# **OPERATIONAL CHECKLISTS**

# ENGINE FAILURES

## DISCONTINUED TAKEOFF PROCEDURE

- 1. Throttles -- CLOSE IMMEDIATELY.
- 2. Brakes -- AS REQUIRED.

### NOTE

Total distances required to accelerate to various speeds and then stop are shown in Section 5.

## CONTINUED TAKEOFF WITH ENGINE OUT

- 1. Throttles -- FULL FORWARD.
- 2. Propeller Controls -- FULL FORWARD.
- 3. Mixture Controls -- FULL FORWARD.
- 4. Inoperative Engine -- IDENTIFY from manifold pressure, RPM, fuel flow and EGT (if installed) indications.

#### NOTE

Verify inoperative engine by momentarily closing throttle and noting power response to throttle movement.

- 5. Windmilling Propeller -- FEATHER PROMPTLY.
- 6. Wing Flaps -- RETRACT slowly.
- 7. Airspeed -- 89 KIAS (80 KIAS with obstacles ahead).
- 8. Landing Gear -- RETRACT (after immediate obstacles are cleared).
- 9. Inoperative Engine -- SECURE.

## ENGINE OUT DURING FLIGHT

- Power -- INCREASE as required.
- Inoperative Engine -- IDENTIFY (check power response to throttle movement).
- 3. Cowl Flaps -- OPEN as required on operating engine.
- 4. Mixture -- ADJUST for new power setting if required.
- 5. Inoperative Engine -- ATTEMPT RESTART.
  - a. Mixture -- FULL RICH (if fuel flow is deficient).
  - b. Auxiliary Fuel Pump -- ON (if fuel flow is deficient).

## **BEFORE TAKEOFF**

#### WARM-UP

Since the engines are closely cowled for efficient in-flight cooling, precautions should be taken to avoid overheating on the ground. Full power checks on the ground are not recommended unless the pilot has good reason to suspect that the engines are not turning up properly.

## MAGNETO CHECK

The magneto check should be made at 1800 RPM with the propeller control full forward as follows: Move the ignition switch first to R position and note RPM. Then move switch back to BOTH position to clear the other set of plugs. Then move switch to L position, note RPM and return the switch to the BOTH position. The difference between the two magnetos operated singly should not be more than 50 RPM. The maximum drop on either magneto should not exceed 150 RPM. If there is a doubt concerning the operation of the ignition system, RPM checks at a higher engine speed

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#### SECTION 4 NORMAL PROCEDURES

will usually confirm whether a deficiency exists. The rear engine magnetos should be checked last to minimize the possibility of an undetected rear engine stoppage due to an incorrect idle adjustment.

An absence of RPM drop may be an indication of faulty grounding of one side of the ignition system or should be cause for suspicion that the magneto timing is set in advance of the setting specified.

## ELECTRICAL SYSTEM CHECKS

To run a functional check of the battery and alternator circuits, use the following procedure:

- 1. Run both engines at 1000 RPM with some electrical equipment on.
- Turn front and rear alternator switches off.
- The BAT DIS light and front and rear ALT NOT CHARGING lights should be illuminated.
- 4 Turn front alternator switch on Both the BAT DIS light and the

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## SINGLE ENGINE MAXIMUM RATE OF CLIMB

CONDITIONS: Inoperative Propeller Feathered Flaps Up Gear Up 2800 RPM 37 Inches Hg Mixture Set at 140 PPH Cowl Flaps Open on Operating Engine Cowl Flaps Closed on Inoperative Engine

WEIGHT	PRESS	CLIMB	RATE OF CLIMB - FPM					
LBS	ALT FT	SPEED KIAS	-20 <sup>0</sup> C	0ºC	20 <sup>0</sup> C	40 <sup>0</sup> C		
4700	S.L.	89	545	445	350	255		
	4000	89	455	360	265	170		
	8000	88	360	270	175	80		
	12,000	88	260	165	80			
	16,000	88	135	45	-30			
	20,000	87	- 15	- 75				
4400	S.L.	86	635	535	440	340		
	4000	86	545	450	355	260		
	8000	85	445	360	265	170		
	12,000	85	345	255	170			
	16,000	85	225	135	50			
	20,000	85	70	- 10				
4100	S.L.	83	735	635	535	430		
	4000	83	640	540	445	350		
	8000	83	545	455	365	270		
	12,000	83	440	355	265			
	16,000	83	320	235	150			
	20,000	83	165	85				

Figure 5-10. Single Engine Maximum Rate of Climb

# LANDING DISTANCE MAXIMUM LANDING WEIGHT - 4465 LBS

CONDITIONS: Full Flaps Power Off Maximum Braking Paved, Level, Dry Runway Zero Wind

SHORT FIELD

## NOTES:

- 1. Short field technique as specified in Section 4.
- Decrease distances 10% for each 11 knots headwind. For operation with tailwinds up to 10 knots, increase distances by 10% for each 2.5 knots.
- 3. For operation on a dry, grass runway, increase distances by 50% of the "ground roll" figure.

WEIGHT LBS	SPEED AT 50 FT KIAS	PRESS ALT FT	0°C		10 <sup>0</sup> C		20 <sup>0</sup> C		30 <sup>0</sup> C		40 <sup>0</sup> C	
			GRND ROLL	TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS				TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS		TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS		TOTAL TO CLEAR 50 FT OBS
4465	78	S.L. 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000	755 780 810 840 875 905 940 975 1015	1610 1650 1700 1750 1805 1855 1910 1970 2035	780 810 840 870 905 940 975 1010 1050	1650 1700 1750 1800 1855 1910 1970 2025 2090	810 840 900 935 970 1010 1050 1090	1700 1750 1795 1850 1905 1960 2025 2090 2155	835 865 900 935 970 1005 1045 1085 1125	1740 1790 1845 1900 1960 2020 2080 2150 2215	865 895 930 965 1000 1040 1080 1120 1165	1790 1840 1895 1950 2010 2075 2140 2205 2280

Figure 5-18. Landing Distance (Sheet 1 of 2)