DOCKET NO. SA-516 APPENDIX FF

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD WASHINGTON, DC

CORRESPONDENCE FROM THE CIA AND TRANSCRIPT OF THE CIA BRIEFING TO THE WITNESS GROUP APRIL 30, 1999 (85 pages)



Washington D.C. 20505

12 January 2000

Mr. James E. Hall, Chairman National Transportation Safety Board 490 L'Enfant Plaza East, SW Washington, DC 20594-2000

Dear Chairman Hall:

Please find enclosed a transcript of the 30 April 1999 briefing provided to the NTSB's Witness Group in connection with CIA's assistance to the FBI on the TWA Flight 800 investigation. This briefing was the result of your request to CIA earlier this year to help the Witness Group understand CIA's evaluation of witness statements. After attending the briefing and reviewing the briefing transcript, the head of the NTSB's Witness Group, Dr. David Mayer, requested that CIA release the transcript to the NTSB for placement on the public record. In an effort to assist in such an important matter, I am providing the transcript as requested.

A commercial transcription service prepared this transcript of the entire discussion that took place at the 30 April briefing. In accordance with Section 6 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 and CIA disclosure policies, CIA asked the transcription service to substitute appropriate titles for the names of our employees. Similarly, we substituted a title for the name of a Missile and Space Intelligence Center employee mentioned in the discussion. The names of other attendees, however, remain in the transcript for an NTSB determination regarding their public release.

I trust that this information will be helpful and commend the difficult and hard work that the Witness Group and others have done in investigating the Flight 800 tragedy. Please let me know if CIA can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

David W. Carey Executive Director

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1		TES OF AMERICA
2		LLIGENCE AGENCY
3	BRIEFING ON	TWA FLIGHT 800
4		National Transportation
5		Safety Board
6		490 L'Enfant Plaza, S.W.
7		Fifth Floor Boardroom
8		Washington, D.C.
9		
10		Friday, April 30, 1999
11		10:00 a.m.
12	PRESENT:	
13	BERNARD LOEB	J. DENNIS RODRIGUES
14	DAN CAMPBELL	JAMES M. WALTERS
15	ROBERT YOUNG	JOSEPH MANNO
16	DAVID MAYER	
17		
18	ALSO PRESENT: PETER GOEL	Z; ERIK GROSOF; PAUL SCLAMM;
19	MATT FURMAN; DANA SANZO;	HEATHER KNAPP AND CIA
2 0	OFFICIALS	
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2	MR. MAYER: As you all know, we've been
3	working for quite a while to arrange this meeting and
4	there have been a number of logistical issues to work
5	out. Some of you folks have rearranged your
6	schedules to be here and I greatly appreciate that.
7	And we have some representatives from the Central
8	Intelligence Agency who are here to talk to us today
9	about their work for the FBI in studying the
10	statements of the eyewitnesses, and I'll just ask you
11	guys to introduce yourselves and go at it. If I can
12	be of any help, just let me know.
13	DD/CIA/OTI: Good morning. I'm the deputy
14	director of the Office of Transnational Issues
15	(OTI). With me today are two of my analysts who
16	assisted the FBI with the TWA 800 crash landing, and
17	a representative from the CIA's Office of General
18	Counsel. Like all of you in private industry know,
19	we don't go anywhere without our lawyer.
20	In a moment, CIA Analyst #1 will address
21	the CIA's analysis of the eyewitness accounts
22	pertaining to the crash. But first, I'd like to make
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1	some opening comments to provide you some background
2	on the CIA's work and how we got involved. And
3	nothing we're going to tell you here today is
4	classified. Everything here will be unclassified.
5	As you're no doubt aware, there was the
6	possibility this was caused by international
7	terrorism, potentially one of the most lethal such
8	acts ever perpetrated against the United States.
9	With this in mind, the FBI requested the CIA's
10	assistance almost immediately after the crash. As
11	you may also know, the FBI is the lead federal agency
12	for investigating acts of international terrorism
13	committed inside the U.S. borders. Because
14	international terrorism is an authorized CIA area of
15	analysis, the CIA agreed to assist the FBI.
16	Federal investigators focused early on on
17	three possible causes for the crash: a bomb, a
18	missile, or mechanical failure. Because of the
19	eyewitness accounts of something ascending and
20	culminating in explosion, CIA missile analysts placed
21	particular attention on the possibility that a
22	missile was involved.

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Over the course of our work, the FBI provided us with summaries of statements from 244 people who claimed to have witnessed the crash or its aftermath.

5 These summaries did not all arrive at the same time, but were provided over a period of 14 6 7 Some reports contained sight and sound months. observations and most included information that could 8 be used to determine the location of eyewitnesses at 9 the time of the crash. CIA analysts relied on these 10 summaries and did not independently interview any 11 eyewitnesses, although on one occasion they 12 Laccompanied FBI special agents when the FBI 13 14 reinterviewed two eyewitnesses.

The FBI provided us with the following 15 16 National Transportation Safety Board material: two sets of radar tracking data. One was from a radar at 17 Islip providing data sampled once every 4.6 seconds; 18 the other was from a radar at Riverhead providing 19 20 data sampled once every 12 seconds. They provided us: The precise time of -- the aircraft's location, 21 altitude, speed and heading at the moment the CVR and 22

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FDR ceased operating; A salvage map showing the 1 approximate locations where some of the Flight 800 2 debris were found; Meteorological data, including the 3 4 !winds aloft.

The FBI also provided us with NTSB's 5 observations that an abrupt sound was recorded just 6 before the CVR ceased operating, that no other 7 unusual activity was recorded either on the CVR or 8 the FDR, that the front third of the aircraft was 9 believed to have separated from the fuselage, from 10 the main fuselage, soon after the initial explosion. 11 CIA analysts also visited the aircraft 12

reconstruction hangar at Calverton on several 13 different occasions. 14

Additional information and tools that we 15 obtained independently included infrared data from a 16 military satellite; Delorme Version 4.0 Street Atlas 17 USA mapping software to plot the relative locations 18 of the eyewitnesses; and detailed maps of the Long 19 Island area. Our analysis of the FBI summaries took 20 more than a year and required more than 2000 21 man-hours of work. 22

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1	Analysts went to places where the summaries
2	of the eyewitnesses said they had been. They also
3	visited specific vantage points of a few eyewitnesses
4	whose summaries had given particularly detailed
5	descriptions that included readily identifiable
6	reference points. At several of these locations,
7	videotape templates were made to use in our analysis
8	and as backdrops for scenes in the video which we
9	will show you shortly. CIA analysts first concluded
10	that eyewitnesses had observed only the burning
11	aircraft in various stages of crippled flight, rather
12	than a missile attacking the aircraft, on 30 December
13	1996. Preliminary analytic results were provided to
14	the FBI via telephone within 24 hours of the time we
15	made our initial conclusion.
16	Over the next 10 months we were in
17	continuous contact with the FBI as we documented and
18	refined our work. It took about a month for CIA
19	analysts to vet the analysis internally and prepare a
20	formal briefing for the FBI investigators and special
21	agents. This briefing took place in Calverton on 6
22	February 1997. We provided a written summary of

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1	CIA's analysis to FBI Assistant Director James
2	Kallstrom on 28 March 1997. CIA analysts briefed
3	their work to Mr. Kallstrom on 18 June 1997, and
4	again on 22 October 1997 at his request.
5	At the conclusion of the October session,
6	Mr. Kallstrom expressed his desire to use the CIA
7	video "TWA Flight 800: What Did the Eyewitnesses
8	See?" at his news conference announcing the
9	suspension of the criminal investigation, scheduled
10	for the following month. The CIA concurred and
11	prepared the videotape for public release.
12	What I'd like to do now is introduce CIA
13	Analyst #1, who was the lead analyst in our work.
14	He's going to give you an opportunity to see the CIA
15	video one more time, and then open up the discussion
16	about any questions you may have concerning CIA's
17	analysis. CIA Analyst #1.
18	CIA ANALYST #1: We'd like you to see this
19	video one more time now. This was the primary
20	product that we produced for the FBI that summarized
21	our analysis and conclusions that we arrived at.
22	(Video was played.)

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l	MR. MAYER: CIA Analyst #1, it dawned on me
2	while the video was playing that you guys introduced
3	yourselves and I never asked the members of my group
4	who they were. So if you guys wouldn't mind, why
5	don't you tell CIA Analyst #1 who you are and what
6	organization you're with and just a little bit about
7	your role in the investigation.
8	Go ahead, Bob.
9	MR. YOUNG: I'm Bob Young, I'm the director
10	of Flight Safety at TWA.
11	MR. RODRIGUES: Dennis Rodrigues, Boeing
12	Air Safety Accident Investigation.
13	MR. WALTERS: I'm Jim Walters with the Air
14	Line Pilots Association.
15	MR. MANNO: Joseph Manno.
16	CIA ANALYST #1: Probably the most
17	important thing to take away from this video is that
18	the vast majority of the eyewitnesses saw only the
19	last 10 to 15 seconds of what took place.
20	We know from sound propagation analysis and
21	from the radar analysis we did that the time from
22	when the plane exploded to when it hit the water was

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1	roughly 49 seconds. Therefore, if somebody described
2	seeing something in the last 10 to 15 seconds of
3	this, we're confident it's not a missile. They
4	didn't see a missile destroy the aircraft.
5	We also know from the sound propagation
6	analysis that the left wing of the plane breaks away
7	from the plane 42 seconds after that initial
8	explosion, and there's a lot of eyewitnesses that
9	describe seeing two fireballs descend to the ocean
10	and they give the rough times they think that took.
11	They give numbers like six seconds or seven seconds.
12	Our propagation analysis tells us that took
13	about seven seconds. It's very consistent with what
14	these eyewitnesses saw. If an eyewitness describes
15	something that took several seconds and culminated in
16	an explosion which then was followed by two fireballs
17	descending to the ocean's surface, we're very
18	confident those eyewitnesses did not see a missile
19	cause an explosion on the plane, which occurred 49
20	seconds before the plane hit the water.
21	What I'd like to do here is allow you
22	David's told me you have a lot of questions, and

1	rather than run through a briefing that you've
2	written all the answers to probably a more
3	productive use of our time, if you would just ask me
4	questions, I'll address them one at a time. I've
5	brought some materials that I can show if I think
6	they are directly applicable to the question you
7	ask. Or we can just talk out the details.
8	MR. MAYER: Anybody have any questions to
9	start off? I know over time, as we've worked
10	together, there's been questions. I've tried to pass
11	some on. But this is really the opportunity for you
12	guys to ask whatever's on your mind about the
13	videotape.
14	MR. MANNO: I've got one. I may have
15	missed it on the tape. How many witnesses did you
16	actually talk to?
17	CIA ANALYST #1: We didn't
18	MR. MANNO: How many statements did you
19	review?
20	CIA ANALYST #1: There were statements from
21	244 eyewitnesses. Now, because of the way the FBI
22	obtains these, we had more than 244 documents. They

1 produced something that's called 302 statements. 2 These are summaries that the FBI produces from interviews they do. They also do condensed versions 3 4 of these. And so on occasion, you'll have maybe a 5 'two-page report that's condensed down to one or two 6 paragraphs.

7 We asked to have all the materials we 8 possibly could have. It's much more valuable to us 9 to have a complete 302 than it is to have just a 10 summary of a 302. I'll give you an example of why. 11 We needed -- in the process of finding out where 12 these eyewitnesses are, we need to know where they're 13 standing. And sometimes the statement would be, well, "I was standing in my backyard." Well, you 14 15 need to know where the backyard is. We could take the Delorme mapping software and give it an address, 16 17 we could plot it on the computer screen and then do a 18 calculation of how far that eyewitness was from where 19 the plane was when it exploded. Now the location of the plane is based on the radar tracking data plus 20 the on-board recordings that were made before the 21 22 power was lost on the plane.

MR. WALTERS: Of those 244 there was a statement in the tape that -- about 200 were used later as a -- kind of to verify what you already had. Is it fair to say that you started with a much smaller core group of witnesses that you used initially?

CIA ANALYST #1: Because of the way the FBI 7 provided data to us, we didn't get all 244, we didn't 8 9 ¹ get reports from all 244 eyewitnesses at once in the beginning. We got them slowly over a period of 10 really about 10 months. We started out very early on 11 with probably 30 or 40 reports. I think as we 12 started to make progress, the FBI was willing to give 13 us more information and they were tending initially 14 15 to give us reports that looked like they may be descriptions from somebody who had seen a missile --16 flare or fireworks descriptions. 17

Now it turns out some of the most valuable reports for our analysis were witnesses who clearly did not see a missile. Didn't think they had seen a missile, didn't even think they had seen a flare or firework. They saw the fireball falling to the

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1 surface of the ocean.

2	One really good witness in that group said
3	he saw the fireball hit the surface of the water and
4	then simultaneously, almost simultaneously heard the
5	sound of the explosion. That allowed us to go back
6	and calculate how long it took from the initial
7	explosion to when the plane hit the water, even
8	though that particular eyewitness clearly didn't see
9	anything even near to the time the plane exploded.
10	There are eyewitnesses, even after the
11	fact, after this analysis came out, who thought that
12	their descriptions had been discounted by us because
13	they said "I didn't hear sound, how could CIA have
14	used our work if I didn't hear sound?" What you can
15	do is you can map their description into other
16	eyewitnesses whose timing we could specify, and if
17	they're consistent, they then add to the story.
18	And that's pretty much what happened.
19	MR. WALTERS: The loud the very loud
20	explosion that a lot of this is based on, my limited
21	experience with fuel air explosions and my experience
22	over at Grumman Airplane, I'm not sure that I

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1	personally would think that the loudest explosion
2	would have been the initial event, that indeed it
3	might have been something later on in the sequence.
4	And I'm curious how that was approached, if that
5	indeed was part of your consideration.
6	CIA ANALYST #1: Let me explain how that
7	would affect the analysis. Although I am confident
8	that the center fuel tank explosion was the source of
9	that very loud sound, let's temporarily assume that
10	that sound was made later by something else that
11	exploded on the plane or near the plane.
12	MR. WALTERS: Or a structural breakup.
13	CIA ANALYST #1: Or a structural breakup.
14	Now, it's a very loud sound. It shook a
15	70-ton bridge 11 miles away. But if that sound was
16	made later, the effect it would have on our analysis
17	is that the plane the time from the initial
18	explosion to the time that the plane hit the water
19	would be greater than 49 seconds and what that would
20	mean is that somebody who thinks they may have seen a
21	missile destroy the aircraft would see something that

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1 plane hit the water. So in that respect, it would 2 make our conclusion even stronger. Let's go the 3 other way.

MR. LOEB: For example, if the sound they heard was the left wing coming apart and the huge eruption, then you've got even more than the 49 seconds prior to, and the events that occurred all occurred in -- even more subsequent to the initial thing. So --

MR. WALTERS: Right, and while it might not have much of a bearing on whether or not it was a missile, it could have more bearing on trajectory analysis of what the airplane was actually doing at the initial event. You see what I'm saying, timing is a big issue not just for missiles but for what actually is occurring as the airplane is having an event take place on board.

18 CIA ANALYST #1: That's true. Now our 19 primary goal, as you're aware here, was to address 20 the question "What did the eyewitnesses see?" 21 MR. WALTERS: Yes. 22 CIA ANALYST #1: And in particular, could

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1 they have seen a missile destroy the aircraft.
2 MR. WALTERS: Yes.

3 CIA ANALYST #1: Although through the 4 process of our analysis we actually were able to 5 reconstruct a pretty good feel for what generally 6 happened to the plane from the time of the initial 7 explosion to when it hit the water, and we animated 8 that here, that's not central to our conclusion that 9 the eyewitnesses did not see a missile destroy the 10 plane.

MR. WALTERS: I understand.

12 CIA ANALYST #1: While we're on it, let's 13 address another question in terms of the sound propagation analysis. What if somehow that explosion 14 occurred earlier? Because if it occurred much 15 16 earlier, and it was near the plane, now the sound could arrive at the eyewitnesses as the plane's 17 hitting the water and the time between when the plane 18 19 exploded and when it hit the water could be shorter. 20 The reason we don't think that happened is if you had a sound that was loud enough to shake a 21 22 70-ton bridge 11 miles away, and it occurred near the

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1	aircraft, we would think that that sound would be
2	recorded on the recorders, probably on both the
3	cockpit voice recorder and the data recorder. It
4	would shake the plane. So we don't think that
5	happened. Now there are other reasons I won't go
6	into, there are a lot of other reasons for thinking
7	that didn't happen in terms of the description of the
8	sound as it's heard up and down the beach, up and
9	down Long Island
10	MR. WALTERS: The quality of the sound, you
11	mean?
12	CIA ANALYST #1: Not the quality, but the
13	timing. What we can do it's kind of interesting, as
14	people are describing what they're seeing. This one
15	witness I mentioned earlier was relatively close to
16	the plane compared to some of the other
17	eyewitnesses. You go down the beach, some of the
18	witnesses that were further away describe the same
19	thing. They describe the two fireballs coming down
20	and then they describe the sound arriving later.
21	In one case, one eyewitness described
22	actually counting the seconds. She counted seconds.

1	She said, "the plane hit the water and I counted
2	about four seconds and then I heard the sound."
3	She's playing this back in her mind. And the
4	distance was consistent, as we moved down the beach,
5	was consistent with the different arrival times of
6	the sound as it was reported by the eyewitnesses.
7	Now you don't expect those descriptions to
8	be correct to within a second or two, but in general
9	the sound propagation made sense. The ones we trust
10	the most are ones where somebody says, "I saw
11	something and I heard something almost
12	simultaneously." That happened, for example, with
13	the eyewitness who was on a boat, who described
14	seeing a flare-like object and then realized what he
15	was seeing was an airplane. And he actually saw a
16	wing detach. He described it. This is in an
17	eyewitness report. That report was made before the
18	work was done by the NTSB that said that indeed a
19	wing had detached. So we placed a fair amount of
20	faith in that eyewitness.
21	A very loud sound occurred right as that

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detachment occurred. That told us -- we know where

1	that witness was told us that it was 42 seconds
2	from when the plane exploded to when that wing
3	detached. That was very important because a lot of
4	other eyewitnesses didn't realize it was a wing
5	detaching. They just saw the two fireballs. We
6	could now describe, we could now map these
7	eyewitnesses into the earlier descriptions. That, by
8	the way, includes the helicopter pilot, who I believe
9	has gone on record saying he was afraid that maybe
10	his description wasn't used as much as it should have
11	been. We did use his description. He described the
12	same fireball that we think was described by some of
13	the other witnesses.

MR. RODRIGUES: You said that the loud 14 explosion you heard was -- you were confident you 15 said that the loud explosion you heard was the center 16 tank that resulted in shaking the bridge. The 17 problem I'm having a little bit is the center tank 18 explosion is categorized as a low-order explosion, 19 would it still emit a sound, a loud sound given a 20 low-order explosion, whatever a "low-order explosion" 21 means, from the structural breakup, that's the 22

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1 conclusion we've arrived at.

2 CIA ANALYST #1: Our reason for concluding that -- for thinking that the loud sound was produced 3 by the center fuel tank exploding -- is that it's a 4 confined tank with fumes in it. If you're going to 5 have a loud explosion associated with the plane, near 6 the plane, you ask yourself, "What could have 7 produced that sound?" We've heard speculation, 8 9 things like well, a missile warhead. Not nearly loud enough to do that sort of thing. It wouldn't be 10 relevant here because we're dealing with what the 11 eyewitnesses saw. We're trying to -- we're placing 12 what they saw later. But in terms of producing the 13 sound, it seemed to us that this was the only way to 14 get a sound that loud. 15

Now we were aware that there is contention, some people saying that that sound could have been made by the fuel tank exploding, others saying that it maybe wasn't. There are also, there are eyewitnesses who report hearing several sounds, not just one sound. They hear a loud sound followed by several other sounds. There's two ways that could

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happen. You could have another source for additional sounds, and we had speculated that possibly the engines stalling could produce those sounds. They produce loud sounds but not as loud, certainly not as loud as the sound it would take to shake a 70-ton bridge 11 miles away.

MR. WALTERS: On that same issue, that 7 70-ton bridge, that's a very good witness and that 8 was an important thing too. What surprises me is 9 there was a number of other witnesses in the same 10 general area that don't recall a particularly loud 11 And maybe that's typical, but it seems kind 12 sound. of hard to justify. 13

CIA ANALYST #1: We were concerned about 14 that a little bit. One of the things we -- Now, 15 there are a lot of eyewitnesses that reported hearing 16 They even describe it as a concussion a loud sound. 17 If you look up and down the beach, the 18 sound. witnesses that tend to hear the sounds tend to be 19 more easterly. If you go west an equal distance from 20 where the plane was when it exploded, those witnesses 21 don't hear sound. So for whatever reason, the sound 22

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1 appeared to have propagated forward.

2	But there's also another explanation. We
3	did find a few eyewitnesses who were relatively near
4	eyewitnesses that heard sounds that didn't report
5	hearing sounds. They were right on the beach, and we
6	actually went down to the beach and when you're
7	standing on the beach you realize that this may have
8	occurred: You're getting waves breaking and as a wave
9	breaks, if you're standing right near the wave, it
10	could obscure a sound. The timing of the waves could
11	be such that literally you could have a person
12	hearing a wave break right as that sound arrives.
13	And somebody else down the beach, the waves break and
14	they would hear that sound in between.
15	MR. YOUNG: Could I ask you a quick
16	question. I think in the literature that I've read,
17	to produce the kinds of sound we're talking about,
18	would be a minimum of a thousand pounds of TNT at
19	that many miles. I don't see how we could get a
20	center tank to make that sound.
21	In any case, I'm certainly no expert on it
22	but looking at some of the literature, the question I

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1	have is one of the witnesses that you used, I believe
2	in your summary was the Eastwind Airlines captain.
3	We also had an opportunity, thanks to the board, to
4	talk with him and he indicated to us that he watched
5	the airplane for a significant period of time prior
6	to the event occurring. He described the event as an
7	expanding fireball. We asked him at that time
8	whether he saw anything associated with the airplane
9	ascend from that fireball, which of course it would
10	have had he would have had to see if the airplane
11	boost up and he told us he did not see anything. And
12	he was between 15 and 19 miles looking right at it
13	and above it, and I think that should finish. If
14	it had ascended, certainly he would have been
15	concerned because it would have ascended right
16	through his altitude.

17 CIA ANALYST #1: Based on our analysis of 18 the 302 information from that eyewitness, we think 19 the fireball that he's describing is -- I believe he 20 describes, he describes two separate fireballs. 21 Again, he's one of these eyewitnesses that is seeing, 22 at that point, describing what's happening near the

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1	end. Now, he also described seeing a light earlier
2	that leads into the fireball. I think what he is
3	seeing is possibly originally a light on the plane
4	itself but at the point at which the front of the
5	plane comes off I think what he is seeing is what
6	some of the other early eyewitnesses see, which is a
7	white light, not from the plane (from the plane's
8	lights) but a fire trailing from the plane. And I
9	think that leads into a fireball which then descends
10	to the ocean's surface.
11	MR. YOUNG: Would you characterize then a
12	fire from the airplane, probably with whatever
13	residual fuel was available, to be a white light?
14	CIA ANALYST #1: I'm not qualified to
15	characterize what color the light would be. The
16	eyewitnesses described the light as white very
17	often. Others described it as whitish orange. We
18	didn't put a lot of emphasis on the precise colors
19	they were using to describe the light. We tried to
20	get a sense of how early they were seeing it.
21	Now, a very important point I think to make
22	here is that there may be only one ground-based

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eyewitness who saw the light right after the plane 1 exploded. That's the eyewitness who was on the 2 The reason I say that is he gave us 3 bridge. 4 Freference points we could deal with. He described 5 two houses, one house above which the white light first appeared. He then said he saw the light, I 6 think he used the phrase "zigzag" for about 15 7 seconds, disappear for two to three seconds, and then 8 he sees a fireball in the sky. The fireball then 9 comes down and falls behind a different house. Now 10 11 we were able to go to where this eyewitness was standing. We actually made a template, which is the 12one we used in the video. When you see those two 13 houses, that's right where we think he was standing. 14 We had a camera right at the height that he would be 15 seeing this at. 16

We can take the radar data, we know where the plane was when it exploded. It's where he said that white light first appeared. We know where the plane hit the water. It's where he said the fireball fell down behind that other house. That made us very confident that he was seeing just the plane. Now

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1	when we looked at that, when we started doing that
2	analysis, we didn't have any preconceived notions of
3	what we were looking at. We thought perhaps if this
4	was an eyewitness who was going to be describing a
5	missile, we would be able to use those reference
6	points to determine perhaps where the missile was
7	launched from.
8	It was in the process of doing that
9	analysis that we realized this key eyewitness
10	probably saw only the airplane in various stages of
11	destruction rather than a missile attacking the
12	plane.
13	MR. YOUNG: Well, I guess, CIA Analyst #1,
14	the question I have still from our speaking with this
15	one gentleman was he was leveling his airplane at
16	16,000, now ours was about 137 or 8, your analysis
17	has it zooming to above his altitude. And he's
18	closing at a rather rapid rate, I mean, even if the
19	747 is stopped and it was just falling down, and he
20	indicated to us that he saw nothing, and he would be
21	
	looking at about 400,000 pounds of airplane and
22	looking at about 400,000 pounds of airplane and whatever zooming up to about a thousand feet above

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his altitude, I think that he would have noticed it.
We asked him specifically and he said that as far as
he was concerned nothing of a large magnitude came
out of the top of the fireball. So that's the reason
I had that question.

6 CIA ANALYST #1: He was about, I believe, 7 his estimate was 15 to 20 miles away. He was further 8 away than a lot of the other eyewitnesses but perhaps 9 an advantage he had is that he's at a different 10 view. Like I say, we took the description that we had in the 302 the FBI provided us, we took that very 11 seriously, we analyzed it along with the other 12 descriptions. 13

14 Go back to something else here in terms of how high that plane went after the initial 15 explosion. We had an aerodynamicist, an engineer 16 who's very experienced. He's a pilot and he also 17 built his own airplane. Took him about eight years. 18 19 He was working with several aerodynamicists at Boeing 20 as he proceeded through this analysis. We were trying to match aerodynamic information along with 21 22 radar information that we had and come up with an

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1 estimate of what the plane did. And we were doing 2 this so we could try to get a sense of what the 3 eyewitnesses may have seen.

4 It's a very important point that it's not 5 critical precisely how high that plane went. I think 6 the news media have suggested the plane exploded and 7 zoomed up and this is what the eyewitnesses saw. We know that the vast majority of eyewitnesses did not 8 9 see things happening near the beginning. Even if the 10 plane went up several thousand feet, on the ground 11 there's maybe one eyewitness that saw that, this guy 12 on the bridge.

I think there's a reason for that. 13 If you 14 read his description carefully, they're working on 15 this bridge and there's a number of them. There's like four and there's a control room for the bridge 16 and they're down in that room. He wanders up to take 17 18 a break. And he's standing in an area on the bridge 19 and he's looking out in the direction where this 20 light appears in the sky. He had a reason to be 21 looking in that direction. Just relaxing and 22 looking. A lot of other people are on the beach,

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they're talking to each other. Their attention is
 first drawn to this when they see a bright fireball.

What he is seeing is a very faint light. 3 In his description, it's a pinpoint of white light 4 zigzagging up. I think it would be very possible... 5 this is occurring right at sunset, right as the sun 6 is setting. It's relatively light out. I think it's 7 every reasonable that very few people would be 8 expected to see this happen right from the beginning 9 10 unless they are looking in that part of the sky.

MR. RODRIGUES: The video shows, or the video in effect says that what the eyewitnesses saw was the crippled airplane, after the nose comes off, climbing. So that's the streak of light that they're reporting. As an eyewitness --

CIA ANALYST #1: That is something that a 16 The guy on the bridge saw few eyewitnesses saw. 17 that. We suspect the individual on the USAir flight 18 looking down saw that, saw it at the beginning. And 19 there's another eyewitness we didn't refer to in the 20 video who described seeing a light go up and over. 21 She described it to appear like a roller coaster, the 22

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motion of a roller coaster. We think that she may 1 2 have seen it.

The vast majority of eyewitnesses who 3 describe something that they think may be ascending 4 in the sky culminating in the fireball, and then two 5 pieces falling to the ocean, we are confident that 6 those people saw things occurring at the end and not 7 at the beginning, regardless of what happened to the 8 plane in the first five or 10 seconds after it 9 exploded. 10

MR. WALTERS: When you say "at the end" you 11 mean after -- what do you mean at the end? 12

CIA ANALYST #1: By "the end," I mean 13 within -- as we say in the video, within the last 10 14 to 15 seconds before the plane hit the water. So out 15 of this 49-second period from when the plane 16 initially exploded to when it hit the water, most 17 eyewitnesses are only seeing things that occur within 18 the last 10 to 15 seconds of that 49-second period. 19 MR. WALTERS: And not the actual --20 whatever is happening on the airplane prior to the 21 first fireball set, at the top of the arch when it

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1 starts to come down?

2	CIA ANALYST #1: That's correct. Even that
3	fireball, which is a smaller fireball, I think that
4	produces, that's The beginning of the streak in
5	the sky, what most people describe as a streak, is
6	that fireball. The one that occurs near the point at
7	which the plane is at its maximum altitude.
8	MR. WALTERS: That's significantly
9	different than what our review of the witness
10	statements leads us to believe. By our count, I
11	think we have something like 260 what we call "streak
12	of light witnesses," which is what we determined a
13	witness who saw something after the initial event but
14	before the first "fireball" as being something on the
15	airplane that's emitting strong light.
16	CIA ANALYST #1: How do you determine in
17	your analysis what portion of the final disaster
18	they're seeing? In other words, what portion of that
19	49-second period they're seeing?
20	MR. MAYER: I don't know that we've
21	actually determined analytically what portion of the
22	analysis they've seen. But we did reach an

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1	agreement, and I don't have it in front of me, on
2	what a streak of light is, because a number of
3	witnesses, as you know, report seeing something they
4	described that was firework-like or that looked like
5	a point of light or fairly concentrated light in the
6	sky.
7	Generally, they described it as rising.
8	Many of them saw it for a very brief period of time,
9	five to 10 seconds. And in our reading of the
10	witness statements, we, as a group, identified those
11	witnesses who met a much tighter definition of streak
12	of light than I can resurrect from my memory right
13	this minute.
14	And that number was do you actually have
15	the number, Jim?
16	MR. WALTERS: In my notes I have 260,
17	having gone through and verified what we call the
18	streak of light, it may not be exact.
19	MR. LOEB: Have you done a time distance
20	study on any of those?
21	MR. MAYER: We're in the process. Heather
22	has gotten terribly familiar with Delorme Street

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1 Mapper and things determining these witnesses. We're almost finished with that. I don't know that the 2 3 group has necessarily determined in an analytic sense 4 that the streak of light witnesses are necessarily 5 seeing things right at the beginning of the event, 6 but certainly the way their statements tend to 7 characterize it is that's where their observations 8 began, I think generally. 9 And CIA Analyst #1, we've had MR. YOUNG: 10 access to 755 witness statements versus your 244. 11 CIA ANALYST #1: Right. 12 MR. YOUNG: We do have a fair amount of 13 people that characterize the light. You've mentioned 14 that you have an aerodynamics person that was on the 15 analysis team and is a pilot. Is there anybody on your team that had experience with large aircraft of 16 17 this size? CIA ANALYST #1: Well, if we include on our 18 team the Boeing people we were consulting with, yes. 19 20 MR. YOUNG: Okay, because I think part of your analysis, the airplane remains wings level. 21 As 22 it pitches up and at the very top we see the engines'

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1 compressors stalling for effect, I guess,

2 symmetrically, which was nice of them to do that. Ιt turns out that this particular engine has a huge 3 appetite for fuel and it would be at climb power at 4 5 the time. And we found out unfortunately in normal 6 operations that without what we call positive 7 pressure to the engines, that they tend to flame out very rapidly. And of course, with the nose off the 8 9 airplane there would be no power to the electrical 10 boost pumps to provide that positive pressure to the engines. So it's our -- at least, assumption, that 11 12 probably those engines were not producing power after 17,000 feet. 13

14 So I guess my question is, if you were 15 using the engines as developing that climb power up 16 to that altitude, I'm curious about why that 17[.] assumption was made.

18 CIA ANALYST #1: I asked our aerodynamicist 19 to do a run, do a simulation where he cut off the 20 engines within a few seconds of when the plane 21 exploded and see if it had enough momentum and lift 22 to produce a trajectory that would be close to what

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we thought the eyewitnesses may have seen with our
 original trajectory, and the answer came back yes.

So you don't have to have the engines 3 running to have the plane appear in a way that it 4 5 would have for those early eyewitnesses, and again, I repeat there's only a few of them. This isn't going 6 to explain the vast majority that you're worried 7 about, if you're worried about the streaks that 8 hundreds of people have seen. We think those people 9 have seen things near the end. But aerodynamically, 10 the plane can ascend without power according to our 11 12 aerodynamic model.

MR. YOUNG: And I quess the other question 13 Swept wing airplanes tend to be 14 I have, too. generally unstable and once you lose 100,000 pounds 15 or so off the nose, obviously he was using the shift 16 of center of gravity, but I'm concerned of why he 17 would assume that the wings would remain level in 18 that situation. Because that's key to the airplane 19 being able to ascend. And again, our witness at the 20 15 or so miles said that the airplane turned and fell 21 off to one side. 2.2

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> 1 CIA ANALYST #1: When you say the witness who saw the airplane turn and fall to one side, is 2 this the gentleman on the boat? 3 4 MR. YOUNG: No, this is the gentleman on the Eastwind airplane, the captain. He indicated, 5 again, that he never saw any ascension, and as I say, 6 he would only have been leveling at 16,000 feet. 7 8 CIA ANALYST #1: It was my understanding, 9 based on the 302 information we had, that the pilot never reported seeing the plane. He only saw a light 10 11 which --MR. YOUNG: We asked him to -- specifically 12 and he said he never could identify any part of the 13 airplane until after the explosion and then he did 14 15 see parts of the airplane. CIA ANALYST #1: He actually claims to have 16 seen pieces of the airplane rather than fire? 17 18 MR. YOUNG: He said two pieces followed by a trail of fire. 19 20 MR. MAYER: I think the salient point of 21 what he is saying is the trail of fire, though. I 22 .don't remember that he's specifically saying that we

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] don't have a -- I don't believe that he's saying that he saw the wings. If I recall correctly, he saw a 2 trail of flames that he believed to be the wings; I 3 4 don't believe he ever actually --5 MR. YOUNG: He said two pieces of the airplane trailing fire that he assumed was the wings. 6 7 MR. RODRIGUES: But trailing fire down. 8 CIA ANALYST #1: If he said he saw trailing fire, this is consistent with the information we had 9 10 earlier, which was that he saw fire, but never specifically referred to seeing a part of the 11 airplane itself. And that didn't surprise us because 12 of how far away he was. If he's 15 to 20 miles away, 13 witnesses that were even closer never reported seeing 14 15 the plane itself. They reported seeing lights in the 16 sky. 17 Now again, I would emphasize as soon as any eyewitness starts talking about two fireballs 18 descending to the ocean's surface we get very, very, 19 very confident that what they are describing from 20 21 that point on is the last seven or so seconds of the disaster before the plane hits the water. 22

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1 It's one of the most consistent things that 2 we see among all the eyewitnesses that we've looked 3 at. 4 MR. MAYER: We would probably agree with 5 that because we've certainly seen a number of 6 statements that talk about seeing a fireball, or two fireballs fall down into the ocean. 7 8 We've been going at this for about an 9 hour. Do you want to take just a very rapid break 10 perhaps? 11 MR. LOEB: I think before you do that, you see if they have any additional questions. 12 13 MR. MAYER: What do you think, guys? 14 MR. RODRIGUES: I don't need a break. 15 MR. WALTERS: I'm fine. I'd like to keep 16 going. 17 MR. MANNO: I want to bring up one point 18 during our interview with Captain McClaine. I think he said he saw the point of the white light and 19 20 followed it all the way off and on right up to the 21 explosion event. It was enveloped by the explosion, 22 which kind of left us wondering about the power on

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1 the airplane and things like that. Because if the 2 assumption is that's the landing light, that means 3 there's power on the airplane.

4 CIA ANALYST #1: You're correct. Either 5 there's power on the airplane and it's a landing 6 light which is on all the way until the plane breaks 7 apart. Or a landing light that he has seen earlier 8 fades into a small fire and he cannot discriminate 9 one from the other. You're absolutely correct.

10 MR. MANNO: That's something you looked 11 at?

12 CIA ANALYST #1: It didn't affect our 13 analysis in the sense that the description that he 14 gave of multiple fireballs descending to the surface 15 was consistent with other eyewitnesses. Other 16 eyewitnesses described a light that they saw in the 17 sky earlier.

18 MR. MANNO: I think we came away with the 19 feeling that he was looking at a landing light. It 20 was something on the aircraft. I'm just surprised 21 that he said it stayed there right to the explosion 22 and right after the fireball.

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> 1 MR. RODRIGUES: Going back to the video 2 again, showing the airplane climbing and leaving a trail of light is what the witnesses saw. 3 In your 4 analysis, you've put a witness on the beach --5 CIA ANALYST #1: Again, I need to clarify 6 something here. When you say what the eyewitnesses 7 saw, there's one ground-based eyewitness that would have seen -- that we believe saw the event that 8 9 early. MR. RODRIGUES: Okay. I guess, I keep 10 getting hung up on that and you keep correcting me. 11 12 MR. YOUNG: Well, one eyewitness that 13 you've seen. We've seen a lot more than you have. 14 MR. RODRIGUES: The video presents it in 15 such a way it leaves the viewer as thinking a 16 composite of the eyewitnesses who saw an early event 17 saw this (indicating). If it's only one or two, then it's not representative of all of them but that's 18 19 okay. Let's just say it's one witness who saw this. That's fine. The one witness who saw it from where 20 he was standing if he looked out to where it 21 22 occurred, the nose comes off, the airplane climbs, we

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1 agreed it will climb. What does your analysis show 2 as far as the angle goes? I mean, what would he 3 see?

4 CIA ANALYST #1: A very, very good 5 question. The angle of the light that he sees in the 6 sky, the ascent rate of that angle is somewhat driven 7 by the fact that the plane is approaching him. I'11 give you an example of this; if you're looking at an 8 9 airplane flying directly towards you in absolutely 10 level flight, it will appear to be ascending in the 11 sky, because the angle of your sight to -- the line 12 of sight to the plane is increasing as the plane 13 approaches you.

14 Flight 800 was flying at an obligue angle to this eyewitness but generally approaching him. 15 So there's some ascent that he would see even if the 16 17 plane had exploded and continued to fly level. Now to explain the magnitude of the ascent that he 18 described as well as to hit the radar points that we 19 20 had -- because we have more than just his 21 description, we have radar data -- to do both of 22 those, we had the plane ascend somewhat after the

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1 initial explosion. That seemed to be consistent with 2 the front of the airplane coming off. But again, the 3 magnitude of that ascent isn't directly proportional 4 to what he sees in the sky. I think that's a very 5 important point to make.

6 MR. RODRIGUES: Yeah, I was trying to 7 quantify that. If it's the one witness who is used 8 to derive that view, what did he see in terms of a 9 streak, you know, how much of an ascent was it 10 compared to the witnesses that we're reading. I'm 11 trying to balance that out or make a connection 12 there.

13 CIA ANALYST #1: The reason we could use 14 that eyewitness in the video is that we had a 15 template which contained the houses along the beach 16 that he used as reference points to what he was 17 seeing. And as a backdrop, we have radar data. We could use the radar data, knowing where he was 18 19 standing, knowing where the houses are, to say, 20 "Where was the plane?" The plane is right over that 21 first house when it first explodes. We then have radar data to derive the trajectory. 22

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> 1 And we know where the plane was when it hit 2 the water. It's behind that second house. That's how we produced that part of the video. We used the 3 4 radar data along with the aerodynamic modeling and 5 his general description. We never go to a -- we never take an eyewitness report and try to derive a 6 trajectory directly from what the eyewitness is 7 8 saying because they're giving estimates. In his particular case, because he gave us some very good 9 reference points, he was an excellent witness. 10

If somebody -- for instance, if a witness 2 says "I saw something ascending at a steep angle in 3 the sky," you can't use a story like that to get a 24 quantitative estimate of what the plane did.

MR. RODRIGUES: You weren't able to look at 15 other witnesses who were in positions that would give 16 you similar references, other people who might be 17 18 more closer to a 90-degree angle, for example, through the flight path out there? 19 CIA ANALYST #1: Most of the good 20 eyewitnesses, not surprisingly, are on the beach. 21 They're along the beach, and this occurred out over 22

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the ocean. So you have no references other than the 1 2 horizon. And even the precision of that horizon is in question, how precisely a witness can see the 3 horizon at that hour of the day. But what we need to 4 do comparisons with the radar data is knowledge of 5 6 where the eyewitness is, and then where known 7 references are with respect to the fire that the witness is describing. 8 9 MR. RODRIGUES: The difficulty I'm having is a lot of the eyewitnesses, and we only read these 10 in the last few months, long after the video came 11 out, is quite a few eyewitnesses are talking about 12 something going straight up. And we try to capture 13 those that occurred or reported before an explosion 14 15 was seen. Or that's all they reported whatever. And 16 I'm trying to relate angles with various people, various locations. And if this was really made 17 focusing on one individual that had a -- really good 18 19 reference points then, of course, it doesn't include 20 other people who were also reporting the same, 21 something going straight up -- maybe they didn't have

22 references like you said -- and try to get some

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understanding really of what they're seeing. You
 know, what phase of that.

3 CIA ANALYST #1: The reason it wasn't 4 important to us to understand what a lot of 5 eyewitnesses who reported seeing things going up --6 wasn't important for us to know what they had seen, 7 is we could establish that they saw things that took 8 place 10 to 15 seconds before the plane hit the 9 water.

MR. RODRIGUES: How do you establish that, 11 the sound?

12 CIA ANALYST #1: By the sound propagation 13 analysis, and in particular, by the inclusion in a 14 lot of these eyewitnesses' descriptions of two 15 fireballs descending to the ocean's surface.

16 MR. RODRIGUES: Yeah.

17 CIA ANALYST #1: We know that the 18 two-fireball separation takes place about seven 19 seconds before the plane hits the water. Now I 20 should ask this question here: Is there any 21 skepticism or doubt about the analysis that 22 establishes that it was about 49 seconds from when

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1 the plane initially exploded to when it hit the 2 water? And likewise, that it's about 42 seconds from 3 when the plane explodes to when the left wing 4 detaches?

5 : MR. WALTERS: Let me answer that with a 6 question. There's an event before the left wing 7 separates.

CIA ANALYST #1: Right.

9 MR. WALTERS: There's what we call the initial fireball, which is the first highly visible 10 fireball in the sky. It has nothing to do with the 11 12 streak of light. But it's prior to the wing coming 13 off and the airplane separating. What is your 14 estimation of the initial event, the center tank 15 explosion, to the first fireball? What's the length 16 of time on that?

17 CIA ANALYST #1: Good question. We've 18 animated that here to be about 18 seconds. That is a 19 real estimate. There's no sound propagation analysis 20 that lets you establish when that fireball occurred. 21 It's driven largely by the one ground-based 22 eyewitness who gave us reference points and described

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seeing a white light ascend for about 15 seconds,
 then disappear for two to three seconds, and then in
 that portion of the sky a small fireball appears.

We don't think that is the fireball that a 4 5 lot of the other eyewitnesses are describing, which is a big fireball which almost immediately produces 6 7 two trails of fire falling to the water's surface. Something else I guess I should say here. We think 8 9 it's reasonable, considering how dramatic this was, that it's unlikely that somebody would look at this 10 in the sky, watch it for a while and then look away 11 and do something else. So a number that was very 12 valuable for us to have is: "How long was it from 13 when you first observed something in the sky until 14 the time at which you lost sight of it, whether 15 it's -- because it fell to the ocean's surface, or if 16 you're further inland, because it fell down behind 17 some trees or behind a house?" 18

19 It's reasonable that these people, once 20 they started seeing this, continued watching it. So 21 you get a good sense of what they're seeing by asking 22 them, "How long was your total observation?" Now

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> 1 unfortunately, we didn't have an opportunity to go back and do that. We were relying on the 302 reports 2 3 that we had. And in several cases, those total 4 estimates are made in those reports. In other cases, although they don't say how long their observations 5 lasted, they do describe the two fireballs falling to 6 the ocean's surface and we established that those --7 that time duration was about seven seconds. 8

9 MR. RODRIGUES: People have different 10 perceptions of time obviously. We all do. Did you 11 run an extreme to see what the differences would be 12 in terms of how long the explosion?

CIA ANALYST #1: We did this, we asked 13 ourself this question. We played devil's advocate. 14 15 Said let's temporarily assume that these eyewitnesses are seeing a missile which streaks toward the plane 16 and causes the initial explosion. What is the total 17 18 duration of their observation? How much of this must they have seen if they then continue to follow it all 19 the way down to the time at which the fireballs hit 20 21 the ocean? What it has to be is 49 seconds plus the additional time of the streak that they're seeing 22

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1 leading up to the initial explosion, if they're 2 seeing a missile qo from the ocean's surface. 3 CIA Analyst #2 who does analysis on that 4 sort of thing had an estimate. What was your 5 estimate of how long it would take? 6 CIA ANALYST #2: It would take 10 to 15, depending whether they were directly below or off to 7 8 the side, 10 seconds. 9 CIA ANALYST #1: So we're looking at 49 10 plus 10, maybe about a minute of looking, a minute of 11 observation. If you go back to the witnesses we're 12 describing, they don't appear to be that long with 13 the one exception of this witness on the bridge who describes a fairly long ascent. And then we also 14 have an additional check on him because we know where 15 the light is when he first sees it and where the 16 17 fireball is when he loses sight of it. We have an 18 azimuth over where his observations took place. So we're confident that he saw an awful lot of this, 19 20 whereas we think the other eyewitnesses -- many of 21 the other eyewitnesses saw only the last 10 to 15 seconds. 22

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> 1 MR. RODRIGUES: Was he the one that said he 2 saw a white light zigzag? Or somebody said that. Ιs that the one that reported it? 3 4 CIA ANALYST #1: He says he sees --5 MR. RODRIGUES: White light zigzag, rising. 6 CIA ANALYST #1: That's correct. 7 MR. RODRIGUES: Was the person on the 8 bridge the person that said that? 9 CIA ANALYST #1: Yes. He also --10 MR. RODRIGUES: Let me interrupt a second. 11 CIA ANALYST #1: Sure, sure. 12 MR. RODRIGUES: The airplane in crippled 13 flight, I have a problem understanding how it would 14 zigzag. You know, if it's rolling, with the wing it would turn one way or the other. It's going to 15 16 probably --17 CIA ANALYST #1: He said the light is 18 zigzagging or twinkling. I'm not convinced that that necessarily reflects precisely what the plane is 19 doing or why the light appears to look that way to 20 21 bim. 22 MR. RODRIGUES: Okay.

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> 1 CIA ANALYST #1: Let me say something else 2 about this eyewitness because I think this is 3 interesting. He was an important eyewitness to us. 4 And we asked the FBI to talk to him again, and they 5 did. In his original description, he thought he had 6 seen a firework and that perhaps that firework had 7 originated on the beach behind the house. We went to that location and realized that if he was only seeing 8 9 the airplane, that he would not see a light appear from behind the rooftop of that house. The light 10 11 would actually appear in the sky. It's high enough in the sky that that would have to happen. 12

> 13 When he was reinterviewed, he said that is indeed what happened. The light did appear in the 14 sky. Now when the FBI told us that, we got even more 15 comfortable with our theory. He also described, he 16 17 was asked to describe how high in the sky above the house he thought that light appeared, and he said it 18 was as if -- if you imagine a flag pole on top of the 19 20 house it would be as if it were on the top or the tip of the flag pole. 21

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MR. WALTERS: He's an excellent witness.

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1 And my concern is that when all 755 statements are made available to the public, you and the public will 2 see numerous statements that appear to be excellent 3 4 witnesses that don't agree with him. And I think part of what this group has to do is address that, 5 6 whether we tend to agree or disagree.

So if we seem a little skeptical, it's not 7 because we don't believe that one witness, he was 8 But there's a bunch of them in there that, 9 great. from the perspective of trying to legitimately 10 11 explain what happened to the airplane, it could be a problem out in public. That's my comment. 12 The question is the Boeing aerodynamicist gave you some 13 indication of what they would expect the airplane to 14 do aerodynamically with the nose off the front of the 15 airplane. Did anyone try to explain what the light 16 might be that the airplane is emitting after the nose 17 18 comes off?

From a personal point of view, I have 19 difficulty -- I don't have difficulty with your 20 21 analysis, I think it was very well done. I want to know what it is we're looking at on the airplane 22

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1 that's causing such a bright light that it can be
2 seen 40 miles away.

3 CIA ANALYST #1: I would think that that 4 light would be produced by fuel burning in some way. There was some residual fuel in the center fuel 5 tank. If an explosion occurred, it's the fumes that 6 7 explode. It's not the liquid fuel. If the integrity of the center tank is ruptured and the fuel is now 8 dispersed into the air, and it's burning, that could 9 10 be a source of that light.

MR. WALTERS: It could be. But typically,a fuel air mixture doesn't burn that way.

13 Typically. I mean --

22

14 CIA ANALYST #1: We did not address -- we 15 left that type of analysis to NTSB, people that are 16 looking at the plane itself. We're saying this is 17 where -- the plane was in this location when that 18 light appeared in the sky.

19 MR. WALTERS: Right.

20 CIA ANALYST #1: That's what our analysis 21 was.

MR. RODRIGUES: To add to that, there's

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1	residual fuel, 50 gallons, the airplane's climbing so
2	it has a nose-up altitude and it has even more of a
3	nose up altitude now because the nose is off, those
4	50 gallons to begin with are in the back part of the
5	tank. The tank exploded and vented forward, the
6	front part of the tank opened up. But the back part
7	didn't, at that point. So if this fuel is burning
8	it's burning in the tank and in a way that would keep
9	it from being visible, I think. So what's actually
10	burning is a question that kind of comes up.
11	MR. CAMPBELL: If you don't mind, I'm going
12	to ask CIA Analyst #1 not to answer that question.
13	MR. LOEB: He's handled it fine. He's
14	already said that's something he's not going to
15	analyze.
16	MR. RODRIGUES: We'll have to try and deal
17	with it.
18	MR. LOEB: I think there is an explanation,
19	but we will obviously have to deal with that, and
20	we'll do so, Dennis. But it's not something that
21	they have done.
22	MR. RODRIGUES: Okay.

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> 1 CIA ANALYST #1: I'd like to go back to an 2 earlier question because I think it'll come up 3 again. You mentioned having, you said, 755 4 eyewitness reports, many of whom are going to be hard 5 to explain in the context of our template of what 6 happened to the plane because they report seeing 7 something ascend up at a steep angle.

> Many of the 244 eyewitnesses that we looked 8 at are included in that group. We understand that 9 these eyewitnesses think they saw something ascend at 10 a steep angle and culminate in an explosion. If that 11 steep angle preceded immediately a fireball which 12 then split into two and came down, we are confident 13 that even though they thought what they saw was 14 something originating perhaps off the ocean's 15 surface, streaking up and hitting the plane, that in 16 fact, what they really saw was a fire trail in the 17 sky which culminated in the breakup of the plane, two 18 fireballs. 19

20 So what I'm saying is even if we only have 21 the eyewitnesses that we were looking at, that 22 question is going to arise. Now it's very possible,

since you have many more eyewitness reports than were 1 given to us by the FBI, that you have some useful 2 3 information in your reports that would have been of value to us if we had had it. We wouldn't know that 4 5 until we had had a chance to see the reports. 6 MR. WALTERS: I don't know that we do. I 7 think some of the witnesses that you got early on are 8 some of the witnesses that we looked at very carefully as well. 9

10 MR. MAYER: And to add to that, many, many, of the statements that we got, you may have gotten as 11 well, I don't know. But many of the statements that 12 13 we got are extraordinarily brief. I mean, they may 14 be three or four sentences. And they're maybe characterized by a witness saw a streak of light 15 moving upward, and the explosion, and two fireballs 16 17 falling to the water. And that probably summarizes the entire content of a large number of statements. 18 MR. MANNO: And also, some of our witnesses 19 20 are late witnesses, too. 21 MR. MAYER: They're what? 22 MR. MANNO: They're late witnesses. Past

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1	17, 18.
2	MR. MAYER: They're literally just seeing
3	smoke rising off the water.
4	MR. MANNO: I mean, when they were
5	interviewed.
6	MR. LOEB: When they came to our attention.
7	MR. MAYER: That's right.
8	MR. WALTERS: Were you going to add to
9	that? One of the tasks that we have talked about as
10	a group that would be nice to have done is a
11	correlation of data, or a time line between
12	information from various groups on the investigation,
13	and you had mentioned that in your analysis. You
14	looked at the FDR and the CVR determination as a part
15	of your, quote, time line. And I'm curious
16	CIA ANALYST #1: That's correct.
17	MR. WALTERS: And maybe the variance is so
18	slight, maybe it doesn't matter at all. One of the
19	questions that I don't know was ever answered very
20	well was exactly when the CVR and the FDR terminated
21	in relation to what else is going on with the
22	airplane, and I'm curious that that 1, 2, 5 seconds,

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1 you said 4 seconds, when the nose came off might have
2 been sooner or longer, but was that variation in time
3 part of your equation in your own time line? Did
4 you -- was there ever any question to your group when
5 the CVR and FDR actually ceased? Put it that way.

CIA ANALYST #1: We used the cessation time 6 7 of the CVR and FDR, and I believe they were within a quarter second of each other in terms of the time 8 9 they went down. We used that to establish where the plane was when the initial explosion took place, 10 11 because we wanted to propagate the sound from that 12 point. If there's an error in that time, if the 13 error is several seconds, it will slightly affect the 14 sound propagation analysis but not very much. And it will affect it because the location of the plane will 15 be slightly different. It won't affect it linearly. 16 In other words, if the plane exploded four seconds 17 18 later than we think it did, it won't mean that we're 19 foff in our estimate...

20 MR. WALTERS: By very much at all. 21 CIA ANALYST #1: ... by four seconds from 22 when the plane exploded to when it hit the water.

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MR. WALTERS: No, I understand that. Is 1 that data, I hate to say that, is this -- that data 2 available? That type of time line work that you did, 3 4 is that something we could see? You know, like the radar. Say, for example, correlating the radar data 5 with the CVR. That may have been done very early on, 6 but it was not done with the degree of precision that 7 perhaps we would like to see done. 8 MR. MAYER: Are you saying the Safety Board 9 doesn't do it? 10 MR. WALTERS: Well, the Safety Board did a 11 rough one very early on, as you remember, but I don't 12 know that that was ever followed up on with any of 13 the witness stuff or any of what the CIA did to 14 correlate it all. 15 CIA ANALYST #1: We totally relied on the 16 17 work that the Safety Board did on this. It was provided to us through the FBI. 18 MR. LOEB: And we were working with them at 19 20 the time they did this. MR. WALTERS: So it was not an independent 21 thing, it was done strictly with the board? 22

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> 1 MR. LOEB: We helped them with the data 2 that they needed, which included the CVR, FDR, and I 3 guess you actually got the radar data from us, sir. 4 Did you get that?

CIA ANALYST #1: All of this data was 5 provided to us by the FBI but the information came 6 from you. We dealt with them but they passed it on. 7 8 They gave us the plot of the radar data; the times that we have for when the CVR and FDR went down came 9 from the NTSB via the FBI. That's very important 10 because we didn't have access, for example, to the 11 flight data recorder or the cockpit voice recorder. 12

The only information we used out of those 13 was the time at which they went down and the simple 14 statement that no -- there was no loud sound recorded 15 prior to the one right before the recordings ceased. 16 Those two pieces of information, that's all we used. 17 ÷ Unfortunately, the radar data doesn't tell you 18 precisely when the plane exploded. Because as you 19 know, the samples -- the data we've relied on the 20 most, which was the Riverhead radar, was sampled 21 every 12 seconds. 22

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1 MR. WALTERS: And I wonder if the radar 2 data even really indicates the initial event you're making an assumption of, a four-second time for the 3 nose to come off and the nose may have shown up on 4 5 radar. The event itself would not have shown up on radar, it could have actually been any period of 6 time, although we know it was much closer than 7 later. 8 9 But --10 CIA ANALYST #1: The judgment that the nose 11 came off within four seconds after the initial explosion was a conclusion that was totally obtained 12 from --13 14 MR. LOEB: And our data is not based, as you know, on one radar. This event was picked up on 15 16 more than one --17 MR. WALTERS: Right. Once it started to 18 break up. That's my point is that the CVR and the FDR don't necessarily correlate exactly with the 19 radar because the radar doesn't tell you when the 20 21 initial event --MR. LOEB: No. But we have radar from 22

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> 1 different sources and they're not all precisely 2 making sweeps at the same time and so you couple that 3 with the FDR and CVR and we're fairly comfortable that we have pretty good time line on that. 4 Now. they didn't have access to all of that when they were 5 6 doing this. However, before this presentation was made, we did, we did talk to CIA Analyst #1, and our 7 8 people were helping them and with -- in fact, some of 9 this very kind of thing to make certain that they weren't going to be off significantly in their time 10 11 line. 12 I have a feeling that just as a MR. MAYER: 13 personal comment, if you guys were starting your work from scratch today, you would find absolutely 14 15 everything you would need to do the time line work to 16 do --17 MR. LOEB: Yeah, they would be in a much 18 better position. 19 MR. MAYER: And you'd be able to find it 20 right in our public docket right now. 21 MR. LOEB: They'd be in a much better 22 position today than they were, but nevertheless,

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having said that, before this was released we did get 1 a chance to help them a little bit in terms of trying 2 to make certain that their timing of events was, in 3 fact, consistent with ours and ours was based on a 4 5 good bit of data. MR. WALTERS: You mentioned that they made 6 more than one video template or did you just do the 7 8 one? 9 CIA ANALYST #1: When you say "video 10 template" --MR. WALTERS: I was going to ask exactly 11 12 'what a video template was. CIA ANALYST #1: The still images that you 13 see behind the animation. In other words --14 MR. WALTERS: The houses? 15 CIA ANALYST #1: The houses. That's a 16 single image on which we superimpose an animation. 17 There's a second case where there's a single image 18 19 just looking out over the ocean. This is for the eyewitness who described the fireball descending to 20 the surface and then an immediate loud explosion. We 21 went to right where that eyewitness was standing on a 22

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1 porch, set the camera up and took that still image to 2 be able to use it in the video because we wanted as 3 closely as possible to provide reality as a backdrop 4 for this.

Now, unfortunately, as you're aware, a lot of people also assume that we have precise knowledge of exactly how the plane came apart as we made this video. Of course we do not have that. We did our best to animate things in the video to illustrate key events that were important to understand what the eyewitnesses had seen.

MR. WALTERS: Okay. So the video templates that you used, that you did are all represented here? Or were there some that you did that didn't make the final edit, say?

16 CIA ANALYST #1: We didn't make any 17 templates to use as a backdrop that we didn't use 18 because we already knew when we went out on our trip 19 to Calverton to get those images, we knew what --20 MR. WALTERS: What you wanted to --21 CIA ANALYST #1: -- what the video was 22 going to look like.

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MR. WALTERS: Gotcha.

2 MR. YOUNG: CIA Analyst #1, who made the 3 determination? I assume it was the FBI, but maybe my 4 assumption is incorrect. But who determined when and 5 how many of the witness statements you got? Was it 6 the FBI alone?

7 CIA ANALYST #1: The FBI provided us eyewitness statements over a period of time. 8 9 Primarily, they were providing us witness statements 10 that would be descriptions that may be consistent with this being a missile, because that's what they 11 12 wanted us to be looking at. We made the case that 13 it's very important to have all the eyewitness reports possible so that we could go about doing a 14 full analysis. And the example that I used earlier 15 I'll use again: Some very important eyewitnesses 16 clearly did not see anything that would be construed 17 as being a missile, but they helped us make a case 18 that none of these eyewitnesses saw a missile. 19 20 MR. YOUNG: But then --DD/CIA/OTI: It's the FBI that gave us the 21 22 statements.

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1	MR. YOUNG: FBI was the actual.
2	DD/CIA/OTI: We dealt with the FBI.
3	MR. YOUNG: And did they ever tell you
4	what I know they were looking specifically at a
5	missile. Did they ever determine what determining
6	factor was it more detail, less detail, or one was
7	here? Was there any sort of distribution that they
8	worried about or anything like that?
9	CIA ANALYST #1: No, there was not.
10	MR. YOUNG: I'll ask one question and it's
11	only an opinion from you. I take it that it's been
12	said that you cooperated with the board and the FBI
13	and that you had access to the basically all the same
14	information and the two videos are somewhat
15	different. And I'm asking you for an opinion on
16	that, I guess.
17	MR. MAYER: Can you provide some specific
18	examples or instances?
19	MR. YOUNG: Well, your video shows about a
20	3000-foot ascent and the other video is about half of
21	that or less.
22	CIA ANALYST #1: A lot of people talk about
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l	that as a difference between our analyses. I have to
2	tell you when we saw how similar our results were
3	the fact that we did these animations independent of
4	each other we were very pleased. Both had the
5	aircraft ascending to some degree. I think the NTSB
6	had the plane turning to the left a little bit, which
7	is one of the reasons why it didn't ascend as high as
8	our model did.
9	The bottom line here is we were content
10	with the way with the similarities between the two
11	animations. We also went back and looked at what the
12	key eyewitness would have seen with the two
13	animations. And because the NTSB's model has the
14	plane turning to the left, that compensates It
15	doesn't have to go as high in the sky to create the
16	same
17	MR. LOEB: Timing.
18	CIA ANALYST #1: illusion to the
19	eyewitness.
20	So what the eyewitness would have seen as
21	far as the two animations go is very, very close to
22	the same even though the two models have the plane

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1	going at slightly different altitudes. I know I
2	guess I'll say this again, and you folks have gone
3	back to it several times there's a lot of concern
4	about what happened to that plane in the first few
5	seconds after the initial explosion. What happened
6	to the plane in the first few seconds after the
7	initial explosion has very little to do with
8	explaining the vast majority of the eyewitness
9	statements.
10	MR. YOUNG: And to echo what Jim says, of
11	course, your problem is going to be is that we have
12	seen a few more than you have and we do have to look
13	at some of the and some of the witnesses seem to
14	be very precise about a white light ascending from a
15	surface towards and that's why we keep bringing up
16	this question because it's going to be a question we
17	have to answer.
18	CIA ANALYST #1: We had eyewitnesses in our
19	group that said the same thing. Again, I would
20	suggest if you can, as you're trying to interpret
21	your 755 eyewitness reports, to try to get
22	references, things that you can use to peg what part

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1 of this the witnesses see. It's very important.

2	MR. RODRIGUES: And you're right. And I
3	think what we're trying to do is try and understand
4	that part of it where this is probably what started
5	everything was people saying a streak of light going
6	up. And so that's what we're trying to understand.
7	And the witnesses we used, I guess you used one or
8	two witnesses, the one on the bridge as a prime, but
9	the question in our minds is what are the rest of the
10	people seeing, if it's a later event like you're
11	saying. I mean, what are they physically seeing
12	ascending?
13	CIA ANALYST #1: Right.
14	MR. RODRIGUES: Do you have a thought on
15	that?
16	CIA ANALYST #1: It's not important what
17	our opinion would be on that. We've speculated about
18	that sort of thing among ourselves. It's not
19	important in terms of interpreting whether or not a
20	missile was involved. It's fire. It's probably
21	burning fuel.
22	MR. RODRIGUES: That's what we're trying to

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1	understand. Setting a missile aside.
2	MR. LOEB: Again, I think you're asking
3	them something that they haven't done, they
4	haven't worked on. They cannot answer the
5	questions. I think CIA Analyst #1 was very clear
6	about that earlier. And so I think that's left for
7	us in the end, that's going to be something the
8	Board has to grapple with, Dennis, in its own
9	analysis. So.
10	MR. RODRIGUES: The reason I raise it is
11	because when this was done, I figured maybe that came
12	up as an obvious question. And if it was pursued.
13	MR. LOEB: I think he's answered I think
14	he's answered that and I don't know that they need
15	to
16	CIA ANALYST #1: If an eyewitness describes
17	a streak of light that culminates in an explosion and
18	then immediately you have two fireballs drop to the
19	surface, we're confident that that streak of light
20	was the burning airplane. Now, your question is why
21	did some eyewitnesses describe that streak of light
22	as something that ascends right off the ocean's

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1 surface. We don't know why they described it that 2 way. We are confident what they are seeing is the 3 burning aircraft and only the burning aircraft. And 4 when I say "burning aircraft," I include fuel 5 trailing from the -- what you see is burning fuel, 6 not the plane burning itself.

MR. WALTERS: At the risk of asking you a 7 really stupid question which we all know the answers 8 to, I need to ask it anyway, and that is because of 9 the organization that you're affiliated with. Could 10 there have been or would there have been any assets 11 used that we would not be aware of that in some way 12 that you could tell us were used that we don't need 13 to know about? 14 CIA ANALYST #1: The closest... 15

16 MR. CAMPBELL: Assets used in the analysis.
17 MR. WALTERS: In developing the video.
18 I'll keep it pretty tight there.

19 CIA ANALYST #1: ... there is, and it's 20 referred to in the video, is the satellite which 21 detected infrared data -- heat from this disaster. 22 We used that information. It was peripheral to the

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work that we did. The fact that that happened is not 1 2 classified. I couldn't go into the details of how that particular collector works. 3 MR. WALTERS: I don't even want to know. 4 CIA ANALYST #1: You wouldn't need to know, 5 it wouldn't affect your -- I don't think it would 6 affect your --7 DD/CIA/OTI: But the answer to the question 8 9 is everything that we -- you've got everything we There's nothing else out there, you know, some 10have. 11 super secret sensor or something? MR. WALTERS: I wouldn't have expected a 12 13 different answer. CIA ANALYST #1: And apparently you have 14 about 500 witness reports that we don't have. 15 MR. WALTERS: I can't leave the room 16 without asking the question. 17 DD/CIA/OTI: We understand. 18 MR. YOUNG: CIA Analyst #1, could I ask a 19 hypothetical question. 20 21 CIA ANALYST #1: Sure. MR. YOUNG: Should an overhead image or 22

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1 system been available to see that, I'm just curious, 2 do you think it would have detected any?

3 MR. LOEB: If you can't comment, don't 4 comment.

5 CIA ANALYST #1: It's "no comment" to I'll give you a sense for how some of the work 6 that. we do is misinterpreted. You may be aware of a 7 Newsweek article that came out after the FBI closed 8 the criminal investigation and released this tape to 9 the public. There's a news writer that assumed that 10 11 those images, the animated images that you saw in that video, were obtained from a satellite. 12 13 MR. YOUNG: I wouldn't have expect -- I

14 would have expected it would have been much better 15 than that.

CIA ANALYST #1: Didn't happen.

MR. WALTERS: Did any other agency like ATF 18 have any input into this video?

19 CIA ANALYST #1: No, our only sources of 20 information for this video was information that we 21 obtained from the FBI. It was either FBI 22 information, the 302 reports, or information they had

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1 obtained from the NTSB.

2 DD/CIA/OTI: Information that was given to 3 us.

MR. WALTERS: There was, again -- well, 4 that would have been FBI interviews. There were at 5 least two gentleman there that were working with the 6 FBI and a Missile and Space Intelligence Center 7 analyst and I assume that any work he did, those 8 witness statements were all included as part of the 9 302s then. 10 CIA ANALYST #1: I'm sorry. Could you 11 repeat that question, please? 12 MR. WALTERS: There were two gentlemen that 13 were involved in some of the questioning of certain 14 witnesses, at least one of whom was attached to the 15 16 missile --CIA ANALYST #1: Missile and Space 17

18 Intelligence Center.

MR. WALTERS: That's the guy a Missile and Space Intelligence Center analyst, and I'm just curious if that was a separate interview process or was that done as part of the 302s, and is that how we

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1 have access to that information?

2	CIA ANALYST #1: The 302s provided to us
3	very often would give a list of names of people that
4	participated in the interviews. These would include
5	the special agents and in several instances, the
6	representatives from the Missile and Space
7	Intelligence Center by name. They would be in the
8	room together as they interviewed eyewitnesses.
9	MR. MAYER: Did the work of the Missile and
10	Space Intelligence Center, separate from the FBI,
11	produce any information that you got that was used in
12	your work I think is the question that Jim's trying
13	to ask.
14	CIA ANALYST #1: No, it did not.
15	MR. MAYER: Your input for this analysis
16	came from the FBI witness files.
17	CIA ANALYST #1: Right. My counsel has
18	given me permission to speculate a little bit on what
19	eyewitnesses who describe something in the sky
20	ascending may have seen, even though we think that
21	what they are seeing at the time is something that is
22	descending. I don't have this on a Vugraph. What I

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1	have here is a photograph of several fireworks that
2	were fired from behind the governor's mansion in
3	Williamsburg. And if you look at this picture, and
4	if I tell you those are fireworks, you would think it
5	reasonable that the firework starts here right above
6	the roof of the governor's mansion and ascends into
7	the sky. It's going up. If I told you, it looks
8	like a firework but it's not a firework, what you're
9	seeing here is a meteor going through the sky
10	approaching you from a distance and getting closer
11	and closer to you and appearing to rise in the sky,
12	even though we know that meteor is descending in
13	altitude, you also get an image that would look like
14	this.

15 I think what may have happened is some eyewitnesses are seeing something move through the 16 sky and their brain is thinking, "I'm looking at a 17 firework. The firework came from the surface." And 18 as soon as they register it that way, they start to 19 20 interpret what they're seeing from that point on. 21 It's important to realize that these eyewitnesses 22 are, in general, 10 or more miles away from what's

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1	happening. At 10 or more miles away, your eyesight
2	doesn't give you an ability to perceive depth.
3	You're seeing a two-dimensional image in the sky.
4	And you're inferring depth from experience. Now
5	that's speculation. It doesn't affect if what I
6	just told you turned out not to be what those
7	eyewitnesses saw, it would not at all affect our
8	conclusion that they're seeing only the latter stages
9	of the disaster.
10	MR. YOUNG: CIA Analyst #1, without getting
11	into anything classified, again, should someone have
12	seen, not necessarily here, but should someone see a
13	launch from the surface into the sky of a device such
14	as some people speculate, what differences would you
15	think they would have seen? In other words, if it
16	was a Stinger or something like that, would there
17	have been specific differences that you can call out
18	based on what they saw?
19	MR. CAMPBELL: That's again, that's
20	another question if you guys worked on, that would be
21	one thing. Otherwise I think we would want to
22	qualify an expert on that.

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l	CIA ANALYST #1: I can say this, because it
2	was something we looked at. Like I say, when we
3	started this analysis we didn't start it with any
4	preconceived notions about what the eyewitnesses had
5	seen. We understood that if the eyewitnesses had
6	seen a missile attack the plane, because they're
7	seeing this from a lot of different locations, it's
8	going to look different to each of them. And we were
9	hoping that if indeed it turned out that they were
10	witnessing a missile attack, we would be able to use
11	their descriptions to determine the location from
12	where that missile was launched.
13	When you go through and proceed with that
14	analysis, you arrive at the conclusion that what

15 they're seeing is only the plane.

16 I think you will find this as you look at 17 your 755 eyewitness reports. Even though you've got a lot of people that are describing something ascend 18 up vertically, as an example, a lot of eyewitnesses 19 20 think that this is a lot closer to them than we know it is. And by "a lot closer to them" I mean the 21 fireball itself. The eyewitness on the bridge, he 22

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1	thinks that the firework that he is seeing originates
2	on the beach. The beach is about a quarter mile from
3	where he is standing. He thinks the fireball that he
4	sees in the sky is a half mile from where he stands.
5	So another quarter mile out off the shore. In
6	reality, it's 11 miles away.
7	This happens again and again. What it
8	brings home to me is that there was a tremendous
9	amount of fuel in the sky. It was unfathomable to a
10	lot of people that this could be 10 miles away. It's
11	so big that I think they interpreted it as being much
12	closer than it really was.
13	MR. YOUNG: Okay.
14	MR. WALTERS: You said that you had pretty
15	much reached your conclusions by early February; is
16	that correct?
17	CIA ANALYST #1: The conclusion that the
18	eyewitnesses were only seeing the burning aircraft
19	was made at 10:00 p.m. at night on the 30th of
20	December 1996.
21	MR. WALTERS: Was it really?
22	CIA ANALYST #1: Yes, as I was sitting

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1	behind the computer. It's up until then, what
2	we're doing is trying to interpret these reports the
3	way you are now. If it's a streak, where is the
4	streak originating from? What external source could
5	there be for the streak? There was a realization,
6	having all the data laid out, that you can explain
7	what the eyewitnesses are seeing with only the
8	burning aircraft.
9	MR. WALTERS: So it was March then before
10	the FBI or until you briefed
11	CIA ANALYST #1: CIA Analyst #2 said
12	something which is a good point. CIA Analyst #2 said
13	there are other issues. Once you think you have an
14	answer you have a lot of eyewitness reports. You
15	have to go back through all of them. What we ended
16	up doing then was placing very carefully all the
17	eyewitness reports we were getting, and were
18	continuing to get, on the mapping software.
19	Also, I immediately alerted, I called
20	the next morning I called the special agents I worked
21	with at the FBI and explained what we were thinking.
22	Because I wanted to make sure that even though at

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1	that point it's a conclusion, we don't have it fully
2	documented. We wanted them to be aware of this so
3	that they could start proceeding with the
4	investigation and having that initial piece of
5	information.
6	MR. WALTERS: A personal note, has nothing
7	to do with anything else. It's a little annoying
8	that it took them a year to decide to go along with
9	your program.
10	MR. YOUNG: CIA Analyst #1, is this the
11	only time you've ever been asked to perform this sort
12	of analysis on a civilian type thing like this? In
13	other words, did you do something on the Challenger,
14	for instance?
15	CIA ANALYST #1: No. I've got about 27
16	years experience doing analysis on problems, believe
17	it or not, that we would often consider more
18	challenging than this in the sense that we have less
19	data to work with, and less ability to corroborate
20	our theories.
21	The nice thing about this as a technical
22	problem is that you have lots of checks and

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1	balances. You have radar data, you have
2	eyewitnesses. Lots of eyewitnesses. You've got
3	something we didn't get into in this discussion so
4	far but remember you have an eyewitness on a plane,
5	on a USAir flight who describes seeing an airplane
6	fly below him about 10 seconds before he sees this
7	light appear in the sky. Now you can go back and use
8	the radar data and indeed there is a plane that flies
9	below him.
10	And 10 seconds after 12 seconds after
11	that happens, Flight 800 explodes. And it explodes
12	in a part of the sky where he says he sees this white
13	light appear. So now you have an independent
14	corroboration with the guy on the bridge. I think
15	this gentleman upon USAir Flight 217 is another
16	excellent eyewitness in that he saw things happen
17	near the very beginning.
18	MR. YOUNG: Actually, we had two witnesses
19	on that airplane.
20	CIA'ANALYST #1: That's correct.
21	MR. YOUNG: But curiously you mention the
22	airplane. Do you know what airplane he saw pass
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1 under? CIA ANALYST #1: We think it's a P-3 and we 2 think the P-3 was at an altitude of about 20,000 feet 3 and the USAir was at an altitude of 21,700 feet. 4 And you're correct, he was sitting in seat 5-F on the 5 right-hand side of the plane and behind him was 6 7 another eyewitness, in seat 6-F. MR. MAYER: Not that you have a clear 8 9 memory of --CIA ANALYST #1: It's been a year ago, I'm 10 11 sorry. MR. YOUNG: You didn't review any of this 12 13 before you came. 14 CIA ANALYST #1: Some of these -- as you're very aware, after you spend a long time -- we spent a 15 year looking at these. I suspect 20 years from now 16 I'm going to remember some of those details, as you 17 will. 18 MR. YOUNG: I'd just like to say on behalf 19 of my company, I appreciate very much that you've 20 even taken the time to talk to us. I know most 21 people think that I'll disappear now. 22

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1	MR. LOEB: That's part of the package, Bob.
2	CIA ANALYST #1: You're most welcome. We
3	appreciate the opportunity.
4	MR. WALTERS: I'd like to thank Bernie for
5	making it work, too. I know this could not have been
6	easy to make all this happen between the
7	organizations.
8	MR. LOEB: Actually, the thanks belong to
9	David and also to Peter.
10	(Whereupon, at 12:00 p.m., the briefing was
11	concluded.)
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