Attachment 9

to Operational Factors / Human Performance Group Factual Report

DCA011IA047

STEP 4 SIMULATOR PROFILE

Simulator profile

(IAD) STOIC TWO Departure, BARIN 1 Arrival. RNAV (RNP) Z RWY 19L. (DAL) DARTZ 1 Departure, RNAV (RNP) approaches RWY 31L.13L and 13R. (EO SID RWY 13R)

- Thru-flight gate # B48 KIAD. ATIS: information ALPHA. 1000' overcast, temp 15, visibility 3 miles, altimeter 30.01 departing RWY'S 19L and 19R. Complete all flows checklist and briefings. Ensure the crew briefs the departure and verifies the waypoints for the STOIC TWO departure on the legs page. After engine start advise the crew that you will reposition the aircraft to hold short of RWY 19L for departure. Normal Takeoff with a climb to 3000' with vectors to STOIC. After passing 3000' give the crew a right turn heading 350 direct STOIC when able climb and maintain 5000'. After reaching 5000' give the crew a right turn heading 010 for traffic and advise the crew that the departure is complete.
- Advise the crew that they are on position freeze for a demonstration of a single DU failure (e.g. OUTBD, INBD, UPPER). Fail the Capt OUTBD DU and demo the auto transfer of the PFD to the INBD DU and how to recover the ND display on the lower DU. Fail the Capt INBD DU and demo how to recover the ND to the lower DU. You can alternate failures between the Capt and FO. Then Fail DEU No#1 which will give you the DISPLAY SOURCE message below the airspeed tape on the PFD. Review the QRH and discuss the function of the display source switch (e.g. All on 1, Auto, All on 2) After the demo is complete reposition them for the BARIN 1 arrival via the TRING transition at 5000' 10 miles south of TRING intersection for the RNP Z RWY 19L approach.
- Ensure the crew briefs the approach, FMC verification, required equipment, speed constraints for RF legs, 210 at PERTE, setting of RNP values and minimums.
- Once established and all briefings are complete, clear the crew for the RNAV/RNP Z RWY 19L approach. Observe proper callouts, (LNAV, VNAV PATH, proper speed control for the RF leg 210 Kts at PERTE). This speed must be manually entered. Ensure the crew sets the MCP altitude to zero and manually enters the RNP value 0.30. Observe the proper use of LNAV and VNAV.
- Set the weather to 1000' and 3 miles visibility. This will be a missed approach at 100' due to a vehicle on the runway. Fly the missed approach with a climb to 5000' and advise the crew that the maneuver is complete. If you have a CA/FO crew transfer aircraft control and provide vectors outside STAYO for another approach to RWY 19L. If you have a CA/CA crew, swap seats after cleanup, and fly another approach to RWY 19L to a full stop landing.
- REPOSITION to Dallas RWY 13R for the DARTZ 1 Departure. (RNP
 Departures and approaches) Observe the Departure Briefing and ensure the
 crew briefs the branch point <u>AL506 for the EO SID.</u>

- Arm LNAV for the departure prior to engaging TOGA. Fly the DARTZ 1 climb and maintain 5000'
- Once level at 5000' Issue Atis Bravo 310@05KTS Vis 2 miles, Sky condition 500' OVC Temp/Dew point 15/10 Altimeter 30.01 Landing and Departing RWY 31L and 31R. Vector the crew with a left turn heading 120 to intercept 5 miles south of AL 630 or TILLA the (IAF).
- Clear the crew for the intercept to AL630 or direct to TILLA (IAF). Once
 established on the arrival, clear the crew for the approach to RWY 31L. RNP
 value 0.30, DA 726' and observe the MCP is set to zero and the call
 LNAV/VNAV PATH is made.
- After passing AL 624 while in the RF turn give the crew a Dual GPS failure and observe a missed approach. Observe the crews decision of the failure and proper use of TOGA and tracking while in the RF turn. Advise the crew to fly the missed approach procedure as published.
- After the missed approach provide vectors to AL 462 or SLANT the (IAF) for the RNAV/RNP approach to RWY 13L, set the weather to 900' OVC and 2 miles visibility. At the approaching minimums call advise the crew to go around due to a truck on the Runway. During the missed approach give the PM an FMC, IRS or CDU failure. RNP value 0.30 DA 860' Fly the published missed approach, climb and maintain 5000'.
- After passing 5000' on the missed approach run the QRH and clear the malfunction. Then give the crew a right turn heading 360 with a climb to 13000'
- for the RNAV RNP RWY 13R approach. Weather is 300' OVC 1 mile visibility. Reposition the crew 25 miles southwest of DELMO intersection at 13000' for the RNAV/RNP RWY 13R approach. Advise the crew to precede direct DELMO and to cross DELMO at 210/7000'. After established clear the crew for the approach. Observe that the crew manually enters the RNP value of 0.10 prior to DELMO (IAF). Observe proper procedures and callouts and energy management skills. RNP value 0.10 DA 728'. This approach will be to a full stop.
- Reposition for takeoff RWY 13R on the DARTZ 1 Departure. Observe the crew briefing on the EOSID and branch point.
- Issue a takeoff clearance to 5000' RWY 13R. At V1 give the crew an engine failure and observe the EOSID procedure. Watch for proper callouts and tracking with the Flight Director and trend vector "Noodle". Callouts for EOSID (e.g. PM confirm EOSID, PF calls execute) This maneuver is for familiarization, No need to run the QRH.
- After the procedure is complete clear the malfunction and repo back to the gate.

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