

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Office of Aviation Safety Washington, D.C. 20594

March 17. 2016

Attachment 2 – FXE Interview Transcripts

OPERATIONAL FACTORS

CEN16MA036

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ATTACHMENT 2 CEN16MA036

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036 AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

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INTERVIEW OF: NABIL ZITOUNI

Wednesday, December 2, 2015

Banyon Aviation

Ft. Lauderdale Executive Airport

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

On Behalf of the Interviewee:

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On Behalf of ExecuFlight:

DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

1 (Time not disclosed) 2 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I'm going to put this 3 4 All right. Good morning. My name is Captain 5 David Lawrence, and I'm an investigator from the National Transportation Safety Board. 6 7 Operations Group chairman for the ExecuFlight Hawker accident that occurred in Akron, Ohio last month. 8 My role here is to learn what I can about 9 the accident so I can assist in the investigation, and 10 11 hopefully we can prevent this from reoccurring again. As part of our process, we invite parties to 12 participate in the investigation to provide us 13 14 technical expertise. 15 For this particular group, we have myself, the NTSB, Sean Etcher with the NTSB. 16 17 Operations Group investigator. We have Execuflight, 18 Textron, and the FAA. Right now, I'll just kind of go around the room and have everybody introduce themselves 19 and provide what their affiliation is. 2.0 Sean? 21 MR. ETCHER: Good morning. I'm Sean Etcher with the NTSB. 22 MR. JAHR: I'm Christopher Jahr with the 23 Wicker Smith Law Firm. 24

MR. SHACKLEFORD: Donnie Shackleford,

25

Captain of the Hawker for ExecuFlight. 1 2 MR. ZITOUNI: Nabil Zitouni, First Officer 3 of Hawker, Execuflight. 4 MR. LAWRENCE: On the phone? MR. DRAGO: Yes, John Drago with the FAA. 5 I'm an operations inspector, and my role here is 6 7 certainly to support the NTSB in determining a cause of the accident. 8 MR. LAWRENCE: Great, thank you very much, 9 10 Even though we talked about this earlier, and John. 11 you're welcome to have one representative of your Is Chris who you choose? 12 choice. MR. ZITOUNI: 13 Yes. 14 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. As part of this process, I'm going to record the interview. We'll have 15 a transcription made later that will eventually become 16 part of the factual record. The audio will not be part 17 18 of the docket, the public docket. Right now, really, that's about it. Do you have any questions, Nabil? 19 MR. ZITOUNI: No, sir. 2.0 21 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Couple of things. 22 just going to take a few notes as we type, okay? apologize if I ask a question and I, we're not making 23 24 eye contact. 25 MR. ZITOUNI: You do what you have to do.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: I got it. Thank you very
2	much. And so if you don't understand a question that I
3	ask, you know, ask me to repeat it. Okay?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: I will.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: There is, you know, we're
6	trying to be as transparent as possible, and I'm not
7	trying to, you know, trip anybody up. I'm just trying
8	to learn from you, and since this accident occurred and
9	you're one of the pilots that obviously flew with one
10	of the crew members and flew the accident airplane or
11	Hawker series, that's why we want to talk to you.
12	Because we want to learn from you.
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. Any questions,
15	Nabil?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: No, not really.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. If I can get your,
18	just standard stuff to start with. If I can get your
19	full name and your age.
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Nabil Zitouni.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Can you spell it?
22	MR. ZITOUNI: And 55 years old.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. If you could spell it,
24	because we have a tape, so that
25	MR. ZITOUNI: N-A-B-I-L, Z-I-T-O-U-N-I.
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Fifty-five
2	years old. And what's your current title with
3	Execuflight?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: First Officer on the Hawker
5	series.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Hawker series. Great. And
7	when were you hired at ExecuFlight?
8	MR. ZITOUNI: In about 2013.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: In 2013. Great. Standard
10	questions. What certificates and type ratings do you
11	hold?
12	MR. ZITOUNI: I have a ATP, I have a type
13	rating in a Westwind, and a SIC 135 Hawker 700, 800.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And medical
15	certificate?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: First Class.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Limitations?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Glasses. I need to wear
19	glasses and that's it.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
21	MR. ZITOUNI: And it's not valid for any
22	other, when it expires, I can go into Second Class
23	because I have a letter of authorization.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is it reverted to a
25	Second Class right now?
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1	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	MR. ZITOUNI: No, no, no. I always keep a
4	First Class, but if I find it.
5	MR. JAHR: But that, we'd consider a special
6	issuance, I think.
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, special issuance. Must
8	wear corrective lenses. Not valid for any class after
9	it expires.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. Okay. Great. And
11	what, and what aircraft do you fly for ExecuFlight?
12	MR. ZITOUNI: You want the tail numbers?
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Just the types.
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Hawker 800 and Hawker 700.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. You have a Westwind
16	type. Do you fly the Westwind?
17	MR. ZITOUNI: No, not anymore.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay. Nabil, this is,
19	just, estimate it, as far as flight time, because we
20	always ask pilots, generally what is your flight time.
21	So this doesn't have to be, you know your flight
22	MR. ZITOUNI: Around 6,800.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, 6,800 total time?
24	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: How much time in the Hawker
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1	series?
2	MR. ZITOUNI: About 500.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: And of that 500, on the Dash
4	700, how much?
5	MR. ZITOUNI: I'd say about 300 on the 700.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, so roughly half the
7	time.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Maybe more. Maybe like two
9	thirds.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. So, and how
11	long have you been flying the Hawker?
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Since January of this year.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: That's when you were typed?
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. And I always ask the
16	guys their background, so what I want is, you know,
17	just a CliffsNotes version of your background. Tell me
18	how you came to become flying with ExecuFlight.
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Just a short, condensed
21	version of Nabil's flying time, your experience.
22	MR. ZITOUNI: Well, I was a flight
23	instructor for many years. That's how I started. I
24	did ferry flights for an airplane broker, South
25	Carolina. And I started flying a 135 with the King Air

1	200. And then I went to a Westwind in 2005. I lost my
2	job due to a medical condition in 2011. I didn't fly
3	from 2011 to 2013. I got hired by ExecuFlight to fly
4	their Westwind.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Good.
6	MR. ZITOUNI: And then, now I'm upgrading to
7	the Hawker.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Great. Thanks.
9	Great condensed version. Appreciate it. My understand
LO	was that you had had the opportunity to fly with Oscar
L1	on occasion.
L2	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
L3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. How often did you fly
L4	with him?
L5	MR. ZITOUNI: Only flew the empty legs, good
L6	weather, from the right seat. So it depend, when we
L7	reposition, or when we had a new passenger. I didn't
L8	fly with passenger on board. Only empty, repositioned
L9	legs.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Why is that?
21	MR. ZITOUNI: For safety, I guess.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Was that his choice, or is
23	that a company procedure?
24	MR. ZITOUNI: It's more like your company
25	procedure.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: It's the company's?
2	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay. Is it written
4	anywhere that the First Officers don't fly with
5	passengers on board?
6	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. How often did you and
8	Oscar have an opportunity to fly together?
9	MR. ZITOUNI: At first, quite a bit. I'd
10	say I did probably 70 percent of those flights.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you recall the last
12	time?
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir. It was November 10,
14	a Sunday, November 10, 2015.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: November 3rd?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Ten.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Tenth. All right. 2015,
18	this year?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Two days before the
20	crash.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you fly with him
22	in the Westwind?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: I'm sorry, the Hawker?
25	MR. ZITOUNI: The Hawker.
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	MR. ZITOUNI: The 227 Whiskey Romeo.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay. Just, in your
4	own words, can you kind of describe him as a pilot, you
5	know, tell me what he was like to fly with, his skills
6	and how he was, he handled his cockpit as Captain?
7	MR. ZITOUNI: But he was just like your
8	(inaudible). I mean
9	MR. LAWRENCE: I'm sorry?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Just like your regular pilot.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Regular pilot.
12	MR. ZITOUNI: But he did all his checks, his
13	checklist, use a checklist, briefing, just a standard
14	pilot. He knew quite a bit about the system of the
15	plane, and he could land that plane. He was pretty
16	steady on his landings.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you ever have an
18	opportunity to fly in bad weather with him?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Describe that.
21	MR. ZITOUNI: Flew, the last one I remember,
22	we flew an ILS into PDK.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Where?
24	MR. ZITOUNI: PDK. Peachtree
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, Peachtree?
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1	MR. ZITOUNI: DeKalb in Atlanta.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	MR. ZITOUNI: And we just, it was just a
4	routine ILS. We brought down 800 feet, runway in
5	sight, there was no issues.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you ever shoot a,
7	or conduct a non-precision approach with Oscar?
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Can you, do you recall the
10	last time?
11	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, it was in Macon, Georgia,
12	coming back from Denver. And something, the tower was
13	closed. It was Macon, Georgia, so it was closed, it
14	was at night. And no issues, something. Just a
15	standard procedure. Everything was normal.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Do you recall what kind of
17	approach that was?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: I think it was a GPS. I'm not
19	sure, but I think it was a GPS. A GPS approach.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	MR. ZITOUNI: I can look it up if you give
22	me a break or something. I can look into it.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: No, that's okay. That's
24	okay. Now, I'm at a little disadvantage here because
25	I've asked for the SOPs, but I haven't received those

1	from the company, so for a GPS approach in the Hawker -
2	-
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Is that a step-down approach?
5	In other words, you are flying it by GPS, but
6	laterally, but vertically you do step-downs in descent?
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So that's what you did
9	that night in Macon, Georgia?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Just, as you pass a re-
11	fix in the setup (inaudible).
12	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. I'll ask a little
13	bit more about the non-precision approach procedures
14	later, but I want to come back to when he flew all of
15	the legs with passengers.
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Or the Captain would.
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Did Oscar also? Was he one
20	of the ones that would also adhere to that, where he
21	flew all the legs with passengers, and you would only
22	fly the empty legs or return legs?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So, if you can
25	estimate how many times you got to land the airplane as
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1	First Officer, I mean, maybe like 10 percent of the
2	time? 20 percent of the time? Just a guestimate. I'm
3	trying to figure out how many times you're actually
4	flying the airplane versus Oscar flying the airplane.
5	MR. JAHR: I mean, I wouldn't know.
6	MR. ZITOUNI: Twenty-five percent?
7	MR. JAHR: I wouldn't say it'd be
8	MR. LAWRENCE: That's your guess. No, he
9	can't answer for you, but
10	MR. JAHR: Yes.
11	MR. ZITOUNI: No, I was just looking at him.
12	Yes, about 25 percent of the time.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, so about 20, a quarter
14	of the time, you're flying the airplane empty. So you
15	can with an opportunity for you to
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	MR. ZITOUNI: I mean, because it's not good
19	to fly empty.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Did you fly with
21	any other Captains at ExecuFlight? Was it the same
22	thing? Yes. Okay. You've got to say it because
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh. Donnie Shackleford.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	MR. ZITOUNI: And Rich Rivudo.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did Rich
2	MR. ZITOUNI: And Danny Lewkowicz.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. All on the Hawker?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: On a Hawker. I flew all, yes,
5	that's all my Captains.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Was this a
7	similar procedure, or process, where they would fly all
8	of the
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Oh, yes.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Passenger
11	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. That would be, yes.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So what Oscar was
13	doing was just the standard
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes. Did it with Rich,
15	with Donnie, and Danny.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. Did you and
17	Oscar ever talk to each other outside of work?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Oh, yes.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Tell me about that.
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Well, you know, I mean, you're
21	a captain, you know. But we, when we didn't fly, we
22	went to hotels together, we ate together. I mean,
23	regular stuff. So you, I don't, what do you want me to
24	tell you? What we talked about or?
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Well, I'm curious if, did any

1 of your conversations, did Oscar ever have any concerns 2 going on in his family, his friends? Did he have any 3 concerns? 4 MR. ZITOUNI: No, he was very in love with That was, he live in Colombia. 5 his son. I mean, he loved that kid. But he saw him quite often, because 6 7 the kid would come here or he would go there to visit. No, nothing that I'm aware of. 8 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did he express any 9 concerns about the company? 10 11 MR. ZITOUNI: Like every pilot, you know, they're always complaining. Or they say the whine 12 don't stop after the engine guit. So, you know, that's 13 14 standard procedure. You know, the schedule, day off and stuff, so everybody complains. 15 But, you know, nothing that, you know, 16 wanted him to quit. You know, stuff like that. Yes, 17 18 everybody complains. I mean, I don't know. You guys probably complain about your work, even though you, 19 it's probably a good one. 2.0 21 MR. LAWRENCE: Okav. I think we all do. 22 MR. ETCHER: MR. ZITOUNI: All do. It's human nature. 23 24 MR. LAWRENCE: You said that, you know, he 25 had concerns, or he expressed some concerns to you

1	about days off. Any other things that
2	MR. ZITOUNI: Everyone, we all do. We all
3	do, yes.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay.
5	MR. ZITOUNI: We all do. It's not a, that's
6	a regular procedure.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: You eluded to this earlier
8	when you were kind of describing him. Did Oscar, did
9	he follow procedures?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Did you ever observe him in
12	any of your flights, act contrary to the company
13	procedures
14	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: or regulations?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you know the First
18	Officer, Renato?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: No, sir. I met him twice, and
20	he, let's see, I met him twice, I don't know him at
21	all. I didn't fly with him, and he was just hired in
22	June, so I don't
23	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Okay. I'm going
24	to tap into a little bit about your experience specific
25	to ExecuFlight, this company. How are guys scheduled

1	at this company?
2	MR. ZITOUNI: It's on demand. So we have no
3	schedule. We are on-call 24/7, unless we have set days
4	off.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: How many set days off do you
6	have?
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Whatever you want to take. So
8	they are pretty, if I'm asked with it, if you need days
9	off, they give you days off. But you have to put your
10	days off on the schedule, so you're not flying.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Is there a minimum number of
12	days off or a maximum?
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Thirteen per quarter you can,
14	thirteen per quarter.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So you can move those
16	days wherever you need them in a quarter.
17	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. They, and then if you
18	need more, you have a doctor appointment, you have, I
19	don't know, your daughter recital or something, you can
20	work with our Chief Pilot or dispatch. They are
21	committed to you.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you ever have any
23	difficulties, I know you haven't been here that long,
24	but any difficulties in getting the days off that you
25	wanted?

1	MR. ZITOUNI: I don't get days off.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Excuse me?
3	MR. ZITOUNI: I mean, I get days off when I
4	don't fly. When on the schedule, I don't request for
5	set days off that much, so I never had, no. To answer,
6	no, I don't.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Well, then how many
8	days are, do you fly per month?
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Between, depend on how busy we
10	are. Between 10 and, I'd say, 16, 17 days a month.
11	Depending how busy we are.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
13	MR. ZITOUNI: So they give you a lot of time
14	off.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
16	MR. ZITOUNI: That's, I'm answering your
17	question?
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. I know. I understand.
19	Do you guys have a training contract?
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Training contract? I mean, I
21	don't have one. I know I don't have one. I don't know
22	about, when I started, I had one with the Westwind, but
23	at this time, I don't have one. I don't know if other
24	people have. I'm talking about me, okay?
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.

1	MR. ZITOUNI: I don't know.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: You just answered my next
3	question. Thank you. And I understand ExecuFlight has
4	a group of people or several people that they term
5	dispatchers.
6	MR. ZITOUNI: They're not really
7	dispatchers.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Now how would you
9	describe them?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: We call them dispatch, but
11	they're basically, they're sales people, and they help
12	us with some of the, like, customs, they help them with
13	customs, stuff like this, hotel reservations sometimes.
14	Just fuel authorization.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
16	MR. ZITOUNI: But they are not, they don't
17	help us with the flying parts of the trips. Okay?
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. That's kind of leads
19	to my next question. Do they have any role as far as
20	flight planning?
21	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Weight and balance or
23	weather?
24	MR. ZITOUNI: No, no. That's all is the
25	Captain responsibility.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. So we mentioned
2	about flight plans. Who files, you just eluded to it,
3	but so who files the flight plans for the flights?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Generally it's the Captain.
5	The Captain fly his flight plan.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Files his flight plan.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: How does he do that?
9	MR. ZITOUNI: FltPlan.com.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	MR. ZITOUNI: We have a company login, and
12	we go in there.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. What about weather
14	briefings?
15	MR. ZITOUNI: We do everything NOAA. Our
16	FltPlan.com, whatever is approved in the SOP.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So NOAA and
18	FltPlan.com?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Flightplan.com. Yes,
20	flightplan.com gives you the weather too.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. What type of weather
22	does FltPlan.com give you?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Same thing as, you get the
24	METAR, TAFs, and route, NOTAMs. Everything you need.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.

1	MR. ZITOUNI: SIGMET, AIRMET.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: And is that, that's approved
3	in the
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, in the SOP.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Okay. In your
6	experience flying with Oscar, is that how he handled
7	each flight? He would go to FltPlan.com to file, and
8	use FltPlan.com for weather?
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Weather or NOAA. National
10	Weather Service.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. How would he get, how
12	would he get NOAA weather?
13	MR. ZITOUNI: On a computer.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: His computer? Company
15	computer? What
16	MR. ZITOUNI: FBO computer. Yes. Phone.
17	You can get it
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you observe him
19	doing that?
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir. Yes. We printed,
21	we print the weather. We have like a flight folder,
22	and we print the flight plans, weather, NOTAMs, that
23	kind of stuff.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Was that a procedure
25	to print that up and take it out?

1	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: And have it with you?
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. I think it's even
4	required by the, it is required by the FAA also.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you know what
6	flight following is?
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Describe that. What is
9	flight following?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Flight following
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
12	MR. ZITOUNI: From ATC?
13	MR. LAWRENCE: From a company standpoint.
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh, flight following from the
15	company standpoint? So, when you, before you take off,
16	you send a text message, doors closed, with you EFT or
17	flight number. When you land, you send a message,
18	doors open, to same thing, the company, with the IFT
19	flight number to Danny, our Chief Pilot, and the
20	salespeople.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	MR. ZITOUNI: And the DO. Director of
23	Operations.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did Oscar do that?
25	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Was it the Captain's
2	responsibility to do that or the First Officer?
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes. Yes.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Yes.
5	MR. ZITOUNI: I mean, depending, you know,
6	sometimes I would do it because, especially in the
7	beginning when he started, you know. And then he got
8	into the
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Rhythm?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
12	MR. ZITOUNI: I'm sorry.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. So that was sent via
14	a, your personal cell phone?
15	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, personal cell phone text
16	message.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Or WhatApps.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Could that be emailed or was
20	it always text?
21	MR. ZITOUNI: Text or WhatApps in, when we
22	are overseas. I mean, international.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: And then, what did you call
24	that?
25	MR. ZITOUNI: WhatApps.
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: WhatApps?
2	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. It's a
3	MR. ETCHER: Is that an application or
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes.
5	MR. ETCHER: There's an app for that on the
6	iPhone, I think.
7	MR. ZITOUNI: On, yes. On everybody and,
8	it's free.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Because sometimes you don't
11	have
12	MR. SHACKLEFORD: The biggest thing is that
13	saves you from having all the data roaming charges when
14	you
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Yes. Yes. I was
16	going to get to that. Okay. So it's an application
17	you have on your phone?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Does the company
20	provide, or just something you just
21	MR. ZITOUNI: It's free.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Everybody can get it.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me shift gears a
25	little bit and talk, ask you a little bit about the
I	

1	Hawker. You got some experience. You've been flying
2	different airplanes. How was the Hawker to fly?
3	MR. ZITOUNI: It's a very easy airplane to
4	fly. I come from flying a Westwind, which is a very
5	hard airplane to fly.
6	I can compare, like, the Hawker to a
7	Chieftain or Navajo. It's a very forgiving airplane.
8	It's, as long as you fly it within the envelope, you
9	have no issues. I mean, I wish I started flying the
10	Hawker before.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Compare that, and then just
12	to clarify, you flew the 700 and the 800?
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Tell me the difference
15	between the two.
16	MR. ZITOUNI: 700 is like your station
17	wagon, and a 800 is more race car.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: That's good.
19	MR. ZITOUNI: It's a better performance.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. 800 had better
21	performance?
22	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Tell me about the cockpit and
24	what you had available as a pilot, in front of you in
25	the cockpit. The difference between the 700 and the

1	800.
2	MR. ZITOUNI: The only difference between
3	the two is that we have, I don't know how to call it,
4	can you help me?
5	MR. ETCHER: Are you asking about the
6	accident airplane versus the 800?
7	MR. LAWRENCE: I'm saying 700 and 800
8	generally. I'm going to get down to the
9	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Don't look at me. I'm,
10	he's asking you.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Do you know the different
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Generally, what were the
14	differences in the cockpit. Think about (inaudible)
15	and
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. I'm looking for the
17	word. Can you help me with a word? Just a word.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: What are you trying to
19	describe?
20	MR. ZITOUNI: The
21	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Don't tell him what you
22	think about him.
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay. About him? You don't
24	know. No, the only difference is, like, a 700 is all
25	analog, just steam gauges and stuff like this. The 800

1	has got a
2	MR. ETCHER: EFIS?
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Digital, no, it's not EFIS.
4	It's just a digital, altitude indicator with whole
5	bunch of information, so you don't have to scan as
6	much. You know, for your speed, your rate of climb and
7	stuff like this.
8	When the 700 is just a traditional cockpit,
9	you know, that sits back and you have more scan. The
10	800, you have like a smaller digital altitude
11	indicator, and it shows you a lot of information in
12	there.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	MR. ZITOUNI: So you don't have to scan.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. So to expand on what
16	you just said, you would have to scan the instrument
17	panel more on a 700 than you would the 800?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes, because, yes. It
19	was more, that instrument, you view many information at
20	once.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And you flew different
22	700s here?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir. Yes, sir.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Were there differences
25	between those two aircraft?

1	MR. ZITOUNI: Very little. Just the
2	navigations, the FMSs or the front. Maybe the way the
3	radar was different. But they were very similar.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And this will be your
5	opinion, but I'm curious, when you flew the 700 and
6	then transitioned to the 800, or you would be flying
7	the 800 and then have to go back and fly in the 700,
8	was that difficult?
9	MR. ZITOUNI: No, no, no.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. All right. Okay.
11	Want to talk about, specific to 237
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: the accident airplane.
14	All right? A couple of things, if you recall that
15	particular airplane.
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: The ADI, in front of you
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: And the attitude.
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Did that have a decision
22	height selectable decision height?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Where was that at?
	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Where was that at? Where was that located? Was it on the ADI or

1	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, right on the ADI. It's
2	on top of, you're talking about the radar altimeter?
3	What are you talking about?
4	MR. LAWRENCE: It's on the selectable?
5	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh, you had, you're talking
6	about the
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Decision height.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Decision height.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Where would you set
10	decision height? Like you're going to shoot an ILS
11	down 200 feet, where would you set it?
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Not on the altitude
13	(inaudible). On the radar altimeter. The little
14	thing.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
16	MR. ZITOUNI: On the ADI. It was just out
17	there. It was something, it was numbers, it was
18	analog.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
20	MR. ZITOUNI: And you just set it there.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So you would set it
22	there.
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: If your altitude reached that
25	altitude

1	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Let's say you turn 200 on,
3	and you got to 200, that's a radar altimeter?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Does anything go off
6	in the cockpit? Is there a oral or a chime?
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. It would call for
8	minimums because you have a countdown to minimum.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Wait a minute. The airplane
10	would countdown to minimums or the pilot would?
11	MR. ZITOUNI: Both. It's a minimum when you
12	get up to that altitude.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And the airplane had a
14	callout that would say minimums, minimums?
15	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, minimums. Yes.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Automatic call-out?
17	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, yes.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Where would you set
19	the altitude window that you would normally set for the
20	autopilot to hold, like, 15,000 feet, and you set it to
21	15,000 in here.
22	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: On a non-precision approach,
24	like a localizer approach, where you're flying and
25	doing this. Step-down

1	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: fixes? Where would you
3	set that altitude for the approach?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: To the next step down.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. For minimum descent
6	altitude
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: You're going to need your
9	bottom altitude for localizer, where would you set
10	that? The MDA?
11	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, the MDA.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. All right. Okay. So
13	in general, I'm going to have you kind of just walk me
14	through, let's talk about, I'll show you a localizer
15	approach to Akron Fulton, okay?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: I know you've probably seen
18	this already. Okay. All right. This is a localizer
19	chart for Runway 25, okay?
20	Just kind of generally, Nabil, if you would,
21	tell me how you would set this approach up,
22	specifically to 237, the accident airplane. How would
23	you set this approach up to fly it?
24	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay. Well, I probably, I
25	don't know. A hundred, let me see, yes. About 100

1	miles out, I would get the weather. So I would get the
2	information about the field, what runway we are
3	landing. And then I would start setting up the plane
4	for that approach. I'd go to the briefing, approach
5	plate briefing. So, you want me to do, I'm not going
6	to do the briefing?
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, go ahead.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: So that's Akron, Ohio, Fulton
9	International. Localizer Runway 25. Okay, I have
10	already the weather dialed in.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: I'm sorry?
12	MR. ZITOUNI: The weather.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	MR. ZITOUNI: The ASOS, 126 Cleveland
15	center. CTAF, there's no tower, so we're going to use
16	the for that, going to put in the localizer for
17	frequency 110.9. And approach goes to 49 degrees.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Yes. Where do you
19	dial in the localizer?
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Localizer on the VOR
21	frequency. Okay, on both sides, identify.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: And then the course would be
23	set
24	MR. ZITOUNI: The course, yes. The course
25	would be set, so we'd be flying right there upon FMS,

1 so procedure, we switch to a, it's not a, well, that's what we do. 2 We switch to heading mode, and then we go 3 4 to, we go to VOR and then put the course, then switch back to FMS mode because we're probably flying on FMS, 5 so take off the heading mode and go to FMS. 6 7 minimum altitude is 2,300 MDA. So that's where you start the approach, I 8 believe, yes, the final approach. And the 1540, 473 9 10 above the ground, so that's what you set in your --11 MR. LAWRENCE: What would you set on that? MR. ZITOUNI: 12 You set the, on your MDA radar altimeter you set 473, you going to have 473, end up 13 14 setting 500 because you are not conservative. 15 Airport elevation is 1,000 feet. Touchdown zone at 1,000 feet. Interceptor attitude is 3,000. 16 Then you brief on the missed approach. Missed 17 approach, if we don't get the runway, we plan at 3,000 18 feet, 249 heading, so that's a runway heading outbound, 19 and then you intercept the 322 radio to (inaudible) 20 intersection, and hold. 21 22 MR. LAWRENCE: Very good. A couple of things I wanted to ask you about. When you came to the 23 final approach fix --24 25 MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: And you started down, okay?
2	What is the procedure it's ExecuFlight, flying the
3	Hawker, to set the minimum. If you set, you would set
4	about 500 on the radio altimeter
5	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Once you started down, what
7	would you do? Would you just fly it to the radar
8	altimeter as the MDA, or would you fly
9	MR. ZITOUNI: No, you would set the yes,
10	1,600 on the radar altimeter, and
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Wait a minute.
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh, no. Attitude after, I'm
13	sorry.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
15	MR. ZITOUNI: And then, if, I don't know,
16	yes. And then if you're ready, you just let the
17	autopilot fly it. You monitor everything, you just let
18	the 1,500, you know, the autopilot, and then you look
19	for the runway.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. You've mentioned a
21	couple things that caught my attention. You said the
22	FMS. I understand when you're flying, like, to an
23	airport or en route, you're flying FMS.
24	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: For this type of an approach,

1 what does Execuflight train, and what are you guys supposed to use FMS for when you're flying a non-2 3 precision approach? Do you use the FMS? 4 MR. ZITOUNI: There's not really a thing. My personal choice would be to back up. If I'm flying 5 the localizer, I back up the localizer approach with 6 7 the (inaudible) if there's one available. So if something goes wrong, you know, I have 8 at least a backup. Yes, I have a backup or, you know, 9 just something, you know, with a flight visual 10 11 approach, I always back it up with ILS or something. 12 MR. LAWRENCE: Sure. You said that's your What's Execuflight want their pilots to do? 13 procedure. 14 Is there a procedure? 15 MR. ZITOUNI: No, there is not a procedure. You also mentioned, I would MR. LAWRENCE: 16 fly it on autopilot. Is there a standard procedure to 17 18 fly non-precision approach or a requirement to fly nonprecision approach on autopilot? 19 MR. ZITOUNI: 2.0 No. 21 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Going back to Oscar and his use of, his flying of non-precision approaches, 22 do you recall if he used the autopilot to fly those or 23 hand flown? 24 25 MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes, mostly autopilot.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	MR. ZITOUNI: Auto pilot and, yes.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: But do you know of a company
4	procedure that requires the use of autopilot for non-
5	precision approaches?
6	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: It's up to the pilot.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Up to the pilot. All right.
10	How are you doing? Do you need water? Break? Coffee?
11	How you doing?
12	MR. ZITOUNI: No, I'm doing good.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: We're almost done.
14	MR. ZITOUNI: No, I'm doing good.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Yes.
16	MR. ZITOUNI: A little hot in here, but
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Just a few more questions on
18	these non-precision approaches. Are there standard
19	call-outs on a non-precision approach?
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: What are they?
22	MR. ZITOUNI: The altitude to the minimums,
23	your speed, your alignment with the runway.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me be a little bit
25	more specific. And, again, I'm at a disadvantage
I	

1	because I haven't been given copies of the standard
2	operating procedures yet. But do you, does ExecuFlight
3	have a stable approach criteria?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: What is that? What is stable
6	approach criteria for ExecuFlight?
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Stable approach? You mean, I
8	don't understand.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: All right.
LO	MR. JAHR: You're talking specifically to
L1	non-precision approaches?
L2	MR. LAWRENCE: My question is, is there a
L3	stable approach criteria at ExecuFlight. I'll get to
L4	the approaches specifically later. If you arrive at
L5	1,000 feet, do you need to be configured or anything
L6	like that? Or
L7	MR. ZITOUNI: Of course. I mean, but I
L8	don't understand. It's basic training. I mean, you
L9	MR. LAWRENCE: Let me give you a scenario.
20	If I arrived at 1,000 feet above the ground.
21	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: At any point instrument
23	approach, visual or anything, and let's say my speed
24	was in excess of 20 knots. Above ref. You know, I was
25	20 knots too fast, flying. Okay?
	I control of the second of the

1	MR. ZITOUNI: 20 knots is nothing on the
2	Hawker. On the Westwind is a more, it's more an issue
3	because you don't slow down.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	MR. ZITOUNI: But on the Hawker, it's not an
6	issue. You say maybe 50, let's say 50, I would go
7	miss.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, above the takeoff
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Does the company have
11	guidelines that tell you that 1,000 feet you need to be
12	within certain criteria, or you need to execute a go-
13	around?
14	MR. ZITOUNI: I don't think we have a
15	procedure, but I think it's in the, more like in the
16	training manual.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: All right.
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Does that make sense? I don't
19	know.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. All right, come back
21	to that. Let me ask you, so is there a call-out for
22	when a pilot, say the pilot monitoring
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: To make on a non-precision
25	approach as you're approaching minimum descent
I	

1	altitude, MDA?
2	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh, yes, 1,000 feet above
3	minimum and so on, and then you go by 100 feet
4	increments.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: So you would continue calling
6	out altitudes
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: At 100 knot
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Prior to the MDA.
11	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: So in this particular
13	approach, the MDAs being 40
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. So if you would start
15	the final approach fix. Then you call out from 2,300
16	to 1,500 or 1,600, so that's 700, you call out for 700
17	above minimum when you cross. And then 6, 5
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Every 100 feet you're
19	calling?
20	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	MR. ZITOUNI: On top of the speed, because
23	by then it should be at Ref plus 20, and the alignment
24	with the runway, left of center line, right of center
25	line, something like that.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And I think you
2	already answered that one. Couple of, just follow up
3	things. Passenger use of seatbelts.
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Who briefed, who's
6	responsible to brief the passengers?
7	MR. ZITOUNI: The Captain.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: The Captain is?
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. We radio Captain brief
10	the passenger, on the (phonetic) F4, inside of the
11	cockpit.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
13	MR. ZITOUNI: So there's not too much
14	waiting or
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Do all the Captains
16	you fly with, I know it's a small number, but do all
17	the Captains you fly with brief passengers about
18	seatbelts?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Sometimes, if full, you
20	know, it can be delegated to do the safety briefing.
21	But, yes, usually the Captain
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. You remember if Oscar
23	did that?
24	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes. On a regular
25	basis.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. He do that for every
2	flight or just first flight?
3	MR. ZITOUNI: The first, on the first leg.
4	You brief the people, if we have people for a multi-
5	leg, you brief them on the first leg and
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did, is there a
7	procedure to verify that they had
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, of course.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: The seatbelts.
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: And what was that?
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Well, yes. Before takeoff, we
13	always tell them that, well, you know, we're going to
14	take off. I mean, we warn them that, you know, we're
15	going to take off, and we check that, from the cockpit
16	you can see if they have their seatbelts.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Good. What about on
18	landing, when you're coming in
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: For landing and checking the
21	seatbelts? Is there a seatbelt sign for the
22	passengers?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, yes. We have a seatbelt
24	sign, it's on, and yes, something will blink and then
25	we tell them we're going to land and make sure they
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1	have their seatbelts on and the tray table stowed.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Who would make that
3	announcement?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Either or, I mean, the one
5	who's not, I mean, I would do it. Usually I would do
6	it because it's easier for me.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. And was it the same
8	process as takeoff? You would just look back there to
9	see if they had their seatbelts on?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
12	MR. ZITOUNI: But usually people are pretty
13	good with it.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Just a couple more
15	things. The weight and balance
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: For each leg. Describe how
18	you guys do your weight and balance.
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay. So the weight and
20	balance from when we leave here, we access the computer
21	at the office. We do the weight and balance.
22	Ultra Nav, we get on the Ultra Nav at the
23	office, and we do the weight and balance that way.
24	When we are away from the office, we can access the
25	server, Ultra Nav, through a (inaudible), and that's
	I

1	how we do the weight and balance.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Who is responsible to do
5	that?
6	MR. ZITOUNI: The pilot in command. The
7	PIC.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Were the, are the passengers
9	weighed for each flight?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: The passenger
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Does he have a means to weigh
12	them prior to
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. We on board, we have a
14	scale, approved scale by the FAA to weigh the
15	passengers and their luggage.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Where's that scale
17	located on the Hawkers?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: It sits right at
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Specifically, the accident
20	airplane.
21	MR. ZITOUNI: It's right in the luggage
22	compartment, when you go out the door, it's right there
23	in front of you.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: You recall seeing that, two
25	days before the accident on the accident airplane?

1	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh, yes, it's always there.
2	It's always there.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Because it's always in the
5	way, because the luggage compartment is not that big,
6	and it's always in the way because, you know, you try
7	to, especially some people, they don't travel light.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
9	MR. ZITOUNI: So you're always trying to
10	MR. LAWRENCE: I saw a Hawker, and you're
11	right. The luggage compartment is not quite that
12	large.
13	MR. ZITOUNI: But it's nice. I like it down
14	there.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Were you required by
16	procedures or company policy or operation
17	specifications to weigh the passengers and bags for
18	each flight?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir. It's in the SOP.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	MR. ZITOUNI: We don't, we take actual
22	weights.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Did all the Captains that you
24	flew with do that?
25	MR. ZITOUNI: Everybody does it. It's a
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1	company policy.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So if I was on, if you
3	were flying a charter, say a two-day charter with the
4	same people.
5	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: For multiple flights.
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: You would weigh those
9	individuals every flight?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: No, just once.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Which flight would you
12	weigh them on?
13	MR. ZITOUNI: My first one.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And then what about
15	the luggage?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Luggage, same thing.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Just the first flight?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, first flight.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: But you said the procedure is
20	to do that for every flight, correct?
21	MR. ZITOUNI: The procedure is we cannot
22	take, like, the airline, set the weight for every
23	passenger or their luggage. So we have to weigh them.
24	Actually weigh them. So I think we weigh them once.
25	How are they going to gain 20 pounds in two days?

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	MR. ZITOUNI: So
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Could the luggage change?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: No, not that much.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
6	MR. ZITOUNI: Especially business flights.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: And, it could change, but
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Five pounds, I mean, it's not
11	a significant
12	MR. LAWRENCE: So in your experience, and I
13	don't want to put words in your mouth, but I just, you
14	know, correct me if I'm wrong, in your experience,
15	generally you guys would weigh the passengers and bags
16	on the first flight
17	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: And then use the same weights
19	throughout the charter?
20	MR. ZITOUNI: yes.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me shift gears a
22	second. I found out you guys train down, you do
23	simulator training down in Dallas?
24	MR. ZITOUNI: Simuflite, yes.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Okay. Kind of describe
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your training, the training you received when you came 1 on with Execuflight. 2 3 MR. ZITOUNI: Best. I mean, talking about 4 Simuflite, it's one of the best training I ever had. Very experienced people. Great facility. 5 Great -- I've been there many times with the 6 7 Westwind and the Hawker. Flying on the Hawker only once, but I have previous experience with the Westwind 8 at the Simuflite, and it was, nothing bad to say about 9 the great instructor, great equipment. And people are 10 11 very experienced in the airplanes so they teach you 12 more than usually, I mean, you should know to pass because you share their experience with the plane. 13 14 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. ZITOUNI: And then on many occasions, I 15 needed more, I could call back the instructor and 16 actually get a, you know, feedback. 17 MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. 18 Stuff like this. 19 MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Great. The simulator that 20 MR. LAWRENCE: you flew at Simuflite, was it a 700 or an 800? 21 22 MR. ZITOUNI: 700. MR. LAWRENCE: Was it, okay. 23 MR. ZITOUNI: You do 700 training, 24 25 difference 800. Difference training, 800.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did they have an 800
2	Sim as well?
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So you would fly the
5	700 Sim, and then you'd do differences in an 800 Sim?
6	MR. ZITOUNI: No. Differences, classroom.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Classroom. Got it. That's
8	where I wanted to make sure. You know.
9	MR. ZITOUNI: You didn't know.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. The 700 Sim, how
11	similar
12	MR. ZITOUNI: It's the same. Except for
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Let me finish. How similar
14	was it to the accident airplane?
15	MR. ZITOUNI: Very close.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
17	MR. ZITOUNI: Except for the, probably the
18	FMS. You know the electronic radios, FMS? But very
19	close to the airplane we flew.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Was the decision
21	height on the ABI and the altitude window you would
22	set?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Sir, to be honest with you, I
24	cannot recall. I went to the initial training in
25	January of this year.
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. That's fine.
2	MR. ZITOUNI: So I'm due next month, around
3	December or the next month, I won't tell you what color
4	it was, okay, so
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And I should've told
6	you earlier, Nabil, I don't know is a perfectly
7	acceptable answer. That's good.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay. No
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. That's fine. Just
10	wanted to see if you happened to remember. And we will
11	have an opportunity, we're going to go down and take a
12	look.
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: So, we'll
15	MR. ZITOUNI: Well, I mean, those are great
16	people we're talking about.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Good. What procedures
18	were you trained on when you were at Simuflite?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Procedures about what?
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Did you use Simuflite
21	procedures and call-outs, or did you use ExecuFlight's?
22	MR. ZITOUNI: No, we used the training
23	manual.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	MR. ZITOUNI: Which is pretty close to
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1	Simuflite's training manual.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Great. So you used
3	Execuflight procedures and Execuflight manuals?
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Yes, manuals.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: When you flew.
6	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Because we train as we fly,
9	and we fly as we train. Okay? So that's the
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. And you mentioned the
11	instructors, but I just want to make sure we have this
12	down. They're not ExecuFlight instructors
13	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: They're Simuflite
15	MR. ZITOUNI: Simuflite, approved
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. When you were
17	down there, did you receive crew resource management,
18	CRM, training?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Not that specific training,
20	but your CRM in the simulator is evaluated for the
21	check ride and during all the training. So, no, we
22	didn't, we don't go to specific, because they have
23	classes for international procedure, CRM, weather,
24	whatever. We didn't go in those classes, but during
25	the training, you're very encouraged to use the CRM,

1	and you are evaluated on your CRM.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Especially as a Captain. It's
4	a, yes, it's a big deal.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: So just to be clear, there
б	wasn't a specific classroom module or something they're
7	
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. No.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: There wasn't?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: There is, but we didn't attend
11	that class.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, okay. They offer it.
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: But you didn't go to it.
15	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
17	MR. ZITOUNI: It isn't considered it part of
18	our, it's not part of our training to
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. But you were evaluated
20	on CRM?
21	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
23	MR. ZITOUNI: And throughout the training,
24	you are encouraged to use appropriate CRM.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I'm going to let the
I	I and the state of

1	other guys on it. You're doing great. I really
2	appreciate it, Nabil.
3	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Tell me about the company in
5	general, ExecuFlight.
6	MR. ZITOUNI: Our company, ExecuFlight?
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Just tell me about it.
8	If I didn't know anything about ExecuFlight, how would
9	describe it?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay. ExecuFlight, a 135
11	company. We have many run our plan on management.
12	It's owned by Danny Lewkowicz. That's it. I mean,
13	we're based in Fort Lauderdale, Executive. And it's a
14	great place to work. I don't have any complaints.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. How many pilots do you
16	guys, or does the company employ?
17	MR. ZITOUNI: Sorry, with a contract, or we
18	do, because I don't, because they use contract, and I
19	don't know, I don't know, I know all the 135, so I can
20	name all the 135 if you want.
21	There's one, two, three, I think there's
22	eight of us, something. Yes, I don't know. Really a
23	lot of contract pilots, so they come and go. I don't
24	know.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: And do contract pilots fly

1	the Hawker?
2	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
4	MR. ZITOUNI: No, no, no.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: So how many pilots
6	MR. ZITOUNI: On the Hawker program?
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
8	MR. ZITOUNI: There are five of, six of us.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Who are they.
10	MR. ZITOUNI: It was, I'm sorry. There were
11	six of us.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: I understand. And I'm sorry
13	for that.
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. So Danny Shackelford
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Tell me who's hang on a
16	second here. Tell me who the Hawker pilots are now.
17	MR. ZITOUNI: Oh, now.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Now.
19	MR. ZITOUNI: So, now, Donnie Shackleford,
20	Rich Rivudo, Danny Lewkowicz, and Nabil Zitouni, and
21	me.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Okay.
23	MR. JAHR: That's it, yes.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Danny, Rich, Donnie, and you.
25	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Four?
2	MR. ZITOUNI: Four.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Just want to make
4	sure.
5	MR. ZITOUNI: And before
б	MR. LAWRENCE: I understand.
7	MR. ZITOUNI: Oscar and Renato.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: So you four pilots, now, were
9	at the time prior to the accident, there were six,
10	flying three different airplanes, correct?
11	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Two Hawker 8, 700s and one
13	800.
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Correct? Is, this may be
16	your opinion, and it's just your opinion, but would you
17	consider that the company's short staffed of Hawker
18	pilots?
19	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Why?
21	MR. ZITOUNI: Because most of the time,
22	there's one down for maintenance. So there's only two
23	airplanes flying out of the three, and like I said,
24	between 10 and 18 days are not even flying because
25	sometimes we are sitting in Las Vegas or somewhere on a

1	tropical island. So I don't think we were overwhelmed
2	by
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. Curious, do
4	you guys have, does the company have a director of
5	safety?
6	MR. ZITOUNI: I don't know.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: You don't know? That's fine.
8	That's okay.
9	MR. ZITOUNI: I thought it was
10	MR. SHACKLEFORD: I would just call it Rich
11	or
12	MR. ZITOUNI: (Phonetic) Scott Meade. I
13	thought it was Scott Meade or something. I don't know.
14	I'm not sure.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is, well is there some
16	means for you to make a report to the company if you
17	see something unusual or something that's maybe unsafe?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Not something that's in the
19	book, but you can always walk into the Chief Pilot or
20	Danny's office and talk to him like a normal human
21	being. I mean, they're very approachable. I mean,
22	they're always available to us.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: And have you had to do that
24	in
25	MR. ZITOUNI: No, I never actually do this,
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1	but if I see something that I don't like. You know, we
2	have a small company. You know, it's not a big
3	(inaudible), so we have a good communication process.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
5	MR. ZITOUNI: At this one.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. This will be another
7	opinion, and it's just your opinion, did you ever feel
8	pressure when you're operating a charter to complete
9	the charter or fly, you know what I mean?
10	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir. Me, I don't feel
11	pressure, but there's always pressure, I mean, in every
12	job. In your job, in every job you have pressure. But
13	I think it's up to the individual to, you know, not let
14	the pressure get to you. But, no, me, I don't feel
15	pressure at all.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Donnie?
17	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Are you
18	MR. LAWRENCE: No, no, no. I was just, I
19	want to make sure that the recording's getting it.
20	There was a lot of noise over there.
21	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Okay.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, thanks.
23	MR. SHACKLEFORD: All right.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Have you ever seen the FAA on
25	one of your jump seats?
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1	MR. ZITOUNI: No.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: No.
3	MR. ZITOUNI: I mean, except for check
4	rides. 299 check ride. Except for check rides.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Got it. Ever
6	seen the FAA hanging around the offices or coming in
7	for visits or for training down on Simuflite? Have you
8	ever seen them?
9	MR. ZITOUNI: No, I don't see, I've seen FAA
10	coming in on the maintenance side. Maintenance side.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
12	MR. ZITOUNI: But I don't know, I don't know
13	what they were doing, so I can't tell you.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Do you know who the
15	principal Operations Inspector is?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Jim Piccoli, James
17	Piccoli on the Miami FSDO.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Check my notes and
19	see, I'll have a couple follow ups and stuff, but how
20	you doing on time? Water anybody? Water break?
21	Anything?
22	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, I can use, you don't
23	mind?
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Not at all.
25	MR. ZITOUNI: Five minutes all right?
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Why don't we stop the
2	recording, get me a, get a five minute break. Yes.
3	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went
4	off the record and resumed at an undisclosed time.)
5	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. All right, Nabil,
6	I tell you what we're going to do. I'm going to give
7	you an opportunity to take a break from listening to
8	me.
9	And I'm going to just, you know, every, you
10	know, make sure everybody, as parties, they have an
11	opportunity to answer or ask a few questions. So first
12	off, Sean, he's, Sean's with the NTSB, an Operations
13	investigator like myself. Sean?
14	MR. ETCHER: Did you get a good enough
15	break?
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. I'm good.
17	MR. ETCHER: You're comfy now?
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
19	MR. ETCHER: All right, good. I just have a
20	few. You did a great job so far to let me kind of
21	understand everything that you can explain, and that's
22	great. I appreciate it.
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Right.
24	MR. ETCHER: Just had a few questions I was
25	hoping you could clarify, because I'm not as familiar

1	with you all's procedures and your aircraft as you are.
2	Well, back to the approach. What we were talking about
3	localizer 25 there into Akron.
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
5	MR. ETCHER: And you talked about how you
6	would set, you were telling us how you'd set it all up
7	and everything. And you said you set on the MDA on
8	your radar altimeter.
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
10	MR. ETCHER: And you usually bumped it up to
11	give yourself a little buffer
12	MR. ZITOUNI: No, because you don't have
13	the, it goes by 50s. Right?
14	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Yes, yes. You can just
15	set
16	MR. ZITOUNI: If you look, here
17	MR. SHACKLEFORD: If it's at 471, and so if
18	you're going to have to set something, you might as
19	well set it to the next higher value so you give
20	yourself a little buffer.
21	MR. ETCHER: So it only does it in 50 foot
22	increments?
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.
24	MR. ETCHER: So you have to do either 450 or
25	500?
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1	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, so you always go higher.			
2	MR. ETCHER: Okay. Okay. And you always do			
3	that on the radar altimeter?			
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.			
5	MR. ETCHER: Okay. How about your altitude			
6	select knob? Is that in 50-foot increments as well?			
7	Or is that in 100-foot increments or something more			
8	precise?			
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Hundred.			
10	MR. ETCHER: Hundred? Okay.			
11	MR. ZITOUNI: So, yes, you would put			
12	something 600 instead of, what is it? You put 500			
13	instead of 473.			
14	MR. ETCHER: Okay.			
15	MR. ZITOUNI: Or no, actually no. You would			
16	put 1,600.			
17	MR. ETCHER: Okay.			
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Sorry, 500 on the altitude			
19	(inaudible) off of the radar altimeter, and on the			
20	altitude (inaudible), you would put the 1,600.			
21	MR. ETCHER: Okay.			
22	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Five hundred feet above			
23	(inaudible) for sure, whatever.			
24	MR. ETCHER: Now when you, you did a great			
25	job briefing it, because that's one of the only two			
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1	questions I had on that. So thank you.			
2	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay.			
3	MR. ETCHER: You also said that when you			
4	flew your localizer approach into Macon, Georgia, or			
5	any approach for instance			
6	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.			
7	MR. ETCHER: With the accident Captain, did			
8	he ever brief you on the weather before you left or			
9	did, how did you guys know what the weather was like en			
10	route or at your destination if you were legal to fly			
11	there? I'm just kind of trying to figure out, is, was			
12	it a procedure that you guys talked about it? How did			
13	it all work?			
14	MR. ZITOUNI: Well, we check the weather			
15	before we leave, and then on long flights like this,			
16	because we flew from Denver, we got an update from			
17	Flight Watch. You know, on the, over our frequency.			
18	And I often do it, call a flight service			
19	station up in the air and get an updated weather of the			
20	destination.			
21	MR. ETCHER: Okay. Now, did you guys, when			
22	you were in Denver, take that one for instance			
23	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, yes.			
24	MR. ETCHER: Because that was a recent one			
25	for you. When you were in Denver, getting ready to go,			
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1	and he printed out the weather, did you guys both look			
2	it over, decide if you're legal to go there? Decide if			
3				
4	MR. ZITOUNI: Of course, yes, yes.			
5	MR. ETCHER: Okay. So you did			
6	MR. ZITOUNI: For every flight. For every			
7	flight we did.			
8	MR. ETCHER: For every flight?			
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.			
10	MR. ETCHER: Okay.			
11	MR. ZITOUNI: Every flight we did this.			
12	MR. ETCHER: All righty. Now I just have			
13	one last question. That's how great of a job you did,			
14	so thank you. Listening to all you talked with what			
15	the Captain's responsible for.			
16	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.			
17	MR. ETCHER: Seems like it's a busy workload			
18	environment for the Captain. Does it get delegated a			
19	lot to you as a First Officer? What gets delegated?			
20	Things along that line. Can you kind of help fill me			
21	in a little bit?			
22	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes. Okay, we'll start from			
23	the beginning. You can find the flight plan, okay?			
24	But it's always, you know, it's a two crew, it's a two			
25	man operation, so if it is my Captain, I find the			

1	flight plan, I'm sure he's going to check the flight			
2	plan.			
3	You know, everything is double checked. So			
4	I can do this. I can pre-fly the plane. Monitor the			
5	fueling. Brief the passengers. He does nothing he			
6	cannot delegate to me. Because I'm a pilot also, and			
7	that's it. Yes, does that answer your question?			
8	MR. ETCHER: It does. Does it get			
9	delegated, I guess, what kind of items typically get			
10	delegated to you? Whether the accident Captain or just			
11	any Captain. Is there any standard			
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Pre-flight inspection.			
13	Fueling, we monitor the fueling. Passenger briefing.			
14	That's it.			
15	MR. ETCHER: Okay. You don't have to weigh			
16	the passengers or is that kind of a, is that what the			
17	Captain does?			
18	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.			
19	MR. ETCHER: Okay. I guess you've answered			
20	my questions.			
21	MR. ZITOUNI: All right.			
22	MR. ETCHER: So you can breath. You're done			
23	with me. How's that?			
24	MR. ZITOUNI: All right.			
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Excellent.			
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1	MR. ZITOUNI: I'm relieved.		
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Donnie, do you have a few		
3	follow ups?		
4	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Oh, no, I'm fine right		
5	now.		
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Great.		
7	MR. ZITOUNI: All right, so		
8	MR. LAWRENCE: We have		
9	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, we need to clarify		
10	something, okay?		
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Well, I'm going to		
12	give you an opportunity.		
13	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay.		
14	MR. LAWRENCE: John, on the phone, do you		
15	have any follow ups for Nabil?		
16	MR. DRAGO: I do. Just a couple. Sean,		
17	thank you for catching those that I mentioned earlier.		
18	Hello, Nabil.		
19	MR. ZITOUNI: Hello.		
20	MR. DRAGO: John Drago with the FAA. I just		
21	wanted to ask, maybe, did you use, in your experience,		
22	do any of your pilots use electronic flight bags,		
23	whether it be iPads or some other device?		
24	MR. ZITOUNI: No. No, sir.		
25	MR. DRAGO: For approach procedures?		
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1	MR. ZITOUNI: We are not approved for			
2	electronic flight bags.			
3	MR. DRAGO: Okay. What type of approach			
4	plates were in use in your company? Do you use the			
5	government NOS or are they Jeppesen?			
6	MR. ZITOUNI: Jeppesen.			
7	MR. DRAGO: Jeppesen for everything?			
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes, sir.			
9	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Okay, thank you very			
10	much. David, that's really all that I have.			
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. I just thought of			
12	something I want to make sure. You said Jeppesen			
13	plates. Are they on the aircraft? Are they assigned			
14	to the aircraft or do you get issued Jeppesen plates?			
15	MR. ZITOUNI: No. What we do is we have a			
16	server, and we do a flight folder between, before every			
17	flight we print the, we go to the server, we print the			
18	departure approach plates, on the plates, the right			
19	hold, the alternate, if there's an alternate, and the			
20	end route.			
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.			
22	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay?			
23	MR. LAWRENCE: What about if, what if you			
24	had to divert when you're en route? How would you get			
25	an approach plate?			
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1	MR. ZITOUNI: Divert to our alternate or to			
2	a different airport.			
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Different airport. Do you			
4	have a jet binder in the airplane that's got all the			
5	charts, or do you bring it? Or, if you're flying			
6	transcont, going to Los Angeles from Fort Lauderdale			
7	MR. ZITOUNI: We don't have the range.			
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Well, if you're going			
9	to go wherever the range is, okay? And you had a			
10	problem and you had to divert, you had a maintenance			
11	issue in flight, and you had to divert.			
12	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.			
13	MR. LAWRENCE: How would you pick up the			
14	approach plate for a diverted airport?			
15	MR. ZITOUNI: That's a good question.			
16	MR. LAWRENCE: So you only have the			
17	MR. ZITOUNI: We have the route that we fly.			
18	MR. LAWRENCE: So there's not a, I just want			
19	to be clear, there is not a binder in the airplane, and			
20	you guys don't have a binder of Jepp charts?			
21	MR. ZITOUNI: Of, like, USA and stuff like			
22	this?			
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.			
24	MR. ZITOUNI: No.			
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay. I'm just, I			
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1	heard Jepps and all that. Really, you've done a great			
2	job, Nabil. I don't have any, we're going to give you			
3	your opportunity. Is there any, more paperwork.			
4	Thanks. Is there anything you would like an			
5	opportunity to add or clarify?			
6	MR. ZITOUNI: Yes.			
7	MR. LAWRENCE: You know, what?			
8	MR. ZITOUNI: Okay. When you asked me about			
9	a standard stabilized approach, I said there's nothing			
LO	here in the GOM. I'm talking about SOP right here.			
L1	And in the GOM, but it's in the training manual. Okay?			
L2	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Okay.			
L3	MR. ZITOUNI: So we have a policy for			
L4	stabilized non-precision approach, but it's in the			
L5	flight training manual of ExecuFlight.			
L6	MR. LAWRENCE: All right.			
L7	MR. ZITOUNI: Chris?			
L8	MR. JAHR: Yes, sir. You got a question for			
L9	me?			
20	MR. ZITOUNI: No, I'm just looking at you.			
21	MR. JAHR: No? Okay.			
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Anything that maybe I didn't			
23	ask that you wanted to add or			
24	MR. ZITOUNI: No. Actually I don't have a			
25	brain anymore			

		69
1	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, stop. Okay.	
2	MR. ZITOUNI: It's liquid.	
3	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Thank y	ou, Nabil.
4	(Whereupon, the above-entitled mat	ter went
5	off the record at an undisclosed time.)	
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C E R T I F I C A T E

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident Akron, OH, November 10, 2015 Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Nabil Zitouni

DATE: December 2, 2015

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 70 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036 AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

INTERVIEW OF: RICHARD RUVIDO

Wednesday, December 2, 2015

Banyon Aviation Ft. Lauderdale Executive Airport

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

On Behalf of the Interviewee:

CHRISTOPHER JAHR, ESQ.
Wicker Smith O'Hara McCoy & Ford P.A.
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Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Tel.: (954) Fax: (954)

On Behalf of ExecuFlight:

DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2	(Time not given)
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right, good
4	morning. My name is Captain David Lawrence. I'm with
5	the National Transportation Safety Board, and I'm
6	Investigator with the NTSB on the ExecuFlight Hawker
7	accident that occurred in Akron, Ohio, last month.
8	My primary role here is, just, to simply learn
9	what I can about the accident, so I can assist in,
10	obviously, preventing it from reoccurring. As part of
11	our process, we invite the parties in to participate in
12	the investigation to provide us technical expertise for
13	this group.
14	We have the NTSB, ExecuFlight Tech (inaudible)
15	and the FAA. I'll go around the room right now and I'll
16	allow everyone an opportunity to introduce themselves and
17	say their affiliation.
18	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Good morning. I'm Sean
19	Etcher with the NTSB.
20	RESPONDENT: Good morning.
21	MR. JAHR: My name is Christopher Jahr with
22	the Wicker Smith Law Firm.
23	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Donnie Shackleford, Captain
24	with the ExecuFlight on the Hawker.

RESPONDENT: Richard Ruvido, Chief Pilot,

1	Execuflight.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: On the phone?
3	MR. DRAGO: Hey, good morning. John Drago
4	with the FAA. I'm an Operations Inspector.
5	RESPONDENT: Good morning.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And FAA's role, do you
7	want to, kind of, explain that, John?
8	MR. DRAGO: Sure. Thank you, David. I am a
9	participant to the Operations Group on the NTSB team, so
10	my involvement is, strictly, to help support that effort
11	for finding out the facts here, and has nothing to do
12	with any type of things that we're normally associated
13	with, which, any type of violation, or coming back on
14	pilot types. So again, my role here is just learning
15	about and helping support the investigation.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. Thanks, John.
17	As you've been informed of earlier, too, Rich, that, I
18	mean, can I call you Rich, is that all right?
19	RESPONDENT: Sure.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	RESPONDENT: Yes.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You're welcome to have
23	one representative of your choice, is Chris your choice,
24	to sit in?
25	(No response)

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes?
2	RESPONDENT: Yes.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, great. That's
4	the problem with
5	RESPONDENT: Okay.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: nodding, we didn't
7	get it with the
8	RESPONDENT: I'll give you (inaudible).
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: There you go. Also,
10	as part of the process, as you've been previously briefed
11	on that, I'll record the interview and we'll have a
12	transcription made of the interview, which will
13	eventually become part of the factual record. Audio will
14	not be part of the public docket. Any questions?
15	RESPONDENT: Not yet.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
17	RESPONDENT: Yes.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Standard stuff that I,
19	kind of, you know, brief the guys I talk to, I'm just
20	going to take some notes. And, I'm old school, I type
21	like, like this
22	RESPONDENT: Okay.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: sometimes, so I
24	apologize, if I'm not making contact, as we go through
25	this. If you don't understand a question that I ask,

2 My role here is just to learn and, as Chief Pilot and, obviously, somebody that was familiar 3 with the pilots and the operation that's the reason why 4 we want to talk to you, so I get to learn from you. 5 Conversely, if there's something I'm 6 not 7 quite getting, this is not an opportunity to try to trip somebody up, I'm learning from you, so I want to get as 8 best information, so if I'm not getting it guite, maybe 9 we can come at another angle and learn, make sure I get 10 Standard stuff, let me start off at the very 11 it. If I can get your full name and age, please? beginning. 12 Richard James Ruvido, age 33. RESPONDENT: 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Can you spell Ruvido? Romeo, Uniform, Victor, India, 15 RESPONDENT: Delta, Oscar. 16 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And, I'm sorry, 17 33? 18 19 RESPONDENT: 33. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great, thanks. What's 20 21 your current title? Chief Pilot. RESPONDENT: 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 23 ExecuFlight. 24 RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. And how long 25

please, stop, ask me to clarify it, you know?

1	have you been in that position?
2	RESPONDENT: March of 2014.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right.
4	RESPONDENT: Roughly, the exact date, I
5	believe, is March 2014.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
7	RESPONDENT: Yes.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: When was your date of
9	hire with ExecuFlight?
10	RESPONDENT: August 2011. I'm sorry, 2007.
11	2007.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. And, just a
13	brief cliff notes version of your roles and
14	responsibilities, as Chief Pilot.
15	RESPONDENT: Okay. Well, it's to make sure
16	that the pilots receive the proper simulator training and
17	make sure they're scheduled for it. And assist the DL in
18	the day-to-day operations in the company.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Who's the
20	Director of Operations?
21	RESPONDENT: Robert Adamo, at the time.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: At the time of the
23	accident?
24	RESPONDENT: Well, I'm not, he was, he
25	recently resigned, and I believe that was before the

1	accident.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	RESPONDENT: The exact date, I'm not sure of.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So who is
5	currently assuming that role?
6	RESPONDENT: At the moment, no one
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
8	RESPONDENT: with, with the title.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay, for
10	yours, and I just record this, to make sure that we have
11	this information, your certificates and type ratings?
12	RESPONDENT: ATP flight instructor, instrument
13	multi-engine, single CFIIMEI.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
15	RESPONDENT: Type rating's G-1159 HS-125, it's
16	CL601, or CL600, it's the Challenger 601, and the IA Jet
17	Westwind.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Westwind. Great.
19	Current medical?
20	RESPONDENT: First Class.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Limitations?
22	RESPONDENT: Corrective lenses.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And, the
24	aircraft that you're currently qualified and fly at
25	ExecuFlight?

1	RESPONDENT: The HS-125 and the G-1159.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Just an
3	estimate of your total flying time?
4	RESPONDENT: Seventeen hundred hours.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. And, just your
6	flying time in the Hawker series?
7	RESPONDENT: I estimate around 4,000 hours.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. How much of
9	that is, is there a split between the 700 and 800? Could
10	you, kind of, give me, maybe, a percentage, or something?
11	RESPONDENT: You could probably divide it in
12	half, I would say.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: (Inaudible.) Great.
14	RESPONDENT: Just off
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Pilot and command
16	time?
17	RESPONDENT: Command time is, I'd say, and
18	this is an estimate here,
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Sure.
20	RESPONDENT: about 6,300 hours.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, and PIC time in
22	the Hawker?
23	RESPONDENT: PIC time is
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Just an estimate.
25	RESPONDENT: 3,500 hours.
I	I and the state of

1 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. And just a brief cliff note's version of your aviation background, 2 what did you do prior to leading up to Execuflight? 3 RESPONDENT: I was working for an owner, Part 4 It was an HS, well, HS-125 is a, it 5 91, flying a Hawker. was a 400 Series Fan Conversion. And that was based up 6 7 in Palm Beach and I worked there about two years, flying, just for the owner, directly --8 Right, okay. 9 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And a little bit RESPONDENT: -- Part 91. 10 11 before that, I started out with another company, down in Fort Lauderdale, doing the same thing, flying managed 12 Part 91 airplanes, Hawker 800s, 700s. So that's going 13 14 back about 11 years, since that began. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. 15 Also you're flying up within --16 RESPONDENT: 17 Yes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. All right. 18 You've flown with either Oscar or Renata (phonetic) --19 20 **RESPONDENT:** Yes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- before? Who and 21 which, both, or --22 I flew with both. I flew with RESPONDENT: 23 Oscar on this 299 line check. I was observing him and I 24 by inspector. Ιt for the 25 was observed an was

1	qualification for my line check authorization to be Chief
2	Airman.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. So what about
4	Renata?
5	RESPONDENT: And Renata I flew with, as well.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me, kind
7	of, first off, start with, we'll come back to Renata
8	(phonetic), let's talk about the Captain, first. How
9	often did you fly with it, just a line, that line check
10	for your observation work?
11	RESPONDENT: Yes.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. General
13	impressions, how did he do?
14	RESPONDENT: Fantastic.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
16	RESPONDENT: I was very impressed with his,
17	with his flying ability and his procedures.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Can you
19	characterize his command of the cockpit, or
20	RESPONDENT: Command was, in characterizing
21	it, let's see, put in words, competent and capable of
22	asking, I was sitting in the right seat, so I think he
23	was very, very confident.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. I
25	understand it's, it's almost a difficult question in that
J	

1	particular training environment in checking, checking.
2	RESPONDENT: Sure.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, so it's a little
4	bit different. Did you, did you hire Oscar?
5	RESPONDENT: The hiring was done by the owner.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
7	RESPONDENT: They came into contact with the
8	owner
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
10	RESPONDENT: and was cross-referenced with
11	me.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
13	RESPONDENT: And the owner said, hey, I have
14	this gentleman and what do you think? I said, good. So
15	it, initially, it was done by the owner
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
17	RESPONDENT: and I agreed with it.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Well, was it
19	just the owner coming to you talking to him, or did he
20	provide you any records, or anything like that, to say
21	here's a guy, or
22	RESPONDENT: He had
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: work him.
24	RESPONDENT: good references from other
25	
	pilots that are a part of our operation, separate to this

1	company.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right.
3	RESPONDENT: He came highly recommended.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Where did he
5	come from?
6	RESPONDENT: He came from, his last job was
7	with Central Charter, based out of Bogota, Columbia.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	RESPONDENT: It's my recollection.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. By the way, I
11	should have mentioned this earlier, if you don't know the
12	answer to something, just say it.
13	RESPONDENT: Okay.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I don't know is a
15	perfectly acceptable answer.
16	RESPONDENT: Okay.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you all do,
18	or are you aware if they did a PREA background check?
19	RESPONDENT: Yes.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you see the
21	PREA?
22	RESPONDENT: I did see the PREA.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. I want to show
24	it to you, because I just had a couple of questions.
25	RESPONDENT: Sure.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You sent it over and 2 I appreciate you sending that information, but I want to be sure I'm reading some things correctly. Was that the, 3 4 the company --Yes, results. 5 RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You can come over and 6 7 look, Chris, if you want to. MR. JAHR: 8 Sure. (Off microphone discussion) 9 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So I think it's just 10 easier for, maybe, you to explain some of this, and I --11 RESPONDENT: Sure. 12 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- just want to make 13 14 sure I'm clear on a few of these things. So that was, Results is the company that you hired to do a PREA 15 background check on your pilots? 16 RESPONDENT: Correct. 17 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Does the owner 18 do this, or did you do this? 19 RESPONDENT: I do this. 20 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Oh, okay. So they did 21 this and they provided some information here. And some 22 23 of the stuff is just, I don't know, not verified, complete, I can understand where it says not requested, but where it says not verified, complete, what does that 25

24

1	mean?
2	RESPONDENT: Well it's, this printout, when
3	this was a status okay. This was a report status
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	RESPONDENT: in progress. So the, this
6	should, but the final copy of this should have, this
7	should be a different answer here.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, so the end
9	progress means, this is just in a transition, then?
10	RESPONDENT: Correct, because
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
12	RESPONDENT: you
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Do you have a final
14	copy of the results?
15	RESPONDENT: I do.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, this is all that
17	you sent me, so that's all I was going by.
18	RESPONDENT: Okay.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Can I get a final copy
20	of the progress, the final PREA results?
21	RESPONDENT: Yes.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
23	RESPONDENT: I have it, yes.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Can I get that listed
25	as a deliverable?

1	MR. JAHR: Sure.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Thanks. That was what
3	I was, kind of, and so
4	RESPONDENT: Okay.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I just want to make
6	sure.
7	RESPONDENT: Yes, this is the status check and
8	it, this is what I asked for, just to see where they were
9	
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, and
11	RESPONDENT: in their
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: they listed this
13	company, this company here, Heralpin
14	RESPONDENT: Okay.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: H-E-R-A-L-P-I-N,
16	USA, as his previous employer.
17	RESPONDENT: Okay.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Without having
19	the actual final PREA in possession here, just on your
20	memory, do you know if they went to them and contacted
21	them to find out
22	RESPONDENT: I'm not, I'm
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: maybe why he left?
24	RESPONDENT: No.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.

1	RESPONDENT: I don't.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. So yes, if
3	I could get a copy of the final
4	RESPONDENT: Sure.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: one that would
6	probably be helpful. Do you know if he had any
7	difficulties in previous employers?
8	RESPONDENT: No. No I don't.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you know if
10	he had any FAA enforcement actions?
11	RESPONDENT: There, yes, well there was this
12	FOI that came out, which is here. And it was handled at
13	the administrative level
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
	-
15	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me,
15 16	_
	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me,
16	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me, but handled at the administrative level with the FAA.
16 17	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me, but handled at the administrative level with the FAA. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Did you have an
16 17 18	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me, but handled at the administrative level with the FAA. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Did you have an opportunity, during the hiring process, after learning
16 17 18 19	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me, but handled at the administrative level with the FAA. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Did you have an opportunity, during the hiring process, after learning about this, to maybe talk to Oscar about this?
16 17 18 19 20	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me, but handled at the administrative level with the FAA. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Did you have an opportunity, during the hiring process, after learning about this, to maybe talk to Oscar about this? RESPONDENT: I did. To remember what, what he
16 17 18 19 20 21	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me, but handled at the administrative level with the FAA. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Did you have an opportunity, during the hiring process, after learning about this, to maybe talk to Oscar about this? RESPONDENT: I did. To remember what, what he said, I, I think that was a conversation that was many
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	RESPONDENT: and it was disclosed to me, but handled at the administrative level with the FAA. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Did you have an opportunity, during the hiring process, after learning about this, to maybe talk to Oscar about this? RESPONDENT: I did. To remember what, what he said, I, I think that was a conversation that was many months ago, but, I got the general gist of what, where

1	and I said okay, well thank you for disclosing that to
2	me.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, thanks. Going
4	to Renata, how was he to fly with?
5	RESPONDENT: He was a great guy, very
6	professional.
7	(Off microphone discussion)
8	RESPONDENT: Very, very methodical. I mean,
9	some people are more methodical than others, naturally,
10	in the way we're wired, but he was, he was that guy. And
11	very, very knowledgeable of the airplane. I know he was
12	flying it, I think he had some, some experience in the
13	airplane.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
15	RESPONDENT: So.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So for, with Renata,
17	you had the opportunity to fly with him on 135 flights,
18	correct?
19	RESPONDENT: Correct.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you fly
21	most of the legs with passengers, or did you guys
22	alternate legs?
23	RESPONDENT: I flew the passenger legs.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	RESPONDENT: And I flew, he flew the empty.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And that's
2	consistent with what other people told us. I'm just,
3	kind of, curious if that's, is that a policy for the
4	Captain to fly the passenger legs, or is it just
5	RESPONDENT: No.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Why is it? Why
7	do you guys do that?
8	RESPONDENT: Well, in this instance, I, I only
9	flew with, with him on one, or two, trips.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
11	RESPONDENT: I think one, one trip. And I
12	know that Donnie has flown with him more than I have and
13	spoken very highly of him, but I was in the, the process
14	of, if I'm going to fly with someone, for the first time,
15	I'm going to do the flying.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
17	RESPONDENT: And allow other legs to, to
18	present the opportunity for the other pilot to fly.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So how often would the
20	First Officers on a two, or three-day, charter say, in
21	general, get an opportunity to fly?
22	RESPONDENT: Well, ideally, it's every other
23	leg.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So maybe
25	RESPONDENT: That, that's the way it
ļ	I

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So typically when a charter goes out, do the crews go out and they take the passengers out to wherever they are and stay with them and then they fly them someplace else, and fly them someplace else, and are there empty leg opportunities, within the charter, for the First Officer to be able to fly? There are. RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. How often does that occur? RESPONDENT: I would say, considering where we're based and where trips originate, Miami, Palm Beach, the percentage of the time is high, it's, I mean, you can call it, 40 percent of the time we have a reposition leq. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. That's just a quesstimate. RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Okav that's just for passengers and empty legs, let me ask you about, say, instrument purchase, or say the weather's down, do you, or other captains, tend to fly those legs, whether they're passengers are empty, just because it's lower weather? Well, RESPONDENT: it's the Captain's discretion. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.

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1 RESPONDENT: And, if, if the Captain feels 2 that he has a competent person in the right seat, it's at his discretion. 3 4 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Are your First Officers are trained and qualified at a semi (phonetic) 5 flight, right? 6 7 RESPONDENT: Correct. 8 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So they're current and qualified. 9 Are they all typed? RESPONDENT: 10 No. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Who's 11 not typed? 12 Nabil. RESPONDENT: 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Have you, general -- well, I'll come back to that little bit later. 15 Did you get an opportunity to talk to Oscar, or Renata, 16 outside of work and, kind of, get to know them a little 17 bit better outside of this work environment? 18 RESPONDENT: Not, not heavily, no, compared to 19 other people that have worked here. 20 21 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Were you aware if there were any issues -- and I'll talk about Renata, 22 Oscar, first. Are you aware, or seen anybody, related to 23 24 any issues he may have been having at home, family, financial, or anything like that? 25

1 RESPONDENT: Not to my knowledge, no. 2 issues. Did Oscar, 3 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. 4 himself, come to you with any concerns, either about not just family, or financials, but maybe about the company, 5 did he have any concerns about the flying, the company --6 7 RESPONDENT: No. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- anything like that? 8 Just time off, asking for the 9 RESPONDENT: Hey, can I have this day off, et cetera, so. time off. 10 11 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay, Renata, talking about him, did you learn, or did anybody come to 12 concerns that he may be having at you about 13 14 financial, or anything like that? RESPONDENT: No, he was, the last conversation 15 I had with him was real positive. He was, he seemed to 16 be a happy person, happily married with a child at home. 17 I mean, just, just a, no, no signals, no flags, no. 18 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 19 Okav. Renata was flying, did he, and I think I, maybe, mentioned this when 20 21 asked about Oscar, but did he follow procedures? 22 **RESPONDENT:** 23 Yes. Did you ever observe 24 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: asking contrary to company procedures, 25 Renata or

1 regulations? 2 RESPONDENT: No. 3 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me just 4 talk about charter operations, in general, a second. Ву the way, how you doing? Need a break, or anything? 5 RESPONDENT: Yes, if I can take the --6 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 7 Yes. RESPONDENT: -- latrine, urinal break? 8 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, exactly. 9 stop this. 10 11 (Whereupon, the foregoing matter went off the record at (time not given) and went back on the record at 12 (time not given)) 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, went back on and, let me just, I want to talk about, or ask about just 15 charter operations, in general. But, before I do, I want 16 to concentrate on this particular trip. Who bought this 17 charter, how was it paid for, and did this charter come 18 to you from a third party source? 19 20 **RESPONDENT:** It, okay, the process qoes 21 through our sales department. They were contacted by a company called, it escapes me. I forget the name, but 22 we've done business with them, previously, and they were 23 a charter broker company that had the client list that 24

calls us, the operator, to meet the, the need of the

1 trip. 2 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I'm just curious, who 3 from this real estate company that decided to 4 charter this, they pick up the phone, who do they contact that initial --5 They contact their, their source **RESPONDENT:** 6 7 of, it -- I can give you the name, if I have some, I have paperwork, then I might --8 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 9 Sure. Sure. RESPONDENT: -- just pull that name out. 10 11 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: RESPONDENT: I'll know. We deal with a lot of 12 different brokers, it's hard to keep up with them all, 13 14 so. Do you remember the name of the company? No, I don't remember it. 15 MR. JAHR: (Off microphone discussion) 16 MR. JAHR: I know the passengers were out of 17 Boca, but I'm not sure the company that they --18 (Off microphone discussion) 19 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I'm going to pause the 20 21 recording a second. (Whereupon, the foregoing matter went off the 22 record at (time not given) and went back on the record at 23 (time not given)) 24 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: But it leads me to the

1	next obvious question, who had operational control of
2	this flight?
3	RESPONDENT: I did.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And then
5	that's okay.
6	RESPONDENT: Okay.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes (inaudible).
8	RESPONDENT: Okay.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Tell me how the pilots
10	at ExecuFlight are scheduled, particularly, the Hawker
11	pilots.
12	RESPONDENT: Well, the trip requests come in
13	through our sales department and they book, the sales
14	department, will book the trip, and then place names on
15	the trip, pilot names.
16	They could also ask me, you know, who would
17	you like to fly this trip? But the sales department,
18	considering I only had the time. I mean, we're not a big
19	company.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
21	RESPONDENT: And crew pairings and
22	assignments, if you would compare it to an airline with
23	crew scheduling, it's
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
25	RESPONDENT: it's done through the sales

1	department.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So is it
3	rotational? I mean, is there somebody, like, on call,
4	are they all on call and you get to pick
5	RESPONDENT: If, you know, you could say
6	there's a rotation with if people need time off, I'll
7	fill in. I fly backup in that airplane.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	RESPONDENT: So the crew can get their time
10	off, if they request.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. So how often
12	are these Hawkers actually flying charters, say, in a
13	month? I know it's variable, I understand. But, just
14	generally.
15	RESPONDENT: Just off, just off the top of my
16	head, I'd say, 50 hours a month.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That's all of them, or
18	each of them?
19	RESPONDENT: It, you could say each of them.
20	It's, it seems to be a round figure on that.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: (Inaudible.)
22	RESPONDENT: So.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And, how are your
24	pilots compensated?
25	RESPONDENT: They're on salary.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Is there a
2	training contract on when a pilot comes on?
3	RESPONDENT: There is a contract.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Is it a
5	training contract?
6	RESPONDENT: A training, yes there is, I'm not
7	too familiar with the details
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	RESPONDENT: of it, with these gentlemen
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	RESPONDENT: from the accident case.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
13	RESPONDENT: That's something that the
14	Director of Ops drafted up and cross-checked with the
15	owner.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. To your
17	knowledge, has any pilot at ExecuFlight, during your
18	tenure there, either as a pilot, or as a Chief Pilot,
19	ever not completed, or satisfied, the training contract?
20	RESPONDENT: It has happened.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	RESPONDENT: Not recently, though.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
24	RESPONDENT: I don't
25	
	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And, just to be clear,

1	were either one of these pilots under a training
2	contract?
3	RESPONDENT: Yes.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. We'll talk a
5	little bit more about the training in a little bit. Help
6	me understand something. I heard that you guys have a
7	term for a certain sales people called dispatchers, so I
8	wanted to make
9	RESPONDENT: It's
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: sure I understand
11	this.
12	RESPONDENT: They're sales.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	RESPONDENT: It's not dispatch.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right.
16	RESPONDENT: The term's used loosely, but it's
17	
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
19	RESPONDENT: We don't have dispatch.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And I just want to be
21	clear, coming from the 121 side, and I understand
22	RESPONDENT: Yes.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I understand where
24	
25	RESPONDENT: Yes.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: (inaudible), okay?
2	But so I'm clear, too, as far as their function, you said
3	they're sales reps, do they do any flight planning?
4	RESPONDENT: It's the pilots that do the
5	flight planning.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. Weight and
7	balance?
8	RESPONDENT: No.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: They don't do?
10	RESPONDENT: No.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
12	RESPONDENT: No.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And, do they provide
14	any weather, or weather briefing, information to the
15	pilot?
16	RESPONDENT: It's up to the pilot
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	RESPONDENT: the Captain.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What information is
20	the sales rep/dispatcher providing to the pilot?
21	RESPONDENT: He's providing the, the trip
22	sheet, the trip sheet and, and to direct any additional
23	information/correspondence during the trip, coming from
24	passengers requesting, let's say, catering, or
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right.

1	RESPONDENT: just, the Sales sells the trip
2	and it's their trip until the trip is over.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it.
4	RESPONDENT: So the contact is between sales,
5	the pilots, the customer, and the whole crew.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Who schedules where
7	the pilots overnight?
8	RESPONDENT: Meaning the hotels?
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
10	RESPONDENT: And who does the hotels?
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
12	RESPONDENT: The pilots.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: The pilots do? They
14	just find their own hotel?
15	RESPONDENT: They can do them, or time
16	permitting, Sales can do it. Hey, could you guys get
17	some hotels for us? But the pilots. I do my own hotels.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Generally, who
19	files the flight plans and how is that done?
20	RESPONDENT: It's done, well, the captain will
21	file the flight plan, and it's done over Flightplan.com.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Can you check
23	weather on that website?
24	RESPONDENT: Yes.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is that an approved
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1	source?
2	RESPONDENT: It is.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. When the pilot
4	checks, or files, the flight plan, do they print anything
5	up that has to go onto the airplane?
6	RESPONDENT: Yes they can print the flight
7	plan, the trip sheet.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. What about the
9	
10	RESPONDENT: Multiple charts.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about the
12	weather?
13	RESPONDENT: Weather?
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
15	RESPONDENT: Yes they can print weather.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is that required for
17	them to have a hard copy in?
18	RESPONDENT: It is yes, printing the
19	weather, yes.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	(Off microphone discussion)
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So generally, how do
23	pilots get their weather briefings?
24	RESPONDENT: Flightplan.com, any source that's
25	approved by National Weather Service. We have multiple

1	online websites that you can go on and look that
2	information up.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How do you do it?
4	RESPONDENT: I use Flightplan.com. It's a
5	good, good source. Presents it in a good format.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. What is their
7	source of weather information? When you hit the weather
8	button and it clicks up weather, what do you get?
9	RESPONDENT: What do you get?
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
11	RESPONDENT: You get METARs, TAFs, NOTAMs.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
13	RESPONDENT: Yes, METARs, TAFs, NOTAMs.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: PIREPs?
15	RESPONDENT: PIREPs, there is a, an option
16	where you can get a full root briefing that will include
17	all that.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Oh, okay.
19	RESPONDENT: It'll give you a lot of
20	information, yes.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Flight
22	following procedures, describe those.
23	RESPONDENT: We, well, the Captain, or First
24	Officer can text a doors open, well, doors closed and
25	doors open, to the sales to, actually, it goes to a

1 group, Sales are included, myself, the owner, and the DO, 2 and that's how we can track movements. 3 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. Sometimes 4 those text messages actually come in, as emails, or are 5 they always a text message? RESPONDENT: Text. 6 7 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Text, okay. Are the texts printed up, are they recorded someplace, or you 8 just look at it and write --9 RESPONDENT: Yes, you look at the phone. 10 there in the phone. 11 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And you, then what? 12 It, well it's, with these phones RESPONDENT: 13 14 nowadays, it's a lot of information can --INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I'm sorry, where I'm 15 getting at is it documented anyplace, like, (inaudible) 16 times documented anywhere that you received from the 17 Because the trip sheets that we have show times, text? 18 but those are planned times, or --19 RESPONDENT: Plan times. 20 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okav. How would I 21 know, or what document could I look at that would have 22 the actual out and off times, the text messages coming 23 from the Captain? 24 RESPONDENT: There wouldn't be an out and off 25

1	time.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	RESPONDENT: transmitted during
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Door closed and
5	RESPONDENT: via text.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Door closed and
7	RESPONDENT: Doors closed.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: door open.
9	RESPONDENT: Yes and correct.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Where is that
11	recorded?
12	RESPONDENT: It's, it's not recorded.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	RESPONDENT: It's not record, it's on the
15	phone.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So if I was to ask,
17	what time was the door closed on this particular flight,
18	out of Wright Brothers, is that information anywhere?
19	RESPONDENT: It's available by, it's on the
20	phone.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	RESPONDENT: It'll show the time in local
23	time.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	RESPONDENT: Message, doors closed, and the

1	time of the message.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	RESPONDENT: That's
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And I don't mean to,
5	I just want to be clear. Also, there's nobody that takes
6	that text message, you, Sales, DO, or owner that is on
7	that distribution list that writes down what that time
8	is, anyplace, it's
9	RESPONDENT: No, it's
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: on the phone?
11	RESPONDENT: it's on the phone.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And part of
13	your role, as Chief Pilot, do you go out there and ride
14	along on some of these, on these charters? I don't know
15	that there's even a jump seat on this airplane, but do
16	you ride?
17	RESPONDENT: That airplane, there was a jump
18	seat, but not there was a jump seat (inaudible). All
19	these airplanes are different. No, I don't, only on a
20	line check.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And you're
22	recent with your line checks, so how many line checks
23	have you done?
24	RESPONDENT: I just, two.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: On which airplane?
I	I and the state of

1	RESPONDENT: The Gulfstream and the Hawker
2	for, Hawker for Oscar and Gulfstream for
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And the one you did
4	with Oscar was the one the FAA was
5	RESPONDENT: That's right. That was my
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
7	RESPONDENT: initial observation.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. So no regular
9	opportunities that you use to go out and observe the
10	crews?
11	RESPONDENT: No.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me ask
13	about the FAA, do they do that?
14	RESPONDENT: That has not happened.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
16	RESPONDENT: I know, I know, in the airlines
17	that's regular. But, no.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me shift to
19	the actual airplane. And I'm specific to the accident
20	airplane, since it was a 700, just in your general
21	opinion, you go all the time in these airplanes, how was
22	the Hawker to fly?
23	RESPONDENT: How is it to fly?
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
25	RESPONDENT: It, it's a very, it's a, it has

1	excellent handling characteristics. It's a stable,
2	stable platform. It just has a good solid feel to it.
3	It's, you know, compared to other airplanes I've flown,
4	it's a very nice, gentlemanly-handling airplane. It's
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Low speed
6	characteristics?
7	RESPONDENT: Low speed, it, with the 700, if
8	you compare them to the other Hawker models, like an 800
9	XP and 800, the longer wing, winglets, it, the airplane
10	will slow down relatively quickly, compared to the other
11	ones. But I know it can, it can come in at a relatively
12	below rev speed. It's not a, I wouldn't call it a hot
13	airplane.
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14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes.
14	
14 15	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes.
14 15 16	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is
14 15 16 17	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is there, have you ever had an opportunity to feel the low
14 15 16 17	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is there, have you ever had an opportunity to feel the low speed handling qualities?
14 15 16 17 18	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is there, have you ever had an opportunity to feel the low speed handling qualities? (No response)
14 15 16 17 18 19	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is there, have you ever had an opportunity to feel the low speed handling qualities? (No response) INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How are they?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is there, have you ever had an opportunity to feel the low speed handling qualities? (No response) INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How are they? INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: You have to answer yes
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is there, have you ever had an opportunity to feel the low speed handling qualities? (No response) INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How are they? INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: You have to answer yes or no, for the recording?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	RESPONDENT: Like other airplanes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Ever get a slow, is there, have you ever had an opportunity to feel the low speed handling qualities? (No response) INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How are they? INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: You have to answer yes or no, for the recording? INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.

1	the quality of those
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, how's the
3	quality? Do you have a, do you have adequate averon
4	(phonetic) control, pitch control, is it really sluggish?
5	I mean, if you get behind the curb, is it hard to get
6	sped back up, if it's configured, I mean
7	RESPONDENT: It, with the, the engines are,
8	are crisp when, if you need the power. I wouldn't say
9	there's a spool up
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	RESPONDENT: compared to another, like a
12	straight jet.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
14	RESPONDENT: But it'll handle, it'll handle
15	nice, at low speed.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I'll ask you more
17	about the, the procedures for, I'm going to ask about
18	non-precision approach, I just want to be clear what,
19	what your pilots are expected to do on that. But I'm
20	going to ask a little off-ball one, but this has been
21	asked of me, to ask you, CDR on the airplane, do you guys
22	test that, as part of your normal procedures?
23	RESPONDENT: It's part of the
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	RESPONDENT: the checklist.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Which checklist, do
2	you remember?
3	RESPONDENT: That's in the normal (inaudible),
4	in the first part of the checklist, before engine start.
5	I'd have to look at it.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Yes. I could
7	take a look at that too, but is it, is it for every
8	flight, or is it, like, just the first time you get in
9	the airplane for the day?
10	RESPONDENT: Well it, every flight.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And having not
12	seen the actual airplane, is it just one of those where
13	you push the test button, you get the needle that goes
14	(inaudible)?
15	RESPONDENT: This one had a, had a green
16	button.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	RESPONDENT: You press the button and a green
19	light, green light will
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	RESPONDENT: That'll be test. The other plane
22	is, is a METAR.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. No other test
24	that the pilot, like the, required of them to put the
25	headset in and listen to the delay, or anything like
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1	that, just press the test?
2	RESPONDENT: Press the test with the button.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it.
4	RESPONDENT: Or the light, I'm sorry.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. Let's talk about
6	non-precision approaches. Global question, are your
7	pilots trained to conduct non-precision approaches?
8	RESPONDENT: They are. They are trained.
9	(Off microphone discussion)
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Are they authorized to
11	do RNAV approaches?
12	RESPONDENT: Yes.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: In the Hawker?
14	RESPONDENT: Correct, yes.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about, and that
16	would be a lateral flying, or
17	RESPONDENT: Nothing with vertical guidance
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right.
19	RESPONDENT: is what we're not authorized
20	(inaudible) precision.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Obviously,
22	you've seen this approach, it's the
23	RESPONDENT: Yes.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You need a copy,
25	Chris?

1	MR. JAHR: Oh, no. I have it, thank you.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Thanks. This is the
3	Local (inaudible) 225 approach. So I just want to talk
4	about procedures, generally, on how to fly this in the
5	Hawker 700. In general, you fly the localizer approach
6	for (inaudible) guidance, correct?
7	RESPONDENT: Correct.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How would you do
9	vertical guidance in this?
10	RESPONDENT: You wouldn't.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, so there's
12	nothing
13	RESPONDENT: I mean
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: electronic that you
15	provides you
16	RESPONDENT: like a pseudo glide slope in
17	this
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
19	RESPONDENT: this instance? No.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, great.
21	RESPONDENT: No.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So how would the pilot
23	get down in altitude?
24	RESPONDENT: They would select the MDA
25	altitude and fly it down to the MDA, with the, you can do

1	it auto pilot, or it can be hand flown. I know that in
2	training we, we hand fly down to the MDA, doing a
3	circling approach in a simulator, because of the
4	certification of the Hawker in an MDA, you cannot engage
5	the auto pilot.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
7	RESPONDENT: Certification for that particular
8	plane that'll
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
10	RESPONDENT: So this would be a hand flown.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So this would be
12	required to be hand flown?
13	RESPONDENT: For our training, yes. When we
14	to, to the MDA it has to be hand flown.
15	MR. SHACKLEFORD: I'm sorry to interrupt.
16	We're asking for the accident airplane, specifically?
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. Okay, let me
18	come back to that in a second, but I wanted to make sure
19	I understand something. So vertical guidance is not
20	provided, so the pilots would select the MDA altitude and
21	fly down to it. How would they fly down to it, would
22	they just, would they use vertical speed? If they were
23	to fly this on auto pilot
24	RESPONDENT: Okay.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: let's start with

1 that. Flying in on auto pilot, how would you get down to 2 MDA? RESPONDENT: You'd select the vertical and 3 4 input. It's a, in this airplane it's a thumbwheel on, there's no rotary vertical speed selection --5 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 6 Okay. 7 RESPONDENT: -- where you can, you know, put the exact number you want. It's a thumbwheel. 8 You get that vertical speed locked in that you want, with the 9 thumb wheel, then you hit vertical speed, and it'll hold 10 vertical speed going down. 11 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And if we were still 12 on auto pilot, this particular aircraft, the accident 13 14 airplane, he's flying down to MDA, what does he have setup to capture MDA? 15 If, okav. In the altitude 16 RESPONDENT: selector he has the MDA set. And it'll be altitude 17 select coming down. Flight directors will be quiding you 18 19 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Correct. 20 RESPONDENT: -- to altitude select. Once you 21 get there, altitude hold. 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: The -- hello? 23 MR. DRAGO: Hi, it's John. I got disconnected 24 and dialed back in. 25

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. Thanks,
2	John. So the pilot would have to press altitude hold,
3	upon arriving at the MDA?
4	RESPONDENT: To hold your, your altitude.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: For it to level off,
6	at MDA?
7	RESPONDENT: For, for, to hold it.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	RESPONDENT: Yes.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	RESPONDENT: Not to level off. We're talking
12	about auto pilot?
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
14	RESPONDENT: Okay. I altitude select will, it
15	will hold the level off, it will level off the airplane.
16	But then, to make the next move, altitude hold.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	RESPONDENT: So there's two-finger.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. So on this
20	particular airplane, when I arrive at the final approach
21	(inaudible), I'm on auto pilot, on the 700, this
22	particular accident airplane, and I decide to go down to
23	the next altitude, in the altitude window, what am I
24	going to put?
25	RESPONDENT: In the altitude in this airplane

1	you could separate the, the whole numbers I'm trying
2	to remember what this airplane looks like, with the mode
3	selector. Do you recall, and you can
4	MR. JAHR: Hundred feet.
5	RESPONDENT: you can split them?
6	MR. JAHR: It's 100 feet.
7	RESPONDENT: It's 100-foot. Yes, you can, you
8	can split, for example, this 1540 MDA, you can set a 15-1
9	in there, you can split the whole 1,500 number and put
10	15-1 in there.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So you
12	RESPONDENT: As a, as a roundup.
13	(Crosstalk)
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Fifteen one?
15	RESPONDENT: Fifteen
16	MR. JAHR: Maybe it'll be 16.
17	RESPONDENT: I'm sorry.
18	MR. JAHR: Yes.
19	RESPONDENT: My, my math
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: It's okay.
21	RESPONDENT: I
22	(Off microphone discussion)
23	RESPONDENT: Sixteen hundred, I'm sorry.
24	MR. SHACKLEFORD: I'll be back in about two
25	seconds.
l	

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	RESPONDENT: You can round it up to the next
3	
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, so you'd said
5	1,600 in that
6	RESPONDENT: Sixteen hundred.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: altitude window?
8	RESPONDENT: Right.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. And if I'm on
10	auto pilot, in vertical speed going down, on this
11	particular airplane, will it capture that 1,600
12	RESPONDENT: Yes.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: and level off?
14	Yes.
15	RESPONDENT: Yes.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is there an altitude
17	alerter (phonetic) that warns you that you're coming down
18	to that altitude?
19	RESPONDENT: If you're 1,000 feet above that
20	set altitude, you'll get a 1,000-foot annunciator.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	RESPONDENT: And, so yes, in that case, 2,700.
23	But, in that instance, if they're crossing at 2,300 and
24	then going down, there's only, what was that, 700 feet?
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. Yes.

1 RESPONDENT: So in that case, you wouldn't 2 get, you would get a radar altimeter AGL setting to go off. 3 4 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That's where we're 5 going next. RESPONDENT: Yes. 6 7 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So staying with the altitude alerter, if I'm flying this on auto pilot, 8 vertical speed down to 1,600 --9 RESPONDENT: Sixteen hundred. 10 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- or whatever you 11 said in, and it will capture that altitude, the auto 12 pilot will --13 14 RESPONDENT: It will capture it. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- at 1,600 and level 15 it off? 16 RESPONDENT: Yes. 17 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. Cool. A1118 right, let's talk about that radar altimeter. Is it used 19 on this approach? 20 21 RESPONDENT: Yes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How? 22 RESPONDENT: You select the AGL setting here. 23 input that airplane, that particular 24 setting, this number you could, in that 25 altimeter

1	airplane, 473, you wouldn't be able to put 473, you'd
2	have to round up.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
4	RESPONDENT: So it'll be four, 480, it'll do
5	it in the tenths.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
7	RESPONDENT: And that
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And, what is
9	that?
10	RESPONDENT: That, that will give you your,
11	you'll get a warning of the MDA on a, on a, a light
12	that'll come out.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	RESPONDENT: In every plane it's where the DH
15	light would be in that, where it's presented to you, it
16	would be the same thing.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So it's, does
18	it, the light come on upon arriving at the MDA, which in
19	this case would be the
20	RESPONDENT: Yes.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: a light comes on.
22	Is there an oral alert, or anything?
23	RESPONDENT: No.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	RESPONDENT: No there's not.

1 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How are pilots taught 2 to determine MDA, is it based on the altitude, or is it 3 based on the AGL that they were --Well the altitude. RESPONDENT: 4 5 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okav. RESPONDENT: Yes, baro. 6 7 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. Excellent. This has, this has been really helpful. This is all when 8 I'm on auto pilot, okay? You're to hand fly this. 9 me the process to hand fly this. 10 11 RESPONDENT: Well, if you're coming over the final approach fix, you're going to be real cognizant of 12 your descent rate, of how you initialize it, and it's 13 14 just a gentle nudge to get, let's say, 1,000 feet a minute going, and --15 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Gentle nudge for --16 It's a gentle lead, there's not 17 RESPONDENT: much, there's no big major control inputs. And so you 18 are -- that would be my biggest concern is, all right, 19 let's start down in a nice stable descent rate. 2.0 21 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Would you be flying this from Flight Director, so that you would have --22 RESPONDENT: 23 Yes. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: -- the pilot monitoring 24 25

1 RESPONDENT: You could be flying with Flight 2 Director. 3 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. If the pilot 4 monitoring is doing the inputs, to provide director quidance, and you're still hand flying, okay, 5 what is the process and what's the procedure for call 6 7 outs, does the pilot call for it, does the pilot just do it? 8 You would say, select, okay, go 9 RESPONDENT: ahead and set MDA, and hit altitude select for me. 10 11 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. RESPONDENT: Because you are, this is the 12 motion here. 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. RESPONDENT: And to reach up and, and select, 15 it's best for the other quy. 16 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And you reminded me of 17 a question I wanted to make sure we get on there. 18 Are there auto throttles --19 20 RESPONDENT: No. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- auto throttles on 21 this? Okav. Is there any quidance in any Execuflight 22 manual, whether the GOM, FAM, that you use, or SOPs that 23 pilots are to use the auto pilot for these type of 24 25 approaches?

1	RESPONDENT: No.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Is it solely
3	pilot's discretion?
4	RESPONDENT: Yes.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And, you
6	mentioned earlier, I think you did, about the FMS,
7	because I know the pilot to be laterally guiding to an
8	airport using the FMS, do you use the FMS, as, in any
9	function of this type of non-precision approach?
10	RESPONDENT: You, yes, you would use, as a
11	backup, you would put the Akron NDB in there.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
13	RESPONDENT: And that, you can identify that
14	on the FMS. I know that, that's, you know, that's how
15	you would do that, you would put Akron in there.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That's just backup
17	information, it's nothing that you're actually flying?
18	RESPONDENT: No, backup.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
20	RESPONDENT: It's
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And for this
22	type of approach in, I don't have a copy of the SOPs in
23	front of me, but are there specific call outs on this
24	type of approach?
25	RESPONDENT: I have a copy here, if you'd

1	like?
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Oh, I'll get that in
3	a second.
4	RESPONDENT: Okay.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, if you want to
6	refer to it, feel free to.
7	RESPONDENT: Well, I'll show you, yes
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, yes.
9	RESPONDENT: it did
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I'm going to ask, and
11	then, you can refer to it, if you want to
12	RESPONDENT: Okay.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: in your answer.
14	RESPONDENT: Well, there would be, you call
15	out your height above the MDA, and say, I'm 1,000 above
16	the MDA, then you count down 500 above, 400, 300
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	RESPONDENT: 200, 100 MDA.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Who's making
20	those call outs?
21	RESPONDENT: That would be the non-flying
22	pilot.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that how you
24	all would term it, is the pilot monitoring, or pilot PNF,
25	I mean,
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1	RESPONDENT: PF, PNF
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	RESPONDENT: is how, yes.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Is there
5	anywhere in the GON, or specifically in the SOPs that
6	discusses stable approach criteria?
7	RESPONDENT: Yes.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Tell me about
9	that.
10	RESPONDENT: It is 1,000-foot per minute. You
11	have to be in the 1,000-foot per minute, no, no more.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: When?
13	RESPONDENT: Inside the final approach fix,
14	starting down.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is that in your, the
16	SOPs?
17	RESPONDENT: Yes. These are the notes, the
18	criteria you must meet.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. By the way,
20	flaps, full flaps on a non-precision approach, like this
21	localizer, when do you go full flaps?
22	RESPONDENT: When the landing is assured,
23	runway in sight, landing assured.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So that wouldn't occur
25	until after you've already arrived at MDA and leveled

1	off, or
2	RESPONDENT: Well, it depends on, I mean, and
3	the weather that day was, was if you get down and if
4	you see it, before the best approach point
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
6	RESPONDENT: then you go landing flaps.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Well, if I'm doing a
8	dive and drive and get down to the
9	RESPONDENT: Okay.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: MDA
11	RESPONDENT: Yes.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: am I (inaudible)
13	the MDA to go to the 1.1 missed approach
14	RESPONDENT: Yes.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: point at flaps 125?
16	RESPONDENT: Yes.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So it's not
18	until I get to see the runway that I go flaps 45 and exit
19	MDA?
20	RESPONDENT: Correct.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, is there any
22	procedure that says that you go flaps 45, prior to the
23	final approach fix?
24	RESPONDENT: Prior to the final approach fix,
25	only on a, not only on a precision approach.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	RESPONDENT: Yes.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Great, I
4	appreciate that. I'll need a copy of that, eventually.
5	Oh, briefing the passengers on the seatbelt signs, is
6	that required, or the seatbelts, do you use the seatbelts
7	on here?
8	RESPONDENT: Yes.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Who does that?
10	RESPONDENT: That can be the Captain, or the
11	Captain can delegate that to the First Officer.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. Did your
13	pilots do this, did they brief them?
14	RESPONDENT: Yes.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: They did?
16	RESPONDENT: Absolutely.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is it required for
18	every flight?
19	RESPONDENT: It's, for every flight in, in our
20	instances, we have new people all the time, so yes, every
21	flight, if it's the, if it's a multiple leg day, with the
22	same people, no. If there's new people onboard, you
23	brief them. You take note of who is, who is new.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. Use of
25	
	the seatbelts sign, do pilots, who's responsible for

1	that?
2	RESPONDENT: That would be the captain.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And how do you
4	pilots train to verify that the passengers have their
5	seatbelts secure?
6	RESPONDENT: A visual. You ask them, are your
7	seatbelts connected? And you see that they're buckled,
8	properly. It's a visual.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So somebody's
10	walking in the cabin?
11	RESPONDENT: Yes.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. It's for
13	takeoff?
14	RESPONDENT: For takeoff, no. No, this is
15	done
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Well,
17	somebody's verifying it
18	RESPONDENT: I mean
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: (inaudible).
20	RESPONDENT: Someone is verifying, yes.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about for
22	landing?
23	RESPONDENT: For landing, the seatbelts sign
24	will be eliminated and the passengers should be compliant
25	

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	RESPONDENT: with the seatbelt
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is there any visual
4	confirmation that they have their seatbelts on?
5	RESPONDENT: You could look back, but they're,
6	to do that, you'd only get a glimpse of, maybe, one or
7	two seats.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	RESPONDENT: But no, it's
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: (Inaudible.)
11	RESPONDENT: No, for the pilot to go back,
12	before landing, and make sure the seatbelts are fastened
13	would be, would have been a compromise, so
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So there's not a
15	procedure for them to go back
16	RESPONDENT: There's, no, no, there
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. I'm just,
18	that's why I was going to make sure. All right, I'm
19	getting done, how you doing?
20	RESPONDENT: Good.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Tell me
22	about the weight and balance process, who does it and
23	how's that recorded?
24	RESPONDENT: Well, the pilots do it. It's
25	done on Ultra-Nav. We have a, a server that has
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1	Ultra-Nav loaded on it and you can log on, perform the
2	numbers, or input the information. You can transmit it,
3	either, by email, to a printer, upload that information
4	to the, the flight log, and that's if the pilots do it
5	that's, the captain, it's the captain's responsibly.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, when they load
7	it into the Ultra-Nav software and they complete their
8	weight and balance, do they hit send and does it go
9	anywhere, or is it just, do they just print it up, I mean
10	
11	RESPONDENT: It goes
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: how do you know
13	about it?
14	RESPONDENT: It goes to my printer.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So that's where
16	the copies I have of the weight and balances for this
17	particular trip
18	RESPONDENT: They go to the printer.
19	
	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, so that came off
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, so that came off of yours?
20	
	of yours?
21	of yours? RESPONDENT: Right.
21	of yours? RESPONDENT: Right. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. But the pilots
21 22 23	of yours? RESPONDENT: Right. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. But the pilots have, are they supposed to print one up and have a copy

1	required to do is transfer that data to the, to the
2	flight log.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. When a, is
4	there anything in the FMS, from a performance standpoint,
5	what they take and enter from the weight and balance,
6	like a zero fuel (inaudible), or anything like that, for
7	the FMS, or is
8	RESPONDENT: The FMS should have the, the
9	weights in there.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	RESPONDENT: Yes.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: For the particular
13	flight?
14	RESPONDENT: For the particular flight, it's
15	the empty weight of the airplane and then you input the
16	fuel.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	RESPONDENT: But it's not a FMS where it
19	generates all your performance data.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. But is there
21	anything
22	RESPONDENT: Great.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: that the pilots
24	need to input in the FMS from the weight and balance that
25	they created from Ultra-Nav?
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1	RESPONDENT: That would be, no, the only thing
2	coming off the, the weight and balance of the airplane.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Are passengers
4	required to be weighed before each flight?
5	RESPONDENT: They're, you can weigh them, you
6	can use their actual weights, you can use their asked
7	weights, and then you add ten pounds per company, per
8	our, our GOM.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
10	RESPONDENT: So it's a round up, there's
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
12	RESPONDENT: there's a lot of rounding up
13	going on there.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I get that. Is that,
15	is that for every flight they're supposed to do that?
16	RESPONDENT: If the people, if there's a
17	changes to new passengers, then you get the weight.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
19	RESPONDENT: But in this instance, I know it
20	was the same people.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about baggage?
22	RESPONDENT: Baggage is, we weigh that, we
23	have a scale. It is a scale that we keep in the
24	airplane. It's a calibrated scale and we weigh the bags.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that for

1 every flight, as well? 2 RESPONDENT: That is for, yes, every flight, if there's changes then you re-weigh, if there's new 3 4 people with new bags. But, if it's the same people, the 5 same bags, no. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. 6 Okay. 7 Where's that scale located at on the airplane? That would be in the baggage 8 RESPONDENT: in that airplane, there was a 9 compartment. I know, (inaudible) bag, baggage, the AFT, 10 forward and 11 located in the, it could either be in the forward baggage, or the AFT baggage, depending on just -- if it 12 takes up space, they'll put it in the AFT. 13 14 it's in the baggage department. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: For the accident 15 airplane? 16 RESPONDENT: That airplane, the last time, off 17 memory, where I saw it was in the AFT baggage. 18 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 19 Okay. Shift gears a little bit here, Rich. Let's talk about training. 20 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Can I take a five-minute 21 break? 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Take a break. 23 (Whereupon, the foregoing matter went off the 24 record at (time not given) and went back on the record at 25

1 (time not given)) 2 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, I was about to ask you about the training, but let me ask you, really 3 4 quick, Rich, about, one more thing about the seatbelts signs, is there any, is there any oral recording that 5 comes on, on the particular, on the 700, the accident 6 7 aircraft 237, that advises the passengers to sit down and buckle their seatbelts when the sign comes on? 8 There is. 9 RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. 10 And, is that, or we just need you to say it. 11 Was I nodding? 12 RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. Yes. 13 14 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: We need an audio, yes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 15 Yes. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: You did it. 16 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You did. 17 RESPONDENT: So sorry. I --18 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 19 So is that --RESPONDENT: -- (inaudible). 20 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- (inaudible) with a 21 seatbelt sign, or is it --22 RESPONDENT: 23 No.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE:

whatever --

24

25

got

you

1	RESPONDENT: It's (inaudible) button.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	(Crosstalk)
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Where is that button?
5	RESPONDENT: That is off the co-pilot's side,
6	right?
7	MR. JAHR: Co-pilot's side.
8	RESPONDENT: Yes.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So you said
10	earlier, the captain's usually responsible for the
11	seatbelt sign?
12	RESPONDENT: Well the seatbelt, to, to say
13	okay turn it on and off.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. Okay. And
15	where's the seatbelt sign?
16	RESPONDENT: Or just a quick reach over. It's
17	
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: It's on the First
19	Officer's
20	RESPONDENT: it's up on the top right.
21	It's not a long reach, but top right. All these
22	airplanes have stuff in different places, so.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So if you're in
24	flight, you're coming in for a landing and you turn the
25	seatbelt sign on, is there a procedure, or is it required

1	for them to hit that recording?
2	RESPONDENT: They're, it just comes in line
3	with the seatbelt sign. Procedure in our manual, no.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	RESPONDENT: But it's just a, and it follows
6	with the, with the seatbelt sign on the, it's just
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is that how you use
8	it?
9	RESPONDENT: I use it.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	RESPONDENT: Yes.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: If you didn't have
13	that, and you hit the seatbelt sign on, are you required
14	to say something, if you didn't hit the oral recording?
15	RESPONDENT: Well you confirm if everyone's
16	belted in.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	RESPONDENT: You say, make sure your safety
19	belts are on. And you could turn your head and say that,
20	which
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Thank you.
22	RESPONDENT: in that airplane you can.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. Thanks
24	for that clarification. Training, let's talk a little
25	bit about, describe the training the pilots receive when

1	they come to ExecuFlight.
2	RESPONDENT: Okay. We do an in dock, company
3	in dock, it's 30, 36 hours.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That's in-house?
5	RESPONDENT: In-house. We go over, we cover
6	the required 435 items for the, and then we utilize our
7	POI for the oral, for completion of the in dock and then,
8	Simuflite, we utilize for the simulator training portion.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What kind of sim does
10	Simuflite have, is it a 700, or 800?
11	RESPONDENT: 700, yes.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that EFIS,
13	or is it analog?
14	RESPONDENT: Analog.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: The Simuflite sim?
16	RESPONDENT: The 700 sim is an analog.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Oh.
18	RESPONDENT: Yes. No EFIS.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And you've
20	flown it, correct, you flew the sim in the Simuflite?
21	RESPONDENT: Yes.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How does it compare to
23	the accident airplane?
24	RESPONDENT: It is, the presentation of the
25	instruments is, I'd say, identical. It's a six-pack

1	configuration. The FMSs are different. The one in the
2	accident airplane had a GNXLS and the simulator has a
3	universal, I think it's UNS1K, if I remember correctly.
4	But, pretty much, similar, as far as where your hands go,
5	you know, as far as selecting the altitude and all the
6	mode control.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: This is a good point,
8	because I want to understand on that the ADI where the
9	decision height nob is, is that similar, do you recall,
10	in the sim, as it is in the accident airplane?
11	RESPONDENT: Similar.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
13	RESPONDENT: Yes.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Altitude window, the
15	altitude selection window?
16	RESPONDENT: It's, yes, identical.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	RESPONDENT: Yes.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, good.
20	RESPONDENT: Yes.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. Auto
22	throttles?
23	RESPONDENT: No auto throttles. There's no
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	RESPONDENT: no Hawker has them. I think

1	one mod came out in the newer version, but no, no auto
2	throttles.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. You ever go
4	down and observe simulator training with other pilots?
5	RESPONDENT: I have, but not for this
6	airplane. But I have done that.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Any Hawker pilots ever
8	not make it through training and Simuflite?
9	RESPONDENT: To my knowledge, no. No,
10	everyone has gotten through.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And just so we have it
12	on record, do you use your instructors on Simuflite, or
13	Simuflite instructors?
14	RESPONDENT: Simuflite instructors.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So you know
16	
	what, at least, simulations for, simulators for your
17	what, at least, simulations for, simulators for your training.
17	
	training.
18	training. RESPONDENT: Correct.
18 19	training. RESPONDENT: Correct. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And do the
18 19 20	training. RESPONDENT: Correct. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And do the Simuflite instructors use Execuflight procedures and SOPs
18 19 20 21	training. RESPONDENT: Correct. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And do the Simuflite instructors use Execuflight procedures and SOPs to train your pilots, or their own?
18 19 20 21 22	training. RESPONDENT: Correct. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And do the Simuflite instructors use ExecuFlight procedures and SOPs to train your pilots, or their own? RESPONDENT: These, these SOPs that

1	my question also leads to, do they have this, at
2	Simuflite, or
3	RESPONDENT: Yes.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: are they just the
5	Simuflite, you're just copying this and then
6	RESPONDENT: They, they have this.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: It says Execuflight,
8	
9	RESPONDENT: They
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Incorporated and
11	RESPONDENT: To my knowledge, yes, but not
12	yes, they should have a manual there that looks just like
13	this
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
15	RESPONDENT: in their records.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. How many
17	pilots can you estimate that you sent to Simuflite?
18	RESPONDENT: It's been, well, quite a few. At
19	least, I mean, over the years I'd say, I'd venture to
20	say, up to 30.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	RESPONDENT: That's a guess.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Did any of those 30,
24	it's a little variation on a question I asked you
25	earlier, has any of those 30 ever had any training

1	difficulties, or not make it through training at
2	RESPONDENT: Yes. There's, well, there's
3	been, I don't know in the Hawker, all right, to the
4	Hawker, no.
5	(Crosstalk)
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
7	RESPONDENT: Well no, yes, there have been
8	several.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. CRM training,
10	do your pilots get that?
11	RESPONDENT: We do.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Where?
13	RESPONDENT: And I it's in-house.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And how's that taught?
15	RESPONDENT: Discussions over the content of
16	the manual we have for the presentation. It, you know,
17	we address what's in the content and we talk about it.
18	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I'm sorry, you address
19	the content
20	RESPONDENT: We have the CRM Manual that we go
21	over.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is it, it says CRM
23	Manual on it?
24	RESPONDENT: It says CRM, it's approved.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: For Execuflight?

1	RESPONDENT: Correct.
2	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Got it. We'll add it.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Thank you.
4	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And how should I word
5	that, exactly, for the request, it's a CRM, was it a CRM
6	Manual?
7	RESPONDENT: CRM Manual.
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. All right.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great, thanks. It's
10	the first I've heard of that. I believe, I saw their
11	records and showed that you guys test them on CRM?
12	RESPONDENT: Yes.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And there's like a
14	written test?
15	RESPONDENT: Yes.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That was going to be
17	one of my questions, where'd that written test come from,
18	it comes from the CRM Manual, correct?
19	RESPONDENT: Yes.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So it's
21	in-house, who teaches it?
22	RESPONDENT: I teach it
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Were you aware
24	if Simuflite had their own CRM training?
25	(Crosstalk)

1	RESPONDENT: That, I might have been aware
2	when I was there last, but I know they have a lot of
3	courses they offer. So.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Any reason why not use
5	Simuflite's CRM training and use your own in-house
6	training?
7	RESPONDENT: Well, it's just, it, in-house is,
8	probably the time constraint, maybe, when they're out
9	there. I'm not sure how, how long that course is.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	RESPONDENT: So.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So just a couple more
13	on that. I hadn't seen the manual, yet. But, basically,
14	where's the content of the manual come from and where do
15	you get that information, to teach these guys?
16	RESPONDENT: That, that was drawn up, that was
17	composed by the Director, our Director of Operations.
18	This was
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Do you have a
20	RESPONDENT: I think the manual was 2013,
21	it was, it was composed.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
23	RESPONDENT: I didn't create the contents.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And would that
25	be Robert, what's
ļ	I and the state of

1	RESPONDENT: It
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That
3	RESPONDENT: yes, it, I believe so.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. But you teach
5	it?
6	RESPONDENT: Yes.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. How long does
8	it take you to teach?
9	RESPONDENT: Oh it's about, I think we budget
10	two hours.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And is that part of
12	the in dock training, or is that something done
13	RESPONDENT: That's on an initial, I know, the
14	initial requirement for 135 and then, it can be done in
15	the (inaudible), as well.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Last question
17	on that one, is there recurrent CRM training, or is this
18	just something that the guys see one time?
19	RESPONDENT: They're, we've done a recurrent,
20	yes we do a recurrent.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: When was the last one?
22	RESPONDENT: I had one with Nabil.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: When?
24	RESPONDENT: I think a week ago.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, almost

1	done here. Just in general, if somebody was to come up
2	to you and ask you about, describe ExecuFlight for me, in
3	general terms, how would you do that?
4	RESPONDENT: I'd say, we're a company that,
5	you know, we've been in operation for about seven,
6	seven-and-a-half years. We're a growing company. We're
7	in the process of growing.
8	It's a good place to work. I mean, I, I've
9	been here the whole time. And it's a, it has a good
10	culture. Everyone gets along well. But, you know, our
11	longevity, our growth, it's all positive. So.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How many employees do
13	they have total?
14	RESPONDENT: Okay, I think we have right
15	around 30.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And how many of
17	those are pilots? Just an estimate.
18	RESPONDENT: Twelve.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And prior to
20	RESPONDENT: Fifteen?
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Prior to the accident,
22	how many were Hawker pilots?
23	RESPONDENT: You have, we had six? Six,
24	Donnie?
25	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Yes.

1	RESPONDENT: Yes, six.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And based on
3	your role and responsibility, as the Chief Pilot, do you
4	communicate with these 12 pilots, on a regular basis?
5	RESPONDENT: Yes.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How?
7	RESPONDENT: Face-to-face, phone
8	conversations, more, more face-to-face.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Good. How would you
10	characterize the morale of the pilots at ExecuFlight?
11	RESPONDENT: Morale is good. Everyone likes
12	what they do. Guys like flying, so that keeps the morale
13	high.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: If the pilot had a
15	complaint, either about the company, or a procedure, or
16	a process, is there anything, is there any formalized
17	program that allows them to air those concerns?
18	RESPONDENT: It would be done through me, or
19	the owner. They'd raise the concern with me, or the, or
20	the Director of Ops.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: No de-identified means
22	to submit issues with the company?
23	RESPONDENT: De-identified (inaudible)?
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: My name's not on
25	there, so you can an anonymous, you know, message saying,

1 I don't like the way we do this, or, but not with the 2 pilot's name, or whoever? No, things will be brought 3 RESPONDENT: No. 4 up directly by the pilot. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 5 Okav. Prior to the accident, you had 12 pilots, six of which are on the 6 7 Hawker for three Hawkers, correct, two 700s and one 800, would you consider that short staffed? 8 (Off microphone discussion) 9 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Hanq on. 10 (Whereupon, the foregoing matter went off the 11 record at (time not given) and went back on the record at 12 (time not given)) 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So do you, you know, with six, prior to the accident, six Hawker pilots and 15 three airplanes, do you consider yourself short staffed? 16 RESPONDENT: Not short staffed. 17 Ι mean, we're, we can staff every airplane, so --18 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 19 Do you monitor the scheduling and the, you know, duty times for the pilots? 20 21 RESPONDENT: I do look at that, but it's the pilot's responsibility that they're, that they are within 22 their duty requirement hour, hours flown. So it's up to 23 them to make sure, but I do, I do see it, I look over it. 24 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Who's the 25

1 Director of Operations? 2 (No response) INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Oh, this (inaudible). 3 4 I already asked you that, didn't I, and you don't have one, currently. Do you have a Director of Safety? 5 RESPONDENT: No. 6 7 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Has there ever Safety Director, or Director 8 of Safety, somebody that they have in the safety department within 9 the organization? 10 11 RESPONDENT: No. No, I don't believe so. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 12 Okay. RESPONDENT: No. 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Almost done Just a couple of things. Disciplinary actions 15 here. with pilots, how would that be handled? 16 RESPONDENT: Well, disciplinary actions, I've 17 really haven't had any need to discipline people. 18 Ι mean, if it's a conversation of, all right, what, what 19 can you do to keep this, you know, what's the issue, what 20 21 can we do to make sure that you don't do it again, I mean, it would be a conversation like that, but there's, 22 there's no, but there could, there would be a letter in 23 their pilot record, noting what took place. That would 24 be the extent of it. 25

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. I may have some follow-ups, a little later, but I want to get, you're probably tired of hearing from me, so I'm going to give Sean an opportunity to, to see if he has any questions? INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All right. You all right? RESPONDENT: Yes. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: You're good to go? Ι noticed you were drinking that water, so I wanted to make sure you didn't need the bathroom again. RESPONDENT: No. Thank you. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Just a few, you've given us a lot of information here, so I don't have that much. Do you guys typically use JEPP charts, or NOS charts, what kind of tech charts do you normally use? RESPONDENT: We use JEPP, we use the NOS. have a subscription to JEPP, so any, any form of paper we can use. And is the subscription INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: subscription for the company, just а oris every airplane, is it stocked with it? RESPONDENT: We have a company, company and the updates come to the airplane. We have airplane, if we get an update they come in and it'll be done over, including the airplane, so you can get, it'll go to the

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1	tail member.
2	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: So the airplane has its
3	own books onboard?
4	RESPONDENT: They, they have their own, they,
5	we have a script to have, to have the JEPP paper. Okay.
6	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. So the accident
7	airplane had and I'm sorry, I'm just trying to
8	understand a little bit here. The accident airplane,
9	itself, had its own subscription to it and it was inside,
10	physically inside the airplane?
11	RESPONDENT: There, yes, there should have
12	been.
13	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And where would
14	that normally be located?
15	RESPONDENT: In the closet behind, behind the
16	cockpit.
17	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Was that the closet
18	where sometimes the scale is stored, that area?
19	RESPONDENT: No, no, it's a narrow, narrow
20	closet.
21	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
22	RESPONDENT: Where the flight manual would be
23	and where the wing mounts manual would be, or the, all
24	the aircraft manuals and books.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.

1 RESPONDENT: But, pertinent charts per to the 2 trip is also what the pilots can do and they can print 3 them out through the government source, as well. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: What do you normally do 4 5 when you go fly a --I, I print and I could use the RESPONDENT: 6 7 JEPPs that we have at printing, printing is convenient, 8 so. So could I assume you INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 9 probably don't utilize the JEPPs onboard very often, or 10 they used, or is it varied and on the pilots? 11 RESPONDENT: It varies (inaudible) pilot, yes. 12 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All right. Now you said 13 14 you normally print them off, before you go, now that's just your, I quess, you take your trip and you see where 15 you're going, you print those off. 16 Now, if you were diverting, for weather, for 17 mechanical, or whatever, and you had to do an approach, 18 would you have to then go to the closet? 19 How would you be able to pull up the appropriate approach plate to a 20 21 diversion airport? I would have the JEPPs onboard RESPONDENT: 22 and find them, if we had to divert. 23 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 24 Okav. I mean, I'd also print charts to 25 RESPONDENT:

1 the alternate airports, or anything suspected where I'd 2 have to divert to, so. 3 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Now who is 4 responsible to keep those charts up-to-date? It's the pilot's. 5 RESPONDENT: The pilots keep the 6 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 7 airplane charts up-to-date? 8 RESPONDENT: Yes. 9 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okav. The captain. 10 RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All right. When you 11 do a trip, do you require any of your crew 12 members to do any risk assessment analysis, or anything 13 14 about their flights, weather --That's, I know that's a, 15 RESPONDENT: No. something that we are wanting to implement to adapt to 16 the SMS practices, so there isn't a, a form you would 17 fill out that has all the different variables and, and 18 then give you, like, I know what an SMS scenario -- okay, 19 airport, length, runway length, weather. And it'll give 20 21 you an analysis of, okay, give me your name, so we're (inaudible), but we don't have anything like that. 22 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. So if. 23 crew's out flying along and one of them has an issue with 24

going to an airport, weather, whatever, is there, do they

1 have the right, or how do they go about saying, we're not 2 going to complete this leg, because of the weather, is 3 there procedure in hand for you guys? it's at the **RESPONDENT:** There is, well, 4 captain's discretion to determine, I'm not going because 5 of this reason, because of weather, there's no, it's the 6 7 judgment of the captain. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And would he just call 8 you and say he's not going, or is there a formal process 9 he's got to go through? 10 RESPONDENT: He'll call me. 11 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 12 Does that happen very often? 13 14 RESPONDENT: It's happened, yes. Not often, but, it, it's not often, but it's happened. 15 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 16 RESPONDENT: They want to go here, because of 17 this reason, okay, and I'll say go. 18 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Did either one of these 19 two pilots ever, or did the captain of this flight ever 20 21 have to make that kind of a call to you? RESPONDENT: He did, yes, gave me a call. 22 was about weather up in, they were up in the Atlanta area 23 trying to go to one airport and he called me up and said, 24 you know, he was asking me, you know, what, can I 25

here? And I said, well, let me see what the weather report is and I said, if, if it changes, or if you're not comfortable with it, you can go, you know, there's no problem with you going to the other airport, Archerfield, or re-routing there, not a problem. just getting my, my, he's getting assurance on it, just making sure that I was okay with him doing that, it's not a problem. I, that's what I, I don't know if preach is the right word, but I said, if you ever have an issue, you know, tell me about it and you can go to the other place. If that makes you more comfortable that's (inaudible). All the guys know that, so. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okav. And last question, hopefully, it's a pretty easy one. How's your interaction with your POI, your, your FFA counterparts that you deal with on a regular basis? I'd say excellent. RESPONDENT: INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Do they come here often, do you have to go there often, just --RESPONDENT: Yes they come here. I've been back and forth to the (inaudible). It's, yes, they, they come here. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okav. RESPONDENT: It's -- so.

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1	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Well that's,
2	that's all I got. I appreciate it.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Thanks.
4	RESPONDENT: Thank you.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Donnie, you got
6	anything?
7	MR. JAHR: No, I'm fine. I'm just listening.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	MR. JAHR: Okay.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: John, on the phone,
11	anything for Rich?
12	MR. DRAGO: Actually, I do have a couple of
13	items. Thank you. Richard, John with the FAA.
14	RESPONDENT: Yes?
15	MR. DRAGO: Are you, do you have a list of
16	authorized instructors for your 135 operation? You said
17	that you give, you do some of the instruction, so I
18	wanted to inquire, clarify, do you have more than one
19	operations instructor for the operation?
20	RESPONDENT: Yes, yes, for Simuflite?
21	MR. DRAGO: No, in-house, authorized
22	instructors in-house, company instructors?
23	RESPONDENT: No, at the moment, no.
24	MR. DRAGO: You don't have any?
25	RESPONDENT: It didn't

1	MR. DRAGO: Or you only have more than
2	yourself?
3	RESPONDENT: Well, at the present time, that's
4	correct.
5	MR. DRAGO: I'm sorry. That's two different
6	questions. So who are the authorized instructors?
7	RESPONDENT: Myself and the Director of Ops,
8	former
9	MR. DRAGO: Okay, so it's, okay, so it's just
10	you, currently?
11	RESPONDENT: Correct.
12	MR. DRAGO: All right, thank you. The
13	Director of Operations, you said he left the company,
14	have you notified the POI?
15	RESPONDENT: The POI is aware, yes.
16	MR. DRAGO: Okay. For Simuflite, during your
17	part of your training, do you specify, as Chief Pilot, do
18	you specify that any training requirements each time the
19	pilots go on a training checking form?
20	RESPONDENT: Yes, the TCA authorization.
21	MR. DRAGO: Okay.
22	RESPONDENT: Yes.
23	MR. DRAGO: On that form, do you specify doing
24	lower than standard approaches, lower than standard
25	weather approaches?

1	RESPONDENT: No.
2	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Do you, when you're down at
3	the training facility, at the simulator, do you train
4	lower than standard?
5	RESPONDENT: No we do not.
6	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Do you authorize and train
7	circling approaches?
8	RESPONDENT: Yes.
9	MR. DRAGO: Okay. And, is that part, that's
10	part of your qualification, FSDO, then, for the circling
11	approach?
12	RESPONDENT: Yes that's correct, for, for
13	PICs.
14	MR. DRAGO: Okay. For the other training that
15	Simuflite does not provide, you talked about doing in
16	dock, and I know that you were asked about CRM training,
17	what other training do you give, locally?
18	RESPONDENT: We do, I do the, all the
19	required, we do the Hazmat, security, and emergency.
20	MR. DRAGO: I'm sorry, I copied Hazmat, and
21	what was the second one?
22	RESPONDENT: Security and emergency training.
23	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Is that your list, or do
24	you have others?
25	RESPONDENT: That, that's it, yes.

1	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Okay. How do, how do you
2	train emergency procedures? Hands on, for example, the
3	hands on emergency egress of the aircraft, that type of
4	thing,
5	RESPONDENT: Right, we
6	MR. DRAGO: departing the aircraft?
7	RESPONDENT: do a scenario exiting the, the
8	wing, over the wing exit. A mock, a evac
9	MR. DRAGO: Yes, how do you do that training,
10	where do you do that training?
11	RESPONDENT: We do it at our hanger.
12	MR. DRAGO: And who gives that instruction?
13	RESPONDENT: I do.
14	MR. DRAGO: Okay. So that Okay. I'm
15	trying to fill out that list. Who does the wing sheer
16	training?
17	RESPONDENT: That is at Simuflite, they're
18	given a wind shear
19	MR. DRAGO: Okay.
20	RESPONDENT: event.
21	MR. DRAGO: A wind shear event in the
22	simulator?
23	RESPONDENT: Correct.
24	MR. DRAGO: Okay. How about operations during
25	ground icing, is that something you do in-house?
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1	(Off microphone discussion)
2	RESPONDENT: Oh that's, yes we do, we have a,
3	with our operations manual that we
4	MR. DRAGO: Okay.
5	RESPONDENT: train to.
6	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Has any of this training
7	that you give been monitored by the POI, or one of the
8	representatives from the FSDO?
9	RESPONDENT: For my memory, it's our Director
10	of Ops. I've been observed by the FSDO doing a 293 oral.
11	MR. DRAGO: I'm sorry, I didn't copy your
12	response, could you repeat it, please?
13	RESPONDENT: I've bene observed doing the
14	orals and, by our Director of Ops, doing the training.
15	MR. DRAGO: Okay. My question is, has the FAA
16	monitored any of the training you have given, for any of
17	the training you've done at ExecuFlight?
18	RESPONDENT: To my knowledge, no. I don't
19	know.
20	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Thank you. I'm going to
21	switch gears, just a little bit, I have another question
22	with regard to your pilots and the do you ever have
23	periodic pilot meetings where everybody's together at one
24	place?
25	RESPONDENT: We do.

1 MR. DRAGO: And do you cover topics, such as 2 standardization? How do you address standardization, in-house? 3 RESPONDENT: Well, we always reference to the 4 simulator training with SOPs. I mean, that's, that's how 5 we reference that, it's --6 7 Okay. MR. DRAGO: (Crosstalk) 8 9 RESPONDENT: There's not much we can do, at the hanger, when it comes to that, but we have meetings 10 where we discuss, you know, status meetings, just to get 11 together --12 MR. DRAGO: Okay. And one, I've got one more 13 14 for you. Are your pilots required any other duties, other than when they're called in for a trip, do they 15 have any type of regular office duties, or regular office 16 time? 17 RESPONDENT: No, they're only obligated No. 18 19 to, to fly. Okay, I think that's all I MR. DRAGO: Okay. 20 have. Thank you, very much. 21 RESPONDENT: My pleasure. 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great, Rich. This is 23 Is there anything that, a conclusion and follow-up. 24 maybe, you want to clarify that we talked about, this is 25

1	the opportunity to
2	RESPONDENT: With, with
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Anything, you know?
4	RESPONDENT: Not at the moment, I
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Under the
6	premise that we are simply here, as a safety
7	organization, trying to find out what happened, so that
8	we can prevent it from happening again. Any thoughts on
9	your side, or anything that you can help us with, or you
10	can think of, to assist us in that endeavor?
11	RESPONDENT: Well, as far, I mean, preventing
12	this accident, these types of accidents from happening
13	again, it's
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Well, we're trying to
15	find out what, but is there anything that you can help us
16	with, based on your roles and responsibilities, as the
17	Chief Pilot, of this organization?
18	RESPONDENT: Well, if new training or policies
19	need to be implemented, I'm, I'm, you know, full throttle
20	on
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
22	RESPONDENT: on, on adapting.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Great.
24	Anything you can think of that we should have asked you
25	that we didn't?

1	RESPONDENT: At the moment, no.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
3	RESPONDENT: I don't, maybe there'll be some
4	things later.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Well, as always, you
6	know, sometimes we have, later after these interviews,
7	opportunities to maybe think about those and if you want
8	to clarify anything, or add anything, you know, feel free
9	to get a hold of us, at any point in time, okay?
10	RESPONDENT: Okay.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. Thanks,
12	guys.
13	(Whereupon, the interview in the above-
14	entitled matter was concluded at (no time given))
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CERTIFICATE

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident Akron, OH, November 10, 2015 Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Richard Ruvido

DATE: December 2, 2015

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 91 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



NEAL R. GROSS

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036 AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

-----:

INTERVIEW OF: SAL MATTEIS*

Wednesday, December 2, 2015

Banyon Aviation

Ft. Lauderdale Executive Airport

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

On Behalf of the Interviewee:

MR. JAHR:, ESQ.

Wicker Smith O'Hara McCoy & Ford P.A.

SunTrust Center

515 East Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1400

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

Tel.: (954) Fax: (954)

On Behalf of ExecuFlight:

DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2	(Time not disclosed)
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Good afternoon. My name is
4	Captain David Lawrence and I'm an investigator with the
5	NTSB. I'm the operations group chairman for the
6	ExecuFlight Hawker accident that occurred in Akron,
7	Ohio last month, and extend my condolences to you and
8	everybody else associated with this accident. And my
9	role here is to learn what I can about the accident so
10	I can assist in the investigation, and hopefully
11	prevent this from reoccurring.
12	As part of our process, we invite parties to
13	participate in the investigation to provide us
14	technical expertise. For this group, we have the NTSB,
15	Execuflight, Textron, and the FAA. We'll go around the
16	room now and just ask everybody to introduce themselves
17	and provide their affiliation.
18	MR. ETCHER: Good afternoon. Sean Etcher
19	with the NTSB.
20	MR. JAHR: Chris Jahr with the Wicker Smith
21	Law Firm.
22	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Donnie Shackleford,
23	Captain with ExecuFlight on the Hawker.
24	MR. MATTEIS: Sal Matteis, salesman for
25	Execuflight.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: On the phone?
2	MR. DRAGO: John Drago, Inspector with the
3	FAA.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: John, do you want to explain
5	your role with the FAA in this investigation?
6	MR. DRAGO: Sure. Thanks, David. I'm a,
7	for our purposes today, I'm part of the operations
8	group here to facilitate and help wherever I can. I'm
9	not here for anything FAA related other than to support
10	the NTSB in determining the cause of the accident.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Thanks. As you've
12	been advised, you're allowed one representative of your
13	choice to assist or participate in the investigation
14	and is Chris who you would like?
15	MR. MATTEIS: Yes that's fine.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. As part of the
17	process, I'll record the interview and we will have a
18	transcription made, which will eventually become a part
19	of the factual record. Audio will not be part of the
20	public docket. Do you have any questions about the
21	process or anything?
22	MR. MATTEIS: No, sir.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Let's start with the
24	easy stuff first. And if I can get your full name and
25	age.
	1

1	MR. MATTEIS: Salvatore Michael Matteis. I
2	think I'm 58.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
4	MR. MATTEIS: I am 58.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. And what's
6	your current title with ExecuFlight?
7	MR. MATTEIS: Salesman.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	MR. MATTEIS: Customer service rep.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: How long you been in that
11	role?
12	MR. MATTEIS: On and off, three years.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: And how long have you been
14	employed with ExecuFlight?
15	MR. MATTEIS: On and off, three years.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Same? Okay. Great. What do
17	you do as a salesman, customer service rep?
18	MR. MATTEIS: What do you mean?
19	MR. LAWRENCE: What's your role in this
20	MR. MATTEIS: Not to be sarcastic, but I
21	sell flights.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
23	MR. MATTEIS: And I inform the customers
24	that have purchased flights of FBO's, movement of
25	planes, follow-up, trying to get more business.
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1 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Perfect. 2 MR. MATTEIS: It's okay if I ask you to 3 clarify some questions, isn't it? 4 MR. LAWRENCE: Sure. And I was about to 5 say, I'm going to be typing just some general notes on the computer, and sometimes I type like this, so, 6 7 exactly. And --MR. MATTEIS: You'd do a whole lot more work 8 if you learn how to type. That's what they told me. 9 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So, if I'm not making 10 11 eye contact with you, I apologize. But also, if there's a question, like you just said, you don't 12 understand or want, you know, me to clarify, please do. 13 14 Just say, hey, I don't the question. 15 I think you know, I voice my MR. MATTEIS: opinion. 16 17 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And I don't know is a 18 perfectly acceptable answer as well. Okay? What did you do before, well, just the cliff notes 19 version of your background that lead you to 20 21 Execuflight. Prior to working at 22 MR. MATTEIS: Execuflight, I was a broker, selling flights to the 23 public. Prior to that, I had sold sporting goods. 24 25 Prior to that, I had manufactured clothes. Prior to

1	that I had represented, was a sales manager for a
2	sporting goods distributor, and prior to that, I was a
3	retailer.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	MR. MATTEIS: And I had a little dip in the
6	middle of managing some real estate companies.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great.
8	MR. MATTEIS: I have a very extensive
9	aviation background.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Who hired you here?
11	MR. MATTEIS: Mr. Lewkowicz, and it was
12	recommended by Nick Brown.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Who's Nick Brown?
14	MR. MATTEIS: Nick Brown is the other person
15	in the sales department.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. You led me to
17	my next question. How many of you are there with
18	Execuflight?
19	MR. MATTEIS: What do you mean?
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Salesmen. How many salesmen?
21	MR. MATTEIS: I think you mean that
22	actually do quoting?
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
24	MR. MATTEIS: Because, you know, I mean,
25	like my pilots are salesmen because if they get a rough

1	trip, then I'm not getting any business back.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: How many people do your job?
3	MR. MATTEIS: Like, the quoting?
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
5	MR. MATTEIS: Two or three.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
7	MR. MATTEIS: Usually Nick and I are the
8	main thrust and Danny will send some quotes in.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Good. Curious, are
10	you a pilot?
11	MR. MATTEIS: I could tell, you the buttons
12	on your shirt, how much they cost, no.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	MR. MATTEIS: I have a very, I have acquired
15	my aviation knowledge through the school of hard
16	knocks.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Excellent.
18	MR. MATTEIS: And excellent feedback from my
19	pilots.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	MR. MATTEIS: And company.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I'm going to ask you a
23	little bit more specifics about this particular trip,
24	but before I do, I want to kind of understand
25	something, because I've heard the term being used by

1	some of the pilots that you guys are like dispatchers,
2	and the term get's interchanged with salesman and
3	dispatcher. Are you actually a dispatcher or are you
4	just sales?
5	MR. MATTEIS: What is a dispatcher?
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. That answers my
7	question. Do you do any flight planning for the
8	pilots?
9	MR. MATTEIS: I've never filed a flight plan
10	in my life.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
12	MR. MATTEIS: I have gone on and created a
13	mock trip on FlightPlan, not a flight plan, so I could
14	get the people's what's that crap? Passports, sorry
15	Don. Passport stuff.
16	MR. SHACKLEFORD: So you could do the APIS.
17	MR. MATTEIS: So I could do the APIS.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
19	MR. MATTEIS: That's the extent.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So I think I know the
21	answer to these questions, but I'm going to ask them
22	anyway. So you've never filed a flight plan. Have you
23	ever assisted in providing weather to one of the
24	pilots.
25	MR. MATTEIS: It's like, if there's a

1	hurricane in western Mexico that's coming in and people
2	are wanting to go to Guadalajara, I've answered that
3	question.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Sure.
5	MR. MATTEIS: You know, and if somebody's
б	asked me to look something up, I'd looked it up. That
7	is not my primary function. I mean, you know, you
8	could be normal and realize when the wind's blowing or
9	something if I'm there, but I don't research that, no.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	MR. MATTEIS: Is that too long of an answer?
12	MR. JAHR: That's, you don't research it.
13	MR. MATTEIS: I don't research it.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
15	MR. JAHR: Right.
16	MR. MATTEIS: Sorry.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Weight and balance. Do you
18	assist the pilots in the creation of the weight and
19	balance for a particular flight?
20	MR. ETCHER: Okay, say it.
21	MR. JAHR: You have to say no.
22	MR. MATTEIS: No. No I don't.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Thank you.
24	MR. MATTEIS: The only way I assist them is
25	by giving them the passenger count, which I have to get

1	when I have to do an APIS.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I understand that. Do
3	you ask for the passengers for their weight at any
4	point in time to give that information to the pilot?
5	MR. MATTEIS: If someone's 400 pounds,
6	usually my customer tells me that.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. But I was
8	MR. MATTEIS: Is the specific practice for
9	me to ask every customer that books a flight with me
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Okay.
11	MR. MATTEIS: the weights of every
12	passenger?
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
14	MR. MATTEIS: No, I don't.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Excellent.
16	MR. MATTEIS: See, I could rephrase your
17	questions for you that I understand.
18	MR. JAHR: If you ever don't understand a
19	question, ask him to clarify.
20	MR. MATTEIS: Sure.
21	MR. JAHR: Or clarify it and the term.
22	MR. MATTEIS: Yes. But you knew that before
23	you asked.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Have you ever ridden on one
25	of your, on one of the ExecuFlight aircraft?
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1	MR. MATTEIS: I definitely have.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Which one?
3	MR. MATTEIS: I've ridden on 975 Romeo Gulf,
4	a G3, and I've ridden on 3555 Fox Alpha, a 800. Have I
5	ridden on 817? I don't think so. I think those are
6	the only two that I've ridden on.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Have you ridden on
8	237, the accident aircraft?
9	MR. MATTEIS: I've sat in it many times, but
10	never ridden on it.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Have you had an opportunity
12	to ride with either Oscar, with either the Captain or
13	the First Officer of the accident flight?
14	MR. MATTEIS: No.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: At any point in time? Okay.
16	MR. MATTEIS: I can tell you they were great
17	guys.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Tell me about, well, let's go
19	there. Tell me about your interaction with them.
20	MR. MATTEIS: My interaction with Oscar, on
21	a business basis was, it was very professional. Oscar
22	was one of those people that would doors close, doors
23	open, religiously.
24	At the end of the day, he would say, you
25	know, goodnight, and I would say goodnight back. I

1 think you've seen some of those Whatsapps, where --2 MR. LAWRENCE: No, I have not. Oh. 3 MR. MATTEIS: Well, they cop my 4 Whatsapp. It's like, you know, he's, he was very cordial and very boom, boom, boom, boom, and so 5 was Renato. 6 7 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. MATTEIS: And they were both actually, 8 this is my opinion so I should keep my mouth shut, but 9 they both actually loved working for the company 10 11 because I think they had been, I shouldn't say, I think they were out of work for a while. So they were happy 12 And they were pleasant. They weren't 13 14 grouches. Stick to the questions. Sorry, boss. 15 MR. LAWRENCE: All right. So for this particular accident, the flight, the trip that was 16 developed, it was a two-day trip, correct? 17 Well, it ended up being a two 18 MR. MATTEIS: I mean, there were three brokers that 19 day trip. initially looked at the flight that we had quoted, I 2.0 think two of them, and it, they had changed, they --21 not us -- they had changed the routing and a couple of 22 the airports a couple of the times in the flight. Nick 23 also assisted me in changing, there was a bunch of 24 25 changes on the flight.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	MR. MATTEIS: So it ended up being a two-day
3	trip.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So I think we jumped
5	ahead, but I want to kind of go back. And let's start
6	with the very, since I'm not, I want to understand how
7	this charter became a reality. Who called, when the
8	real estate company decided they need to transport
9	people around the Midwest, who called who?
10	MR. MATTEIS: Well the real estate company
11	probably called two or three brokers. I know for a
12	fact they called two brokers.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	MR. MATTEIS: They called a good friend of
15	mine from Boca, and she was quoting the trip out of
16	Boca on a three-day trip, and then I got a request from
17	Air Charter Service via Avinode on a two
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Wait a second. You got a
19	request from
20	MR. MATTEIS: Air Charter Service, who ended
21	up being the broker of record, who the real estate
22	company contacted.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
24	MR. MATTEIS: And I got that through email
25	of a request, and that trip started in Boca, but after
ļ	

1	we quoted it, I called the broker and told him that I
2	could save him basically a thousand dollars if he flew
3	out of Fort Lauderdale executive rather than Boca,
4	because of the two short legs. So I think that's how
5	he won the bid.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So the real estate
7	company called air charter services and
8	MR. MATTEIS: And a couple other brokers.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: And a couple other. But Air
10	Charter Services, they called you and said we have a
11	charter.
12	MR. MATTEIS: Right. Well, they sent an
13	email inquiring first.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
15	MR. MATTEIS: And then we quoted it, and
16	then the dialogue started.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Got it. So the
18	original flight, you know, when you decided that this,
19	you said you'd save them some money out of Fort
20	Lauderdale.
21	MR. MATTEIS: Right.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: What was it supposed to do?
23	MR. MATTEIS: It was originally, their
24	original request, and this is from memory
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Sure.

MR. MATTEIS: But I remember their original request was Boca to Akron first, and then to St. Paul and then a bunch of other places, and that way it turned into a three-day trip. And as you guys know, there's two hours a day, plus overnights. So, and charging, when I quote, when I quote a job, my plane has to fly two hours a day.

MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, okay.

MR. MATTEIS: Okay? Just the minimums.

Unless their trip has enough hours in it. Plus it's

750 bucks, I think, or 650 bucks for an overnight. So
the broker ran through about, ran through different
scenarios of the flight plan or of the track, so he
could try and erase a day. Because initially, we were
going Boca to Akron, first stop.

And then the broker, through the real estate company, I'm sure, decided, well, I would assume, but I was told, now we're going Fort Lauderdale, St. Paul first. And that's, without any notes, that's what I remember of the trip.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So then you present a bid to the broker and say, we can do it for this much money.

MR. MATTEIS: I went through and did the little bit of due diligence that I do, making sure that

2.0

there's an airport there and, you know, that the 1 runway's long enough, just for my protection. 2 I don't look like a dummy when it goes back and they 3 4 say, we can't go there. 5 MR. LAWRENCE: How long's the runway supposed to be? 6 7 MR. MATTEIS: Well, you know, it's, legally or whatever, according, it's supposed to be 5,000 feet. 8 But I quess, as a pilot, you know sometimes you can't 9 land on 5,000 feet if, you know, it's high or the 10 11 weight or whatever. But I don't, you know. I know rule of thumb is 5,000 feet. 12 All right. MR. LAWRENCE: So you then 13 14 presented this new, revised to the broker. 15 MR. MATTEIS: Over and over. About three times. 16 17 MR. LAWRENCE: All right. And --MR. MATTEIS: And then after I revised it, 18 then it went to Nick and revised it again on a day I 19 was either sick or not in, and revised it again. 2.0 It was revised several times based on, I 21 think, feedback from, but I, you know, the little bit 22 that I remember was feedback from the broker's 23 customer, that he wanted to do this, this and this. 24 25 it kept changing. And I think they were trying to also

1	eliminate the one day, because that was
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Go from three to two?
3	MR. MATTEIS: Go from three to two.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh.
5	MR. MATTEIS: And so, you know, as long as
6	within duty and legal, obviously.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
8	MR. MATTEIS: They didn't ask us to do
9	anything illegal, nor would we.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Is, was Akron, Fulton
11	on the original plan?
12	MR. MATTEIS: Yes, AKR?
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
14	MR. MATTEIS: AKR was the first stop.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: On the original plan?
16	MR. MATTEIS: On the original plan.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: When they were going out of
18	Boca after
19	MR. MATTEIS: AKR, Boca to AKR.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
21	MR. MATTEIS: And they were supposed to
22	leave, like, at 9:00 in the morning or something.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And then it ends up
24	getting revised and then it's Minneapolis, St. Paul,
25	down, but it was always going to be Fulton -= Akron,
ļ	

1 Fulton that they were going to be landing at. Not --2 MR. MATTEIS: As far as I remember, yes. 3 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. 4 MR. MATTEIS: Some of the other airports Like the one in, I think, Iowa. We went to 5 changed. That changed. I mean, the quote request came 6 7 pretty well spelled out. You know, and I quoted it the way it was. And then when he made some verbal changes, 8 I put bigger airports down, which they changed to 9 10 little airports. And then when it was all done, you 11 know, it got released and the pilots had the trip sheet in plenty of time before to review it. 12 Because it's like, when you get a trip 13 14 sheet, first thing you do is look at it and say, Sal, I can't do this, or this runway's too bad. You know, 15 then we work back and then I would call the customer 16 and say, hey, we can't go here. We have to go there. 17 Right. Do you recall when 18 MR. LAWRENCE: 19 the trip sheet was sent out to Oscar and Renato? 20 MR. MATTEIS: No. I send them out, as soon 21 as I get a book, I send them out. I probably, how many 22 trip sheets do I send out on a trip? A hundred? 23 Fifty? I send out a lot. MR. SHACKLEFORD: You send a lot of trip 24 25 sheets because you're not just working for just one

1 crew. 2 MR. MATTEIS: But I'm saying, when I send you a trip sheet for a trip I sold, I usually send it 3 4 out as soon as I got it booked. Was that --5 MR. SHACKLEFORD: Well, soon as you get the information. 6 I, and I --7 MR. MATTEIS: Yes. MR. SHACKLEFORD: You always get it --8 Right. But I send them out 9 MR. MATTEIS: quick. And I send them out in multiples. 10 11 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. MATTEIS: You know, it's, for me, I feel 12 I'm doing my job by getting whoever's involved the 13 14 information as soon as it is. And then, you know, God forbid, if it changes, then you got to redo it --15 MR. LAWRENCE: Right. 16 MR. MATTEIS: But at least now you can see 17 what, basically, the game plan is. 18 MR. LAWRENCE: Is that the process when you 19 get the trip sheet created, because you now know what's 20 21 going to be happening? Is the pilot first? Does it go through the chief pilot, or --22 MR. MATTEIS: It has to be released first. 23 24 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.

MR. MATTEIS:

25

You know, and then it goes to

1	pilots, obviously.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. What's the release
3	process? What do you mean?
4	MR. MATTEIS: I don't know. I don't do it.
5	Just, you know, gets released by either the chief pilot
6	or Danny.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So you're sending,
8	you're just typing it in
9	MR. MATTEIS: I'm just typing it in.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: And once it, you hit send
11	MR. MATTEIS: Well I don't hit send.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Well, what do you hit to
13	MR. MATTEIS: I hit I have email, yes.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
15	MR. MATTEIS: Then it, and when it gets
16	released, it gets released.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: I'm missing something here.
18	MR. MATTEIS: I don't release them. I don't
19	know.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. You enter the trip
21	sheet and information. Correct?
22	MR. MATTEIS: I enter the trip sheet
23	information.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And then what, you
25	save it? Does it save to a server that goes out

1 MR. MATTEIS: It saves. And it also emails. 2 And sometimes I will email a heads up. 3 MR. LAWRENCE: Right. 4 MR. MATTEIS: Before, it's like, you got a 5 trip in two weeks. Here it is. It's not released yet. It's not a real trip. But I'm sending it to a pilot so 6 7 he knows where he's going. Right. 8 MR. LAWRENCE: MR. MATTEIS: And then we'll officially get 9 passengers and things like that. 10 11 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. 12 MR. MATTEIS: I do a lot of heads-ups. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Ever get input from 13 14 the chief pilot at any point during this process? 15 MR. MATTEIS: Get input from the chief pilot and from the pilots. You know, we can't go there. 16 can't do this nonstop. 17 Right. 18 MR. LAWRENCE: 19 MR. MATTEIS: This is a wet day runway only. I mean, normal stuff like that, yes. Of course. 20 21 MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Okav. 22 MR. MATTEIS: I mean, they do, I may have had some differences with my company as far as my 23 salary, but my company does do things the right way, 24 25 and they double check and triple check. I mean,

1	that's, the only thing you have is your safety.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
3	MR. MATTEIS: Which we don't have anymore
4	because of this.
5	MR. JAHR: You don't have to say anymore.
6	MR. MATTEIS: Sorry.
7	MR. JAHR: That's it. Just answer the
8	questions.
9	MR. MATTEIS: All right. I was on my soap
10	box. Thank you.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: So, have you ever had, I
12	think you've answered this, but I want to clarify it.
13	Pilots or the chief pilot say we can't do this.
	MD MARRIET C Voc
14	MR. MATTEIS: Yes.
14	MR. MAITEIS: Yes. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently,
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently,
15 16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently, infrequently, occasionally? How would you characterize
15 16 17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently, infrequently, occasionally? How would you characterize it?
15 16 17 18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently, infrequently, occasionally? How would you characterize it? MR. MATTEIS: I would characterize it,
15 16 17 18 19	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently, infrequently, occasionally? How would you characterize it? MR. MATTEIS: I would characterize it, honestly, whenever we can't do it. I mean, I don't
15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently, infrequently, occasionally? How would you characterize it? MR. MATTEIS: I would characterize it, honestly, whenever we can't do it. I mean, I don't know. I don't
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is that frequently, infrequently, occasionally? How would you characterize it? MR. MATTEIS: I would characterize it, honestly, whenever we can't do it. I mean, I don't know. I don't MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. MATTEIS: I, you know, I pretty much don't look at things that way.

1	don't do flight plans.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
3	MR. MATTEIS: I'm not an aviation person,
4	okay?
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
б	MR. MATTEIS: When a chief pilot or a pilot
7	tells me we can't do things, they're telling me that so
8	I can inform my customers.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
10	MR. MATTEIS: When I get a doors closed or a
11	doors open, I'm flight following for my customers
12	because their manager, or their girl Friday wants to
13	know where they are.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: You mentioned something about
15	the text. I want to ask you a little bit about that.
16	When they send the doors close, as they're closing the
17	doors and they send that, are you on the receipt of
18	that text?
19	MR. MATTEIS: Yes.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Who else?
21	MR. MATTEIS: The whole dispatch team.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
23	MR. MATTEIS: And the pilots.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Dispatch meaning
25	salespeople? You said dispatch team.
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1	MR. MATTEIS: Okay. I, that, I misspoke.
2	Let me rephrase that. Pretty much everybody in the
3	company.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
5	MR. MATTEIS: That has contact with a
6	customer
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
8	MR. MATTEIS: Will get that.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
10	MR. MATTEIS: I get that and the chief pilot
11	gets it, I'm sure. I don't know who gets it. I know I
12	get it.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	MR. MATTEIS: Better answer. Sorry.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. And then you made,
16	you used the phrase, I'm able to flight-follow and
17	flight-following. What does that mean?
18	MR. MATTEIS: It means when I get a doors
19	closed, I call my customer up and say, hey, we're
20	taking off from. We should be on the ground in three
21	hours. And then I'll get a doors open and I'll call my
22	customer and say, we landed.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So
24	MR. MATTEIS: My customer knows their people
25	are on the ground.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	MR. MATTEIS: And then it's usually followed
3	by my customer saying, did they like the flight.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: So, would it be fair to
5	characterize, and correct me if I'm wrong, that your
6	flight-following, your definition of flight-following
7	form your job point, is more customer service.
8	MR. MATTEIS: Without a doubt, only.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Okay.
10	MR. MATTEIS: You could put a big
11	exclamation on that one, sir.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
13	MR. MATTEIS: There it goes.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Sal, were there any concerns
15	expressed by anybody in the chain of command or anybody
16	that had some type of input to this particular trip?
17	Did anybody express any concerns about flying this
18	particular trip?
19	MR. MATTEIS: As far as I remember, no one
20	expressed any concerns. Or if they did express
21	concerns, they did not express them to me.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you recall, well do
23	you get emails when, if the chief pilot was to, and the
24	pilots were to talk about a particular trip prior to
25	the trip commencing, would you be copied in on any of

1 that? MR. MATTEIS: On technical stuff? 2 Not technical, but if they're 3 MR. LAWRENCE: just talking about the trip and, you know, where you 4 5 going to overnight, you know, are you okay --Well, sometimes I'll call and MR. MATTEIS: 6 7 get a hotel for them. Okay. 8 MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. I mean, it's pretty, in my 9 MR. MATTEIS: part, my responsibility, pretty laid back as far as 10 11 that is. You know, if there's, if there's a problem where the runway is broken, they're going to call me 12 and tell me the runway's broken. Call your customer, 13 14 we got to go somewhere else. 15 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you recall for this particular trip anybody voicing any concerns about the 16 weather for the trip? 17 MR. MATTEIS: I don't believe so. I don't 18 I don't think there was. 19 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you get any 2.0 21 messages, email or texts directly from Oscar or Renato 22 during the course of the trip? MR. MATTEIS: Of course. 23 MR. LAWRENCE: Other than the doors closed, 24

doors open?

MR. MATTEIS: I got a text from Renato asking for Wednesday and Thursday off because I had promised him, or he had asked for a couple days, and I had put them down, and then I had to clarify that with Rich and Danny because even though we try to, we do honor requests for pilots for our days off, I don't have the authority to give it. I can put it down and do it, but it was granted. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. MATTEIS: His two days were granted. MR. LAWRENCE: Is that typical that the pilots would call a salesperson up to request days off? MR. MATTEIS: Well, I mean, you know, I mean, you have to be the girl Friday too. I mean, if it's my trip and I'm talking to them all the time --MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. MR. MATTEIS: He's just going to say, if it's Nick's trip, or if he's talking to (phonetic) Alton about something, we're not IBM, you know. if someone wants to ask me a question, they're going to ask me a question. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I just didn't know if that was the process. Do that they talk to you about Who's responsible for scheduling the pilots, as far as --

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1 MR. MATTEIS: Well, I like to put it down so 2 nobody forgets it. 3 MR. LAWRENCE: Right. 4 MR. MATTEIS: But either the chief pilot or 5 the CEO are the ones that grant it. MR. LAWRENCE: 6 Okay. 7 MR. MATTEIS: I have no authority to grant somebody a day off. 8 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. That catches most of 9 what I want. I'll see if, probably tired of hearing 10 11 from me, so let me see if Sean has any questions. 12 MR. ETCHER: I just have one, actually. You gave us a lot of info. 13 14 MR. MATTEIS: Fifteen parts. Sorry. That's all right. You said you 15 MR. ETCHER: use a, excuse me, you use a rule of thumb of 5,000 feet 16 for a runway when you bid out a trip or whatever you 17 Is that just your personal rule or is that --18 do. MR. MATTEIS: No, I think that's a company-19 wide rule. I think that's Argus. It's got to be 5,000 2.0 21 feet, period. If it's less, then we have to clearance, or if it's more or if it's higher or whatever. 22 5,000 feet's a general rule of thumb, I think, within 23 the aviation community. 24 25 MR. ETCHER: Okay.

1	MR. MATTEIS: As far as I know.
2	MR. ETCHER: Okay. Then let me ask one more
3	follow one question.
4	MR. MATTEIS: No, you asked one question.
5	You're done.
6	MR. ETCHER: Well, that's probably true, but
7	I'll ask one more anyway. The, when you look at the,
8	when you look for the runway length, is it, that all
9	you care about, the length? Or do you have to look at
10	approaches? Or is there anything that
11	MR. MATTEIS: I don't know anything about
12	it. I couldn't tell you what an approach is other than
13	going up to a girl with some cash and a drink.
14	MR. JAHR: Okay, that's
15	MR. ETCHER: Okay.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay
17	MR. MATTEIS: Sorry.
18	MR. JAHR: That's good.
19	MR. ETCHER: That's all I've got.
20	MR. MATTEIS: I do sometimes look to see if
21	there's customs. I do kind of see if their airport's
22	24 hours a day. I try to see if there's, you know, if
23	it's a real runway.
24	I mean, it's America, so usually there
25	aren't podunk runways with holes in it, as opposed to
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South America or somewhere. And I shouldn't have said that, but, you know, I mean, the, I take great pride in my job and serving my customers. You know, I care more about my customers than I care about the trip because it's not one trip, it's every trip. MR. ETCHER: Okay. MR. MATTEIS: And if I service somebody good and they can trust me, and they know they can go on and

sell because I'm going to tell them their customer landed, and then I'm going to call my pilot and say, were they happy, did we have the right food they wanted, and I tell my customers that, which is my "flight-following" which really isn't flight-following, then he's happy because he knows I'm doing his work. And then I get more trips.

> MR. ETCHER: Okay.

MR. MATTEIS: And basically, as much as I love it, I do need to eat.

MR. ETCHER: Understood. That's all I've got. Thank you.

And I have, you know, if you MR. MATTEIS: want to check with some brokers to tell you that, you know, I always tell them where they are and I have thems probably give me a list of, my customers that, you know, I follow up. That's what I do.

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1	MR. ETCHER: Okay.
2	MR. MATTEIS: Like I was here at a quarter
3	to 1:00 for my 1 o'clock appointment. That's what I
4	do.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Donnie, do you have any
6	MR. SHACKLEFORD: No, I'm fine. I have no
7	questions.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
9	MR. MATTEIS: Did I screw up? Or am I going
10	to jail?
11	MR. JAHR: You, there's no question, no
12	question there.
13	MR. MATTEIS: Oh.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: John, on the phone, do you
15	need anything? Do you have any questions?
16	MR. DRAGO: Actually I do have one or two.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	MR. DRAGO: Maybe just one. Depends on,
19	Sal, you said that you kind of give the pilots a heads-
20	up on occasion. Do you, who makes the crew
21	(inaudible)? When you get a request for a trip and it
22	kind of gets released, do you assign the pilots or how
23	does that work?
24	MR. MATTEIS: Well, I believe that it has to
25	be released by either the chief pilot or the president.
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1	You know, I may make a suggestion when crews available,
2	but I certainly, being the low man on the totem pole,
3	have no power. But I can look and see who's available.
4	MR. DRAGO: Okay. So I'm not sure that I
5	understood. So you don't, you don't select the pilots?
6	MR. MATTEIS: I may select and suggest, but
7	I cannot confirm that that pilot is on that trip.
8	MR. DRAGO: Okay. If, do you have any
9	does it ever go through your mind, I can't put this
10	pilot with this other pilot in any, for any of the
11	crews?
12	MR. MATTEIS: Heck, no.
13	MR. DRAGO: Do you have any of that that you
14	have to worry about?
15	MR. MATTEIS: No, sir. With all honesty and
16	sincerity, we have a really pretty good bunch of
17	pilots. We're actually, we were actually a pretty nice
18	family.
19	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Very good. Thank you.
20	Thank you very much.
21	MR. MATTEIS: No worries. I mean
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Anybody else?
23	MR. MATTEIS: You're trying to get rid of
24	me.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: So that's, I think that's
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1	really all we have. What I also offer anybody that we
2	talk to is if there is anything you can think of,
3	obviously we're here from the safety side. And also
4	because we want to try and prevent this from happening
5	again.
6	MR. MATTEIS: Without a doubt.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: And I know you share that.
8	So is there anything you can think of that you can
9	provide us, or anything you want to help us with that
10	maybe help us in that endeavor or anything you can
11	think of to add to what you told us?
12	MR. MATTEIS: I think you guys are pretty
13	bright. I think you guys have turned over every stone
14	a couple times. I don't have anything that I could add
15	officially to what you have.
16	I do feel this trip, for the broker, was a
17	pain in the ass, and for me it was a pain in the ass,
18	and for Nick was a pain in the ass, because they
19	changed it so many times.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
21	MR. MATTEIS: You know, aside from that,
22	anything out of the ordinary, there wasn't.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Well, was
24	MR. MATTEIS: It was really pretty clean.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Did, it being a pain like

1	that for you, was it a pain as far as the construction
2	to get it to the point before it went to the pilot or
3	did it
4	MR. MATTEIS: No. No, it was a pain before
5	that. It was a processing pain. It was quote this,
6	quote that.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: I got it.
8	MR. MATTEIS: Don't quote this person. This
9	person's going out of Boca, this person's going out of
10	Fort Lauderdale. Why did I lose my trip? I thought
11	you were my friend. Well, because he quoted it out of
12	Fort Lauderdale and you quoted it out of Boca.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Do you, in your experience,
14	do you think this trip that was put out to the pilots
15	was anything more challenging than any of the other
16	trips that you
17	MR. MATTEIS: Thought it was pretty easy.
18	No offense. I mean, I'm not trying to demean it.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
20	MR. MATTEIS: But I mean, it was all during
21	the day.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
23	MR. MATTEIS: There was no night flying.
24	There was no close connections. It was, it was all in
25	America. It was all in mid-America. It was, I'm not

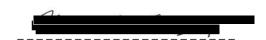
	crying to demean it. Trust me.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Sure. I understand.
3	MR. MATTEIS: I mean, we're all with this
4	tragedy, but it was a pretty basic trip.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Okay. Anything else
6	you can think of to
7	MR. MATTEIS: And that's why, you know, yes.
8	No. I was going to say something else, but it's just
9	like, it's such a basic trip. And to have a tragedy
10	like that. It's not like we went nine hours of flight.
11	It's not like we landed in the mountains. It's not
12	like we were over Afghanistan where somebody's
13	shooting. It was just a basic damn trip, and this was
14	what, a 30-minute flight? This one? It's sad.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Thanks. Appreciate you
16	talking to us.
17	MR. MATTEIS: Thank you. I hope I didn't
18	mess you up.
19	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went
20	off the record at an undisclosed time.)
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C E R T I F I C A T E

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident Akron, OH, November 10, 2015 Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Sal Matteis

DATE: December 2, 2015

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 37 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



NEAL R. GROSS

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

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IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036 AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

INTERVIEW OF: Danny Lewkowicz

Thursday, December 3, 2015

Banyon Aviation

Ft. Lauderdale Executive Airport

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

On Behalf of the Interviewee:

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On Behalf of ExecuFlight:

DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Good afternoon. My
3	name is Captain David Lawrence, and I'm an Investigator
4	with the National Transportation Safety Board. I'm the
5	Operations Group Chairman for the Execuflight Hawker
6	accident that occurred in Akron, Ohio last month.
7	And to begin with, my condolences to you and
8	the entire Execuflight family. My role here is to
9	learn what I can about the accident so I can assist in
10	the investigation. And hopefully prevent this from
11	reoccurring.
12	As part of our process we invite parties to
13	participate in the investigation, to provide us
14	technical expertise. For this group we have the NTSB,
15	Execuflight, Textron, and the FAA. Go around the room
16	now and ask everyone to introduce themselves, and
17	provide their affiliation.
18	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Hi, good afternoon.
19	I'm Sean Etcher with the NTSB.
20	MR. JAHR: Christopher Jahr, with the Wicker
21	Smith law firm.
22	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Donnie Shackleford,
23	Hawker, for the 700, Captain for Execuflight.
24	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Augusto Daniel Lewkowicz,
25	CEO of Execuflight.

1 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. And 2 hopefully momentarily, the FAA representative John Drago, will be coming in. As I've mentioned, John's 3 4 role and FAA is no different than anybody else involved with the investigation. They are just here to assist 5 the investigation, have no certificate action or 6 7 authority. They're just technical expertise for this group, John will be. So when he comes on, I'll have 8 him introduced. 9 10 As I know you've already been advised, 11 you're welcome to have one representative of your 12 choice. Is Chris, who you wish to attend? MR. LEWKOWICZ: That is who I wish to 13 14 attend. 15 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. As part of the process, I'll record the interview. And we'll have 16 a transcription made, which will eventually become part 17 of the factual report. Audio will not be part of the 18 public docket. Do you have any questions? 19 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 2.0 No. 21 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: One thing I do want 22 to say, we're going to be just taking some general So I'm going to be typing and eyes down. 23 apologize if I don't make eye contact with you. If you 24

don't understand the question, please ask me to repeat

1	it. And more importantly, just focus on the question
2	and concentrate your answer just on the question. If I
3	need follow-up I'll be happy to ask for follow-up
4	questions. Okay?
5	Let me start with the very beginning. Danny
6	if I can get your full name and age?
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Augusto, and you know how to
8	spell that?
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Daniel Lewkowicz. And do
11	you know how to spell that?
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Okay.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great, and your age?
15	MR. LEWKOWICZ: 53.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And what's
17	your current title with the company?
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: CEO.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. And what
20	are your roles and responsibilities in general as CEO?
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Pretty much overlook
22	everything.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, great. You're
24	a pilot, correct?
25	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And what are your
2	certificates and ratings?
3	MR. LEWKOWICZ: U.S. certificates would
4	include Westwind, Hawker, Gulfstream III, IV, V SIC.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Citation, and Helicopters.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. ATP?
8	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. And Medical?
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Class 1.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Class 1,
12	limitations?
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: None.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And currently, what
15	aircraft do you fly for your company, right now?
16	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Currently, I'm not on the
17	certificate as an active pilot for the company. I only
18	do Part 91 flights.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And what Part
20	91 flights would aircraft be?
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Hawker, Gulfstream III,
22	Gulfstream IV.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How often do you get
24	a chance to go out and fly?
25	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Quite a bit.
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1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Just an estimation
2	Danny, of your flying time, total flying time estimate?
3	MR. LEWKOWICZ: 15,000.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And how much of that
5	would have been in the Hawker, you estimate?
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: 1500.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: PIC? SIC?
8	MR. LEWKOWICZ: PIC.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All in PIC in the
10	Hawker?
11	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Primarily.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. And this
13	one, if you can just kind of give me a brief,
14	condensed, footnotes, version of your background. What
15	led you up to this company?
16	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Initially it was managing
17	airplanes for different people on their Part 91. And
18	in 2008 when a lot of these people couldn't afford the
19	airplanes because of the drop in the economy, they
20	needed those airplanes to go to work.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
22	MR. LEWKOWICZ: So that's when I bought
23	Execuflight, which was dormant sort of certificate. In
24	other words it was a certificate, but it didn't have
25	any airplanes on it.
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1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
2	MR. LEWKOWICZ: So we put some airplanes in
3	there, and put a management team. And then I was able
4	to satisfy those aircraft owners with their expenses.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: When was this?
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: 2008.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Would you do all
8	civilian flying? Did you do some flying down south?
9	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I did airline flying in
10	South America.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, tell me about
12	that.
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I started in the BAe 146 as
14	a line Captain. So I trained for that at Reflectone
15	Training Seminar in Washington.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
17	MR. LEWKOWICZ: And then we moved into the
18	727s, specifically ex-American Airlines 727s.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. What was the
20	company you were flying the box for?
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: The same one as the 727s,
22	AeroSur.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Aer
24	MR. LEWKOWICZ: A-E-R-O-S-U-R.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. If you were

to explain Execuflight, and tell me about the company 1 in general, how would you just explain the company? 2 Its operations, its philosophy, and what it does? 3 4 MR. LEWKOWICZ: It's a 135 operation that can do the charters as most 135 operations do here. 5 Ι am comfortable in South America so we can target some 6 7 of the flights down to South America quite easily because of my vast experience in South America. And 8 also my experience with handling, and this kind of 9 stuff. 10 11 I was AMC Station Manager for Bolivia, dispatching military aircraft for the United States. 12 And I have a lot of background in South America, every 13 14 country, so that is a comfortable zone for us. it may not be for a lot of people. 15 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okav. 16 MR. LEWKOWICZ: And the rest is you know, 17 18 charter is charter. We're primarily working with brokers that are contracting us. 19 And we're not, I think the charter business per se is obtained by these 2.0 21 charter brokers that do their due diligence. And if 22 they find us to be suitable, they contract us. 23 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How many employees Estimate. 24 do you have? 25 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Twenty, 20, 25 on payroll.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Of those, how many
2	are pilots?
3	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I would say 11, 12.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: They employees, or
5	that include contract pilots?
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: That includes contract
7	pilots as well.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How many of those do
9	you think you have?
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: A contract?
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
12	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Probably six.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And tell me
14	about your fleet of aircraft.
15	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Part 135?
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, on Part 135.
17	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Well now, one Hawker 700,
18	one Hawker 800, one Westwind, two Gulfstream IIIs.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And on the 91 side?
20	I know some of those do both, but.
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, some of the airplanes
22	that I just mentioned could do Part 91, but strictly
23	Part 91, two G4s. Additionally, right? Two G4s.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right.
25	MR. LEWKOWICZ: A Hawker 850, another G3. I
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1	think that's it.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Do you
3	currently have a Director of Operations?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Currently, no.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. And who
6	was the previous Director of Operations?
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Robert Adamo.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And when did
9	he leave?
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: The first of October.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: In the process of
12	replacing?
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I submitted myself as
14	Director of Operations to NA-THIZ-DA (phonetic), and
15	sent all my qualifications, of which I qualify in all
16	aspects.
17	My POI would prefer me not to be the
18	Director of Operations, for his own reason. So that's
19	the primary reason there isn't one named. Otherwise it
20	would be me, and I would have no problem with that.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	MR. LEWKOWICZ: That request was sent in
23	sometime in the beginning of October or before for me
24	being the Director of Ops.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. Have they made

1 a decision? I know you said that he preferred not, did 2 he say no? Or was it just --I felt that he was 3 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 4 uncomfortable with me. And I'm trying to make him comfortable by putting someone out there that would 5 suit the job. We actually did name somebody, but then 6 7 we realized that we couldn't use them because he didn't have an ATP. 8 And even though that gentleman was a 9 Director of Ops in the past, it was for certificates 10 11 that did not need to have ATP. So he was getting an ATP, is getting an ATP. And he was one source that we 12 thought we could work with. 13 14 But I was, you know I wanted to be. So, and I believe I'm well qualified to be. 15 to be. And I have no guidance, I've not read any guidance that 16 suggests that I could not be. 17 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Of course we're 18 going to be talking to the POI too at some point in 19 time. Does your company have a Director of Safety? 2.0 21 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Director of Safety, Rich 22 Rivudo was acting as Director of Safety. I'm not sure if he had that exact title to be honest with you. 23 I'm, that's as much as I want to comment on it. 24 25 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, great.

1 owner, I know, you know, you have a lot of responsibility but can you kind of talk to me about the 2 safety culture at your airline. 3 What is the 4 philosophy? What is your philosophy about safety at Execuflight? 5 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No negotiations on anything 6 7 that would, at any one way or another be a safety compromise. Period. 8 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How do you get that 9 word out to your employees? 10 11 MR. LEWKOWICZ: They know that I will not take a chance on anything like weather, or a mechanical 12 That's non-negotiable. Our company of some sort. 13 14 isn't exaggeratingly big, so we kind of know each 15 And at one point or another, they may have other. heard me you know talking about something related to 16 And they know my position on that. 17 safetv. 18 There's a lot of advantages and disadvantage in big companies versus small companies. 19 companies I guess one of the -- there's a lot of 2.0 21 disadvantages, but one of the advantages is that we know each other. 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Just to be clear, is 23 that philosophy of no negotiations, no compromise of 24 25 safety written any place, or?

1 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, I don't think it's. Ι 2 know what you're getting at. But I don't have that 3 written specifically. There is like --4 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Sir, I need to clarify Are you asking for a mission statement 5 the question. of the company or what? He just can't --6 7 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Being he was talking about a philosophy, this is our philosophy when I --8 his answer was no negotiations, no compromise of 9 safety, paraphrasing. And that philosophy that I asked 10 11 about, I was wondering if it is institutionalized in 12 writing some place? If it's a mission statement, so be 13 it. 14 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. MR. LEWKOWICZ: We don't, there isn't 15 No. that mission statement per se. Like for instance, 16 stickers on the cockpit. You know stating, like I've 17 And I have led, sign in cockpit as an example. 18 seen. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 19 Right. MR. LEWKOWICZ: And with stickers for 20 21 reminders, okay. I don't have you know stickers 22 somewhere saying no compromise on safety. But you know it's, I think that's what you're referring to. 23 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 24 Right. 25 John Drago, did you come on the phone?

1 MR. DRAGO: I did, this is me, David. Thank 2 you. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 3 We got started a 4 little bit early, John. If you just want to introduce 5 yourself to Danny. MR. DRAGO: Okay. Good afternoon Dan. 6 7 is John Drago, we've spoken before. As you know I'm an inspector with the FAA located in Cleveland. 8 role here is to simply assist the NTSB operations group 9 in the furthering of this investigation. 10 And I will not be using any of the information provided here today 11 for any other reason than just to support the NTSB. 12 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 13 Got it. 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. Thanks, John. 15 Okay. And staying with the safety side, do your 16 employees have some means of reporting safety issues? 17 18 Either a de-identified type of reporting system, or open door policy, or anything that's --19 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Open door policy, yes. 2.0 21 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. 22 explain that? MR. LEWKOWICZ: If there's anything that 23 will compromise safety, it will ultimately also 24 25 compromise our reliability, and our dispatching of a

1 flight. So rather than waiting until we are in a 2 position where we cannot resolve a mechanical, or we 3 were not told in time to be proactive on something, 4 they tell us. So we, that's what I encourage. 5 Is if you have anything that we need to know about, tell us as 6 7 Because we don't want to hurt anybody soon as we can. by not being able to give them a good head's up. 8 So it is always encouraged for them to give 9 10 information as soon as anything is known so we can act 11 immediately, give head's up to the brokers so they can 12 start preparing their necessary contingencies. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. 13 14 MR. LEWKOWICZ: That's what I mean. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. 15 And how is that communicated to your employees? 16 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Again, verbally that would 17 be the one answer. 18 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And I think part of 19 my question also referred to de-identified reports. 20 21 you have anything like that? 22 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No. Write-ups are writeups, and those are written up in logs as they should 23 be, and they're attended. And if they can't resolve 24 25 something because it's not an MEL item, then that's a

1	mechanical. So that if it can be resolved through the
2	options that we may have such as MELs, then it gets
3	resolved that way. And then it gets attended to.
4	Some things are resolvable, others aren't.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Who has operation
6	control of the flights on the 135 side?
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: The Director of Ops, the
8	chief pilot, myself.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Are the captains at
10	Execuflight, given the authority to refuse a flight?
11	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How?
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Well they'd know that ever
14	since they became a pilot, without that's basic. So
15	if they don't know that then we're in trouble right off
16	the bat.
17	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Yes, what do you tell
18	them on Execuflight? How Execuflight
19	MR. LEWKOWICZ: If the pilot is not
20	comfortable with the flight, for whatever reason, he
21	can identify the MEL that would allow him to do this.
22	And that's it. There's no questions asked, period.
23	Even if it would be something that could be
24	covered. If they're uncomfortable, they're
25	uncomfortable, that's it.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about the
2	judgment call ones that aren't like MEL that allow, you
3	know based on that, but say weather? It may be legal,
4	but it may be uncomfortable? Are they allowed to
5	refuse a flight based on that?
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Absolutely, or divert.
7	They're encouraged to.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. I think you
9	had a lot of interaction with the FAA. You've told me
10	a little bit about some of it. Have you ever seen the
11	FAA come out and just ride the jump seats on some of
12	the flights or, do an observation?
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Part 121, that's a common
14	thing. Part 135, I've never heard of it.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And I'm talking
16	about line observation that isn't a
17	MR. LEWKOWICZ: A 299.
18	(Simultaneous speaking)
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: A trainee, yes.
20	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Right a 299.
21	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Just going out and
22	observing, en route inspection?
23	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I have never heard of this.
24	I don't know if this ever happens to any operator crew
25	for that matter.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about out on
2	the training? Do you go, I know you've been through
3	the training out in CAE in Dallas, correct?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Do you ever go out
6	there and just do observation of the trainee?
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I have.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you
9	remember the last time you did that?
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Probably about three years
11	ago.
12	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Which one was it, do
13	you Gulfstream or Hawker?
14	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I think it was a Gulfstream.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Have you ever
16	seen or heard the FAA go out themselves to the training
17	and kind of observe the training done at CAE?
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: For Execuflight? I
20	know they have to do that as part of a 142.
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I think so. I think I
22	remember hearing an instructor that was being checked
23	out. So it wasn't, they weren't, they were checking
24	out the instructor and it just so happens that they
25	were instructing us, so coincidently.
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1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Does Execuflight
2	have like a formalized audit program of the training
3	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: where you have to
5	send somebody out there?
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Who's responsible
8	for that?
9	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Well the Director of Ops.
10	He can designate it to a line captain as well. Could
11	have designated it to Donny here, or the G pilot, or
12	me.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. And we talked
14	a little bit about your interaction with the POI. How
15	often do you see the POI?
16	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Well for sure, on all of my
17	299, or 293 orals have been with the POI, for most of
18	the years that we've been doing this.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
20	MR. LEWKOWICZ: But he knows who I am. And
21	I see him quite often.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How often do you
23	communicate?
24	MR. LEWKOWICZ: At least once a month.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me talk a
I	1

1 little bit about the crew. You knew both the crew 2 members, correct? 3 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes. 4 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me talk about the captain first. Did you hire the captain? 5 MR. LEWKOWICZ: T did. 6 7 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Tell me about that process. Where did he come from, and how were you 8 made aware of him? 9 In this particular case, he 10 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 11 was a resume that had come in. And I interviewed him 12 in my office. I looked at his credentials, his background. He had experience in the Hawker. 13 14 looking for Hawker crews. He spoke Spanish and Because of what I earlier told you concerning 15 English. South America, this was also important to me. 16 most important thing, but it's a plus in our operation. 17 He was employed at the time, flying a 18 He was not happy apparently, they --19 2.0 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Unhappy with? MR. LEWKOWICZ: With his current employer. 21 22 He was, I'm -- he gave me some stories concerning how the co-captain or copilot, I can't remember, was not 23 really up to the task. And it was being pushed on him. 24 25 So that was part of his discontent and why he was

interested in the job.

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INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: So they seemed like sort of valid reasons to me. And I subsequently told him that I'd like to fly with him to see what kind of background he had. So we did a couple of Part 91 flights, where I interviewed him that way. I think a total of maybe three or four flights.

And when I felt comfortable, that he was indeed you know, a qualified pilot, his background and airlines also made me comfortable because it was I think Avianca. So we decided to make the investment of hiring him, and retraining him based on our training methods, which we did.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. I know you gave me the more current PRIA forms. But just for the record, you did a PRIA background check on him?

MR. LEWKOWICZ: Of course, yes.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What did you learn from the PRIA background?

MR. LEWKOWICZ: Right off the bat, that he had an administrative type thing. And it was based on communications apparently, where he was asked to take some sort of communication course. I saw it. It came out, I called him in. He sent it to me. He sent me

1 the items concerning it. I looked at them. And again, because English is his second 2 language, it was something that I could see how this 3 You know, where if he didn't understand 4 can happen. some sort of instructions and did something for the 5 purpose of not understanding. 6 7 And then it was, you know, it was corrected by whatever it was recommended that he would do, which 8 I think was to take some sort of small course or 9 10 something like that. And that was it. It was not a 11 violation. It was not some sort of sanction that concerned me to the point where I should not hire him. 12 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And just to be clear 13 14 here. You did had mentioned, you were talking about it, you said administrative thing, it was a 15 communication issues, FAA enforcement, right? 16 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 17 Correct. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, so --18 Well I don't know if you can 19 MR. LEWKOWICZ: conclude that. You'd have to check, but I don't think 2.0 it's called an enforcement issue. 21 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right, okay. MR. LEWKOWICZ: An administrative issue. 23 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Fair enough. But it 24 25 was, my point is, it was an FAA?

1	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, it was FAA. Yes.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Did at any
3	point in time, from you company, did anybody call his
4	previous employer to get any type of information? Or
5	did you solely rely on the PRIA?
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: We relied on the PRIA. We
7	relied on our interview with him. I had talked to
8	other pilots that knew of him. He recommended me some
9	pilots within the field, and they spoke well of him.
10	I happened to know one of the companies that
11	he worked for in Columbia, called Central Charter, of
12	which I know them well. And Rosie (phonetic), who
13	works there told me that he did work there and he was a
14	good pilot.
15	So I did not, he didn't have any previous
16	135 or 121 experience in the United States, so it's
17	going to be sort of limited how much information I was
18	going to be able to get from that avenue.
19	
	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And to the
20	
	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And to the
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And to the best of your experience, he voluntarily left his
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And to the best of your experience, he voluntarily left his previous
20 21 22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And to the best of your experience, he voluntarily left his previous MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
20 21 22 23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And to the best of your experience, he voluntarily left his previous MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: company?

1 All right. Let me talk a little bit about 2 Renato. Did you hire Renato? I did. 3 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 4 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Tell me about that. MR. LEWKOWICZ: He was recommended as well 5 by a pilot that is known to me. That I respect. 6 7 he told me that he was a Hawker pilot, and he was. worked for a charter company here in this country, at 8 I brought him in. 9 one that I knew. I interviewed him. 10 We were hiring him as an SIC, not as a PIC. Although 11 he was PIC qualified. 12 He had a type rating, he obtained that type rating at least two years prior to even coming to me, 13 14 maybe more. He had time in the aircraft which good for me to be able to hire somebody that is not completely 15 16 unfamiliar with the aircraft. And he was being hired as an SIC, so. 17 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: For the Hawker? 18 MR. LEWKOWICZ: For the Hawker. 19 2.0 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. 21 MR. LEWKOWICZ: But he was well qualified 22 and this I knew. With him, as with a captain, I also flew with him, Part 91. As a matter-of-fact when I 23 took my son to the naval academy and he was -- in fact 24 25 it was my whole family. And he was my copilot.

1 thought he did a good job. 2 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Any issues on his background check as far as, I know you ran a PRIA on 3 him as well. 4 MR. LEWKOWICZ: I don't, I'm not too 5 familiar because the PRIA generally comes in and it's 6 7 given to, the G pilot is one that gets it. He's the one that requests it. He does all the due diligence in 8 that respect. And you know I am not, I was not 9 familiar with anything that, there were like alarms 10 11 that I needed him to come and talk to me. But I didn't again, really home in on him as 12 I was hiring him as a second in command. And I didn't 13 14 get in deep into his file. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And you said 15 16 you flew with him. 17 MR. LEWKOWICZ: T did. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And you kind of 18 eluded a little bit, he did a good job. Can you kind 19 of expand? His pilot skills based on your experience 20 21 and your observation? He was, with him I flew in 22 MR. LEWKOWICZ: the Hawker 700, the one that we still have. And it 23 was, it had weather through satellite drop. Plus it 24 25 had you know an FMS. And he, you know I remember that

we had to cross a line. And I had a chance of crossing it at altitude, before we got into the Washington area coming behind it. Or get lower and then having to go through it the other way.

And I remember we talked about those options, and we decided to go this way, you know to the west, and then parallel. And you know, we'd talked about the weather quite a bit as a matter-of-fact on that flight. And he was, you know he was good. He was quick with having everything ready. He was good support as an SIC to a captain.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: I didn't fly with him you know that much. Let me see, I'm trying to think if it was more than that one flight. I remember that flight. And I think he was very happy. Actually there may have been another flight but I can't really remember.

The comments that I had gotten from my other captains have always been extremely positive about him. So I respected that. And I had no reason to doubt him.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I know you had limited flight time with him. But did he appear to be a SIC that would not have any issues speaking up to a captain --

(Simultaneous speaking)

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1 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Absolutely not. 2 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- and pointing out 3 4 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No. Speaking up to me, I remember, this is a common thing. 5 If you even scheduled him to something that would appear that would 6 7 be playing with possible duty time limitations or flight time limitations, he would speak out right off 8 the bat. 9 He said that you know, he may have had this 10 11 kind of thing in his previous work. And when I interviewed him, he said I just will not bust any rules 12 I want you to know that right off the or regulations. 13 14 He was clear about that right off the bat. 15 So a person that's looking for a job, unemployed, and he comes and tells me that right off 16 the bat. I respected that. 17 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And then your brief 18 time flying with Oscar as well, tell me about his 19 piloting skills. From what you could observe, his 2.0 command skills. 21 I'm going to give you 22 MR. LEWKOWICZ: something that is going to, that is pertinent. 23 the four days prior to this accident, I was departing 24 25 on a Part 91 flight with our Hawker 850. He wanted to

come over. And he came over. I wasn't sure why.

He came for two reasons. One, he wanted to see that Hawker 850. Second, he was concerned about where he was going, which he was going to Atlanta. And at the time the weather was below minimums for an ILS approach because of fog.

He was going to PDK and he was concerned about that being a short runway and of course weather being that you are going to have to do a full ILS, which means that you're going to use a good part of that runway. So I told him okay, so you go to Atlanta ATL, they got big runways there.

Yes, but he said, is that okay? And I said that's beyond okay. If you think that you're going to have to divert to Atlanta, you may want to give a head's up to brokers that sold the trip. And let them know, so they can tell their people. And that's it. And if they don't like it, you don't go there. You don't go to PDK. Oh, okay, perfect. End of story.

That was four days before this particular flight. He knew that that was something that is 100 percent his option. And he should do it. And he in fact I think, called one of the people that, I think Sal and I think you know, shed his concern, concerning the same weather. And I think he told him we may have

1 to go to ATL which would have been perfectly fine and 2 encouraged. So he knew that. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I know it might be 3 4 difficult being the owner and their boss, but did you ever communicate outside the work environment with 5 Oscar or Renato? 6 7 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Outside the work environment? 8 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, socially to get 9 10 the --11 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No. 12 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you, and 13 these are just kind of standard questions. Did you 14 hear either from them or from other pilots, concerns about maybe Oscar or Renato having issues at home? 15 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 16 No. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Family issues? 17 MR. LEWKOWICZ: I don't believe so. 18 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Financial issues? 19 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 2.0 No. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I think it's kind of 21 22 a standard question. Since you flew with both of them, did you ever observe either pilot operate an aircraft 23 contrary to either company policy, or regulations? 24 25 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No.

1 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Let me talk a little 2 bit about the Hawker since you are a Hawker pilot. 3 Well first off, I want to just quickly ask 4 about dispatcher, sales people. Because we hear the term dispatcher and just explain what their role is. 5 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Sale and follow-up sale with 6 7 Assist the pilots with hotel rooms. the brokers. Assist the pilots with fuel releases in some airports. 8 Determining which airport has the better deals on fuel. 9 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 10 Yes. 11 MR. LEWKOWICZ: That's it primarily, I mean 12 that's what it comes down to. They do not get involved with anything technical in the flight. They have no --13 14 they, over time they figured it out, you know by trial What they shouldn't even quote. And what 15 and error. they shouldn't even, you know ask us first, as to if 16 it's okay to quote. So they know those things. 17 At this point, you know at this stage of the 18 game, they know what a short runway is and they know 19 what altitude means, so they when they have to come to 2.0 21 us to determine whether or not they can even quote 22 something. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How many of those 23 24 quys you have? 25 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Two.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Two, all right. And
2	then in general on a charter, who files the flight
3	plans?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: The pilots.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: How is that done?
б	MR. LEWKOWICZ: They, most of them go to
7	Fltplan.com which is what we use. If they have their
8	own account, they can do it with their account but
9	actually no. They do it with our account. And it's an
10	account that I've had forever. And all the airplanes
11	are setup there. We can do APIS with that, we can do
12	all kinds of things.
13	And so they go in there and set it up. They
14	file it, they amend it if they have to.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And that's where
16	they would file an alternate, if it was a part as well?
17	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, that's where they would
18	just drop down to the alternate. It's easy. Have you
19	ever seen that?
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. I have.
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: It's very easy.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: It is. I agree.
23	There's also a, there's a little weather
24	icon on that page.
25	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
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1 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That you can click 2 on. MR. LEWKOWICZ: You can see the weather. 3 4 lot of people look at that to see thunder storm 5 activity. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. 6 7 MR. LEWKOWICZ: You kind of look at the, you know pilots get scared with big old thunder storms and 8 9 stuff like that. Maybe they don't pay too much attention to the low visibilities and stuff like that. 10 11 That's not that easily in your face as red, which is thunderstorms. 12 I don't know what there was that particular 13 14 I think it was low weather, I don't think it was 15 convective. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Well is the 16 Fltplan.com weather function, is that an approved 17 18 method of getting weather briefing? MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, for us. 19 If you 20 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. 21 wanted, or the chief pilot wanted to know if the pilot actually did that, got the weather briefing. 22 a means to determine that he actually received the 23 weather? 24 25 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Is there a means? No, I

1	don't think there is a means. But I, with the
2	experience with both of those pilots, they would print
3	I remember when I flew the one time with Renato, and
4	actually with Oscar as well, they had so much
5	paperwork. They printed everything. They printed
6	books and books of weather.
7	So it would be hard for me to imagine that
8	they would not just have not looked at the weather, but
9	printed a whole bunch of it.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I guess what I'm
11	also kind of also getting at is the trip package that's
12	created for them.
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: That they create.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That they create.
15	It contains weight/balance information correct?
16	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, they do weight/balance.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And it will
18	have the schedule for the flight?
19	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. But it
21	doesn't, does it include
22	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Weather?
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Weather?
24	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No.
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
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MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, that's up to them to That's a technical thing. We're not, it includes the names of the passengers, things that we have do Like they don't have to do a no-flight We have to do that for them. checklist. That's TSA type rules. But weather and the stuff of -- because we don't have a dispatch team as in the airlines then it's up to them. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: I'm sorry. For the record I need to clarify the last question. You said the trip package that they create, were you referring to sales people as they? Or the pilots as they? INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, the testimony we've got so far is that the sales people create a trip package for the pilots. MR. LEWKOWICZ: Right. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And we have also heard that it includes various things, including weather, weight/balance, and things of that. I iust want to get a clarification that the weather is not part of the trip package? MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, weather is not part of the trip package. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And we're talking

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1 about at the time of the accident? The policies that 2 were in place at the time of the accident? 3 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Obviously, yes. 4 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, weather is not part of 5 the trip package that we send to them saying this is 6 7 This is something that they have to look, the weather. as pilots because they are dispatching themselves. 8 Ultimately, when they close that door, they've done all 9 their due diligence from a pilot's stand point. 10 11 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great, well you just led right, beautifully sequed right into my next 12 question about flight following. How do you guys do 13 14 the flight following on these flights? 15 MR. LEWKOWICZ: The pilots are accustomed to sending us text messages when they close the doors and 16 when they open the doors. That's something that was 17 implemented by our Director of Operations, and we all 18 And they did it. 19 do it. And that doesn't mean, there's other ways 20 21 that we can do it, which is by following FlightAware, 22 like many people do. And we have live tracking through 23 Fltplan.com as well. But we don't necessarily like to go by that. 24 25 We want them to tell us that the door's closed.

1 Because they can add something there that may be of use Like if there's any kind of issues. 2 to us. again, so we can have a head's up. 3 And so that particular, I remember, I get 4 the text messages too. And that particular set of text 5 messages were like door's open, door's closed, door's 6 7 open, door's closed all the way down. Up until the last door's closed from the city that they left. 8 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 9 Right. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And who's on those 10 11 texts, yourself obviously? MR. LEWKOWICZ: I'm in there, and is Rich 12 Rivudo, the chief pilot is in there. Both Sal and Nick 13 14 are in there. They get it for the purpose of again, relaying to the brokers who are probably also flight 15 16 following. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. I told you I 17 was going to get to the Hawker here in a second, so let 18 me talk and ask you some questions about the Hawker. 19 Just in general, you've got a lot of type ratings. 20 21 you've got a lot of time. How is the Hawker to fly? 22 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Very docile. Very easy to fly if you compare it to a Westwind, as an example, 23 okay. If you compare it to a Citation it's not as 24 25 But it's you know, it's not a Citation. easy.

1 it's not a Leer 60 or -- it's a very docile airplane. 2 I mean they made it extremely docile. 3 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Can you comment at all about the list B characteristics? 4 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, I can. It is an 5 airplane that if you put the amount of -- this airplane 6 7 was designed to not have thrust reversers. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 8 Yes. So you could go pretty slow 9 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 10 in this airplane because of the amount of drag that you 11 can throw into it. And the amount of drag specifically 12 I'm talking about, 45 degrees with the flaps, okay? once you get into 45 degrees with the flaps on this 13 14 airplane, you've got a lot of drag. 15 And the 700, even the 800s, the wings became bigger on those but it's still kind of like a fat wing. 16 And you, once you put this full flaps, you have to be 17 continuously on that 700 feet a minute descent to be at 18 the same power level that you would always want to be. 19 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 2.0 Yes. 21 MR. LEWKOWICZ: If you're full flaps and 22 trying to fly straight and level, you're going to need 23 a lot of power. One of the things that they did is they put the lift-dumps. So that actually gives you 24

like I think 60 degrees worth of flaps, sort of.

1 MR. SHACKLEFORD: Actually I think, it's 2 more than that. So now, this 3 MR. LEWKOWICZ: So 70, yes. 4 thing really stops, you know. Of course you can't even 5 do that lift-dump in the air. But if, you wouldn't even, you wouldn't ever want to do something like that. 6 7 But 45 degrees, you're going to lose speed relatively quick in this airplane if you're doing anything level. 8 That's what I can tell you. 9 Okay? 10 And I had the opportunity to fly the Hawker 11 850, two, three days afterwards. And I you know I remember putting the 45 degrees. 12 I was doing a visual approach and I could see that, you know, how that 13 14 airspeed, even in an 850, so --15 MALE PARTICIPANT: See the airspeed what? MR. LEWKOWICZ: So if you are not 16 Decrease. inside that cockpit, that speed will you know, and 17 18 you've got the throttles where you have the throttles 99 percent of the time in any kind of approach, that 19 speed is going to go away awful guick. 2.0 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Let me ask you about 21 22 the non-precision procedures for the Hawker. When are 23 you putting 45 out? 24 MR. LEWKOWICZ: When you can, when you have 25 the runway in sight.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: When you clearly have the runway in sight, and if it's a -- quite frankly if it's a full approach to minimums, and you see the runway in sight. It's probably encouraged not to even go full flaps. And land with the flaps that you have.

In this case would have been flaps up.

MR. SHACKLEFORD: 20.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: 20, fine and which is not a problem whatsoever. So rather than making a new configuration change so low to the ground.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is there any circumstance, well I shouldn't say, is there any normal circumstance that a pilot would put flaps 45, prior to the final approach fix?

MR. LEWKOWICZ: If they put flaps 45 on a non-precision approach, it's because they saw the runway. And they committed themselves for a landing.

If they did anything else, they did it because, creature of habit. Some of the type of approach that they usually do, which would be an ILS approach. And then under an ILS approach, yes you could go full flaps at the, you know capturing your glide slope. And different story.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, but my question

1	was prior to the final approach fix. I understand when
2	the glide slopes come in three, you go 45 on an ILS
3	until you bring it down. But prior to final approach
4	fix on a level?
5	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I wouldn't see why, I mean
6	that's prior to the final approach fix?
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. Is there
8	(Simultaneous speaking)
9	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Why would anybody put a flap
10	45 on IMC?
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I don't know. What
12	I'm asking, is there a procedure
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No.
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: to do that?
15	MR. LEWKOWICZ: IMC on a localized approach?
16	No. Only when you have the runway in sight.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Is there any policy
18	within the operation of the Hawker that encourages
19	automation, or the autopilot to be used? Particularly
20	for these type of non-precision approaches?
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: The answer is, I mean I
22	would encourage people to use the autopilot, you would
23	think. But they're using the autopilot when they're
24	doing any kind of approach that is to weather minimums.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Dan, the question is
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1 if the company has, does Execuflight have a policy that the pilots are either required or encouraged to use 2 autopilot when flying mission and approaches, for --3 4 MR. LEWKOWICZ: We're non-specifically, a 5 non --(Simultaneous speaking) 6 7 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: (Inaudible) that's the question. It's not whether you would recommend it, 8 it's whether Execuflight has a policy? 9 10 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No there is no policy per 11 But again, I don't know who would be doing it any 12 other way, just on common sense. 13 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: MR. LEWKOWICZ: I am familiar with monitored 14 And I would encourage monitored 15 approaches. I've flown with pilots and we've 16 approaches. demonstrated monitored approaches, okay. 17 And in this particular case as you well 18 know, the pilot that sees the runway is the pilot that 19 lands the runway once he says, runway in sight. And 2.0 21 then the other guy gives up the airplane, who was constantly in the cockpit looking and making sure that 22 nothing he wasn't looking at, at all. So I've shown 23 I had not shown monitored approaches to either 24 this. 25 one of these people, because I've not flown with them

1	on the line on 135.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, so that's a
3	technique. There's not a policy or procedure
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: defined in
6	Execuflight manuals for monitored approaches?
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Correct.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And to be clear CAE
9	doesn't train. Correct?
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: That's correct.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And then I wanted to
12	touch on the practice, and I'm not sure if it's a
13	policy or not, tell me if it is or not, but the
14	practice of the captains flying primarily all the legs
15	that have passengers on them. And the first officers
16	being, typically flying the empty legs, or
17	repositioning legs, or ferry flights?
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I don't think that's a
19	practice. I think that's on a case-by-case basis. The
20	pilots, if they feel that the copilot is doing a good
21	job then they will be given that leg. If they feel
22	that they're low time and they're still not there, then
23	they won't.
24	This is not an airline sort of policy, that
25	you know 50-50. That's not how it works in this

particular case because many of the pilots that come with us could be of lower time than the typical pilots that enter into an airline that have, you know much more time, much more experience possibly. So we have to govern that accordingly. And if it is a pilot that's got a type rating and he's already experienced and the captain feels comfortable with him, he'll give him the leg even with passengers. As a matter-of-fact in this case, I would suspect that the copilot would have probably be given a leg because of the fact that his experience wasn't But I don't know that for sure. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I just have a few more, how you doing? Do you need a break or anything? MR. LEWKOWICZ: Nope. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You're doing okay? MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes. Yes, let's take five. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, we'll take five. (Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the record for five minutes and resumed.) INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, we're back from a break. And I just want to, I just have a few

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more Danny. Want to ask you a little bit more about the Hawker itself. The differences between the 700 and 800. I know I talked to you about your split in times on those.

I know there's some technological differences between the two, as far as the cockpit instrumentation and all. Can you kind of tell me a little bit about that? Are there any challenges to the pilots transitioning back and forth from those different type of aircraft?

MR. LEWKOWICZ: No. They're relatively an easy back and forth. Whether it's an 800 Collins equipped, or an 800 Honeywell equipped, or a 700, they're relatively the same as far as the key things. Altitude, whether you're looking at it through a glass imagery, because it's not the EVS like you would see in a G4 or a Pro Line 21.

Now Pro Line 21 that would be an entirely different, entirely different matter okay? That they would need training specific for that particular -- even though it's the same type rating, I would challenge that. Okay, because they're really two different airplanes, okay?

But I'm just trying to put the perspective between, the difference between an 800, an 850 with Pro

2.0

1 Line 21, same type rating, okay, and a 700, 800. Now even with those three the flight characteristics 2 concerning the same flaps 45 is going to be about the 3 4 same. In other words, if you're not watching the 5 airspeed, even the 850 with the longer wing, possibly a 6 7 little smoother, it's still going to decay speed in a hurry if you do that, in that respect. 8 9 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. On the 700s, two different 700s, where the pilot sets the decision 10 11 altitude --12 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Okay. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: -- on one is 13 14 different than the other. Correct? They're located in different --15 MR. LEWKOWICZ: You're talking about a radar 16 altimeter. 17 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. 18 Okay, radar altimeter is for 19 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 20 a non-precision approach. It's not even to be considered. 21 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. LEWKOWICZ: That's a reference only 23 The place to put the altitude is right on the 24 25 altimeter, and you've got three pegs on that thing,

1	okay, three little pegs.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: The altimeter?
3	MR. LEWKOWICZ: On the altimeter.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	MR. LEWKOWICZ: And you've got the pegs that
6	say your actual MDA, 500 above it, and 100 you know
7	that little ring that shows, and I know it had it in
8	the 700. Because what you do is you set that on the
9	MDA, the actual MDA. Let's say in this case, what was
10	it 1500 and 40 feet something like that?
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
12	(Off the record comments)
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: So if you put 1540, on the
14	other side it's going to be 500 above it, and right
15	next to it, 100 to it.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
17	MR. LEWKOWICZ: That's where you set it
18	right there as far as that's concerned.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Why is the 500 and
20	100 above the set?
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Callouts.
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, tell me about
23	those callouts.
24	MR. LEWKOWICZ: A thousand to minimums, 1000
25	above field elevation, 1000 to minimums. You, that's
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two different calls. Five hundred to minimums, 100 to 1 2 minimums, you would want to hear that. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: 3 Yes. Is there a 4 500, four, three, two --MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, no, not five, four, 5 three, two, one, no. Five hundred, 100 to minimums, 6 7 minimums, runway in sight, or go around. One of the 8 two. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. 9 You mentioned a 1000 feet field elevation callout. 10 11 MR. LEWKOWICZ: A 1000 feet field elevation, that's you know so if the field elevation in that case 12 was 1100, at 2100 I would you know, I would like to 13 14 hear 1000 feet to field elevation. 15 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, you'd like to hear that, but is that a standard callout? 16 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, it's you know, I mean a 17 lot of this may come from my airline background. 18 which I you know if they're flying with me they're 19 going to hear stuff like that. You know and if they 2.0 21 mimic it, great. Is it a, you know, are we an airline, 22 no. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So you'd like 23 to hear the 1000 foot field elevation, but it's not 24 25 something that's required in the manuals?

1 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No. 2 MALE PARTICIPANT: Why do you want to hear it at 1000 feet? 3 4 MR. LEWKOWICZ: To see if they're paying 5 attention. I mean, that's all. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you have a 6 7 stable approach criteria at this operation? MR. LEWKOWICZ: Each aircraft has its own 8 standard operating procedures, of which mandates a 9 stable approach. And the Hawker has it. 10 11 Gulfstream has it. And stable approach means just 12 If the approach is not stable, it is encouraged that. to avoid it and you know, go around. 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What's stable for the Hawker? 15 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Less than a 1000 -- and 16 probably for any airplane, less than a 1000 feet per, 17 18 you know 1000 feet per minute descent rate as far as the vertical deflections, you know on the localizer. 19 So if you have a full deflection, or deflection and 2.0 21 it's continuing to go. Maybe significant as of a 22 tremendous strong cross wind or something like that, 23 that's it, you're done. If you're in excess of a 1000 feet a minute, 24 25 anything under 1000 feet AGL, which would be one of the

reasons you would call a 1000 feet to field elevation, because this is where this comes into play. You are at that point, you know, if anyone's saying you know anything higher than a descent rate than 1000 feet, then it should be an abort. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about configuration or anything like that? Well the configuration, you MR. LEWKOWICZ: put it on that configuration. I mean you should only, the configuration should be the configuration based on your position of the flight. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Danny, sorry to I think the question is whether the company has a listing in the SOP for the configuration of the airplane during stabilized approach? INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: The actual question initially and I'm trying to clarify, but was do you have stable approach criteria defined in your SOP? MR. LEWKOWICZ: As a company, as a whole company no matter what you fly? Or for the specific airplane through the SOP of that specific aircraft? INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Let's start globally first and then we'll go down to the Hawker. MR. LEWKOWICZ: Okav. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Globally, do you

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1 have a stable approach criteria? 2 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No. Its stable approach would only be specific to the aircraft based on the 3 4 criteria of the airplane that you're flying. 5 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Danny, you're not expected to be an encyclopedia of knowledge on what's 6 7 in your manuals. Right. 8 MR. LEWKOWICZ: So if you don't know 9 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: or if you want to reference the manual, just tell them 10 11 you want to reference the manual. Yes, and that's probably a -12 MR. LEWKOWICZ: That's, I would have to - thanks for reminding me. 13 14 look to see if there's anything specific to that you But once again, is it a company policy 15 know in our OM. like your previous question? You know, motto, stable 16 approach is don't fly when you're tired. 17 18 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. Yes, I don't --19 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 20 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Yes, I'll 21 give you that. It's, exactly. Don't expect you to 22 know all the manuals because you're not flying all the But was asking about the global and I think 23 aircraft. 24 you answered that.

But now let me ask about the Hawker

1	specific, right. And that is something that you fly
2	PIC on, correct?
3	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. The Hawker,
5	does the Hawker have stable approach criteria, specific
6	to that Hawker 700?
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
8	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, what is that?
9	MR. LEWKOWICZ: A thousand feet. What I
10	described earlier.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
12	MR. LEWKOWICZ: A thousand feet a minute.
13	Beyond the 1000 feet a minute would be an unstable
14	approach inside you know, below a 1000 feet AGL.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And then my
16	follow-up question was does that approach criteria
17	include anything about configuration for the Hawker?
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I don't know.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. What about
20	airspeed?
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: The airspeed is, ref plus 10
22	for the condition of the flight, for the configuration
23	of the flight. So if you're at flaps 45 for whatever
24	reason, your ref speed for flaps 45 say is 124, then
25	you should be flying at less than 134.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes. Anything else
2	that you can remember as far as stable approach
3	criteria for the Hawker?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No.
5	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And then do you know
6	where that is written in the manuals, or the guidance
7	under Execuflight for the Hawker?
8	MR. LEWKOWICZ: In the training manual.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: It's in, okay. Are
10	the pilots provided copies of the training manual, or
11	do they have access to it?
12	MR. LEWKOWICZ: They do.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, how?
14	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Right now, lately we've got
15	sticks. They get it at the training facility. Flash
16	drives.
17	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes.
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: And they have the whole
19	manual right there.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. Is there a
21	revision process that allows them to update if there
22	are changes to those manuals?
23	MR. LEWKOWICZ: When they go, they get a new
24	flash, if there is such a thing. Some pilots actually
25	have it in their iPads, because they've shown them to
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1	me.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: When they go to
3	training? When they go where?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: All the time if it's in
5	their iPad.
6	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: No, I'm sorry. I
7	was talking about the revisions, you said for revisions
8	
9	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Oh when they
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: they get new
11	revisions when they go. Go where?
12	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, training, that's CAE.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. We talked on
14	that, and I think you've been real helpful I think
15	you got all the ones I had for you Danny. Got past the
16	I want to see if Sean has a couple questions for you
17	real quick.
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Okay.
19	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: I just have a few.
20	You've given us a lot of input so thank you. Sorry you
21	have to go through all this.
22	Towards the beginning, you were talking
23	about because you don't have a Director of Ops, you'd
24	put in with the FAA to do that. If that was granted to

you, would you have kept on as the CEO and a Director

1 of OPs or would you have separated the two and done 2 something else with the CEO position? Never gave it any thought. 3 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 4 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. So, I don't know what the 5 MR. LEWKOWICZ: answer would be for that. If they would have said to 6 7 me, resign CEO. Put your wife as CEO or something like that, and then I'll give you the DO. Would I have done 8 Probably. I mean if it would have been a 9 that? condition. 10 11 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Thank you, I 12 just had a question on that. And you also said that you communicate with 13 14 your POI monthly, or every month or something. Is that a regular scheduled communication meeting? 15 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 16 No. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Or is it just on 17 average, it's about once a month? 18 On average, that's about 19 MR. LEWKOWICZ: It could be twice and then it could that 2.0 once a month. 21 I don't talk to him for 60 days. You know, but we do 22 talk. Okay. 23 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Now going on down just a little bit further you had talked about how 24 25 when you get a new FO, you get comments from captains

1 to see how he is as a pilot, how they are doing 2 interacting and all that. When you have a new captain, whether they just upgraded or whatever, do you seek 3 that kind of information from the second in command? 4 Or do you just expect them if there's a problem to come 5 to you? 6 7 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Each have a vote. I mean what a second in command has to say to me is equally as 8 important as what a PIC has to say. So if there's any 9 -- so I would, I would ask you know how everything is 10 11 going and independently, right? And I mean I think that's your question, right? 12 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: It is, you know like 13 14 for instance, Oscar. Did you ask any of his FOs that had flown with him in the past, how he was as a 15 captain? As a pilot? 16 17 MR. LEWKOWICZ: I ask Donny. If Donny was his FO, and he give him -- fly because you know Donny 18 could have been his FO. They're both captains and they 19 I asked Joe who probably acted as his FO, 2.0 could have. possibly you know. You know how was Oscar? You know, 21 22 No one threw any alarms at me about either of 23 these people. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Understood. 24

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE:

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I'm sorry, to

1 clarify your answer, you asked Donny before the accident at some point whether Donny had --2 (Simultaneous speaking) 3 MR. LEWKOWICZ: I can't remember 4 specifically if I did. Have I ever asked you about, 5 him? 6 7 No, I don't think so. MR. SHACKLEFORD: We've discussed things just in general talking. 8 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 9 Right. 10 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So your answer is a 11 hypothetical, you may have asked? MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, I remember asking Joe, 12 because I remember Joe flew with him once on a Part 91 13 flight too. And they actually had a mechanical and we 14 went and fixed it. You know they, one of the windows 15 didn't close right. And we sent a crew from here, and 16 we fixed it, and we sent another airplane to pick up 17 the passengers. So, that's it. 18 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: I'm going to pause the 19 recording a second. 20 21 Okay, we're back on. Okay you also said that just a few days prior to the accident that the 22 first officer had come to you with a weather concern in 23 PDK, I believe you said. And you told him if you have 24 to, divert to Atlanta. Do you remember who he was 25

paired with on that trip?

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MR. LEWKOWICZ: I think, Nabil. Nabil Zitouni I think was his copilot.

INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Oh, and so it was the captain that had come and asked questions about PDK, not the first officer. Is that correct?

MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, the captain came to look at the airplane. Oscar, specifically came to look at the airplane and also to you know, shed his concern about the weather and PDK. That he said it was below minimums.

I says -- and I figured it was because of fog, and we know that fog is going burn out. And I asked him when is your flight? He says in another hour. So, you know I pretty much knew that that's not going to be the case. But I says, but if it is the case, don't go there. Go to Atlanta, Hartsfield and you'll be fine.

And it wasn't even because of him not thinking he can get into that airport based a high ALS provision that that airport did have, but because the runway was short. So he was looking beyond just the weather. He was looking at the weather in combination with the size of the runway.

And he wasn't comfortable with the size of

1	the runway for that particular weather, in that
2	particular airport, which is also a skinnier. It's
3	only I think 90 feet instead of your typical 150. So
4	this told me, that things like this are in his mind.
5	Okay. It told me, he came, he purposely came and
6	talked to me about that. And I told him exactly what
7	to do.
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay, all right.
9	Thanks, that clears it up. I appreciate it.
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: And this wasn't a month
11	before. This wasn't two months before. This was four
12	to five days before.
13	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And I just need
14	a little clarification. I think you said it earlier.
15	You guys use, you do not use radar altimeter for any
16	decision making on an approach? You only use that as a
17	guidance?
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: On a non-precision approach.
19	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: On a non-precision.
20	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Let's clarify that. Non-
21	precision approach, a radar altimeter
22	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: So Danny he's
23	asking, the question is you guys, so he's referring to
24	Execuflight?
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Execuflight, yes. My

apologies.

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INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: He's referring to Execuflight pilot's use of radar altimeter and whether there's -- is your question whether there's a company policy on it or --

INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Correct.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: Radar, I don't know if there's a company policy --

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: During a non-precision approach.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, I don't think there's a company policy, but I mean.

MALE PARTICIPANT: Okay then.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: The answer to that is no. I mean I don't think anyone -- the pressure altitude is what the term is for missed approach point on a non-precision approach, period. Radar altimeter is to reference only.

INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay, and the last question. When your crews are doing a flight, whether it's 30 minutes long, or 3 hours long, are there approach charts in the aircraft that if while en route there's an emergency and they have to divert, that they can do divert to someplace with below, you know with low minimums? Do they have those charts available to

1	them?
2	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes they do.
3	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: How?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: They have it in their iPads.
5	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: So you guys can use
6	electronic flight bags?
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Part 91.
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: How about on a Part
9	135 flight?
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: We cannot.
11	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: So then what would
12	they use at that point? What would your crews use if
13	they had to divert to an airport
14	MR. LEWKOWICZ: And it just so happened to
15	be an airport that they didn't have the charts, in
16	paper, and if it's an emergency because of an emergency
17	situation, they would handle it as an emergency. And
18	under that circumstance they could use it.
19	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. So there's no
20	paper charts in your
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, I'm not saying that.
22	I'm saying that, I'm giving you the exact story.
23	They're not pressured of not having the things. They
24	have electronic charts that they do not use for Part
25	135, they use the paper charts for 135. And they take

all the paper charts that is required for them to take 1 2 for Part 135. Does that include every airport between two 3 And if those two cities is between Fort 4 cities? Lauderdale and say Las Vegas, with a whole bunch of 5 possibilities, the answer is no. 6 7 And if all of a sudden they had an issue right in the middle, and it just so happened that it 8 was also a complete IMC day and they really needed to 9 land because it was smoke. 10 Let's not talk about where, are they going to open up their iPads --11 12 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Danny, the question is whether they have paper charts on the airplane? 13 14 there paper charts on the airplane? 15 They do have paper charts on MR. LEWKOWICZ: the airplane, yes. And I answered that. 16 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Paper approach charts? 17 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes. 18 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: That they print up, or 19 20 that are always on the airplane? 21 MR. LEWKOWICZ: I think they're always on 22 the airplane. Yes. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And they don't 23 have to --24 MR. LEWKOWICZ: But they also have the iPad 25

1 too. 2 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay, and that's fine. I have to ask one other question, where are those paper 3 4 charts stored on the airplane? MR. LEWKOWICZ: In the closets, in the 5 little, what's that cabinet in between the seats? The 6 7 little cubicle. I don't know what you call it. There's a place. If it's a G3 there's in, you know 8 9 storage areas. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: But on the Hawker it's 10 11 just in a cabinet? Is that what --Yes, in the cabinets. 12 MR. LEWKOWICZ: You open a little door and they're in there. 13 Okay. 14 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 15 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Let's make sure, I'm sorry to interject. Let's make sure we're all talking 16 about the same thing. There are charts and there are 17 18 approach plates. Like the enroute charts. Are the charts you're answering and saying are on the airplane, 19 are those like the enroute charts --2.0 21 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Right. 22 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: They've got the 23 airways, and is --24 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Exactly.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it.

25

I think

1 what Sean's trying to ask is, are there approach 2 plates, like the old binders, the little leather binders with all the --3 4 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes. No, no like a whole, 5 like 12. Binders, no. Okay. They have only the ones, they only print the 6 7 ones that are pertinent to the flight, which is of course departure alternate, destination alternate. 8 They may put one or two others, like as an example. 9 Van Nuys may put LAX in Burbank, may print both of 10 11 those. 12 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Okay, and so that's what MR. LEWKOWICZ: 13 14 they have. 15 So your question is, do they have beyond No, they don't have beyond that. They have what 16 I just said. But if you get into that hypothetical 17 18 that you were talking about, you know if they have to divert, what would they do under that emergency? 19 think I gave you the answer to that as well. 2.0 21 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: No, and I appreciate 22 you giving the clarification. So thank you. all I've got, thank you. 23 MR. LEWKOWICZ: 24 Okay. 25 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Donnie?

MR. SHACKLEFORD: No, the only thing I have to talk about, is there anything as a captain, your captain, that you can think of that you could tell me? You know, am I doing a good job? Am I doing a bad job? And I just, you know but I don't know if that has nothing to do with the accident. But I'm just saying -

MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, I --

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Hey guys, if you want to have that discussion, unless the NTSB believes it's pertinent to the investigation, I think that's something we should do outside the record.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: Right. I was only going to clarify one thing that came to mind. And that is relative autopilot use. And that's if we go back to the question as to flying an approach to minimums. If we're doing an ILS approach, then I would encourage, and I would think that they're doing you know, coupled approach with the autopilot, okay.

If you're doing a non-precision approach, okay there's, it could be either way, okay. And it may even be encouraged to do it. Or it may be okay to do it by hand. Primarily because of the fact that you're positive.

If you're by hand, you know -- and I think

Renato would be somebody like, he thinks that he can, you know just instant reaction. You got your hands on the throttle. You got your hands on. You're not relying on automation. And then you're looking at your altimeter. You're looking at your airspeed indicator. And you're concentrating and you're in a position to immediately execute on a go-around, should somebody say go around. Poof, you know and that's it.

Whereas if you're with the autopilot, and it's not a let's say a pseudo (phonetic) type descent. And you're doing something other than, okay like dropping and dragging. I don't know if I would want to do it with an autopilot. I think under that circumstance, I probably, possibly would want to do it hand. I would like to have the airplane in my hand to react.

So it depends you know exactly what kind of non-precision approach you're doing. If you're doing an RNAV, then you can have a pseudo (phonetic) because the GNS giving it to you, then you may be able to get away with, you know with an autopilot. Because it's almost a coupled approach, to some degree.

INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Yes.

MR. LEWKOWICZ: The way that this one, they were doing it, they wouldn't have had a pseudo

1	(phonetic) type thing. It would have been you know, it
2	should have been like this. And I'm not sure exactly
3	how it was. You guys know that, but would it surprise
4	me if they weren't with an autopilot? I don't know if
5	it would surprise me under that particular approach.
6	If it was an ILS, I would encourage to do,
7	it would be encouraged to do it, if it's down to
8	minimums. Okay, coupled approach. I want to clarify
9	that, okay.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: John on the phone,
11	do you have any questions?
12	MR. DRAGO: David, actually I have a couple.
13	We doing all right, break wise?
14	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Yes, we're on.
15	MR. DRAGO: All right then, okay.
16	Danny, do pilots use the same checklist for
17	operational flights that they do with the 142 training
18	partner, Simuflight?
19	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes. And we take our own
20	checklist. It is our own checklist, yes.
21	MR. DRAGO: Okay, and it's used at both
22	facilities?
23	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes.
24	MR. DRAGO: It's used in the aircraft and at
25	the training facility?

1	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Correct.
2	MR. DRAGO: Okay.
3	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Fact is the training
4	facilities encourage you to bring your own checklist.
5	MR. DRAGO: Yes, very good. Are any of your
6	checklists such as the descent checklist, are they
7	silent checklists? Are any of your checklists
8	procedures silent?
9	MR. LEWKOWICZ: The descent checklist, I
10	mean they call it and the copilot will probably do it
11	silent. There are some things that are to be
12	confirmed. Moving items like you know flaps, trims,
13	gear, anything that moves needs to be confirmed by the
14	non-flying or the non, the person that's not doing the
15	checklist.
16	Seatbelts, no smoking, circuit breaker
17	checks, stuff like that could be silent. What's not
18	silent is once it's completed there is checklist
19	complete stated by the first person that did the
20	checklist.
21	If there's challenges, then you know certain
22	things have challenges and they must be challenged.
23	Again, flaps would be one of those things. Three green
24	would be one of those things.
25	MR. DRAGO: Okay. So even if you do some

1	items silently, you will say descent check complete?
2	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Correct.
3	MR. DRAGO: Audibly?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Correct.
5	MR. DRAGO: Is that true?
6	MR. LEWKOWICZ: That is correct.
7	MR. DRAGO: Okay. I just want to clarify
8	something that I believe it was David, asked earlier
9	about setting the minimum descent altitude, and setting
10	the decision height. For example, let's say that the
11	minimum descent altitude is 1540, 1500 and 40 feet.
12	And where as compared to an ILS where you may set
13	decision height for the radar altimeter.
14	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Correct.
15	MR. DRAGO: Where in the aircraft are you
16	setting the MDA at 1540?
17	MR. LEWKOWICZ: On the altimeter. That's
18	where you're descending. It's an altimeter MDA. It's
19	not a radar altimeter MDA.
20	MALE PARTICIPANT: Is it above?
21	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, are you familiar with
22	these, are you a pilot?
23	MR. DRAGO: Yes I am, and I'm typed in this
24	aircraft. And I just want to clarify that, what I'm
25	saying is for the autopilot.

1	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Oh, you're talking about the
2	preselector, where you put the preselector?
3	MR. DRAGO: Yes, yes. I'm asking you where
4	in the aircraft do you set the 50 foot
5	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, there is no 50 foot
6	intervals in the autopilot. So if it happens to be a
7	1540, you either, you have to use 1600. So if you're
8	doing it autopilot, and you know you're saying okay our
9	minimum decent altitude is 1540, you could only do
10	1600. You've got to go to the 1600, and that's why
11	MR. DRAGO: I understand that, but the
12	question is, where do you set that?
13	MR. LEWKOWICZ: For the airplane to
14	MR. DRAGO: The spot, on which
15	MR. LEWKOWICZ: In other words as a visual
16	to you to remember? Or as a setting that you can stop
17	it you know with automation?
18	MR. DRAGO: It's a setting where you can
19	stop it with automation.
20	MR. LEWKOWICZ: On the preselector. On that
21	particular, on the altitude preselector.
22	MR. DRAGO: Okay, great. I thought you had
23	said earlier that you set that on the ADI.
24	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No.
25	MR. DRAGO: If I set, my next question
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1 MR. LEWKOWICZ: No, no, that's for What I said to you was for reference. 2 reference. other words on the actual altimeter there's a, just 3 4 like the reference that you put on the airspeed indicators as to what your V1 and V2, and you know 5 Those are reference things that help you, okay. 6 7 All right, same thing. Okay, great. And the next 8 MR. DRAGO: question would be, where do you set the decision 9 height, which was probably not applicable in this 10 11 approach, but where in the aircraft do you set decision 12 height, for your altimeter alert? MR. LEWKOWICZ: Once again, if it's a non-13 14 precision approach you can't. If it's a precision approach and let's say that the decision height on this 15 one was MSL 1540. Once again, you put it right there, 16 1540. Let's, under that hypothetical it wouldn't be 17 18 1540, you know if it was an ILS it would probably be generally most of them are 200 feet AGL, right? 19 So whatever the AGL is under an ILS, that's 20 21 what you would buq. A, your pressure altimeter, and B, 22 in that particular case, the radar altimeter. MR. DRAGO: Okay, I'm asking about where you 23 set decision height for an ILS in that aircraft, the 24

200 foot decision height?

1 MR. LEWKOWICZ: You could put it on the radar altimeter for the 200 feet, but it's still 2 mandated with the, you know with your altimeter. 3 4 MR. DRAGO: Okay, and thank you for that. Also with regard to operational controls, I think you 5 said that -- if I've got this right. The pilots 6 7 dispatch themselves and by the time the door is closed they have done their due diligence. 8 As far as operational control, do you have more than one tier of 9 10 operational control? Or who causes that aircraft to be 11 used? Who causes the aircraft to 12 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Well I mean it's a company aircraft. 13 14 this case my aircraft. What causes it, I mean charter sales? 15 I don't think I understand the question. 16 MR. DRAGO: Okay, so what, do you or your 17 management team have to assign the flights to the 18 pilots? 19 A trip gets sold, and 20 MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes. 21 then the chief pilot or myself we will look and see which pilot is available, which pilot should do that 22 And you know based on that criteria that is fed 23 to me, it's fed to -- Rich will consider it. And if we 24 25 like it, we can go with it. If we don't like it, we

1	don't go with it.
2	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Crew pairings, is that,
3	who does the crew pairings? The captain that takes the
4	first officer and assigns them to the flight?
5	MR. LEWKOWICZ: We do. Rich, myself. Once
6	again, please understand this is a small company. So
7	at this point both Sal and Nick are very aware of what
8	will be rejected or not rejected. So they don't you
9	know, they learn quick. So this particular pairing was
10	a beautiful pairing, those two people they were well
11	qualified together.
12	MR. DRAGO: Okay, and just to clarify that,
13	you said we do. And you're referring to just yourself
14	and Rich?
15	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Rich Rivudo, yes.
16	MR. DRAGO: Okay, great. I think that's all
17	I have. Thank you very much.
18	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No problem.
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Thanks, John.
20	Let me maybe ask Donnie's question in a way
21	that makes
22	MR. LEWKOWICZ: More sense?
23	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Yes, it makes more sense.
24	So I don't interrupt it this time.
2.5	1
25	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: No, that would

actually be pertinent to the investigation and a general sampling anyway.

Pilots at your airline are evaluated by the FAA, and because of their certificates of proficiency and things like that. Is there a means at the airline, or I'm sorry, a means at your operation to evaluate them as employees?

In other words, you know they may make every, they may be proficient, make good landings, fly the airplane really well. But treat the customers bad. Do you have feedback to evaluate them on how they are as employees of the company?

MR. LEWKOWICZ: Yes, I mean if there's derogatory comments through brokers and stuff like that. We'll hear about it. And you know if -- and there are ways, I mean again, if the brokers don't like them or something of this nature, they'll make that notion. They'll let us know.

And if we have to talk to the pilots concerning, hey, you know they're complaining about you because you smoke, not in flight. But you know at any given point. We'll know about it. Is there a dropbox somewhere you know where please put your complaints in here? No.

INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What about, do you

1	do follow-up surveys with customers?
2	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No. No we don't have that.
3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Why not?
4	MR. LEWKOWICZ: Probably because we haven't
5	gotten that big. I mean even though we're not totally
6	small. Probably because you know, there's I guess
7	it could be something that I could have done. I just
8	haven't.
9	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
10	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I just haven't.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Through the logical
12	roads to this accident, I have to ask, did either one
13	of these pilots receive any complaints from customers
14	that you were aware of?
15	MR. LEWKOWICZ: No.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: That's all I have.
17	Anybody else have anything else?
18	(No audible response)
19	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Great. Anything
20	else that you can think of to add to help us Danny, in
21	the investigation? Something maybe we didn't ask that
22	you want to make sure gets included?
23	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I just want make mention
24	that I know, I've been flying for a long time. That's,
25	specifically I got my license in 1979. And I've flown
l	

in airlines. I was a chief pilot for the airline.

I've flown with Execuflight obviously. I'm not new in this type of work.

And I've not been criticized as a pilot, from many of my peers. I've trained many, many, many pilots in the airline. I've had pilots that were coming in to a 727 with 500 hours total time. And here they were flying a 727.

So I've seen the development of pilots from a very young age. I was a pilot with Bolivian license. Pilot with Chilean license, as a check airman for both Bolivia and Chile. And I critique pilots quite a bit. If I have pilots that are perfect and they're loved by the customers, but not loved by the other crew members because of deficiencies, they no longer work with us.

I have a couple of cases right now. Good guys, people that I like and the passengers actually like them too. But they don't make a good pair with the rest of the people because they're behind. And people that have airline experience, people that have good experience okay, with type ratings. But they don't click. And we don't use them.

So I guess what I'm trying to say, is that this particular case, with those particular pilots, was a total surprise to me. I mean it wasn't like, oh I

saw that happening. Oh, yes we should, nobody in our company could, nobody in our company could say this is something that was waiting to happen. Not with those two people, okay.

so why did it happen? You guys tell me. I mean you guys will tell us. But it is not something that you know that we expected to happen, remotely, okay. And there is a difference between, I mean it could have been a different grouping of people that we would have had possibly second thoughts of. And we stay away from that type of positioning.

And in this particular case, that's exactly the case. These people got along with each other. They liked each other. They respected each other. So and those people that I think are great people and are just very educated and very you know, we don't have them. We don't use them. And that economically makes sense for me to use them because they'll come to work for very little. We still don't have them.

Okay, so I just wanted to make sure that you guys understand that. Because it's, I think it's important. This didn't, this was a big surprise to me. And when I say to me, I'm just -- that's why I told you where I come from, my background. I just don't want you to think that -- you know I have hands on with this

company.

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And you know, I know when this happened I had two people in the simulator. I had two people taking courses in the simulator. One is a PIC and the other ones an SIC, you know to have additional crews to prepare.

Remember we had three Hawkers at the time, and were thinking of putting the 850 also on certificate, which isn't. But the owner said that he would like it in there. So I'm preparing crews for that. And I was you know careful as to who I pick and who we invest in. It's a lot of money that we invest every time, every event. It's not free.

We don't own the simulators, and so this is a pretty big ticket. And you've got to be careful, you know who you hire and you know who you invest in. So you want it to be a long term thing, not a five minute thing.

So in all of these things, you know require eventually money and stuff like that. And I'm not here to throw it away or anything like that. So I'm trying to be very careful who I hire, why I hire them, and how much money I'm going to invest in them.

Well that's the case here. So none of these guys paid for their own training, we paid for it. And

1	again, common sense on my part is why would I invest in
2	somebody that is worthless? So and is there somebody
3	that I think that could be worthless? You know some
4	pilots
5	MALE PARTICIPANT: I think you've said
6	enough.
7	MR. LEWKOWICZ: I think you got it?
8	MALE PARTICIPANT: Thank you for your time.
9	MR. LEWKOWICZ: All right. Sorry.
10	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Appreciate it.
11	Thanks, Danny.
12	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went
13	off the record.)
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CERTIFICATE

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident Akron, OH, November 10, 2015 Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Danny Lewkowicz

DATE: December 3, 2015

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 80 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



NEAL R. GROSS

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036
AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

-----:

INTERVIEW OF: ANDREW CUESTA

Wednesday, December 2, 2015

Banyon Aviation

Ft. Lauderdale Executive Airport

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

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DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

2	(Time not disclosed)
3	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Good afternoon.
4	My name is Captain David Lawrence and I'm an
5	investigator with the National Transportation Safety
6	Board. I'm the operations group chairman for the
7	ExecuFlight Hawker accident that occurred in Akron,
8	Ohio last month.
9	My role here is to learn what I can about
10	the accident so I can assist in the investigation, and
11	hopefully prevent this from reoccurring. As part of
12	our process, we invite parties to participate in the
13	investigation to provide us technical expertise.
14	For this group, we have the NTSB,
15	Execuflight, Textron, and the FAA. Now, we'll go
16	around the room and allow everybody to introduce
17	themselves and provide their affiliation.
18	MR. ETCHER: Hi. Good afternoon. Sean
19	Etcher with the NTSB.
20	MR. JAHR: Chris Jahr with the Wicker Smith
21	Law Firm.
22	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Donnie Shackleford,
23	Captain on the Hawker for ExecuFlight.
24	MR. CUESTA: And I'm Andrew Cuesta. Pilot
25	G3, pilot with ExecuFlight.

1 MR. LAWRENCE: On the phone, please. 2 MR. DRAGO: John Drago. Inspector with the 3 FAA. 4 MR. LAWRENCE: Great. And John, if you wouldn't mind, since Andrew's a pilot, explain your 5 role in this investigative process. 6 7 MR. DRAGO: Yes, sir. Andrew, Thank you. John, here. My role here today is to help support 8 hi. the operations group and any way I can. 9 And that's, with that said, there's nothing 10 11 that I would do in terms of any type of enforcement or 12 any backlash based on anything that happens here. It's just to support the operations group. Thank you. 13 14 MR. CUESTA: Understood. Thank you, John. Thank you. 15 MR. LAWRENCE: Great. So you're welcome to have representative of your choice to 16 Is Chris here, who you'd like to participate 17 attend. in this? 18 19 MR. CUESTA: Yes, please. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. 20 It's part of 21 the process, I'm going to record the interview, and we 22 will have a transcription made which will eventually become part of the final, or the factual report. 23 audio will not be part of any public docket. Do you 24 25 have any questions about the process?

1	MR. CUESTA: No, sir.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. If at any
3	point in time, I'm going to be typing some notes up as
4	I go. At any point in time I may not have eye contact
5	with you while we're talking. I apologize for that.
6	If you have any questions or if you don't understand a
7	question, please stop me and ask me to clarify it.
8	MR. CUESTA: Will do.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: And I'll do the same. Okay?
10	MR. CUESTA: Understood.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And I don't know is a
12	perfectly acceptable answer. Okay? All right. Let me
13	start off with the easy ones first. Let me get your
14	full name and your age, please.
15	MR. CUESTA: Andrew (phonetic) Alexander
16	Cuesta, and I'm 28.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. And what is your
18	title here at ExecuFlight?
19	MR. CUESTA: Pilot.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. On what airplane?
21	MR. CUESTA: G3's.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. You fly any other
23	aircraft for ExecuFlight?
24	MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir. I've flown the West
25	One. I have a SIC in the West One that I've done.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Great. Pilot. Are
2	you a pilot in command, or second in command?
3	MR. CUESTA: First Officer. Second command.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: First Officer. Okay.
5	MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Were you a captain on
7	the West One?
8	MR. CUESTA: Negative.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So First Officer on
10	both. Are you typed on those aircraft?
11	MR. CUESTA: SIC typed in the West One and
12	PIC typed in the G3.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. I'm going to ask you
14	a little bit about that in a minute, but when did you
15	get hired by ExecuFlight?
16	MR. CUESTA: The tail end of 2010.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. How long have you been
18	on the Gulfstream?
19	MR. CUESTA: In the Gulfstream, primarily,
20	not probably three years now.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	MR. CUESTA: Solid three years.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Where do they train you guys
24	on the Gulfstream?
25	MR. CUESTA: In the Simuflites.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	MR. CUESTA: And Dallas.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
4	MR. CUESTA: Dallas Simuflites.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Just real briefly,
6	what kind of total time do you have, flight time?
7	MR. CUESTA: Total time, I have about 2,300
8	hours. And most of that is turbine time.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
10	MR. CUESTA: And most of the turbine time is
11	Gulfstream time.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And PIC time?
13	MR. CUESTA: PIC time, turbine PIC team, so
14	not even 40 hours 40, 50 hours.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: All right, 50, okay.
16	MR. CUESTA: Yes.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And just a brief,
18	condensed version of your background. What led you up
19	to ExecuFlight? What got you here?
20	MR. CUESTA: I was an instructor. I was,
21	had all my flight ratings. Here in south Florida, I
22	started my aviation at the Boca Raton Airport, and I
23	was a maintenance analyst, and as I started in giving
24	flight instruction at this airport, Executive Airport,
25	I began with ExecuFlight in the hangar, doing

1	administrative paperwork, helping the maintenance and
2	then, you know, right spot at the right time, the West
3	One slot was offered to me, and then I joined the team
4	as a pilot.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: How many hours did you have
6	when you started on the West One?
7	MR. CUESTA: In the West One I had about 550
8	hours.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: So total time, when you got
LO	hired here, about 550 hours?
L1	MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir.
L2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And they got you your
L3	type rating or ExecuFlight provided you
L4	MR. CUESTA: The deal was I initially paid
L5	for my training, and after my first two year contract I
L6	was reimbursed.
L7	MR. LAWRENCE: So after two years you get
L8	reimbursed from them?
L9	MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. All right, great. Did
21	you happen to know about the, did you know the pilots,
22	either one of the pilots?
23	MR. CUESTA: No, I didn't. I just, really,
24	Renato is the only person who I met briefly. Hangar
25	talk. Small talk. The other, the other pilot, I did

not know at all.

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MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. How do you like flying for Execuflight here?

MR. CUESTA: I love it. Now, really, for me this is what I've been exposed to. I started off and I'm, I've been them with almost five years now, and I wanted, when I joined, I wanted to be exposed to the whole industry as a whole, I never thought of myself as only wanting to be a pilot.

I wanted to get a better knowledge of the entire industry. So I felt privileged that I got to start off in the hangar, and I've worked myself up like that and saw, you know, the behind the scenes of what it would be to run a repair station, even.

MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.

MR. CUESTA: And then also this office stuff, seeing dispatch and then flying with them. So I've learned, I've learned so much with my time here and even flying with different people. I've been exposed to different type of pilots.

I will definitely, you know, continue my career with them, and I think it's, for me, it's I'm building a strong resume. I'm still young and I feel, you know, I'm still in a good spot to --

MR. LAWRENCE: Good. Let me ask you some

specific questions that have to deal with the But we have a little understanding of how Gulfstream. things work on the Parker side, which I'm not going to ask you about, as far as how trips are built and how flight plans are done and everything. I want to see if it's consistent, it is the same thing on the Gulfstream. Who does the flight planning on the Gulfstream? The Captain does, and if he MR. CUESTA: delegates it to the First Officer, I have, I have done a flight plan. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. CUESTA: But the Captain is primarily who does the flight plan. MR. LAWRENCE: Where is that entered? MR. CUESTA: We use FltPlan.com. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. Who does the weather planning? The weather planning, the MR. CUESTA: Captain as well, unless he delegates it to the pilot, but the pilots, both pilots should look at the weather. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Where is the Captain if he's getting the weather, where does he get that information from? MR. CUESTA: Any of the national, any

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1	national weather service approved. Again, we use
2	FltPlan. Me personally, I've used aviation weather.
3	Like Intellicast. And FltPlan.com. They do, they have
4	everything on there.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: So on FltPlan.com, because
6	I'm not real familiar with it, there's an, is there an
7	option on a page that says weather and you can click on
8	and you get
9	MR. CUESTA: That's, absolutely. That's
10	exactly how it is.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay. What weather do
12	you get, or what's available to you?
13	MR. CUESTA: From that, you get the current
14	METARs, you get TAFs, you get NOTAMs, and there you can
15	put, you know, your alternate so you'll have all the
16	weather.
17	And for me, what I do if I want like a site
18	image, I like Intellicast. Intellicast gives you
19	great, like, radar summaries and cell formations.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: You've done the flight
21	planning before where you've entered it?
22	MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: And then, okay. Is that
24	where you enter an alternate airport? Is that where
25	you enter it?
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1	MR. CUESTA: In tlan.com process?
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Yes.
3	MR. CUESTA: Yes. It's a little option with
4	a drop down box, and it'll even suggest alternates
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
6	MR. CUESTA: For you. So it's, in the
7	flight plan process it's
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, it suggests alternates
9	for you? Really?
10	MR. CUESTA: They have a, yes. There's a
11	little box, a drop down box that if you don't know
12	something, you know, off the top of your head
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Based on the destination or
14	it's suggesting
15	MR. CUESTA: Absolutely.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, wow. Okay.
17	MR. CUESTA: Yes.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: So once you've entered that
19	flight plan in FltPlan.com, you hit send. There's
20	nothing else that you do. It goes into the FAA system
21	and you get, you're now filed?
22	MR. CUESTA: Yes. I hit file, file flight
23	plan, and then I wait about five minutes and I can call
24	Clearance and pick up the clearance. So it is
25	relatively, I mean, here flying in the States, it's
I	I and the state of

1 beautiful. It's easy. It's --2 MR. LAWRENCE: Good. Going back to the 3 weather, you said there was current METARs, TAFs, 4 NOTAMs, do, are you able to pick up PIREPs off that FltPlan.com weather feature? 5 MR. CUESTA: Yes, you can. You can, if you 6 7 can, you can pick them up on there, if not there's definitely aviation weather for sure has that. AirNav. 8 There's plenty of sources out there. 9 All NWS approved. 10 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Perfect. Let me ask 11 you about weight and balance. How is that done on the Gulfstream? 12 MR. CUESTA: We have a server, so the 13 14 Captain will work out the numbers using this software, the Ultra Nav, and he'll get the current conditions for 15 the day, and it'll all be calculated so we'll get V 16 numbers, we'll get runway lengths, and then they will 17 18 email that. Every aircraft has a particular, it's own particular email account, so then it'll be emailed to 19 the, to the aircraft. 2.0 21 MR. LAWRENCE: So why are you emailing it to 22 the aircraft that, you're already on the airplane, right, when you're (inaudible). 23 MR. CUESTA: So it's recorded. I mean, yes, 24 25 they print it off. They have a hard copy.

MR. CUESTA: And they put it on the flight bag, but they, that's, I guess, just protocol procedure. They send it in MR. LAWRENCE: They have a hard copy. Who's they? MR. CUESTA: The pilots. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Got it. MR. CUESTA: The pilots will print, I mean, they'll do the weight and balance, they can print it out, have the hard copy. You know, part of the process is, once they have those numbers they'll email it to the aircraft so it's just MR. LAWRENCE: All right. MR. CUESTA: Recorded. MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Anybody else get that email that you know of? MR. CUESTA: The air, well, the aircrafts, I'm sure the management personnel. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. CUESTA: So the chief pilot and the director of, the chief inspector or the director of maintenance should be able access those. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So they figured out the weight and balance. How do you figure out the	1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
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	23	maintenance should be able access those.
25 the weight and balance. How do you figure out the	24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So they figured out
	25	the weight and balance. How do you figure out the

1 passenger weights and the baggage weights? We have a scale onboard, so for 2 MR. CUESTA: 3 passengers, what they say, we'll ask them, and then I always round up, anything I do I round up. 4 So if I have, you know, the luggage a scale, 5 so I try to do actual with that. I have this scale 6 7 and, some people, they always say, it was worst than the West One. 8 But, you know, they'll have some luggage 9 and, you know, barely fit it on there, so I have the 10 11 scale and we're measuring everything actual weight with 12 the luggage. And then passengers, we add 10 and round 13 up. 14 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. 15 MR. CUESTA: Someone tells me they look like they weigh 180, I put 200. 16 17 MR. LAWRENCE: Yeah. Is the weighing of the passengers, is that required for every leg? 18 Every leq, it will, yes. 19 MR. CUESTA: 2.0 mean, it is. Yes. 21 MR. LAWRENCE: Okav. It is required for every leq. 22 MR. CUESTA: So you can use ballpark 23 MR. LAWRENCE: rounding numbers? That's approved? I shouldn't say --24 25 MR. CUESTA: For --

MR. LAWRENCE: Let me correct it. Hanq on a Let me rephrase that. You can use their weights, and then round up, and that's an approved process? They don't have to be weighed every time? Not weighed exactly. MR. CUESTA: their weight and we add the additional weight to round up. Okay. MR. LAWRENCE: And if it's the same trip, MR. CUESTA: that, pairing them, we have five pairings, then you know the same five passengers, we round it up to the same number. MR. LAWRENCE: Baggage weight, can you do the same thing? MR. CUESTA: Baggage weight, I mean, I personally have the scale, because I'm typically the one who's loading all the time, so I wait until all of the luggage shows up and even before, with the line quys, they'll have the scale there, and then it starts going to the plane. So that's every leg I do. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And it's interesting, you mentioned that, I do this. Okay? Is that a requirement? Should all pilots be weighing the baggage every single time for every single flight? MR. CUESTA: I mean, I don't think.

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that might be a little much, but just, again, for me, 1 2 just to get to the closest actual need for the 3 passenger, for the luggage. 4 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. CUESTA: Not a requirement, I don't, I 5 don't think. 6 7 All right. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Describe the company to me, Execuflight. 8 How do you characterize the company? 9 MR. CUESTA: Well, I think, again, I mean, 10 11 for me, this is the only thing I've been exposed to, so it was huge for me to be part of the team. 12 I thought it was well-respected, here in south Florida. 13 14 the clients, they're some big names. 15 I think Danny, the CEO, Danny Lewkowicz, he's not only the type of owner that sits behind the 16 desk and does anything. He gets, he's a line pilot 17 too, and in the experiences been within ExecuFlight, 18 that I've seen, that's something that I wanted to be 19 exposed to, and he came from the airlines. 2.0 21 A lot of people have their own backgrounds, and I think all that knowledge and all their experience 22 is what made ExecuFlight now. And I think they're, 23 they have a strong growing fleet. 24 25 MR. LAWRENCE: I know your input would be

1 only from the Gulfstream pilots, but have you heard any 2 pilots expressing any concerns about the flying, the 3 scheduling, or the company? 4 MR. CUESTA: I mean, I've, everyone has 5 their personal agenda that they always want to, you know, fit in. And besides the normal bickering, no, 6 7 nothing, and actually quite the contrary. Any time I've heard someone say that they 8 want to have some time to themselves and Execuflight 9 and Danny and Rich Rivudo, they're very accommodating. 10 11 They've, I've, several times I've seen them, Rich or 12 Danny, pick up a trip and have, either go see the wife and the kids for some days. He's done it for me. 13 14 MR. LAWRENCE: Do you have a director of safety at this airline? 15 MR. CUESTA: 16 No. 17 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you have any type 18 of reporting system, say, you saw something that was From a ground ops or another pilot or 19 Okay? 20 something. Do you have some type of system that allows 21 you to report that to management or somebody that could 22 change that? I would, I would speak directly 23 MR. CUESTA: to the chief pilot and director of operations, and I 24 25 think that's what anyone would do since we are somewhat

1	a small business, they'll
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
3	MR. CUESTA: It's easier to do that. So
4	there is nothing written that we submit, but it's very
5	easy just to schedule something and have a face-to-face
6	meeting.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. You ever done
8	that before?
9	MR. CUESTA: No. No. Not, I mean, just
10	besides my personal agenda stuff, no. I've never had,
11	I've never had anything to
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Let's see. Going to
13	come back to a couple more, but I want to see if Sean's
14	got anything.
15	MR. ETCHER: Just a few. So, promise I
16	won't take too long. Least I try not to. In the
17	airplane, I know it's referred that you guys have, I
18	believe, Jepp charts? Is that correct?
19	MR. CUESTA: That's correct.
20	MR. ETCHER: (Inaudible)?
21	MR. CUESTA: Yes.
22	MR. ETCHER: Are they in the aircraft, or do
23	you have to bring them with you? How does that work?
24	MR. CUESTA: We have a full set in the
25	aircraft. Every aircraft should have Jeppesen they

1	do. They do. When I started off in Execuffight, I
2	personally did that, would do the revisions on every
3	aircraft, the Jepp charts. So that's what they have.
4	Every aircraft has the Jepp charts. I, when I started
5	flying G3s, I also did 91 stuff, so a lot of 91 stuff.
6	They had the iPads, but the 135 stuff always has Jepps
7	in the plane, so that's what we use.
8	MR. ETCHER: So you don't have electronic
9	flight bags other than (inaudible)?
10	MR. CUESTA: No, not, the 135 stuff can't do
11	that. The 91 stuff, they've, they do that, 91 stuff.
12	MR. ETCHER: Okay.
13	MR. CUESTA: But the 135 is all Jepp stuff,
14	and all of the aircrafts have the Jepps.
15	MR. ETCHER: So is that what you use is the
16	Jepps that are in the airplane, or do you print them
17	off before you go on a trip? How is it that you do it?
18	MR. CUESTA: The Captain of the trip will
19	get all the paperwork together and if there's any
20	changes, then we have all the charts onboard.
21	MR. ETCHER: Okay. Okay. And is it stored
22	in a pretty easy spot to get to onboard?
23	MR. CUESTA: In the, in the Gulfstream?
24	Super easy. Right in the middle of both seats in the
25	cockpit, straight down. And then some planes have a

1	closet that's still within reach in the cockpit, but
2	they're easily accessible.
3	MR. ETCHER: Okay. And you may have, they
4	may've asked earlier and I missed it, I apologize. Did
5	you know either of the two accident pilots?
6	MR. CUESTA: No, I did not. No. Just very
7	briefly, Renato, in the hangar, just small talk. But I
8	did not know them.
9	MR. ETCHER: Okay. That's all I've got.
10	Thank you.
11	MR. CUESTA: You're welcome. Thank you.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Donnie?
13	MR. SHACKLEFORD: No, other than say thanks.
14	MR. CUESTA: Well, thank you guys. I
15	appreciate your time.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Got one more. John, on the
17	phone, do you have anything?
18	MR. DRAGO: David, I just have one question,
19	and it relates to Andrew having not met the other
20	pilots. Do you any of the training, do you attend any
21	training locally at ExecuFlight, and if so, are you in
22	it with the other pilots that just fly the Hawkers?
23	MR. CUESTA: Well, for me, I've done in-
24	house training every year where we'll do the HAZMAT and
25	we'll do the CRM. We do that with the DO and the chief
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pilot, and I did not, I did not know the pilots and I 1 didn't see them this past year. 2 I wasn't, I didn't take a class with them. 3 4 Sometimes the way they, we also do it is, because of this schedule, it'll be one on one. 5 So I've done one on one classes with both the DO and the chief pilot for 6 7 my in-house yearly training. So I did not know the pilots at all. 8 MR. DRAGO: Okay, thank you. 9 And one 10 follow-up. 11 MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir. During any of your training, 12 MR. DRAGO: locally, has the FAA observed that training given? 13 14 MR. CUESTA: Negative. Okay. Thank you very much. 15 MR. DRAGO: MR. CUESTA: Thank you. 16 MR. DRAGO: That's all I have. 17 Thank, John. MR. LAWRENCE: Thanks. 18 I've just got a couple more, just a couple more follow-ups. 19 The, you mentioned flight-following. 20 Does the Gulfstream have the same procedure where you're doing a 21 22 doors closed, door open texting? MR. CUESTA: Yes, 135, absolutely. 23 stuff, somewhat. It's, you know, talking to a 24 25 dispatcher. Someone knows.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
2	MR. CUESTA: But the 135 is the same as what
3	the Hawker guys would've done. Doors closed, doors
4	open.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. And I didn't ask you
6	this and I should have, how many Gulfstream pilots does
7	Execuflight have?
8	MR. CUESTA: I'm counting eight at the
9	moment, unless I missed
10	MR. LAWRENCE: About eight?
11	MR. JAHR: Yes, I'm not sure exactly how
12	many because some of them are 91, some are 135s.
13	MR. CUESTA: Yes. I'm counting, now let's
14	see here. Yes, eight is what I'm counting.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And they're divided
16	between Part 91 and 135?
17	MR. CUESTA: Yes.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. What does the
19	Gulfstream fly Part 91 for?
20	MR. CUESTA: Well, there's some, there's
21	some clients that fly enough themselves.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
23	MR. CUESTA: They're musicians and they do a
24	lot of tours.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
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1	MR. CUESTA: So that plane is solely for
2	their purposes.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay. And you had
4	mentioned CRM training as one of the courses that you
5	do in-house and that the chief pilot and director of
6	operations teach that?
7	MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And you get that
9	annually?
10	MR. CUESTA: Annually.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
12	MR. CUESTA: As the training. Base month
13	and annually.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Is there a manual or
15	something that you guys have on CRM, or is it just, you
16	show up to class and they start teaching that?
17	MR. CUESTA: No. We did op specs. We go
18	over our op specs and they have, they have, you know,
19	we watch videos.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	MR. CUESTA: We've, we go through a
22	thorough, a week. I've done a week full of ground
23	school.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. G3 is RNAV capable,
25	right?

1	MR. CUESTA: Yes, sir.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: They VNAV capable as well?
3	MR. CUESTA: Yes.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Vertical guidance? Okay.
5	Non-precision approaches, how are those performed in
6	the Gulfstream?
7	MR. CUESTA: How are they performed in the
8	Gulfstream?
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, well, yes, this is a
10	little general. When you shoot a non-precision
11	approach there, do you tie it with some type of
12	vertical guidance, even though it may not be on the
13	chart?
14	MR. CUESTA: Well, for non-precision, your
15	vertical guidance, I mean, you'll follow the chart,
16	look at the step zones
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. MR. CUESTA: And what's critical is your
18	MR. CUESTA: And what's critical is your
18 19	MR. CUESTA: And what's critical is your MDA, so you set your altimeter and you're referencing
18 19 20	MR. CUESTA: And what's critical is your MDA, so you set your altimeter and you're referencing your altimeter.
18 19 20 21	MR. CUESTA: And what's critical is your MDA, so you set your altimeter and you're referencing your altimeter. MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
18 19 20 21 22	MR. CUESTA: And what's critical is your MDA, so you set your altimeter and you're referencing your altimeter. MR. LAWRENCE: Right. MR. CUESTA: I don't, I don't know, I mean,
18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. CUESTA: And what's critical is your MDA, so you set your altimeter and you're referencing your altimeter. MR. LAWRENCE: Right. MR. CUESTA: I don't, I don't know, I mean, as far as

technique where you're doing a glide path all the way 1 You build the glide path in the flight 2 down? management system on the, on the Gulfstream? 3 So you're building yourself with, like, a 4 pseudo glide slope? Or do you just strictly do step 5 down? 6 7 They fly their approach. MR. CUESTA: Ι haven't seen anyone, no, get complicated with anything 8 in trying to set, like, a, for a non-precision, trying 9 to set their own glide path. 10 11 MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Okav. They just follow the chart, and 12 MR. CUESTA: that's what they do. 13 14 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. CUESTA: 15 Yes. MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Anybody have, also 16 have anything else for Andrew? 17 18 MR. SHACKLEFORD: No. Anything you can 19 MR. LAWRENCE: Great. offer that you think of that maybe we, you want to 20 21 share with us? Considering we're safety investigators 22 trying to find out what we can. I mean, I didn't know the guys. 23 MR. CUESTA: I didn't know. So there's not even, for me, I've been 24 25 exposed enough to flying with pilots where you can tell

1	there's weak pilots and, you know, strong pilots.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
3	MR. CUESTA: And I would, you know, heaven
4	forbid, I would hate to have word go around with a
5	certain reputation about myself. And so I don't even,
6	I didn't know the guys. I haven't even heard anything
7	of, about anything really. And I haven't even given
8	myself time to really think about
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
10	MR. CUESTA: how close to home this
11	actually was. So it's, you know, it's very
12	unfortunate. And I would like to know too. I mean, I
13	really would like to know.
14	Because the thing that gets to me is
15	there's, you know, everything is kind of like that
16	snowball effects. Something happened and we don't know
17	what could've lead, and the fact that, you know, two
18	crew members, you know
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
20	MR. CUESTA: Missed whatever it was.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: You reminded me of one more
22	question
23	MR. CUESTA: Okay.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: I had for you. Okay? On
25	the Gulfstream, and you're First Officer. How often do
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1	you get to fly?
2	MR. CUESTA: I get to, I mean, every empty
3	leg, I get exposed to something.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Why don't you get to
5	fly with passengers?
6	MR. CUESTA: Well, with passengers, it
7	depends with who I'm with. I have.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Sure.
9	MR. CUESTA: And I do. And it really
10	depends the client, depends who the other person I'm
11	flying with is, depends definitely the conditions of
12	the day, the flight of the day.
13	There's a lot of factors that I would think
14	goes in to the Captain's decision of whether or not
15	letting the other pilot fly. But I definitely, I
16	definitely have been exposed to some hard and good
17	time.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So is there a
19	corporate policy or a company policy that requires that
20	the First Officer's only fly, or is there guidance that
21	says the Captain should only let the First Officers fly
22	empty legs?
23	MR. CUESTA: That
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Or is this purely Captain
25	decision?

MR. CUESTA: No. I think, I think the
guidance was throughout, like, empty legs. Because
that's, since I've been there, that's all I've really
heard.
MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
MR. CUESTA: Is empty legs.
MR. LAWRENCE: How many empty legs on a,
what percentage of flights are empty legs that you
operate?
MR. CUESTA: At least, at least out of the
pairing, at least one to two legs. There's a lot of
repos, those repos, so I've done pairing
MR. LAWRENCE: Going on, like, what day
pairing? A two or three day pairing? Maybe one or
two?
MR. CUESTA: Yes, exactly. Yes. Three
legs, one of those is, you know, from here going to
Opa-Locka, and then (phonetic) Los Nara to Opa-Locka.
MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So the, on maybe a two
or three-day pairing, you may only operate or you may
only fly one or two of the legs, because that may be
the only ones that are empty?
MR. CUESTA: Correct.
MR. LAWRENCE: How many would be not empty?
How many would be with passengers for that same trip?

1	MR. CUESTA: Yes I'd say, the other two
2	legs. I mean, in the Gulfstream, they're longer legs.
3	Longer hauls.
4	So if we go out to California and go to one
5	airport, and maybe repo to somewhere where it's a
6	little more economical for the company. So it's, you
7	know, three legs I get to do more.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. But the Captains are
9	primarily flying with passengers?
10	MR. CUESTA: Absolutely. Yes.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Percentage-wise, how many, of
12	all your flights with ExecuFlight, how many, what
13	percentage do you think that you're actually flying?
14	MR. CUESTA: Low, probably 30 percent.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: So the Captains are basically
16	flying 70 percent of the flights?
17	MR. CUESTA: Sure.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Anything else you can
19	think of again?
20	MR. CUESTA: No, sir.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Well, I really
22	appreciate it. Thank you very much.
23	MR. CUESTA: Thank you.
24	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went
25	off the record at an undisclosed time.)
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CERTIFICATE

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident Akron, OH, November 10, 2015 Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Andrew Cuesta

DATE: December 2, 2015

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 31 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036 AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

-----:

INTERVIEW OF: JOSEPH CORELLO

Thursday, December 3, 2015

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

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DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

(Time not disclosed) 2 CAPTAIN ESCHER: All righty. Well, good 3 My name is Sean, Captain Sean Escher, and I'm 4 morning. 5 an investigator for the National Transportation Safety I'm a member of the Operations Group that was 6 7 formed for the ExecuFlight Hawker accident that occurred in Akron, Ohio. 8 My role here is to learn what I can about 9 the accident so we can assist the investigation and 10 11 hopefully prevent this from reoccurring. As part of our process, we invite parties to participate in the 12 investigation to provide us technical expertise. 13 14 For this group, we have the NTSB, 15 Execuflight, Textron and the FAA. I'll go around the room and ask everyone to introduce themselves and 16 provide their affiliation. 17 MR. LAWRENCE: I'm David Lawrence. I'm the 18 Operations Group Chairman with the NTSB. 19 MR. SHACKLEFORD: Donnie Shackleford. Pilot 2.0 21 for, Captain on the Hawker for ExecuFlight. MR. JAHR: Christopher Jahr with the Wicker 22 23 Smith Law Firm. 24 CAPTAIN ESCHER: And on the phone? 25 MR. DRAGO: This is John Drago. I'm with

1 the FAA. I'm the inspector out of Cleveland, Ohio. And, my role here is to simply assist the NTSB 2 Operations Group in furthering the investigation. 3 I will not be using information provided 4 here for any other reason than to support the, support 5 the NTSB further in the accident investigation. 6 7 I missed the name and the function of the apologize. interviewee. 8 MR. CORELLO: My name is Joseph Corello, 9 10 and, I'm a former pilot at ExecuFlight on the Hawker 11 and Gulfstream. 12 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Yes. You are also welcome to have one representative of your choice. 13 14 And, is Chris who you wish to represent you? 15 MR. CORELLO: Yes. That's fine. Chris can represent me. 16 CAPTAIN ESCHER: 17 Okay. As part of this process, we're going to record the interview. 18 And we'll have a transcription done which will -19 transcription will actually, eventually become part of 20 21 the factual report, however the audio will not be part of the public docket. Do you have any questions about 22 23 this process? MR. CORELLO: 24 No. 25 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Well, if you're

1 ready, we can get started then. And, if there's any, 2 if you need any clarifications on any questions, just ask or, if you don't know, that's perfectly fine to say 3 4 as well. 5 MR. CORELLO: Okay. CAPTAIN ESCHER: All right. We'll start 6 7 with the easy stuff. Can we get your full name? MR. CORELLO: Joseph William Corello. 8 And your age? 9 CAPTAIN ESCHER: 10 MR. CORELLO: I'm 31. 11 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, can you give us just, kind of, a general Cliff Notes version of your 12 history as a pilot, how you got here, all that? 13 14 you got to ExecuFlight and all that? MR. CORELLO: Well, let's see. I've been 15 flying since, commercially since 2007. And, I flew, 16 I was flight instructor, and then I flew aerial tours 17 for a company in Hawaii. 18 I flew in Alaska for five years. 19 night freight out of Milwaukee, single pilot. 20 then, and then I came, I went back to Alaska, and 21 then I came to ExecuFlight from Alaska. 22 I was flying scheduled operations in the 23 Bush, Alaska, there, Southeast Alaska specifically, 24 25 the Navajos under the Capstone Program. Then, I came

1	to ExecuFlight, and went into the Gulfstream and then
2	into the Hawker. And, now I fly G4's for another
3	charter company here.
4	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
5	MR. CORELLO: Windsor Jet.
6	CAPTAIN ESCHER: All righty. Your
7	certificates, can you tell us all the certificates
8	you have?
9	MR. CORELLO: ATP with HS125, G1159 type
10	rating and G4 type rating and CF5, CFII, MEI and
11	airplane commercial airplane single engine land,
12	airplane single engine sea.
13	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, medical?
14	MR. CORELLO: Yes. First class.
15	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Any limitations?
16	MR. CORELLO: No.
17	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, when were you
18	hired on at ExecuFlight?
19	MR. CORELLO: I was hired on in November
20	of 2013.
21	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, how were you
22	- Were you hired on as a pilot in command?
23	MR. CORELLO: No. I was hired as a second
24	in command on the Gulfstream III.
25	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, just, you may
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1	not know exactly, but any idea on your pilot time?
2	MR. CORELLO: I've got, I think, last I
3	calculated 5,200 total time, 4,200 PIC and, I think,
4	a little over 1,200 Jet.
5	CAPTAIN ESCHER: And how much of that was
6	in the Hawker?
7	MR. CORELLO: In the Hawker, I'm not sure
8	exactly. I'd have to look. Maybe 300 hours, 400
9	hours, something like that.
10	CAPTAIN ESCHER: And that was as SIC, PIC?
11	MR. CORELLO: A little bit of both. I
12	started as an SIC in the Hawker. I was an SIC in the
13	G3. Then, they sent me to Hawker School.
14	I got a PIC type and I went into the right
15	seat of the Hawker. And then, I went into left seat
16	of the Hawker Part 91 legs, you know, Part 91 trips,
17	owner trips, stuff like that.
18	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, do you
19	remember when you received your PIC, when you started
20	doing PIC time in the Hawker?
21	MR. CORELLO: Must have been January,
22	December or January. I don't remember exactly.
23	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Of this year, 2015?
24	MR. CORELLO: Yes. Either December of
25	last year or January of this year.
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1	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. What
2	brought you to ExecuFlight to start with?
3	MR. CORELLO: Well, my wife got tired of
4	Alaska. So, she wanted to move back to Florida where
5	she's from, and ExecuFlight called me and offered me
6	a job.
7	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Why did you leave?
8	MR. CORELLO: Why did I leave Execuflight?
9	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Yes.
10	MR. CORELLO: I needed more time off. The
11	other company just gave me a better offer. You know,
12	more money, ten days guaranteed off a month, hard
13	days off, G4 type rating. I mean
14	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. When did you
15	leave?
16	MR. CORELLO: When did I leave? Let's
17	see, must have been July, end of July.
18	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. And,
19	when you were here at ExecuFlight, and you were
20	flying trips, who typically did the weather briefing
21	on the flights?
22	MR. CORELLO: I did the weather briefing
23	on my flights. What do you mean by the weather
24	briefing, like checking the weather?
25	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Yes. Who checked the

1	weather? You? You
2	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
3	CAPTAIN ESCHER: were the captain, or
4	was the second in command?
5	MR. CORELLO: I check the weather
6	regardless of which seat I was in.
7	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
8	MR. CORELLO: Personally. That was my
9	method.
10	CAPTAIN ESCHER: And, when you were the
11	pilot in command, did your second in command do the
12	same thing?
13	MR. CORELLO: I encouraged all second in
14	commands to check the weather as well.
15	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, who flew the,
16	or I'm sorry. Where did you, how did you obtain
17	that weather briefing?
18	MR. CORELLO: I mean, usually
19	aviationweathercenter.gov (sic). If it was an
20	international trip, we would get the weathers through
21	the official briefing office for that country.
22	You know, various sources, but in the
23	United States, I always used AWC.
24	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Was that an
25	approved source of weather briefing? Do you know?

1	MR. CORELLO: Yes. That's NOAA.
2	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, when, who
3	filed the flight plan for your flights?
4	MR. CORELLO: I filed the flight plan for
5	my flights when I was the pilot in command.
6	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And when you were
7	second in command?
8	MR. CORELLO: Sometimes I would file
9	flight plans, if it was delegated to me or I'd offer
10	to file flight plans.
11	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Did you ever
12	delegate as a pilot in command?
13	MR. CORELLO: Personally, no.
14	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. How about the
15	weight and balance? Who typically did that?
16	MR. CORELLO: Weight and balance was same
17	deal. I did it, usually, as a pilot in command.
18	Most pilot in commands would do it. Sometimes it
19	would be delegated
20	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
21	MR. CORELLO: to me as an SIC.
22	CAPTAIN ESCHER: And did you ever
23	delegate?
24	MR. CORELLO: The weight and balance? No.
25	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
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1	MR. CORELLO: Not that I can think of.
2	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Did you use actual
3	weights or, how did you obtain passenger weights or
4	bag weights?
5	MR. CORELLO: Stated weights plus ten and
6	actual bag weights.
7	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. When
8	you were flying as a pilot in command, did you, did
9	the first officer or the second in command, did he,
10	did you ever allow them to do any of the flying as
11	well?
12	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
13	CAPTAIN ESCHER: On, under what
14	conditions?
15	MR. CORELLO: I mean, it depends on the
16	person and what their position was in the company.
17	CAPTAIN ESCHER: How so?
18	MR. CORELLO: Like, for instance, if it's
19	someone that they were considering upgrading then if
20	it was approved by the chain of command, then they
21	could fly, you know, we would alternate legs. If
22	not, then If it was approved for them to fly
23	empty legs, then they would fly empty legs.
24	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Did you have to
25	find out how it was approved?

1	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
2	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Find out that they were
3	approved?
4	MR. CORELLO: That would be approved
5	through the chief pilot or DO.
6	CAPTAIN ESCHER: And, would they let you
7	know or would you have to call them and ask?
8	MR. CORELLO: I mean, usually they'd tell
9	you, or if not, you could call them and ask, yes.
10	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Okay.
11	MR. CORELLO: Either way.
12	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Sorry, I'm just not sure
13	of the procedures here, so that's why I figure I
14	better ask while
15	MR. CORELLO: Yes. Yes.
16	CAPTAIN ESCHER: while we're
17	MR. CORELLO: No problem.
18	CAPTAIN ESCHER: (inaudible).
19	MR. CORELLO: No problem.
20	CAPTAIN ESCHER: All righty. When the
21	second in command was flying, when you, when they're
22	approved to fly or things like that, were there
23	passengers on board sometimes? Never?
24	MR. CORELLO: That would depend on the
25	person and the approval, you know. That would come

from either the chief pilot or DO whether or not they 1 2 could fly active legs or not. 3 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Did weather play any factor in allowing that decision to be made? 4 MR. CORELLO: 5 Yes. How so, in your mind? CAPTAIN ESCHER: 6 7 Not, I'm not asking you to estimate other people's How would it play in your mind? 8 MR. CORELLO: In my mind, personally, if I 9 was PIC on a flight and my name was on the paperwork 10 as captain, then I would. If the weather was low, 11 12 then I would fly. Just, you know --Okay. So, you never were CAPTAIN ESCHER: 13 14 -- so, did you ever allow them to fly an approach in actual conditions, weather down to minimums or at 15 least start the approach then break out? 16 MR. CORELLO: I mean, it would depend. 17 Not, not to minimums in bad weather, you know. Well, 18 19 it depend on the person, I mean, it would depend on the person, I would say. 2.0 21 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. On ILS, for instance, on ILS would you, if it was above the 22 minimum, would you allow them to fly it? 23 24 MR. CORELLO: Yes, if it was above the 25 minimums, on ILS. Yes.

1	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. How about on a
2	non-precision?
3	MR. CORELLO: It would really depend on
4	the weather, I mean.
5	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Above minimums?
6	MR. CORELLO: Above minimums, yes.
7	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Did, when they,
8	when you flew approaches, did you hand fly them or
9	did you couple them?
10	MR. CORELLO: I usually coupled them.
11	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Usually? What would make
12	you not couple them?
13	MR. CORELLO: I mean, if it's, you know,
14	good weather and I'm flying an approach, then I
15	wouldn't. Sometimes, just to maintain my skills and
16	ability to hand fly in good weather, I would hand fly
17	an approach.
18	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
19	MR. CORELLO: But, usually, it was
20	coupled, especially in bad weather.
21	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Was that a policy,
22	or was that just a personal preference?
23	MR. CORELLO: I mean, I believe that I
24	don't believe there's a policy that states you have
25	to have to hand fly an approach at the company. I
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1	think it's recommended that you couple them.
2	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All right. How
3	about your, your second in command, did they, when
4	they did approaches for you, was it coupled, hand
5	flown? Was it at their discretion, your discretion?
6	MR. CORELLO: Well, I mean, I would say
7	it's a case-by-case basis. But, ordinarily it's
8	recommended that it be coupled. So, ordinarily we
9	would use the automation to the, you know, to its
10	fullest abilities.
11	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All right. No
12	problem. If you hand flew, did you do it with the
13	flight director?
14	MR. CORELLO: Yes. I used the flight
15	director.
16	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Great. Do you
17	remember if there was a stabilized approach criteria
18	in place when you were flying?
19	MR. CORELLO: Yes. I believe so.
20	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Do you recall what that
21	was?
22	MR. CORELLO: I mean, I think the, I think
23	they just used the, I think it's the stand IS
24	stabilized approached criteria from manufacturers
25	recommendation, the CA or the CA manuals.

I mean, I don't remember exactly. Like I
said, I mean, I work at another company now and I've
memorized their procedures and SOPs. But, I believe
that it was fully configured by a thousand feet, the
final approach phase.
CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Okay. Did you,
can you recall any instance where a missed approach
had to be done because it was it was unstabilized or
go-around?
MR. CORELLO: Yes. Yes. I can think of
one instance that there was a go-around.
CAPTAIN ESCHER: Was that in visual or
instrument?
MR. CORELLO: It was in visual conditions,
but
CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. What was the, what
was the go-around issued for?
MR. CORELLO: The, I let the second in
command fly, and it was an approach into Puerta Plata
or some place like that and it was a non-precision
approach and he was just too high to make the landing
in a stabilized configuration. So, we went around.
CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All right. That's
good.
MR. CORELLO: A non-event really.

1	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. Let's
2	go to the, to when you were doing some training. I
3	know you've got on your development in the G3, then
4	you moved to the Hawker. Did you do all your
5	training out in Dallas?
6	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
7	CAPTAIN ESCHER: How was
8	MR. CORELLO: It was Simuflite.
9	CAPTAIN ESCHER: How would you classify
10	that training?
11	MR. CORELLO: I thought it was good
12	training, personally. All my training up to that
13	point had been company training, you know.
14	When I flew freight and when I flew in
15	Alaska, it was all in-house company training. And, I
16	thought the training in Dallas was real, real good
17	top notch training.
18	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Did you, how would you,
19	how would you classify when you came out? Did you
20	feel like you were ready to fly the airplane, still
21	had a lot to learn?
22	MR. CORELLO: I mean, you always have a
23	lot to learn, but I felt totally competent and
24	confident in the airplane when I left training in
25	Dallas. Yes.

1	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Can you recall if
2	they used ExecuFlight guidance in their training?
3	Did they use their own? Can you recall that?
4	MR. CORELLO: No. They used Execuflight's
5	training procedures, which were, you know, just the
6	approved company procedures.
7	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Did you do all
8	your training at ExecuFlight, or was there, or at
9	Dallas or was some of done here in-house?
10	MR. CORELLO: No. It was all, I mean,
11	other than the company indoc and recurrent, you know,
12	the company training, all of the airplane-specific
13	training was done in Dallas.
14	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, during any of
15	that training, did you ever have an FAA inspector
16	come along to observe the training or anybody observe
17	it besides the instructor?
18	MR. CORELLO: Let's see. No, I don't
19	believe so.
20	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. How about when you
21	did your in-house recurrent training or your basic
22	indoc, did you have any, anybody from the FAA sit in
23	on it, listen in?
24	MR. CORELLO: Not that I recall.
25	MR. CORELLO: Did you ever meet at any of
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1	the FAA personnel around here that were tied to
2	Execuflight?
3	MR. CORELLO: Yes. The (phonetic) Jim
4	Picole
5	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Yes.
6	MR. CORELLO: the POI of all of our 293
7	orals were done with Jim Picole.
8	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Did you have any other
9	interaction with them?
10	MR. CORELLO: Other than the, than the
11	293?
12	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Yes.
13	MR. CORELLO: No. There was, I mean,
14	let's see, not that I can recall, no.
15	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All right. In
16	part of that training, in-house there, do you recall
17	receiving any CRM training?
18	MR. CORELLO: Yes. We did CRM training.
19	CAPTAIN ESCHER: We you, was it a
20	classroom that does it? Was it a one-on-one? How
21	was it done?
22	MR. CORELLO: You know, it's, I can't
23	recall how they did the CRM training, but I do
24	remember doing CRM training.
25	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And that's

1	perfectly acceptable. Thank you. All righty. Now,
2	can you kind of walk me through when you were issued
3	a trip. How were you notified of the trip here?
4	MR. CORELLO: Usually by a phone call and
5	a trip sheet email.
6	CAPTAIN ESCHER: How long in advance? I
7	know it probably varied, but
8	MR. CORELLO: Usually, a few days in
9	advance we knew.
10	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
11	MR. CORELLO: I mean, very rarely we'd get
12	a popup. I think the shortest callout I ever had was
13	maybe three hours. So, nothing, you know
14	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
15	MR. CORELLO: nothing real spur of the
16	moment.
17	CAPTAIN ESCHER: And, when you came into
18	do that trip, was there What kind of paperwork
19	did you have to generate to begin the trip? What did
20	they provide you with?
21	MR. CORELLO: Well, let's see. I mean,
22	they gave us a trip sheet and a TSA check. And, if
23	it's an international trip, they gave us all of our
24	overflight permitting, you know, our customs
25	paperwork, everything that was required to accomplish

the trip.

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If they didn't, then we'd call and say, hey this paper's missing and they'd give it to us.

CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.

MR. CORELLO: We used Ultra Nav to do the weight and balance performance calculations on the computer. We had a remote desktop so we could do that from anywhere, just get on a computer, dial into the remote desktop.

You could do all your Ultra Nav weight and balance performance calculations. We could check our weather. We'd usually use FltPlan.com to file our flight plans for domestic. International was, you know, a different story. Some places you could your FltPlan, some places you couldn't.

Really, that was a case-by-case deal depending on where we were. You know, certain countries would have to go into the flight planning office and manually flight, file flight plans, fill out the ICAO forms, stuff like that.

CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. How about, in routes and approach charts and things like that, did, were they in the airplane?

MR. CORELLO: Yes. No, the charts we used JeppView.

CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.

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MR. CORELLO: And the same route desktop system allows us to dial-in to JeppView, and, we would print what's called trip kits.

So, you would just enter your trip, departure, destination, alternate, second alternate if you have a second alternate or departure alternate if you had a departure alternate.

And, then you'd select that, print it and it would print all of the charts pertinent to your flight. And, then you have them.

CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. What if you were on a fairly long flight and you had an emergency and you had to divert? How would, how did you guys typically work that? Did you have those charts handy or?

MR. CORELLO: We had, we had iPads, you know, with the entire world database, JeppFD and, or JeppView and -- I had two iPads actually, one with ForeFlight and one with JeppView.

Of course, those weren't approved for 135 due to the FAA not giving us approval for whatever reason, so we weren't allowed to use those.

So, we had to print pertinent charts for the flight. If we had to divert due to an emergency,

1 then it's an emergency situation and we could use the 2 iPads. Okay. Do you know if, I 3 CAPTAIN ESCHER: 4 mean, when you in second in command, did other pilots do something similar to that? Do you ever recall? 5 MR. CORELLO: That was the standard 6 7 procedure --8 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. -- as outlined by the DO. 9 MR. CORELLO: So, everyone should have been doing that. 10 Understood. Okay. 11 CAPTAIN ESCHER: All 12 righty. Did you ever have to divert while you were in route? 13 MR. CORELLO: Did I ever have to divert? 14 As a PIC, I did not have to divert at any time. 15 there was a divert when I was an SIC on the 16 Gulfstream, we had to divert, but we diverted back to 17 our departure airport. 18 Okay. CAPTAIN ESCHER: If, if for some 19 reason, as a PIC, you didn't feel comfortable with a 20 flight, was there any procedures in place that, I 21 22 mean, you, as the pilot in command, I quess, are the ultimate in charge of it. But is there any 23 procedures in place in making that decision, like a 24

risk assessment form? Did you get anybody involved

to help with that decision? 1 MR. CORELLO: You know, if we didn't feel 2 comfortable with a flight, then we just call and say 3 we didn't feel comfortable with it. 4 You know, you can either call the chief 5 pilot or the DO or, you know, the sales guys if those 6 7 quys aren't available and you say, hey, that I'm not comfortable with this flight for this reason, and 8 here's an alternative. 9 Either we wait and we do it later or we do 10 11 maybe a different airport. I mean case-by-case basis, but that was never an issue. 12 Did you ever have to do CAPTAIN ESCHER: 13 14 that? 15 MR. CORELLO: Yes, I've done that. Yes. CAPTAIN ESCHER: And, was there any, any 16 issues dealing with the chief pilot or director of 17 ops in your interaction? 18 In my experience, no. 19 MR. CORELLO: 2.0 didn't have any issues. 21 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. we're almost done with some of my questions here, 22 I know you knew both the accident pilots. 23 iust --And, first of all, our condolences because 24 25 they were, obviously if you knew them it's, it gets

1 personal then. But, how did you know them? 2 Professionally? Personally? MR. CORELLO: Just professionally. 3 mean, I worked with them. I flew with Oscar a little 4 And Renato, I knew, you know, been out to lunch 5 bit. a couple times with him. Nice quy. I, you know, I 6 7 didn't fly with Renato, but I flew with Oscar. that's about the extent of my knowledge of them. 8 When you flew with Oscar, 9 CAPTAIN ESCHER: was he the pilot in command or were you? 10 11 MR. CORELLO: When I flew with Oscar, I 12 was the pilot in command and he was new. And, he was hired as a pilot in command but, like I said, we flew 13 14 some 91 trips together and we'd alternate legs. 15 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. How would you 16 classify his piloting skills in the Hawker? Knowing 17 the regulations, knowing everything that a pilot in command should know as well, how do you feel he did, 18 in your opinion? 19 MR. CORELLO: He did okay. He did okay. 2.0 21 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Did you ever have 22 to do any approaches -- did he ever have to do any approaches with you, whether precision or non-23 precision approaches in actual conditions or were 24

they all visual that you can recall?

MR. CORELLO: I believe he flew some approaches in actual. I know we flew some approaches in actual together. I don't recall. Yes, I believe he flew some approaches. CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Would you happen to remember non-precision or precision, or just? MR. CORELLO: I mean, maybe, I mean, I'm sure that he's flown both. I don't recall exactly to be honest with you. CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, that's fine. That's perfectly fine. What you can recall, I know it's, I guess it's, do remember when you flew with It's probably been a little bit. I flew with him. MR. CORELLO: Yes. was right before I left ExecuFlight. I believe he was hired maybe a month or two prior to me leaving. So, like I said, I didn't fly with him a whole bunch, but I did fly with him a bit before I left. CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. And, I know it's been a while since you flew with him, but, can you recall how he handled setting up for the approach, flying the approach? Was it configured outside the marker? Did he wait until the marker to start configuring? If you can recall that. MR. CORELLO: Let's see. I don't remember

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anything outside of normal with him. You know, I 1 don't remember anything that, that, that really 2 triggered me into say, whoa, what's this guy doing, 3 4 So everything, I believe, was pretty standard. 5 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All right. 6 7 say you didn't know him personally, just here. MR. CORELLO: Not outside of work. 8 Ι mean, you know, of course on the road we'd go out to 9 dinner and like lunch or whatever and fly together. 10 11 That was about it. 12 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Did he have any personal issues that he'd talk to you about during those lunch 13 14 times or anything? 15 MR. CORELLO: No. No. I know that his son was living in Colombia, so his son would come to 16 visit him now and again. But other than that, he 17 didn't talk about much of his personal life. 18 Okay. All righty. 19 CAPTAIN ESCHER: about Renato? I see, you said you didn't fly with 2.0 him, but you talked to him, you knew him 21 22 professionally here. MR. CORELLO: He seemed like a nice guy. 23 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Didn't indicate any 24 25 personal issues at home or any --

1	MR. CORELLO: No.
2	CAPTAIN ESCHER: issues with the
3	company that he voiced to you?
4	MR. CORELLO: No.
5	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. I
6	think I am done with my list of questions. We'll go
7	around the room and let everybody else ask some
8	questions too in case they have some follow-up
9	questions or want some more clarification, if that's
10	okay.
11	MR. CORELLO: Okay.
12	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Do you need a break or
13	anything?
14	MR. CORELLO: No. I'm good.
15	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Hi, Joe. Just one, or a
17	couple of things that caught my attention I want to
18	make sure we're clear on.
19	When you, when Sean had asked you about
20	the autopilot usage, I want to make kind of clear
21	that you flew two different type of airplanes, okay.
22	So, specific to the Hawker aircraft, was there a
23	policy to use the autopilot on the approaches?
24	MR. CORELLO: I don't, I don't recall if
25	there was a policy or not in place. But, I do know

1	that that's standard recommended procedure that they
2	teach you in training.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: To what?
4	MR. CORELLO: To use the autopilot in
5	actual conditions.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: On all approaches?
7	MR. CORELLO: In actual conditions, yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you recall Oscar,
9	when he was flying with you, his preference as far as
10	using the autopilot or not using the autopilot?
11	MR. CORELLO: If I remember correctly, he
12	was a pretty heavy user of the autopilot, yes.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	MR. CORELLO: He used the autopilot pretty
15	consistently, in my experience.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Great. And then
17	
_ /	you mentioned that, Sean had asked you if you had
18	you mentioned that, Sean had asked you if you had never had any issues with having to call of on a trip
18	never had any issues with having to call of on a trip
18 19	never had any issues with having to call of on a trip or cancel a leg or something because of weather or
18 19 20	never had any issues with having to call of on a trip or cancel a leg or something because of weather or whatever.
18 19 20 21	never had any issues with having to call of on a trip or cancel a leg or something because of weather or whatever. You said, in your experience. Have you
18 19 20 21 22	never had any issues with having to call of on a trip or cancel a leg or something because of weather or whatever. You said, in your experience. Have you heard any other pilots have any issues with calling
18 19 20 21 22 23	never had any issues with having to call of on a trip or cancel a leg or something because of weather or whatever. You said, in your experience. Have you heard any other pilots have any issues with calling off trips or

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
2	MR. CORELLO: I mean, as long as you had a
3	valid reason, like I said, I can only speak for
4	myself.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
6	MR. CORELLO: But, I never had a problem.
7	If I had a valid reason for not doing a trip, I would
8	call and say, this is my reason and they would say,
9	look at the reason and say okay.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
11	MR. CORELLO: No problem.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: And, I understand that's
13	your experience but, you know, pilots talk and
14	everybody gets together and that type of thing.
15	I was just curious if you had heard of
16	anybody else having issues or pushback from the
17	company because they didn't want to fly.
18	MR. CORELLO: Not that I can recall any
19	specific
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
21	MR. CORELLO: examples. No.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And then there was
23	something that caught my ear a little bit. Sean had
24	asked you, how was his piloting skills, and we're
25	talking about Oscar at this time, okay, because you

1	all flew together. How was and you said he was
2	okay.
3	MR. CORELLO: I mean
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Can you expand upon what
5	okay means?
6	MR. CORELLO: You know, he was, he was, he
7	was an acceptable pilot. He was in, you know, he
8	kept his tolerances within a legal range and, you
9	know, he wasn't the greatest pilot I've ever flown
10	with and he wasn't the worst. You know what I mean?
11	He was okay. He was, he was an average, solid
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
13	MR. CORELLO: pilot, in my experience
14	with him.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. What were some of
16	his stronger skills, in your opinion, that you have
17	observed?
18	MR. CORELLO: I mean, his landings were
19	pretty good.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Let me ask
21	about communications. Was he talkative? Did he like
22	to communicate?
23	MR. CORELLO: Yes. I mean we had, you
24	know, as far as what do you mean? Like a
25	communications, like interpersonal
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Well
2	MR. CORELLO: conversation?
3	MR. LAWRENCE: did he talk? Did he
4	make the call-outs he was supposed to make? Was he
5	verbal in the cockpit?
6	MR. CORELLO: He was.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
8	MR. CORELLO: He was. In my experience
9	with him, he was, he made, you know, he made his
10	standard call-outs and
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
12	MR. CORELLO: he did all right.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So, I asked you,
14	what was, what would you consider his strongest
15	skills, based on your experience. What would you
16	consider maybe his least strongest or weakest skills
17	as a pilot?
18	MR. CORELLO: Well, his radio
19	communications skills were probably his weakest suit.
20	I don't know if it was a language barrier or what,
21	but that was the one thing that kind of struck me.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh. Okay. And, I was kind
23	of curious because Sean was asking you a little bit
24	about non-precision approaches. Can you estimate, in
25	your time with ExecuFlight, how many non-precision

1 approaches would you actually conduct, maybe 2 percentage wise, of all approaches? MR. CORELLO: You know, that's a tough 3 4 question. I really have no idea. I mean, we did a lot of non-precision approaches because we would go 5 to small airports, some of which they didn't have 6 7 precision approaches, especially in South and Central America. 8 So percentage wise, I don't know, maybe 30 9 I mean, that's a wild guess, but --10 percent. 11 MR. LAWRENCE: Thirty percent of the 12 approaches were non-precision? MR. CORELLO: Maybe, I don't know. 13 14 there was, you know, we shot a lot of non-precision approaches in my experience. But like I said, I 15 spent a lot of time in South America when I was with 16 Execuflight. 17 18 Right. MR. LAWRENCE: There was a lot of non-19 MR. CORELLO: precision approaches. And, we went to a lot of small 20 21 fields in the United States that, some of which didn't have --22 I'm going to test 23 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. your math skills here too. They said there'd be no 24 25 math in an interview, but --

1	MR. CORELLO: All right.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Here it comes. Okay. Of
3	those non-precision approaches, you said about 30
4	percent would be non-precision
5	MR. CORELLO: Maybe 25, 30 percent.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: There you go, I, okay. So,
7	of, let's say 25 to 30 percent, how many of those
8	would you let the FO, or do you think the FO would be
9	shooting?
10	MR. CORELLO: You know, I don't know.
11	That would be, like I said, a case-by-case basis
12	depending on who the FO is and their abilities and
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
14	MR. CORELLO: You know. That's a,
15	percentage wise, that's a difficult number to
16	quantify.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Would you, in your opinion,
18	characterize the number of landings and approaches
19	that FOs received at ExecuFlight less than what the
20	captains were conducting?
21	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Would you
23	characterize that further as regular, significantly
24	less?
25	MR. CORELLO: No. I wouldn't say

1	significantly.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Okay. But, that it
3	is a smaller number than what the captains are doing?
4	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Okay. Let's
6	see. I just had a couple more things that You
7	doing okay there?
8	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: You're okay? Flew the
10	Hawker 700 and 800, huh?
11	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Differences in those
13	airplanes?
14	MR. CORELLO: Yes. I did Differences
15	training.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Where there, in your
17	experience as a pilot, were there significant
18	differences between, transitioning between one and
19	the other when you flew on the line?
20	MR. CORELLO: I wouldn't say significant
21	differences. I mean, there were definitely
22	differences.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: All right.
24	MR. CORELLO: I mean, it's the same
25	airplane, but, you know, different wing, different

1	layout, slightly different numbers.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Layout, you mean cockpit
3	layout?
4	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So, some instruments
6	were in different places
7	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: between the 700, the two
9	700s that you flew as well?
10	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And the 800 had a
12	digital screen for the ADI?
13	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And, the Hawkers did
15	not, correct?
16	MR. CORELLO: The 700s did not, no. I
17	don't believe so.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And, the Differences
19	training, where did you receive that?
20	MR. CORELLO: Dallas at Simuflite.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Did you get any sim time or
22	any hands on time for the differences, or it all just
23	ground school?
24	MR. CORELLO: It was all ground school.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
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1	MR. CORELLO: It was a 700 simulator
2	ground school differences in the 800 and 800XP.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So, you go through a
4	sim training program on the Hawker at CAE?
5	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Differences, ground school.
7	So, the first time you'd actually fly the airplane,
8	or operate the airplane would be on the line
9	MR. CORELLO: The 800?
10	MR. LAWRENCE: for the 800?
11	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Differences in
13	capabilities for the autopilot between the two, the
14	700 and 800?
15	MR. CORELLO: The autopilots were slightly
16	different. Yes.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: In what regards?
18	MR. CORELLO: The switches were different
19	and the, you know, the way they, the smoothness, I
20	guess you could say, of them was slightly different.
21	Just the way they worked was slightly different, but
22	they were the same, so very similar autopilots.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
24	MR. CORELLO: Just, you know, slightly
25	different.
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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Got to sit in on one
2	yesterday, so and played with that little rachet knob
3	for the vertical speed
4	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: I guess. And, I guess
6	it's a, it's a spring to zero or spring back
7	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: It's just a momentary hit
9	and then it comes back to zero. How much, now
10	specific to the 700, like the accident aircraft, how
11	much do you get pitch change when you hit one of
12	those things?
13	MR. CORELLO: It depends on how long you
14	hold it and how far you move it.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
16	MR. CORELLO: Maximum pitch change, I
17	don't know. I don't know what the maximum limit is
18	on that.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
20	MR. CORELLO: I know that if you hold it,
21	it will pitch down pretty good.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Really?
23	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Is it technique or is, did
25	you get any guidance that you guys just tap it, tap
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1	it, tap it or do you see people hold it?
2	MR. CORELLO: It depends on what your
3	going for, you know.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	MR. CORELLO: You're going for a quick,
6	constant descent, then you can hold it. I personally
7	would tap it.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
9	MR. CORELLO: That was my technique.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Other pilots use
11	that same technique?
12	MR. CORELLO: Most of them. Yes.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Oscar? Do you
14	remember if he used that technique?
15	MR. CORELLO: You know, I don't recall. I
16	believe so.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
18	MR. CORELLO: Because if you don't, it's
19	kind of an aggressive pitch change
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
21	MR. CORELLO: if you just go to max.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: So, that's not giving you
23	any kind of vertical speed, like each knob or each
24	bump is 100 vertical speed, it's just a pitch?
25	MR. CORELLO: Yes. You're just changing

1	the pitch and then once you, once you establish the
2	pitch you want in a vertical speed, then you can hit
3	vertical speed hold and it will hold that pitch.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Because you're changing
5	pitch down and you got to wait to find out what
6	vertical speed you get
7	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: because (inaudible)
9	instantaneous right?
10	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: So, it takes a little
12	while? Or, how long does it take to get to the
13	vertical speed that you've selected?
14	MR. CORELLO: I mean
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Say, let me give you a
16	vertical speed. If I'm going to 1,500 feet per
17	minute, how many bumps do you think, and how long
18	would it take to get to that?
19	MR. CORELLO: I don't know. Maybe just a
20	few bumps
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	MR. CORELLO: and then, just wait a
23	second while it pitches down.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: All right.
25	MR. CORELLO: And, then adjust it.
I	I and the state of

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
2	MR. CORELLO: And you can catch it with
3	the button, the vertical speed button. If you see
4	1,500, you hit the button and it'll hold.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh. The vertical speed.
6	So, if you hit vertical speed, say you pitch it way
7	down really quick and as it's going through vertical,
8	1,500, if you vertical speed, it should hold?
9	MR. CORELLO: It should hold it.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: It should hold whatever it
11	is? Okay. Is that how pilots flew non-precision
12	approaches, because you're doing step downs right?
13	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Would they Were
15	you taught to do the wheel, wheel, wheel to vertical
16	speed and hit vertical speed when you got it, or did
17	you just do the wheel until you got whatever pitch?
18	MR. CORELLO: I mean, if you're doing a
19	short step down, then you would just hit the pitch
20	mode, let it go down and then it recapture the next
21	set altitude.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Okay.
23	MR. CORELLO: Because you're not looking a
24	sustained descent rate.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.

MR. CORELLO: If you're looking for a sustained descent rate, then you'd set it. But, if your just looking for to go down 500 feet or something, then I wouldn't, I would just pitch it down a little bit and then let it capture the next set altitude. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. In the Hawker, how were you taught to do a step down? Were you taught to do like 1,500 feet per minute or, you know, try and quess how much vertical speed you need to get down to the MDA, or --MR. CORELLO: I mean, that's a case-bycase basis, you know, for how much vertical speed you need -MR. LAWRENCE: I got that. MR. CORELLO: -- (inaudible) down your speed and the distance between your step down --MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. -- and how far you're going. MR. CORELLO: MR. LAWRENCE: But, were you taught to get down, like were you given any kind of quidance like a maximum vertical speed to try and get down to MDA or was it just whatever you could do to get to MDA? I mean, I don't recall, you MR. CORELLO: know, an exact set quidance on --

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1	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
2	MR. CORELLO: vertical speed. But, I
3	know that, you know, standard descent rates, there's
4	typically 2,000 feet a minute and or below. You
5	know, like, so 1,500 or 1,000 if you're low, you
6	know, depending on what you're doing.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. So, there wasn't
8	anything that said you couldn't go to 2,500 feet per
9	minute if you needed to. If you just want to fall
10	out of the sky from final approach fix down to MDA,
11	there was nothing that limited you on vertical speed,
12	how much vertical speed to get to MDA?
13	MR. CORELLO: In the airplane, no.
14	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
15	MR. CORELLO: There was nothing that would
16	self-limit that.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. That's a airplane
18	limitation. Was there any guidance from the company
19	that said, don't do over this much vertical speed?
20	MR. CORELLO: I don't recall to be honest
21	with you from the company. I know that CAE, you
22	know, they would recommend I don't, I don't think
23	I mean, personally, I never did that, so I don't
24	know.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Sure. I got that.

1 (Simultaneous speaking). I'm trying to find out 2 MR. LAWRENCE: where the quidance is because that's a good technique 3 that you're using. But, I'm trying to find that this 4 is a quidance that's written someplace. Was it 5 trained? Do you recall if CA trained a certain 6 7 vertical speed down? MR. CORELLO: You know, I don't, I 8 honestly don't recall. I know that, that if you were 9 10 to go into the simulator at CAE and bomb down at 11 5,000 feet a minute, then for sure they would say something to you. 12 MR. LAWRENCE: 13 Yes. 14 MR. CORELLO: You know, as far as that's concerned, I never, I mean, that's kind of primary 15 pilot training that you don't do that. 16 never run into that situation where I encountered any 17 specific quidance on that. 18 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I think I have a, I 19 have one that I want, I might come back to later, but 20 -- I think that's all I have for right now. Donnie? 21 22 MR. SHACKLEFORD: No, I'm fine. 23 normal.

Okav.

And, John?

MR. LAWRENCE:

CAPTAIN ESCHER:

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1	MR. DRAGO: I don't have anything
2	additional. Thank you.
3	CAPTAIN ESCHER: All righty. I've just
4	got a few lasts that kind of come to my attention as
5	he was talking. They kind of popped back into my
6	brain. So, I apologize.
7	MR. CORELLO: Okay. No worries.
8	CAPTAIN ESCHER: At the beginning, you
9	know, when we talked about your history, you know, we
10	left here, now you're working where you are. You'd
11	mentioned that the days off.
12	You get ten hard days there. Was, did
13	you, was there a lot of days off here? Were they few
14	and far between?
15	MR. CORELLO: Execuflight gave us the
16	minimum required quarterly days off, hard days off.
17	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Do you remember
18	what that was?
19	MR. CORELLO: Thirteen in a quarter.
20	CAPTAIN ESCHER: If you needed
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Thirteen days in a quarter
22	or thirteen out of a quarter days.
23	MR. CORELLO: Thirteen days per a three-
24	month period.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.

1	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
2	MR. CORELLO: Quarter of the year as per
3	the 135
4	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Yes.
5	MR. CORELLO: limitation. If you
6	needed more time off, was it hard to get? How would
7	you go about getting it or did you?
8	MR. CORELLO: You know, if we needed more
9	time off, you could request specific more time off
10	and sometimes you could get it. You know, it's a
11	small company, didn't have a lot of pilots, so.
12	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. How would you go
13	about requesting it?
14	MR. CORELLO: You'd have to put in a
15	request to the DO
16	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.
17	MR. CORELLO: in writing. They had a
18	form. You'd fill out a form, give it to them and
19	then they might approve it or deny it.
20	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Since, you said
21	that you guys were a small company, would you ever
22	consider the airline short staffed as a pilot? Did
23	you feel like they didn't have enough pilots to
24	MR. CORELLO: You know, in my experience
25	lately, every airline is short staffed nowadays, so.

1	You know, that's been my experience.
2	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. So, probably no
3	more, in your opinion, they're probably no more, no
4	less short staffed than anybody else or
5	MR. CORELLO: In my experience, you know,
6	I believe that the pilot shortage is real. So,
7	there's definitely a limited supply.
8	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. And,
9	when David was talking about Oscar, and you said that
10	one of his weakness was radio communication, and you
11	said you weren't sure if it was a language barrier or
12	what it was. Was it a communication Did he have
13	any communication problems inside the cockpit
14	communicating with you?
15	MR. CORELLO: No. No. Not that I recall.
16	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. All righty. Did
17	you ever think
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
19	CAPTAIN ESCHER: of that question?
20	MR. LAWRENCE: I did. A couple of things.
21	Call-outs for non-precision approach in the Hawker,
22	do you recall what those call-outs would have been on
23	approach, for instance, we've intercepted the
24	localizer. I'm talking about a localized approach
25	MR. CORELLO: Yes.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: with the step downs in
2	MDA. Walk me through what I should hear in a cockpit
3	in an ExecuFlight Hawker from about five miles from
4	the final approach, fixed flying.
5	MR. CORELLO: Okay. Well, it, bear with
6	me because it's been quite a while since I've flown a
7	Hawker.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: I agree. Indeed. Yes.
9	And I appreciate
LO	MR. CORELLO: And I got the G4 in my, in
L1	my brain right now -
L2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
L3	MR. CORELLO: As I, from my recollection
L4	here, you know, you would call localizer alive,
L5	localizer captured and then, you know, you would call
L6	your configuration changes, you know, as you're
L7	calling for Flaps 1, Flaps 2, whatever, gear down.
L8	You know, and you would, you had your altitude call-
L9	outs, of course.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
21	MR. CORELLO: And then, you know, on your
22	descent towards the final approach fix you've, you
23	had your 1,00 above, 500 above, 300 above, 200 above
24	and
25	MR. LAWRENCE: What is that above? A

1	thousand above?
2	MR. CORELLO: Minimums.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So, if I'm only
4	descending about 700 feet, I probably won't hear
5	that.
6	MR. CORELLO: It depends. If you, what
7	altitude are you descending from?
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Well, if I'm descending
9	MR. CORELLO: You know.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: like from only 700 feet
11	of descent to the MDA from the final approach fix am
12	I going to hear it?
13	MR. CORELLO: Then you're not going to get
14	a thousand above.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it.
16	MR. CORELLO: You're going to get 500
17	above.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it.
19	MR. CORELLO: Three hundred above, 200
20	above, 100 above and minimums. At least you should.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. And then, and at
22	minimums call, so I should hear that.
23	MR. CORELLO: You should hear an at
24	minimums call.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Who's making that call?

1	MR. CORELLO: The pilot not flying should
2	call.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. And then at
4	minimums, what's the pilot flying doing?
5	MR. CORELLO: The pilot flying is flying.
6	In the at minimums, the pilot looking outside on non-
7	precision, let's say your capture altitude, the pilot
8	not flying should be looking for the runway.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
10	MR. CORELLO: The pilot flying should be
11	monitoring his instruments and flying the airplane.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: If he's flying on
13	automation, does he hit altitude hold when he gets to
14	the MDA?
15	MR. CORELLO: It should automatically go
16	to altitude hold.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Because you hit the
18	altitudes?
19	MR. CORELLO: You set the altitude. Yes.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. And then, I'm
21	curious about, you know, with your experience, you've
22	got good time, you've got multiple types, you've
23	flown jets in several companies now.
24	Are you familiar with the term CDFA?
25	Constant descent final approach?
I	I .

1	MR. CORELLO: Constant, yes.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: What is that?
3	MR. CORELLO: Constant descent final
4	approach where you, where you maintain a constant
5	descent to the VDP.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: All right.
7	MR. CORELLO: You're talking about?
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Or to the MDA?
9	MR. CORELLO: Yes.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Do you operate like
11	that? Or did you operate like that at ExecuFlight?
12	Did you incorporate the concept of CDFA or non-
13	precision, or were they all dive and drive
14	approaches.
15	MR. CORELLO: You know, they weren't all
16	dive and drive. It depends on the approach really.
17	There's no V-Nav mode in the
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
19	MR. CORELLO: Hawker.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
21	MR. CORELLO: So, it's kind of difficult
22	to use the automation in that regard.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
24	MR. CORELLO: Like the G4, we can set that
25	up and it automatically does it.
25	up and it automatically does it.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
2	MR. CORELLO: The Hawker doesn't have that
3	capability.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	MR. CORELLO: So, you know, a more
6	realisic method was to descend to your MDA
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
8	MR. CORELLO: and then look for the
9	runway
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
11	MR. CORELLO: and fly to your missed
12	approach point.
13	MR. LAWRENCE: Is that what CAE taught,
14	the Hawker?
15	MR. CORELLO: I believe CAE allowed you to
16	do it either way.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. They allowed it.
18	What'd they teach?
19	MR. CORELLO: I don't recall to be honest
20	with you.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. That's all I have.
22	CAPTAIN ESCHER: All right. John, did you
23	come up with anything?
24	MR. DRAGO: No, Sean.
25	CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay.

1 MR. DRAGO: I'm good here. CAPTAIN ESCHER: All right. Thanks. Two 2 last questions and then I think we're done. 3 So, I 4 apologize. MR. CORELLO: No worries. 5 Feels like a never ending CAPTAIN ESCHER: 6 7 interview, right? When you were doing a nonprecision approach in the Hawker, and you were 8 walking David through call-outs and what to expect, 9 when you would do the approach, outside the final 10 11 approach fix, would you go with flaps full or would you only bring the flaps to 25? 12 And, I know it's been a while so, I apologize. 13 14 MR. CORELLO: Yes. I believe full flaps was the method. 15 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Outside the final 16 approach fix. 17 18 MR. CORELLO: By the final approach fix. 19 Yes. CAPTAIN ESCHER: Okay. Okay. And, the 20 last question, you said it was a, it's a small 21 company, you know, everybody knows everybody. 22 have to put it in writing, you know, you need extra 23 days off for, or whatever. How would you classify, 24

in your opinion, the corporate culture here? Was it,

1 you know, everybody worked with everybody? Was there any animosity? Did you feel comfortable talking to 2 upper management? 3 MR. CORELLO: Personally, I felt 4 comfortable talking to management. I had no problem 5 with it. And, I can't recall any real animosity 6 between anyone. You know, but I can only speak for 7 myself. 8 All we want you to speak 9 CAPTAIN ESCHER: Anything you can think of that we should Okay. 10 11 have asked and we didn't? MR. CORELLO: Not that I can think of, no. 12 Okay. Anything that you CAPTAIN ESCHER: 13 14 think, from your experience, that might help us doing this investigation to, kind of, have a better 15 understanding? 16 MR. CORELLO: I mean, I don't know. 17 Ι don't know the details of the investigation. 18 CAPTAIN ESCHER: 19 Okay. No problem. final thoughts you have or anything along that lines? 2.0 21 Okav. Well, we appreciate it. And, thank you again 22 for taking your time on this. No problem. 23 MR. CORELLO: Yes. (Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went 24 25 off the record at an undisclosed time.)

CERTIFICATE

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident

November 10, 2015

NTSB Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Joseph Corello

DATE: 12-03-15

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 55 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

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IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036 AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

INTERVIEW OF: Nick Brown

Thursday, December 3, 2015

Banyon Aviation

Ft. Lauderdale Executive Airport

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

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On Behalf of ExecuFlight:

DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Good afternoon. My		
name is Captain Sean Etcher and I'm an Investigator		
with the National Transportation Safety Board. I'm a		
Member of the Operations Group for the Execuflight		
Hawker accident that occurred in Akron, Ohio.		
My role here it to learn what I can about		
the accident so we can assist the investigation and		
hopefully prevent this from reoccurring. As part of		
our process we invite parties to participate in the		
investigation to provide us technical expertise.		
For this group we have the NTSB,		
Execuflight, Textron, and the FAA. I'll go around the		
room and ask everyone to introduce themselves and		
provide their affiliation.		
INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Name's David		
Lawrence. I'm the Operations Group Chairman with the		
NTSB.		
MR. SHACKLEFORD: Donnie Shackleford,		
captain on the Hawker 700 and 800 for Execuflight.		
MR. JAHR: Chris Jahr, from the Wicker Smith		
law firm.		
MR. BROWN: And Nick Brown, Charter Sales		
Execuflight.		
INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And on the phone?		

1	MR. DRAGO: Good afternoon. John Drago, I'm
2	an Inspector with the FAA located in Cleveland, Ohio.
3	And my role here is simply to assist the NTSB
4	Operations Group in furthering the investigation. I
5	will not be using any of the information provided here
6	today for any other reason than to support the NTSB in
7	this investigation.
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Nick, you are welcome
9	to have one representative of your choice to attend.
10	Do you wish Chris to be that representative?
11	MR. BROWN: Yes, that's fine.
12	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: As part of the
13	process, we'll record the interview. We'll have a
14	transcription made which will eventually become part of
15	the factual report. The audio will not be part of the
16	public docket. Do you have any questions about the
17	process?
18	MR. BROWN: No.
19	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All right, we'll start
20	off with some nice easy questions for you.
21	State your full name.
22	MR. BROWN: Nicholas Ryan (phonetic) Brown.
23	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And your age?
24	MR. BROWN: 28.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: What's your current
Į	

1	title?
2	MR. BROWN: Charter Sales.
3	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: With?
4	MR. BROWN: Execuflight.
5	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And how long
6	have you been in that position?
7	MR. BROWN: Four years, five years in August
8	of next year.
9	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And what does that job
10	description or duties require of you?
11	MR. BROWN: My job description is sale to
12	brokers and users, charter sales with our fleet.
13	Sometimes we broker out aircraft but mainly it's in-
14	house sales to our brokers and clients. And then we
15	schedule them, and send trip sheets. And non-technical
16	dispatch duties.
17	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And how many
18	employees are there within that division or that group?
19	MR. BROWN: It's me and Sal, so two. And
20	then Danny, three.
21	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Danny, the owner, CEO?
22	MR. BROWN: The owner, yes.
23	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And what did
24	you do prior to your employment here at Execuflight?

MR. BROWN: I worked at Presidential

1	Aviation, Universal Jet, a charter. And before that I
2	worked with Florida Jet, service, PR (phonetic) to FXE.
3	Mainly, I've been in the industry for about six years.
4	You know, four with Execuflight.
5	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Are you a
6	pilot?
7	MR. BROWN: No.
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Are you a licensed FAA
9	dispatcher?
10	MR. BROWN: No, I'm not.
11	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: As part of your duties
12	or extra duties, have you ever filed any flight plans
13	for pilots with Execuflight?
14	MR. BROWN: I haven't filed, but I did, I
15	started flight plans, where you would pick a route,
16	time, and the aircrafts. And then the pilots would
17	file them. That's only when they ask me to though. I
18	do not file flight plans though.
19	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And when they ask you,
20	is that the pilot or Execuflight? Or who asks you to
21	do that?
22	MR. BROWN: That would be Danny or the
23	pilots. So I have assisted with the preliminary work
24	for a flight plan, but I do not file the flight plans.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.

1 MR. BROWN: They do the end result. 2 look it over, the flight plan, and then they file them 3 themselves. 4 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Do you ever obtain any weather or research any weather for the pilots? 5 We do look over the weather. MR. BROWN: 6 7 That's like there's a hurricane coming ahead, or a severe thunderstorm. Yes, we look at it, advise the 8 pilots saying you know. We have a trip that we're 9 quoting and schedule, and we'll bring it up to them. 10 11 But they have the final call on the flight for the weather. 12 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All right. 13 14 ever gather any weight information on the passengers, or anything along that --15 MR. BROWN: We have when the broker, you 16 Hey, I have you know seven people, 250/300 17 know asks. 18 pounds with luggage you know. Can this fit? That's the only time we ever put together information. 19 the broker gives it to us. Hey, can we do this flight? 2.0 21 Well, hey, give me the weight and dimensions of the 22 luggage and stuff. And then we ask the captain who would make that call. 23 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: So the broker provides 24 25 the weight to you?

1	MR. BROWN: There has been flights in the
2	past, where the broker, has hey, I have this many
3	people. These are their weights, and this is how much
4	luggage they're bringing on. Will this fit? And then
5	you know we, if we don't know we ask the command, the
6	captain. Captain, be like, yes we can do it. He runs
7	the numbers with the weights that are provided to us.
8	Yes.
9	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And do you ever do a
LO	weight and balance for the pilots?
L1	MR. BROWN: I do not do a weight, pilots do
L2	them.
L3	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All righty. Have you
L4	ever ridden on any of the Execuflight aircrafts?
L5	MR. BROWN: Yes.
L6	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Which ones, what
L7	types?
L8	MR. BROWN: I've ridden on the Hawker 800,
L9	700, and G3.
20	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Did you ever ride on
21	the accident flight
22	MR. BROWN: No.
23	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Aircraft?
24	MR. BROWN: No, I did not.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.

1 MR. BROWN: The other 7, (inaudible). 2 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Did you know either of the accident pilots? 3 4 MR. BROWN: Yes, I knew Oscar and Renato from Execuflight. 5 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Just professionally, 6 7 not personally? MR. BROWN: Just professionally, not 8 personally. 9 All righty. And when 10 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 11 they were here and you knew them professionally, how was your interaction with them? Great to work with or 12 -- in your opinion were they easy --13 14 MR. BROWN: In my opinion, they were very easy to work with. Happy to fly, want to fly. 15 They got along very well. Never complaining. So overall, I 16 would say they were very well to work with, you know, 17 for a crew. You know, they were happy. 18 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Did you book or 19 crate the accident trip? 20 MR. BROWN: I did not. Sal, originally 21 22 quoted it to the broker. They made some changes that I helped with and then we sent the trip sheet. Sal was 23 out of the office the day that they made some changes, 24 25 just minor changes with times and stuff. But they

always did have Akron Fulton Airport on their 1 2 itinerary. They made a little swaps on the routing of 3 4 the full trip, which I helped with. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: What kind of swaps did 5 they make, if you can recall? 6 7 They, like the first airport MR. BROWN: that they requested to go to was Fort Lauderdale to 8 They changed that to St. Paul. 9 Akron. So you know they swapped a couple legs, but it was always Akron 10 11 Fulton Airport that they wanted to use. Because that was closer to their intended destination. 12 All righty. 13 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 14 Typically, how is it that a trip is created when you know, from your viewpoint? 15 How is it you create a trip if somebody 16 calls? 17 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: 18 Someone calls with a We quote it out. We get feedback. 19 request. want to book, we look at our availability with crew, 20 21 and our schedule. We wait for the signed contract to 22 come back. We get it approved by Danny. After he approves it, we set it up. And then we get all the 23 details from the broker, passengers, times, FBOs. 24 25 We're on the no-fly list, and before it's

1	released, the chief pilot looks at it. And will
2	release the flight. That's after we schedule, you
3	know, we have the passenger's departure times, all the
4	details and then crew.
5	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: I'm sorry, I have to
6	take this call.
7	MR. BROWN: The chief pilot has, and
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: We'll pause for just a
9	moment, hold on.
10	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter
11	momentarily went off the record).
12	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All righty. We were
13	talking about how you create a trip. And you send it
14	to the chief pilot to get some feedback. Can you kind
15	of continue from there?
16	MR. BROWN: Well, he releases the flight
17	after we book it. We schedule it. He releases the
18	final and this is, you know, this is a go, or no we're
19	not doing this.
20	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
21	MR. BROWN: Danny, or the chief pilot. And
22	that's how we book a flight and release it.
23	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Now
24	MR. BROWN: For 135.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Understood, sorry.
I	I and the state of

1	Thank you. Now at the beginning of that you said that
2	you get the call to prepare the numbers or whatever.
3	And then you get some feedback
4	MR. BROWN: We get a call or an email.
5	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And you get some
6	feedback. What do you mean by you get feedback?
7	MR. BROWN: Feedback?
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: At the beginning, you
9	get the call from the broker
10	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Oh no. Yes, we get
11	the call, we get feedback. Hey, how are we looking on
12	pricing on this?
13	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
14	MR. BROWN: That's what I meant by feedback
15	from the
16	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Yes, sorry. I
17	just wanted a little
18	MR. BROWN: from the quotation.
19	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: I just wanted a little
20	clarification, sorry about that.
21	MR. BROWN: No problem.
22	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: So, who typically
23	contacts you? Is it the broker? Is it a direct sale?
24	How's that work?
25	MR. BROWN: Eighty percent is brokers.

1	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And the other
2	20 percent?
3	MR. BROWN: Would be end users.
4	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. How is it you
5	can assess which airplane could be used for a trip that
6	you're building?
7	MR. BROWN: Going on the passenger count.
8	We have mid and heavy.
9	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
10	MR. BROWN: I mean if it's over 8
11	passengers, we can't book the Hawker or Westwind. Has
12	to be a G3. It depends on the length, you know, where
13	it'll be flying, the duration of the flight. I mean we
14	can't fly seven hours in the Hawker. So that's what it
15	is, its location, elevation, duration of flight, and
16	passenger count. That's how we decide, hey you know,
17	what are we because we get a lot of calls from
18	brokers say, hey you know, can you fly here to San
19	Francisco, non-stop on a Hawker?
20	No we can't. I don't have Supermid.
21	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
22	MR. BROWN: We got a heavy. And that's,
23	brokers don't know that. You know they think private
24	jets could fly, you know across the country without a
25	fuel stop. No, that's not how it works.
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1	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
2	MR. BROWN: So yes, that's
3	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Understood. Is there
4	a certain length of runway you look at, where the
5	airports they're planning on going? Is there certain
6	lengths you look for?
7	MR. BROWN: Yes.
8	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And what is that?
9	MR. BROWN: Over 5,000 at sea level.
10	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Is that a Execuflight
11	policy? Or is that just something that you all use as
12	
13	MR. BROWN: It's Part 135 regulations.
14	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
15	MR. BROWN: Minimum 5,000 feet at sea level.
16	We don't go under that.
17	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Once the trip
18	sheet is created, and it's approved up through the
19	levels it goes through, do you do anything to get the
20	flight scheduled? The crews, the airplanes, how do you
21	determine that?
22	MR. BROWN: We assist in scheduling crews,
23	but like I said, the chief pilot has the final decision
24	on who he wants to fly that, you know flight. We help
25	with fuel pricing, FBO coordination, and flight

1	following with the brokers.
2	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: I'm sorry. Flight
3	following
4	MR. BROWN: Flight following, like door's
5	open, door's closed. We track the flight on
6	FlightAware. Flight following with the broker.
7	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: So you do it for the
8	broker, not for Execuflight?
9	MR. BROWN: We do it for us, we want to know
10	where our plane is too, with it you know. After they
11	land, hey, we let the plane landed, flight went
12	well. We get feedback from mainly the crew. Customer
13	service, you know to the broker.
14	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And how do you know
15	when the doors are, I think the door's closed, door's
16	open?
17	MR. BROWN: Yes, door's closed would be
18	literally just what it says. Door's closed, they're
19	taxiing out right before take-off.
20	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: How do they
21	communicate that with you?
22	MR. BROWN: Text message.
23	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And the same with door
24	open?
25	MR. BROWN: And door open, as soon as they

1	land, taxi in, door opens up at the FBO, and we would
2	get a door's open.
3	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Is there anything else
4	that they typically put on there?
5	MR. BROWN: Nope. Just that, door is
6	closed, door is open. That's it.
7	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Once a trip has
8	been scheduled and approved and the airplane's
9	allocated. Does anybody ever come up and say no, this
10	trip can't be done for some reason that you're aware
11	of?
12	MR. BROWN: Oh, yes. We've had requests,
13	we've booked and you know Danny comes in, the chief
14	pilot, hey, we can't fly non-stop out of Aspen to Fort
15	Lauderdale in the summer due to the elevation. So you
16	know, we make changes, and yes. So to answer your
17	question, yes.
18	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: That's Danny or chief
19	pilot or somebody?
20	MR. BROWN: Chief pilot or Danny.
21	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Do your pilots ever
22	come to you and say the same thing, or do they
23	typically
24	MR. BROWN: Yes, they do.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: All right. Do you
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1	ever, I know you said the chief pilot schedules the
2	pilots for the trips, do you ever deal with pilot's
3	days off. Or looking at that or schedule their days
4	off?
5	MR. BROWN: They'll tell us, hey, you know
6	my son's birthday is coming up. I'd like to have this
7	day off. We mention to the chief pilot, but it's his
8	final decision. And then we put it on the calendar, so
9	we all know.
10	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: As part of your
11	duties, do you book I think you said earlier you
12	might book hotels for pilots?
13	MR. BROWN: We book hotels, yes.
14	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Do you keep track of
15	their flight time or duty time at all?
16	MR. BROWN: Yes.
17	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: How so? How do you
18	keep track of it?
19	MR. BROWN: We know that it's ten hours in
20	24 flight time. And then duty time would be 14 hours.
21	We do know about that, and we do keep track. We don't
22	quote flights and schedule flights over ten hours in a
23	day, or 14 in a duty.
24	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: So you typically will
25	schedule the flight accordingly
	I .

Right, and if we're close, 1 MR. BROWN: 2 we'll, hey, let's look at the times here. Is this 3 doable? And then the captain you know will tell us. 4 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. For the accident trip, do you recall any concerns about it that 5 was mentioned around? 6 7 MR. BROWN: No, I mean I was working that day and you know, I was flight following. I called the 8 FBO, because I hadn't heard from them, and I get a 9 door's open. Called the FBO, and they said it wasn't 10 11 They told me to call the approach. I called there. 12 them and they gave me the news. As soon as I found that out, I called Danny. 13 14 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Does Execuflight have a policy in place for events like 15 that, where there is no door's open text received? 16 Do you guys have a written policy at 17 Execuflight? 18 MR. BROWN: That I don't know. 19 written policy. But I, you know from instincts, you 2.0 21 call your superior, the President, CEO. And that's why 22 I called as soon as I found out. 23 INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Is there typically a time that you wait to get a door's open 24 25 text before you start that process?

MR. BROWN: I mean you know, after we in FlightAware you know we see them land. We give them like ten, fifteen minutes, you know taxi time to come You know help with the passenger's luggage. normally as soon as they touch down, they taxi, and we will get the message, door's open. INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: You've answered a lot of my questions. Right now, I'm going to go around the room and let the other gentlemen ask questions if they have any. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay, ever had difficulties booking a trip or scheduling a trip due to lack of flight crews? MR. BROWN: No. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. You said you also helped with the booking of hotels? MR. BROWN: Yes. INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: What is the priority or what is the process of determining which hotel you're going to put the crew up in? MR. BROWN: We look at a hotel nearby. You know with a restaurant, because they want to eat. And you know, it's usually a Marriott, Hilton, something nearby, you know. Just in case we get a callout, hey, departure time changes, they're within ten minutes of

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1 the airport. 2 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You said the pilots will occasionally call you to ask for days off, and 3 obviously the chief pilot has the final say and 4 5 authority --MR. BROWN: Well that's because we, you know 6 7 we make notes on the calendar, and we schedule flights. We put people's doctor appointments on the calendar but 8 like I said, it's the captain's final, or the chief 9 10 pilot's final decision --11 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Right. 12 -- to schedule, you know, hard MR. BROWN: days off. 13 14 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Specific to Oscar or Renato. 15 MR. BROWN: Yes. 16 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: During the lead up 17 18 to this actual trip, say let's go back two weeks prior to the accident. Had you received any phone calls from 19 either one of those individuals asking for specific 2.0 21 days off? I didn't. Sal did. 22 MR. BROWN: wanted a couple days off and we gave it to him. 23 approved. And that was two days after, you know the 24

day after they were supposed to come back, that

1	Tuesday. That next two days he was off.
2	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. So the day
3	after the accident
4	(Simultaneous speaking)
5	MR. BROWN: The following day, we had hard
6	days off for him.
7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Let me finish, so
8	the day after the accident would have been the two days
9	that Renato was requesting off?
10	MR. BROWN: Right.
11	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Got it. Did he say
12	why?
13	MR. BROWN: I believe he had family coming
14	in town.
15	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. Any other
16	time within with the time, and I know Oscar and
17	Renato hadn't been with the company for that long. But
18	during any of your dealings since they came on about
19	June to May timeframe, for both pilots, had you
20	received any other indications of requests for time off
21	for
22	MR. BROWN: Not from Oscar or Renato, no.
23	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. How do you,
24	do you do any preplanning to develop the trip package?
25	Do you wait for the broker to determine or advise you

1	of passenger weights? Or do you ask for that, or do
2	you wait
3	MR. BROWN: We do not ask for the weights.
4	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
5	MR. BROWN: The only time we get the weights
6	is if, you know, it's they have you know eight
7	passengers. And they have seven that are you know over
8	the average of 150, 180 you know. Are we able to fly
9	this mission?
10	And we'll, I'll get the weights then pass it
11	along to the captain of the flight, so he can run the
12	numbers.
13	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: And this will be an
14	opinion on your part.
15	MR. BROWN: Yes.
16	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: But I know you've
17	been with the company for a while. In your dealings
18	with this company and in accepting broker's offers, or
19	trying to get these sales. Have you ever been
20	pressured to accept a sale that somebody else within
21	the company said, I'm not sure we can do this trip or
22	anything like that?
23	MR. BROWN: No.
24	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay.
25	MR. BROWN: I'm not.

1	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: Okay. And from your
2	perspective as a sales person, can you kind of give me
3	a general feeling of what you feel the safety culture
4	of this operation is?
5	MR. BROWN: I think we're very safe. Our
6	maintenance is great. We have a great reputation.
7	Feedback from our customers. Like I said, you know
8	I've been with the company, it'll be five years in
9	August. Never had an incident. All our pilots well
LO	trained, you know from school and training.
L1	I would say, yes, we're are very top notch.
L2	ARGUS Gold, Wyvern Registered, very safe.
L3	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: You said great
L4	feedback from customers
L5	MR. BROWN: Customers, brokers. I mean we
L6	have a good reputation, in 135.
L7	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: With the brokers?
L8	MR. BROWN: With the brokers, and users,
L9	repetitive customers.
20	INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: All right. I don't
21	have anything more.
22	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay, Donnie.
23	MR. SHACKLEFORD: I would like to ask a
24	question, this is my own personal thing and a lot of
25	times

1 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I hate to cut you 2 off again, is it a question for the NTSB investigation. 3 Or a personal, how do you mean a personal question? 4 MR. SHACKLEFORD: Well, let's just skip it. 5 We'll just skip it. I was just going to ask a question about -- I'll tell you what. I'll ask the question, if 6 7 you don't think he should answer it, how about you tell 8 us. That's exactly where 9 INVESTIGATOR LAWRENCE: I was going with it. 10 11 MR. JAHR: Okay, let's go ahead. 12 MR. SHACKLEFORD: A lot of times as a pilot, you know that when I'm out flying, if I can't, if I 13 14 have an issue about going from this airport to that airport because of weather. I might likely pick up the 15 phone and call and say, hey quys, I can't get in here 16 because the weather's bad. 17 MR. BROWN: Right. 18 19 MR. SHACKLEFORD: Can you make arrangements 20 for these people to get more transportation? Did Oscar 21 or Renato call you and ask you, or say anything to you 22 about the weather that day? That day we did not get any text 23 MR. BROWN: 24 message, no call of any issues with weather. 25 MR. SHACKLEFORD: Well then, you know on

1	follow-up on that on my part, is I always send a door's
2	closed, a door's open just like everybody else.
3	MR. BROWN: Yes.
4	MR. SHACKLEFORD: I always list an
5	alternate. Did they list an, list an alternate on
6	their door's closed that you remember?
7	MR. BROWN: I didn't see an alternate on the
8	door's closed. I did get a door's closed, and that was
9	the last message.
10	MR. SHACKLEFORD: That's all I wanted to
11	ask.
12	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay.
13	MR. BROWN: However, in the past, yes. I
14	have from Oscar and other captains.
15	(Simultaneous speaking)
16	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Most of the captains
17	(inaudible) and I just wondered if they did that on
18	that day?
19	MR. BROWN: No they didn't on that day.
20	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: And John?
21	MR. DRAGO: No, I have nothing. Thank you.
22	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. Just a few
23	little questions and then you're almost done.
24	MR. BROWN: Okay.
25	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: In your almost five
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1	years here with Execuflight, have you had any
2	interaction or dealings with the FAA here. Or have you
3	ever seen them come by?
4	MR. BROWN: I've seen them come by. But I
5	haven't interacted with them.
6	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. And if you see
7	an issue, whatever it may be, is there a policy or a
8	procedure in place at Execuflight for you to voice that
9	concern. For whatever it may be?
10	MR. BROWN: Is there a procedure?
11	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: A policy or procedure
12	that Execuflight has for airing concerns?
13	MR. BROWN: Yes, of course.
14	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: What is that policy or
15	procedure?
16	MR. BROWN: Well I go directly to you know,
17	chief pilot and Danny to voice my concern.
18	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Is that written
19	anywhere that you can think of? Or is it just common
20	knowledge?
21	MR. BROWN: Just common knowledge. I've
22	never, if it got written, but yes.
23	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. All right. I'm
24	all done with my questions, nobody else has any? All
25	right.
I	I .

1	Is there anything that you can think of that
2	we should have asked and we didn't, that you think
3	would help us with this investigation, or in general?
4	MR. BROWN: I think asked all the questions
5	that you needed to ask, yes.
6	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Okay. All righty, do
7	you have any other comments?
8	MR. BROWN: Nope, nope.
9	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Great. I appreciate
10	it.
11	MR. BROWN: You're welcome.
12	INVESTIGATOR ETCHER: Thanks for coming in.
13	MR. BROWN: Thank you.
14	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went
15	off the record.)
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CERTIFICATE

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident Akron, OH, November 10, 2015 Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Nick Brown

DATE: December 3, 2015

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 28 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN RE:

THE EXECUFLIGHT HAWKER : NTSB Accident No. ACCIDENT THAT OCCURRED IN : CEN16MA036 AKRON, OHIO ON NOVEMBER 10, : 2015

-----:

INTERVIEW OF: ROBERT ADAMO*

Thursday, December 3, 2015

Banyon Aviation

Ft. Lauderdale Executive Airport

Ft. Lauderdale, Florida

BEFORE

DAVID LAWRENCE, Investigator, NTSB SEAN ETCHER, Investigator, NTSB

APPEARANCES:

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On Behalf of ExecuFlight:

DONNIE SHACKLEFORD

On Behalf of the Federal Aviation Administration:

JOHN DRAGO*

*Present by teleconference

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

1 (Time not disclosed) 2 So let me get started here MR. LAWRENCE: 3 4 this morning. And good morning to everybody. My name 5 is Captain David Lawrence. I'm with the the National Transportation Safety Board. I am the Operations Group 6 7 chairman for the ExecuFlight Hawker accident that occurred in Akron, Ohio last month. 8 My role here is to learn what I can about 9 the accident so I can assist in the investigation and 10 11 hopefully we can prevent this from reoccurring again. As part of our process, we invite parties to 12 participate in the investigation to provide us 13 14 technical expertise. 15 For this particular group, we have myself, Execuflight, Textron, and the FAA. 16 the NTSB, 17 going to go around the room now, Bob, and ask everyone 18 that's here to introduce themselves, and also on the phone, and provide their affiliation. 19 MR. ETCHER: Good morning. My name is Sean 2.0 Etcher and I'm with the NTSB. 21 This is Chris Jahr with the 22 MR. JAHR: 23 Wicker Smith Law Firm. Can you hear me okay, Bob? MR. ADAMO: Yes, Chris. 24

MR. SHACKLEFORD: Good morning, Bob.

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This

1	is Donnie, Donnie Snackleford, Captain with the Hawker
2	for ExecuFlight.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: And on the phone?
4	MR. ADAMO: And it's Robert Adamo on the
5	phone. Used to be the Director of Operations for
6	Execuflight, resigned a few months ago.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Also on the phone?
8	MR. DRAGO: John Drago with the FAA, out of
9	Cleveland, Ohio. Good morning.
LO	MR. LAWRENCE: And, John, if you would, with
L1	the FAA, explain your role in this process.
L2	MR. DRAGO: Thank you, David. I'm John
L3	Drago. I'm the inspector out of the Cleveland office.
L4	My role here is to simply assist the NTSB operations
L5	group in furthering the investigation. I'm not party
L6	to any enforcements or any adverse actions based on
L7	anything that I learn here with the group. Okay?
L8	MR. LAWRENCE: Thanks, John. And, Bob,
L9	you're welcome to have one representative of your
20	choice attend and sit in with you. Is Chris your
21	choice to
22	MR. ADAMO: Chris is fine. Let's just it that
23	way. That's good.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And as I mentioned
25	earlier, as part of this process. I'll record the

1	interview and we'll have a transcription made which
2	will eventually become part of the factual record. The
3	audio of this interview will not be part of any public
4	docket. Do you have any questions about the process or
5	any questions before we get started here?
6	MR. ADAMO: No. I'm ready to go.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Again, if you
8	can't hear me or if you have difficulty, just let me
9	know.
10	MR. ADAMO: Oh, yeah, I will.
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, great, Bob. Let me start
12	off with the easy ones, and I'll just get your full
13	name and age.
14	MR. ADAMO: Okay, Robert Anthony Adamo and,
15	I'm, let's see, I'm 51 for another month. So that
16	should work.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Great. And when you
18	were at ExecuFlight what was your title?
19	MR. ADAMO: Director of Operations was my
20	the title prior to resigning was Director of
21	Operations.
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, and
23	MR. ADAMO: I held other titles within the
24	company in prior years, but that was the last title
25	that I held.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, we'll go back to that
2	in a second, but when did you how long were you
3	Director of Operations?
4	
5	MR. ADAMO: Guesstimation, about two years.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. When did you start
7	work for ExecuFlight?
8	MR. ADAMO: February of 2011.
9	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. All right. And, I'm
10	curious, what do you do now?
11	MR. ADAMO: Right now I'm actually Director
12	of Maintenance for another 135 operation as well as a
13	line captain. I was Director of Ops for this company
14	I'm with now, but I moved over to the Director of
15	Maintenance position. I like maintenance the best.
16	Let's put it that way.
17	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. And when did you
18	separate from ExecuFlight?
19	MR. ADAMO: Technically, I left in February
20	of 2015. I stayed on a little longer while he was
21	trying to find a replacement. There were some issues
22	for trying to find a replacement. I'm not really sure
23	what the problem was, but I finally fully severed, I
24	believe it was the end of September. But from February
25	until September, I was on actively as Director of Ops
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1	for the company, but my role was limited because I was
2	already employed by this other company.
3	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And why did you leave
4	Execuflight?
5	MR. ADAMO: Well, you know, bigger, better
6	things. There was no real I had some internal
7	problems of my own, family issues. I live up in the
8	Orlando area and the company was down in south Florida.
9	I'd been away from home for over three years, so that
LO	kind of led to it.
L1	And I had the opportunity to be involved
L2	with this other certificate which is closer to home.
L3	And, you know, and then there was, you know, there was
L4	some internal strife but nothing worth mentioning at
L5	this point.
L6	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me go quickly
L7	through your certificates and ratings.
L8	MR. ADAMO: Okay.
L9	MR. LAWRENCE: Do you want
20	MR. ADAMO: Do you want me to state them or
21	
22	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
23	MR. ADAMO: do you want to
24	MR. LAWRENCE: What are your certificates
25	and ratings?
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1	MR. ADAMO: Oh, what are my certificates?
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
3	MR. ADAMO: Of an ATP, I'm type rated in the
4	Westwind, the Hawker, the Gulfstream III, Gulfstream V,
5	SIC in the IV. I also hold an A&P. I've held the IA
6	position with the FAA but I gave that up when I kind of
7	left the I didn't need the IA anymore so I kind of
8	gave it up. Trying to think. I'm also a certified
9	flight instructor CFI, CFII, MEI.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Medical?
11	MR. ADAMO: Oh, yeah, First Class Medical.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: First? Any limitations?
13	MR. ADAMO: Not anymore, no. I did have
14	cancer at one point and that I actually lost my
15	Medical for about four years. And then I finally got
16	it back and, of course, there's the hoops to jump
17	through that. And eventually, when I was certificated
18	cure, I went back to Standard Medical.
19	MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. What aircraft did
20	you fly when you were with ExecuFlight?
21	MR. ADAMO: I flew the Westwind primarily
22	and the Gulfstream III.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Just an estimation of
24	your total time, Bob.
25	MR. ADAMO: Oh, 12,000, 13,000 total time.

1	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And you have no time
2	in the Hawker at all. Correct?
3	MR. ADAMO: No, no, I got now I got, I
4	want to say, close to, I'm guesstimating but close to a
5	thousand hours in the Hawker now.
6	MR. LAWRENCE: But you didn't fly the Hawker
7	for ExecuFlight?
8	MR. ADAMO: No, but I'm flying the Hawker
9	now for, with this company. We have a Hawker 800A.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
11	MR. ADAMO: When well, let's put it this
12	way. When I left ExecuFlight it was, I had done some
13	stuff on the side, probably fly, I would say about 500
14	hours in the Hawker when I had left ExecuFlight.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
16	MR. ADAMO: But I did not fly the Hawker for
17	Execuflight.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And, if you could,
19	Bob, just give me a really brief, CliffsNotes version
20	of your background. What led you to ExecuFlight in the
21	first place?
22	MR. ADAMO: Well, let's see here. From, I
23	had developed cancer in two thousand well, let's
24	back up. I owned a flight training facility up in
25	DeLand, Florida for 15-plus years. We did training
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from zero all the way to commercial, multi-engine and ATP.

Our forte in the business was we ran King
Airs to do the commercial end of the commercial multiinstrument parts. And we did, we were very successful
and had several contracts with the FAA -- not with the
FAA, I'm sorry, with the airlines to, you know, provide
pilots up to completion of the courses to go right into
a regional.

Long story, short, I got cancer back in 2001, the first bout. Then the second and hard bout was 2004. I fought that until I was, 2008, at which point, from 2004 to 2008, I had lost my Medical because of the cancer.

Then, slowly, but surely, after 2008 I got back into it. I started as a Director of Maintenance for the company. I was operating American and registered aircraft in Jamaica. They were Beech 1900. I'm sorry, I also, I think I neglected to say I'm also rated in the 1900.

So I did that for a little while. Then I spent a little time in Africa flying another 1900, and once I got my Medical back in 2009. I believe it was beginning of 2009. From 2009 to 2010 I kind of did some side work. February, I think it was actually

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December 2010 is when I first was offered a position with ExecuFlight as a pilot for the Westwind because I was Westwind typed. And I started in February.

And somewhere in there I did a little time with the Air America, Inc, another 135 operator, for -- it was a 135 operator. It also operated a Westwind out of St. Petersburg, Florida. And the certificate was managed by the South Florida FSDO which the Miami office at the time or the Fort Lauderdale office before they kind of combined.

So, yeah, I came into ExecuFlight in beginning of 2011. By the time you got done with all the training school, ya-de ya-da, I went on line, I believe it was February of 2011. I was a captain of the Westwind.

I was there roughly, oh, three, four months and I was also, then, I believe -- I don't remember if it was that I did it right away or whether it was a month or two that I was there, but I also went on as Chief Inspector for ten or more aircraft, the Gulfstreams to be the Chief Inspector for the maintenance side.

About six months down the line, I believe, the Director of Maintenance retired. Or, I'm sorry, not retired. I shouldn't say he retired. He resigned.

1 He went on to bigger and better things. And I took 2 over as DOM. I was there, roughly, about a year as 3 DOM. Then I briefly moved up to Chief Pilot for 4 about six months because I had all the qualifications 5 and I'd done it before. And then, I would say, six 6 7 months later is when I became Director of Ops, and from that point on until I resigned, I was Director of 8 Operations. 9 10 MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Nice, condensed 11 CliffsNotes version. I appreciate that, Bob. 12 MR. ADAMO: Yes. MR. LAWRENCE: What were your roles and 13 14 responsibilities as Director of Operations? 15 MR. ADAMO: Well, the standard roles and operations for any director of operations -- daily 16 operation of the control of the, of the company. 17 18 coordinated scheduling with maintenance, pilot training, even though that was the Chief Pilot's job. 19 You know, day-to-day operations. I mean, I don't have 20 21 the exact roles in front of me to talk to you. 22 MR. LAWRENCE: No. MR. ADAMO: But it was, it's listed in, as 23 24 part of 119. 25 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. You ran as a 119?

1	MR. ADAMO: No, they're the
2	qualifications required to be a Director of Operations
3	is 119.
4	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
5	MR. ADAMO: Section 119. Yes, I also was
6	the general manager. I keep forgetting that part. It
7	was DM/GM it was a DO/GM type position.
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Where's what do you do as
9	a general manager?
10	MR. ADAMO: Well, it was, like I said, day-
11	to-day operations took care of scheduling, helped
12	with the scheduling part of it, bills, accounting
13	purposes. Made sure everybody, you know, had something
14	to do. Was more of an office type position.
15	And, you know, we were involved with I
16	didn't set up any accounting or banking. That was left
17	to Danny. He was the president and ran it. But I ran
18	like the, you know, day-to-day operations of the
19	company. Helped out with computer systems, you know,
20	general manager. I mean, it was how you explain it.
21	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
22	MR. ADAMO: Day-to-day operations. I mean,
23	just cover-to-cover. I mean, so.
24	MR. LAWRENCE: And you held some of these
25	roles simultaneously?

1 MR. ADAMO: The GM/DO, yes. 2 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Was that challenging? At times, yeah. 3 MR. ADAMO: At times. know, but there was no real conflict between the two 4 positions because the DO is pretty much -- if you look 5 at the definitions and responsibilities, it's very 6 7 close to being a general manager. MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, all right. 8 So let me ask you, did you -- had you ever had an opportunity to 9 fly with either Oscar or Renato? 10 11 MR. ADAMO: No. They came in after I had I think I spoke to Renato on the phone, maybe 12 left. twice, when he was first hired to try to get him into a 13 14 training class. We were trying to work out his scheduling when I was -- it was just after I had left 15 and I was still there, and I was the Go-To, da-da, 16 while he was trying to transition. 17 That would have been, I want to say, March 18 of 2015. And I got him scheduled into a CAE to be ready 19 to, you know, go into class. And, but that was my only 20 contact with Renato. And, with Oscar, I don't recall 21 22 even talking to him or meeting him at all. Okay, so you had no 23 MR. LAWRENCE: interaction with them. I know you said you left in 24 25 February of this year, but you were still doing work

with the company up until September. And you didn't 1 have any interaction with them? 2 MR. ADAMO: No. I left it all to the Chief 3 Pilot to deal with their training. And so I had no 4 interactions with them at all. 5 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Were you involved, at 6 7 any point in time, in the hiring of either of these two pilots? 8 MR. ADAMO: 9 No. 10 Okay. And just, I think MR. LAWRENCE: 11 you've alluded to this but I'll just double-check. Did you have an opportunity to communicate with either of 12 these pilots outside the work environment? 13 14 MR. ADAMO: No. 15 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. ADAMO: Not at all. 16 17 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So let me go, there's 18 a couple other things that were under kind of general areas of responsibility with the company while you were 19 So one of the things we've learned is there was 2.0 21 a practice that captains would primarily fly these legs 22 on these charters with passengers, and not the First Officers. And the First Officers primarily would fly 23 empty legs. Were you aware of that practice? 24 25 MR. ADAMO: Okay, you broke up a little bit.

So one more time?

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MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, no problem, Bob. One of the things we learned through some of the other pilots we've talked to is that the captains primarily would fly the passenger legs on these charters.

MR. ADAMO: Correct.

MR. LAWRENCE: And the First Officers would primarily only fly when the legs were empty, like a reposition fly or ferry fly or something like that.

Were you aware of that?

MR. ADAMO: Yes. Actually, that was one of the safety proposals in place when I was there. And, but that's not exactly accurate. The First Officer will fly the empty leg, pending his experience level. You know, you'd get some younger First Officers that weren't quickly up to speed or that needed, you know, some finessing.

So the captain, yes, he's the experienced guy. He would fly the passenger legs. And if it's a newer First Officer that had yet not developed, you know, enough experience or the captain didn't feel, the PIC did not feel he was ready to fly with passengers -- maybe his landings were a little rough, maybe he was a little too stiff on the controls, we gave them, you know, we let, we told them, okay, yeah, fly, fly the

empty legs.

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Let them fly the empty legs. Let them build confidence in the aircraft, experience. And then eventually, of course, they would also fly the passenger legs. So that would be, the true statement with that would be they would have to be looked at as a one-on-one basis because if you put two, you know, seasoned captains on the aircraft, like Donny Shackleford and Rich Rivudo, one would, of course, be a PIC, one would be SIC and, no, either one could fly the leg at that point.

MR. LAWRENCE: I noticed that you mentioned that, early on, you called it a safety protocol that you had. Is this a defined practice in this operation? Or was this just something that was kind of a generally accepted practice?

MR. ADAMO: No, well, by defined, did we have it written down anywhere? I believe the GOM did state that -- and, again, I'm going by memory here because I'm, you know --

MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, I understand.

MR. ADAMO: I'm dealing with a different GOM now. I believe the GOM, there were some pairing limitations and as well, as experience limitations in there. And I just expanded on it a little bit as the

DO at the time saying, okay, wait a minute. We're not going to take a young guy and let him go fly passengers so he scares everybody.

We left it up to the captain. And we made it and internal practice to say, okay, you know, young FOs, you don't get to fly this with passengers or you'll get to practice on the empty legs. And, again, it all depended on the conditions, day/night, VFR, IFR and so on.

Like there was no way would I allow a First Officer that's just out of school with just refresh type rating go out there and fly in a full-blown IFR approach, down to minimums, you know, on his first couple of weeks, even without passengers. It all had to meet a criteria that we had set in place. And I'm almost certain that I want to say it is part of the GOM. If it is not, it was something that we did implement for safety reasons.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So I haven't -- I don't recall seeing that but I'll take your word on it. I just want to kind of expand on that. How far out would you allow a first officer to go, you know, before he would -- if you didn't allow him to -- if the captains weren't allowing him to make the landings with the passengers, would you -- I'm trying to figure out

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how long you would let him go to that, in that level before you make a decision that he's, if he's not experienced enough to do this, we may need to let him go or do something else.

I mean, would you let these guys go a year?

You said, coming right out of school, you never let a

guy do an IFR approach down to minimums. When would

you?

MR. ADAMO: Right. Yes, well, you know, it's on a one-on-one basis. We really didn't have a set protocol. We left it up to the PICs, to kind of make that determination. And we always were asking, you know, well how's he doing? What's going on?

There were some things that I did implement that I had issues with getting results with, and that was one of my frustrations there. At the same time, you know, we did do our best to, the captains did their best to follow this practice. And we gave it to the PIC. He's the most experienced guy. And we told him, look, you know, you've got a young first officer.

And this was only, again, if it was somebody that was a young first officer with no -- you know, a 1,000-hour guy or a 500-hour guy with minimum ratings and minimum time. It all, it was on a one-on-one basis, and it all depends on what was in, you know,

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what was their level of experience.

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And I want to say that a safe buffer is six months. Within six months they usually had to, you know, show some, you know, good judgment and good improvement. And then within the next six months to a year, that would be a final determination of whether or not they would even stay on with the company.

MR. LAWRENCE: Right.

MR. ADAMO: Now we did have issues with -and this is just about in every 135 operation -- of
pilots coming and going. You know, they take on a job
for a year with you and then they get offered more
money from another company and, next thing you know, is
they'll be resigning.

And we did have a, you know, a turnover of pilots. So it's fair to say that you can't really generalize this statement by saying, you know, we went three months, five months, six months. It was on an individual basis and the PIC is the one that would, you know, make that determination and talk to with Chief Pilot and make his recommendation.

And the Chief Pilot, of course, we would have a meeting and we would discuss it and, you know, and if he gave it his blessing I said, okay. You know, you guys go to it.

1 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I'm curious, what was 2 it you tried to get implemented with the company that it had difficulty doing? 3 MR. ADAMO: Well, because of scheduling 4 5 conflicts, I wanted to have at least a one week safety meeting, at least once a month where we stood down and 6 7 just, you know, reviewed operational situations. know, talked about things that could have happened or 8 might have happened, any difficulties they might have 9 10 had. 11 We were successful in doing it a few times but then there was a couple times where we couldn't get 12 it done because of scheduling conflicts and we couldn't 13 14 get everybody together, crews were out instead of in. And we found that holding a meeting with only a partial 15 crew attending actually caused more strife than if we 16 had the meeting at all because some people would have 17 things to say that other people didn't have to say. 18 It was more like -- no, I don't know. 19 use of terminology here, does it really matter at this 20 21 point if I say something like inappropriate? 22 MR. JHAR: No, Bob, you only use what you want on the record. 23 MR. ADAMO: Okay, well it was more like a 24 25 complaint situation. You know, we tried to -- the

meeting was to let the pilots air out whatever difficulties they might have if, you know, they might not want to come out, and if it wasn't anything of great urgency or important. Of course, our doors were always open for people that had a problem like that.

But it was like, okay, this is the place for you guys to sit down and talk. If you have a problem with Pilot A, let him know what your issues are. If you have a problem with Pilot B, let him know what your issues are, and back and forth.

Because, of course, just like any other company, there is issues with conflict of personalities. And the only way you get to see that is during these meetings because you're not up in the aircraft with the crew. So it's hard to determine whether or not they click and work together great or whether there is some friction in the cockpit.

And so, you know, these are things that we did try to implement and cover. And we were successful at certain times. And other times we were not.

MR. LAWRENCE: When was the last time you were successful at getting one of these meetings?

MR. ADAMO: I want to say we held a meeting at Bangon, and I can't tell you the exact date, but it would have been sometime about maybe eight months

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before I left, maybe ten months before I left. 1 Ιt would have been the summer, I think, of '14 was the 2 last time we had a sit-down. 3 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Did you have other 4 meetings that you communicated with the pilots? 5 than getting them all in a room to talk to them, did 6 7 you send, you know, emails? Of course, we would, you know, 8 MR. ADAMO: communications, telephone, email, text. We talked, 9 like I said, my door was always open to that. 10 had anything to say, they were always free to come in 11 and talk to me. 12 Now, I will say that the proper chain of 13 command was that they talk to the Chief Pilot first. 14 If they couldn't get things resolved there, then it 15 would come to my attention. And the Chief Pilot 16 sometimes would bring things to my attention. Other 17 times he dealt with it himself. 18 All right. Kind of leads me 19 MR. LAWRENCE: to another question. Did you guys have a director of 20 21 safety or somebody responsible for the safety of the 22 operation? See, that was another thing 23 MR. ADAMO: No. that we would -- okay, without really throwing anybody 24

under the bus here, but, you know, I did actually have

it written to the GOM that involved adding the, an SMS 2 system to the company and bringing out a director of 3 safety. But it was tough to get things accomplished 4 out of the South Florida FSDO. You know, documents 5 would be submitted, revisions would be submitted. 6 7 sometimes they'd get there, sometimes they didn't. Sometimes they got lost. For example, I wanted to get 8 iPad approval, to do iPads for the cockpit to do the 9 I started that process, oh, my, God --10 program. 11 MR. LAWRENCE: I'm sorry, what was that, 12 Bob? The -- say --MR. ADAMO: Yes, like they used iPads in the 13 14 cockpit. 15 MR. LAWRENCE: Oh, okay, iPads. MR. ADAMO: I started that process with Jim, 16 I want to say, God, January of '14. I alluded that 17 18 that's what we wanted to do. Then we had several I developed several programs and he was 19 conversations. very reluctant to allow it. He didn't, wasn't 20 comfortable with it. Finally, it was submitted, a 21 22 complete package to him, and I believe, up to this day, 23 he's never approved it. 24 Meanwhile, you know, I was able to get that 25 same package approved in multiple operations.

MR. ETCHER: And, Bob, so the record's clear, you're referring to Jim Piccoli, in the South Florida FSDO office?

MR. ADAMO: Yes, Jim Piccoli. Great guy and everything, you know, but it was, sometimes there was talk, because of his workload he couldn't get the -- I don't know the real reasons. But the bottom line is we really couldn't get what we needed.

What I thought we needed accomplished from them, it would take time. And most of the time the excuses were that, hey, you know, I got 35 certificates I got to look after. I, you know, I'll get to it when I can get to it.

Now, with that being said, he was always there for us as far as getting check rides done. You know, he would definitely take care of us as far as getting us 293 orals taken care of. You know, we just got, I believe he just got check admin approval, and that was something I started when I first took over in 2013, requesting check admin approval.

And it finally happened because, towards the very end here, we couldn't even get a check ride schedule from National Resource. It was really tough.

I'd be months and months out the line. And, you know, to have a captain come out of school and then sit

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around for two months and then put him on a check ride right after that, you know, two months later, on the line -- I personally felt that wasn't fair either, you know, to have somebody sit around for two months and then send them for a ride.

But, you know, that's sort of the kind of situation we had, is that we had issues trying to get paperwork accomplished. Or approvals on expansion of our GOM.

MR. LAWRENCE: Any other under your check rides before you guys get your own check airmen through the National Resources because of the Hawker and its age?

MR. ADAMO: Okay, say that one more time?

MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, I was just curious, so you had to run through National Resource to get an op, a FAA designee because of the age of the aircraft or there just wasn't anybody other in the FAA typed on the, or qualed on the Hawker?

MR. ADAMO: No, I mean, not really. The 700, 800s, that's all one type rating and, as far as my understanding is there's plenty of 800 XPs out there.

I mean, I didn't think there was anybody available in South Florida. We had to go -- we ended up having to get somebody out of Oklahoma City. I'm trying to think

1 of his name. I do have his name on my phone list here. 2 Hold on a second. Let me see if I can -and this was one of the last things that I did as 3 4 Director of Ops. Mark Rogers, Oklahoma City FSDO, yes. Mark Rogers has to come in from Oklahoma to do a check 5 ride for a couple of our captains. 6 I want to say this 7 was March or April. And, but the request had been in since, I 8 want to say December. I mean, it -- or maybe, no, I'm 9 I'll -- don't hold me to those dates because I 10 11 can't remember exactly. I do know that we had to call him in to do the check ride. He might have a record of 12 when he actually came to do it. 13 14 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. You alluded to it earlier, Bob, but I want to just double-check my notes 15 here. Did you ever have an opportunity to just ride 16 along on the flights, just to observe the operation? 17 18 MR. ADAMO: One more time? Yes, as Director of 19 MR. LAWRENCE: Operations, did you ever have an opportunity to just 20 21 ride along on the flights to observe the crews in the 22 normal line operations? MR. ADAMO: Yes, actually, I did. 23 I did on several occasions, actually, both in the Hawker and in 24 25 the Gulfstream. I can't tell you exact dates, but we

1 did, I did do a few ride alongs. Trying to think, when 2 was, the last, I believe, was on the G3 and it was with, I want to say, (phonetic) Tom Poole and, oh, it 3 was a first officer, might have been (phonetic) Scott 4 Meade where I, it wasn't a, technically, it wasn't an 5 observation ride. 6 7 It wasn't a scheduled observation ride. Ιt was just I happened to be on the aircraft, coming back 8 And I think we were coming back out of New 9 with them. And I guess that I used that time as 10 11 constructively as possible, and I kind of did an 12 observation, you know. MR. LAWRENCE: Good. 13 14 MR. ADAMO: Checked things out. MR. LAWRENCE: Did you have scheduled 15 observation rides on the crews? 16 MR. ADAMO: No. No, there was nothing set 17 for it that, what was going to be, you know, a 18 If we felt that there was a need for 19 scheduled event. one, then we scheduled one. But I don't remember ever 20 21 ever to actually schedule one because of any kind of 22 issue. Okay. Just a couple, I want 23 MR. LAWRENCE: 24 to change gears here on you, Bob, and talk about the

scheduling of your crews. Who was responsible for

1 scheduling the crews for particular charters? 2 MR. ADAMO: Okay, well, the process was It would start at the sales site. They, of 3 4 course, would sell the trip, and they would assign a pilot based on who was available and then they would 5 submit it up to the Chief Pilot and he would approve 6 7 it. If he wasn't available to approve it it 8 would come to my desk. If I wasn't available and the 9 Chief Pilot wasn't available, then it would, they would 10 11 have to -- it would go to Danny but I want to say while I was there, 99 percent of the time, we got it either 12 via email or via text or via a phone call or in person. 13 14 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. ADAMO: After I left, I can't tell you. 15 I mean, I really don't know. 16 17 MR. LAWRENCE: I understand. MR. ADAMO: Don't have knowledge. 18 We kind of learned that you 19 MR. LAWRENCE: guys have these individuals that are kind of termed 2.0 21 dispatchers/sales reps. Can you kind of just describe 22 what these dispatchers functions are? MR. ADAMO: There is no -- I don't know 23 where -- there is no dispatchers. 24 There is no 25 dispatchers. These are just sales guys. At least,

while I was there, that's all they did. They basically sold and they put on, and they, you know, assigned the aircraft to dates and the people. But they were not dispatchers.

The did not tell the crew, you're released, you're not released. That was the job of either the Chief Pilot, myself or, I believe, Danny had limited authority. That's the dispatch. People use terminology but they're not a hundred percent sure what it means, I guess. I don't know. I don't know why they would, but they do.

MR. LAWRENCE: Oh.

MR. ADAMO: As far as the process, the way it was handled while I was there, it went from they would sell the flight. They would, you know, see what the availability of the airplane was. Then once they've selected the airplane, they'd see what the availability of the crew was.

They would assign those numbers and then they would go either email, text or call us and, you know, hey, I did -- is this okay, good to go? Yeah, sure, fine. Not a problem. Now after somebody's been with the company for a while, they pretty much had that down to a routine because we knew that, you know, the captain for this particular airplane would be Donny and

the first officer would be (phonetic) Rydell. 1 2 flew together 90 percent of the time, so they would put them together. 3 Then, you know, or they knew who the four pilots 4 were for these particular two airplanes and so on. 5 the word, the terminology of dispatcher to a sales guy, 6 I don't know what you guys are up with that or where 7 it's coming from. But it wasn't something that was 8 implemented, so. 9 10 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, I'm clear on that. 11 Thanks. So just correct me if I'm wrong. Captains were responsible for the flight, planning of the 12 flight. Correct? 13 14 MR. ADAMO: Correct. Okay, captains were ultimately responsible. They might have delegated 15 their duties to the first officer to give them 16 But, yes, the captain was the guy that was 17 practice. supposed to -- that the paperwork done. 18 Okay. What about receiving 19 MR. LAWRENCE: weather proceedings? 20 MR. ADAMO: Captain and First Officer, both. 21 22 They were responsible to get their own -- both parties were responsible to get their own briefings. And they 23 knew this, only because one set of eyes doesn't 24

necessarily see the same thing as the other set of eyes

1 does. 2 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Was the -- I quess the 3 guys were using that FltPlan.com to load their flight plans in. 4 Correct? 5 MR. ADAMO: Yes. MR. LAWRENCE: 6 Okay. 7 MR. ADAMO: FltPlan.com was the preferred method, and with that company. 8 Okay. Was the preferred 9 MR. LAWRENCE: method for obtaining a weather brief using the weather 10 11 feature that was on that site? 12 MR. ADAMO: Correct. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And that was approved 13 14 weather source? 15 Yes, it is. MR. ADAMO: MR. LAWRENCE: 16 Okay. Actually, okay, just expand on 17 MR. ADAMO: 18 that a little bit. In the beginning, when I first took over, they would have, we had three approved 19 weather sources. I believe it was DUATs, FltPlan.com 2.0 21 and then WX-Brief. And we changed that, that op specs 22 changed to any approved QCIP qualified weather source which is any of the new operations now that are out 23 there, Web sites are out there that have that weather. 24

MR. LAWRENCE:

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Okay, great. Is the way to

verify whether or not your crew's received a weather briefing from that Web site?

MR. ADAMO: You know, I'm trying to think of what we did. It was supposed -- when I was there they were sending all their weather briefs, weight and balance, everything would have been sent to the aircraft's email address.

I had created an email box for each aircraft, okay. And they would go in -- and this is how they did their flight planning and their weight and balance in term, and what. So I had to design a system where the RDP, remote desktop profile into a virtual computer. And there at the virtual computer, they would do their Ultra Nav, weight and balance and performance and runway analysis.

They would get their weather brief and their flight planning. And they would print to a PDF creator, and they would attach it to an email. And then they would mail that whole package -- and I called it a Trip package, and there was more than just that -- to the aircraft's inbox.

And, of course, we would have a record of it. It would be a permanent record that would stay there for as long as they needed it, you know, a year, two years, three years, whatever was needed.

MR. LAWRENCE: Right.

MR. ADAMO: That's what was implemented at the time. That was also used for, like I said, flight planning and Ultra Nav and weather. No, something else just popped into my head, but it just went right back out too. You'll probably trigger something in a minute and I'll let you know what it was.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Let me see if this triggers it. Let me ask you, so the Trip package should include the flight plan information, the weight and balance and the weather briefing information?

MR. ADAMO: Correct. And the -- that's what is was -- and the Trip package should include the -- approach flights, maps. We had a system in place where we had the flight deck from Jepps on our computer, on this virtual computer. And they can go in there and they can create a Trip package from Point A to Point B for all the documents they needed, you know, the approach flights and departure information for a departure airport.

It would create the actual airway system and the maps for the airway system and then the arrival information as well as any alternates or any other airports that they felt was pertinent to the flight.

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1 And this package would be printed to a PDF format and then it would be attached to that email as 2 3 we. MR. LAWRENCE: And the pilots could print 4 that up as necessary since it had chart information. 5 Correct? 6 7 MR. ADAMO: Yes, they can print it. can email it to themselves and then print it from any 8 computer and any FBO. 9 10 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, good. And you 11 mentioned Jepp charts. They had the ability to print those up for destination -- or departure and 12 destination. Did these aircraft have its own set of 13 14 Jepp charts? What happened if you had to divert en route due to an emergency? What, how could you pull a 15 16 chart? MR. ADAMO: No, they had to, still had to 17 carry charts. We still had to -- our situation was 18 that we carried a set of full route charts in the 19 airplanes for highs and lows of the whole United 20 21 States. They were in there. 22 Now as far as the charts -- you mean the approach flights themselves in case they had to divert? 23 24 MR. LAWRENCE: Yeas. Exactly. 25 MR. ADAMO: Well, you know, they were

supposed to think about all that and print out what they felt was necessary. Honestly, when I do it, when I instructed them to do it, would say, you know, listen, you know, you pick at least three points along your route where if you have to divert because of a situation, think of -- if your flight's two and a half hours long, pick a spot every 15 minutes down the line and print it yourself.

Because it's a PDF. I mean, it's not going to hurt you. It's there if you need it. If you don't need it, you don't need it. And print these off for you. And then you'll have a situation where if you have to make an emergency landing somewhere you're -- in a jet, 15 minutes is nothing.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, so just so I'm clear.

I'm a little confused, Bob. The aircraft didn't have

its own set of charts? It only, had, the pilots only
had the charts that they would print up as part or
their Trip package?

MR. ADAMO: They had their own set up maps. They're trained to get their own maps. As far as the trip, as far as the actual approach flights, they would print them us as they needed.

MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. So there wasn't a jet binder with a bunch of diversion charts or rather

approach plates. It was just charts.

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MR. ADAMO: It's probably because we didn't we didn't have any set routes. You know, it's not like we were constantly flying New York-Miami, New York-Miami. We went everywhere. So one of the reasons why we wanted to get away from, we wanted to get the iPad approvals was because of the amount of paper that was on board the aircraft.

We really pushed for that. And then we found, okay, well, listen, print the charts that you need to print. But again, we gave the pilot a little bit of latitude as in print what you need to print. So you're the PIC, you need to make the determination where you're going and where you're not going and print these documents.

I will tell you, the ones that I did spot check on occasion when I did spot check them, I found that those, they printed the proper documents. They had at least two or three wait points in the middle that they took care of.

Again, these were people that I had indoctrinrated, that I had brought into the company when I was there as DO, such as Donnie and Rich. But Rich was there before me, but, you know, people like Scott Meade. People that were there prior for IR2, be

1 resigning. After I left, I don't know what the process 2 So I don't know what these two particular pilots, 3 4 how they were trained or what they were told to do or 5 not to do. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. I understand. 6 7 last question onf that. Your opinion only, would you think that an EFB approval and your pilots flying with 8 an EFB would assist them in having additional 9 information available to them in case of a diversion? 10 11 MR. ADAMO: oh, a hundred percent so. you asking me if that EFB approval would have made a 12 I don't know, to be honest, in this 13 difference here? 14 particular situation because I don't have all the But for any pilot, yes, a thousand percent. 15 facts. MR. LAWRENCE: Good. 16 MR. ADAMO: I mean, it's -- the iPads are 17 18 just -- it's a phenomenal tool that, it is totally underutilized. 19 2.0 MR. LAWRENCE: Great. I appreciate that. 21 Let me ask you a little bit about flight following. 22 How did you guys to do flight following on your 23 flights?

implemented a doors open/doors closed tech message

Okay, we, again, we had -- I

MR. ADAMO:

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policy. Pilots were required to text message prior to closing the door or as closing they were closing the door with the tail number and what aircraft flight number, point of departure, point of arrival, estimated time in route so that we had an idea of what we should be -- where we should be looking for them and when we should be looking for them.

And then with there was a doors closed and a doors open that was sent via text to a group of people -- myself, the Chief Pilot, the director of maintenance and as well, I believe, Danny was included in that group of messages -- and the sales guys as well because they're the ones that were pretty much right at the computer all the time so they could very easily find either of them to say, hey, where are they at and they'd be able to look it right up for us and tell me where they're at.

MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, I'm curious, was there any means for you -- somebody on this text chain that would receive these doors open/doors closed texts to log that information? In other words, write it down someplace so it's recorded and not just in the phone?

MR. ADAMO: Well, it's on -- I can tell you that I have mine -- I implemented the same safety feature on -- well, I don't know if I want to call it

safety too, but I implemented the same system on this current company and I can tell you my iPhone right now has got, you know, couple, you know, hundred messages.

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It's a chain that you can print out if we needed to. But we weren't required to, so it was -- you know, the importance of it was not necessarily keep a record because once the plan got on the ground everybody would say it's on the ground. It was done.

The importance of it was, right, at the time, okay, the doors close. They were supposed to be in the air for three hours. It's three hours and 20 minutes. Why haven't we heard from them? Pick up the phone. Start making calls. You know, find out if they're delayed. See if you can see them on FltPlan.com, on the tracking system, on the FlightAware.

It wasn't designed as a record-keeping system. It was designed as an actual event at the time.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. So the logging of the maintenance log that had the flight times, the pilot in command would put in the on and off time and the on and ins -- that was the primary means to log crew flight times?

MR. ADAMO: The flight logs, the ADL and the flight log sheet was the primary means to log the I believe on there there is a log-in/logflight time. out -- I'm sorry. It starts with log-out, takeoff time, landing, log-in and I don't remember if the ones for Execuflight had actual duty, start duty end times. My current ones that I use now do. And that would be the only source that you would have to determine log time. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Let me shift that a little bit here. By the way, how are you doing, Do you need a break or anything? Or do you need Bob? water or coffee? Whatever --MR. ADAMO: Well I -- no, I've got my coffee I'm solid. right here. Ah, excellent. MR. LAWRENCE: crews at ExecuFlight, when you were Director of Operations, did they operate under, with standard operating procedures, SOPs? MR. ADAMO: The SOPs that were implemented at that -- well, let me think here now because I know once -- when I would try to get the SMS done there was other SOPs that we were talking about doing. I believe the only SOPs that Execuflight used were part of the training package manuals, and there were SOPs in there.

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1 They just, they were standard, boiler-plate SOPs for 2 approaches and so on. 3 MR. LAWRENCE: Do you know where those came 4 from or how those were created? MR. ADAMO: Well, they were before my time. 5 I believe they were implemented -- I believe the pack 6 7 went along -- let me think which -- no, that was a CRM that I got from flight safety. I believe you're going 8 to have to go back to Frank Barber on that one because 9 he's -- they were in place before I got there. 10 11 just continued with them. 12 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, great. Let me ask you about the checklist. Were your pilots on Gulfstream, 13 14 Westwind and Hawker -- I know you didn't fly the Hawker, but were they required to do their checklists 15 by challenge and response? 16 MR. ADAMO: Challenged response or flow 17 Again, challenge and response was the 18 correct way of doing it. Once they closed the door, I 19 don't know what they were doing. But challenge and 2.0 response or flow response, the captain would do three 21 things and the co-pilot would confirm what he just did 22 on the checklist. 23 Okay, so you don't know what 24 MR. LAWRENCE: 25 they did when the door closed. What were they required

to do like for the climb checklist, descent checklist, 1 2 approach checklist? Were all those supposed to be 3 challenge/response? 4 MR. ADAMO: Yes. Again, either challenged 5 response or flow response. MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. 6 7 MR. ADAMO: Depending on the amount of workload. What I mean by flow response is -- it's 8 still a challenged response but it's not just being one 9 item at a time, maybe doing like three items or because 10 11 they're synonymous to each other. A master and maybe a 12 couple other search -- it all depends on the situation, 13 of course. But, or, you know, they do like two or three 14 things and then the co-pilot, right behind him, says, 15 check, check, check. You know, yes, you did this. 16 it would be a verbal response saying, okay, completed. 17 I see you did it. Completed. See you did it. 18 19 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. ADAMO: But most of the time it was a 20 21 challenge/response situation where the -- you know, depending on which side of the cockpit the system was 22 on, the first officer would call out the checklist. 23 The captain would do it. Sometimes, if it was on the 24

co-pilot's side, the co-pilot would do the actual item

1	and the captain would verify that he did it
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right.
3	MR. ADAMO: by responding, okay, I see
4	you do it, I see you I saw you do that.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: I understand, thanks. Let me
6	ask you about stable approach criteria. Did
7	ExecuFlight have their pilots operate with a stable
8	approach criteria fleetwide?
9	MR. ADAMO: Yes, we were trained with a
10	stable approach criteria, and that was completed with
11	training at CAE. You know, they would, again, you're
12	not in the airplane. All I could tell you is the way
13	we trained was, yes, you had to have a stable approach.
14	
15	I mean, anything that was unstable, you were
16	supposed to just go miss them and come around and do it
17	all over again.
18	MR. LAWRENCE: Do you recall what the stable
19	approach criteria was?
20	MR. ADAMO: No, I don't. I want to say five
21	miles out you needed to be in a stabilized approach,
22	meaning, you know, configured and ready for the final
23	intercept if you're doing an ILF, but I don't really
24	remember what it was in that manual.
25	MR. LAWRENCE: Do you recall which manual

that would have been defined in?

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MR. ADAMO: Again, it was, that was part of the training manual so you would have to look at the training record, the training manuals from -- well, the actual aircraft themselves could differ from aircraft to aircraft.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And just a couple more, Bob. Doing great. Were -- I know you didn't fly the Hawker but you had responsibility over it. For non-precision approaches, do you recall if the Hawkers only means was to do a dive and drive type of approach?

MR. ADAMO: I personally never believed in the dive and drive. I believed in a get down as quickly as possible, but not a dive and drive. You know, you're talking about doing like a localizer down to MDA and then hold your altitude until your time or VME expires?

MR. LAWRENCE: Right.

MR. ADAMO: Yes, it wasn't let's just get down. I think that was -- trying to think how we trained for that at the CAE. You were supposed to use a stable descent, right, not dive it into the ground, you know, a thousand feet, 2,000 feet a minute rate of descent.

It was supposed to be like 700 feet a

minute, get down to your MDA and then, and try to get to the MDA as close to the point of where you would normally stop at the airport, not necessarily, you know, five miles out, be down to your MDA and just sit there. MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. MR. ADAMO: But I don't remember on this one, guys, I really don't --MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. ADAMO: -- what was implemented there. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Are you familiar with the concept of CDFA, Continuous Descent Final Approach? MR. ADAMO: Yes, that's similar to an L (inaudible) approach, right? I mean, it's, you start the process at the right time and you hold a certain altitude -- I mean, hold descent rate, so it takes you right to your MDA at the time of missed. Correct? Right. Okay. And did you MR. LAWRENCE: use that on the Gulfstream and the Westwind when you were flying those? MR. ADAMO: I'm trying to think. really had a situation where I needed to get to MDA in either one of those airplanes. I would always elect to do an ILS and make sure there was an ILS available. I'm a little bit more of a conservative kind

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of pilot. If I'm going to a airport that doesn't have an ILS, the weather's got to be above minimums, way above minimums. Otherwise, I would elect not to go. So, personally, I never put myself in a situation where I'm going to descend into MDA. At minimums, I would have elected not to go or went somewhere else. So I, personally, have never been in a situation like that, no.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay, understand. You triggered another question when you were talking about the non-precision approach. How often do you think your guys on the line are actually seeing non-precision approaches in, you know, IFR weather? I mean, no kidding, IFR non-precision approaches down to minimums. How often does that occur?

MR. ADAMO: Oh, God. I want to say it's rare. And the reason being, is, again, you know, I did instill in these guys, don't go unless you can get in.

And I don't mean go into minimums. It's not worth it.

Just, you know, if there's an ILS, great. If there's not an ILS then don't bother. Just wait. Wait it out.

And that was something that I was really particular because, again my own preference. I've been in a situation when my younger -- in my younger -- in another life, I want to say, you know, because in my

1 younger youth where, you know, I went down to MDA and I 2 scared myself. You know, all of a sudden I saw a tower 3 4 there that wasn't supposed to be there. And I was just slightly off and I was like, no, okay, I'm not doing 5 this again. 6 7 MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. MR. ADAMO: So I did really, you know, try 8 to impress upon the guys that if the weather -- you 9 don't have an ILS, you don't have a precision approach, 10 11 pick another destination or wait until the weather 12 comes up. So while I was there I don't think two percent of 13 14 our approaches would have been situated like that that I would have, you know, known about, no. 15 Well, if that was your MR. LAWRENCE: 16 preference and, you know, how did you impart that to 17 the rest of the pilots that --18 Well, during our indoc, if I 19 MR. ADAMO: preferred, if I did the indoc for the training class, 2.0 21 you know, we talked about this stuff. And we told them what you know, what I would prefer. 22 You know, at the time, when I was there what I preferred was what I 23 preferred. 24

Again, doors closed, can't tell you.

was there such a -- I honestly don't -- I don't think I 1 remember a situation where any of my pilots 2 called me up and said, hey, I just did an MDA approach 3 down to minimums, you know, and it was a little hairy. 4 I never got that kind of a phone call or was 5 there a situation where the pilot actually did 6 7 something like that and I found out about it later. Ι Maybe I was lucky. I was only there for 8 don't know. You know, I honestly want to say that it 9 two years. would have been less than -- man, I don't -- like I 10 11 said, I don't think I remember ever hearing about that. 12 MR. LAWRENCE: Right. So I don't think anybody ever MR. ADAMO: 13 14 did that. You know, most of the guys that were there are experienced guys. They would elect not to go or 15 16 hold off or even hold until the weather got back up. MR. LAWRENCE: All right. Okay. We talked 17 earlier about the captains flying most of these legs, 18 especially the ones with passengers --19 MR. ADAMO: Right. 2.0 MR. LAWRENCE: -- and first officers 21 typically -- and that was kind of a quidance, a general 22 quidance. I'm curious, and this my be imparting your 23 opinion, in your opinion only, but would a non-24

precision approach down to minimums be one of those

circumstances that maybe the captain should be flying versus the first officer? Or would a first officer be good to fly that?

MR. ADAMO: Again, I would expect -- it's all up to the situation. If I have two experienced captains in that airplane, then either one of them would have been able to do the flight. Again, somebody like Rich Rivudo and Donny Shackelford, if they were assigned on that flight, they're both certed captains but one has to act as the SIC. Either one would have been able to do it.

If we're talking about new, young, inexperienced first officers, then, yes, the captain was to do the approach. Period. With or without people. Even an ILS, you know, if it was down to minimums, then the captain should have been the one that was doing the approach.

MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Just couple more, just follow-up things here. Bob, you're doing great. I'm going to ask you a little bit about, just briefly, the seatbelts. Who was responsible for ensuring that the customers were briefed and secure with their seatbelts?

MR. ADAMO: The captain, again, while I was there, when I taught the indoc, the captain was responsible. His responsibility was to brief the

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1 passengers, use the seatbelts and emergency procedures, 2 oxygen -- the passenger briefing, the entire thing. Okay. 3 MR. LAWRENCE: 4 MR. ADAMO: He could delegate it to his first officer, but he had to make sure that the first 5 officer did it correctly and at least supervised it in 6 7 a manner where he could hear what's being said. was up in the front doing something else, but 90 8 percent of the time I do, I want to say that the 9 10 captain was the one who was -- he was the one who was 11 delegated to do it. Got it. 12 MR. LAWRENCE: MR. ADAMO: Just put it that way. 13 14 MR. LAWRENCE: For landing, how would the 15 pilots ensure that these quys, the passengers, had their seatbelts on? 16 The -- of course, you have to 17 MR. ADAMO: know the seatbelts. You were asking me to speculate. 18 19 MR. LAWRENCE: Right. MR. ADAMO: And I don't know. 20 If you're 21 asking me how -- what I would do, what I told them to 22 do was you have a seatbelt sign. Make sure it's turned 23 Make sure you go on the PA and ask for the seatbelts to be turned -- make sure that they're --24 25 tell them that they need to wear their seatbelts.

If there was an issue with the PA they were
required to turn around and, at very least, look back
and tell them, hey, make sure your seatbelts are on,
even if you've got to yell. Now what actually was
being done, I don't know.
MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
MR. ADAMO: I couldn't tell you.
MR. LAWRENCE: Well, there wasn't a process
or procedure or guidance for the pilots to get out of
their seats, prior to landing, and go look and see and
verify that seatbelts are on?
MR. ADAMO: No. As a matter of fact, prior
to landing, they'd be, the pilot was not neither one
of them are allowed to get out of their seat.
MR. LAWRENCE: Okay.
MR. ADAMO: We're talking about short
final? Short final or approach?
MR. LAWRENCE: Well
MR. ADAMO: Actually, nothing below
critical phase of flight they weren't allowed to get
out of their seat
MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.
MR. ADAMO: unless it was an emergency.
MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Just a brief one on
this topic, weight balance. Where'd that process come

from? And who created the weight and balance process?

MR. ADAMO: I did -- well, the weight and
balance process was always there. It was a requirement
from day one. It was just they were using Ultra Nav.
And the way they were doing it prior to me getting
there was really erratic.

They would print it out. They would print one document out and take it with them. Another document would get left behind at an FBO kind of situation. But there was no real set way. They were kind of doing it any way they wanted to do it.

So I came up with a way where it was a little bit more centralized, you know, something that we can get our hands on if we needed information. You know, the Ultra Nav software is a little bit, like, what's the word, archaic? It's an old system.

There was better and newer systems out there, but this is what they were approved for. And, again, trying to get something approved or accepted from South Florida FSDO was challenging, okay?

So I used what I had available to me, and so I came up with this software, I mean, this email system in this virtual cloud system because the virtual cloud is accessible from anywhere on the planet as long as you've got Internet access.

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The backup system to that was if they couldn't access to the Ultra Nav then they had to use a long form. They had to, you know, pull out all the books and they were supposed to fax a copy to the office. MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Were the passengers and baggage required to be weighed prior to every flight? Baggage, a hundred percent MR. ADAMO: because I'm still doing that today with this company. But I believe our, ExecuFlight was stated weight plus ten or actual weight. So I would have to look at that, but I want to say it's stated weight plus ten pounds or actual weight meaning, you know, you asked the person how much they weighed. If they said 150 and they looked like they were 150, you added ten pounds to it and you accepted that. Otherwise, if they didn't, you actually -- we carry a scale to actually weigh the individual. You did carry a scale? MR. LAWRENCE: MR. ADAMO: Yes. Yes. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. ADAMO: At least I did on my airplane. I remember that for certain. And the ones that I checked -- as DOM, yes, I sort of -- yeah, yeah, no. Going back to my DOM days, every airplane had a scale

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1	on it.
2	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Are all you pilots
3	trained over at CAE in Dallas?
4	MR. ADAMO: Yes, except for me in the
5	Westwind. I was trained at SIMCOM because CAE does not
6	have a Westwind.
7	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. The instructors that
8	train your crews at CAE in Dallas, do they use
9	Execuflight procedures?
LO	MR. ADAMO: Yes. I actually went and did a
L1	couple audits out there. I did an audit at SIMCOM and
L2	we used, the ExecuFlight manuals were there. I
L3	reviewed it with them and did an audit. SIMCOM was
L4	fine.
L5	CAE, I went out there. I don't think I did
L6	the Hawker. I think I did the G3. I think the Hawker
L7	wasn't due yet. And I was going to go out there and do
L8	it but then I had left. But don't hold me to that.
L9	You should be able to see that in the audit trail
20	MR. LAWRENCE: All right.
21	MR. ADAMO: in the manuals I mean, on
22	the AO31.
23	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. CRM training, where'd
24	your guys get their CRM training?
25	MR. ADAMO: That, when I was there, there

1	wasn't one. I implemented a CRM training and we did it
2	in-house. It was a boiler-plate from a flight safety
3	CRM class. And I had submitted that to Inspector
4	Piccoli. Took me a little while to get it, but I
5	finally got it approved or accepted, and we used that.
6	And it was done during indoc.
7	MR. ETCHER: I'm sorry, what was the last
8	MR. LAWRENCE: Done during an indoc.
9	MR. ETCHER: Indoc, okay.
10	MR. ADAMO: I'm sorry? Say that again?
11	MR. LAWRENCE: Just to clarify, that was
12	done during an indoc is what you said?
13	MR. ADAMO: During indocs that I taught we
14	did the CRM training. Again, these two guys out of
15	I have no clue as to what was done with them.
16	MR. LAWRENCE: Right. Was CRM training done
17	during any recurrent cycle for the pilots?
18	MR. ADAMO: Yes, every indoc. Every
19	recurrent, every 12 months.
20	MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. Well, indoc is once.
21	That's the very beginning, right? Then recurrent
22	MR. ADAMO: No, I look at indoc as even a
23	recurrent training is indoc. You still okay, if
24	that's the way you're looking at it, it's during every
25	12 months.

1 MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. 2 MR. ADAMO: Every recurrent training -initial and recurrent. 3 4 MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. And then just a couple of general and then I'll let a couple of other guys 5 have a chance to ask you a couple questions. Can you 6 7 just generally describe Execuflight to somebody that doesn't know about the company? How would you describe 8 the company? 9 MR. ADAMO: Well, it's a 135 operation, a 10 11 small company with, you know, its own kind of charm to It's not an airline in any means of the way, in 12 it. any way, but it is -- you know, it's an air taxi, 13 14 friendly people, outgoing. You know, I'm not sure that you mean by describing ExecuFlight. You mean to 15 another pilot if I was trying to recruit them? 16 17 MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. MR. ADAMO: Yes, okay. Yes. You know, it's 18 a good place, it's a nice place to work. 19 challenges, just like any other organization or any 2.0 21 other job based on personality conflicts. different. 22 But it was, in no means, a hard place to 23

work at or there was no undue, there was no real -- I

don't want to say undue pressure, but there was

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animosity towards anyone or any -- it wasn't, you know, the kind of place where you were forced to do things or You know, it wasn't a bad place to work not do things. It just, different other opinions between individuals. MR. LAWRENCE: Got it. Do you recall how many pilots you had under your control as DO when you were there? MR. ADAMO: Oh, man, I think at the height we were up to like 15 pilots. MR. LAWRENCE: Okay. MR. ADAMO: And then I know we started to, we lost a few and then there were a few that left after I left. You know, I can't really remember the exact number. MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Does the company with, you got, you know, six, seven aircraft with 15 pilots. Would that be considered short-staffed? In the beginning, no, the MR. ADAMO: workload was not that extensive. It was not like these quys wouldn't get two, three days off a week. get busy there for a little while where we did try to recruit other pilots. And, yes, you know, it all depended on time of the year. And during the summertime, you know, from

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March until, I want to say, until October, no, not at all. Because the planes that weren't flying every single day. There were more days that they were on the ground than in the air. During the season where it got a little busy, then, yes. But short-staffed? I don't know.

MR. LAWRENCE: Yes.

MR. ADAMO: I mean, I personally come from the school that -- and I know that the airlines think of this differently, but, you know, you learn your airplane. Like the Westwind was my airplane. That's the only plane I really, really flew. I knew that airplane inside and out. I knew every intricacy, every hiccup, every little sound.

Everything that, you know, anything that would have been abnormal about the airplane I would have recognized right away. You know, if it flew (inaudible) on final and getting too slow, you know how that air comes over your calling or over your windshield, you hear that affect.

So, being said, you know, short-staffed, yes, at certain times when, you know, the season got busy. But not to a point where it was stressful or, you know, guys were overworked or anything like that.

I mean, if you just look at their time and duty sheets,

1 that'll tell you exactly what everybody flew. 2 MR. LAWRENCE: Yes. Did you have any Or were all 15 of these pilots your -3 contract pilots? 4 - were employees of ExecuFlight? MR. ADAMO: Okay, I believe that we did have 5 a couple of contract pilots that were still trained in 6 7 our manuals and our courses and they were on only as I'm trying to think who they were. 8 Well, you should be able to -- again, if you 9 went through the records, their books should be there 10 11 and you should be able to tell who they were. was one gentleman, in particular -- God, I can't 12 remember his name. (Phonetic) McKluen, McLean? 13 14 on. 15 Yeah, it's not coming up. Let's see here --(phonetic) Ted McLelland. That's who is was. 16 McLelland, he was a contract quy, but he was not on 17 18 full-time. Okay. Last question. 19 MR. LAWRENCE: you said you did some observation rides on some of the 20 21 aircraft. Do you ever see the FAA out there doing line 22 observation? Something that was not associated with a training event, but just line observations of your 23 crews? 24 Did they ever get Ramp checked?

MR. ADAMO:

Did I personally observe it or did I hear about Yes. I do not -- I did hear about a couple of Ramp checks that took place down in south Miami. was Tamiami was one or Opa Locka, and then a couple other places. But they were standard, you know, just standard Ramp checks kind of thing. MR. LAWRENCE: Yes, I'm more curious about actual line observation, actually being in the aircraft observing the crew during a line operation, not a Ramp Do you recall hearing FAA do that? MR. ADAMO: Okay, nothing -- no. As far as I know, the FAA never came and did a line check that was not part of like a 299. If he was doing a 299, that's one thing. But if you're telling me did the FAA ever, like did (inaudible) every show up and say, hey, you guys, I want to ride along with you and see how you That never happened to my knowledge. quys do? MR. LAWRENCE: That's exactly what I was For now, Bob, that's all I looking -- okay, great. Let me see if Sean has any questions. really have. are you doing okay for a break? Or are you still good? We don't have much more. MR. ADAMO: No, I'm good. MR. LAWRENCE: Okav. MR. ETCHER: Hey, Bob, good morning How are

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1	you?
2	MR. ADAMO: Good.
3	MR. ETCHER: Good. Can you hear me okay?
4	MR. ADAMO: Yes, doing good.
5	MR. ETCHER: All righty. Just a few
6	questions. You gave us a great rundown there. I do
7	appreciate it. I just want to go back to when you said
8	you did an audit out there at CAE and checked their
9	manuals, things along that line. Do you remember when
10	you did that audit?
11	MR. ADAMO: I'm sorry. Say that again?
12	MR. ETCHER: Do you remember when you went
13	out and did that audit?
14	MR. ADAMO: Now it would have been, the AO31
15	we didn't have an exact date but I remember flying
16	specifically out there, and I spent three days out
17	there to do the audit.
18	MR. ETCHER: Okay.
19	MR. ADAMO: Because I did, I observed a
20	classroom event, a Sim event and then reviewed their
21	manuals.
22	MR. ETCHER: Okay. All right.
23	MR. ADAMO: Actually, you know something,
24	now that you bring it up, I'm thinking about, I think

25 | it might have an audit on the Hawker instead of the G3

1 because I remember we had an XP class. And we had an 2 XP at the time. You've got to look a the AO31. mean, I did two more audits this year for my company, 3 4 so I'm kind of getting a little fuzzy. MR. ETCHER: I understand. No, that's okay. 5 We can look that up. I appreciate it. When they were 6 7 out there doing the training, the crews, were any of the approaches in the Sim below minimums so they had to 8 go missed approach? Or were all approaches known to 9 break out? 10 MR. ADAMO: No, no. We had several that 11 were, you had to go-around. 12 13 MR. ETCHER: Okay. MR. ADAMO: Don't ask me if it was an ILS or 14 a precision or a non-precision approach, but I do 15 specifically remember getting down to -- you know, 16 watching the crews get down to DH or MDA and then 17 18 getting time expired in that event and going around. But I know they did that. 19 MR. ETCHER: Okay. And doing those 20 21 approaches, specifically the non-precision approached, I know you all said you didn't do them that often, what 22 23 was your quys' procedure? Was it to be auto-pilot flown? Hand-flown? Was there a procedure for that? 24 25 MR. ADAMO: I believe, again, I believe it

was auto-pilot flown. It would descend to the MDA and let the auto -- that's why, when you were, had me, when you were talking about unstable, the auto-pilot only descends at a certain rate unless you force it to. But I'm almost certain it was auto-pilot flown.

MR. ETCHER: Okay. And just two more questions. Was there any -- I know you were trying to get SMS started here. Was there any risk assessment that the crews did or were required to do anything on that lines prior to the day? Every flight? Anything on that lines?

MR. ADAMO: Well, you mean like a flat 360 or a flat gauge? Yes, that was probably the SMS. I wanted to implement that too. It just didn't happen. You know, they're supposed to -- I do one every morning whenever I go for a flight and this is just one operation. We do one every morning first flight of the day or anytime that there's an adverse weather change of any kind we're required to do it again.

I didn't get that done, guys. I just -- it didn't -- it never materialized. I wanted to. I even had a nice little iPad app for it but it just didn't happen.

MR. ETCHER: Okay. All righty. And the very last question I have is if a crew got out to the

airplane, looked at the weather and they felt that it was either below their comfort level or below what they have as their personal minimums, what was their procedure to make sure that the flight didn't go or they could at least address their concerns and how would that go?

MR. ADAMO: They just, they -- it was totally up to them. Don't go. They never needed my permission to not do a flight. They could simply just call up Sales and say, look, the weather's below minimum. We're not going. Or we could call up Chief Pilot, weather's below minimum. We're not calling it.

If they called me I would have said, it's your call. You're there. I'm not -- whatever you're comfortable with.

MR. ETCHER: Did that happen very often?

MR. ADAMO: No, like I said, I mean, you

know, while I was there there was never a situation

where my guys flew into minimum weather. You know,

maybe a few times but I never, ever got a call saying,

oh, wow, we shot approached at mins today. It was

always, you know, we really -- I tried to emphasize on

these guys that it's not worth it. Just wait it out or

go to another airport.

MR. JAHR: Hey, Bob, sorry to interrupt.

1	The question was whether the crew ever called you to
2	tell you they would not do a flight, that they were
3	canceling a flight because the weather was bad.
4	MR. ADAMO: Oh, I'm sorry. Again, I want to
5	say I got a couple calls that way.
6	MR. ETCHER: Okay. All righty. I
7	appreciate it. That's all I have, thanks. Donnie?
8	MR. SHACKELFORD: No, I'm fine. Just say
9	hello, Bob. How are you doing?
10	MR. ADAMO: Good. You guys are kind of I
11	don't know if I can let me see if I can this up any
12	further. Any way you can get a little closer to the
13	mic?
14	MR. ETCHER: Yes, Donny's a little far away,
15	but he just
16	MR. SHACKLEFORD: Yes, I was just saying
17	good morning. Just said hello.
18	MR. ETCHER: He had no questions. He was
19	just saying hi. Let me ask John Drago, on the phone,
20	from the FAA, do you have any questions, John?
21	MR. DRAGO: David, I just have a couple for
22	Bob. I'll be brief. Bob, can you hear me okay?
23	MR. ADAMO: Yes. I can hear you loud and
24	clear.
25	MR. DRAGO: Okay, I'm on a real phone here.
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Okay, so do you recall having a list of designated 1 instructors within ExecuFlight? 2 No. Well, wait a minute. 3 MR. ADAMO: 4 on. Sim or company instructors? 5 MR. DRAGO: Company instructors. MR. ADAMO: No, it was limited, actually, to 6 7 -- it was myself or the chief pilot that did most of the indoc classes. 8 MR. DRAGO: Oh, okay. So do you recall if 9 they were designated in their duty assignments as being 10 11 company instructors? I believe I did have a letter in 12 MR. ADAMO: I put a letter in my own folder and a 13 their folders. 14 letter in Rich's folder. And then, of course, we had the SIMCOM or just the CAE instructors were in the 15 training manual, yes. There's a list of those guys 16 there. 17 MR. DRAGO: Okay, with respect to the 18 Sure. chief pilot did you ever observe the chief giving 19 ground instruction for safety --2.0 MR. ADAMO: Yes, as a matter of fact, I did, 21 I specifically assigned him to do a class. 22 I held in indoc class, I want to say, in November of 2014 for 23 about six individuals that we were bringing onboard. 24 25 And I did the first couple of days and then I

1	specifically asked Rich to do the next couple of days
2	so that I could observe him giving ground training.
3	MR. DRAGO: What were your observations of
4	that training?
5	MR. ADAMO: I didn't anything out of the
6	ordinary. I mean, there were per in the GM and it was
7	a question and answer type scenario, a lecture and then
8	question and answer. I didn't see anything that
9	concerned me if that's what you're asking.
10	MR. DRAGO: Let me clarify. So was that
11	training satisfactory to you?
12	MR. ADAMO: Yes.
13	MR. DRAGO: Okay, thank you. Okay, and then
14	I have two questions regarding you were using
15	Simuflite as your training partner. Did you have your
16	pilots demonstrate or train to lowered and standard by
17	any minimum?
18	MR. ADAMO: I think we were 1,500 RBR,
19	weren't we? I know that's no, I'm almost positive
20	it's 1,800 RBR.
21	MR. DRAGO: And so just a standard then?
22	MR. ADAMO: Yes, yes. I don't remember
23	you know, yes, no. I think that's where we were at
24	Execuflight, yes.
25	MR. DRAGO: Do you recall if you trained

1	circular approaches?
2	MR. ADAMO: Yes.
3	MR. DRAGO: Okay, and can you tell us and
4	forgive me if this is a repetition but can you describe
5	the I'm sorry, did you let me withdraw that
6	question.
7	Next question is did you fly the Hawker at
8	all in the simulator?
9	MR. ADAMO: Not with Execuflight.
10	MR. DRAGO: Okay. Then I'm finished. Thank
11	you very much. I have no further questions.
12	MR. LAWRENCE: Great. Anybody got anything
13	else?
14	MR. ETCHER: No, I'm fine.
15	MR. LAWRENCE: Bob, thank you very much. I
16	really appreciate this. Is there anything else,
17	considering that we are just simply a safety
18	investigation that's trying to find out what happened
19	so we can prevent it from happening again, anything
20	else you can think of that might assist us in that
21	endeavor or something that maybe we didn't ask that you
22	would like to add?
23	MR. ADAMO: Well, you know, it's easy,
24	hindsight, you know, 20/20, right? You know, you can
25	sit back and say, well, we should have did this, we

should have did that. You know, I don't know these two guys, particular guys, this training situation. I don't know what, since I never met, spoke or had a chance to interview them personally, I don't know if I could make any recommendations at this point.

I can tell you that the guys that I trained, the guys that I worked with, again, being guys like

Donny and Rich and the guys that were there when I was there, no. I mean, we really do try to instill safety and, you know, weather's a big thing. I don't like weather. You know, you can call me a jerk if you want, I just don't like weather. And that was one of my pet peeves.

I always said, you know, guys, go do what you have to do, but whatever you're not comfortable with, you know, don't do it. Period. And I left it to them to -- you know, we had our minimums. We had everything that was laid out for us as far as the manuals goes and the FAA and what we can and couldn't do.

But, you know, I never said this is it. You get to follow this. You know, if you're not comfortable with this and you want to notch it up a little, a level or two, that's your call. And I will never, ever fault your or torture you about it. And

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1	that's the position that, I think, was, you know,
2	pretty permanent throughout the company up to the point
3	when I left. I just really don't know, after I left,
4	the way things went and how things were done.
5	MR. LAWRENCE: All right, Bob. Thank you
6	very much. I appreciate your time. And if you think
7	of anything you want to add down the road, later on,
8	feel free to get a hold of us, okay?
9	MR. ADAMO: Sounds good.
10	MR. LAWRENCE: All right, thanks, Bob. Take
11	care.
12	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went
13	off the record at an undisclosed time.)
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CERTIFICATE

MATTER: Execuflight Hawker Accident Akron, OH, November 10, 2015 Accident No. CEN16MA036 Interview of Robert Adamo

DATE: December 3, 2015

I hereby certify that the attached transcription of page 1 to 72 inclusive are to the best of my professional ability a true, accurate, and complete record of the above referenced proceedings as contained on the provided audio recording; further that I am neither counsel for, nor related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding has taken place; and further that I am not financially nor otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.



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