FATIGUE

Front Spar lower horizontal chord - existing fatigue cracking

Fatigue cracks were found in the Front Spar lower horizontal chord in the fillet radius just outboard of the Drag Splice fittings at RBL/LBL 80. The existing cracks were approximately 1.2 inch and 1.45 inch on the RHS and LHS, respectively. The cracks originated at the inside fillet radius and were part through cracks, progressing approximately one third through the chord thickness (approximately 0.10 inch deep and 0.125 inch deep on the RHS and LHS, respectively).

The lower horizontal chord in the vicinity of the fatigue cracking is subjected to inspection under the Supplemental Structural Inspection Document (SSID) program. A previous instance of cracking at this location was found on a different 747-100. Those cracks were longer than those on TWA800 but also did not extend through the thickness of the chord. This region is affected by SB 747-53-2064 for adjacent ring chord cracking. The modification per SB 747-53-2064 had been installed in 1982, installing two bathtub fittings on the Wing Center Section lower skin panel and a double bathtub fitting on the fuselage skin. These fittings are immediately adjacent to the drag splice fitting and serve to provide an alternate load path for the drag splice forward/aft loads. It is apparent from the bathtub fitting arrangement that the post-modification configuration is very stiff and the deflection that would have initiated the fatigue cracking has been significantly limited. Without continued deflection, the fatigue growth cannot continue, indicating that the fatigue cracking existed prior to the installation of the bathtub fittings.

Visual examination of the ductile rupture surfaces adjacent to the relatively short, shallow cracks did not reveal any indication of wear. This is indicative of the gross fracture precipitating from something other than the fatigue cracking. The NTSB Materials Laboratory has examined the larger of the two fatigue cracks and will issue a separate report.

See the Metallurgical Field Notes for a complete cracking description.



e AMalan tory AMalan KWI 1/27/57

Front Spar vertical stiffener shear ties - existing fatigue cracking

Small existing fatigue cracks were found in the vertical stiffener shear ties at RBL 83.24 (lower), RBL 75.92 (upper and lower), LBL 75.92 (upper and lower), and LBL 83.24 (lower).

The cracks were all in the shear tie radius near the base of the leg that attaches to the vertical stiffener at the aft edge. This cracking is the subject of SB 747-57-2249. The Service Bulletin was issued in 1989 after reports of in-service cracking. The maximum crack length on the subject airplane was 0.20 inch long. In service, operators have reported cracks ranging from 0.50 inch to 1.5 inch long without complete part fracture, demonstrating the capability of these shear ties to withstand cracking in excess of the 0.20 inch detected cracking under normal operating conditions.

See the Metallurgical Field Notes for a complete cracking description.

Typical vertical stiffener shear tie Plan View 0.20" max. FWD BL

Ar Will 1/24/97

Longitudinal Floorbeam at Front Spar - existing fatigue cracking

Small cracks were found in the shear tie of the LBL 75.92 and the LBL 33.99 longitudinal floorbeams at the intersection with the Front Spar upper chord at STA 1000. The LBL 75.92 shear tie has a 0.15 inch fatigue crack emanating from the aft side of the hole and a possible 0.125 inch fatigue crack emanating from the forward side of the hole as shown. The LBL 33.99 shear tie has a 0.25 inch fatigue crack emanating from the forward side of the hole.

The component is a secondary attachment for floor structure and does not contribute to carrying primary operating loads.

See the Metallurgical Field Notes for a complete cracking description.



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Front Spar areas with apparent fatique cureks # with of Pelielan KRH upper Wing Terminal Fitting approx. 2 inch JE 12/4/ below upper wing Skin, Crack initiated from INBD Side. # L.H. Crack dimension 20.6" long x 2 0.1" deep. Mechancal degree demage. B. Upper Chord to Stiffener Shear Tie at RBL 75,92, Craek initiated at AFT/OUTBD Corner, Crack dimensions ~ 0.1" × 0.2". JE JZ hett . C) upper Chord to Shiffener Shear Tie at LB2 75,92. JE 1 Crack initiated at AFT/OUTBD Corner. Crack dimensions JE 12 $\approx 0.15'' \times \approx 0.20''.$ D Floor beam to Upper Wing Skin Shear Tie at LBL 75.92. JE Crack initiated at fasterier hole common to floor beam M. web. E Lower Chord to Shfferrer Shear Tie at RBL 83.24, Crack JE initiated at AFT/INBD Corner. Crack dimensions 20,1" × 20,2", Lt F Lower Chord at 2 RBL 80.5. Crack initiated at upper surfaced from multiple origins in the extruded radius. Crack dimension $\approx 1/2'' \log x \approx 0.1'' deep.$ Lower chord at ~ LBL 80.5. Crack initiated at upper surface from multiple origins in the extruded radius. JEL Crack dimensions ~ 1:45" long X ~ 0:125" deep. G_> Lower Chord to Shifferner Shear Tie at LBL 83.24. Crack AE initiated at AFT/INBD Corner. Crack dimensions \$ 0.08" X H >Lower chord to Stiffener shear Tie at LBL 91.14, CrackAE I initiated at AFT/INBD Corner. Crack dimensions = 0.1"x ≈ 0.2", Discovered by G. Fleis, J. Trzil, J. Straus JJ SIMILAR TO D FXCENT AT LBL 33.99, 25 IN LONG APPROX. AND FROM FWD SIDG OF 12497 HOLE J.TRZIL 1-23-97 Confirmed by J.R. Straws 11/16/96



RW-7 LOCATION A GREEN CZISI Forward Fracture of RH Terminal Ftg at Upper Skin Att upperskin A UP 2.0" -> INBD Mechanical RH Front ATTGUE PROFILE Damage SCRACH GROW TH Spar Terminal 10 ITREIC 104-5176 ~ 9/16" [CHECK SRUNNG] two hits. Ffg. (1) 12/4/9L Longitudinal Fracture 12/12/000 Running AFT Tut along upper Chord RUB DARK ARGAS ~ 3/16" WIDE EACH FOR G. FLEIS/ J.STHAUS CONFIRMED J. TREIL 10/18/96



CW-114 LOCATION C 10/19/96 JITRZIL APPARENT FATIGUE CRACK LOCATION GREEN TAGJ F.S. WPR CHORD SHEAR TIE AFF L/H CORNER #23028 TAA - Stan OBE ~ strink strin (the xate of ~310 CRACK ~ . I" ABOVE SURFACE ORMIN AFT > OUTBD يەلمۇ LBL75-92 -0.15 Stephin F. KlapsechJA Origin FAD 11-04-46 NOPhoto JE 12/4/96 12/12/900 0.211 Similar Apparent Entrand Crack noted on CW 101 at RBL 75.92. J.R. Straws 11/16/96 7/1/2.1 1/23/97 e en gest d'agent j





DUCTLE FRACTURE DIRECTION THROUGH BOTH FATIGUE CRACKS OUTBD < LBL 75.92 K 5/32" LOWER CHORD OF FUD + ĸ FLOOR BEAM DUCTILE FRACTURE FATIGUE CRACKS DIRECTION IN OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS FROM THE FASTENER SHEAR TIE 69B 02328-5

VIEW LOOKING UP

FLOOR BEAM TO FRONT SPAR SHEAR TIE AT LBL 75.92

G. FLEAS 11/7/96

Confirmed JIR. Strans 11/13/16



-CW 216 LOCATION E Appavent Fatigue Crack Location - AFT/INBD Corner of Shear The Fracture at Front Spar Stiffener RBL 83,24. CRACK - 22" ABOVE FLANGE Origin ~0.1*"* ≈0.2″ AFT TNBD JIR Streen 11/16/96 JE 12/4/26 Jush White 12/12/040 LH 12/12/040 JF WIL 1/53/57 RBL 83.24



LOCATION G

CW221









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FLOOR BEAM TO FRONT SAAR STHEAR TIE AT LEL 33.99



VISIBLE FEATURES :

- 1. FLAT PROFILE FOR 1.0 1.25 WOHES
- 2. GENTLE TRANSITION TO SLAMED PROFILE
- 3. HAMMERED SURFACE (SHINEY) IN THE FLAT PROFILE REGION.
- NOTE : THERE'S A SECOND CRACK ABOUT "B" BELOW THIS FRACTURE, CAN'T CHARACTERIZE IT WITHOUT REMOVING SEALANT FROM THE AREA.