### T87.6 Task Force

# AFFTAC Modeling Subgroup: Preliminary Results

September 23, 2011 DOT Headquarters Washington, DC

### Assumptions

- Objective: to provide comparative data on fire survival for a variety of car configurations
- · 30,000 gallon, 7/16"-thick A516 tank (baseline)
- Pure ethanol, 1% outage @ 115F initial temperature (105F for jacketed cases)
- 75 psi STD PRV, 35,660 cfm capacity, flow rating @ 82.5 psi per 179.15
- 1500F fire completely immersing tank

### Pool vs Torch Fire

- Bare tank baseline car case was run for
  - pool fire and torch fire
  - upright and overturned (120°) positions
- Only the overturned condition in a pool fire caused tank failure
- Therefore this presentation focuses only on overturned cars in pool fires

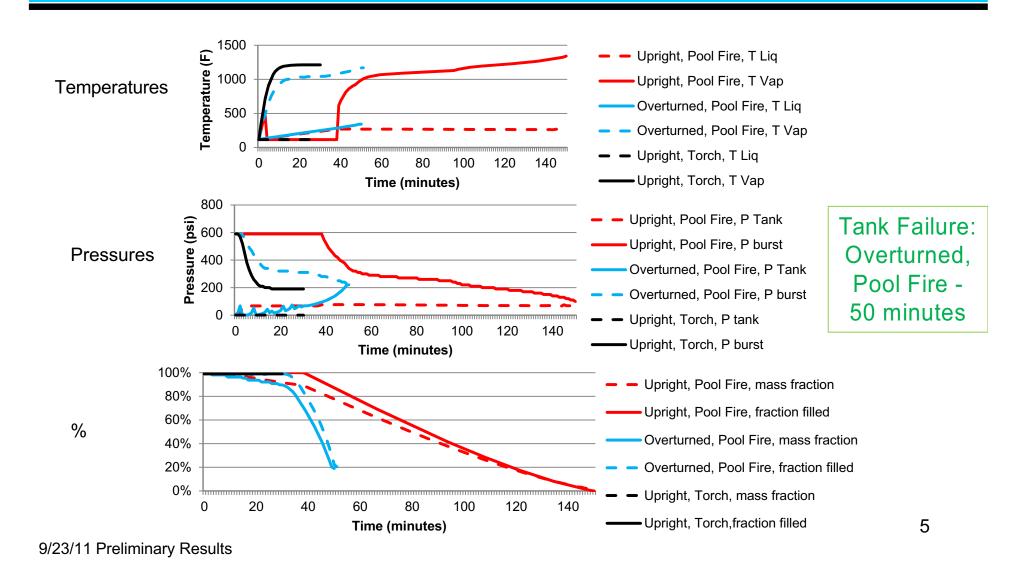
### Cases

- Case 1 (baseline): Pre-T87.5 car
   (ADMX 29420 from Arcadia bare tank, 7/16" thick, 30K gals., 2 PRV)
  - Upright torch fire, upright pool fire, overturned pool fire

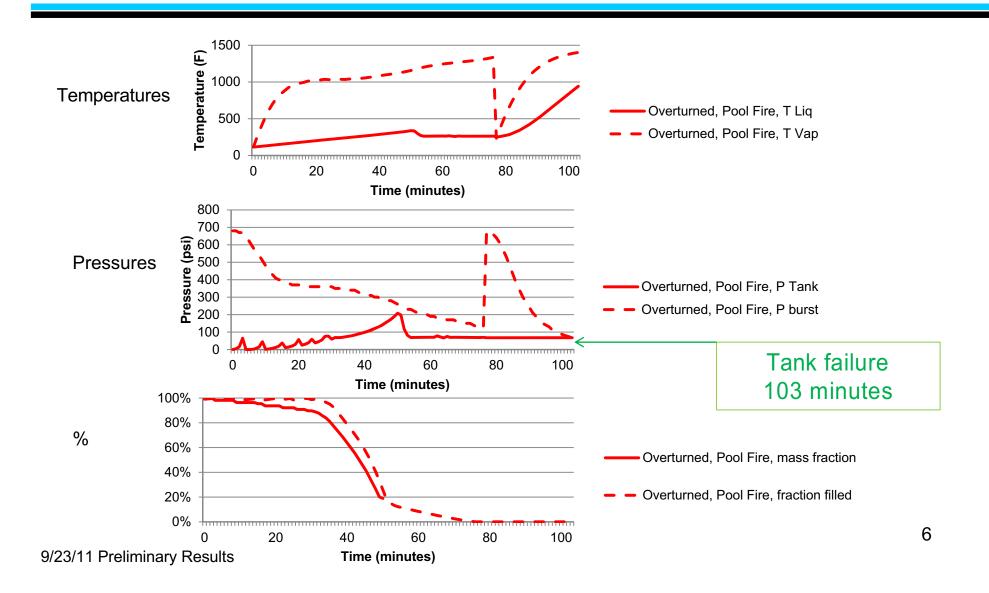
#### Following cases for overturned pool fire only:

- Case 2: T87.5 (CPC-1230) car: ½" -thick tank
- · Case 3: T87.5 (CPC-1230) car: ½" -thick tank, varying PRD Capacity
- Case 4: T87.5 (CPC-1230) car with 2% outage @115F, varying PRD Capacity
- · Case 5: T87.5 (CPC-1230) car, plus jacket alone
- Case 6: T87.5 (CPC-1230) car, plus jacket and thermal protection

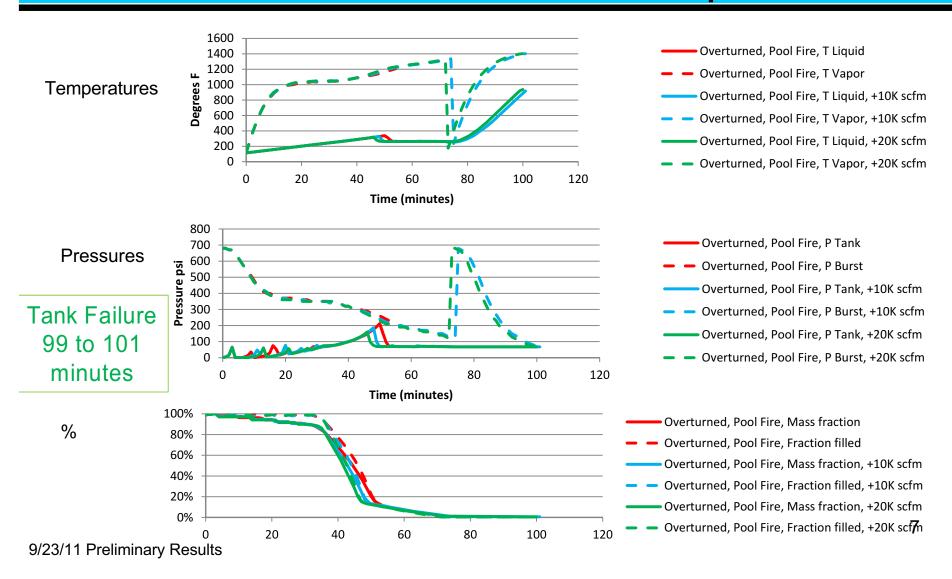
# Case 1 – Typical Pre-T87.5 Car



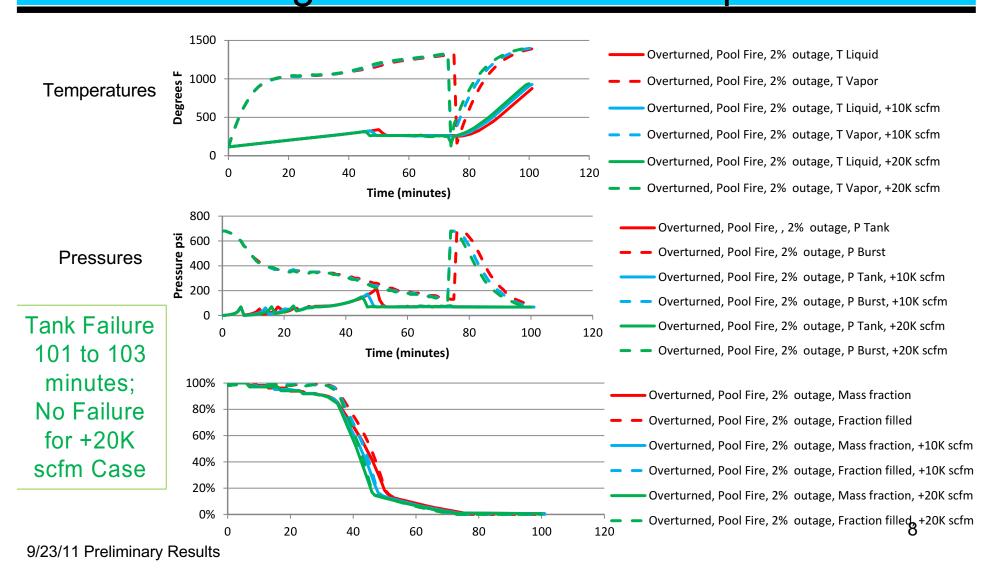
# Case 2 – CPC-1230 Car



# Case 3 – CPC-1230 Car & Various Pressure Relief Capacities

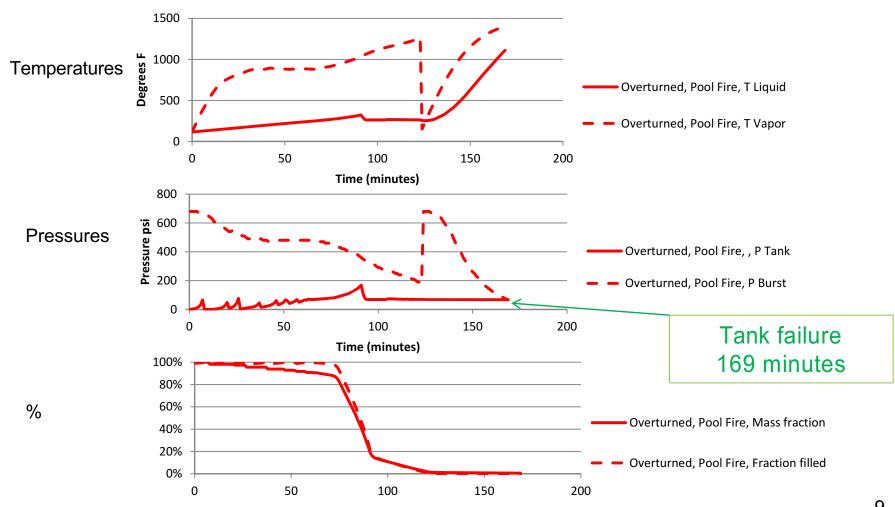


# Case 4 — CPC-1230 Car & 2% Outage & Various Relief Capacities



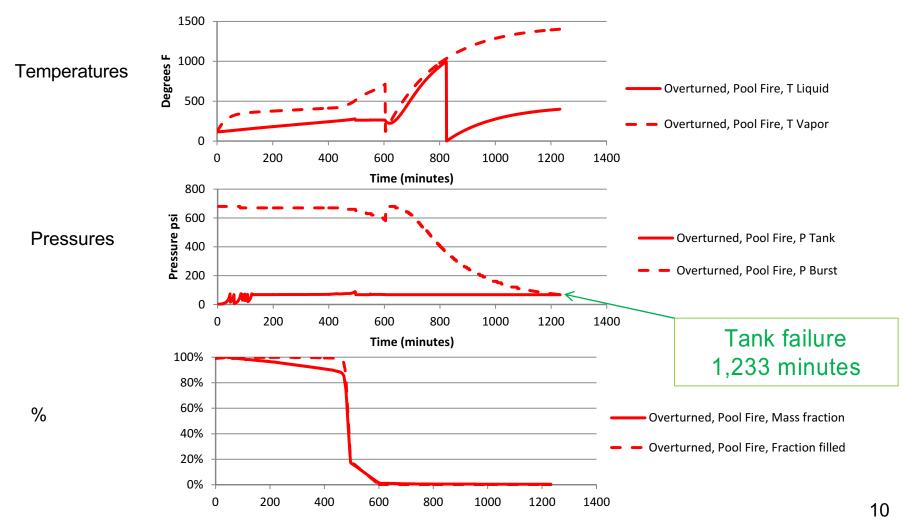
# Case 5 - CPC-1230 Car &

### Jacket (Only; No Thermal Blanket)



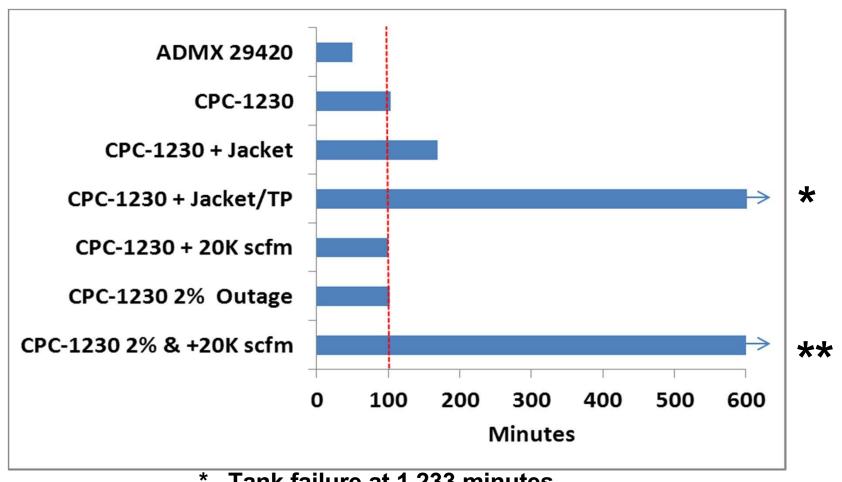
# Case 6 - CPC-1230 Car &

#### **Jacket and Thermal Protection**



# Comparison by Survival Time

Pool Fire, 120° Rollover



Tank failure at 1,233 minutes

<sup>\*\*</sup> Tank emptied at 73 minutes and never failed

# **Preliminary Conclusions**

- Torch fires appear not to cause tank failure, because the vapor pressure never rises significantly with this non-pressure lading
- The existing, pre-CPC-1230 car, upright, appears to survive well beyond 100 minutes.
- The existing, pre-CPC-1230 car, rolled over 120°, does not appear to survive 100 minutes.

# Preliminary Conclusions, ctd

- Increasing tank shell thickness (i.e., CPC-1230 car) appears to increase survival time significantly
- Adding PRD capacity appears to have minimal effect, by itself
- Increasing outage to 2% appears to have minimal effect, by itself
- Adding PRD capacity <u>and</u> increasing outage to 2% appears to have a significant beneficial effect – simulated car never failed
- Adding a jacket, by itself, shows a significant beneficial effect
- Adding a jacket and thermal protection produces extended survival (> 1,000 minutes)