

FUEL SYSTEM

The airplane is designed for operation on 80/87 grade (red) aviation gasoline. In the event this grade is not available only a higher rated fuel shall be used.

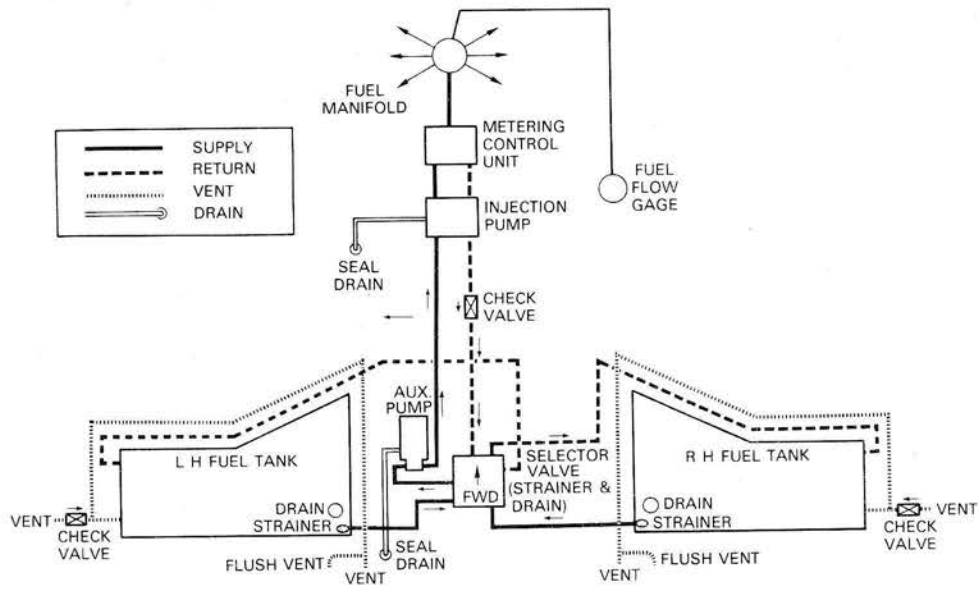
CAUTION

Before refueling, make certain the airplane and fuel dispensing unit are properly grounded. Failure to do so creates a fire hazard.

FUEL CELLS

Either the 44-gallon usable (50-gallon capacity) standard fuel system or the 74-gallon usable (80-gallon capacity) optional fuel system is available. The fuel system consists of a rubber fuel cell in each wing leading edge with a flush type filler cap. A visual measuring tab is attached to the filler neck of the optional system. The bottom of the tab indicates 27 gallons of usable fuel and the detent on the tab indicates 32 gallons of usable fuel in the tank provided the wings are level.

The engine driven fuel injector pump delivers approximately 10 gallons of excess fuel per hour, which bypasses the fuel control and returns to the tank being used. Three fuel drains are provided, one in each fuel sump on the underside of each wing and one in the fuel selector valve inboard of the left wing root. These points should be drained daily before the first flight.



FUEL SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

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7-25

**Section VII
Systems Description**

**BEECHCRAFT
Debonair C33
Bonanza E33 and F33**

FUEL QUANTITY INDICATION SYSTEM

Fuel quantity is measured by float operated sensors, located in each wing tank system. These transmit electrical signals to the individual indicators that indicate fuel remaining in the tank. There are sensors in each wing tank system connected to the individual wing tank indicator.

AUXILIARY FUEL PUMP

The electric auxiliary fuel pump is controlled by an ON-OFF toggle switch on the control console. It provides pressure for starting and emergency operation. Immediately after starting, the auxiliary fuel pump can be used to purge the system of vapor caused by an extremely high ambient temperature or a start with the engine hot. The auxiliary fuel pump provides for near maximum engine performance should the engine driven pump fail.

FUEL TANK SELECTION

The fuel selector valve handle is located forward and to the left of the pilot's seat. Take-offs and landings should be made using the tank that is more nearly full.

If the engine stops because of insufficient fuel, refer to the EMERGENCY PROCEDURES Section for the Air Start procedures.

FUEL REQUIRED FOR FLIGHT

It is the pilot's responsibility to ascertain that the fuel quantity indicators are functioning and maintaining a reasonable degree of accuracy, and be certain of ample fuel for a flight. Takeoff is prohibited if the fuel quantity

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indicators do not indicate above the yellow arc. An inaccurate indicator could give an erroneous indication of fuel quantity. A minimum of 13 gallons of fuel is required in each tank before takeoff.

The filler caps should be removed and fuel quantity checked to give the pilot an indication of fuel on board. The airplane must be approximately level for visual inspection of the tank. If the pilot is not sure that at least 13 gallons are in each tank, add necessary fuel so that the amount of fuel will be not less than 13 gallons per tank at takeoff. Plan for an ample margin of fuel for any flight.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

The system circuitry is the single-wire, ground-return type, in which the airplane structure itself is used as the ground return.

C33, E33

The battery ON-OFF switch, the generator/alternator ON-OFF switch, and the magneto/start switch are located on an escutcheon at the left of the instrument panel. The circuit breaker panel extends across the base of the instrument panel and contains the protective circuit breakers for the various electrical systems.

F33

The battery ON-OFF switch, the generator/alternator ON-OFF switch, and the magneto/start switch are located on the left subpanel. The circuit breaker panel is located on the right subpanel and contains circuit breakers for the various electrical systems. Some switch-type circuit breakers are located on the left subpanel.