglass is going to start not adhering if there's a problem with water intrusion under the fiberglass. So, it's actually an easier boat to inspect, but it's not going to come apart the same way.

And this note tells me that the frames, may in fact, be glued to the outside plywood. Which means that you could put any kind of fastening in there. It's not fastening or pulling. So, the integrity of the boat probably, thinking about this fire, that probably helped you have what you have remaining because it didn't sink. You know what I mean?

But I just want you to understand. So, a wood boat, but it doesn't meet the definition of wood vessel in the regulation and that's there for other reasons. So, we needed to do that.

```
1
         The risk are the 50-year-old average plank-on-frame boats,
 2
    mechanically fastened because about every 30 years or so, even in
 3
    the best boats, it's time to refasten. And a plank-on-frame boat
 4
    can be rebuilt. When you rebuild a plywood and glued boat, you're
    going at it with a Sawzall. It's not that it can't be rebuilt,
 5
 6
    it's a different kind of rebuild.
 7
         CDR
                           We have one follow-up on that.
         MR. TUCKER:
 8
                       Um-hum.
 9
         CDR
                          Can I go ahead?
10
         MR. TUCKER:
                       Yep.
11
                           This is CDR
                                                  again.
         CDR
                                                          Marc, do you
12
    have a copy of the COI for Conception?
13
         MR. CRUDER:
                       I do.
14
         CDR
                           Can you just take a look at it?
                                                             Do you see
15
    anything on there about the fasteners? I just want to --
16
         UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Did you get my (indiscernible) --
17
         MR. CRUDER:
                       Okay.
18
         CDR
                           Yeah.
                                 That's what, I just wanted you to
19
    check. Right?
2.0
         MR. CRUDER: Okay. So, we can't always say that the unit
21
    will get the admin piece right. But this supports what I just
22
    said. On the second page, you have the hull exam. Am I right?
23
         And if there were, if there was fastener pulling, there would
24
    be entries on that.
25
         UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:
                                 Yeah.
```

Ī	
1	CDR : Right.
2	MR. CRUDER: When pulled, because it's basically every other
3	dry dock, the NVIC says 5 years. It's 5 to 6. I do not see
4	anything in here that has to do with fastening pulling schedule.
5	CDR : That's good. And I'm going to read the last
6	part of the special note about the hull type.
7	MR. CRUDER: Go ahead.
8	CDR : I mentioned before that it says, fiberglass
9	reinforced plastic over plywood with nonstructural bronze screws.
10	At the end of that line it says, last removed for examination, NA,
11	not applicable. Okay. What does that mean to you? Does that
12	mean the same thing or does that mean something else?
13	MR. CRUDER: Yes. Because if you look at the history of that
14	boat, I think there's another note in there that says, they
15	refastened the boat after a rebuild, the previous dry dock. And
16	then when the next guy got on there, he said, wait a minute.
17	This is glued and covered, and it doesn't have to have
18	fastenings pulled again.
19	CDR : So, everything does line up that you
20	MR. CRUDER: It lines up.
21	CDR : Okay.
22	MR. CRUDER: On that part, yeah.
23	CDR : Okay.
24	MR. CRUDER: And it lines up with the wood boat definition.
25	CDR: Thank you. Thank you.
	

MR. TUCKER: Well, that was my last question was, yeah, and thank you for providing that.

MR. CRUDER: So, I gave you that one. I want to take that one back.

MR. TUCKER: Yes. Yep.

2.0

MR. CRUDER: I want you guys to -- the TK Guide, we can, I'm sure we have an electronic copy. It's a public, it's something we give the inspectors. If they wanted to see that, it's much easier -- you know, my legal counsel here did it by going online and sending me pieces of the preambles before I told him I had a TK Guide, which he's not an inspector, so he wouldn't know that there's such a thing. Inspectors all know that this is here.

So, they can go back sometimes on an existing boat and go, you can get, there's more -- this is the same discussion as in the preambles, but it's not likely everybody would have a copy of them. I have them in a binder because I've been here for 18 years. But if everybody -- everybody has access to this. If you want to find out what were they think on escapes, there's a really good discussion in there on escapes. Unless you guys sit and read every reg, you'll find it easily by looking in this guide. It would help you.

MR. TUCKER: Is the TK Guide discussed at the MIC course?

MR. CRUDER: Yes. Absolutely.

MR. TUCKER: So, I guess, so I had a lot of time to digest and I know you don't have any personal experience with the boat,

but just asking now for an opinion and you have the deck cards
what would, what would you do to make sure that it wouldn't happen
again?

MR. CRUDER: I knew he was going to do that.

MR. TUCKER: Yeah.

2.0

MR. CRUDER: This is typical of a lot of accidents. There's no casualty history except in this. It doesn't make it any less. Are there, are there places to improve, you know, that might have prevented it?

You know, I think it's, I think it's hard to say because it's not the boat this time, really. If one person was up that night doing what the certificate said, that wouldn't have happened. So, it's, it's hard to say.

I think there's always to improve the regulations, but the operating environment includes risks. So, there's, even if you did a rulemaking, there's economic analysis, otherwise there'd be no economy. This is part of the economy.

So, there is an economic piece and there is a human element piece. So, and then there's the size of the boat and how much you can do and how much cost benefit there is, how much safely you would make it. So, it only takes one accident.

So, it as safe as is, but if somebody was up, and if it happened on that deck, and if it was the combustible trashcan, somebody would have been up and seen that. Could you have a fire detection system that's wired to a panel?

```
1
         It's got to be where the guys are sleeping. It's got to be,
2
    you know, other improvements. Yeah? Are they cost effective
 3
    based on the casualty analysis? Don't know. That's what a
 4
    rulemaking would tell you.
 5
         MR. TUCKER: Thank you very much again.
         MR. CRUDER: Thank you.
 6
 7
         MR. EHLERS: All right. It's not 1439. We're stopping the
8
    recording.
 9
          (Whereupon, at 2:39 p.m., the interview was concluded.)
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
2.0
21
22
23
24
25
```

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached proceeding before the

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF:

FIRE AND SINKING OF THE CONCEPTION

WITH LOSS OF LIFE NEAR

SANTA CRUZ ISLAND, CALIFORNIA

SEPTEMBER 2, 2019

Interview of Mr. Marc Cruder

ACCIDENT NO.:

DCA19MM047

PLACE:

DATE: December 11, 2019

was held according to the record, and that this is the original, complete, true and accurate transcript which has been transcribed to the best of my skill and ability.

Romona Phillips Transcriber

Errata

Interview of Mr. Marc Cruder

Page & Line	Correction

P.1:	Job title of Witness change to "Traveling Senior Marine Inspector"
P.12 – Line 23:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
P.13 – Line 4:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 13:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 24:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
P.14 – Line 1:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 2:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 4:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 8:	Change "co-molded" to "cold-molded"
Line 10:	Change "plycon" to "plank-on"
P.15 – Line 9:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 18:	Change "887" to "8-87"
Line 21:	Change "887" to "8-87"
Line 22:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 23:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
P.16 – Line 1:	Change "887" to "8-87"
Line 2:	Change "795" to "7-95"
Line 6:	Change "795" to "7-95"
Line 6:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 9:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 10:	Change "sheet" to "sheath"
Line 19:	Change "roots and condition" to "routes and conditions"
P. 17 – Line 17:	Change "roots and conditions" to "routes and conditions"
P. 23 – Line 11:	Changes "sheeting" to "sheathing"
P.25 – Line 17:	Change "now" to "not"
P.27 – Line 11:	Change "NVI2" to "MVI-2"
P.30 – Line 23:	Change "might be" to "might not be"
P.34 – Line 18:	Change "traffic" to "draft"

P.39 – Line 18:	Change "ultimate" to "alternate"
P.41 – Line 14:	Change punctuation to: "right now civilian inspectors in addition. That's the headquarters traveling inspection staff."
P.41 – Line 8:	Change "G-, CG-5(p)" to "CG-5P"
P.46 – Lines 24-25:	Change "to come you" to "you to come"
P.50 – Line 1:	Change "big boat bosun mates, machinery technicians" to "be bosun
	mates or machinery technicians"
P.54 – Line 24:	Change "NPR" to "SNPRM"
P.57 – Line 11:	Change "on" to "no"
P.71 – Line 1:	Change "codes in" to "the cognizant"
P.76 – Line 7:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
Line 9:	Change "sheeting" to "sheathing"
P.78 – Line 21:	Change "conductive" to "conductor"
P.83 – Line 11:	Change "IMOS" to "OCMIs"
Line 12:	Change "IMO" to "MIO"
P.87 – Line 19:	Change "sails" to "sales room"
p.88 – Line 3:	Change "A" to "H"
P.89 – Line 18:	Change "'87" to "'89"
Line 18:	Change " '89" to " '87"
P.90 – Line 15:	Change "leads" to "leaves"
P.95 – Line 7:	Change "framed" to "plank on frame"
P. 101- Line 17:	Change "qualification" to "regulation"
P.105 – Line 1:	Change "disturb" to "astern"
P.108 – Line 11:	Change "MSC" to "MIC"
P.114 – Line 7 & 8:	Change "it altered in compliance" to "the Alternate Compliance Program"
P.117 – Line 1:	Change "175-400" to "175.400"
Line 2:	Change "175-400" to "175.400"
Line 5:	Change "175-400" to "175.400"

P.119 – Line 7:	Change "doc" to "note"
P.124 – Line 20: Line 22:	Change "safely" to "safer" Change "it" to "it's"