## THESE RECORDS MAY BE RELEASABLE UNDER THE FOIA REQUEST 15 DAYS AFTER SIGNATURE DATE UNLESS WE HEAR OTHERWISE FROM FAA NTSB COUNSEL



Administration

Transportation

P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125

Tuesday, September 09, 2014

Mike Monroney

Aeronautical Center

National Transportation Safety Board 45065 Riverside Parkway Ashburn, VA 20147

ACCIDENT # 0127 INDIVIDUAL#: 001 NAME: ORGAIN, ALBERT M., IV MODE: AVIATION

DATE OF ACCIDENT 06/27/2014 DATE RECEIVED 07/09/2014 PUTREFACTION: No

**N#** 182PE **NTSB #** ERA14FA313 **CAMI REF #** 201400127001

LOCATION OF ACCIDENT Littleton, NC

SPECIMENS Bile, Blood (Aortic), Brain, Gastric, Heart, Kidney, Liver, Lung, Muscle, Spleen, Urine, Vitreous

## FINAL FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY FATAL ACCIDENT REPORT

CARBON MONOXIDE: The carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) saturation is determined by spectrophotometry with a 10% cut off and confirmed by chromatography.

>> NO CARBON MONOXIDE detected in Blood (Aortic)

CYANIDE: The presence of cyanide is screened by Conway Diffusion, when the COHb level is equal to or greater than 10% or upon special request. Cyanides are quantitated by spectrophotometry and confirmed by chromatography. The reporting cutoff for cyanide is 0.25 ug/mL. Normal blood cyanide concentrations are less than 0.15 ug/mL, while lethal concentrations are greater than 3 ug/mL.

>> NOT PERFORMED

VOLATILES: The volatile concentrations are determined by headspace gas chromatography at a cut off of 10 mg/dL. Where possible, positive ethanol values are confirmed by Radiative Energy Attenuation.

>> NO ETHANOL detected in Vitreous

DRUGS: Specimens are analyzed using immunoassay, chromatography, GC/MS, HPLC/MS, or GC/FTIR. Concentrations (ug/mL) at or above those in () can be determined for, but not limited to, the following drugs: amphetamines (0.010), opiates (0.010), marihuana (0.001), cocaine (0.020), phencyclidine (0.002), benzodiazepines (0.030), barbiturates (0.060), antidepressants (0.100), and antihistamines (0.020). Drugs and/or their metabolites, that are not impairing or abused, may be reported from the initial tests. See the CAMI Drug Information Web Site for additional information (http://jag.cami.jccbi.gov/toxicology/).

- >> Diphenhydramine detected in Blood (Aortic)
- >> Diphenhydramine detected in Urine
- >> Indomethacin detected in Urine
- >> Indomethacin NOT detected in Blood (Aortic)

Russell Lewis, Ph.D. TC, FAA, Forensic Toxicology Research Team CAMI