



U.S. Department
of Transportation
**Federal Aviation
Administration**

THESE RECORDS MAY BE RELEASABLE UNDER THE FOIA REQUEST 15
DAYS AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM
FAA NTSB COUNSEL

Mike Monroney
Aeronautical Center

P.O. Box 25082
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Wednesday, August 29, 2012

National Transportation Safety Board
624 Six Flags Drive, Suite 150
Arlington, TX 76011

ACCIDENT #	0130	INDIVIDUAL#:	001	NAME:	JACQUIN, JEROME T.	MODE:	AVIATION
DATE OF ACCIDENT	07/07/2012	DATE RECEIVED	07/12/2012	PUTREFACTION:	Yes		
	N # 987GM	NTSB #	CEN12FA421	CAMI REF #	201200130001		
LOCATION OF ACCIDENT	Karnack, TX						
SPECIMENS	Brain, Heart, Kidney, Liver, Lung, Muscle, Spleen, Urine						

FINAL FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONOXIDE: The carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) saturation is determined by spectrophotometry with a 10% cut off and confirmed by chromatography.

>> NOT PERFORMED

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide is screened by Conway Diffusion. Positive cyanides are quantitated by spectrophotometry and confirmed by chromatography. The reporting cutoff for cyanide is 0.25 ug/mL. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/mL, while lethal concentrations are greater than 3 ug/mL.

>> NOT PERFORMED

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations are determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cut off of 10 mg/dL. Where possible, positive ethanol values are confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

>> 12 (mg/dL, mg/hg) Ethanol detected in Brain
>> NO ETHANOL detected in Muscle

DRUGS: Specimens are analyzed using immunoassay, chromatography, GC/MS, HPLC/MS, or GC/FTIR. Concentrations (ug/mL) at or above those in () can be determined for, but not limited to, the following drugs: amphetamines (0.010), opiates (0.010), marihuana (0.001), cocaine (0.020), phencyclidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), antidepressants (0.100), and antihistamines (0.020). Drugs and/or their metabolites, that are not impairing or abused, may be reported from the initial tests. See the CAMI Drug Information Web Site for additional information (<http://jag.cami.jccbi.gov/toxicology/>).

>> Oxazepam detected in Urine
>> 0.048 (ug/ml, ug/g) Temazepam detected in Urine

Russell Lewis, Ph.D.
TC, FAA, Forensic Toxicology
Research Team CAMI

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CLINICAL REPORT

CLINICAL: Vitreous and Urine are tested for the presence of glucose with reagent strips and by enzymatic spectrophotometric analysis. Postmortem vitreous glucose levels above 125 mg/dL are considered abnormal and postmortem urine levels above 100 mg/dL are considered abnormal. Hemoglobin A1C is analyzed using a latex immunoagglutination inhibition methodology. Hemoglobin A1C blood levels above 6% are considered abnormal. Urine specimens are defined as "dilute" if the creatinine concentration is < 20 mg/dL and the specific gravity is < 1.003. Concentrations of serotonin metabolites 5-hydroxytryptophol (5-HTOL) and 5-hydroxyindole-3-acetic acid (5-HIAA) are measured by LC/MS. A 5-HTOL/5-HIAA ratio value < 15 pmol/nmol is not consistent with ethanol ingestion, while a ratio value > 15 pmol/nmol is indicative of ethanol ingestion.

>> 2460 (mg/dl) Glucose detected in Urine



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