

Washington, D.C. 20594

Mr. Joe MacLaren, Engineering Integrity Technician Colorado Oil and Gas Commission 5110 Granite Street Loveland, CO 80538

Dear Mr. MacLaren

Reference: Interview Regarding the (April 17, 2017 accident in Firestone, Colorado (NTSB accident number; DCA-17-FP-005).

Attached is a redacted transcript of your interview that was conducted on May 12, 2017. As stated by Mr. Chhatre; the transcript of this interview "will be provided directly to the interviewee for review and identifying any typographical errors." Please look over the interview for accuracy and make any necessary editorial changes.

You may either reference the relevant page and line number along with the suggested change or redline a copy of the document. Please initial any changes when marking up or redlining the original document.

When replying be sure and checkmark one of the three statements below, even if you have no changes.

Please submit replies to me via email no later than June 19,2019.

I have reviewed my transcript(s) from the above referenced accident and...



I have no comments to make.

My comments are submitted herewith.

My comments are marked on the attached copy.

Please note that these transcripts must be treated as confidential at this time. These transcripts are for your use only, and not for release outside of the investigation. If you have any questions, please contact me by phone or email. Thank you for your assistance and cooperation,

Chuck Koval

Pipeline Incident Investigation Analyst National Transportation Safety Board Office of Railroad, Pipeline, and Hazardous Materials Investigations 490 L'Enfant Plaza East SW Washington, DC 20594 Cell: Email: Email:

	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
	NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	<pre>* HOUSE EXPLOSION IN FIRESTONE, COLORADO, APRIL 17, 2017 * Accident No.: DCA17FP005 *</pre>
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	Interview of: JOE MacLAREN
	Frederick-Firestone Fire Protection District Business & Education
	Center Longmont, Colorado
1	Friday,
	May 12, 2017
ł	
ł	
l	
l	
ĺ	
l	
	Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1

APPEARANCES:

RAVI CHHATRE, Investigator in Charge National Transportation Safety Board

GBENGA AJIBOYE, General Engineer Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA)

MICHAEL LEONARD, Quality Assurance Professional Colorado Oil & Gas Conservation Commission

MATTHEW LEPORE, Director Colorado Oil & Gas Conservation Commission

DOUG PRUNK, Fire Investigator Frederick-Firestone Fire Protection District

DAVID McBRIDE, Vice President of Health, Safety & Environment Anadarko Petroleum Corporation

ITEM		INDEX	PAGE
Interview of Joe	MacLaren:		
By Mr.	Chhatre		6
By Mr.	Ajiboye		51
By Mr.	Leonard		56
By Mr.	McBride		64
By Mr.	Leonard		75
By Mr.	Ajiboye		78
By Mr.	Prunk		80
By Mr.	Chhatre		81
By Mr.	Leonard		98
By Mr.	Prunk		99
By Mr.	Leonard		102

1	1 <u>INTERVIEW</u>	
2	MR. CHHATRE: Good morning. Today is Friday, May 12, 2017.	
3	We are currently at Frederick-Firestone Fire Protection District	
4 Business & Education Center located at 8426 Kosmerl Place		
5 Longmont, Colorado. We are meeting regarding the investig		
6	explosion of a house located at 6312 Twilight Avenue, Firestone,	
7	Colorado that occurred on April 17, 2017.	
8	My name is Ravi Chhatre. I am with, I am with the National	
9	Transportation Safety Board in Washington, D.C., and I am	
10	investigator-in-charge of this accident. The NTSB investigation	
11	number for this accident is DCA17FP005.	
12	I would like to start by notifying everyone present in this	
13	room that we are recording this interview, and we may transcribe	
14	it at a later date. Transcripts will be provided directly to the	
15	interviewee for review and identifying any typographical errors.	
16	The transcript may be posted in NTSB's public docket.	
17	Also, I would like to inform Mr. Joe MacLaren that you are	
18	permitted to have one other person present with you during the	
19	interview. This is a person of your choice your supervisor,	
20	friend, family member or, if you choose, no one at all. Please	
21	state for the record your full name; spelling of your name;	
22	organization you work for and your title; business contact	
23	information, such as mailing address, telephone number, email; and	
24	whom you have chosen to be present with you during your interview.	
25	MR. MacLAREN: My name is Joe MacLaren. I work for the	

4

1	Colorado Oil & Gas Conservation Commission.
2	MR. CHHATRE: Spell it.
3	MR. MacLAREN: MacLaren is spelled, M-A-C, capital L,
4	A-R-E-N. And my title is engineering integrity
5	inspector/engineering technician. I would request to have
6	Director Matt Lepore stay present in the room with me.
7	MR. CHHATRE: Okay. And your business contact information,
8	please?
9	MR. MacLAREN: And my business contact information. My cell
10	phone is (970) 382-1680.
11	MR. CHHATRE: Okay. Thank you very much. Now I'd like to go
12	around the room and have each person introduce themselves. Please
13	state your name, spelling of your name, your title and the
14	organization that you represent, and your business contact
15	information. Starting from my left.
16	MR. AJIBOYE: My name is Gbenga Ajiboye, spelt G-B-E-N-G-A,
17	A-J-I-B-O-Y-E. I work for the DOT PHMSA with the Western Region.
18	My cell phone number is <b>the second sec</b>
19	And I'm an engineer with PHMSA.
20	MR. PRUNK: Doug Prunk, division chief, Frederick-Firestone
21	Fire Protection District,
22	Area code . Email address is .
23	MR. LEONARD: Mike Leonard. That's L-E-O-N-A-R-D, with the
24	Colorado Oil & Gas Conservation Commission. I'm the quality
25	assurance professional. Email address is

1 Cell phone 2 MR. LEPORE: My name is Matt Lepore. I am the director of 3 the Colorado Oil & Gas Conservation Commission. Business address 4 is Telephone number is 5 My email address is 6 7 MR. McBRIDE: My name is David McBride. It's M-C, capital B, 8 R-I-D-E. I am vice president of health, safety and environment for Anadarko Petroleum Corporation located in The Woodlands, 9 10 Texas. My contact information is .com. 11 Telephone number, Office line is 12 MR. CHHATRE: Thank you. 13 INTERVIEW OF JOE MacLAREN 14 BY MR. CHHATRE: 15 Q. Mr. MacLaren, for the record, just tell us your background, 16 any formal education, informal trainings, formal trainings, and 17 your work history. 18 Sure. I've got a Bachelor's of Science degree in geology Α. 19 from Fort Lewis College down in Durango, Colorado. I've worked in 20 the oil and gas industry for about 25 years. And I've been on, 21 mainly on the contract side. I've been with the Commission now 22 for about 21/2 years. 23 Q. And with your title, is it engineering technician? Is that 24 correct? 25 Α. Yes. Correct.

1 Q., Is that an OQ job? Operator qualification job? Did you need 2 to --It is -- there are qualifications that needed to be met for 3 Α. 4 the application process. But no, it's not --5 0. 00. 6 Α. -- 00. 7 Ο. Okay. They do some yearly training to keep your 8 qualifications current or --9 Α. Yes. Yes. I set training goals. 10 Ο. Okay. So going back to April 17, the day of the accident, 11 how was -- what was your involvement in that accident? What was 12 going on? 13 Α. Well, I was not aware of it on April 17. But on April 18, 14 Tuesday, April 18, I became aware of it. I received a call from 15 my supervisor, Mark Schlagenhauf. 16 Q. Spell the last name? 17 That's going to be --Α. 18 MR. LEPORE: Good luck with that. 19 MR. CHHATRE: Okay. Just be, just be close enough, thanks. 20 That'll be fine. 21 MR. MacLAREN: S-C-H-L-A-G-E-N-H-A-U-F. I think I hit it on 22 the money. 23 MR. CHHATRE: Thank you. 24 MR. MacLAREN: And he informed me on Tuesday, April 18 of a 25 house explosion in the Firestone area at about 10:30 a.m. in the

1 morning. He also informed me that there were flowlines and wells 2 in relatively close proximity and asked me to stop by and take a 3 look at the situation.

4 BY MR. CHHATRE:

5 Q. So just walk me through your entire involvement.

Okay. I showed up at the police and fire barricade at 6 Α. 7 approximately 11:45 Tuesday, April 18. And I took a look at the house and the devastation from the, from the police barricade. 8 9 And at that point, I was just looking around the area and I 10 noticed a well in relatively close proximity to the house. There 11 were some, there were some -- what appeared to be workers around 12 the wellhead on the location, conducting some work. And at that 13 point, I decided to become engaged. I grabbed my notebook, my 14 camera, my personal protective equipment, and I walked over to the 15 well itself near the house.

At that point, I introduced myself to the folks that were actually closing the gate around the wellhead. And they were contract employees that had just finished up a flowline pressure test on the active flowline running between the wellhead and the separator. I asked them about the results of the test, and they said that it had passed, and had informed Anadarko personnel, who were no longer on the scene.

I requested to the contractors that I get in to take a look at the wellhead, and they opened the gate. I took a look at the well. I identified that active wellsite flowline. And then I

also noticed what appeared to be an abandoned 2-inch carbon steel 1 2 flowline riser just south of the wellhead. And alongside of that riser was a 1-inch carbon steel riser that was connected to the 3 4 wellhead by 3/8-inch stainless steel tubing. I asked the 5 contractors whether they had addressed what appeared to be an 6 abandoned flowline, referring to the 2-inch line, and whether that 7 had been pressure tested or located. And they had said no, it 8 wasn't pressure tested and they were unaware of whether or not it 9 was located at that point. I also asked about the 1-inch line, 10 and they were unaware of any kind of, any kind of investigation by 11 company personnel regarding that line.

12 At that point, I walked away from the well and quickly met up 13 with fire department personnel, Doug; Public Utility Commission 14 personnel, Joe Malloy (ph.); the PHMSA folks; and the Black Hills 15 Energy folks that had responded to the accident and were onsite 16 conducting their investigations. I spoke with Joe Malloy and --17 about what I had observed at the well and asked him if he -- and we discussed what Anadarko folks had responded to the incident. 18 And he quickly picked up the phone and called one of the Anadarko 19 20 supervisors, who came back to the location soon thereafter to 21 address the questions that I had onsite. And that, and that was Bret Schissler. 22

I asked Bret -- I informed Bret that I would need to witness a pressure test conducted on the active wellsite flowline. I requested that the 2-inch abandoned line that I had observed with

1 the riser be located. And then I also asked that the 1-inch riser 2 be located, and that it was confirmed that there was a tie-in down 3 at the separator.

Bret had some other folks with him, employees, and they 4 5 started to conduct that work. Took about a couple hours. I took 6 some photos of the site, looked around. I walked down where the active wellsite flowline had been located. I observed a storm 7 8 water drainage that was relatively deep along -- that was, that 9 was in the area where that flowline, the active wellsite flowline, 10 had passed. Made some general observations, waiting for them to 11 do these locates and waiting for them to get prepared to run the pressure test, retest the wellsite flowline. 12

13 At that point, about, oh, another hour, 2 hours later, so at 14 this time, about 2 o'clock p.m., they were able to locate the 15 abandoned 2-inch carbon steel flowline. They were not able to 16 locate the 1-inch line because it turned into polyethylene down 17 belowground. There was no tracer wire with it, so they were not 18 sure where it went. One thing they did confirm, though, was that they did not see a riser and tie-in at the horizontal separator 19 west of the well. At that point, we became suspicious that, based 20 21 on the two risers being located right next to one another, that 22 they possibly ran in the same trench. We had located the 2-inch line. It went in a western direction for a short distance, where 23 24 it turned back to the north and intersected the back fence and 25 foundation area of the house, 6312 Twilight Avenue.

At that point in time, we still did not know where the 1-inch 1 poly line ran. We were suspicious that it possibly paralleled and 2 ran in the same trench with the 2-inch line, so we all decided to 3 -- that the next step in the process would be to do some potholing 4 with a hydro excavator to take a look at the 2-inch line and see 5 if the 1-inch line was running in the trench with it. Anadarko 6 7 made some calls to their contractors, and they, and they called in a hydro excavation truck. And so we waited for that to arrive. 8 9 At that point in time, I ran the wellsite, the active wellsite flowline test between the wellhead and the separator. We metered 10 it on both ends, and based on our rules, I deemed it satisfactory. 11 So time went by. I was down on -- at the facility that is 12 associated with this well, where the horizontal separator and the 13 tanks, the production tanks, are located. There are two 14 additional wellheads down close to that facility. I decided to, 15 while we were waiting for the hydro excavation to happen, I 16 decided to take a look at those wells. On one of the wells, the 17 core  $1_{6-13}$ . I noticed that there were, that there were two 18 risers over there that were very similar to the ones that were 19 observed on the core's  $\frac{2}{14}$  wellhead. I requested to the Anadarko 20 personnel onsite that we locate those lines as well and get an 21 idea of where those are running. At that point in time, they did 22 23 the locates. They were once again able to locate the carbon steel 2-inch line. The 1-inch line turned to polyethylene underground, 24 so they weren't able to locate it laterally. But we did locate 25

# Summary of Comments on MacLaren document sent on 6.13.19\_Edit by JM 6.17.19.pdf

#### Page: 12

Number: 1	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 11:35:57 AM
Coors V 6-13		
💌 Number: 2	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 2:07:25 PM

Coors V 6-14 JI wellhead

1 the 2-inch line, and it traveled in an eastern direction back
2 towards 6312 Twilight Avenue.

3	They continued to trace that line. They traced it all the
4	way back to the point where the abandoned flowline from the 6-14
5	turned in a north direction towards the house, and this one did
6	the same thing. And we were assuming that it turned the corner
7	and then was located in the same trench traveling in a northern
8	direction towards the back foundation of the house. At that
9	point, the hydro excavator showed up. At this time, it's about
10	6:00 p.m. Hydro excavation activities commenced at the, at the
11	just adjacent to the privacy fence south of the foundation of 6312
12	Twilight Avenue. And by about 7 o'clock p.m., we were able to see
13	two carbon steel 2-inch flowlines down in the excavation and one
14	polyethylene 1-inch line traveling down in the excavation as well.
15	At that point, we weren't we were suspicious that this
16	line was the one coming from the 6-14 wellhead, but we were not
17	able to confirm it that day. And we did not see the ends of the
18	lines that night. Any fut and no-cut ends of lines were observed
19	that night.
20	Q. Do you mind maybe drawing a sketch and, kind of, go through
21	what you saw, if you feel comfortable?
22	A. Sure.
23	Q. Showing those you know, the separators and all the
24	different if you only you can use horizontally. It doesn't
25	

Number: 1 Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out

Date: 6/17/2019 11:37:53 AM

1 Ο. Okay. 2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You want a pencil so you can erase? I<sup>1</sup>can\_(indiscernible). You know, I got it. MR. MacLAREN: 3 4 Okay. 5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We could have Doug draw it for you. 6 (Indiscernible). Take it home, put it on the fridge 7 (indiscernible). 8 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Did you? 9 MR. MacLAREN: Oh, okay. 10 MR. LEPORE: Is that to scale? 11 MR. MacLAREN: Is this going to be adequate? 12 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah. 13 MR. MacLAREN: Okay. 14 MR. CHHATRE: We're supposed to get some drawing, but I mean, if we had a big drawing, I would have given it to you. 15 16 MR. MacLAREN: And actually, we do have that. Stuart 17 Ellsworth, out -- who you're going to interview next, has that. 18 MR. CHHATRE: (Indiscernible)? 19 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. (Indiscernible). 20 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah, he can go over. 21 MR. AJIBOYE: Where's he at? 22 MR. MacLAREN: He's out in the lobby. 23 MR. CHHATRE: (Indiscernible). Okay, hold on. We're going, 24 we're going to destroy that and --25 MR. MacLAREN: Okay.

Number: 1 Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out

Date: 6/17/2019 11:38:30 AM

1	MR. CHHATRE: Yeah. That means (Indiscernible) you don't		
2	have to write so much stuff, then.		
3	MR. MacLAREN: Exactly. The work's been done, and it's to		
4	scale.		
5	MR. CHHATRE: Yeah. Great. In the meantime, let me ask you		
6	a few questions.		
7	MR. MacLAREN: Okay.		
8	BY MR. CHHATRE:		
9	Q. But I don't want to disturb your chain of thought here. How		
10	do people knew it was a plastic poly line going underground? At		
11	least not exposed, but and I was there. The only thing you can		
12	really see is a carbon steel, right?		
13	A. Correct.		
14	Q. So how would they know that even the line goes anywhere		
15	(indiscernible)		
16	A. Uhen they were, when they were unable to locate it, they were		
17	they became aware it's typical, it's typical construction		
18	for the industry, I think, for Anadarko. They've got other		
19	assemblies that are similar. So and then they confirmed that.		
20	When they were unable to locate it any distance laterally, then		
21	they assumed that it there was a carbon steel to poly		
22	transition down under the ground.		
23	Q. Okay. So here are the sketches.		
24	A. Yeah, so here are the sketches.		
25	Q. I think there are more than one copy of		

**Ŧ** Number: 1

Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out

Date: 6/17/2019 11:40:11 AM

So yeah, I think Keith (ph.) got -- let's see what he got 1 Α. 2 here. (Indiscernible). Okay. I think this is best to work off, 3 right? Okay. 4 Q. 5 Yeah. So here is --Α. (Indiscernible) Page 72 of 72 or -- what is the number here? 6 0. 7 I just need to look here. I cannot see from here. How do I identify this -- oh, right here. Yeah, 72 of 72. Okay. Go 8 9 ahead. And now I need a pencil. 10 Okay. So here is 6312 Twilight Avenue. Α. Okay, I can sight it. Yeah. 11 0. 12 Α. Right. Here is the existing gas well. This is the active wellsite flowline, then risers. 13 Write down the well number on here so we know. 14 0. 15 Α. Okay. (Indiscernible) UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 16 17 MR. MacLAREN: IJ? UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 18 I thought it was Ji. 19 MR. MacLAREN: Ji. 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Capital J, little i. 21 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Capital J, little i. 22 MR. MacLAREN: Okay. Okay. 23 BY MR. CHHATRE: 24 So here is the existing cores V6-14 Ji wellhead right here. Α. 25 The active flowline is marked here, and it runs adjacent to and

Number: 1 Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note Date: 6/17/2019 11:42:56 AM Coors V 6-14 Ji well

1	virtually parallel to a privacy fence that runs at the back of
2	these residences. Here is 6312 Twilight Avenue. Okay?
3	Q. Let's make an X in there. Okay.
4	A. This was the line that I pressure tested as it ran from the
5	production equipment here
6	Q. Entirely from here to here.
7	A. From here to here. Okay? That's deemed satisfactory. This
8	is the 2-inch carbon steel line in what we later found the 1-inch
9	poly line running parallel with it that ran to the west and then
10	swept up to the north. And ran
11	Q. Okay. We're going to mark it down here as 2-inch. We can
12	call it abandoned if you want.
13	A. Yeah.
14	Q. Right now, I am understanding what you're saying, but I'm not
15	sure when I go back and look at it 3 weeks later. If you want to
16	get your highlighter too.
17	MR. LEPORE: Did this (indiscernible) that we did the other
18	day?
19	MR. CHHATRE: Yes
20	MR. LEPORE: Are we able to get a copy of that?
21	MR. CHHATRE: I have an electronic copy of it, but I haven't
22	been able to
23	MR. LEPORE: No, that would be awesome if
24	MR. CHHATRE: Yeah. And like I said, (indiscernible). And
25	we'll just send it to everybody. My problem here, I get so many

1 emails from headquarters and from everybody here that I haven't 2 been able to catch up with the -- Sunday probably will be a good 3 day for me to catch up with a lot of stuff because we have no 4 interviews scheduled, so --5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Indiscernible) . MR. LEPORE: Well, I could if he sent it. I could probably 6 7 print (indiscernible) print some of those. 8 MR. CHHATRE: Okay, I can do that during the break. 9 MR. LEPORE: Sure. Sure. Might be a little less 10 (indiscernible). 11 BY MR: CHHATRE: 12 0. I think it's a duplicate, right? 13 Α. No, it's two sets. 14 Q. Oh, it's two different sets? 15 Α. Yeah. 16 Q . Oh. 17 Α. This is -- they call it Filing 2 and this one is Filing 1, I 18 believe. Okay. 19 Ο. Okay. 20 Okay, so --Α. 21 Q., If you want to come --22 MR. LEPORE: I know it. 23 MR. CHHATRE: Okay, okay. 24 MR. LEPORE: Been there done that. 25 MR. CHHATRE: I know.

1	MR. MacLAREN: Okay, so there's your wellhead, and then
2	here's where we located that carbon steel line.
3	MR. CHHATRE: Right. Okay.
4	MR. MacLAREN: And then we did that potholing here up against
5	the privacy fence that night. That's where we were able to
6	identify
7	BY MR. CHHATRE:
8	Q. So the first potholing was next to the privacy fence.
9	A. Correct. That's where we were able to locate this line.
10	This is the other 2-inch abandoned line coming from this core 6-
11	13. And then there was one poly line, 1-inch poly line, in the
12	trench.
13	Q. So you could see all three.
14	A. All three.
15	Q. Actually, you could see all four or all three?
16	A. All three. Just, there was only one 1-inch poly. Okay?
17	Q. No, but I was thinking, what about the active 2-inch? Could
18	you see that also in that pothole?
19	A. No. Oh, did we I don't know that I saw it. Okay?
20	Q. Okay.
21	A. Yeah, so I don't I left, and they continued to work
22	towards the privacy fence that night. So I did not, I did not see
23	it. What other questions do you have? This is yeah, so this
24	
25	Q. So you this pressure test was okay. And you saw this poly

1	here. And that's the thing I'm going to ask you about this case.
2	So you continue now on that
3	A. Right. Right. Okay.
4	Q. Before I interrupted you, you were saying you required the
5	hydro test, the hydro test held.
6	A. Correct. Yeah.
7	Q. And then you had just the excavation going on, and then you
8	located the three lines.
9	A. Correct. Yes.
10	Q. Okay. Then what happened? (Indiscernible), you said?
11	A. Yeah, it was late. I left at about 7:00 p.m. that night. I
12	returned the next morning and met with Mike Leonard.
13	Q. Was there any game plan discussed for the next day before you
14	left?
15	A. Yeah. During this whole, during my whole day's involvement,
16	I communicated with COGC [sic.] staff at the Denver office and let
17	them know what I was seeing and finding. And then we discussed a
18	game plan for the next day, which included Mike Leonard meeting me
19	onsite in the morning. We did that, and that was on Wednesday,
20	April 19. I brought Mike up to speed on what on the events
21	that had happened the previous day. That morning, there I
22	observed a security fence had been installed around the perimeter
23	of the entire, the entire disaster area, which included which
24	encompassed the well and that excavation. So I believe we were
25	not able to get in there that next morning to take a look at it

**∓**Number: 1

Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out

Date: 6/17/2019 11:45:45 AM

	1	
1	right	away

_	
2	I brought Mike up to speed. We went over to the production
3	facility. We started doing some investigation and some, and some
4	research into looking into if there was an abandoned facility that
5	had not yet been identified. We were working on that. And by
6	about midmorning towards noon, I left the site and Mike took over
7	from there.
8	Q. Okay. Now when you said earlier, separator, were you talking
9	about this facility here?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. And so if I
12	A. Right. So Anadarko personnel assumed that the 1-inch line
13	was a gas supply line and was tied into the horizontal separator
14	Lhis facility. When they went down to take a look, they
15	could not find that tie-in. And then
16	Q. You lost me. So yeah, which line here? And Anadarko was
17	thinking the same line runs here?
18	A. Right. So the 1-inch we were looking for the other
19	endpoint for the 1-inch line. And typically, that would be
20	located down at the production facility at the horizontal
21	separator, because they would be tying into a dry gas supply
22	source to run dry dehydrated gas back to the wellhead to operate
23	the production equipment at the wellhead. They were unable to
24	locate that tie-in down there.
25	Q. But once you see a 1-inch poly here, do you still expect the

Number: 1	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 11:47:04 AM	
to the west			
∓ Number: 2	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 11:47:06 AM	

1 line to be near the wellhead here?

_	
2	A. No, no. So that had taken place, and then when we saw the 1-
3	inch poly here, we became suspicious that that was our line. We
4	did not confirm it when I was out there. The goal the next
5	step was going to be to find an endpoint on that line, and then
6	use compressed air to blow back through the line in the direction
7	of the wellhead to see if we had communication from end to end.
8	Q. Okay. Okay, so what happened after that? After 19, you
9	investigated this and you are looking for the facility here,
10	abandoned facility. Did you find it?
11	A. Yes. So we were able to, yeah. We looked, we looked at some
12	historical field and COGCC field inspection reports. And one
13	of them had indicated that this well in fact did produce to a tank
14	battery facility located to the north. So we came up here, and
15	this site had been abandoned and reclaimed, reclamation and
16	gone through a final reclamation process. And a well that was up
17	on this, on this site as well had been plugged. So we went up and
18	took a look at that, and just made some general observations on
19	that historical wellsite.
20	Q. You share what you found? I mean, anything
21	A. Really all we saw was the monument for the well that had been
22	plugged. There's a monument with some welded the welded well
23	name and company name and some information like that. And then
24	the flat location that had been revegetated or in process of being
25	revegetated. And that's about all we saw up there.

1	Q. Okay. So on the April 18, what was your chain of thought?
2	Did you suspect anything that this well might be supplying gas?
3	Why you were doing all this investigation?
4	A. I was doing that investigation because, for me, just testing
5	the active wellsite flowline wasn't going to be good enough. I
6	was going to identify the $200ts$ $n^{1}$ endpoints of all of the lines
7	associated with this well, so we could either say this is still
8	part of the investigation, or based on what I'm seeing through my
9	field inspection process, we could start to rule out whether or
10	not that was a contributing factor in the accident.
11	Q. So the purpose of the work then, if you (indiscernible) that
12	means that there was a chain of thought that this may be, may be
13	involved in the accident? Is that why you are doing the test?
14	A. Exactly.
15	Q. So that is a thought, that this could be a source of fuel.
16	Is that
17	A. Sure. Sure.
18	Q. But I don't the (indiscernible).
19	A. Yeah, so yeah.
20	Q. But I am just suspicious. I don't understand why you would
21	do the testing here
22	A. I'm doing that testing there because $3n$ , $4ecause = - yeah$ , I
23	want to know. I've seen the two pipe risers that have not been
24	addressed, so I want to know where those go. That's just part of
25	my standard field inspection process. At this same point in time,

Number: 1	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 11:49:19 AM	
flowline risers			
<mark>∓Number: 2</mark>	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 11:49:04 AM	
<mark>∓Number:</mark> 3	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 11:50:12 AM	
<b>∓Number: 4</b>	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 11:50:06 AM	

	1
1	Black Hills Energy is doing their investigation. And all of the
2	investigators out on the site are communicating some findings, and
3	they are, they are becoming they are communicating to me that
4	it does not look like they have an issue with the domestic gas
5	supply on their side.
6	Q. So were you aware by that time, I think maybe 6:00 or 7
7	o'clock, that the glack Hills oid the Bessure test or pothole
<u>8</u>	test, and they came out negative? Did you witness any of that, or
9	were you aware of what Black Hills was doing?
10	A. Yeah, yeah. I was aware of what they were doing. I know
11	they were doing soils, taking soils, gas readings. They were
12	doing some pressure testing. I was not getting direct results
13	from them because I was busy doing my own work.
14	Q. Sure. So you were aware that their test came out negative?
15	Because I think you mentioned earlier
16	A. Yeah.
17	Q that you said looks like their gas is not involved, or
18	something like that, right?
19	A. Yeah. They're telling me that they're giving me some
20	tidbits of information. I'm hearing some hearsay, you know, some
21	things that I'm not sure that could be confirmed. But they're
22	saying that, yeah, their pressure test looks good. They've looked
23	at records for gas consumption within the residence leading up to
24	the accident and explosion. And it looked like the 2 days prior,
25	from what I remember, there was no natural gas use by that house,

👳 Number: 1	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 11:52:55 AM	
No change to Black Hills			
Dumber: 2	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 11:54:03 AM	
pressure testi	ng and gas readings		
∓ Number: 3	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 11:53:11 AM	
🕂 Number: 4	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 11:50:43 AM	<u> </u>

1	in that house. But I'm just looking, I'm looking at the wells in
2	close proximity, this well in particular, the core of 6-14. And I
3	want to make sure that I do my job with the production that's in
4	the vicinity of the house explosion.
5	Q. So is this your routine? Are you assigned a certain area
6	that you are responsible for the wells of that I'm confused as
7	to what your assignments are.
8	A. Okay. So I am our engineering integrity inspector. We have
9	a designated group of three of us that work as part of our
10	engineering team. And we look at specific specifically at
11	flowlines and production facilities, and work to work with
12	operators to ensure compliance with our 1100 series rules
13	regarding flowlines and integrity management.
14	Q. And you're responsibilities for what area?
15	A. I'm responsible for the field inspection part of what we do.
16	And my responsibilities are statewide.
17	Q. Okay, so
18	A. Yeah.
19	Q the entire state you cover.
20	A. The entire state.
21	Q. Okay. Do you know roughly
22	A. Yeah.
23	Q how many wells that entails?
24	A. About 54,000. But I have assistants with our other staff.
25	My primary, <b>By primary</b> workload exists here on the, on the front

**∓** Number: 1

Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out

Date: 6/17/2019 12:34:13 PM

	r
1	range and in the Wattenburg DJ basin. We conduct integrity
2	audits, flowline integrity audits with operators across the state.
3	Q. And how do you just for the record, what is a flowline?
4	What is a return line? How do you define in your integrity
5	management which is which?
6	A. So the way we define flowlines are they are, they are part of
7	the production line that well, we define them different ways.
8	A wellsite flowline is one that is a production line from the
9	wellhead to a separator. Jurisdictionally, we cover everything up
10	to a custody transfer point or where it turns into gathering. And
11	then at that point, it becomes the jurisdiction of the Public
12	Utility Commission.
13	Q. Okay. So from the wellhead through the separator.
14	A. Correct.
15	Q. And what is the endpoint then? And I understand from
16	wellhead going to separator
17	A. So then we
18	Q (indiscernible). Where the gas goes then?
19	A. So yeah, so then we oversee the dump lines that go from the
20	separator to the production tanks.
21	Q. Tell me what a dump line is.
22	A. A dump line is there's a the separator separates gas
23	and liquids, so a three-phase separator takes separates oil,
24	produced water and gas. And the dump lines send the crude oil to
25	the crude oil production tank and produced water to a produced

1 water vault. Tank.

_	
2	Q. Now is the separator typically reverse flow or your gas
3	coming in, reverse reaction and the moisture gets out? Or is it a
4	dehydrator of some sort or
5	A. Yeah. Exactly. So it helps to dehydrate the gas. And then
6	from that point and it varies from operator to operator across
7	the state that gas is then goes down a gas sales line to a
8	gas meter. And then, from the gas meter, $1 + s$ parted it ties
9	into a gathering system that becomes the responsibility of the
10	PUC.
11	Q. So in the integrity management program, just walk me through.
12	When you say the flowlines are included in it, that's your primary
13	responsibility.
14	A. Correct.
15	Q. What is it that you look for?
16	A. So we look for compliance with our 1100 series rules, which
17	includes in particular, 1101-E is our pressure testing rule.
18	We require that operators pressure test their flowlines annually.
19	We want to ensure that operators are proactive in maintaining good
20	integrity of their flowlines by implementing corrosion protection
21	programs. We ensure that they are members of 811 Call.
22	Q. So they are required to be a member of 11 call.
23	A. Yes. Correct. 2nd then we
24	Q. Is that an 800 number or a
25	A. 811.

## Page: 27

The second second

+ Number: 2 Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out Date: 6/17/2019 11:59:45 AM

<ul> <li>Q. 811. Okay.</li> <li>A. Yeah. Und then we oversee, we oversee abandonment of</li> <li>flowlines as part of our 1103 rule. And then, and then also in</li> <li>that is maintenance, construction as part of the 1100 series rules</li> <li>as well.</li> <li>Q. That's quite a bit of responsibility. For 55,000 wells, you</li> <li>said? Statewide?</li> <li>A. Yeah. Well, we have yeah. So we have field inspection</li> <li>staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we</li> <li>are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The</li> <li>inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges.</li> <li>Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field</li> <li>inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for?</li> <li>A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and</li> <li>facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our</li> <li>Coles this</li> <li>So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they</li> <li>A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling</li> <li>to completions to all the way through production to</li> <li>reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they</li> <li>do. Our group is more focused.</li> </ul>
flowlines as part of our 1103 rule. And then, and then also in that is maintenance, construction as part of the 1100 series rules as well. Q. That's quite a bit of responsibility. For 55,000 wells, you said? Statewide? A. Yeah. Well, we have yeah. So we have field inspection staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges. Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our alloss the state and ensuring like you do, or they A. They do, but they do the same thing like you do, or they A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling to completions to all the way through production to
that is maintenance, construction as part of the 1100 series rules as well. Q. That's quite a bit of responsibility. For 55,000 wells, you said? Statewide? A. Yeah. Well, we have yeah. So we have field inspection staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges. Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our Boles Fins Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling to completions to all the way through production to reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
<ul> <li>as well.</li> <li>Q. That's quite a bit of responsibility. For 55,000 wells, you</li> <li>said? Statewide?</li> <li>A. Yeah. Well, we have yeah. So we have field inspection</li> <li>staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we</li> <li>are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The</li> <li>inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges.</li> <li>Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field</li> <li>inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for?</li> <li>A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and</li> <li>facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our</li> <li>Boles 2. This</li> <li>Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they</li> <li>A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling</li> <li>to completions to all the way through production to</li> <li>reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Q. That's quite a bit of responsibility. For 55,000 wells, you said? Statewide?</li> <li>A. Yeah. Well, we have yeah. So we have field inspection staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges.</li> <li>Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for?</li> <li>A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our solves in the same thing like you do, or they</li> <li>A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling to completions to all the way through production to reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they</li> </ul>
said? Statewide? A. Yeah. Well, we have yeah. So we have field inspection staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges. Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our Boles 20 Chis Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling to completions to all the way through production to reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
<ul> <li>A. Yeah. Well, we have yeah. So we have field inspection</li> <li>staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we</li> <li>are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The</li> <li>inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges.</li> <li>Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field</li> <li>inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for?</li> <li>A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and</li> <li>facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our</li> <li>Boles this</li> <li>Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they</li> <li>A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling</li> <li>to completions to all the way through production to</li> <li>reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they</li> </ul>
9 staff across the state. So yeah. It's what we are yeah, we are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges. Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our all facilities across the state and ensuring like you do, or they Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling to completions to all the way through production to reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
10 are focused on reaching out to operators across the state. The 11 inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges. 12 Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field 13 inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? 14 A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and 15 facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our 16 Joles L this 17 Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they 18 A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling 19 to completions to all the way through production to 20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
11 inspection part of that, obviously, has its challenges. 12 Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field 13 inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? 14 A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and 15 facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our 16 Boles 2 this 17 Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they 18 A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling 19 to completions to all the way through production to 20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
Q. So who does the inspection? You said what do the field inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our <u>Boles</u> This Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling to completions to all the way through production to reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
13 inspection staff do? What are, what are they responsible for? 14 A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and 15 facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our 16 Joles 2 Chis 17 Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they 18 A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling 19 to completions to all the way through production to 20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
A. Our field inspectors are responsible for inspecting wells and facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our <u>Joles</u> this Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling to completions to all the way through production to reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
<pre>15 facilities across the state and ensuring compliance of all of our 16 3oles 2 this 17 Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they 18 A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling 19 to completions to all the way through production to 20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they</pre>
16 Joles Linis 17 Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they 18 A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling 19 to completions to all the way through production to 20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
17 Q. So pretty much they do the same thing like you do, or they 18 A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling 19 to completions to all the way through production to 20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
<ul> <li>18 A. They do, but they look, they look at everything from drilling</li> <li>19 to completions to all the way through production to</li> <li>20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they</li> </ul>
19 to completions to all the way through production to 20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
20 reclamation. So they have a lot more encompassed with what they
21 do. Our group is more focused.
22 Q. We can, we can these are some questions for, I guess,
23 somebody else. But do you know how many people are in that field
24 inspection staff?
25 MR. MacLAREN: What do we have? Twenty-eight?

## Page: 28

<b>∓</b> Number: 1	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 12:34:36 PM	
Number: 2 rules	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 12:35:22 PM	
¥Number: 3	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 12:35:13 PM	

1	MR. LEPORE: Thirty.
2	MR. MacLAREN: Thirty.
3	BY MR. CHHATRE:
4	Q. Now your integrity assessment on what is your title?
5	Integrity (indiscernible) you are responsible for integrity?
6	A. My title?
7	Q. Yeah.
8	A. My official title I'm an engineering
9	technician/engineering integrity inspector.
10	Q. Okay, okay. So if you go to a well, what you are looking
11	for?
12	A. So what so I do different types of inspections. I witness
13	flowline pressure testing.
14	Q. Okay. That yearly test? You do yearly test?
15	A. Yeah, that's part of the annual pressure testing requirement.
16	Q. So you witness those, is what you're saying.
17	A. Yeah. Yeah. So I witness those with operators. I do
18	inspections to identify the root cause of flowline failures and
19	document the mechanisms that cause failures of flowlines,
20	resulting in spills. And then I document and verify repairs made
21	on flowlines. I witness abandonments. And I do new construction
22	inspections as well.
23	Q. Okay. So the regulation requires you to go and visit each
24	well or a number of random wells? Or how does that what does
25	the regulation look like? I don't have I mean, I was just

	1
1	issued a copy of your regulation. So walk me through it, I mean,
2	what the regulation requires you to do for the operators.
3	A. Well, we're a relatively new group, so we've only been the
4	three of us have been working as part of the engineering integrity
5	team for just, for about a year and a half.
6	Q. Okay. So are there any, are there any firm guidelines for
7	you to do for each operator, each well? I'm trying to understand
8	with
9	A. Right. Yeah.
10	Q what the regulation requires you to do as an integrity
11	person. That you shall inspect so many number of wells each year
12	or do so many inspections?
13	A. Right. So yeah.
14	Q. I'm just trying to understand what
15	A. So I've got an inspection count goal as part of, as part of
16	my performance and evaluation with my supervisor.
17	Q. Okay. And what that goal is? I mean, as of the date of the
18	accident.
19	A. I can't say what my goal is. As far as
20	Q. I guess I know there's the goal, but I don't know what
21	that goal means.
22	A. Right. Right.
23	Q. That there's a certain number of wells you need to inspect,
24	or the
25	A. Yeah, so I've got a certain number of inspections to conduct
	From State Perperting Inc

1	and then
2	Q. And what that number is?
3	A. And then, and then I've also got and then I target
4	response to reportable spills that come in as a result of flowline
5	failures.
6	Q. So there's no I mean, that's your goal, but the regulation
7	doesn't require you to
8	A. No.
9	Q conduct so many inspections per year?
10	A. There is not a hard count number for me, no.
11	Q. Okay. Now as far as the reportable incidences, what are,
12	what are the criteria on what is a, what is a reportable
13	incident and what is not a reportable incidence?
14	A. So we receive notices of to report of what we deem a
15	reportable spill on a Form 19 spill report. And those come in,
16	and those are spills, liquid spills, that are greater than one
17	barrel outside of containment per our rule.
18	Q. One barrel outside the containment.
19	A. Yeah.
20	Q. Okay. And for the gas?
21	A. This is, this is just for liquids and
22	Q. So who takes of the gas spills? What are, what
23	A. Generally, the gas is addressed by our field inspection unit.
24	I do some of that as well through FLIR camera documentation.
25	Q. Okay. So as a group of

1 A. Right.

2		ble) established	in 18 months,	that doesn't
3	cover anything the g	gas spill?		

That's not -- no, that's not true. I'm still looking at gas 4 Α. flowlines, but gas releases are pretty rare across the state 5 historically, based on my experience. And so yes, I look at those 6 7 as they come up and are reported to us via either an accident report or through some sort of spill reporting, or notice directly 8 from an operator that there has been a flowline with an, with an 9 associated gas release. So all -- I will do an inspection. 10 But help me out. What an operator is required to do for a 11 0. 12 gas release? What does, what does the regulation require me as an operator -- what I'm required to report and what I do not have to 13 report for the gas release? Is there, is there a regulation for 14 15 that, or specific, or there is nothing?

16 A. They do report that --

17 Q. No, no. That's not my question. Does the regulation require 18 them to report to you certain incidents, and certain incidences 19 they don't have to report? I know what you do and what you may 20 want to do, but --

- 21 A. I don't have the answer to that question.
- 22 Q. Okay. Should I take that as the regulation does not require?
- 23 A. No. No.
- 24 Q. Because if the regulation required --
- 25 A. Yes.

1	Q you probably will know, right? I can give you the
2	(indiscernible) to me. But unless I don't understand what the
3	regulation requires and what the I mean, if an operator decides
4	not to report a gas release. In this case, there's an accident.
5	But if there's no accident, let us suppose. There is no blow up
6	of the house. Were Anadarko required to report to you guys? Or
7	they can just say, well, we took care of it? You see what I'm
8	saying?
9	A. No, no, yeah.
10	Q. You see what I'm saying?
11	A. Right. Yes, I
12	Q. So are they, are they (indiscernible)
13	A. They are required to report to us. Unfortunately, I cannot
14	cite that rule.
15	Q. Can you get back to me on that, if they do?
16	A. Can I ask, can I
17	Q. I agree with you that you may not remember everything, and I
18	
19	A. Right.
20	Q. Don't take that wrong. I mean
21	A. No, it's fine.
22	Q. I don't expect you to remember each and every sentence from
23	this. What I'm really looking for is, if there is a regulation,
24	(indiscernible). That's all I'm asking for. And you can get back
25	to me. Leisurely. Like, 8,10 days.

-	-	<u></u>
1	Α.	Okay.

1

2 Q. Is that fair?

3 A. Yeah.

4 Q. But that's what I'm trying to understand.

5	Α.	Ι	mean,	there	may	be	people	in	the	room	right	now	that	can	
6	answe	er	that	questio	on qu	lic	kly.								

Q. No. You are integrity person, right? So I want to know what you are absolutely required to do in that year and a half. I'm going to ask questions of everybody, but different questions. I just want to make sure. But I mean, you are the gatekeeper, the way I look at it, right? You go in the field. And you are enforcing the rules, correct?

13 A. Right. Yeah.

14 Q. So now --

15 A. I am noticed on gas releases, yeah. As far as rule-based, I 16 just --

17 I guess what I'm, what I'm really trying to find out is, if 0. 18 (indiscernible) an operator -- like take this incidence. If there 19 is no devastating accident here, were the operator required to 20 report to you as the regulator? Because there is no accident, the operator takes care of this, pinches line, plugs line, and that's 21 22 the end of the story, is what I'm trying to understand. 23 Α. Right. I'll get back to you. Yeah. 24 So you get, you get what I'm saying? Q. 25 Α. Yeah.

1	Q. I don't expect you to remember, but if there is rule like
2	that
3	A. Right.
4	Q then I'm hoping that you would remember I mean
5	A. Right.
6	Q you do have so much stuff. I'm very impressed, to be
7	honest with you. So now going back to
8	A. Fair enough. I'll get back, I'll get back to you on that.
9	Q. Yeah, please. Now going back to the integrity group, is
10	there a requirement, a procedure that says, well, you shall do
11	some surprise visits to the operator and actually find out that
12	they are meeting your goal as a regulator?
13	A. Absolutely. Yeah. Random inspection. Yeah.
14	Q. Random inspection is part of the regulation.
15	A. Absolutely.
16	Q. And how many of those you conduct?
17	A. Ve Conducted in the last year and a half approximately 400
18	<u>Inspections</u> .
19	Q. Random inspections. Okay.
20	A. As far percentage-wise? I would say about 50% of those
21	Q. Are random.
22	A are random.
23	Q. Okay. And going back to because this is a gas accident,
24	I'm mainly focusing on gas, but this my question is to both gas
25	and liquid. So don't just focus on gas, but

## Page: 35

Number: 1	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 12:44:22 PM				
worked in the field approximately 200 days in the last year and a half.						
Thumber: 2	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 12:44:29 PM	<del>_</del>			
<b>∓</b> Number: 3	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 12:44:34 PM				

1	A. Right.
2	Q. For the operator, do they require to submit annual reports to
3	you as the regulating agency? Like fumes are required as an
4	operator to submit annual report, do
5	A. Production reporting?
6	Q. Yeah.
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. I mean, the incident reporting. What is the
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And what is the incident report criterion per se?
11	A. For in this case?
12	Q. Yeah.
13	A. For an accident report? They will file, they will file an
14	accident report with us. I can't remember what form number it is.
15	Q. Okay. That's okay. That's okay.
16	A. But yes, the
17	Q. Don't worry about the form numbers as long as there is a
18	form.
19	A. Yes, that is required.
20	Q. Okay. Like, PHMSA requires an operator to file a report for
21	a certain number. Release volume, or whatever the case may
22	A. Right.
23	Q. So do you have certain regulations like that? The operator
24	has to submit something for the gas? If there's a flowline
25	release, there's a liquid line release

1	A. Right.
2	Q is there a number that
3	A. Yeah. And I've given you the number for the liquid line.
4	Yeah.
5	Q. Okay. Yeah. (Indiscernible). So there is a number for
6	that.
7	A. Yeah.
8	Q. They are required to file a report to you guys. Annually?
9	Every incident? How does that work?
10	A. Yeah. If it's, if it's a release, an expected release of gas
11	or liquid, yes, then they report that to us.
12	Q. Now are they required to mark their buried lines and
13	they're not gathering, but flowlines.
14	A. Flowlines?
15	Q. Like, PHMSA requires a gas line or a liquid line to be marked
16	with markers.
17	A. Right.
18	Q. Are you required to have the operator mark the lines so that
19	the public knows that there is something
20	A. Yeah, that is part of our rule for we have a there's a
21	section on that in our 1100 series rules. Typically for well
22	signs and we well, flowlines that we deem offsite flowlines,
23	that leave a well pad and travel a distance.
24	Q. And did you observe any markings in this particular case on
25	your active 2-inch line?

1	А.	No.
2	Q.	Now is that a violation of your
3	А.	Well, we
4	Q.	Or it is not a violation of your rule?
5	А.	We talk our rules, our 1100 series rules talk about
6	pipe	line markings. Generally speaking, flowlines across the
7	indu	stry are not marked. They become marked at that point where
8	ther	e's that custody transfer.
9	Q.	Okay. Now tell me what a custody transfer is.
10	А.	That's a change, that's a change in
11	Q.	(Indiscernible) trying to learn the
12	А.	That's a change in ownership of that petroleum asset or that
13	prod	uct.
14	Q.	But again, I'm going back with PHMSA, though, because I
15	thin	k I'm more familiar with those than your rules.
16	Α.	Right.
17	Q.	But PHMSA requires, whether they did a custody transfer or
18	not,	the gas lines or the liquid lines be marked with markers. My
19	ques	tion was before
20	А.	Yeah.
21	Q.	are you guys required to have the flowlines being marked
22	so t	hat people know that there is something underground? And you
23	said	yes, right?
24	А.	Well, I said that our 1100 series rules talk about pipeline
25	mark	ing. But we are no, we do not actively enforce marker

1	flowline marking. No, we don't.
2	Q. But the regulation requires them to mark.
3	A. I would have to look back at how that rule reads. It talks
4	pipeline and not flowline.
5	Q. So what is a, what is a pipeline, then? What would you
6	consider a pipeline and what would you consider a flowline?
7	A. I would consider a pipeline
8	Q. By regulation, not by your opinion, is what I'm asking.
9	A. Right.
10	Q. I'm really focusing on that. Yeah.
11	A. Yeah. Right. So that flowline, again, goes to a custody
12	it's part of the production process from the wellhead through the
13	production facility to a point of custody transfer. A pipeline
14	would be part of the gathering and transportation of that
15	Q. But then that's a PHMSA, right?
16	A. That's PUC or PHMSA, depending on the yeah.
17	Q. But no, I'm saying in your jurisdiction, you only control
18	flowlines up to the
19	A. That's right. Custody transfer.
20	Q. Yeah. Of the, of the product. Right? Because you are using
21	the custody transfer also from the asset to asset. So I'm just
22	trying to make sure, for the record. So when you say custody
23	transfer, you are talking about the product from the production,
24	either gas or liquid, going into the gathering line. So before
25	so I guess I'm trying to understand. When you say define pipe,

1	than what is a pipe? In your regulation, you said your regulation
2	says pipeline should be marked. Your regulations. In your
3	regulations, what is a pipeline? Flowline, you said flowline is
4	
	different than pipeline, right?
5	A. Right. Right.
6	Q. So what is a pipeline in your regulation?
7	A. The way that our rules were written and have developed over
8	time, the language has changed. So where terms were stated as
9	pipeline, they the heading of our 1100 series rules is labeled
10	as pipeline rules, but our jurisdictionally, we oversee
11	flowlines. There is some language discrepancy that has occurred
12	during rulemaking, historically.
13	Q. Okay. So when does when you say rulemaking, so which
14	when the rules were established? Historically even, how far back
15	we are going? See, I mean maybe not. I know when PHMSA
16	established. I know when NTSB established, right?
17	A. Right.
18	Q. So when you say historically, when the, when the rules
19	started in general?
20	A. So our flowline rules were established yeah. Early '90s.
21	Q. 1990s.
22	A. Yeah. I mean, they were, they we had pipeline rules, I
23	want to say, late '80s, early '90s. They started to they were,
24	they were written and then they were modified through that early
25	'90s period. Again modified in 2002, the abandonment rule. And

	1	then	have	been	left	in	place	as	is
--	---	------	------	------	------	----	-------	----	----

L

2	Q. So me as an operator, if I read the regulation and you
3	guys are more familiar with that than I am, but if I read the
4	regulation and it says pipelines should be marked, if I interpret
5	that my flowlines need not be marked, am I wrong? I mean, you are
6	integrity person. So I'm just asking you.
7	A. Right.
8	Q. If your regulations say as pipeline should be marked, and you
9	are telling me the pipelines are different than flowlines. So me,
10	if I am Anadarko, should I say that, well, I don't have to mark my
11	pipelines because it's a flowline? Is that a correct
12	interpretation, me as an operator?
13	A. I'd have to read back on the rule.
14	Q. But I thought you just told me that pipelines are different
15	than flowlines.
16	A. They are.
17	Q. So what who is going to tell you differently than what I'm
18	asking you?
19	A. Once again, because a pipeline is going to travel a distance
20	across, you know, numerous surface owner properties to a central
21	gathering point. So they travel a much greater distance,
22	typically, than flowlines.
23	Q. I'm really lost. You've really got to get back to me on
24	this. Because what distance has to do with the risk? I mean, the
25	risk is still the same. So I
1	

1	A. Right. I mean, if you looked at the percentage of flowlines
2	associated with production across the state, most of that is going
3	to stay per well count. It's going to stay on that, on that
4	individual well pad. Right? There are certain
5	Q. Well, I mean, I don't know. Like I said, I mean
6	A. Yeah. No, so there are circumstances where there are offsite
7	flowlines as part of, say, a water flowline gathering system that
8	occurs that travels some distance in terms of miles
9	Q. And you can get back to me on this one.
10	A to a point to where it gets on the (indiscernible). Sure.
11	Q. Because I'm really trying to understand the big distinction
12	between a pipeline and a, and a flowline and the markings on this.
13	So in your before a new group is established 18 months ago or
14	so, who handled the responsibility of auditing, inspecting the
15	various operators? For exactly the same thing you are doing.
16	Surprise inspections, audits to make sure the lines, you know,
17	look at the whatever. Abandoned lines
18	A. That would have been our engineering group and our field
19	inspection unit in combination.
20	Q. But they still follow the same rules that you are following
21	now?
22	A. Correct.
23	Q. Correct?
24	A. Yeah.
25	Q. Okay. So with your experience and you're here longer than
2	Free State Reporting, Inc

1	a year and a half. How many incidences where the you see the
2	leaks in the flowlines, both gas and liquids? I mean, do you
3	compile the data?
4	A. Yes, I do. Yes. Yeah. And we've got that in our database
5	as part of our public record. But I how many incidents have I
6	personally seen in my, in my tenure? That's your question.
7	Q. Well, my question was, number one, do you keep the data as to
8	how many leaks are happening per year.
9	A. Yes, we do.
10	Q. Number one. And you already answered that, yes.
11	A. Right.
12	Q. You had the database. And number two I asked, I am asking
13	you is how many you have seen in your tenure in last I would
14	say go back only for 18 months, because that's what you are part
15	of that group. How many you have seen for the gas and liquid
16	leaks?
17	A. So total number of reportable spills? You know, I leave I
18	mean, our integrity engineer
19	Q. Just ballpark number. I mean, less than 100? Thousands and
20	are only
21	A. Hundreds.
22	Q. Hundreds. Okay. And that's for gas and liquid together
23	A. Um-hum.
24	Q or just gas and then okay.
25	A. Primarily liquids.

42

Primarily liquids. What about gas? How many gas leaks --1 Ο. Yeah. 2 Α. -- have you guys seen? 3 0. Less than 100. 4 Α. Okay. In the 18 months. Okay. And are they on the 5 Ο. flowlines some distance away from the well? Are they -- can you 6 just give me a general idea as to where they are generally and --7 Yeah. I mean, I would say -- and it's far less than 100. 8 Α. 9 I'd sav -- I've only seen a handful of gas releases. And is the operator then required to analyze and find out why 10 0. 11 or what happened? Absolutely. I mean, that's part of -- so I would respond to 12 Α. that, once noticed, either by someone within the commission or the 13 operator directly, where that release happened and what well it 14 was associated with, I'd respond to it via field inspection, 15 schedule permitting. And then look at root cause, again, root 16 cause of failure leading into release. 17 Does that require to file a report to your office, that leak 18 0. -- this particular line was caused by corrosion, third-party 19 damage, whatever the reason may be? But the regulation requires, 20 then, if there's a release, that they shall analyze it for the 21 root case? Operator? Or the regulation does not require them to 22 23 find the root cause? The regulation requires them to maintain integrity. 24 Α. Yeah, but I mean, that's different. 25 0.

1	A. No.
2	Q. What I'm saying is
3	A. There is no language in our rules that says find root cause.
4	Q. Find root case. Okay. So then of course there is no
5	language. That means they don't have to
6	A. In the rules. As part of our program and our outreach, yes,
7	there is that language.
8	Q. Okay. So what's the difference? Outreach versus regulation?
9	A. Well, you know, within the commission, we go through
10	rulemaking. You know, in the relatively near future, we're moving
11	in the direction to have rulemaking for our flowline rules, right?
12	That language would be incorporated, and that and other languages
13	would be incorporated at that point in time. But at this point in
14	time, what we're doing now as we're outreaching to operators, the
15	three of us within our integrity group requesting that this
16	information is documented and sent to us.
17	Q. So do you remember and maybe I asked you and maybe I did
18	not, because what is the reporting criteria for a gas release?
19	What kind of release liquid, I know. But do you ever get
20	A. You've already asked, you've already asked me that question.
21	Q. Let me back up. Yeah. So let me, let me back up. Do you
22	ever get calls from the operators telling you that, hey, I had a
23	gas release and I took care of it? Or do they file an electronic
24	reporting to you? In the last 18 months, have you seen any? Any
25	operator telling you that

1	A. Yeah. You know, it depends. We will, we will use our FLIR
2	camera as part of the field inspection process to identify gas
3	release. Then we will, we will put that down as documentation on
4	a field inspection report as an action required item, indicating
5	that we've identified a gas release at this well or facility and
6	repairs need to be made to prevent it stop and prevent the
7	release from occurring.
8	Q. Okay. But you let me repeat the question. In your 18
9	months in the integrity group, do you recall any operator calling
10	you, saying hey, forget about you trace the leak and you call
11	the operator. But have you ever (indiscernible) an operator
12	saying, excuse me, but I had a gas release
13	A. Yeah.
14	Q and I fixed it. On their own. Not because you followed
15	through your
16	A. Well, we had a yeah. We had a gas release resulting in a
17	fire. And that was provided to us as part of our accident
18	reporting program. And then I responded to that to identify
19	Q. Maybe I'm not asking the question right. Did the fire and
20	there's an accident, right?
21	A. Right.
22	Q. So operator reported it.
23	A. Right.
24	Q. If the operator wouldn't, somebody else would. What I'm
25	saying is, if an operator has a gas release, they find out

I'm going to have to get back to you on that. Like we 1 Α. 2 discussed before. I'm losing track of how many things we'll get back from you, 3 0. 4 but (indiscernible) --5 That's the, that's the same question. Α. 6 Okay. Q . MR. LEPORE: May I? 7 Identify. MR. CHHATRE: Sure. 8 MR. LEPORE: Oh, sorry. This is Matt Lepore. 9 MR. CHHATRE: So the transcriber can --10 MR. LEPORE: Sure! Matt Lepore from the COGCC! I think it 11 12 might be useful, Ravi, if you would define what you mean by a gas 13 release or a gas spill. MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Okay, let the --14 15 MR. LEPORE: So because --16 MR. CHHATRE: Go ahead. MR. LEPORE: -- there are fugitive emissions of gas from 17 18 connections on equipment, for example, and from storage tanks. Those things occur routinely, I guess I would say, and Joe 19 20 referenced the use of FLIR cameras to identify those. So there's not a quantitative amount that an operator is required to report 21 22 to us. But that's all, that's all I'm asking. Okay. 23 MR. CHHATRE: 24 MR. LEPORE: Right. Exactly what I'm asking. 25 MR. CHHATRE:

MR. LEPORE: So that's very different, I think -- in our 1 thoughts, a liquid spill is easy to quantify, and we have 2 quantification requirements. Gas spills -- and that's why, that's 3 why I'm asking you to define. 4 MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Yeah. 5 MR. LEPORE: There's a fugitive emission, comes off a tank. 6 We identify that with a FLIR camera. For one thing, that's not in 7 the COGCC's jurisdiction. That's in the Department of Public 8 Health and Environment's jurisdiction. So they have specific 9 regulations about frequency of those inspections with the FLIR 10 cameras and so forth. So I think, I think the trick -- the hard 11 12 part here is help us understand what you're talking about as a gas 13 release --MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Okay. I mean, that's what I was --14 MR. LEPORE: -- and we would respond to it and that, and that 15 operators would tell us about. 16 17 MR. CHHATRE: Fair enough. Fair enough. Fair enough. 18 MR. LEPORE: Does that help? MR. CHHATRE: (Indiscernible). Yeah. 19 MR. LEPORE: Because I can think of loss of well control 20 21 incidents --22 MR. CHHATRE: Okay. Sure. MR. LEPORE: -- pipeline hits with equipment that -- those 23 24 get reported to us. Fair enough. Yeah. Like I said, in 25 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah.

this case -- let us take this case --1 2 MR. LEPORE: Yeah. MR. CHHATRE: -- where there is a gas release. 3 Unfortunately, there is an ignition and there is an explosion, 4 whatever. If you take a similar incidence, and I'm not even 5 assuming at this point that this release caused --6 7 MR. LEPORE: Sure. MR. CHHATRE: -- the explosion. I'm not even assuming that. 8 9 MR. LEPORE: Right. MR. CHHATRE: But for the sake of argument, in this case, and 10 there's a gas release and there is no explosion. There are no 11 12 fatalities. In similar situations like that, how many cases -calls you get or reports you get saying, I had a gas release? Or 13 this release then will fall under the Health or whatever the other 14 regulation you said? That is all I'm asking. Am I, am I clear 15 16 now? Yeah, and Joe can answer to the best of his 17 MR. LEPORE: ability and (indiscernible). 18 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah. Sure. Am I clear now? And your comment 19 20 is well-taken. MR. LEPORE: Yeah. 21 MR. CHHATRE: I mean, I just want to make sure that --22 23 BY MR. CHHATRE: So many of those calls you get from the operator ever? Or 24 0. I mean, I'm just trying to get some magnitude here. 25 no?

1	A. A fewer amount than liquid releases.
2	Q. You do get. I mean, there is, there is some kind of a record
3	that you got a call from a certain operator that there was a
4	release, and you guys, and the integrity group took some action.
5	And if there is none, there is none.
6	A. Right. Yeah.
7	Q. I mean, you know, I'm not saying there has to be or
8	something. I'm just trying to this is, that's a gathering
9	thing for me. So I'm just trying to find out if this thing
10	happened or it doesn't happen.
11	A. It happens in some circumstances. I don't think it always
12	happens.
13	Q. Okay. Okay, fair enough. So what's your inspection when you
14	go on what do you inspect when you go to an operator? Do you
15	inspect their operating and maintenance procedure for flowlines as
16	a regulator?
17	A. Um-hum. When we meet with an operator or a field, or a field
18	inspection?
19	Q. No, I'm just trying to understand what (indiscernible)
20	field inspections, field whatever terminology you use.
21	A. Yeah.
22	Q. But if you go to an operator and you are looking at a
23	wellhead's flowlines, what you are looking for? What you ask them
24	question-wise?
25	A. We look at everything from operating parameters, pressures,

1	flow regime materials used integrity management program We				
	flow regime, materials used, integrity management program. We				
2	want to know how you know, we want to know historically what's				
3	occurred on these lines. Have they had issues with failures?				
4	Root causes? Have we replaced, repaired lines? All of the above				
5	And do we have abandonments taking place.				
6	Q. Okay. But they are not required to tell you if the certain				
7	lines are abandoned per your regulation?				
8	A. Yeah, they yes, they do. They do report that to us on a				
9	Form 42.				
10	Q. Okay, great. Okay. So that is covered.				
11	A. Yes.				
12	Q. Is covered. Okay. Now does your flowline require to have				
13	cathodic protection if it's a carbon steel?				
14	A. No.				
15	Q. They are not required.				
16	A. No.				
17	Q. Do you have any idea as to how many corrosion leaks these				
18	lines, the flowlines have in different failures?				
19	A. It depends upon the age of the well. It depends upon a lot				
20	of different factors. Age of well, production, volumes yeah.				
21	Q. But that I guess my question is do you see any corrosion				
22	leaks? But I no, I'll take it back, because they are not				
23	required to do analysis, so you would not even know what the				
24	A. But I'm				
25	Q cause of the release is.				

1	A. But I'm responding to some of those, so yes, I know that I		
2	do see corrosion leaks.		
3	Q. But there is no CP requirement on the lines?		
4	A. I'm not going to say blanket no. Some operators, yes, in		
5	certain parts of the state do use cathodic protection. Not all		
6	operators.		
7	Q. True. But I mean, regulation-wise, they are not required.		
8	A. Yeah. Correct.		
9	Q. Okay.		
10	MR. CHHATRE: I'm going to stop right now. I'm still going		
11	to digest, but I'll just pass onto PHMSA.		
12	MR. AJIBOYE: Yeah, I have this is Gbenga from PHMSA. I		
13	just have a couple of questions for you.		
14	BY MR. AJIBOYE:		
15	Q. Can you please elaborate on your abandonment procedure? Can		
16	you walk us through what		
17	A. Sure.		
18	Q they are required to do?		
19	A. So operators are required to disconnect, isolate the		
20	flowline, purge the flowline of any hydrocarbons, cut the flowline		
21	3 feet below grade, and cap and seal the ends.		
22	Q. Now they are meant to report that to you guys once all this		
23	is done?		
24	A. Yeah. So yes. Once a flowline is properly abandoned, then		
25	yes, we require that notice of flowline abandonment.		

1	Q. And how long has this abandonment procedure been in place,			
2	this			
3	A. To the best of my knowledge, since 2002.			
4	Q. Okay. 2002. Okay. So you also said, in the custody			
5	transfer, the operators are required to mark the lines. That's			
6	where the line markers are required by the code, right?			
7	A. You'd have to ask PUC or PHMSA that question, but yes.			
8	Q. But you mentioned that, though. That's during the custody			
9	transfer from			
10	A. I meant yeah, I mentioned that based on my industry			
11	experience that that's typical. Yes.			
12	Q. Oh, not based on COGCC requirement?			
13	A. No, we have no jurisdiction beyond the custody transfer.			
14	Q. Okay. For flowlines			
15	A. Correct.			
16	Q there's a custody transfer from one operator to the other.			
17	Are you guys required to do you guys require them to identify			
18	the lines, whether abandoned or active?			
19	A. We have that pipeline marking section. I would have to look			
20	back and read the rule. It's not typical for flowlines to be			
21	marked unless they're offsite flowlines traveling a distance. In			
22	that case, as part of a flowline gathering system, we would expect			
23	to see markers.			
24	Q. I guess my I probably misunderstood something. Because			
25	when you were talking about chain of custody transfer, it sounded			

to me as if the code required the operators to mark the flowlines 1 2 at that point. That's what I gather from what you explained 3 earlier. MR. AJIBOYE: Ravi, is that the impression you got? 4 5 MR. MacLAREN: Can we read the rule? 6 MR. AJIBOYE: Okay. 7 MR. LEPORE: So read -- tell the transcript what you're 8 reading. 9 MR. MacLAREN: I'm reading the COGCC Rule 1102-C: Marking. 10 MR. AJIBOYE: Okay. MR. MacLAREN: "In designated setback locations and where 11 12 crossing public right-of-way where the utilities met, markers 13 shall be installed and maintained and identifying the location of 14 pipelines. 15 "Number 2. The following shall be written legibly on a background of sharply contrasting color on each line marker: 16 17 Warning, Caution or Danger; followed by the words Gas or name of 18 natural gas or petroleum transported; Pipeline. In letters at 19 least 1 inch high with 1/4 inch stroke and the name of the 20 operator and the telephone number where the operator can be 21 reached at all times." 22 MR. AJIBOYE: Okay. 23 BY MR. AJIBOYE: 24 So now going back to abandonment procedure, right? You just Q. mentioned that the line is going to be disconnected, isolated and 25

1	cut above grade, right?		
2	A. Below grade.		
3	Q. Below grade.		
4	A. Yes.		
5	Q. And once that is done, are those records transported to		
6	COGCC?		
7	A. Correct.		
8	Q. So in the case of this particular where we are talking about,		
9	do you guys have record of the abandonment procedure being		
10	followed? Was it inspected by you guys?		
11	A. We do not have record of it.		
12	Q. Okay. You also said you are your background okay.		
13	When you went to identify the flowlines up north, you said that		
14	the monument has the historical it has the name of the		
15	A. A well that had been plugged.		
16	Q. Do you remember the name of the operator when you went to		
17	physically inspect?		
18	A. I've got a photo of that. I do not recall what was on the		
19	monument.		
20	Q. Then my last question is, your background is you say you		
21	have a geologist's background, right?		
22	A. Right.		
23	Q. And so you probably know some few things about soil? Can you		
24	describe to us when the line, the line that was dug, the soil that		
25	was dug behind the privacy fence that you witnessed, can you walk		

us through what your observation, or what you think the soil looks 1 2 like when it was being dug? Is that typical of that area, the kind of soil that was excavated? 3 4 Well, it looked like there had been some imported fill Α 5 brought into the area. You know, based on a couple of things: depth of cover and compaction of the soil. So we know there was a 6 7 percentage of imported fill, or we suspect that, as part of the development of that subdivision. As far as -- if you want a --8 9 geologically speaking, I mean, soil was relatively granular. You 10 had a moderate water content to it. And relatively low cohesion. 11 0. Okay. 12 MR. AJIBOYE: Yeah, that's all my questions. 13 You can ask questions. You are a part of the MR. CHHATRE: 14 ---15 MR. LEONARD: I'm next? Doug's not next? 16 MR. CHHATRE: I'm just following my --17 MR. LEONARD: Oh, okay. Sorry. 18 MR. CHHATRE: -- routine thing, and we are now going to go 19 around the table. 20 MR. LEONARD: Yeah, I mean, I do, I do have some questions. 21 Can I ask a clarifying question, Ravi? MR. LEPORE: 22 MR. CHHATRE: Sure, sure. 23 MR. LEPORE: As his representative, am I also asking 24 questions? Okay. 25 MR. CHHATRE: Party rep can ask questions.

1	MR. LEPORE: Okay. Can we take a break?	
2	MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Absolutely. I mean, any time you need a	
3	break, you tell me. Just (indiscernible). Off the record.	
4	(Off the record)	
5	(On the record)	
6	MR. CHHATRE: Back on the record. I'm sorry. I do not	
7	remember did I say that or not. The person will not otherwise	
8	create the transcript, so go back and ask the questions again.	
9	MR. LEONARD: Start over.	
10	MR. CHHATRE: Yes, sir.	
11	MR. LEONARD: Okay. All right. So Mike Leonard again.	
12	BY MR. LEONARD:	
13	Q. So Joe, in the rules, in the COGCC regulations, the term	
14	flowline and pipeline are used are interchangeable; is that	
15	correct?	
16	A. Correct.	
17	Q. Okay. At the time that this line we know the well was	
18	drilled in 1993. We assume the lines were put in at the same	
19	time. At that time, would there have been any requirement to mark	
20	that line?	
21	A. I do not believe so.	
22	Q. Okay. So currently, if that line were to be installed under	
23	the current regulations, would it have to be marked?	
24	A. Yes.	
25	Q. Because it is in	

	1		
1	A. It crosses a public right-of-way and designated setback		
2	location.		
3	Q. Okay. And there is a definition of designated setbacks in		
4	COGCC's rules, correct?		
5	A. Correct.		
6	Q. I don't think we need to read that. That can be followed up		
7	on. There was a question earlier about corrosion prevention, I		
8	believe?		
9	A. Um-hum.		
10	Q. So in the 1102 rules and I'll just show you the rule here		
11	does it not say each operator shall take reasonable precautions		
12	to prevent failures, leakage and corrosion?		
13	A. Correct.		
14	Q. So I think you stated that you may have stated that		
15	A. Yeah.		
16	Q there was no rule, but there actually is a rule.		
17	A. Yeah, there is a rule.		
18	Q. You take some type and it's not specified what they use to		
19	prevent that corrosion, correct?		
20	A. That is correct.		
21	Q. Okay. Going back to the reporting requirements oh, okay.		
22	Yeah, let me, let me ask one more question about the flowlines.		
23	So if an operator again, the rule says whenever an operator		
24	discovers a condition that would adversely affect, they have to		
25	the pipeline they have to correct that within a reasonable time.		

1 A. Yes, that is correct.

2	Q.	That's in the rules. Okay. Let me go back to the reporting.	
3	Ther	e was some question about reporting of gas leaks or gas	
4	rele	ases. I'm sorry. Leak is the wrong word. So the rules	
5	Rule	906, I believe. Does it not indicate that operators should	
6	repo	rt anything that could be a significant impact?	
7	Α.	Yes, it does.	
8	Q.	And in this instance, this would be considered a significant	
9	impa	ct, right?	
10	А.	Absolutely.	
11	Q.	So if this happened in another place, the operator would have	
12	to no	otify of that gas leak.	
13	А.	Yes.	
14	Q.	Okay. So you have been flowline integrity inspector for the	
15	last	18 months, correct?	
16	А.	Correct.	
17	Q.	And prior to that, what was your job title with COGCC?	
18	А.	Southwest field inspector.	
19	Q.	So you were a I hate to use the word normal, but a normal,	
20	a nor	mal field inspector.	
21	А.	That is correct.	
22	Q.	And your duties included more than just flowline inspection,	
23	corre	correct?	
24	Α.	Correct.	
25	Q.	So you looked at the whole gamut of production, drilling.	

1	But during your production inspections or during your,
2	potentially, construction inspections, you did look for and a,
3	and a normal inspector would look for flowline connections,
	-
4	potentially flowline leaks?
5	A. Yes, that is correct.
6	Q. Okay. So there are other people out there looking at this on
7	a daily basis.
8	A. Right.
9	Q. Okay. You mentioned that you did not see the active flowline
10	in the trench that was exposed the night that you all exposed that
11	trench. Did you see that active flowline the next day when you
12	met with me?
13	A. Yes, I did.
14	Q. So it was, and it was running
15	MR. PRUNK: (Indiscernible).
16	MR. LEONARD: I got to look at Doug, because he's doing the
17	we did the map thing yesterday.
18	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Indiscernible) perpendicular.
19	BY MR. LEONARD:
20	Q. So it was perpendicular to the other two lines, correct?
21	A. That is, that is correct.
22	Q. And within, would you say, close proximity?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. Okay. Within inches, feet of the other two lines?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. Okay. Yes. Inches, feet. Yes. All right. So
2	MR. CHHATRE: Wait, was it inches this is Ravi. Was it
3	inches or was it feet?
4	BY MR. LEONARD:
5	Q. Yeah, in inches or feet. Yeah. I mean, you best guess.
6	A. Probably inches.
7	Q. Within inches. Okay. So probably and I know you may not
<sup>::</sup> 8	be able to answer this, but probably in the laying of the new
9	flowline, they would have exposed the old ones.
10	A. That is correct.
11	Q. Okay. Is this and I'm going to show you a photo. Is
12	this, is this the photo you took of the wellhead?
13	A. Yes, it is.
14	MR. CHHATRE: Write down the date.
15	MR. LEONARD: It's timestamped on the it's timestamped.
16	MR. AJIBOYE: It's timestamped.
17	MR. CHHATRE: Okay, no, no, no. Today's date.
18	MR. LEONARD: Oh, today's date.
19	MR. CHHATRE: And your name on it, because it'll go in an
20	exhibit, then, attached to the transcript.
21	MR. MacLAREN: Twelve.
22	MR. LEONARD: Today's
23	MR. MacLAREN: Or 12, yeah.
24	MR. LEONARD: So the yeah, the 12th. They all run
25	together for me, so don't ask me. So this is an accurate I
i	

1 mean, this is how you found the wellhead when you did the second 2 pressure test? I mean, when you did the witness pressure test, 3 this is the way you found the wellhead. 4 MR. MacLAREN: That is correct. MR. LEONARD: Okay. Did you -- my first question is, did you 5 6 ask them to alter that wellhead in any way before you left? Let 7 me back up. Did you ask them to alter the 1-inch line in any way 8 before you left? 9 MR. CHHATRE: Can you clarify as to who them is? 10 MR. LEONARD: Did you, did you ask Anadarko or Anadarko's 11 representatives to change the configuration of that in any way? 12 MR. MacLAREN: Of the 1-inch line. 13 MR. LEONARD: Yeah. 14 MR. MacLAREN: After we -- when we could not find the 15 endpoint of the 1-inch line, I asked them to disconnect the gas 16 supply to the 1-inch line. 17 MR. LEONARD: Okay, so -- and just to be --MR. MacLAREN: And of all tie-in connections. 18 19 MR. LEONARD: Specific for the people in the room, can you 20 point to the lines you want -- you asked them to disconnect? 21 MR. MacLAREN: Yes. All of the 3/8 stainless steel tubing 22 tie-in. 23 MR. CHHATRE: Why don't you just circle somewhere on the line 24 and that way we'll know which ones you are showing? 25 BY MR. LEONARD:

So all of those tie-ins were -- what about the positioning of 1 Ο. the valve? Did you, did you ask for the valve to be left closed 2 3 or open? I asked for the valve to be left open. 4 Α. 5 Okay. And your thought process there was --0. My thought process was, if there was any residual gas in that 6 Α. 7 line that was still moving in a direction -- possibly moving in a direction towards the neighborhood, the house, that that would 8 prevent any migration of additional residual gas and relieve any 9 pressure in the line. 10 Did you -- and I don't know. Did you notice any 11 0. Okay. 12 pressure on that line when it was opened? Was there any --I did. 13 Α. 14 Ο. So can you give us an estimate? I mean, there was no gauge on it, but is (indiscernible) --15 I asked Anadarko personnel to -- after I had completed 16 Α. witnessing the active flowline pressure test, I returned to the 17 wellhead. The valve was in a closed position. I asked that it be 18 moved to an open position, and at that time, there was a puff of 19 gas released from the 1-inch valve. 20 So it was an audible gas release? 21 0. 22 It was something that you could smell. Α. And something you could smell. Okay. Earlier, you said that 23 Ο. you noticed workers down around the wellhead, in the wellhead 24 area. And as you approached they were leaving, and you asked them 25

to re-access that. Was there -- did they have to unlock the gate 1 2 to get in? Do you remember --They meaning, again --3 MR. CHHATRE: Excuse me. The Anadarko workers. MR. LEONARD: I'm sorry. 4 Okay. Only because there are too many people 5 MR. CHHATRE: on the scene, so I just want to make sure. 6 7 MR. LEONARD: I get it. Yeah. MR. MacLAREN: Yeah. 8 9 MR. LEONARD: I'm sorry. MR. MacLAREN: Anadarko contract personnel: Yes, I believe 10 they opened the gate. They were in the process of locking it. 11 MR. LEONARD: They were in the process of placing the lock? 12 They were closing the gate. Yes, they had 13 MR. MacLAREN: completed their pressure test. They were carrying the remainder 14 of their tools and supplies out, and they were closing the door. 15 MR. LEONARD: But you don't know if they physically put a 16 17 lock on the gate. MR. MacLAREN: I don't remember that. 18 MR. LEONARD: Okay. I think that's about all I have at the 19 20 moment. Go ahead. 21 MR. CHHATRE: Okay. MR. PRUNK: I have nothing. That last little bit went back 22 23 to the wellhead. That's what I wanted to just --MR. CHHATRE: Anadarko? 24 MR. McBRIDE: Hi, this is David McBride. 25

1	
1	BY MR. McBRIDE:
2	Q. I want to go back to some of the discussion around the poly
3	lines in general. And you mentioned that the start of that was a
4	steel line at the service, then they go down a few feet and it
5	turns into a poly line. Is that something you've seen in common
6	practice that was used in the old field
7	A. Yes.
8	Q in your experience?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. Is it associated with a particular type of well, or is that
11	still used today in newer wells, or is that associated with older
12	wells? Just in your experience and seeing doing inspections.
13	A. Based on my experience, it's primarily associated with older
14	wells. However, the practice is still in place where poly line is
15	needed to surface for whatever reason on well production for well
16	production purposes. The surfacing of that line will result in
17	generally results in the addition of the carbon steel riser.
18	Q. Okay. You said the what kind? What surfacing of that?
19	A. The operation of the well. Surface.
20	Q. Surfacing. Okay. Because I was wondering why you would use
21	a carbon steel I guess we can ask somebody else that question
22	if you don't know, but why use carbon steel at the surface and
23	poly below? I didn't know if it was from a frost line issue or
24	something like that or
25	A. It would (indiscernible)

3	
1	Q. If you don't know, it's okay.
2	A. Well, no, you because you know, based on my experience,
3	you need the structural, the strength
4	Q. Oh, the strength.
5	A of the, of the carbon steel riser
6	Q. Got you.
7	A to allow you to tie in or access
8	Q. Got you.
9	A the contents of that poly line.
10	Q. Thank you. Okay. And typically, I understand those lines do
11	run in the same trench or next to the steel, 2-inch flowlines; is
12	that right?
13	A. I think that varies, but
14	Q. Okay. Are you do you know if they do run trace on those
15	lines or and when I say trace, that's something that's steel
16	wire that you can run so you can detect it with a magnetometer or
17	a line locator? Is that something that's in common practice on
18	the newer ones?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Okay. Because I'm aware that the older ones typically don't
21	have that feature associated with them; is that right? Or is that
22	something you know or don't know?
23	A. That's correct. I would say that that's correct.
24	Q. Was that an engineering practice that COGCC
25	MR. CHHATRE: Excuse me. This is Ravi. What is correct,

1 that you do not know or --

-	that you do not know of
2	MR. MacLAREN: No, that there was no tracer wire historically
3	installed on older wells. Newer wells, it's required.
4	MR. CHHATRE: Okay.
5	BY MR. McBRIDE:
6	Q. So the development of that practice of time, are you aware of
7	how that came about? Was it just a good engineering practice, a
8	best practice, or was that a suggestion or a practice that evolved
9	out of COGCC? You know, how did that come about, or do you know?
10	A. I do not know.
11	Q. Okay. When you respond to a leak or do an investigation of a
12	flowline leak or a problem with an operator and you guys work
13	together to figure out what happened, which I know you guys do,
14	right?
15	A. Um-hum.
16	Q. And you resolve an issue and do you resolve things to the
17	point where you would come up with a root cause analysis or
18	corrective actions that an operator would need to take to remedy a
19	problem?
20	A. Yes. So we look for a root cause analysis, and we request
21	that information in as much detail as we can get from the
22	operator, if lab analysis is involved in that interpretation, that
23	assessment.
24	Q. Because I'm trying to get a better understanding of the cycle
25	that happens, okay? So let me just put the, you know, theoretical

1	that I'm sure it's based in reality and just tell me walk
2	through this. Operator has a leaky flowline, okay? And let's say
3	it's a liquids leak in this case. And they discover it and call
4	you and have to report it, because it's a reportable event, okay?
5	And I would assume that you would, you would get involved as the
6	integrity, you know, manager for the, for the department and do an
7	inspection and verify it, and then would, you know, start an
8	enforcement action or something on that, and you would have to go
9	through some type of analysis of what happened, right? And
10	wouldn't there be a process in place where an operator would have
11	to submit to the agency a plan, a corrective plan to keep it from
12	happening again, or what they were going to do to remedy that
13	situation or
14	A. Yeah, so what I would do is I would conduct the field
15	inspection part of that.
16	Q. Yeah.
17	A. I would make observations and identify what was available
18	onsite at that time and add that information to my field
19	inspection report. Depending upon the situation, then there could
20	be corrective actions that are required by the operator to
21	complete, including communicating the root cause of failure, a
22	description of all repairs made, measures taken to prevent the
23	accident from, the issue from reoccurring again, and follow-up
24	pressure testing to confirm the integrity of the repairs
25	completed.

67

Okay. Now would you stay with that project completely 1 0. yourself, or would that be something that you might hand off to an 2 enforcement person or somebody else at a different group? I mean, 3 4 I'm just trying to get a better understanding of your 5 (indiscernible). Generally speaking, my goal is to stick with that project 6 Α. myself. Again, with time constraints, it could be -- somebody 7 else could be involved. 8 So multiple folks from within COGCC could be involved. 9 Q. 10 Α. Could be involved, yes. Okay. And last thing about that. When you guys go through 11 0. 12 that process and you come out with a recommended action and an operator incorporates it, is there any methodology that you use to 13 help share that learning within the industry or encouragement that 14 15 an operator use some format to share that learning? You know, if 16 there are learnings that come out of that event, to share it 17 within the industry or --18 Α. Absolutely. Yeah. How do you, how do you do that? 19 Q. 20 We do that through industry outreach meetings. We've got our Α. GORT meeting, what we call our GORT regulatory meeting down in the 21 22 southwest part of the state. 23 0. What is that again? It's called GORT. 24 Α. 25 MR. LEONARD: For clarification, that's the -- this is Mike

Leonard. That's the gas and oil regulatory team meeting that is 1 required by COGCC order to be held -- I believe it's four times a 2 3 vear. MR. McBRIDE: Okay. 4 BY MR. McBRIDE: 5 And do operators attend that? 6 0. Yeah. We have, we have a similar meeting on the west -- for 7 Α. western slope operators in Rifle, Colorado. And then we do the 8 same thing on the eastern slope. 9 Okay. Good, thank you. Are the poly lines treated any 10 Ο. differently than flowlines under the rules? 11 12 Α. No. I mean, prior to this event? 13 Q. The only way that a poly line would be treated differently is 14 Α. if it falls under a 15 PSI operating maximum, where it would be 15 exempt from pressure testing requirements per our rule 1101-E. 16 However, that carbon steel line could fall under that same 17 18 quideline. We have a 15 PSI exemption. Any lines that operate under that pressure don't -- we don't have the requirement for the 19 20 annual pressure testing. Now when an operator does their annual pressure test, do they 21 0. have to submit those records to COGCC? 22 We request that they do in certain they are not required 23 Α. to. As part of our integrity outreach, we request records and we 24 are conducting audits and reviewing records that are held within 25

## Page: 70

Number: 1 Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note Date: 6/17/2019 1:01:58 PM instances but

1	in-house.
2	Q. Okay. And is mapping of flowlines required by COGCC?
3	A. Mapping of flowlines is not required under rule as we sit at
4	this point in time, but we are moving in that direction.
5	Q. Okay. You know, when an operator and I want to go to the
6	concept of abandonment at this point, okay?
7	A. Okay.
8	Q. And I've heard, you know, some discussion. I'm sure we'll
9	have more as we go, but I want to get a little insight from you on
10	what your experience has been.
11	MR. McBRIDE: Yes, sir.
12	MR. CHHATRE: Speak louder.
13	MR. McBRIDE: Okay, I'll speak louder.
14	BY MR. McBRIDE:
15	Q. I wanted to go to the concept of an abandonment here and kind
16	of get some insight from you on what your experience has been.
17	When we when I think of an oil field upstream facility, I think
18	of the wells, the flowlines, these 1-inch return lines.
19	Everything that's connectivity between those wells and the first
20	level of processing, which typically is separators, tanks, and
21	everything within what we'll call containment, which is that SPCC
22	or spill prevention countermeasures and controls facility, okay?
23	The firewall that's built around the, that's built around a
24	facility.
25	So given that, just that piece of the oil field for right

now, there's a number of different pipes and risers and things 1 that'll connect up those things. And in my experience, sometimes 2 operators will abandon or semi-abandon pipes and things so that 3 the facility is not abandoned, the well is not abandoned, but 4 they'll replace lines, replace equipment and different pieces and 5 parts of that facility that might be regulated. Is that -- what 6 part of that is considered abandonment by COGCC? Is it an 7 individual line? Is it the whole facility? Is it a well? So the 8 concept around abandonment, I'm trying to get a better handle on. 9 10 Α. Well, we approach that in numerous ways. I mean, there's well abandonment, where a well is plugged and abandoned, and the 11 (indiscernible) process is pursued by an operator in that case. 12 Flowline abandonment is -- it can be part of that and is done, and 13 then we're notified on the Form 42. So there's well abandonment, 14 15 facility abandonment and flowline abandonment. Okay. Well, if an operator was going to abandon the 16 0. flowline, are they required to notify COGCC before they do the 17 18 abandonment? No, once the abandonment's complete. 19 Α. 20 So it's only upon completion. Q. Um-hum. 21 Α. So theoretically, could an abandonment of a flowline or a 22 0. well or a facility occur across multiple operators, and COGCC be 23 24 unaware? 25 Α. Yes.

1	Q. Okay. Okay. We use
2	A. But unaware, let me, let me clarify that. I mean, based on
3	timing, sure, but we still require that notification.
4	Q. At the end, once the abandonment's complete.
5	A. Once the abandonment's been completed.
6	Q. Yeah. Yeah. Yeah, because I was trying to, trying to
7	understand
8	A. So this
9	Q if there was, like, a trigger point at the beginning when
10	you were notified that an operator was going to commence an
11	abandonment process, which would then start a clock.
12	A. Well, that trigger point would be could be the plugging
13	and abandoning of the wells.
14	Q. Yeah.
15	A. And at that point in time, that would start a clock and that
16	would be on our radar.
17	Q. Okay, and would it is there a clock, really, within COGCC
18	that says once you start an abandonment, you must complete it by
19	XYZ date? And if you don't know, it's okay.
20	A. Yes. Yeah.
21	Q. I mean, if there is one, we can get to it later if you don't
22	know the answer.
23	A. I don't know specifically, but yes, I believe so.
24	Q. Yeah. Yeah, we can, we can follow up with that, you know, at
25	some point. I heard you mention about flowline integrity, and you

1 used the term reasonable precautions. Can you tell me what 2 reasonable means?

3 Reasonable would be -- I don't know how descriptive I should Α. be on this, but reasonable would be reacting to known flowline 4 5 integrity issues, circumstances of multiple failures appropriately would be maintaining the -- using maintenance practices to 6 7 maintain the integrity of flowlines and infrastructure. 8 Somewhat negotiated with the operator on a case-by-case 0. basis, or is it something that's -- that an operator -- how does 9 10 an operator know what reasonable means to COGCC? I think that it means that they're following the industry 11 Α. 12 best practices, and they are, they are minimizing integrity risks 13 on their wells, flowlines and systems. And they are reacting to 14 issues that they're seeing in the field. 15 Ο. Okay. The other thing you mentioned about gas releases in 16 Rule 906, you said anything that could cause a significant impact. 17 And my question is similar there. How does an operator know what 18 a significant impact is? You know, what a small impact, medium 19 impact and large impact? I mean, I'm -- you know, I'm not, and 20 I'm not being facetious --21 Well, it's written for liquid releases. Α. 22 0. Yeah. Okay. And for gas releases as identified, you know, it's -- we rely 23 Α. 24 on the industry's expertise to recognize what would be deemed 25 significant and follow through with the appropriate reporting.

1	Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the CDPHE?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Can you tell us what that stands for?
4	A. Colorado Department of Health and Environment.
5	Q. And they do have a significant level of authority over area
6	missions; is that correct?
7	A. That's correct.
8	Q. Yeah. So a lot of the gas-associated regulation is actually
9	in the CDPHE's authority, if I'm correct.
10	A. That is correct.
11	Q. Okay. So I just wanted to
12	A. Yeah. Yeah.
13	Q let, you know, folks here know that there's another agency
14	that also regulates the gas side of the equation, so it's CDPHE
15	and COGCC regulate, kind of, with each other as far as an operator
16	goes. So there's another agency involved as well, so we have Reg
17	7 to deal with. We can get we'll talk about that.
18	MR. McBRIDE: That's all I got. Thank you, Joe. Appreciate
19	it.
20	MR. MacLAREN: You bet.
21	MR. CHHATRE: This is go ahead.
22	MR. LEONARD: So yeah, I just, I have a few follow-up
23	questions.
24	MR CHHATRE: Identify.
25	MR. LEONARD: Oh, I'm sorry. Mike Leonard. I have a few

1 follow-up questions.

2 BY MR. LEONARD:

3 Q. So Joe, just to clarify, in the 1100 series rules, COGCC 4 rules, pipeline and flowline are an interchangeable word; is that 5 correct? 6 Α. That is correct. 7 Okay. So when an operator reports that they've had a 0. 8 flowline leak to you, do you -- the root cause analysis, how is 9 that reported? Is there a, is there a form that you ask them to 10 fill out? 11 Correct. Yes, I ask them to add that information to our Α. 12 Supplemental Form 19 report. 13 0. Your Supplemental Form 19 report. 14 Α. But I may ask for that to be conveyed directly to me and/or 15 the other members of the integrity group. 16 Q. But it is documented in the database --17 Α. Yes. 18 Ο. -- the root cause. 19 Α. Yes. 20 You were talking about poly lines, and you said that they're 0. 21 treated differently only in the pressure testing. But do they 22 have to be marked, tracer wire marked? 23 Α. Yes 24 So if they're alone in the ditch, no other metallic pipes, Ο. 25 they have to have a tracer wire to mark them?

1 A. That is correct.

2	Q. Okay. I'll get to this other one in just a second. So we
3	were talking about David was talking about unused lines or
4	lines that were taken out of service. Would those lines be, under
5	COGCC rules, considered unused equipment and required to be
6	removed?
7	A. Removed or properly abandoned.
8	Q. Yeah. Removed or properly abandoned.
9	A. Right.
10	Q. So it basically falls under an unused equipment rule
11	A. Yes.
12	Q and they don't they're not allowed to be there. And we
13	were talking about abandonment of wells and equipment. In the
14	1104 series rules, the reclamation rule, it does state that
15	flowline risers have to be removed within 3 months of the plugging
16	of the well, correct?
17	A. Correct.
18	Q. And that would include removal of the, of the other end of
19	the riser at the separators or any production equipment, something
20	like that.
21	A. That is correct.
22	Q. Okay. So COGCC, as stated before, doesn't regulate air
23	emissions, right?
24	A. Correct.
25	Q. But a release or a leak would be considered a violation of

1	the 600 series safety rules, mechanical I don't remember the
2	rule right offhand, but where it says all pipes and fittings must
3	be maintained
4	A. Correct. I believe it's 603-G, and yes, that is
5	Q. So all pipes and fittings have to be maintained. I believe
6	the rule says fastened, which is interpreted to mean screwed
7	together properly, properly plumbed.
8	A. That is correct.
9	Q. Okay. Lastly, we've talked about custody transfer a lot, and
10	we just want to, want to clarify that. So there's three common
11	terms used in the industry: upstream, midstream and downstream.
12	Correct?
13	A. Correct.
14	Q. So the upstream, the production the exploration and
15	production portion of it, when that product, whether it be gas,
16	oil or even in the case of water, becomes the product of another
17	party, that is the custody transfer; is that correct?
18	A. Correct.
19	Q. So when it, when Anadarko sells or transfers through that
20	meter run to DCP, that is no longer Anadarko's product; that's
21	DCP's product. That's now in a different phase
22	A. That is correct.
23	Q and that's the custody transfer.
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Okay. We were talking about outreach a little bit. Have you

77

1 heard of cases or instances where, as part of a settlement 2 hearing, the operator has been required to present at COGCC 3 hearings or at other venues, public venues, the root cause of the 4 incident? 5 Α. Yes. 6 Okay. And that's happened for -- to the best of your Q. 7 knowledge, that has happened for pipeline, flowline incidents? Α. Yes. 8 9 Q. Okay. 10 MR LEONARD: That's all I have for right now. 11 MR. AJIBOYE: Yeah, I have a follow-up question. 12 MR. CHHATRE: Identify. 13 MR. AJIBOYE: This is Gbenga from PHMSA. 14 BY MR. AJIBOYE: 15 MR. AJIBOYE: You just talked about running tracer wire if the poly line is by itself. So is that historical, or is that --16 17 MR. MacLAREN: Tracer wire is required with poly line 18 regardless of what else is in the trench. 19 MR. AJIBOYE: Yeah, but you said that was not a historical 20 practice before? 21 MR. LEPORE: Do you know when that requirement began? 22 MR. MacLAREN: I do not. There was -- yeah. That was added 23 during rulemaking historically. I'm not sure of the date. 24 MR. AJIBOYE: Okay, and --25 MR. LEPORE: We can find out the date if you would like.

1	MR. AJIBOYE: Okay.
2	BY MR. AJIBOYE:
3	Q. And when the flowline is abandoned, is there a form that the
4	operator needs to fill and send to COGCC?
5	A. Form 42.
6	Q. Okay. And in that form, they will state what has been
7	isolated, do they?
8	A. No, they would, they would just mark a box that says, notice
9	of flowline abandonment.
10	Q. So is this something you guys follow up in time of
11	inspection, to verify that a form is correct to
12	A. Sure. Absolutely.
13	Q. If a line is abandoned, it should not be connected in any
14	way.
15	A. Correct. There should be no yeah, no risers.
16	Q. No riser, no connection to it, nothing.
17	A. Right.
18	Q. And say in the future, a line is abandoned and somebody
19	peradventure leaves a riser behind and is about to be put in use,
20	is there a procedure that they have to take to put that abandoned
21	well back in use or line, or flowline?
22	A. To put it back in service?
23	Q. Yeah, just back in service, yeah.
24	A. If they were to approach something like that, we would
25	require we would want to have them run a pressure test to

1 reconfirm that the line's got adequate integrity to be put back in 2 service. 3 Okay. Okay. Ο. 4 MR. AJIBOYE: That's my question. 5 MR. PRUNK: Okay. (Indiscernible) can I --6 MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Identify. 7 MR. PRUNK: Yeah. Doug Prunk with the fire department. BY MR. PRUNK: 8 9 I'm really enthralled with all this regulation. Can I ask Q. 10 about the scene that day real quick? You said you met with the contractor, Anadarko, and then Bret Schissler was requested to 11 12 come back, and that was -- was he your main contact from Anadarko 13 that day? Yes. 14 Α. 15 Ο. Can you describe any conversation that you had had about well maintenance or anything with that particular -- the Uore's Ma 2 16 well? Was there any discussion with him about maintenance issues 17 18 or anything -- is it 13? That's the 43 19 Are you talking about the well in question? Α. 20 Ο. 14. Sorry. 21 Because 13 is the west one so --Α. 22 Yes. So the one that's next to the house. Was there any 0. 23 discussion about maintenance or any discussions at all with Bret? 24 At that point in time, we just discussed the situation at Α. 25 hand, and the lines that were being tested and located.

## Page: 81

∓ Number: 1	Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out	Date: 6/17/2019 1:25:02 PM	
Number: 2	Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 6/17/2019 1:25:17 PM	
Coors			

Wumber: 3 Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note Date: 6/17/2019 1:26:37 PM Coors V 6-14 JI

FNumber: 4 Author: maclarej Subject: Cross-Out Date: 6/17/2019 1:26:24 PM

1 Ο. Okay. 2 MR. PRUNK: Okay. All right, thank you. 3 MR. CHHATRE: This is Ravi, NTSB. Just want to clarify the 4 question real quick. I think the question was did you discuss 5 maintenance of that well, and you are saying -- the short answer is yes or no? 6 7 MR. MacLAREN: Maintenance of the well? 8 MR. CHHATRE: Wasn't that the question? MR. PRUNK: Maintenance, or if there was any recent issues 9 10 noted with that well. 11 MR. CHHATRE: So would -- the answer is yes or no? You 12 discussed that with -- whatever the gentleman's name --13 MR. PRUNK: Bret. Bret Schissler. 14 MR. MacLAREN: With Bret? 15 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah. Did you discuss about the maintenance 16 and -- was that the question? 17 MR. PRUNK: Yeah. Yeah. 18 MR. CHHATRE: What is the short answer, yes or no? Not the 19 lines and all that. The well is the question. 20 MR. PRUNK: Yeah. Any problems discussed about maintenance 21 or mechanical issues in the well confinement? 22 MR. MacLAREN: Yes. And we had some general discussion about 23 the well. Limited information was communicated. Bret didn't have 24 well history readily available. 25 BY MR. CHHATRE:

_	
1	Q. Can you tell us what you asked him?
2	A. So I was specific about the lines in question. Specifically,
3	maintenance of the flowline.
4	Q. No, not forget the lines. We are talking about the well.
5	You said you asked him there was discussion about general. So
6	what do you remember what you asked him?
7	A. I do not.
8	Q. Okay. So there was no discussion on the well, right?
9	A. Correct.
10	Q. Right?
11	A. Yeah.
12	Q. Okay. So now going back to regulations, 1100 you're
13	referring to a lot. Do you know when they became effective? You
14	are enforcing it, so I'm just trying to understand. Do you, do
15	you when it became effective?
16	A. I know that they'd been in place for over, for over 20 years.
17	Q. And if you don't know, if you don't know, you don't know.
18	But I'm
19	A. But I don't know when that rulemaking, the actual rulemaking,
20	took place.
21	Q. Rulemaking takes a long time.
22	A. Right.
23	Q. I'm just asking when it became effective that, as a guardian
24	of
25	A. Many years.
Í	

82

	1
1	Q or gatekeeper, when you had to start following that? What
2	is the effective date of 1100? Do you know or you don't know?
3	A. Twenty-plus years.
4	Q. You don't know. Right? Twenty-plus can be 30 years, can be
5	50 years. Right?
6	A. Sure.
7	MR. LEONARD: This is Mike Leonard. I believe he's asking,
8	Joe, do you know the specific date when these
9	MR. CHHATRE: I don't need to know the day and month.
10	MR. MacLAREN: Yes.
11	MR. CHHATRE: I just need to know the year.
12	MR. LEONARD: The year.
13	MR. MacLAREN: I'm going to say 1992. Three. Two or three.
14	MR. LEONARD: So to the best of your knowledge, approximately
15	1992.
16	MR. MacLAREN: That is correct.
17	MR. CHHATRE: Okay. Okay.
18	BY MR. CHHATRE:
19	Q. Now when you went back to your office, do you generally do
20	any paperwork of your work on the scene for a day, day and a half,
21	whatever you were?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. Can we get a copy of that?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Okay. Have you done any past inspections on this well in

1	ques	tion?
2	Α.	No.
3	Q.	Has anybody, to you knowledge, in your organization has done
4	this	inspection on this particular well?
5	Α.	Yes.
6	Q.	Do you know who did it?
7	А.	I do not.
8	Q.	Okay. Can you find out and get back to us?
9	Α.	Uh-huh. I know it was inspected in 2014.
10	Q.	2014. Okay. As the party coordinator, can you get that
11	pers	on so we can talk to that person? I mean, not
12	(ind	iscernible), like, now, but
13	Α.	If that person, if that person is still with the agency, yes.
14	Q.	Okay. If not, can we get any documentation that person may
15	have	generated?
16	А.	We do there is a field inspection report in the database.
17	Q.	Okay. If we can get a copy of that?
18	А.	Sure. No problem.
19	Q.	And any and all. I mean, just
20	Α.	I'm sorry? You can have any document that is in our database
21	that	relates to that well.
22	Q.	Yeah. That would be great.
23	Α.	Any single yeah, anything.
24	Q.	Yeah, that would be great. Now when you you said
25	somet	thing about enforcement actions in your audits, that you guys

н

1	take enforcement actions?	
2		
3	Q. Have you done any of the enforcement actions in the past 18	
4	months to any operator?	
5	A. Regarding audits? No.	
6	Q. Yeah. So you have not found any fault with any of the	
7	operators in the 18 months that you had to take, as an agency,	
8	enforcement actions.	
9	A. Well, I've issued action required items on a field inspection	
10	report.	
11	Q. Okay, then	
12	MR. LEPORE: Explain.	
13	BY MR. CHHATRE:	
14	Q. Educate me.	
15	A. Once again, what I	
16	Q. Tell me what an, what an enforcement action is to you.	
17	A. An enforcement action, to me, would be documented	
18	noncompliance that goes before the commission as part of a hearing	
19	that may result in a fine.	
20	Q. Okay. And so is there enforcement action taken on any and	
21	every regulation (indiscernible)? So what triggers enforcement	
22	actions?	
23	A. Documented noncompliance.	
24	Q. Give me a specific example, because that's very generalized	
25	(indiscernible).	

1 Α. Yes. So an operator has a reportable release from a 2 flowline, and there is documented -- through our inspection 3 process and involvement with our -- with both our engineering group, environmental group and other parts of our organization, we 4 5 conclude that he -- the operator has not met the requirements of 6 the rule in this circumstance and/or has not met a deadline for an 7 action required item outlined on a field inspection report, and 8 there is, there is -- we'd look at that as a noncompliance, and 9 that would lead to an enforcement action and notice of alleged --10 Q. Please help me out, please help me out --11 Α. -- and notice of alleged violation, and then what we call an NOAV. We would write an NOAV, and then that would be reviewed, 12 13 and then it would be -- it could go, it could go -- then it is 14 referred to the enforcement group team. 15 Help me out. Again, to me, it's extremely general, because 0. 16 you are saying if this -- give me a particular example. It can be 17 an imaginary example if you want, but give me a simple example that, if an operator did this, this and this, then it becomes an 18 enforceable action. Just give me -- I'm going to get my arms 19 20 around the general statements you made. 21 Okay. And in a --Α. 22 MR. LEPORE: Can I make a suggestion? 23 MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Identify. 24 MR. LEPORE: Yeah. There are a couple --25 MR. CHHATRE: Identify.

1 MR. LEPORE: Sorry. Matt Lepore, COGCC, and I just want to 2 suggest that Joe describe for you a couple of different terms that 3 we use. I think it'll help. So corrective action, warning letters and notices of alleged violations, which all three arise 4 from an observed noncompliance, an observed failure to be 100% in 5 6 compliance with the rule. But the agency tends to take each of 7 those steps in sequence. 8 MR. CHHATRE: Understand that. 9 MR. LEPORE: So an observed violation might result in, that's 10 not appropriate; you need to fix it --11 MR. CHHATRE: Correct it. Yeah. 12 MR. LEPORE: -- within the next 30, 20, 10, 5 days. 13 MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Yeah. 14 MR. LEPORE: I think if he steps through that a little more 15 \_\_\_ 16 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah, that's what I was just -- yeah. 17 MR. LEPORE: -- specifically -- yeah. 18 MR. CHHATRE: Walk me through. I mean, because the way you 19 described it, to be honest with you, I didn't get anything, I mean, as to what really triggers it. I have no step-by-step 20 21 model. 22 MR. MacLAREN: You need to listen harder. 23 MR. CHHATRE: No, I'm listening. Here, the same rules apply. 24 Like I told you, ask me questions 10 times if you don't 25 understand.

- 1
- MR. MacLAREN: Right.

2 MR. CHHATRE: I'm going to ask you the same question 10 times 3 if I don't understand the response. It's not just one-way flow. 4 But go ahead. I'm sorry.

5 MR. MacLAREN: Okay. I go out and conduct a field 6 inspection. And I notice that some valves associated with a well 7 and flowline have not been maintained properly. I indicate that 8 on a field inspection report. This may be part of a release that was reported. I indicate that on part of the field inspection 9 report. I indicate the observations made and then the corrective 10 11 actions required to remedy those action, to remedy the problem and the rule violation. And I outline a date that those actions must 12 13 be completed.

I go out to reinspect. The actions required have not been met by the date outlined. The operator -- we write a warning letter to the operator documenting noncompliance. We go out and reinspect again. The operator has not fixed the situation and is still out of compliance. Then we would move to writing a notice of alleged violation, which would be referred to our enforcement group.

21 BY MR. CHHATRE:

Q. So going back to the very first step, that you find a deficiency and you tell them to correct it, right? That's a first step. Now then are you automatically required by your regulation to go back after that period and make sure that they have or they

	1
1	have not done that work?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Okay. And then next step follow the same way, that if they
4	haven't corrected and you give them notice or whatever your
5	terminology is, then you again go back. So all your steps are
6	require you to go back and visit the same operator to ensure
7	compliance, it's complied.
8	A. And we conduct follow-up inspections.
9	Q. Okay. So I guess, then, in your tenure, have you ever
10	initiated any of these procedures for any operator?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Okay. To enforcement actions that results in fine or
13	whatever. You have.
14	A. Um-hum.
15	Q. And has any of that thing has happened with Anadarko? Not
16	necessarily this particular well, but anywhere where there are
17	(indiscernible) thousands of wells they may own or operate.
18	A. Me personally, through my inspections?
19	Q. Your agency. Do you know any actions taken?
20	A. Well, I would say yes.
21	Q. Okay. Can we, can we get a copy of that action, enforcement
22	actions? You have, you have a record of that or you don't?
23	MR. LEPORE: This is Matt Lepore from COGCC. Yes, we have
24	records of every single enforcement action ever taken well, not
25	ever, historically against any operator. I guess I want to

1 have a conversation about the relevance of every single 2 enforcement action ever taken against Anadarko, or any other operator for that matter. 3 MR. CHHATRE: Well, what we are -- I'm just trying to find 4 5 out --6 MR. LEPORE: They are publicly available documents. MR. CHHATRE: They are publicly available. Okay. 7 8 MR. LEPORE: Yes. 9 MR. CHHATRE: Great. Okay. I'm just, I'm just looking at, 10 like, last 5 years, maybe. I mean, I don't want to get thousands 11 of documentation from you, but --12 MR. LEPORE: (Indiscernible). 13 MR. AJIBOYE: (Indiscernible). 14 MR. CHHATRE: I just want to find out, in the last 5 years, 15 how many are taken against this particular operator. 16 MR. LEPORE: And I think you understand now from Joe's 17 response -- Matt Lepore, COGCC -- there's a spectrum of both severity of violations and severity of consequences which dictate 18 19 whether we take all three of those -- corrective action, warning 20 letter, enforcement -- or whether we just say, sorry, this was bad (indiscernible). 21 22 MR. CHHATRE: No, he didn't say that. He only said, he said 23 he goes through three steps. 24 MR. LEPORE: Okay, so --25 MR. CHHATRE: I mean, that's not what he said, and he's the

1 gatekeeper, right?

2	MR. LEPORE: I wouldn't characterize it that way either.
3	MR. CHHATRE: Okay. So I mean, he's your eyes and he
4	MR. LEPORE: He's a gatekeeper on a very narrow slice, a very
5	specific
6	MR. CHHATRE: Okay, that's what I'm saying here, I guess.
7	You guys are seeing, when he goes for the inspection, you are
8	seeing through his eyes what is happening in the field; is it not?
9	MR. LEPORE: I think you're seeing through his eyes through
10	your questions.
11	MR. CHHATRE: No, I'm saying you as an, as an agency. If he
12	goes and inspects something, you are seeing that inspection
13	through his eyes; are you not?
14	MR. LEPORE: Yes, but I mean I don't feel it's my job to
15	ask follow-up questions, so
16	MR. CHHATRE: No, no. I'm not saying that. I'm saying it's
17	your job.
18	MR. LEPORE: But I think there are follow-up questions that
19	would clarify what I'm letting you know.
20	MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Maybe you can ask the follow-up
21	questions after I'm done.
22	MR. LEPORE: There's just, there's just the scope of
23	MR. CHHATRE: Yeah, sure.
24	MR. LEPORE: that is actually formalized
25	MR. CHHATRE: No, I'm trying, I'm trying to understand

	f
1	procedures. So anything that clarifies that is fine.
2	MR. LEPORE: Yes. Yeah.
3	MR. CHHATRE: But okay.
4	So we took care of enforcement actions. Now I think there's
5	a reference made about the best practices that the operator is
6	supposed to follow. You mentioned some best practices that
7	operators are required to follow. Are those mentioned in your
8	regulations by reference? Because I guess the question was, what
9	is significant, and actually that was the question I was going to
10	ask you. What is significant? Because it's all relative. So did
11	you refer to some industry practices?
12	MR. MacLAREN: Um-hum.
13	MR. CHHATRE: Now is that practice referenced in your
14	regulations so the operator knows what is significant? Or that is
15	not referenced in your regulation? Because if it is not
16	referenced in your regulation, how would and why would anybody go
17	and look at that document? I asked a simple question. Is it yes
18	or no? Like, is it referenced
19	MR. MacLAREN: Right.
20	MR. CHHATRE: in your regulation or not?
21	MR. LEONARD: This is Mike Leonard. I just want to clarify
22	your question. So are you asking if the term industry best
23	management practices is stipulated in the regulations?
24	MR. CHHATRE: Yes, my question is very simple that, I guess
25	earlier question came up. That was something about what is

significant, what is not significant, or what is -- I guess you 1 2 had that question, correct? And that was your question. And the 3 answer you want was, is it industry practice that the operator is 4 supposed to follow that identifies significant, or whatever that question may be. And my simple question is, granted, if industry 5 practice is what they are supposed to follow, is that practice 6 7 referenced in your regulation, that significant events should be reported? I'm just giving an example. So a footnote saying, 8 9 follow this industry practice, if that is --10 MR. MacLAREN: No. 11 MR. CHHATRE: That is not. Okay. 12 MR. MacLAREN: No. 13 MR. CHHATRE: Now the other discussion earlier was, I guess, 14 there are two agencies that control the natural gas flowlines. Did I get that correct? Health and --15 1 16 MR. MacLAREN: CDPHF 17 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah --MR. LEPORE: Colorado Department of Public Health and 18 19 Environment. 20 MR. CHHATRE: All right. 21 MR. MacLAREN: I've got a question for you. 22 MR. CHHATRE: Sure. 23 MR. MacLAREN: Would you like to save some of your questions for the later interviews? These are all great questions for our 24 25 engineering manager.

## Page: 94

Number: 1 Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note I CDPHE covers gas releases

Date: 6/17/2019 1:34:09 PM

.

1	MR. CHHATRE: Believe me, if I (indiscernible) today, I'm
2	going to ask those of everybody. I'm trying to find out, you
3	know, the regulations and how much of those regulations people
4	follow and are you know, if there is any region that needs to
5	be (indiscernible). I mean, I'm not trying to put anybody through
6	any torture here. I'm just trying to understand. If I am an
7	operator, if I understand what the regulation has to be
8	specific for me to comply to you, right? If I am not sure what a
9	significant is, how me as an operator significant to you may be
10	different completely than if somebody else goes to inspect. So
11	I'm just trying to review the subjective part of it. You follow
12	what I'm saying?
13	MR. MacLAREN: Yeah.
14	MR. CHHATRE: Good. But if you need to take a break, we can.
15	MR. MacLAREN: No. Keep going. So I'm seeing you're at the
16	end of your page.
17	MR. CHHATRE: Oh, no, no. I have three pages.
18	MR. LEPORE: This is Matt Lepore, COGCC. My recollection of
19	Joe's response about industry best practices was that he was
20	responding to what is reasonable. So David McBride asked
21	questions about what is reasonable, because the rule says take
22	reasonable precautions.
23	MR. CHHATRE: Yeah, but I don't remember the specific
24	question. What I'm saying is, if it isn't referenced to industry
25	practice, is it referenced in regulation? That's all I'm really

1 asking.

1	asking.		
2	MR. LEPORE: Right. And I just want to clarify that the		
3	reasonableness and best practices was about reasonableness, not		
4	about what is significant.		
5	MR. CHHATRE: Okay. Again, what I'm I may have posed the		
6	question a little bit differently, but my really, the crux		
7	here, if you refer something to any industry practice for any		
8	reason in your regulation and that is through interpretation, is		
9	it referenced in the regulation?		
10	MR. LEPORE: I understand.		
11	BY MR. CHHATRE:		
12	Q. I mean, you can use any and that was I guess the answer		
13	was no or yes?		
14	A. Referenced? No.		
15	Q. Okay. And I guess I'm still trying to understand.		
16	Because I think the description already made earlier also that the		
17	gas releases are controlled or regulated by Health, that CDPH		
18	A. E. Gas emissions.		
19	Q. Yes. Gas emissions are. So gas release or leak, for		
20	example, will be considered a gas release, I believe. Who will		
21	control that? I mean, who		
22	A. CDPHE.		
23	Q. So with your regulations, gas release by a gas flowline, you		
24	are not responsible for it. CDPHE would be. And again, I'm not		
25	trying to I'm just trying to understand who the guardian will		

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1	be for that. Who is responsible? And then are we supposed to		
2	report a leak to you guys or to CDPH1.]?		
3	A. They would report to both.		
4	Q. But if you are not if I understand you correctly, and I		
5	don't know how report works. But you said CDPH [sic.] is		
6	controlling the gas lines, flowlines.		
7	A. No, I did not say.		
8	Q. They are not. Okay. So whose regulations I'm supposed to		
9	follow? Both or yours only or		
10	A. Both.		
11	Q. Both. Okay. And have you guys compared your regulations		
12	with them?		
13	A. Yes.		
14	Q. Are those regulations same, similar, different or I mean,		
15	educate me on that, because I		
16	MR. LEONARD: May I, may I clarify? This is Mike Leonard.		
17	MR. CHHATRE: Sure. Please.		
18	MR. LEONARD: Okay. Mike Leonard. The leak itself, the		
19	actual mechanical leak, the hole in the line, is regulated by		
20	COGCC, okay? So the emission of the gas into the atmosphere is		
21	regulated by CDPHE, because that's an air quality issue. They		
22	would not have I mean, I don't know what their rules say. I		
23	don't know if they could say, well, you got to fix that leak. But		
24	we have the authority over the leak, over the		
25	MR. CHHATRE: So the integrity part has to be followed per		

## Page: 97

Number: 1 Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note Date: 6/17/2019 1:35:41 PM CDPHE

1	your regulation; am I correct?
2	MR. LEONARD: Correct.
3	MR. MacLAREN: Yes.
4	MR. CHHATRE: Okay.
5	By MR. CHHATRE:
6	Q. And earlier, I guess, you know, clarification question was
7	that flow and pipeline are interchangeable words?
8	A. Correct. In our 1100 series rules.
9	Q. Okay. And I thought when I asked earlier question on the
10	flowline and markings, and you said the markings are required for
11	pipelines but not for the flowlines. So now, again, I'm going to
12	ask the same question again
13	A. We clarified that.
14	Q. Okay. Please.
15	A. Yes. So the markings are required at public right-of-way
16	crossings and designated setback areas.
17	Q. Only for the public crossings, not to the entire length of
18	the pipeline.
19	A. Correct.
20	Q. Okay. So if a line is running through the farm, is that line
21	required to be marked or not?
22	A. No.
23	Q. Okay. So in this case, when I was at the scene 3 weeks later
24	so my question is, you guys were here earlier. Did you see any
25	markings between the two wells or the, I guess, the well and the

97

receipt point of the, I don't know, separator or whatever terms 1 2 you guys use. Did you guys see any markings? 3 MR. LEPORE: Can I ask a clarifying question? 4 MR. CHHATRE: Yeah, sure. 5 MR. LEPORE: For the active flowlines that are being used 6 today? 7 MR. CHHATRE: Yes. Yes, no. Only for active. Yeah. MR. MacLAREN: Yeah, the active flowline was marked. 8 9 MR. CHHATRE: By the operator, like --10 MR. MacLAREN: Yeah, at a road, at the road crossing. 11 MR. CHHATRE: Okay. It was marked. 12 MR. MacLAREN: Yeah. 13 MR. CHHATRE: That's all I have. Thank you so much. I'11 14 pass it (indiscernible). 15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Indiscernible). 16 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, we'll let him do clarifying 17 questions. MR. LEONARD: Okay. Yeah, this is Mike Leonard. I have a 18 19 few clarifying questions. 20 BY MR. LEONARD: 21 So Joe, to the best of your knowledge, the 1100 series rules, Q. 22 the flowline/pipeline rules, have they changed overtime? 23 Α. Yes. So there's been modifications to that rule. 24 0. 25 Α. Correct.

	-	
1	Q.	After you if you do an inspection and find an issue and
2	issu	e a corrective action, can you recommend that for enforcement
3	righ	t away, or do you have to do another inspection?
4	Α.	I can recommend that for enforcement right away.
5	Q.	Okay. But you can only recommend for enforcement. You
6	your	self as an inspector cannot bring enforcement.
7	Α.	Correct.
8	Q.	Correct. Okay. And is does COGCC have an enforcement
9	poli	cy matrix and penalty matrix?
10	Α.	Correct. Yes, we do.
11	Q.	And that's publicly available on the website.
12	Α.	Yes, it is.
13	Q.	Okay. So there are certain issues that, if found, they are
14	auto	matically so there are mandatory or the other side of
15	it,	discretionary rule violations. There are mandatory rule
16	viol	ations that an NOAV has to be issued.
17	А.	That is correct.
18	Q.	Okay.
19		MR. LEONARD: I think that's all I have now.
20		MR. CHHATRE: Okay.
21		MR. PRUNK: Doug Prunk with the fire department.
22		BY MR. PRUNK:
23	Q.	Joe, you said that previous to this position you were a
24	norma	al operator? Normal inspector. You were a normal inspector.
25	Α.	I was a southwest field inspector.

1	Q. So in that timeframe, it's probably safe to say that you've
2	seen hundreds or thousands of wells.
3	A. Thousands of wells.
4	Q. Yeah, absolutely. How common is this setup of this type
5	well? Like, the aboveground configuration of just, you know,
6	I'm talking just in the confinement, like this. Yeah.
7	MR. LEPORE: Like what is shown in the picture that was
8	previously marked as an exhibit?
9	MR. PRUNK: Yeah.
10	MR. MacLAREN: This is uncommon. The reason I the way
11	that the 1
12	BY MR. PRUNK:
13	Q. What are you saying, this? What you're pointing at is
14	A. Well, what I'm pointing at is the 1-inch line back to the
15	wellhead can be fairly common. The way that the 1-inch line is
16	tied into the wellhead and is used for production operations is
17	not as common. You want me to clarify?
18	Q. No, no, I think I understand. Yeah.
19	A. The reason that it is this is an uncommon situation is
20	that the gas flow in the 1-inch line is multidirectional. It can
21	go to the separator to supply fuel gas to the burner to heat the
22	separator vessel, or the line can go the other direction to supply
23	fuel gas to operate the motor valve and the plunger lift system on
24	the wellhead. So it's multidirectional. We do not commonly see
25	that.

## Page: 101

Number: 1 Author: maclarej Subject: Sticky Note gas supply line is configured Date: 6/17/2019 1:38:08 PM

1	Q. Okay. In your history, your experience on a normal well,		
2	let me ask the first question first. How often what type of		
3	rotation or what's the goal to try to have an onsite visit of		
4	wellheads by your organization? Is there a each well is looked		
5	at hopefully every 4 years, or is there any type of		
6	A. Ultimately, our goal well, we a couple of things go		
7	into play. We have wells that are deemed priority inspections		
8	based on a risk model that has been created by the agency.		
9	Ultimately, our goal will be to inspect wells annually.		
10	Q. Is the risk model you're saying all 55,000 wells annually		
11	are hopefully (indiscernible) and are looked at.		
12	A. That's, you know we're working in that direction. I'm not		
13	saying		
14	Q. So the risk model is based on close to buildings or something		
15	like that?		
16	A. Sensitive areas, yeah. Those factors come into play.		
17	Q. Yeah, EPA-type stuff.		
18	A. Yeah, a number of variables including, yes, proximity to		
19	populated structures, sensitive areas like wetlands.		
20	Q. Okay. So I think earlier you		
21	A. Reach of well.		
22	Q said that this the last record that we have for this		
23	well to be inspected was '14, is what we're showing. Would it be		
24	fair to say or would you how do I say this? Is this something		
25	that would have probably been noticed by all inspectors, this		

1	oddi	ty that you spoke of, or is it just based on your, you know,	
2	extensive knowledge of wells?		
3	А.	It's based on my specific knowledge of flowlines and wells.	
4	Q.	So it would be there's a possibility that, if I were to	
5	samp.	le any of the other inspectors, they may or may not catch	
6	that.		
7	А.	Correct.	
8		MR. PRUNK: Okay. All right. Thank you.	
9		MR. LEONARD: I have a couple questions now. Sorry.	
10		BY MR. LEONARD:	
11	Q.	So when you say this is not a common configuration for	
12	wellheads, are you speaking statewide or for this specific DJ		
13	basin?		
14	Α.	I'm speaking statewide.	
15	Q.	Statewide. But it potentially, it could be a common	
16	configuration in the Denver Julesburg Basin?		
17	Α.	That's correct.	
18	Q.	Okay. And would there be I'm sorry. This is Mike	
19	Leona	ard, if I didn't do that. I always forget, as well as	
20	every	body else. Chief Prunk asked, you know, if another inspector	
21	would	notice these lines. Could there be a reasonable or regular	
22	use f	for these lines that they would be in place?	
23	Α.	Yes.	
24	Q.	Okay. So it's not something that would stand out to a normal	
25	inspe	ector because there could be some configuration somewhere else	

÷.

1	that these lines would, at some point in time, be needed.
2	A. Correct.
3	$Q_{\pm}$ Okay. Speaking as far as inspection frequency, is there not
4	a flag in the system that, if a well hasn't been inspected in 3
5	years, it's flagged
6	A. Yes.
7	Q as to be inspected? Okay. And that's the current agency
8	standard, is if it hasn't been looked at in 3 years, there's a
9	flag
10	A. That's correct.
11	Q that flags it for inspection, and that and it may also
12	raise it on the priority list or yeah.
13	A. Yeah, that's correct.
14	MR. PRUNK: And one more clarification. Doug Prunk. This
15	well, by history, we know that it was shut in from December of '15
16	through January of '17. Would that does the, does your
17	organization know about those type of shut-ins?
18	MR. MacLAREN: Yes.
19	MR. PRUNK: That would suspend your inspection as well at all
20	
21	MR. MacLAREN: No.
22	MR. PRUNK: or it would be if it was shut in, it would
23	still get looked at if it was on the route or that schedule?
24	MR. MacLAREN: Yes.
25	MR. PRUNK: Okay, so that had nothing to do with from '14 to

103

1 '17 or --2 MR. MacLAREN: No. 3 MR. PRUNK: Okay. Is there any -- was there -- is this on a 4 schedule for '17 that we know of? Is there already a -- was it 5 already -- prior to this event. Obviously it's been inspected 6 plenty now. Prior to this event, would it have been looked at in 7 17? 8 MR. LEONARD: This is Mike Leonard and I can answer that. 9 Yes. Because of its -- so on the website in presentations, there is a prioritization of well inspections. Presentation that 10 actually shows the formula shows how it's calculated, how the 11 12 scores are calculated. And this well would have been flagged. 13 And it gets flagged the day -- so 3 years from, 3 years and a day 14 after the last inspection, it would be flagged for inspection. 15 MR. LEPORE: Do you know what month the last inspection was? 16 MR. LEONARD: I'd have to look. I can look, but --17 MR. CHHATRE: What is the question? 18 MR. LEPORE: I asked him if he knew what month in 2014 the 19 well was last inspected. My recollection is August, but --20 MR. LEONARD: I believe it was August or September. I mean, 21 I could look that up. And that will come -- that will be part of 22 the well file that COGCC will provide you. 23 MR. CHHATRE: Send us. Yeah. Any other follow-up questions? 24 MR. MCBRIDE: No, sir. 25 MR. CHHATRE: Okay.

1 MR. McBRIDE: Thank you, Joe.

Ţ	MR. MCBRIDE: Thank you, Joe.	
2	MR. CHHATRE: Just for the record, I just want to ask one	
3	question here. When you say it's not common, that doesn't make it	
4	unsafe, does it? I mean, it may be uncommon, but that doesn't	
5	mean it's unsafe practice.	
6	MR. MacLAREN: That's correct.	
7	MR. CHHATRE: Just want to make sure that we don't get a	
8	wrong impression on the, on the record, so okay. That's all I	
9	have. If not, appreciate you spending a long time with us and	
10	answering all the questions. I don't know if (indiscernible), but	
11	you really helped. You helped significantly.	
12	MR. MacLAREN: Thank you.	
13	MR. CHHATRE: Thank you so much.	
14	MR. MacLAREN: You bet.	
15	MR. CHHATRE: Off the record.	
16	(Whereupon, the interview was concluded.)	
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

## CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached proceeding before the

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF: HOUSE EXPLOSION IN FIRESTONE, COLORADO, APRIL 17, 2017 Interview of Joe MacLaren

ACCIDENT NUMBER:

DCA17FP005

PLACE:

Longmont, Colorado

DATE:

May 12, 2017

was held according to the record, and that this is the original, complete, true and accurate transcript which has been transcribed to the best of my skill and ability.

Eileen Gonzalez Transcriber