Delta Air Lines, Inc. New York, NY March 5, 2015 DCA15FA085

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD WASHINGTON, D.C.

ATTACHMENT 3

NTSB Interview Transcripts

243 Pages

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Interview of: KEVIN DAUWALTER

Airport Operations Conference Room LaGuardia Airport New York, New York

Wednesday, March 11, 2015

The above-captioned matter convened, pursuant to notice.

BEFORE: JASON FEDOK Survival Factors Investigator

APPEARANCES:

JASON FEDOK, Survival Factors Investigator National Transportation Safety Board

DAVE KEENAN, Air Safety Investigator Federal Aviation Administration

ERIC PRICCO Delta Air Lines

STEVE JANGELIS Air Line Pilots Association

CHRIS RHOADS The Port Authority of NY & NJ

CHRIS PLUNKETT The Port Authority of NY & NJ

JAMES MUNDAY, Operations Manager LaGuardia Airport (Representative on behalf of Mr. Dauwalter)

3

Interview of Kevin Dauwalter:

ITEM

Ву	Mr. Fedok	4
Ву	Mr. Pricco 6	53
Ву	Mr. Fedok 6	57
Ву	Unidentified Speaker 6	58
Ву	Mr. Keenan 7	6
By	Mr. Fedok 7	'9

1	<u>interview</u>
2	(10:33 a.m.)
3	MR. FEDOK: This is an interview with Kevin Dauwalter.
4	The time is 10:33 a.m. on March 11, 2015.
5	All right. First, can you just spell your name for us?
6	MR. DAUWALTER: Last name is spelled D-a-u-w-a-l-t-e-r.
7	First name is Kevin.
8	MR. FEDOK: And, Kevin, you're okay if we record the
9	interview?
10	MR. DAUWALTER: Yes.
11	MR. FEDOK: Okay. And I'd like to just go around the
12	room and identify who's present. So, Jason Fedok with the NTSB.
13	MR. PRICCO: Eric Pricco, Delta Operations.
14	MR. JANGELIS: Steve Jangelis, ALPA.
15	MR. RHOADS: Chris Rhoads, Port Authority Operations.
16	MR. PLUNKETT: Chris Plunkett, Port Authority
17	Operations.
18	MR. KEENAN: Dave Keenan, FAA Air Safety Investigator.
19	MR. MUNDAY: Jim Munday, LaGuardia Operations Manager.
20	MR. FEDOK: And, Kevin, you selected Mr. Munday to be
21	your representative for this interview. Is that correct?
22	MR. DAUWALTER: Sure, yes.
23	MR. FEDOK: Thank you very much.
24	INTERVIEW OF KEVIN DAUWALTER
25	BY MR. FEDOK:

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

Q. So I think you've already written a statement, talked to one of our investigators. So I know you've made some corrections and changes to that statement, so --

4 A. Yes.

Q. -- do you want to just go ahead and walk through it?
For some of us it will be the first time we've gotten to hear it,
so just go through it in as much detail as you can and your
experience that day.

9 A. Do you want me to read this?

10 Q. No, you don't have to, but you can use it as a template 11 if you'd like to --

A. Oh, okay. I mean, I haven't look at it again. Jim took some of the comments I had in the margin and put them into the body of the email, so I haven't had a chance to look at it again. So this isn't officially my statement yet until I --

Q. That's fine. So let's just consider this, for the sake of this -- you know, this interview will be a separate, second interview.

19 A. Uh-huh.

Q. So you may refer to your first, you know, statement there and, you know, make any clarifications, corrections in there on this record, and then we'll use this for sort of the official record. Is that okay?

A. Uh-huh.

25 Q. Okay. So please begin.

1 All right. So on the day of the incident, March 5, Α. 2 2015, I was the snow coordinator on the day shift. Chris Plunkett 3 was the assigned airport duty manager. His call sign is 90. And 4 our shift started at 0630. We had a condition 5, which is 33 operators from maintenance. They operate the equipment, which 5 6 gives us the ability to put 15 pieces of snow equipment on the 7 aeronautical.

At the time of the incident, it was moderate -- light to moderate snow. At 10:00 -- and this is a -- this is not an observation; this is a measured amount of snowfall for the event -- was 2.3 inches of snow, and at 11:00 was 2.7 inches, just before the aircraft had touched down and, you know, was involved in the excursion. So that was a total of four-tenths of an inch. And we had Team Green -- we had five teams out working

that day, and in the morning the teams were set up -- actually, Lizzette Robles, my deputy chief, had set up the teams and I concurred with them. Team Green was assigned to Runway 422, and that's their typical assignment. So we try to remain consistency with assigning teams to the different parts of the field so -it's better for the tower; they get used to it.

So Team Green is the -- was assigned to Runway 422. They had five multipurpose or multifunctional pieces of equipment working with one plow on Team Green. Team Blue had four multipurpose pieces of equipment -- I'll say multifunctional pieces of equipment, and one plow working on 1331. Team White was

1 assigned to the west side taxiway system and they had one 2 multifunctional piece of equipment, brooming, plowing and blowing 3 the west side taxiways. Team Red was assigned to the east side 4 taxiway system, brooming, cleaning -- brooming, plowing and 5 blowing the east side taxiways. And we had a -- our fifth team 6 was Team Amber, and I believe they had two pieces, right?

MR. PLUNKETT: Yeah, they had two high-speeds.
MR. DAUWALTER: They were working with two, I believe,
high-speed and connectors off of both runways.

Now, when Team Green is occupying Runway 422 it's typical that I'll give them direction, to Team Amber, to work on the high-speeds so we limit the coordination with them in the tower. When he knows he has two teams on, it's easier for them to work with the snow, the snow teams on the runway. And when Team Blue is occupying 13, I'll have Team Amber -- will clean the highspeeds and connectors off of 13.

So from what I -- from the logs that we were looking at and from the recordings up in the tower, I believe Team Blue was given access to Runway 13 somewhere around 1500 Zulu and was working continuously making several passes. He had to have made probably three to four passes on that runway before it was decided that we would allow the aircraft that were being held by TRACON to start coming in.

24 So Team Blue exited the runway at 1535 Zulu, which is 25 10:35 local time, and shortly thereafter I made a radio

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 transmission to the FAA that I was -- I would -- Team Blue would 2 remain clear so that they can get their arrivals in. And sometime 3 shortly thereafter the Team Blue lead had advised me that he was 4 having problems with his windshield wipers. So he returned -- he 5 had to go down to automotive. We have our own automotive division 6 who maintains the equipment.

So the staging area for our equipment is the Marine Air Terminal, because we can get all of the pieces of equipment on there and we can deploy them from that area, which is the way he brought his equipment down. I said to Chris, I said let's take his equipment so we can, you know, maintain -- keep working on the runway. So we took over as Team Blue lead at that time also coordinating.

So we took the equipment up to the approach of 1-3 and we staged on Double Delta, which is at the approach of 1-3 but it's also off to the side, so if the tower wanted to get a departure off of 1-3 -- you never know what they're going to do, if they're going to change configuration -- we wouldn't be blocking access for the aircraft on Papa and Golf.

So I called the tower and I told them that Team Blue was holding short on Double Delta. We let them get the arrivals in and we would continue to monitor breaking action. About 2 minutes after that I called my office and I had them call them on the direct line -- we have a direct ring-down line that goes direct -it's a direct ring to the air traffic control tower -- advising

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 them that I wanted a gap for Runway 13 so we can clean the runway.

2 Now, her conversation to the tower was that the 100 3 wants Team Blue -- wants a gap for Team Blue so they can treat the 4 runway. And then there's another conversation on -- from the young lady who took the phone call to TRACON requesting the gap. 5 6 And I know the exact time that that happened, if I can just -- so 7 1551 was when, I think, the phone call was made. I have to look at this -- yeah, 1551 we were holding at Double Delta. I don't 8 9 see my comment here about the office, though. But, you know, a 10 couple minutes after that then our office called the tower to ask 11 for the gap.

And we're monitoring braking action. There was a United that came in 462, reported fair conditions, you know, braking action fair, and poor on Mike. Two minutes later, 1546, United 3--- United 694, Airbus 319, landed and reported good braking on the runway and good braking conditions at taxiway Mike. He specifically stated, "and good down here," so he was contradicting what his own company had reported.

And then shortly thereafter, at 1554, the CRJ Envoy landed and reported that runway braking action was good and exited at taxiway Victor, which is a couple hundred feed -- a few hundred feet past Mike. And then there was another Delta that landed after him, but we don't have the braking action on him. And that's when -- at 1602, I believe it was the official arrival time of the 1086.

And I had heard from Team Red lead, who was down at that end, that there was a Delta aircraft that hit a fence. That's what I heard at the moment. And, you know, I started thinking maybe it was -- it could have been a Delta that maybe hit the blast fence down at the east end, so I wanted to get the condition that he was reporting again, so I asked on our frequency to repeat what he had said.

And at that time we're also monitoring the tower and I had noticed that Delta 1086, where the tower had lost radio comms with the 1086 and he was calling him repeatedly. So that's when I realized that something was wrong with 1086. And we immediately called -- crossed the Runway 422 at Papa, and we got on the runway and I closed 13 because then, you know, by that time I had realized that there was an excursion involved.

Got on the runway and they had the -- I think it was Delta 1999 go around because I had closed the runway. And when we -- we could see from down field the tail of the aircraft was not on the runway, so then that's when we realized there was an excursion and I closed the airport so that we can get the, you know, emergency equipment out there.

21 MR. PLUNKETT: You should also interject that where we 22 were sitting at Double Delta, we couldn't see anything at that 23 time.

MR. DAUWALTER: No, we couldn't see anything. From - MR. PLUNKETT: The visibility was --

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 MR. DAUWALTER: -- from that vantage point we couldn't. 2 MR. PLUNKETT: Nobody saw anything, the tower. Nobody 3 saw anything, except for Johnny that was down there. So that's 4 why we was trying to figure what was -- you know, what it was, 5 because we couldn't see anything.

6 MR. DAUWALTER: But we were reporting the runway 7 conditions as a quarter of an inch up to 1-foot snow banks along 8 runway edges. And, just so you know, our edge lights here are on 9 the edge of the runway, at 12 inches you still have most of the 10 edge light visible because they're 14 inches high. And that's 11 basically it. We --

12 BY MR. FEDOK:

13 Q. Yeah, since you went through the whole thing, just keep 14 going with your --

A. Then we drove down the runway. We got there as quickly as we could. We were the first ones on the scene. Chris and I jumped out of, out of the vehicle. I called for as many operations people that I could get to the field -- on the field to the site of the aircraft, because I knew we were going to evacuate.

21 What I observed was the aircraft intact, which was nice 22 to see, and resting on the top of the berm at approximately 5,000 23 feet on Runway 13. And he was -- his left wing had been ruptured 24 and he was -- fuel was pouring out at a very high rate, in my 25 estimation. And we were signaling -- I was up on the dike right

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

next to the captain -- or the co-pilot, trying to get his
 attention to open the overwing exits, emergency exits.

3 MR. PLUNKETT: I just want to say one thing. I didn't 4 jump out of the vehicle with Kevin.

5 MR. FEDOK: Okay.

6 MR. PLUNKETT: Because I -- I saw a bunch of our guys 7 approaching the vehicle and I -- we needed somebody on the outside of the event so that there could be communication, you know, and I 8 9 could manage it from the outside, because once you get into the 10 fray in there, you're in it, you know, and there's no one out on 11 the perimeter to try to control it. So when I saw Kevin go, I 12 stayed in the vehicle so I could communicate with tower and whoever I had to communicate with to sort of coordinate it. 13

14 MR. DAUWALTER: That's right, because you told me I'm 15 going back to the vehicle and I'll manage it from here.

16 MR. PLUNKETT: Yeah.

17 MR. DAUWALTER: So -- and we were desperately trying to 18 get the attention of the -- anybody on the aircraft to pull the 19 doors open, you know, basically motioning to open the doors. Thev 20 didn't realize at the time that -- what we were saying, but there was a transmission over the tower frequency that you probably 21 heard of one of my -- somebody from my staff contacting the tower 22 23 to advise the captain that there was a -- to notify Crash, Fire, 24 Rescue and that there was a fuel leak from the left wing. 25 And at some point thereafter, it seemed like it was

maybe about 10 minutes later, you know -- I mean, I know, you 1 know, when you're under those conditions it could have been, you 2 3 know, a lot sooner, but it seemed like it took a little while for 4 them to open the doors, and then we started just bringing people off. We -- my next -- my first step was to -- I grabbed 5 6 somebody's portable radio and I started calling my office to make 7 sure we had the buses out there and, you know, getting everybody to move their vehicles out because Crash, Fire, Rescue needed to 8 9 get to the site unimpeded.

10 MR. PLUNKETT: Did you mention that after you closed 11 1331, a few seconds later you closed the entire airport?

12 MR. DAUWALTER: We closed 422 -- the airport, yep.

13 MR. PLUNKETT: Okay.

14 MR. DAUWALTER: I think I said that.

15 MR. PLUNKETT: I didn't hear it.

16 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: He did.

17 MR. PLUNKETT: Okay.

MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, at 1604, closed Runway 13, and then when I could see the aircraft was involved in the excursion, we closed the airport. So it was the same time; it was just seconds later, 1604.

That's it. And then the rest was the recovery.BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. Okay. I'd like to walk back through this with you and ask some follow-up and specific questions, if that's okay?

- 1
- A. Uh-huh.

2 All right. So talking a little bit about the planning Q. 3 for this event and your participation in that, when did that start 4 and how did it progress until the time of the actual snowfall? 5 It was the day prior, we had a -- I remember we had a Α. 6 conversation, I think -- we didn't have -- we had a phone 7 conversation about the level of the alert and the time it was going to start. Initially somebody had recommended maybe starting 8 9 at 10:30, and I said, no, start it at 1830, this way we have 10 everybody here. I don't want -- if the snow does start early, I

11 don't want, you know, operators driving in, in heavy snow.

12 So it was the day prior we established that we would start the alert at 1830 on the 4th, so the overnight crew had 13 14 their full contingency of operation staff and maintenance had 15 their 33 operators and all their maintenance foreman. And when we 16 got in in the morning at 6:30, we started our day with setting up 17 -- you know, going out into the field doing a field inspection and 18 calling, you know, our ops teams, coordinating that and setting up 19 the teams and just calling everybody over to the staging area to get ready to go out and start doing what they had to do, treating 20 21 the runway, brooming, plowing. And once that started, it was a 22 continuous operation, continuous monitoring, continuous 23 inspection.

24 What we do is -- as the coordinators, we get on with the 25 team to see how, you know, how effective they're doing, if, you

1 know, we need to bring other pieces of equipment out. Also, if 2 something breaks down, you know, we want to get it off the runway, 3 because both runways were open. I know checking in with the 4 tower, at some point we went to formal deicing. And like the flow, I don't know what the flow rate was. We can check that, 5 6 but, you know, I checked with the tower to see what the flow rate 7 was, and we try to give them advance notice in the tower so they can coordinate with TRACON. 8

9 It's more an issue for the arrivals, but the departures 10 were also cognizant of their holdover time on their deicing so 11 they don't have to go back to the gate. But once formal deicing 12 is implemented, it makes it a little bit easier here at LaGuardia 13 Airport because then they get a slot, they get a departure time 14 and a slot for them to actually go out and, you know, call the 15 tower for their taxi clearance.

So we're monitoring all that and we're in constant communication with the tower. We're on and off the -- both runways with each team, and we'll also get off the runways and we'll inspect the taxiways to see if there's anything that needs to get addressed. And then we'll basically -- you know, if we have to, we'll redirect our teams.

Q. And I should have asked this earlier, what is your official position at LaGuardia?

A. I'm the chief operation supervisor.

25 Q. Okay. And on that day you were serving as snow

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 coordinator?

3

2 A. Yep.

Q. Is that the term?

A. Yeah. Yeah, if I'm on during the daytime, most storms I'll coordinate and -- but if it's -- you know, on that particular event I was the coordinator and Chris was my right-hand man at the time. For an added element of safety, we always try to have two ops people in the vehicle, one driving and one in the passenger seat.

10 Q. Okay. And your call sign is 100?

11 A. 100.

12 Q Okay. And what is the primary purpose of the snow 13 coordinator at LaGuardia? What is your primary job out there? 14 Well, the coordinator -- because I'm not only -- I'm not Α. 15 the only coordinator. On the night shift there'll be an assistant 16 chief operation supervisor coordinating. But it's just basically 17 to make observations, to get information from the office as far as 18 measured snowfall, to check with the weather forecaster to find 19 out if -- like, if we have a heavy band coming through that went 20 -- you know, we want to see how long it's going to last. And it's 21 just basically, it's --

22 MR. PLUNKETT: Coordinating with the tower.

23 MR. DAUWALTER: It's coordinating with the tower access 24 onto the movement area, mostly the runways, because the taxiways 25 we have a letter of agreement that allows us to operate. But as a

1 courtesy, we always let the tower know who's working where so they 2 can anticipate what they're going to be asked, because it's the --3 the team lead is actually doing the radio communication with the 4 tower to gain access onto the runways. We're just telling the 5 teams, whether it's Blue Team, Green Team, Red Team, what we want 6 them to do.

7 Based on wind direction and runway configuration, we will concentrate mostly on the high-speeds and turnoffs for that 8 9 specific runway operation. That day it would have been 13 high-10 speeds or possibly the 4 high-speeds if, you know, if somebody was 11 an arrival on 4, if they started arriving 4. And that's what we 12 were doing, we're just coordinating with our operations staff, we're coordinating with the snow desk to give me the pieces of 13 14 equipment that I need for that particular moment in time, we're 15 calling the office and coordinating, you know, what we need out 16 there in the field or --

17 MR. PLUNKETT: Calling NOTAMs in.

18 MR. DAUWALTER: -- calling in the field conditions so19 that the office can issue the NOTAMs.

20 BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. Okay. That was my next question. So you are solely responsible for the field condition reports that come in?

A. Making the observations and calling them in to theoffice.

25 Q. Okay.

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 And so they can put the broadcast via the NOTAM. Α. 2 So you are in direct communication with the tower for Ο. 3 operational issues --4 Α. Uh-huh. And --5 -- which is getting which runway when, getting access to Q. 6 those types of things? 7 Α. Yes, yes.

8 Q. Do you make direct field condition reports to the tower 9 as well?

10 A. Yeah, we can, and if they ask for it, we'll give it to 11 them.

12 Q. Okay.

A. And on that particular day they did ask for a field condition report and we reported that we had the quarter inch of snow, 12-inch snow banks, and it was broomed and plowed and we advised them that it had not been treated.

Q. Okay. And you said that's on request by the tower you'll provide that to them?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Do you routinely provide them field condition reports or 21 does that all go through NOTAM?

A. It's usually preferable to go through NOTAMs, but when the tower makes the request, we'll give it to them.

Q. And how often -- you said you were continuously making
observations of the conditions. How often do you make a field

1 condition report?

2	A. When the condition changes. You know, it depends on the				
3	intensity. And this particular event was light to moderate. It				
4	was a very fine snow. In my estimation, it was a dry snow. And I				
5	knew from every hour on the hour my office calls the Marine Air				
6	Terminal weather service and gets an inch count. So, at that time				
7	I had known that it was, at 10:00, was 2.3 and at 11:00 was 2.7,				
8	because they're relaying that information to me out in the field.				
9	So, aside from my observation, I'm getting that				
10	information. It's an official measurement, it's not just an				
11	observation. But I'm also listening to braking action reports,				
12	and at that, at that time all the braking action reports were				
13	good, except for that one that was fair and poor, but it was				
14	immediately contradicted by his company, the same aircraft type				
15	aircraft.				
16	Q. So when you're doing active operations on a runway, are				
17	you issuing a field condition report after each clearing event?				
18	A. No, only if it's only if the conditions have changed.				
19	Because when we pass make a pass with the equipment, we're				
20	actually less than what was reported; it's a thin covering. But				
21	it when you know, if we have to get off the runway for a				
22	departure or an arrival, and because we work on the open runways				
23	here, then you can get a covering of snow. But at no point did it				
24	go above a quarter of an inch at the as of, you know, the				
25	incident.				

1 Q. All right.

A. So that's why we continuously reported it as a quarterof an inch.

Q. Okay. So even after you had cleared it, you continued
to report a quarter of an inch --

6 A. Yeah, for the --

7 Q. -- even though you just cleared the runway?

8 A. Yeah, for the safety of the, you know, the aircraft, so 9 that the pilot knows.

Q. Okay. I just want to get -- go back through again some of these things. So you have five teams set up and you have a duty manager assigned to each of those five teams.

A. At that particular day there was a duty manager leadingTeam Green and there was a duty manager leading Team Blue.

15 Q. And there's also someone trailing?

16 A. Trailing them was a -- the next level down.

17 Q. Okay.

18 A. It was a senior supervisor.

19 Q. And the purpose of those two individuals is what?

A. The lead will call the tower to make sure that they have the access onto the runway. The tail is there to monitor the effectiveness of the equipment, if they have to move a piece of equipment over so they don't, you know, leave snow in trail or, if something breaks down, he can immediately notify the lead and address it with the tower.

1 He's also there because we have intersecting runways. 2 So if they're on Runway 4 and they're crossing the runway 3 intersection, if the tower has somebody lined up to depart, the 4 tail will call for the lead and say -- and call the tower and say that we're clear of the intersection so he can let that aircraft 5 6 depart. And he's also -- when they get off the runway, once they 7 pass the hold bar, he's the last vehicle off the runway and he'll call the tower and tell them that they're clear. 8

9 Q. And on this day you had the Blue Team with four 10 multifunction vehicles and one plow working on 1331, and that was 11 their -- their only tasking was the runway?

12 Α. Yeah, plowing, brooming and the multifunction equipment also has a blower in the back to blow the snow to the side. The 13 14 plow is there if we -- because the rate of speed was probably 15 about 20 miles an hour for the equipment, and if they build a snow 16 berm on the edge of the runway, the plow will be able to, at a 17 higher rate of speed, cast the snow over the lights so we don't 18 bury the lights. Also, the plow is filled with sand, so if we 19 needed to also put sand down, we would put sand down.

20 Q. Okay. And can you just walk me through that process of 21 brooms, plows, and how that -- how it all works together to get 22 the snow off the runway?

A. Uh-huh. Team Blue was operating with the four pieces going up one side of the centerline and then back down the other side of the centerline. Team Green has --

1

Q. Let's stick with blue. So they had --

2 A. Okay.

3 Q. -- four brooms that are going up and down the 4 centerline; is that right?

A. Yeah. They're going -- they're staggered. This team at this stage was staggered to the right of the centerline. So they're going up and they're coming back. They're do an eastbound pass and a westbound pass. And, but like I said, the plow and the broom is approximately 26 feet in width, so four plows can do a good job at getting full width.

11 Q. And then the plow, is it throwing the snow or does it 12 just have a big blade which --

13 A. It's pushing the snow to the right.

14 Q. Okay.

A. And then whatever that -- the plow doesn't pick up, the brooms pick up and also push to the right. And then whatever is left behind, the blower blows it.

18 Q. Okay. So it's plows followed by broom followed by 19 blower?

20 A. Yeah.

21 MR. PLUNKETT: On the same piece of equipment.

22 MR. DAUWALTER: On the same piece of equipment.

23 BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. Got it. All right. And then you had the Amber Teams
working -- alternating with whichever runway was closed,

1 alternating with Blue or Green or Red Teams.

2 A. Whichever runway was occupied.

3 Q. Right.

A. So, they were on -- doing the 13 turnoffs and connectors and they were also doing the Runway 4 turnoffs and connectors.

6 Q. Okay.

A. And if we get a report from the tower that they're going to switch configuration, then we'll concentrate on the affected turnoffs and high-speeds. Typically our wind pattern here is -you know, in an event, is northeast and then the winds swing around to the northwest. So eventually, you know, we'll get the high-speeds and turnoffs, because then they'll be on a 31 operation.

14 Q. So the Blue is continuously working Runway 1331, and you 15 said at 1500 Zulu they had done three to four passes?

I was advised that -- I think it was 15 to 1505 is when 16 Α. 17 they first -- on that particular time, they had gotten another gap 18 for us -- for them to clean the runway. They were operating all 19 day long on 13, but they at some point -- and I didn't go as far 20 back -- they did allow some arrivals to come in. They had gotten 21 off and let the arrivals in, and then about 1505 I was told that 22 they had -- the tower had given them access again onto 13.

Q. Okay. So that's when they got on.
A. Yeah. And so, if they're doing -- they were doing
multiple passes, multiple passes, and at 1535 Zulu is when they

1 got off again. And then --2 Okay. So they had the runway for about a half an hour Ο. between 1505 --3 4 Α. Yeah. 5 -- and 1535. And when you say a pass, that's once down Q. 6 the runway, turnaround, a second time back? 7 Α. Yep. 8 Three would be a --Q. 9 Α. Going back and forth, and it takes roughly -- what is it -- 12 minutes? 10 11 MR. PLUNKETT: Twelve minutes to do a run, yeah. 12 MR. DAUWALTER: Twelve minutes. BY MR. FEDOK: 13 14 Up And back? Q. 15 Α. Yeah, and we call that a full pass. 16 So up and back? Ο. 17 Α. Yeah. 18 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Clarify (indiscernible). 19 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, I'll show you on the, on the map. 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm just wondering, when they, 21 when they said that it was cleared from 10:05 to 10:35 --22 MR. DAUWALTER: He's coming on, coming on -- they may 23 have to have to hold him at the intersection if they have a 24 departure, or they'll clear him full length. They get on, then 25 they get off because this is, you know, a large piece of

1 equipment. To make it safe for the operators, they'll get off and 2 they'll get back on, and then they'll go back down.

This particular day, Team Blue is going, because they had the four pieces, up and then down -- this is the north side of the centerline and the south. They were doing the south side and then the north side. Team Green -- I know you wanted to stick on Blue --

- 8 BY MR. FEDOK:
- 9 Q. It's okay.

10 A. -- had the five multifunctional piece of equipment, so 11 they were doing what we call the spearhead formation. So they 12 would go up, get off, and then turn around here on Romeo, and then 13 get back on and go down. And they were also followed by a plow to 14 cast the snow over the edge lights.

Q. Okay. So they basically would clear the south side with the four plows going up, and then when they turned around, they would clear the north side of the centerline, and one full pass then would clear the runway within 24 minutes or --

19 A. No, one full pass is about 12 minutes.

20 Q. Okay, 12 minutes for a whole cycle.

21 A. Yeah.

22 Q. Okay, got it. Six minutes down, 6 minutes back?

A. Right.

24 MR. PLUNKETT: Right.

25 MR. FEDOK: Got it. Okay.

1

BY MR. FEDOK:

2 Q. And so, that would take us to 10:35 local --

3 A. Yep.

4 Q -- thereabouts.

A. And that's when they call clear, because they were holding departures so that they -- the tower wanted to get some arrivals in -- I'm sorry -- they were holding arrivals. The tower wanted to get some arrivals in. And --

9 Q. At that point -- I'm sorry -- at that point did you make 10 a field condition report after those passes?

A. Well, prior to that, I did. Prior to that, yeah, because I was with Team Green at the time. But the Team Blue, the lead, when you're -- they're qualified to make an assessment of the field.

Q. Okay. Did he make an assessment or how does that work?
Did he pass it to you or --

17 A. No, he did not. No.

18 He didn't, did he?

19 MR. PLUNKETT: No.

20 MR. DAUWALTER: But coming off, you know, with the 21 equipment it's always down to thin covering.

22 BY MR. FEDOK:

23 Q. And were you treating with chemicals at this point as 24 well?

25 A. No, no, because we were continuous brooming and that

1 would just have -- it would have been a waste. It would have
2 broomed it right off. In our experience, it just -- you put it
3 down and if you come behind it with a broom you're going to broom
4 it off.

5 Q. Okay.

6 A. But if we -- we had the material in the plow, and if we 7 had less than good, we would have treated.

Q. Okay. So the -- I'm just looking at the NOTAM that Lizzette gave me yesterday, and the one that was in effect looked like it was issued at 1403. So this would have been the one, I guess, before that you were mentioning. It was one-quarter inch wet snow observed, okay.

13 A. Uh-huh.

Q. All right. Now, earlier there was a field condition at, looks like, 0445 in the morning, with wet, deiced solid and sanded.

17 A. Uh-huh.

18 Q. So that would have been because you weren't actually 19 plowing at that point?

A. Uh-huh, yep. To hold over the -- basically, I think
that was -- was that 4:45 local time?

22 Q. Yes, 4:45 local time.

A. Yeah, that was the A shift treated -- pre-treated before the first snowflake or around when it started. And I had -- we could probably look back and get the surface temps, but I don't

1 know what the surface temperatures were back then at that time. 2 Ο. And there was one also between there, at 7:38 local, 3 which says field conditions thin wet snow, deiced solid and 4 sanded. 5 Α. Yep. 6 Ο. At that time would plowing have been going on? I'm 7 losing track of time. 8 Yeah, we might have but, you know, I'd have to look at Α. 9 the accumulation at that point. 10 Do you remember when --11 Does that help you? Q. 12 Α. -- we dropped the brooms and the plows? Yes, it would. 13 Ο. Okav. 14 And what time was that? Α. 15 Q. That was 0738 or 1238 Zulu. 16 These are in local times, just so you know. Α. 17 Q. Okay. 18 Α. The log. 19 You're referring to the airport ops snow log? Okay. Q. If the multis are out, they're brooming and plowing. 20 Α. So 21 they were -- they probably -- it was a treatment and brooming. We 22 probably treated after we were going to -- just before we were 23 getting off the runway with the equipment. 24 Q. Okay. So walk me through how that works, then. So you 25 do your passes --

A. Yeah. If we know that we're going to get off, we may --2 if we have the plows with us, we'll drop chemical and sand.

Q. Okay.

3

A. But -- now, that may not always be my call. It could be 5 the -- sometimes the plow operators do it on their own.

6 Q. Okay.

A. So, you know, I would have to say that if the NOTAM says that it was treated, then we probably were getting off the runway and we just dropped sand and solid chemical. We use sodium acetate as our solid chemical on the runways, along with sand.

11 Okay. So, the fact that it was used once when you left Q. 12 the runway at 7:38 but not then at 9:00, that's not necessarily 13 your call to make as snow coordinator or that would be up you? 14 Α. It would be my call. But at that point I probably -- I 15 would -- I didn't put any product down because the rate of snow at 16 that -- was probably -- had probably increased to that quarter of 17 an inch an hour. And that's all in the log, as to every hour on 18 the hour it's documented, it's measured and documented. So at 19 that point if we're continuous brooming and plowing and the type 20 of snow, we wouldn't have treated unless we got a poor braking or 21 a fair braking.

Q. Okay. So it's not standard operating procedure, then,
once your last pass and you turn the --

24 A. No, no.

25

Q. -- runway back over to airplanes, to salt or sand --

1	Α.	No.			
2	Q.	after your last pass? Okay.			
3		All right. Let's get back to so you said there was a			
4	that w	as a regular transmission to the FAA at that point that			
5	you remained clear. You cleared				
6	Α.	Uh-huh.			
7	Q.	Runway 13, and at that point the lead on the Blue			
8	Team had to go to automotive, you said?				
9	Α.	Uh-huh.			
10	Q.	Is that right?			
11	Α.	Uh-huh.			
12	Q.	Okay. And you took over as team lead at that point.			
13	Α.	Yes.			
14	Q.	What does that physically put you in a different			
15	location	than normal or			
16	Α.	Well, it puts me in the lead with the Blue Team because			
17	that's th	e arrival runway. I know it's more difficult to get on			
18	the arriv	al runway. And the departure runway was I had the			
19	assistant	chief with the Green Team, they were working on 422 I			
20	don't rem	ember if they got cleared.			
21		MR. PLUNKETT: I don't either. I know they were working			
22	on it. I	don't know whether they were			
23		MR. DAUWALTER: But basically I just wanted to I			
24	wanted to	be there with the equipment at the approach of 1-3 if we			
25	got less	than good braking action so we can get on and with the			

1 equipment to clear it off.

2 BY MR. FEDOK:

3 Q. Okay.

A. I didn't want any delay -- if he's at automotive for any length of time because of the vehicle, I wanted to make sure that we were there at the approach of 1-3 to, you know, get immediate access, you know, if we got less than a good braking action.

Q. I got it. So that's where you were staged at DD, you were monitoring braking action. And then you mentioned the ringdown line and you were looking for the gap for 13.

11 A. Uh-huh.

12 Q. Can you go over that again for me? There's a -- that 13 would be coming through here --

14 A. Yeah.

15 Q. -- with Lizzette or --

16 A. Yep. It's going in the office. I'll show you where I 17 was sitting --

18 Q. Okay.

A. -- with the equipment. This is the approach at 1-3, and we're sitting right here on this taxiway here.

21 Q. Okay.

A. In case they had to bring -- in case they want to depart 13, we didn't want to block access.

24 Q. Okay.

A. Because then what happens is, if we're up here and, you

1 know -- if we're up here and they need to get an aircraft out, 2 we'll just block them. And if they need to get us on the runway 3 to get us out of the way, then it's a little bit challenging for 4 them upstairs.

Q. For reference, that's Double Delta?

A. Yeah.

5

6

Q. Okay. And so talk to me about the ring-down line and8 the request. You made the request, right?

9 Α. I made the request. It was probably around the same 10 The specific conversation from my office to ATC was time, 1551. 11 that the 100 was looking for a gap on Runway 13 so Team Blue could 12 treat. I wanted to get on the runway even with the good, so we 13 can maintain the good. You know, I knew at that -- you know, with 14 the rate of snowfall at approximately guarter of an inch an hour, 15 it was a good half hour, 25 minutes before he was on there, and I 16 wanted to make sure, like, every 10 to 20 minutes we get on there 17 and broom it off.

18 Q. Okay. And so, again, that information goes from your 19 radio --

A. Sometimes I'll call it on the radio -- on the tower frequency or we'll call it in to the office and they'll pick up the phone and get on the phone right away with the tower and coordinate it.

Q. And in this case, which was it? Do you recall?A. At this time I told them, I radioed to them that I was

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

holding short on Double Delta, Team Blue -- I was calling myself
Team Blue -- holding short for -- so you can get arrivals in and
I'm monitor braking action. And then right away or a minute after
we called my office on our VHF radio, the instruction was to call
the tower and tell them Team Blue needs access onto the runway,
get us a gap.

Q. Okay. And at that point you're monitoring the braking actions of folks who are landing. You mentioned the one at 1546, the 1554, which would have been just after the phone call you made.

11 A. Uh-huh.

Q. And then there was additional Delta that came in at 1602 which did not provide a braking report. Is that something that's routinely requested by the tower, in your experience?

15 A. Yep. Yeah.

16 Q. And was there one on that flight?

A. No. According to the tapes, it was not asked for by thetower.

19 Q. Okay.

A. And it was not provided. I didn't hear it provided by the Delta pilot. I think he got off at Mike, though. I want to say he exited at Mike.

Q. And in your position, do you have the ability to request those?

25 A. Yes. Then we do a request. We will make the request.

1 Q. All right.

2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 1526 did not provide a braking 3 report.

MR. DAUWALTER: And that was the one --

5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Correct me if I'm wrong, but it's 6 a voluntary PIREP, correct?

7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's a voluntary PIREP.

8 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Unless requested by the pilot out 9 of the tower.

10 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Which there's an assumption to 11 that if nothing was said.

MR. DAUWALTER: Right. And they give it, they provide it, you know, based on -- what they'll do is, they'll come in and they say, yeah, we'll agree with that braking action, you know. So it's good to have.

16

4

By MR. FEDOK:

Q. All right. And your notification, the first thing that anything was wrong, you mentioned that the Team Read lead mentioned an aircraft hit a fence.

20 A. Yeah.

21 Q. Do you know where he was located at that time?

A. Was he down by Mike? I think he was between Mike and Lima on Bravo, and that was -- I think John gave his statement to Peter. To Peter, right?

25 Q. What's his name?

1 Α. John Benedetto. 2 If we have it, I --Ο. 3 Α. B-e-n-e-d-e-t-t-o. 4 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: He gave it to Dan. 5 MR. DAUWALTER: He gave it to Dan, okay. 6 BY MR. FEDOK: 7 And you mentioned at that point you heard it repeated on Q. frequency as the tower was trying to get a hold of 1086. 8 9 Α. Uh-huh. I heard him call him at least two or three 10 times, right? Wouldn't you say? 11 MR. PLUNKETT: Uh-huh. 12 BY MR. FEDOK: 13 Ο. And is that what made you want to cross the runway at 14 that point? 15 Α. Yeah. Then I realized that there was a sense of 16 And also, I mean, you know, I had asked for repeated urgency. 17 confirmation from John in ops to relay his message, because it 18 seemed to me like he was stepped on. And, you know, I'm sure he 19 was excited and I just wanted to make sure it wasn't just 20 somebody, you know, that may have had a wingtip incident with the 21 blast fence down there. 22 And then I closed 13, like I said, as soon as I got on 23 Runway 4 because then at that time, just by the fact that they 24 lost radio contact with 1086 and then I had heard north fence, 25 that he was in the north fence, I knew that he had veered off the

1 runway and was on our north fence.

2 Q. All right.

3 A. And that's when the airport was closed.

Q. And talk to me about how you close a runway or close an airport. What are the procedures you guys have in place to do that?

A. Well, anybody can close a runway or, you know, in this case, I closed 1330 -- 13 was the first call that was closed, so I can get on the runway. Because I was already on 4 and I knew that the quickest access was to go down 13, so I closed 13. The tower communication back to me was 13 is closed, and I said,

12 affirmative, and --

Q. Can you show us up here again where exactly you were so If I can just get a picture in my mind?

A. Okay. So, actually, you know what -- up here. So we were sitting here with the equipment. By that time, I should mention, I was the 100 again because Julian (ph.) had quickly returned and took over probably --

19 MR. PLUNKETT: 1558.

20 MR. DAUWALTER: -- around the time when the CRJ landed; 21 Julian had pulled up and I gave him back his team. So then at 22 that time Chris and I were freed up.

So we crossed at -- was it Papa or Golf? I think it was Papa, right?

25 MR. PLUNKETT: I thought it was Papa, yeah.

1 MR. DAUWALTER: Papa. Got on the runway and then I 2 realized at that point I had to close 13, and then I got onto the 3 runway.

4 BY MR. FEDOK:

5 Q. Was 4 already closed at this point?

6 A. No, 4 was not closed.

7 Q. So, both were --

8 A. Yeah.

9 Q. -- both were operational, there was no plowing going on? 10 A. No. You have to ask Team Green. I can look back at the 11 log and see if he was occupying the runway or if he was staged.

12 This is where we stage the equipment. They would have 13 came off then they would have held the equipment down here on 14 Marine Air Terminal ramp.

15 So I get on the runway and I -- right away I call 13 is 16 closed. He had an aircraft on short and final. I think it was 17 Delta 1999, I think. He had him go around.

Driving down the runway at this point I could see -because he was somewhere around here, right, 1,000, 15-, 2,000. So he was right about here. You can make out -- and also based on the radio transmission, that's when I closed the airport on the tower frequency 118.7.

Q. Okay. So you go on 118.7 and say 13 is closed, and then as you get down closer you --

A. Seconds later I'm on 13 now, as soon as I made the turn

1 and we closed the airport on the same frequency, 118.7. 2 And is that -- that's all it takes to --Ο. Uh-huh. 3 Α. 4 Ο. -- is just a frequency --5 Α. Yep. 6 Ο. -- to say airport's closed? 7 Yeah. Α. Do you have to provide any additional information or --8 Q. 9 Α. Well, my office issued a NOTAM immediately following. 10 Q. Okay. 11 And issued a high-speed notification to all the -- to Α. 12 the airport community. 13 Ο. So the NOTAM then goes out following that. 14 Α. Uh-huh. Now, the tower is an FAA facility, obviously. Is there 15 Ο. 16 a letter of agreement with how all this works with opening and 17 closing runways and taxiways and all those sorts of things? 18 Α. We do have an emergency -- LOA for emergency --19 Ο. LOA. -- yeah, procedures. I don't know -- I'd have to review 20 Α. 21 it offhand to see what it specifically states. 22 Q. Okay. 23 So I don't want to go on record saying --Α. 24 Q. But, I mean, you guys close your runways --25 Α. Yeah.

1 Q. -- all the time and close the airport. Is that --2 Well, prior -- I mean, in --Α. 3 Ο. -- standard operating procedure, I believe it is? 4 Α. -- in an emergency -- in emergency situations it's -that's standard operating procedure, yeah. 5 6 Ο. That's what I was getting at. 7 And if it's any other kind of closure for like Α. construction or scheduled closure, it's closely coordinated with 8 9 the tower through meetings and whatnot --10 Got it. Ο. 11 -- based on, you know, wind direction and whatnot. Α. 12 Q. Okay. 13 And the facility's needs. Α. 14 I just wanted to make sure I understood the emergency. Ο. 15 All it takes is a simple --16 Α. Yep. 17 Ο. -- call? Okay. 18 And a lot of times -- you know, obviously the tower Α. 19 didn't know what had happened right away, but if they had saw this aircraft had the excursion, you know, they should be, you know, 20 21 ceasing operations, and then officially it would be closed by the 22 Port Authority. 23 Q. Okay. 24 But in this, I believe they did not see the aircraft Α. 25 until -- and they didn't know what was going on until we closed

1 the airport. Because there is a recorded conversation to my 2 office inquiring as to why 13 was closed because they had an 3 aircraft on short and final, and then it was explained to them 4 what had happened. And I believe that's when they initiated the 5 EANS, Emergency Alert Notification System.

Q. All right. So, let's talk a little bit more, then,
about what happened -- you got on scene you said you were the very
first vehicle --

9 A. Yeah.

10 Q. -- to come up to the aircraft, and you had already --11 you said something about calling for operations folks --

12 A. Operations, yeah.

13 Q. -- to respond. Do you have a direct line to the fire 14 department as well to --

15 A. No.

16

Q. -- activate them?

A. No, I don't in my vehicle, but they do monitor Echo frequency, the VHF frequency, so they -- it's possible they had heard my transmission. And my managers were also monitoring the radio frequency, and Jim can attest to the fact that he was with the ARFF captain at the moment and he had told him that there was something going on in the field that we need to dispatch the Crash, Fire, Rescue.

Q. Okay. All right. And are any of your frequencies recorded or just the -- the tower I know --

- 1
- A. No, just -- yeah.

Q. -- has to be recorded, but internal operations is -3 A. Just -- no, ours are not, no.

Q. All right. So, you -- other operations folks obviously
responded when you requested, because you mentioned there were
other vehicles out there.

7 A. Uh-huh, operations and maintenance.

Q. Talk to me about the aircraft. Were any of the exits
9 open at this point --

10 A. No.

11 Q. -- when you got there?

12 Α. No. No, we -- the exits were not open. There was a 13 substantial leak from the left wing. And we climbed the dike, we 14 were up at the top of the dike -- and the way the aircraft was 15 positioned, the door and the window, we were almost in full view 16 of the co-pilot, who -- I don't know if he heard us or not, but I 17 don't recall him looking at us. But we were trying to get their 18 attention to open the overwing emergency exit on the right side. 19 And then we also went down and we were motioning to the -- so I was up and back trying to get somebody's attention to open the 20 21 doors.

And we were hopefully -- I was hoping that the person that's supposed to be sitting in that seat, is assigned that seat I guess based on their capacity to operate that door, and we were hoping that somebody would have eventually, you know, opened the

1 door, realized that there was a sense of urgency to get them off. 2 At some point they finally opened the doors and we went to the 3 back of the wing and we started to help them evacuate. 4 Ο. Do you remember if --5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm just grabbing Jim. 6 BY MR. FEDOK: 7 Do you remember if the firefighters were there before or Q. 8 after --9 Α. After. 10 -- the exits were opened? Q. 11 After. Α. 12 MR. PLUNKETT: I think they showed up after. MR. DAUWALTER: I think it was after. 13 14 BY MR. FEDOK: 15 Q. Okay. So you were helping people of the wings before 16 they got there? 17 Α. Yeah. 18 MR. PLUNKETT: Yeah. 19 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah. 20 BY MR. FEDOK: 21 Q. Okay. And did they, did they do any --22 Α. They applied foam. 23 -- foam and --Q. 24 They foamed -- the put a blanket of foam in the, Α. Yep. 25 in the area where the fuel spill, fuel leak was.

Q. So you saw people coming out the right side overwings,
 is where you were helping?

3 A. Right side overwing and we were --

4

Q. What other exits did you see --

We were pulling them off, we were helping them down, you 5 Α. 6 know, physically supporting their weight, a few of us, to gently 7 lower them onto the ground, and then we were directing them. And I had my staff were lined up, and the buses got there very quickly 8 9 because that was one of the first things we called for at least 10 four buses; two buses got there very quickly. And we just were 11 corralling them to make sure that they were -- had a safe access 12 away from the aircraft onto the runway where the buses were going 13 to be positioned.

And at some point I remember looking and the tail cone had been removed and they were taking some people off the back. And at that point everybody, aside from operations, was there. There was some off people, ops and maintenance, and we were all assisting the passengers get off.

19 Q. Okay. Did you see any on the left side of the airplane 20 or do you stay on the right side?

A. I was -- we were on the right side for the entireduration.

Q. Okay. Did you ever see anybody open up that forward right exit?

25 A. No.

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947 43

Q. Okay. And the tail cone, you said you didn't see it come off, you just noticed it was off. Did you see an evacuation slide out the back?

4 A. No.

Q. Were people walking out? Was there a ladder there?
A. No, they were walking out. Yeah. The tail of the
aircraft was, because of the position of the aircraft, was a few
feet from the ground. It wasn't touching the ground; it was a few
feet from the ground. So it was just, you know, a short drop from
the back to the -- but I did not see the shoot deployed.

11 Q. Okay.

MR. PLUNKETT: There wasn't no shoots -- no shoots were deployed.

14 BY MR. FEDOK:

15 Q. There wasn't, no?

16 A. No.

Q. Okay. I'll walk back through -- I had a couple of other areas I wanted to get into. I mentioned earlier the sensors on the airport. Talk about --

20 A. Okay.

Q. -- what they are, where they are and how they operate. A. All right. We have -- I'll show you on the map. It's going to be general vicinity, because they're even hard to find when you're walking out there because they're embedded. We have a surface sensor on the 13 deck. We have a surface sensor on the 2-

2 deck. We have a surface sense somewhere here on Papa. We have
 a surface sensor down here at the approach of 4, right in this
 area here. And we have a surface sensor down here at the approach
 of 31.

And they're all operated by remote processing units that -- and they're just surface embedded in the runway with an epoxy, and then there's a cable, a cable that's run to pull-box to our manhole, and then -- from the pull-box probably to the manhole, and then the manhole to the RPU.

10 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And what's RPU and what's --

11 MR. DAUWALTER: Remote Processing Unit.

12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay.

MR. DAUWALTER: So that feeds -- relays the information,
the data from those sensors on -- to our computer

15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. I'm not sure you're going 16 to get there. What kind of -- I'm not familiar with what kind of 17 sensor. What are they sensing or what kind of --

18 MR. DAUWALTER: It's a -- they're sensing any kind of 19 ice, snow, wet, rain or whatever.

20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Oh, okay, surface conditions.

21 MR. DAUWALTER: It's giving us the temperature of the 22 surface. We do have at this particular RPU here and this RPU down 23 here at this end, we do have atmospheric reading. So it's giving 24 us the, you know, the wind, the --

25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's right, it's -- I think you

1 -- did you have that?

2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It was on the --

3 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah. You know what, it's -- I pulled 4 it up for -- I think it was Pete maybe. Who's the guy from the 5 FAA? I showed it to him. But it'll tell you, you know, the 6 contamination --

7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Oh, that was the stuff when you 8 came by the other day. It was Dave Guerlach (ph.).

9 MR. DAUWALTER: Okay. But it gives us whatever, you 10 know, the information -- the most important thing is the surface 11 temperature that it provides us, and we document that. These are 12 all -- these surface temps are documented and we take -- we always 13 take the deck sensors, the deck sensor temperatures and we log 14 those because those are typically going to be the lower 15 temperature because of the, you know, the construction of the 16 deck. You know, these are all over water so they're going to cool 17 faster. So we always base our decisions on those temperatures.

18

BY MR. FEDOK:

19 Q. Okay. And are those sensors also -- you said they're 20 also providing data on the type of contamination.

A. Yeah, just those -- the -- any of the sensors that come off of those RPUs. There's four RPUs, four -- one -- I think there's three RPUs, right? Three RPUs for 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 sensors, right? One, 2, 3 -- yeah, 6 sensors. And that's Vaisala, that's Vaisala equipment.

- 1
- Q. Say it again?

A. Vaisala, V -- Vaisala is our -- they're providing the service for us, the equipment.

4 Q. Can you spell that for me?

5 A. V, as in Victor, a-i-s-a-l-a.

6 Q. So they're the owners -- I mean, they're the vendor?

7 A. Yeah, they -- right.

8 Q. Okay. And that provides you with type of condition --

9 A. Yeah.

10 Q. -- or type of contamination --

11 A. Right.

12 Q. -- like snow, ice --

13 A. Yep.

14 Q. -- wet?

A. And if there's any chemical factor involved, if we put chemical down, and the temperate of the surface. And the other ones that give us the atmosphericals, also give us wind speed and wind direction.

Q. Okay. Does that information -- where does it feed to?
A. Feeds into my office here or I can pull it up on my
iPhone, you know, my personal iPhone because it's Web-based.
Q. So you're out there, when you're in snow coordination

23 position you have access to that information?

A. Yeah, and we're constantly getting updates or we're asking for updates to the offices to the surface temperatures and

1 the air temperature.

2 Q. But that information is not part of the field condition 3 report. That is part of --

A. No. No. It's just for our trending analysis and what 5 we need to do out there in the field.

6 Q. Okay.

25

A. You know, if we know -- if surface temperatures are
above freezing, it could be snowing and, you know, not sticking on
the ground, you know, just on grassy colder surfaces.

10 Q. Okay. So it's another tool just to use --

11 A. Just another tool, yep.

Q. -- to modify the -- okay. And while we're on the topic of tools, you mentioned you do have a CFME here, Continuous Friction Measurement. And could you tell me about it and how you guys use it, when you use it?

16 Well, when the advisor circular changed I think in 2008, Α. 17 the FAA stated specifically stated in the advisory circular that 18 there was no correlation between the braking performance of a 19 vehicle and the Mu readings that are provided by the CFME and the 20 characteristics of braking action of an aircraft. So our 21 department came out with a policy that friction testing can be 22 used to basically evaluate, you know, trends for us as far as, you 23 know, how effectiveness our snow removal is, but that Mu readings 24 are not to be published.

So, we -- you know, if -- we use the continuous friction

measuring equipment in the summers to -- for rubber removal.
We'll do -- every week we do a friction test weekly to, you know,
identify if we need to -- if we have the need to remove rubber
deposits from the runway.

5 Q. Okay. And the policy, was that a policy letter or 6 something you guys have at Port Authority?

7 A. Yeah.

8 Q. Does that go for all the airports or is that just9 LaGuardia?

10 A. That's, yeah, all the Port Authority airports.

11 Q. Okay. And just so I understand it, the policy was that 12 because there's no correlation with Mu readings, you consider them 13 essentially invalid?

14 A. Yes.

Q. But yet, the tool can be used for trend analysis just to determine the effectiveness of your plowing operation?

A. And in this case our -- we were basing our evaluation or observation on -- evaluation on our observation and the rate of snowfall at the time.

Q. Okay. Since the change in the AC -- you said 2008?
A. I think it was 2008.

22 Q. This is the way the Port has been operating with that 23 equipment, it has not been used --

A. Shortly thereafter, the policy was implemented by the aviation department.

1 Okay. So you have not -- I'll just ask you at LaGuardia Q. 2 since that's where we are. LaGuardia has not been using the CFME 3 for trend analysis for snow removal operations since 2008? 4 Α. I don't recall using it. I don't know if anybody else 5 has used it. 6 Ο. Okay. 7 Jay, could I ask a --UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: MR. FEDOK: Sure. 8 9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I just want to correct my notes. 10 I think you said there's no correlation but can be used for 11 analysis for plowing. I think you said for plowing. 12 MR. FEDOK: Right. Is that --13 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But we don't -- but we only use 14 it for the summer. 15 MR. FEDOK: Right. The policy -- what I think I heard 16 was that the policy allows you to use it for trend analysis for 17 plowing operations, but you guys have made it an operational 18 decision only to use it during summer for rubber removal. Is that 19 accurate? 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. 21 MR. FEDOK: Is that accurate? I don't want to put words 22 in your mouth; is that accurate? 23 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, it's not -- I understand 24 it's, again, the trend part of it and that there's no correlation, 25 but is it utilized in any way in --

2 policy came out --3 MR. PLUNKETT: Nobody's used it. 4 MR. DAUWALTER: -- for winter operations. 5 MR. PLUNKETT: Nobody's used it. 6 BY MR. FEDOK: 7 And is that a piece of equipment that requires Q. specialized training? 8 9 Α. Uh-huh. 10 So are there still trained operators on the airport of Ο. 11 how to use that? Uh-huh. 12 Α. 13 Okay. All right. Ο. 14 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have the AC circular up if you 15 want to --MR. DAUWALTER: Was it 2008? 16 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's had some revisions to it 18 since, but --19 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 2012. 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: -- 2008 is the base. Tt's --21 yeah. It's December 9, 2008 is the AC but there's been some 22 revisions to it. 23 MR. DAUWALTER: 30C? What are you looking at, 30C or --24 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 30C. 25 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, 30C was the last one then, and the

MR. DAUWALTER: No, not -- I have not used it since the

1

1 policy was adjusted.

2 BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. All right. Sorry to jump around, I wanted to go back to another topic here. I'm kind of hit and missing some of my things here. Talk about FAA oversight and inspections. In your position, Kevin, do you have any interaction with the FAA in their oversight and --

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. -- inspection process? Can you explain that?

10 A. For 139 inspection, yes.

11 Q. Could you explain that for me?

A. Well, I oversee the program, but I have staff that actually does the grunt work, maintaining records, selfinspection, and I just make sure that -- you know, I oversee the people that are doing those self-inspections and maintaining the records. And when there is our annual inspection or if there's a surveillance inspection it's typically coordinated through me and my staff.

19 Q. And describe how that generally works with the FAA when 20 they come on and do a 139 inspection.

A. Typically about 2 weeks out, a month out they'll -we'll know the schedule prior to a month out when they're coming out, and 2 weeks later they send us the standard letter as to what they're specifically looking for from the various disciplines that we're, you know, we're regulated to carry out to stay a

1 certificated airport. And that involves, you know, our self-2 inspection records, our training records, fueling records, off 3 records, and training. Our self-inspection is, you know, a key 4 component.

5 And those are all items that we provide, we maintain, 6 and we give that to them at the day of the inspection. And we 7 have 100 percent review of our training records and our selfinspection records. And they look at every single, you know, 8 9 page. We also review our ACM at the time of the inspection. Ιf 10 there's any changes to our ACM, we provide them with the changes. 11 They get reviewed by the FAA and, if approved, they're stamped and 12 then they're put into effect in the ACM.

And our wildlife management program is analyzed and scrutinized at the time of the inspection. And depends on when our inspection falls -- last year it fell on a date where we were in the process of doing like our annual wildlife review, so that was a page-by-page review with the FAA for their approval because we had made -- if we made any changes.

But, yeah, it's -- and then it's -- not only is it a review of the records, but it's also a physical inspection of the airfield for the lighting, pavement, markings, signs. And then it's a physical inspection of the fuel farm, all the trucks that do the fueling. And then it's a physical inspection of the ARFF and they do a time trial. They also do the phone testing. And I think that's about it. And then it concludes and, you know,

whether or not we've had any kind of gigs, you know, we'll get a letter of correction.

Q. Okay. So you do it with the inspectors, obviously, when they're here on the airport doing the inspection. Do you have like an FAA liaison or counterpart you talk with more frequently than the inspection or is there --

- 7 A. From the FAA?
- 8 Q. Yeah.

9 A. Yeah, that would be our FAA inspector.

10 Q. So you're constantly in --

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. How often would you say you talk to your inspector? Is 13 it frequently --

14 I talk to him a few times a year, yeah. Α. If I need 15 clarification on a regulation or an AC, you know, I'll give him a 16 call and we have a very good relationship. Our inspector that, 17 you know, that we're dealing with now was a former Port Authority 18 employee, so he is all -- you know, I know him personally, so we 19 have a very good relationship and anytime we need clarification on something we'll call him. But also if we need to update something 20 21 in the field, like if we had -- this year we had construction where we made a taxiway non-movement area, so that's something 22 23 that we had to update our sign and walking plan. But -- so, we 24 have a great relationship with the other inspectors that I've 25 dealt with since 2009 since I was involved in that role.

1 So, I've probably -- I had John Green, I had Dennis, 2 Evelyn, Guillermo, and Frank. So I have about a half of dozen of 3 them that I have, you know, a good working relationship with and I 4 can call them anytime. But on a -- to be honest with you, on a 5 like an annual basis, I may talk to them on several occasions.

Q. Okay. And the one you said was a former Port Authority7 employee, which one is that?

8 A. Yeah, that was our inspector that we're dealing with 9 now, yeah.

10 Q. What's his name?

11 A. Frank Loprano.

12 Q. All right. Do they ever come by for any other inspectors or pop in for any other reasons, other than the annual? 13 14 Yeah. Typically, you know, they've done surveillance Α. 15 inspections for our off-time trial after, you know, our annual 16 And then more recently they did a surveillance inspection. 17 inspection. You know, this was back in -- geez, was it 18 (indiscernible)? But typically --

19 Q. And the surveillance inspection is?

A. They can come out any time they want, FAA, and that's why it's called a surveillance inspection. So, they did -they'll do a surveillance -- like they did a surveillance inspection after Sandy and immediately after this incident they came out and we had a meeting with them, so -- you know, about the incident and --

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

55

- 1
- Q. Is that Frank?

2 A. No, Frank wasn't involved in that. That was Evelyn.

3 Q. Okay.

A. And another -- and two individuals that I don't remember the other guys name, to be honest with you.

6 Q. And they came out the day after the event?

7 A. Day after, yep. They would have been here, I guess, on8 the 6th. Yeah.

9 Q. Okay. Any other personnel that you've encountered, 10 other than your primary point of contact with Frank, anybody else? 11 You mentioned some other names that were here for this event, but 12 anybody else you've had any contact with?

A. No, I haven't had contact with my inspector since the incident. He -- it's possible that he is off doing another airport somewhere.

16 Q. Okay.

A. But I also want to say that I do talk to him after our -- whenever there's like a snow event. Because he'll call me before the -- we have the conference call. He'll call me periodically with updates on field conditions, and that's just to check in and see how things are going, if we need anything.

Q. That sounds interesting. Say that again. He calls you during the snow event when it's --

A. He has.

25 Q. -- actually snowing?

- 1 A. He has.
- 2 Q. Okay.

3 A. I didn't have any dealings with him for this event.

4 Q. Okay.

A. But in the past he's called -- we've had contact and we've talked about field conditions at the moment. But on this particular event I did not. So he might not -- which tells me it's possible that he's out of town doing another inspection.

9 Q. Okay. So, would you say that's regular interaction with 10 a snow event he'll call you and sort of --

11 A. Not regular, no.

12 MR. SLUSARSKI: Do you guys need anything?

13 MR. FEDOK: We're almost done. I'll be out in just a 14 minute. Okay, thanks, Kelly. I'll be out in just a minute.

15 MR. SLUSARSKI: Do you want me to sit --

16 MR. FEDOK: We're almost done.

17 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay.

18 MR. FEDOK: We're just wrapping up. Dave's sitting in, 19 so --

20 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay.

21 MR. FEDOK: We'll be done in just a few minutes.

22 Thanks, Kelly.

23 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay, you bet.

24 MR. FEDOK: Appreciate it.

25 MR. SLUSARSKI: Yep.

1

BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. Yeah, I just had a couple more points here. Let's see, so we talked about the CFME. All right. So I wanted to go over the runway condition reports again. I looked at the AC last night and I think you said earlier that you will update the field conditions as they change.

7 A. Uh-huh.

Q. Looking at the AC, it says that you got to update each time the change in runway surface occurs, and one of those things includes the application of chemicals or plowing or sweeping.

11 A. Uh-huh. If --

12 Q. That's not what you guys look at?

A. Right. But we weren't treating, okay, and the last time, I think according to the log, you said it was earlier in the morning.

16 Q. Uh-huh.

A. So had I started to treat the runway, then the NOTAM conditions -- or the field condition reports and the NOTAMs would have been updated to say broomed, plowed, deiced solid and sanded. And that's when I would have updated them.

Q. Okay. So -- but just the very fact of brooming and plowing isn't sufficient enough for you to think there's a change necessary for the field conditions?

A. To lower it -- maybe to lower it from quarter of inch to thin.

1

Q. Okay.

A. But my concern is, at that point if we have to get off the runway to allow arrivals and departures, I wanted to report what I knew to be the conditions out there most extreme, I would say, or the -- you know, so that I could communicate to the airport community so that they can, you know, do whatever they had to adjust whatever they needed to to land safely.

Q. Okay. So it takes some time, then, to -- once they get off the runway, to get, you know, airplanes landing again. You guys don't do a friction test after you've plowed. You don't update the field condition report. So how does that aircraft that's the first guy in have any idea what he's getting into because the field condition report's going to be --

A. He'll call the tower. The tower will give them the field condition. And if the tower wants an update, he'll call us; they'll call us and we'll broadcast that over 118.7 --

17 Q. Okay.

18 Α. -- so they're hearing us. And then the tower will say to the aircraft -- if it's an arrival, it's coming in after we've 19 gotten off. Because sometimes we'll get off and have the sequence 20 21 the aircraft to come in, or if it's a while -- like if we're on and off and there's a departure, there's a gap in departures 22 23 because, you know, they reduce their operation. So what will 24 typically happen is the tower will ask us for a field condition 25 report and we'll provide that over the frequency.

1 Okay. That did not happen in this case. Q. 2 It happened. It happened before I took over because I Α. 3 think it was a departure. It happened before I took over for Team 4 Blue, correct? Do you remember that? 5 We were driving down Double Bravo, I think, or Double 6 Alpha and I think there was going to be a departure --7 Q. Okay. 8 -- and they asked for the field conditions. Α. And I 9 reported it as a quarter of an inch of wet snow, broomed, plowed and I don't recall if I said the 12-inch snow banks on the edges, 10 11 but -- and I had said that was for both runways. 12 Q. Okay. And what time was that again? That would have 13 been --14 If you go back maybe -- because I didn't go back that Α. 15 far --16 MR. PLUNKETT: Departure was like 10 to the hour 17 roughly. 18 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah. 19 MR. PLUNKETT: A Southwest departure -MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, you know, I wish I could remember 20 21 it, to be honest with you, but it had to be maybe 10:15. 22 MR. PLUNKETT: Yeah. 23 MR. DAUWALTER: So, 10:15 to 10:30, I -- you know. 24 BY MR. FEDOK: 25 So, you're making that field condition report Okay. Q.

1 10:15 to 10:30 --

A. Yeah, I remember giving a field condition report.
3 Q. Okay.

A. And everybody knows it because it was on Channel 7, 5 so --

Q. See, my concern, though, is that the NOTAM that's out for the field condition report, it's the same but it's 2 hours old at the time of the accident arrival. So a lot has happened in 2 hours. How often do you --

10 A. Well, we're continuously brooming and plowing now.

11 Q. Okay.

A. And we never got above a quarter of an inch. But I'm also going based on the rate of snowfall that's given to me by my office on the hour.

Q. Okay. So what you're basically doing is using that field condition report as a worst-case scenario --

17 A. And visual observations.

18 Q. -- saying it's never gotten worse than this.

A. Right. And at some point I was on the runway with Team Blue, with them between that 10:00 and 10:35 hour, and I probably would have been on -- also bounced back and forth with Team Green and on the runway with them, you know, evaluating their effectiveness as well and the condition on the runway.

24 Q. Okay.

A. So I'm going all over the place. I'm here, I'm over

1 there one minute and I'm getting on, you know, with the Blue Team 2 to drive with them.

3 Q. Okay. All right. I think that's all I have.

A. We're also doing braking with the vehicle. So we'll get 5 up to a good rate of speed and we'll hit the brakes.

- 6 Q. With your vehicle?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. I see, okay.
- 9 A. Yeah.

10 Q. So run me through how that work would, then.

A. Well, when we're with the team, or if we're doing a regular service inspection, and the log says when we do a service inspection, it's routine and typical standard operating procedure for us to do a brake test with the vehicle. And we'll hit it and we can tell -- I mean, you know, if there's -- you know, for a vehicle braking action, if it's good or whatever the --

Q. Will that go into -- any of the field condition reports or anything like that?

19 A. No. No, that wouldn't be.

20 Q. Okay. So how often do you do that? Is that a routine 21 SOP?

A. It's routine. It's anytime I'm on the runway we'll get up as much speed as we can and we'll hit the brakes.

24 Q. Okay.

25 A. Yeah.

1 MR. FEDOK: Okay. Very good. I'm going to let these 2 guys ask some questions, if they have any left. Eric, do you want 3 to go ahead?

MR. PRICCO: Yeah, I have a couple.

5 BY MR. PRICCO:

4

Q. Going back to the personnel, you mentioned 33 operators.
7 Is that planned according to --

8 Α. That's on a condition 5 -- a condition 5 we have 33 9 drivers. Now, that -- when we do go to a condition 5, we have to 10 call in staff from other -- we have what we call SEMC, Structural 11 Engineering, Maintenance and Construction, and they're structure mechanics but they're -- I don't know, they're kind of like the 12 13 special forces, these guys. So they come in to supplement our 14 facility staff on a condition 5.

And with 33 drivers, because you take one driver out to load the product into the trucks and then you take another driver or two for the roadways, so that leaves us with approximately 30 drivers for the field, which gives us 15 pieces. And on that day the snow forecast warranted calling in the -- go to the highest level. I think the -- I'd have to look at the forecast.

Q. The forecast, do you recall what the amount that they said --

A. I think it was 4 to 7 inches over the entire event. And I, you know, I know have -- I saved the forecast. So I have that available if you need it. But also, factual, which you would know

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

63

1 anyway, but at the time -- the Delta arrival before 1086, the 2 touchdown RVR was 6,000 feet, and I heard -- this is what I heard, 3 that the rollout RVR was 5,000. And I think the winds -- I don't 4 know if I put it in here -- were relatively calm. I think it was 5 0208 to 0209.

6 MR. PLUNKETT: Yeah, I was going to say 0208 or 7 thereabouts.

8 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah. Okay. And, yeah, so that -- so, 9 you know, I mean, there's no sense in going into the other, but if 10 you want to know what our capacity is for the other conditions, I 11 can give that to you.

12 BY MR. PRICCO:

Q. No, if that's the planned equipment to -- you went through each group, that's the planned equipment for those. No inoperative equipment during the event or --

A. I think there were three pieces that were out of service. That's -- that would be maintenance's -- you can get that from maintenance. I think there were --

MR. PLUNKETT: Yeah, there were a couple of pieces out.
MR. DAUWALTER: -- a couple pieces out of service being
worked on. And you have in our snow plan our entire fleet, so you
can see --

23 BY MR. PRICCO:

Q. That's fine. And you had mentioned when you were doing the passes, about 20 minute was the approximate time of closure of

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

64

1 the runway?

A. Well, when you say -- the runway, in our opinion, is not
3 closed.

4 Q. So you don't close it?

5 A. We don't close the runway. We work on hot runways.

6 Q. Okay. So, that's the coordination with --

7 A. Yes.

8 Q. -- getting the gaps?

9 A. And that means that everybody has to listen; the lead 10 vehicle, the tail vehicle, we're all on 118.7. And I think we do 11 a very good job at it, you know, in considering how, you know, we 12 had arrivals and departures with a lot of the events and it's, you 13 know, it's, like Doug said, it's like a ballet, I guess, right, he 14 said.

MR. PLUNKETT: Well, you know, generally, after the JetBlue thing 10 years ago, the airlines canceled a lot of their flights, you know, so it makes life easy for us. But this particular storm they didn't cancel a lot and there was a lot of flights.

20 MR. DAUWALTER: And when we're doing -- when we are in 21 snow removal, like, you know, we bring in ample staff operations 22 and we go to the 12-hour shifts. And we make sure, if we have 23 flight operations, there's always a wildlife management supervisor 24 on continuously while there is flight operations. So, you know, 25 we're always thinking safety, you know, safety of not just the

1 flying public, but our own staff out there.

2 BY MR. PRICCO:

Q. On the planning front you walked us through the timeline. Are the stakeholders involved from a planning perspective as far as the airlines or FBOs?

6 Α. Yes, we -- typically what we'll do is, at 9:30 in the 7 morning, we'll have our internal snow coordination meeting with the Port Authority staff. And then sometime in the afternoon, 8 9 probably around 3:00 is when the airlines have better information 10 for us as far as cancellations, we'll have a snow and ice 11 committee -- we'll have a meeting. And most of them, most of them 12 participate, they come to the meeting, and then there's also a 13 dial-in number. And then that's when we provide them with, you 14 know, the weather forecasts that we have and what we plan to staff 15 as far as our staffing and our condition level. And then the 16 airline community is, you know, asked to provide any kind of 17 cancellations and whatnot, but everybody there is there. The snow 18 contractor, fueling, FBO, everybody is --

Q. And that happened on the 4th for this event?
 MR. PLUNKETT: Yes.

21 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, because you were --

22 MR. RHOADS: I did it.

23 MR. DAUWALTER: -- you were there.

24 MR. RHOADS: Yeah, I --

25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Chris was there.

1 MR. PLUNKETT: That was at 3:00. 2 I actually chair those meetings. MR. RHOADS: 3 MR. PRICCO: Okay. 4 MR. RHOADS: And Delta was present. I actually have the 5 notes from that meeting. 6 MR. PRICCO: When you say Delta, who was there? 7 MR. RHOADS: Bruen, Bill Bruen (ph.). BY MR. FEDOK: 8 9 Q. And there's no Port representative in the tower, 10 correct? 11 Α. No. 12 Q. As far as like -- has there ever been? 13 Yes, years ago, many years ago. Α. 14 Has the discussion ever come across to reinstate that Ο. 15 or --16 I don't recall having the conversation, but the -- when Α. 17 we did have it, it was -- we had a special situation where an 18 older gentleman who was stage 4 cancer, going, you know, through 19 treatment while he was here working, and he worked for PanAm at 20 the time so he was -- you know, we -- he was up in the tower, the 21 old tower, you know, just -- there was just -- I recall just that 22 time that it happened and it's never been considered thereafter, 23 as far as I'm aware. 24 Q. Okay. Thanks. 25 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Go ahead (indiscernible).

1 BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:

2	Q. Okay. Just a few questions. I'm going to follow the
3	way that, you know, we started with Jason's flow on this, so these
4	may bounce around for you, but I appreciate all that you've said
5	so far and I appreciate the hard work. One of the questions, if
6	you could clarify for me, is you were at Double Delta, correct?
7	A. Uh-huh.
8	Q. And you said when you heard that there was an aircraft
9	that hit the fence you could not see the aircraft?
10	A. No, we were not in position
11	Q. Because you were turned away or
12	A. No, it's just because of
13	Q. You just couldn't see it because of visibility?
14	A relative no
15	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes, visibility
16	MR. DAUWALTER: Well, the visibility, but it was also
17	the relative position. I don't think, I don't think from here
18	I think our vision is blocked by the terminals. Because where he
19	was sitting here, and he went off up here.
20	BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:
21	Q. Well, that line of sight looks to me like you could be
22	able to see it if it was
23	A. It's possible, but I think it was the
24	MR. PLUNKETT: They were I thought they were
25	reporting, at that time I thought it was 3500 RVR.

1 (Simultaneous conversation.) 2 BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 3 Q. 3500, that was my question. That's where I'm going. Yeah, I think the visibility, I think, probably was 4 Α. 5 (indiscernible). 6 Ο. So, it's a visibility issue, wasn't it? 7 Yeah. Α. Line of sight, it was a visibility you could not see 8 Q. 9 where --10 But I'm going to go out there today and I'm going to Α. 11 take a look. 12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, you couldn't see because it 13 was visibility. 14 BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 15 Q. It was visibility because of the precipitation? 16 Α. Right. 17 Q. Okay. That's what I wanted to make clear because, you 18 know, the 5,000 and 6,000 RVR sort of points towards a lower --19 Α. Yeah. -- snowfall rate, but that -- you know, if you can't see 20 Q. 21 -- that's about a half a mile, would you estimate, about that --22 Α. Yeah. 23 -- from there to there? So see I would coincide with Q. 24 that number of 3500, so --25 It's actually -- it's more --Α.

1 MR. PLUNKETT: No, it's more, about (indiscernible) --2 (Simultaneous conversation.) MR. DAUWALTER: -- more than a mile. It's more than a 3 4 mile. It's more than a mile, right, because it --5 MR. PLUNKETT: It's close to --UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Well, you said it was 3500 RVR, 6 7 right? 8 MR. PLUNKETT: Yeah, I'd have to look. I might have to 9 listen through the tape again, but that's what I recall. 10 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No, it's 5,000. 11 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: But either way, it just ballpark, 12 so that says that there's a --13 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Definitely a mile. 14 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: There was a good snow rate coming 15 down, so that's -- I just wanted to --16 MR. PLUNKETT: Because it came -- the question came up 17 as far as the tower's visibility as well, so we're striking a --18 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Which quote -- which matches up 19 with his. And that's what I wanted to make clear. 20 BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: 21 Q. When you arrived on the scene and you said in your statement here earlier that it took 10 minutes to start the 22 23 evacuation, is that about right or is that an estimation or do you, I mean --24 25 That's an estimation. Α.

1 Q. Yeah.

A. At the time, you know, something like that seems like it's taking forever, but --

4 Q. Sure.

5 A. -- I would -- I mean, I would love to know exactly how 6 much time elapsed, to be honest with you, if you had that. But it 7 seemed like it was a good -- it was 10 minutes.

8 I mean, you were there, right?

9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. I mean, and I --

10 MR. DAUWALTER: Would you concur with that?

11 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I would say every bit of 8 to 10 12 minutes.

13 MR. DAUWALTER: Okay. So, that's again -- I mean, you 14 know, time slows down under those conditions, so -- you know, but 15 I think that's pretty accurate.

16

BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:

Q. Okay. Did you interact with the crew, any of the crew,flight attendants, pilots?

A. I did. I asked the captain how much fuel he had on board and I asked one of the flight attendants who came into the command post, she -- I don't know who she was. She wanted to change. And I asked her, you know, was she aware that we were out there trying to get them to open the door and it seemed like it took forever for them to open the overwing exits. And I believe what she said to me was that, if I recall, that she did not give

1 the immediate order to evacuate.

2 Q. Was she the lead flight attendant, do you know?

3 A. I don't know.

4 Q. Just a flight attendant?

5 A. Yeah. I assume, based on that, that she must have been 6 the lead based on what she --

7 Q. Okay.

8 A. What I believe her to have said.

9 Q. The command to evacuate?

10 A. Yeah.

11 Q. Yeah, that -- sort of point in that direction, but they 12 all have the right to --

13 A. Right.

14 Q. -- to do an evacuation if they see fit.

A. They may have thought it was safe to stay on board
because --

Q. Sure. Usually that comes from us up front, but if they see a need where they can't contact us then they release.

Okay. So, we acknowledged the fact that you did not -when you -- your last time you left the runway you did not update the runway condition to the tower, you said you did it before.

22 A. Right, before.

23 Q. But you didn't do it after?

A. No, I did not.

25 Q. Okay. I also was --

A. Yeah, I was -- basically the NOTAM, you know, I wanted
 to keep the NOTAM in effect and that was, you know --

3 Ο. Okay. Describe your runway inspection process. I mean, 4 how do you determine what the depths are and that? Do you jump out? I mean, do you measure a hand, foot, ruler? 5 6 Α. When you -- when it's bare -- when the equipment goes 7 past it's bare, and you'll see the pictures of it after the equipment goes. I mean, I can show you a picture or he can show 8 9 you a picture. And when it's -- depending on the rate of snow, 10 but I, like I said, I knew the rate of snowfall at the time 11 because of the measured snow, but I do have a ruler in the 12 vehicle. 13 Ο. Okay. 14 I have -- I thought it was a carpenter's ruler but it's Α. 15 an engineering ruler, but it still -- you know, it has the -- it's 16 the foldout one. 17 Ο. Sure, sure. 18 Α. Yeah, which I think is better than --19 MR. PLUNKETT: That's one pass, so you can see what the 20 equipment does.

21 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah. Thank you.

22 BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:

Q. So, your standard -- you know, and I appreciate the conservative number of the quarter-inch clutter or quarter-inch precip.

A. Yeah, I mean if you think that's -- you know, being
 conservative is not being safe, I think it's -- to me, it's safer.

Q. Absolutely.

3

A. And we also have the runway grooves, you know, so if you can see the runway grooves, it's a thin covering, in my -- you know, based on my experience.

Q. Now, when you did this last sweep you didn't update the condition. Did you get out and measure the condition? Did you sweep anything or did you just go by what you visually saw?

10 A. By what I visually saw, yeah.

Q. Okay. And you said you don't use a CMFE device at all, except only in the summertime, at all?

A. I have not used it -- to my recollection, I have not used it during winter ops since the policy came out, but we do use it -- I don't' use it personally, but I have my staff that are trained to operate it, operate it in the summer weekly.

17 Q. Okay.

18 A. During -- probably from April to November.

19 Q. Okay.

A. Because it requires a blast of water on the fifth wheel.
Q. Sure. Next question, your sensors. Is that a live

22 monitored event? Is someone here in the command?

A. Yes. Yep, somebody is here monitoring or, like I said,we can pull it up on our iPhone.

25 Q. You can.

1

But, you know, you're looking at --Α.

2 Was it pulled up at any time during this incident or Ο. before or after? 3

It's up continuously. That's how we're getting --4 Α. recording the -- in the log you'll see the air and surface temps. 5 6 Ο. And you do have that all logged in and we have --Yeah.

7 Α.

-- we have copies of that? Okay. 8 Q.

9 Α. And it is monitored and -- from time to time, just we'll 10 call the office to give us the air and surface temps. We do have 11 a -- in the vehicles we have a piece of equipment that's been installed -- it's aftermarket -- it's installed in a couple of the 12 13 vehicles that gives ambient and surface temperatures, but we don't 14 rely on that.

Okay. And this is a -- actually, this is a very general 15 Ο. 16 question. Do you remember when your -- it doesn't have to be 17 exact, but your last cert inspection, when it was?

18 Α. Yeah, it was this month. It was -- not this month, it 19 was in --

20 MR. PLUNKETT: Last month.

21 BY UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:

22 Last month, so it was just recently? Q.

23 Yeah, it was February -- you know what, funny thing is Α. 24 it changed like three times because of the snow. I can tell 25 you --

1 It's always that way, right? Q. 2 Let me get a calendar and I'll tell you the -- do you Α. 3 remember the date? It's okay, I don't need the exact --4 Ο. 5 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So, it's recent. 6 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, it was --7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It was this year, though? It was beginning of --8 MR. DAUWALTER: 9 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The second week of February. 10 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, like the second or third week of 11 February. 12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Any corrective letters, anything 13 requiring some --14 LOC, LOC we had three items; I think it MR. DAUWALTER: 15 was three items. It was the fueling for SheltAir, one for 16 Servisair, we had a rear light that was -- needed to be adjusted, 17 and we had a rollout light on one of the runways that was an extra 18 red, but they were all corrected on the inspection. 19 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's fine. I have no further 20 -- thanks. 21 MR. FEDOK: Dave? 22 BY MR. KEENAN: 23 No, I think you pretty much answered everything, the Q. 24 only question I had, and I'm sure you'll get them, but the -- you

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

mentioned the pictures and you said you were out there taking them

1 that they were going to post them or --

2 A. On Instagram.

3 Q. Were they posted to Instagram or they weren't posted, or 4 you never got to it because of the event?

A. I don't know. I'm not -- I don't go on Instagram, I
don't do Facebook.

Q. So as far as the pictures go, where -- what sort of
pictures do you have? Where were they taken? Was it just 422?

9 A. They were just -- the one that I have is 422, but, you 10 know, I'm too busy to be snapping pictures, to be honest with you. 11 But they did want some photos of the -- they like to get pictures 12 of the snow equipment in operation. I may have sent them a -- I 13 set them a picture from a previous storm, they don't know any 14 better, you know. It was a blower and we didn't use blowers.

Q. (Indiscernible) there's two pictures in general that we've been very interested in, the one taken in front of the plow showing what it looked like prior to the operation.

18 A. I gave that -- I sent it to somebody; I don't know who I
19 sent it to.

Q. The one in behind or both, behind and in front?
A. One in behind -- one in front and one behind. If I go
to my sent, which I probably deleted --

23 MR. PLUNKETT: This one here? Is that the one you saw? 24 MR. DAUWALTER: Yeah, but then there was a behind --25 there was an in-front one.

1		BY MR. KEENAN:
2	Q.	There was one in front.
3	Α.	I can't remember who
4	Q.	The reason I ask is I think it completely tells the
5	picture o	f kind of what was going on then.
6	Α.	Well, it does, but I was
7	Q.	So that
8	Α.	My picture was on 4. My picture was on Runway 4.
9	Q.	But the I'm just talking about the snowfall rate of
10	four-tent	hs of an inch and now we're in between 10 and 11, just
11	that meas	ured rate, along with the pictures of what was being
12	done, and	it couldn't possibly be that far off.
13	Α.	Who is the inspector from the FAA?
14	Q.	Dave Guerlach?
15	Α.	He just came in here, I think.
16	Q.	David Guerlach.
17	Α.	That's who I sent it to.
18	Q.	He never got it, so it must have been a mix-up in the
19	email add	ress. Or at least not the one in front; maybe he got the
20	one from	behind.
21	Α.	No, the yeah, I sent them I'm pretty sure I sent
22	him the o	ne in front.
23	Q.	Anyway, if we could
24	Α.	All right.
25		MR. FEDOK: Would you mind sending them to me?

1 MR. DAUWALTER: No. Give me your card. 2 MR. KEENAN: There's three --3 MR. FEDOK: I forgot my cards at home, but I'll get my 4 email address to you here shortly. Anything else as far as 5 questions go? 6 MR. KEENAN: No, that's all. Just very, very interested 7 in the picture in front and the picture behind. 8 MR. FEDOK: Okay. We'll get those. 9 BY MR. FEDOK: 10 I had one other follow-up that I made mention of. Q. In 11 the AC here, completely selfishly, one of the criteria for doing a 12 friction measurement is immediately following an accident or 13 incident to help the NTSB. Was that ever a thought or --14 Α. No. 15 Ο. Okay. 16 Now, when you do a --Α. 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It wouldn't have been possible to 18 do it (indiscernible) --19 MR. DAUWALTER: When you do a friction run you have to 20 do a full-length run, and we had all the equipment on the runway 21 staged because that was the only place that we could put the 22 command bus and all the responding agencies, the FDNY. So we 23 couldn't have done it anyway. 24 BY MR. FEDOK: 25 Would that have been part of your SOPs in another Q.

1 situation?

5

A. No, but part -- one of the SOPs is do an immediate
special inspection, which we conducted. We used the FAA
checklist. Chris did that.

Q. I think I got a copy of that.

A. We used the FAA checklist, and he went down the
checklist and checked everything off that needed to be inspected.
And that, you know, gets into -- you know, it's the lights and
stuff like that.

Q. All right. The only thing left that I didn't ask for, which I should have done first thing, is to get a little bit of your experience and your work history. Can you just tell me a little bit about --

14 A. Yeah. All right. I started --

15 Q. How long you been here and what you did before this 16 and --

17 Α. All right. I started in 1982 at JFK and I was a 18 building and grounds attendant, and that basically entailed cutting grass out in the airfield, landscaping. And then that was 19 -- the next year I was here at LaGuardia, in '83, and I was in 20 21 maintenance again in landscaping, and that particular year I was 22 -- I also did snow removal with them, too. And then in '84 to 23 '90, I was facility operations emergency staff at the Lincoln 24 Tunnel for 6 years. And then in '90, I became a junior field 25 supervisor here at LaGuardia Airport. I'm sorry, at JFK, JFK, in

1 1990. '90 to '93 I was a airport operations agent and that 2 entails working in the field doing escorts, wildlife, sound 3 monitoring.

4 Q. Also at JFK?

5 A. Yeah, that was at JFK. I said LaGuardia, I meant JFK 6 from '90 to '93 --

7 Q. Okay.

A. -- after the Lincoln Tunnel. And then in '93, I was --9 I came here as a field supervisor, junior supervisor, and since 10 then I've worked at all the different positions. In '95 to '96, 11 there was a -- I went back to tunnels and bridges and I was a 12 trainer in the emergency -- you know, for the facility operations, 13 I did training for them. And then I came back here and then I 14 progressed to the position I'm at now.

Q. And how long have you been in your current position? A. In 2000- -- let me see -- 2009, I became the certification supervisor; 2008, assistant chief operation supervisor; and then in 2011, I took over as the chief, November 2011.

20 MR. FEDOK: All right. Sorry to put you through all 21 that, but I certainly do appreciate your time and your candor and 22 the information. It's very, very helpful.

23 MR. DAUWALTER: I hope so.

24 MR. FEDOK: Anybody else have any other follow-ups, 25 before we do that?

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1	Okay.	It's	12:	17, s	top the	e red	cording.		
2	(Where	upon,	at	12 : 17	p.m.,	the	interview	was	concluded.)
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached proceeding before the

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF: DELTA AIRLINES FLIGHT 1086 RUNWAY EXCURSION AT LAGUARDIA AIRPORT, NEW YORK MARCH 5, 2015 Interview of Kevin Dauwalter

DOCKET NUMBER: DCA-15-FA-085

PLACE: New York, NY

DATE: March 11, 2015

was held according to the record, and that this is the original, complete, true and accurate transcript which has been transcribed to the best of my skill and ability.

> Charlene Brown Transcriber

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Interview of: JAMES MUNDAY

Airport Operations Conference Room LaGuardia Airport New York, New York

Wednesday, March 11, 2015

The above-captioned matter convened, pursuant to notice.

BEFORE: JASON FEDOK Survival Factors Investigator

APPEARANCES:

JASON FEDOK, Survival Factors Investigator National Transportation Safety Board

KELLY SLUSARSKI, Airport Certification Safety Inspector Federal Aviation Administration

ERIC PRICCO Delta Airlines

STEVE JANGELIS Air Line Pilots Association

CHRIS RHOADS, LaGuardia Operations The Port Authority of NY & NJ

ITEM	PAG	E
Interview of James Munday:		
By Mr. Fedok	4	
By Mr. Slusarski	31	
By Mr. Pricco	34	
By Mr. Jangelis	37	
By Mr. Fedok	42	
By Mr. Jangelis	69	
By Mr. Fedok	76	

1	<u>INTERVIEW</u>
2	(4:42 p.m.)
3	MR. FEDOK: Okay, we'll get started. 4:42 p.m.,
4	3/11/15, with Jim Munday.
5	And Jim, if you could just spell your name for me to
6	start out?
7	MR. MUNDAY: Yes. It's James Munday, M-u-n-d-a-y.
8	MR. FEDOK: And Jim, do you mind if we record, before I
9	go any further?
10	MR. MUNDAY: I don't mind at all.
11	MR. FEDOK: Thank you, sir. I'll just go around the
12	room so we know who's present. Jason Fedok with the NTSB.
13	MR. SLUSARSKI: Kelly Slusarski with the FAA, Airport
14	Certification Safety Inspector, New England Region.
15	MR. PRICCO: Eric Pricco, Delta Operations from Detroit.
16	MR. JANGELIS: Steve Jangelis, Air Line Pilots
17	Association.
18	MR. RHOADS: Chris Rhoads, LaGuardia Operations, Port
19	Authority.
20	MR. FEDOK: All right, thanks, everybody.
21	INTERVIEW OF JAMES MUNDAY
22	BY MR. FEDOK:
23	Q. And, Jim, I just want to start out with let's start
24	with your current position here at the Port Authority.
25	A. I'm the operations manager for the airport.

Q. How long have you been in your current position?
 A. Right now, it's about 10 months.

3 Q. Ten months. And can you give me a little bit of work 4 history prior to that?

A. Almost 11 years over at the Office of Emergency
Management for the Port Authority. Prior to that, about 7½ years
with the Disney Corporation out in California, focused on
emergency management there. And prior to that, had 21 years in
the Army as flight infantry.

Q. All right, thank you. And can you talk a little bit about your job at OEM for The Port and what you were responsible for there?

I was in charge of the plans, training and exercises for 13 Α. 14 The Port Authority. Looking at the large-scale exercise and 15 training of personnel in terms of emergency management response. 16 So not the training of an individual to drive a car or, you know, 17 handle any sort of other operations at any of our facilities. Ι 18 was in charge of the larger -- large-scale exercises put on. And 19 so, that's at all of the facilities. So we have four line 20 departments, and that includes the tunnels and bridges, the PATH 21 system, which is our train system, the ports, and then the 22 airports.

23 So I've seen all the airports because of -- you know, 24 not there -- in that job was not there on a daily basis, I would 25 then focus on Kennedy and the next year focus -- and see a couple

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 of the airports. But not there on a daily basis, you know, if I 2 was over at the bridges or something like that.

But the large-scale exercises looking at a catastrophic, multi-operational event, although we didn't run the exercises that long. But then looking at, you know, making it a catastrophic event, 200 up to 500 casualties, victims, 500 first responders, that kind of event.

Q. All right. All right, I think the easiest way that seems to work well for me is just to get your recollections of the day of the accident. So walk me through -- and I guess we should start with planning for the snow event, and then walk me through that day, and where you were, when you got to work, and then through the event.

A. So on the plan for the snow event -- and Kevin covered it this morning. So we were in a snow condition 5 the night before, and my job is -- in this room here is to get the team together to brief the general manager, make a recommendation of what the next operational period. So we're in current ops, and I'm also -- we're also looking at future ops. And so -- related to the military very well.

And so we had looked the night before, at 1800 hours, we said we were -- and we had already made that decision earlier than that, and so we said we were in a snow condition 5, what will be on for the morning coming on here? So we said we would be in a snow condition 5 at 6:00 in the morning.

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 So I was up most of the night on the snow condition, 2 because a snow condition 5, you want to have the management here, 3 and Chris was actually being prepped to be in the hospital that 4 morning. So I was here with the staff out in the field most of 5 the night, went to the hotel a couple hours, and then came in for 6 the briefing in the morning to see where we were, the status, and 7 get ready for the 6:00 briefing.

8 We came in and gave a 6:00 briefing to the general 9 manager. And we were looking at the, again, the -- we were going from a 5 to a 5, our highest level, and what we were looking at, 10 11 the weather would be coming out of the snow. So what we were 12 going to be that evening is what we were looking at, Thursday evening, and we had selected a snow condition 4 at that time. And 13 14 so we basically gave that recommendation, she said yes, we went 15 with that recommendation.

At that time -- Kevin and I sometimes would go out in the vehicle, I'd tag along with him and be in the back seat. You have Chris and Kevin, they're running it, I'm -- a lot of times I'll sit in the back, you know, watching the event. And I try also not to be there all the time, like a manager is sitting on top of -- but it's also a learning process, and see if there's any changes or anything needs to be made.

That morning, though, there was some discussion going on and I needed to go back over to the office. So I went with the general manager and deputy general manager back over to Hangar 7,

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 and was over there. We had to get some information for our Public 2 Affairs. I took care of that process. I was doing some other 3 paperwork, getting ready, actually, to come out. Because the snow 4 had not started. I mean, if it was heavy in the morning, I might've gone out there. But it was just a very, very light snow 5 6 at 6:00, 7:00, 8:00. It was just maybe less than a quarter inch 7 that was on the ground. So you don't need to be outside all the time because, you know, you have other things to do, but also, it 8 9 lets the -- you know, Kevin and the team run their operation, 10 which they do an outstanding job on.

11 I was over in the office. The deputy general manager --12 I was with -- I was talking to one of our business managers and 13 the ARFF captain was over there, Joe Marino, and at the time, the 14 deputy general manager got a call saying we just heard the -- this 15 call and we got to get outside right now, there's a plane over in 16 the bank. And so at that time I turned to Joe, and Joe said he didn't hear anything across EANS. Because in my office -- there's 17 18 three offices up there in Hangar 7. All three of us had the EAN 19 system in the office, but you can hear it in the whole, you know, 20 area when it goes off.

He was right outside of my office talking to his business manager at the time, and he said, you know, he didn't hear an EANS go off. And I said it doesn't matter, go ahead and launch your people. So he called on the radio to launch. Now, is that answering your question? I said I could answer it.

He called on the radio to launch the ARFF vehicles. He ran downstairs to get in his vehicle. I did a couple of checks with the general manager and deputy general manager, and then came on out with one other individual to go to the incident scene.

5 The EAN system, I would say, came out maybe 4 minutes 6 after the incident, 3½ to 4. I'm not 100 percent positive of the 7 exact time. But we did record it, and you have a copy of that, 8 the EANS alert to us. It's on that CD I gave.

9 Q. Okay, walk me through when you got out to the scene.10 What did you observe and how did you participate?

11 Well, when I went out to the scene and came up on it, I Α. 12 recognized my ARFF captain, Captain Marino. He was over by one vehicle, and he had -- what happened was, actually -- I'll back up 13 14 a little bit. As I came out of the building, I had to go through 15 Guard Post 3. At Guard Post 3, FDNY was located there and FDNY 16 EMS. And so we came through that location. I knew that -- just 17 knowing emergency management, I knew I should grab the battalion chief of fire and battalion chief of EMS. I told them come 18 19 through the gate, because it's a staging area is what it is. Ι mean, it's actually -- it's where we hold them up to bring -- so 20 21 we're not bringing too many forces on an active airfield that --22 it could be active, could be not. And also, that we do not have 23 them going across an airfield and running across all your lights 24 and signs and everything, because they just don't know the field. 25 So they're always under escort. Even though they're first

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 responders, we still put them under escort as they come onto the 2 field.

3 So they're staging outside. They started to clog up the staging area, but we ended up -- you know, moved them back. I 4 grabbed the two battalion chiefs and grabbed the -- one battalion 5 6 chief, the EMS, he said, can I bring two ambulances with me? At 7 that time, I knew that fire -- there was no fire out at the field. I knew there was a possibility of injury, but I had heard there 8 9 were no injuries, but it's better to have EMS in your pocket 10 there. And so I told the battalion chief fire, keep his personnel 11 back; battalion chief EMS, go ahead and bring two ambulances with 12 me. And we all, in a convoy of five vehicles, then went out to 13 the site.

14 When we got on site, I got the two battalion chiefs and 15 the -- linked up with my captain and also the PAPD lieutenant that 16 was out there. And our command vehicle had already showed up. So it's snowing and they were -- they gave a quick update, and then I 17 18 said let's just move into the command bus and try to -- I know to 19 take them out of there. They don't need to stand there and see They can command from -- you know, with their eyes 20 the scene. 21 closed.

And so we took them all inside, and then I started to give -- take over and just have them give updates of each of their positions at the time, and reminded them to stay in the command bus, the incident command post, and make sure that they didn't go

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

out or -- I told them if they did go out, they had to have another battalion chief replacing them, or whatever the rank was of the individual. Because the first time a couple -- as soon as I received an update, a couple decided they were going to walk out. And then I gave clear guidance that they'll stay.

6 So, we -- that went process -- basically the updates, I 7 started them every 15 minutes. We did that for about maybe 4 hours, we did that every 15 minutes, then I went to a 30-minute 8 9 interval. But the quick -- first update was, what's the status of 10 the passengers? How many passengers did we have? It was 11 originally reported 125, and a crew of 5. The crew of five was 12 also in our command bus on the back side, and the police were -and they're trying to get their names and information at the time. 13

14 A Delta rep was in there, also, at that time. And the 15 Delta rep came out and, during one of the 15-minute breaks, said, 16 you know, he wanted his people to go to the Delta hangar. I said, 17 well, right now the police are in charge and it is an 18 investigation until they say, but we'll try to get them up there 19 as quickly as we can. And he said, well, they're not saying anything. I said, that's fine, don't have to say anything. But 20 21 you do have to give your name, rank, Social Security number; you will give that information to them so we have the data. 22

I actually went in there without the police and told them -- with the Delta rep, told them, that's all -- you know, my police are only there to make sure we're counting personnel, that

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 everyone's safe, everyone's healthy, and that we have your name. 2 That's all they're looking for. If you want to say anything else, 3 that's between you and the police. That's not -- my job is just 4 to keep -- try to keep everyone calm out there.

5 Went back out, and my -- so the second part, you know, 6 again, getting a status on the personnel, then getting a status on 7 the aircraft, safety of personnel, where the passengers were. We had them all in buses. We had buses on there. We had a police 8 9 officer on each bus to escort them back. I wanted to find out 10 where the friends and family reception center would be at for 11 Delta. They were, at that time, figuring one out. They 12 eventually gave us one of their lounges. And so I moved a couple 13 of my personnel land side to the Delta lounge to be -- to 14 represent, to assist on the friends and family, to eventually, 15 maybe, if they had to go to a FAC.

16 And they didn't -- they never went to a FAC. They did 17 do a reunification center off-property for half of the population, 18 you know, meaning -- and I'm sort of jumping ahead, but what 19 happened was, once the -- after a couple hours, the people in the terminal wanted to be released. They did not have their baggage 20 21 because NTSB had not cleared the aircraft yet, but they wanted to 22 get out of the area. And after being held up, and they had gone 23 through -- each one had gone through medical screening, because we 24 had brought FDNY and our ambulance personnel over there and gone 25 through a triage system of checking them. Once they had gone

through that screening, half of them didn't have family members, so they wanted to leave from there. Those others that did have family members, we originally talked about all of them going to the Crown Plaza, which is off-property, which was going to be a reunification center.

6 Delta came back and said they wanted to break two 7 separate operations. Take by bus those that had family members, link up with families, so we're taking them away from the news 8 9 media and the complications that were at the airport. And those 10 that did not have family members could be released from right 11 there and then get on -- with assistance, could get on a cab or 12 get on a bus to leave the airport property and go downtown. Ιt 13 would be several hours, though, till they would get their bags, 14 they were all instructed.

15 So I jumped forward there, but going back, the 16 information I wanted to know is the number of anyone injured. At 17 first when they left the site, it was 125 people accounted for, a 18 crew of 5, no injuries. When they arrived at the lounge, it went 19 -- and my numbers, I'd have to go look back at some notes, but pretty good off the top of my head, it was six injuries. It was 20 21 two yellow and four green, at the time, and yellow being -- you 22 know, the triage system. And New York is the only place in the 23 United States that has a different triage system than anywhere 24 else in the United States. Here we have -- in New York, they have 25 green, yellow, orange, is the different system, then red, and then

black. But I asked for a color code after the status, and they
 gave me it was two yellow, four green.

I said, okay, you know, what are the yellows; are they really that bad? The two yellows are going to have to go to a hospital. They requested to be treated at a hospital. Okay, so they're handling that, getting the update. That went from 6 to 9 to 16 to 24 to 25 to 27 and, finally, the number was 29, throughout the day as they stayed in that lounge.

9 So and it ended up 5 people went to hospitals; 2 yellow, 10 3 greens out of the 29. So there were -- and I asked what the 11 problem was, and I know it's on tape, but it was all back and neck 12 injuries, which would -- you know, if you're being jolted that 13 hard, you know -- just like being in a car accident or something, 14 you know, something like that. So -- but there were no 15 lacerations, no, you know, blood, no broken bones. That's what I 16 was really focusing in on, so -- no heart problems. It was all 17 back and neck, all 29 of them.

18 So we kept on -- but going back to the first information 19 as to the status of the aircraft, they said basically everyone is The status, was there any fires? No fire. The ARFF captain 20 off. 21 responded that he had put foam down on the fuel, we do have a fuel leak. The fuel leak was coming out pretty good at first. Not an 22 estimate of the number of gallons, but at that point when I took 23 24 over -- and I was not really -- I semi took over, because still the lieutenant's in charge. I asked for a status of the fuel 25

1 leak. They said it was between 1 to 3 gallons per minute. I
2 asked, okay, what -- how many gallons do we have on the aircraft?
3 That took a little bit of time, but a Delta rep was there, and he
4 found the information. Then he converted the pounds to gallons,
5 and basically we had 2100 -- estimated 2100 gallons on the
6 aircraft.

And so some of that was on the ground, some was in the -- still in the wing. So I said, how can we stop this? They said they're getting a Delta crew out there that would then stop the leak, you know, turn it off the valves or whatever the problem was. The crew did come out -- and we were just constantly getting updates regarding -- the crew did come out, they could not stop the leak.

14 So then we went to the next course of action. The next 15 course of action was to get FDNY hazmat to get -- the fuel that 16 was on the ground was being contained by, you know, pools or 17 damming system, but we needed FDNY hazmat do come and pump the 18 gasoline out of the wing. So that was our next course of -- or 19 problem we were solving. So we got them to come out, to get 20 the -- bring the Hazmat team out. And the Hazmat team reminded me 21 several times, you know, you cannot move this aircraft. I said 22 don't plan on moving the aircraft with fuel in it. I don't plan 23 on doing this; you know, that would be the next phase. Right now 24 we're in the, you know, we're in the -- we're not in recovery yet, 25 we're still in the response phase. We got to take care of the

1 aircraft to get the fuel out.

2 They eventually got a pumper capability up there. They 3 were able to pump out the -- into a barrel at first, a 55-gallon 4 drum, and then a truck they were able to put it into. We eventually took out 2,155 gallons of gasoline -- or aviation fuel 5 6 out of the aircraft. And that's a -- I'm quessing that's what 7 they came back before. So throughout updates, about 2 hours later, 3 hours later, they gave an update that the, you know, all 8 9 fuel was off, we're now safe. Okay, that's another phase in the 10 event.

11 Again, going around, so my ARFF captain and the FDNY 12 battalion chief and the hazmat chief stayed in the room, 13 constantly were giving updates on that. EMS was constantly giving 14 updates of out in the -- of what was going on in the field. Also, 15 I kept an EMS on station for first responders so we had a rehab 16 center if we needed to do that. And then ARFF asked at one point 17 could -- once the aircraft was taken, could they leave, and I said 18 no, they can't leave.

I keep ARFF and EMS the entire -- until the airplane is moved the next day. In case something happened when it moved, it would be -- you know, if a spark lit it. And then also, if someone were to be hurt, which there was someone hurt, you know, from the crane company about midnight, ended up getting hurt. And so that worked out that we had the EMS right there, right outside the door. The person was in the EMS vehicle within 1 to 2

1 minutes. EMS treated him and then took him to a hospital, and we
2 replaced that ambulance with another ambulance.

But going around, we just kept on giving updates. New York City OEM showed up, Port Authority OEM showed up, we had -environmental showed up, risk management showed up. Several other agencies responded into the command center to give information. And then at one point it probably got a little too crowded. I should've kicked a few of the higher-ups out of the door that weren't assisting, but it was cold and snowy outside, so you know.

10 But we did give updates, eventually. We were also 11 focusing on operations. I was giving -- as quickly as possible, 12 can we open up 422? I was asked that question by my general 13 manager. I spoke with Kevin several times. He then diverted, 14 because, you know, he's not in the recovery phase; he's over in 15 airport phase. So he went back and started working 422 and that 16 operation of cleaning the runway. He gave me some updates, again, 17 throughout this update time period. He called me several times, 18 called in by radio and basically gave a status that, you know, he 19 -- you know, we could open at 1400, which was pretty doggone quick, in 3 hours, reopening the airport. And --20

- 21 Q. That was local time, you said?
- 22 A. Local time, yeah.
- 23 Q. 1400 local?

24 A. Yeah, add 5, that's 19.

And so, but he basically -- we opened up 422, opened it,

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 did not have aircraft taking or landing for some time. It was 2 maybe -- I don't know the exact time. Kevin would be the one --3 but it was, like, 35 minutes, 40 minutes before things started 4 gearing up a little bit.

5 We were already -- I was getting the status of the 6 number of cancellations. We normally handle 1150 flights per day, 7 give or take a few. On the weekends it's about 800, 850. When we started the event, the snow, we were already at 400 cancellations, 8 9 you know, when we were in the morning briefing as the day was 10 About that time, at 1400, I knew there were 900 going on. 11 cancellations. So a good 85 percent of our flights were already 12 cancelled. But the whole region was having a problem, it wasn't 13 just LaGuardia Airport. It was the entire region.

And so, kept on getting updates, and once Kevin was able to open the runway, talked to him, he then called the tower, told them that the runway was open. He was handling that. We kept 17 1331 closed. NTSB, Dennis Jones, arrived at about 1830, was the approximate time.

We actually did a shift change in here for our day/night snow operations. I was not at that. I stayed outside. Kevin came in here, and they were looking at the next operational period, being the next morning, what we were going to go do. I talked to him. I got the -- you know, what he was going to recommend to the GM and deputy GM at the time. And basically we were coming out of 4 and we said that morning we'd just go to a 1,

which is one of the lower level -- it's more of a cleanup. I said, you know, go ahead and brief them, I'm staying out here, and just continue to do updates. We started going to 30-minute updates.

5 When Dennis arrived, I told him -- I sort of timed it. 6 I said, we'll hold up a few -- one of our updates until he 7 arrives. I knew he was on the ground somewhere, and we were also trying to coordinate with getting the crane company here. 8 They 9 had to have special permits. So we had DOT involved, NYPD 10 involved to get them here, because of the large cranes that they 11 had. And so we're working that operation now, sort of the recovery 12 piece.

When Dennis arrived, we gave him a full update and 13 14 things went well, because he said -- basically I said, what 15 questions do you have? And he said he never -- I'm 16 paraphrasing -- he said he'd never been briefed like that before. 17 You know, he said he -- I got everything, I have no questions. Ι 18 need to go out and look at the aircraft. I said -- and then I 19 said, well, how long are you going to be out there, because I need to release it. And he said 30, 40 minutes. I said that's what 20 21 you got. And just everyone had to have guidance.

And he came back in about 30 minutes later, and he said, everything's fine, you can -- the plane's released. He said, well, just a minute, I have to make two phone calls. Again, I asked him how long would it take for his phone calls. He said

1 2 minutes. So I said you have 2 minutes and 30 seconds, so -2 just keeping him on his toes. He laughed at that, and then
3 basically my general manager was there, so she was watching the
4 activity. And about -- he said, I'll be done in 2 minutes, and 2
5 minutes later, he gave me the aircraft, which I then gave to
6 Delta, and just said, it's now your hookup.

And we then had -- we were holding up the -- because it was so cold out there, we were holding up personnel back at Delta, the baggage personnel, to come get on the aircraft. And as soon as he gave us the clearance, we -- Delta got them out there right away. And they came out, got the baggage, personal, you know, overhead, and then the rest of the bags off.

Got an update from Delta that they're now -- the plane was ready and it was all cleared. I said, great. Okay, now went to -- and right about that timing, the crane company just showed up. And then it was a process of get the crane company, okay, what -- come in here, tell me what's going on.

18 I actually went outside and talked to him. He gave an 19 estimate of what he'd have to do, how to figure it out -- it'd take a little bit of time. He then said -- the Delta 20 21 representative actually was out there with me, said they were 22 flying in an expert from Atlanta that was going to tell us where the pick points were of the crane. And I said, okay, when's that 23 24 person -- where's he landing? He's landing at Kennedy. And that 25 took a long time for that person to get here, but we wanted to

coordinate -- Delta wanted to coordinate. It's their aircraft,
 they wanted to coordinate and, you know, get the final guidance.

3 We were actually ready maybe an hour and a half earlier, 4 to lift the plane, but it was delayed because we had to have the expert on the ground. He gave advice, agreed -- he agreed with 5 6 the contractor, the pick points, and he said, yep, you're at the 7 right locations. They then lifted the plane. We had the plane -it was being loaded onto a trailer. Maybe looked at how they were 8 9 loading it on, but that's not my call. You know, it was being The wind started picking up very 10 loaded on by the crane company. 11 high, it turned extremely cold. It was about 12 degrees, and with 12 the wind chill factor, it was definitely zero or below zero.

And so what happened was, a little bit later, the 13 14 aircraft was on the trailer, but not tied down, but the straps 15 were released, and the aircraft lifted off of the trailer and an 16 individual got hurt from that. His hand was -- left hand was 17 completely crushed, and so that happened at midnight. That 18 individual's still in the hospital right now in recovery. They've 19 had to do some major surgery on his hand and his fingers and everything. He has hundreds of pins, what I understand. 20

So then, when that happened, we then -- I asked, you know, what are you going to do now? And they said they're going to reverse the plane. They put it on backwards, now they're going to put it on frontwards. So you sort of think -- you think of the 747 was, you know, the shuttle, looking like that. Instead, it

1 was the other way around when they -- you know, because the winds
2 were coming out of the west.

3 And so they did that, but that process, then --4 re-turning, re-rigging, went to, like, 2:30 in the morning, they were still having some problems rigging it, getting everything all 5 6 set up. And we were working on getting the one individual out, 7 and we were also working on -- because we had closed the airport at midnight. So now -- and that's our normal process, midnight to 8 9 0-6. And so we were cleaning 422 and cleaning about two-thirds of 10 1331, because the command bus, all these vehicles were still on 11 the end of -- 1331 is now, because of the compacting of snow and 12 everything, it was just packed down solid, and that was leaving us 13 a problem in the morning.

14 We wanted to open first thing in the morning, so we --15 but our first -- our next problem, though, our next mission, was 16 to get the aircraft from where it was at, at least across 1331 so 17 we could finish cleaning, and move the airplane to the hangar, 18 which is where it is right now, over in the American Airlines 19 And once it crossed the runway, the team was able to open hangar. up 422 on time at 6:00 in the morning, but 1331, we did not have a 20 21 solid time. Like, we needed to finish cleaning that section --22 well, I'll back up a little more.

23 What happened, when we finally got the aircraft across 24 at 5:50 and the trucks were all ready to move out, one of the 25 cranes broke down and so we had a crane on the runway. And that

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

1 was off to the side of the -- where they were picking -- so we 2 couldn't open the airfield with a crane there. And so, we had to 3 get another -- so we just kept on getting problems. So we had to 4 get some engineers out there to figure out what the problem was, and they tried different things. Eventually, found it was a fuse 5 6 is all, I think, but they couldn't get its outriggers up and the 7 plates out to lift it off. So we eventually got that off, got that out of the way, and then we could start cleaning. And by 8 9 then, we said we needed to lay product down. They used, you know, 10 the chemical, sand, and so forth.

And the sun was coming out, so we were basically looking to bake the stuff, and cleaned it and cleaned it and cleaned it. We also had a couple lights that had been knocked over by different response vehicles. I had, you know, electricians out there repairing the lights. And it was about -- you know, we kept on trying to get estimates, and at 1030 hours we opened 1331, so --

18

Q. 10:30, you said?

19 10:30. And Kevin and I were out there -- I had gone Α. 20 down for about 2 hours again that night, and then got up, attended 21 the meeting real quick in the morning here with the GM, made a decision what's going on there. Kevin and I went out to the field 22 23 right away to see that part of the field. And so we went and 24 checked the runway, and looking at the runway, looking at 25 conditions, looking at different spots out there. And then

1 basically, he stayed out there, I came back in, because we had 2 another -- the NTSB had a meeting here, so I had to meet with you 3 all. And so he stayed out, I came into the meeting.

And basically, we covered a few of the key points, knew there was going to be an FAA meeting, following that, another FAA meeting, and then I was going to be called by Pete from NTSB. So it was just like, okay, the rest of the day is booked up with meetings, and then -- but Kevin then took the deputy gm out there, Doug Stearns, who you met today.

10 Q. I did.

11 A. He went out there and also looked at the runway 12 conditions and checked it out. And then basically Kevin, you 13 know, said at 10:30 we're ready to open.

14 Q. Got it.

15 A. That's a long story.

16 Q. That's a long day with very little sleep.

A. Yeah. The snow the night before, we were just focusingon not getting much sleep, and then that day, yeah.

Q. All right, well, I'm not going to walk through all -back through all that for you, but I do want to hit -- do key
points and follow up with some questions.

All right, so you guys have -- we went through this, I think, a couple times already. The snow condition 5, that had been briefed the night before. Morning, snow started 0600 -- what time did you get in? Oh, you stayed in overnight, right?

1

A. Yeah, I went to the hotel --

2 Q. Went to the hotel for a couple hours?

3 Α. -- for 2 hours, and then came back here. I was here 4 about 4:30 in the morning for the first snow night, and then 5 checked the field out, and then I was here for the shift change. 6 Ο. Okay. 7 And because it was light, it -- the snow came later. Α. You know, we had a full force ready to go, but it was just very, 8 9 very light. And so we were putting product down that morning, I 10 think it said in the notes that Kevin read, like 4:30 in the 11 morning. 12 Q. Right. 13 But again, the airport's closed, so we're just, you Α. 14 know, prepping --15 Ο. Pre-treating. 16 -- the field. Because you don't really -- I mean, they Α. 17 were doing some snow removal, but it was probably the chemicals 18 that they were putting down. 19 Right. All right, and then you were over at the hangar Q. with the deputy gm. You heard about it over your radio? 20 21 Α. Well, the deputy GM received --22 Or Deputy GM heard it over the radio. Q. 23 He actually received a phone call from Lizette, who was Α. 24 sitting here. 25 Q. Okay.

A. So Lizette will be doing pushups later, because she's
 supposed to call me.

3 Ο. Okay. And which --But she was used to calling Doug, because Doug had my 4 Α. 5 job for 10 years. 6 Ο. Okay, so that's -- okay. 7 So that's the learning curve. I mean, they're used to Α. calling Doug, because he was the person in that seat for 10 years. 8 9 Q. Right. 10 And then, now, he's the deputy GM, so --Α. 11 Got it. Ο. 12 -- sometimes, quick reactions. Α. So she called him, and --13 Right. Ο. 14 And he walked out and told me. Α. 15 Q. -- you were with the ARFF, you know, the ARFF captain. 16 He hadn't heard anything about it. You told him to launch anyway, 17 get going. And then it was roughly 3½, 4 minutes later -- and 18 I've heard this term a couple times, the EAN system? 19 Α. Yes. Emergency Alert Notification System. So that's --20 Q. 21 Α. And it just --22 -- E-A-N-S? Q. 23 Uh-huh. E-A-N-S, and it had just been upgraded. Α. So it 24 was down for some time, but it had just been upgraded about 6, 8 25 weeks prior. And we had it before, but it went from an analog to

a digital system. So that's what I mean by upgrade. And it also
 -- it's located with the key outside responding agencies.

So NYPD would have it, FDNY would have it, FDNY EMS, 3 4 they would have this system at their location. Do they all have it? At that point, I'm not -- I don't know the answer, because 5 6 they had been -- they first focused on the ARFF building and the 7 tower. Then they focused on the manager on the airport. And then they focused on the outside agencies. So they were doing it in 8 9 piecemeal. When I say, ARFF building tower -- ARFF building, 10 operations and tower. We have it in here so we can hear it go 11 off. And they test it throughout the day, you know, just coming 12 up to us, you know, doing a line check.

13 Q. Line check. I got it.

14 And when we did not have it, or when it is down, there Α. 15 is set procedure of phone calls. The desk sergeant over at PAPD 16 has a list of phone numbers and goes down in the order 17 sequence -- and this is at all of the airports -- and, you know, 18 first number to call, second number, and goes down a list of phone 19 numbers and just gives them a quick update and gets them going. That is not as good as an EAN system because, you know, one call 20 21 is calling 10 people, as compared to picking up and calling.

22 Q. Right.

A. Whenever we do the exercise, though, I know that -- when they study this is, we make them not have the EAN system so they have to practice the phone call, so they learn if the phone number

1 is correct.

2	Q. Right. All right. So he went off and then you did a
3	couple of let's see, one second here you check with your
4	deputy and general manager, and then eventually went out to the
5	scene. And on the way out there, you ran into Guard Post 3, where
6	FDNY, FDNY EMS were already clogging up the staging area. And
7	A. Well, not clogging. I mean, they were there just you
8	know, everyone wanted to be get on it and
9	Q. Right.
10	A. But basically, I just needed to get the key people on
11	the airfield.
12	Q. So you grabbed a couple of battalion chiefs and a couple
13	of the ambulances under EMS, five vehicles, escort out to the
14	site, right? And at this point the airport was closed?
15	A. Closed.
16	Q. All right. So you were
17	A. It was closed way
18	Q. Yeah. When you heard the
19	A. You know, Kevin closed it just very shortly. And then,
20	so when Lizette called Doug, the deputy general manager, the
21	airport was already closed.
22	Q. And you had heard by this point there was no fire, and
23	at that point you heard no injuries?
24	A. Yeah.
25	Q. But you got out there, got involved with the incident
	Free State Reporting, Inc.

(410) 974-0947

1 The lieutenant from PAPD was in charge, but you were an command. 2 integral part of the incident command system and assisted in 3 directing operations, I would say. Let's see. You had your 4 command -- your LaGuardia command bus was already there. That turned into the command center. And started providing updates 5 6 every 15 minutes to those in the bus, right, which then extended 7 to 30 minutes and there out. You were told 125 pax and 5 crew. The crew were there with the police, gathering names. 8

9 Did they also gather names of all the passengers as 10 well?

A. Well, we ended up getting the manifest, so we were checking the manifest office. And there was some discussion about the manifest, that we should not have had it. Our police did have it, and there was questions going back and forth of, you know, were we allowed? Are police allowed to have it?

16 Q. Okay.

A. They said yes, they were. They could -- you know, they got it, but they could also go, you know, request it through the fed system.

20 Q. Okay.

A. And so basically, we got the -- I want to point out, before I said 125 and 5. It was actually 127 and 5. There were two lap -- so the manifest did not have the two lap children on it. So that was -- but that didn't come out till a lot later, because I kept on asking at the friends and family reception

1 center to my two representatives in there, what's the status?
2 What's the number? They were constantly giving the greens and
3 yellows, and I was also getting that through the EMS. So I was
4 getting it two funnels of -- and then finally, it came out, you
5 know, now we got 127. Where did that come from, you know? The
6 manifest said 125.

7 Got it. All right. There's a Delta rep out there with Ο. them. You made sure everybody was giving their personal 8 9 information, and nothing more if they didn't want to. Eventually, 10 everyone got on buses, came back to the reception center that 11 Delta had set up here in terminal, right? And then everyone was 12 kept there, went through a triage system. The injured started to 13 add up incrementally as the time passed, but half of them 14 eventually were taken to the Crown Plaza where they were going to 15 meet family. And those without family were allowed to leave from 16 here, without their bags, obviously.

17

A. Both groups without bags, yes.

Q. Okay. And, let's see. So eventually, six total transported from here; two were yellow, four were green. There were a total of 29 injured, all back and neck injuries.

21 A. Yeah.

Q. Okay. No lacerations, no broken bones, no blood. And then you got into the fuel stuff, which although was interesting, I don't want to walk back through because I want to get to a few other areas of interest that I wanted to talk to you about. So

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

30

1 you've already provided -- actually, before we get into that, does 2 anybody have any logistical questions on that part? On his 3 activities on that day?

4 BY MR. SLUSARSKI:

5 Q. Yeah, I just wanted clarification on you -- so it was 6 you that basically initiated ARFF to start the response?

7 A. Yes.

8 Q. Or did the -- it did not initially come elsewhere?

9 A. That would be a good question. I don't have the answer. 10 I just told the captain, launch ARFF.

11 Q. Okay.

A. Because we had not -- he made a statement, but we haven't heard anything over EANS. So that's our training, we should hear over EANS, or if his personnel down in the -- there are police and fire located together in Building 137. If his sergeants do anything, they call him; as they're starting to get on vehicles, they get the alert, they'll call him on the radio.

18 Q. Okay.

19 A. And he had no squawk on the radio yet.

20 Q. Okay.

A. So there was -- we were telling them launch, and actually launch to 1331 to the north berm. That's all we knew. We didn't -- and so when they left the house, they did not know exactly where they were going out on the airfield and they did not know what they were going into yet. They started monitoring the

1 ops radios; they can monitor our radios, and -- but they were, you 2 know, basically going down -- and I asked the captain later, and 3 he said when they were moving there, it was snowing and they went 4 slow. They moved at the beginning sort of fast, but when they got out there, they started really going slow because they didn't know 5 6 what, you know -- you know, because there were some people coming 7 out already, you know, the conditions were not great to just fly up and jump out of a truck. 8

9 Q. Okay. And you said the EANS is -- what would normally 10 be -- would you expect to be the, I guess, tone to ARFF? How 11 would that normally be --

12 A. It's very loud. We may hear it in here in just a little13 bit.

14 Q. How would that normally be triggered? Is that through 15 the --

16 A. The tower.

17 Q. So the tower would pick up --

18 A. The tower is responsible.

19 Q. -- and that sets off EANS? Is that --

A. Yeah, when they pick up the phone, it starts the alarm. Everyone will hear the alarm going off. And then the alarm will calm down -- it's just like a big horn for about 3 to 4 seconds. And then the tower -- you know, a person in the tower will tell us what -- where to go and what to do.

25 Q. Okay.

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947 32

A. We have a plane down on the north berm on fire, you
 know, whatever --

3 Q. Okay.

I might be able to even play it on here, but I did give 4 Α. And 4 minutes later it came out that the tower eventually 5 the CD. 6 called EANS. You could hear the sound. And it says, basically, 7 plane with a -- it says ruptured wing. And, you know, people even questioned rupture, what does that mean? Ruptured wing, not a --8 9 and so -- and go out to 1331 north berm or something like that. 10 But it also did not give a taxi, like, a, you know --

11

Q. Intersection or coordinates.

A. -- intersection or something, or coordinates or something. It just said, go there. And so the our people had already launched, but said, roger out. And I say our people, that's the police department, is the one receiving the EANS desk. Q. Oh, okay.

A. They're the ones answering it. They're the ones
talking. My team hears it, but doesn't have the talk capability.
Q. Okay.

A. Now, that's being upgraded as we're building a new building, where my captain will have the talk capability and the box and everything.

Q. Okay. And just, any idea of the time on scene with ARFF?

25 A. From the time they were notified, they said it was less

1 -- right around the 2-minute mark is what they said.

2	Q. Okay.
3	A. We do the we test that and, you know, try to get the
4	drills you know, make it less than 3 minutes as part of our
5	test. We just were inspected on in February and, you know,
6	they we just did yesterday, we did a practice test, I mean,
7	just to right, and they hit it in 2 minutes and 20 seconds.
8	Q. Okay.
9	A. But that was just a we did one the week prior, and we
10	did one during the event, and we did one the week after now, so
11	Q. Okay. That's all I have, actually, right now.
12	MR. FEDOK: Okay.
13	MR. SLUSARSKI: Thanks.
14	MR. FEDOK: Eric, anything you want to
15	BY MR. PRICCO:
16	Q. So the EANS is just The Port and emergency response,
17	correct? No other stakeholders or airlines
18	A. Not the airlines, no.
19	Q that hear the
20	A. It's the tower, PAPD, ARFF, and the operations here, and
21	then the desk is general manager, deputy general manager, myself,
22	up in Hangar 7, and it's in being connected to the outside
23	mutual aid partners. But I'd have to get an answer for you of
24	where it's connected at right now.
25	But even if it's connected, they will still go through

the phone tree, the police desk will, and that's how -- I'm not sure if the FDNY received the late EAN system, or if they received -- I'm sure they received a phone call, because they were outside my door when I went outside the door. So that meant -- and EANS hadn't gone off yet when I went outside the door, so I just --

MR. RHOADS: In my discussion, up in the tower, there are really two dozen EANS, or a box, then there's a second box for mutual response. And there's the initiation of the second box from the tower --

10 MR. MUNDAY: Yeah, okay.

MR. RHOADS: -- going to New York City Fire. So there's two, and the second is for mutual response in both. That's what the indication is.

14

BY MR. PRICCO:

Q. And you had mentioned there about Delta trying to determine the family and friends' locations. Does the airport partner with the airlines as far as understanding each specific response plans?

A. Yeah, we work -- we get their Family Assistance Center plans, and Chris actually had that position, you know, 9 months ago before, was in that position for some time. But basically, we've done some tabletops and some drills and some workshops on the response plan. Mainly focusing more -- a lot of the airlines and the region and Washington airports, they focus on the FAC itself and how you're setting it up in that operation.

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

35

1 Because the friends and family is just a quick little 2 transition. Because the FAC will take 4 to 6 hours, maybe up to 9 3 hours, but it takes 4 to 6 hours to set up. I mean, you're kicking hundreds of people out of a hotel, you need ballrooms, you 4 need -- so to do that, you have to have a holding pattern for 5 6 these people. They've come from the incident, they got to go to a 7 friends and family reception center until the FAC can get set up, and once the FAC is set up, then they can be transferred from that 8 9 location to here. So that each airline has -- you know, is in 10 charge of, as you all know, in charge of running the FAC. The 11 responsibility is for each airline to handle the FAC and the 12 family -- friends and family.

13 The tests, so, you know, that are the location of the 14 friends and family, is something that they have in their plan, and 15 each airline can be the same or they can be different. Like, they 16 can all choose one hotel and they can all choose one lounge, but 17 with us being spread out so much, normally Delta, you know, and 18 normally they have theirs in their -- you know, the C and D 19 terminal, and the others would have it in the other terminal.

It varies by, I know, by each airport. Each airport's been different on this because each airline is different. Some even, you know, because you got a small carrier, one person running the shop there, you know, you need your mutual aid -mutual airline -- sorry, not mutual aid, mutual airline support to run, you know, your friends and family and FAC.

Q. I have one last question. With the incident command
 center, with the regular updates, was there an open line for -- to
 listen or to provide? Or were the updates specific face-to-face?

A. Updates face-to-face. Normally, you're -- EOC is more 5 of the line where you have a conference call.

Q. Yeah.

6

A. The EOC was back in the general manager's office. That's where -- because we're separated here by such a long -- and short -- and personnel, most of the personnel are outside. They have an open line and discussion in incident command. I don't know --

12 Q. Was the EOC line opened up at any time during --A phone bridge was opened up. Was it used? I don't 13 Α. 14 know the answer. But it was -- the security manager called me and 15 asked about using the TSA phone bridge, and I said go ahead and 16 activate that. And so she sent me an email saying it was activated. Was it used? I don't know, because I wasn't on that 17 18 line.

19 MR. JANGELIS: My turn? Okay.

20 MR. MUNDAY: Going down the row here.

21 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So far -- great.

22 MR. MUNDAY: So far, I'm getting an A.

23 BY MR. JANGELIS:

Q. Just a quick question. Positioning of the command center, when you said you had it out on the scene, where exactly

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

37

1 was it?

It was, from the aircraft, about 200 yards to the 2 Α. 3 south-southeast of the aircraft. When I came up, I asked Kevin, 4 Kevin said Captain Marino said it was in a safe spot. It was, you know, he designated -- Kevin had asked him if the plane -- if 5 6 something went wrong, would the command center be safe? And he 7 told -- the captain said yes, it is safe where it's at. It was already there by the time I got there. 8

9 Ο. Okay. My next question, folks, is on the interaction 10 with the crew. Did you have any other interactions with them, ask 11 them how they were doing? Did they talk to you about anything? They didn't talk to me, and I actually didn't want to, 12 Α. you know, press them. I knew that, you know, upset -- the things 13 14 I asked were just that -- you know, I explained what the police --15 I was trying to be the negotiator with them and explain that the 16 police were, you know, just, you know, asking information.

17 The Delta rep that was out there from the terminal said 18 that, you know, they were being harassed. I said, no, they're --19 you know, the police officer, I asked him what he was doing. He 20 said he's just asking for their name and information, just -- I 21 said, will you please provide -- so we can have headcount accountability, just who you work for and your name. And that's 22 all, you know, they did, and I said that's perfectly fine. 23 24 Then I asked -- I stepped out for a moment, talked to 25 the Delta rep, stepped back in for a moment, and -- without the

police, and then I talked to them again for a second and asked if they had the manifest, if this -- you know, actually, I had the manifest in my hand. I said, is this the correct manifest? Do you have -- what is the correct number? And I was told 125 by the flight crew.

It was actually -- it was a flight attendant was on the cell phone. I had to wait till she got off the cell phone. I don't know her name. But I waited till she got off the cell phone, and I said, is this manifest correct? And she said is it 125? I said, yes, and she said that's the correct manifest. So, but again, I -- it wasn't till later when I found there was two lap children.

Q. Sure. Per our operations and per our general operations manual, which is going to be entered into the data, flight crews are not responsible for giving you an exact number. That comes from our operations or our dispatch folks.

17 A. Right.

Q. So the flight crew, not having the correct number of lap children, can get mixed up. And it used to be that way, was to provide exactly the exact number on that. But --

21 A. Right.

Q. -- through changes through the FAA and to our procedures is, is that it comes from our dispatch or from our people. Used to have a dispatch number was approved.

25 But I do want to say and add it to the record that our

1 crew was very complimentary of your hospitality in taking care of 2 them --

A. And we want to take care and --

4

3

Q. -- and sequestering them.

A. -- I think we -- you know, actually there might've been -- and again, in this viewpoints, I was not in the room, and, you know, when someone's trying to interview them -- because there were a lot of cell phones. They were all using cell phones --

9 Q. Sure.

10 -- when I went in, and of course, they were talking to Α. 11 their representation. And the police officer was under pressure 12 trying to get to his boss the names, and I said, okay, just relax, 13 be calm, get the names. Our detectives came in, and before they 14 went in -- we're going to go in. I said, no, you'll wait here for 15 a minute. If you go in, you can ask them this information. Then 16 you can ask them about the incident, and if they say nothing, that's what they're allowed to say is nothing. And, you know, so 17 18 I was like the buffer a little bit --

19 Q. Sure.

A. -- between the two crew. And they were very -- you know, the crew was very, very nice to me, and great crew. And they gave the information exactly what the police needed. Because, again, when the detectives came, they wanted to get all the information. I said, no, that sergeant -- that officer right there has name, rank, Social Security number, you know, whatever

1 they need, and has that; you don't need to go and hit them up 2 again.

3 Q. Sure.

A. Get the stuff from that. Then if you want to ask guestions, walk in there, be polite, ask your questions, and come back. And they did do that then.

Q. Good, okay. And appreciate that. But you didn't hear 8 them speak anything of what happened --

9 A. No.

10 Q. -- what, you know, did you -- okay.

11 A. I did not hear a single word, and I did not ask them the 12 questions.

13 Q. Okay.

14 A. I just wanted to make sure that --

15 Q. They were okay.

A. And I had -- I asked was there any -- anyone was hurt.
They had been asked 10 times already --

18 Q. Sure.

A. -- but was anyone hurt, and I asked if they would just please provide just their information that was necessary for the police officers.

22 Q. Okay.

23 MR. JANGELIS: I have, and I know you said you were 24 going to keep going down a list of questions.

25 MR. FEDOK: I do.

MR. JANGELIS: So I have some other housekeeping, such
 as frangibility, and fence --

3 MR. FEDOK: Right.

4 MR. JANGELIS: -- line issues, and things like that, so.
5 MR. FEDOK: Okay.

6 MR. JANGELIS: You want me to hold on to those? 7 MR. FEDOK: Yeah, why don't we go for some topical 8 guestions --

9 MR. JANGELIS: I'm done with the actual incident, so --10 MR. FEDOK: So, yeah.

11 BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. These are more broad-based questions that pertain to the events, but may not be directly related to your involvement out there. So, I do have one additional one that was brought up.

15 Who is responsible for bringing out the buses and the 16 command post? Is that an operations --

17 A. Operations.

18 Q. -- business? Okay.

A. Operations requested it. Kevin requested it. He went through -- back here to ops. They immediately were able to get two buses out there, at first. And then it came -- they got three more -- you know, because we had to empty buses. We actually emptied buses of passengers that were going from one terminal to another. Told everyone to get off the bus because we're taking it to the field. It wasn't like we had a depot of five buses

1 standing by.

2 Q. Right.

3	A. So we got two buses out there right away. As the people
4	were coming off, Kevin told me at one point, it was a question do
5	we have enough room for the people on the two buses, and start
6	looking at they started looking at the Suburbans and response
7	vehicles we had, to maybe put three in there, two in there.
8	And then the other three buses showed up just right at
9	the time when they started to get crowded. So we were able to
10	then put, you know, spread them out among the buses.
11	Q. And was that is that part of your emergency plan?
12	That sort of to get buses
13	A. Right.
14	Q you know where to go to get them, or was this just an
15	ad hoc
16	A. No, well, we
17	Q they come from
18	A. No, we have a person in operations that handles the
19	street side operations. Chris, again, can cover that more.
20	Q. Okay.
21	A. But that person knew to get a hold of the buses.
22	Q. Okay.
23	A. And also, all the drills we've been practicing for the
24	last 8 or 9 years, it's reinforcing by having lots of casualties
25	on our exercises, that the airport has to practice getting buses.

Now, the buses are used to get the casualties out to the site in
 an exercise. And so they're semi, you know, in a off-site depot.

3 Q. Right.

A. But they got to go through that process of, it's not 5 just have them there in 10 seconds or 10 minutes.

Q. Right.

6

A. They had to piecemeal, practice it coming on, get one bus out there and two -- and they've been practicing at every -the three large airports -- Newark, LaGuardia, and Kennedy -- for the last 7, 8 years like that.

11 Q. And the emergency command vehicle, as well, that's an 12 operations --

A. That's an operations vehicle. We just received the vehicle about a year ago. We had an old, 1984, '86 model clunker, and the model is, the new one is right up there. It came about a -- well, it actually came, I guess, April this last year, something like that.

18 MR. RHOADS: Last year.

19 BY MR. FEDOK:

A. April. And first time it was used on our full-scale exercise that we did in June, which my other job team ran that with the airport, and did that exercise, which was a plane crashing, and we practiced a whole response. That was the first time it was used. We used it a few other times for some other events, and we just recently found a spot to park it indoors.

So it's on airfield in a -- the building that I want to eventually set up our operations in, and is parked indoors there. So one of the ops personnel went and quickly -- went right to the bus, grabbed it, opened the doors, and drove it right out there. It was a very excellent response, a smart move.

6 Q. Yeah.

7

A. I don't know who did it, but it was smart.

Q. Okay. Now we'll get off of the sort of logistical stuff and into there's a couple of topical areas. So we talked -- you sat in on Kevin's interview this morning, and we covered a bunch of different areas and things that he had done. So some of these questions are going to sound repetitive, and --

13 A. Okay.

Q. -- you may be thinking, Kevin already told you this. But what I'm looking for is different perspectives, because Kevin's -- although you're both part of the same chain, Kevin has sort of operational perspective, and I think you can provide more of maybe a policy perspective on some of these issues.

19 A. Okay.

Q. And if the answers are the same, they're the same, but I just thought I'd ask because you are at different levels in the organization. So we're going to talk about the procedures and then the policy, and the thoughts on issuing NOTAMs during snow operations, and how the -- I guess, specifically, LaGuardia in this case. I don't know if it's the same with other airports, but

1 you guys issue NOTAMs, based on what Kevin said, on when

2 conditions change rather than every -- at the end of every sweep
3 or the end of every movement, you know, with the plows and
4 everything. Is that correct, and is that the policy that you guys
5 are up working at LaGuardia?

6 Α. Correct. And one thing I might be looking at is the 7 word change, is that, you know -- because if you keep on giving NOTAMs out every 30 minutes, every 45 minutes -- you know, you're 8 9 constantly changing the environment that those at the receiving 10 end aren't getting it. So it's something that, if you were out 11 there and, you know, you've taken it down to thin-patchy, or whatever the NOTAM is at the time, and then we have a quarter inch 12 13 of snow come back out there, and we go clean it off, you know, 14 it's back to the original. So we don't need to give a new NOTAM 15 that says, you know, it's the same as before.

16 It went from -- you know, quarter inch of snow came 17 down, we then went and cleaned the runway, and we're back to thin-18 patchy, you know. So that's basically what we're looking at. Or 19 if we applied some chemical down or something, you know, that's a change of a physical, you know, process that we did. But if we --20 21 if some snow came down in that 30minute window, which it did, you 22 know, I've been out there many times and you make one pass down and you come back and, you know, snow's coming down and it's a 23 24 little difficult to get clear. But the condition when you finish 25 the event is what we're looking at.

So what is the condition at that time? Did it change that we have to issue a new NOTAM that, no, it's now 2 inches of snow. I'm just -- I know that's sort of drastic here, but I'm giving that -- that would warrant a NOTAM. If it's exactly the same, you know, condition that we had the last NOTAM, there's no reason, you know, a critical reason that we'd need to do that.

- 7
- Q. Okay. So --
- 8

A. Does that help explain that?

9 Ο. It does, and I just want to make sure -- I'll give you 10 sort of an example, and make sure I'm thinking the right way. So 11 if you have a quarter inch of wet snow out there and you say, take 12 the runway, we got a gap here, we're going to go clean it. You 13 groom it and sweep it, both directions, one or two or however many 14 times. By the time you guys are done with that runway, you're 15 saying the falling snow will have already accumulated back to the 16 condition it was before you started; therefore, there's no reason 17 to update a NOTAM because essentially the conditions are the same?

18 A. No, that's not what I was saying.

Q. I'm sorry. Okay, that's why I wanted to make sure.A. That's a good point.

21 Q. Let's try again.

A. What I was saying is that, you know, we started the event and it was thin-patchy, you know, cleaned, aircraft can land. And then in the time period of we're sitting on the taxiway, which we were, and ready to be launched again. And, you

1 know, it's that timing of between the TRACON and the tower and everyone to get -- you know, figure everything out. We were there 2 3 -- Team Blue was sitting there on the taxiway with the 100 ready to take the runway. 4 They came off at 10:35 or, you know, is what they came off. And so as they wanted to get back on, they're 5 6 looking at the conditions. And so, when they came on and they 7 cleaned -- what I'm trying to say is, if we had thin-patchy -- or, you know, or let's say we said it was at blacktop. And then snow 8 9 came down, and then when we finished the -- you know, our process, 10 it's back to blacktop. We do not need to change the NOTAM, 11 because it's -- the last NOTAM is the same as the current NOTAM.

12 Q. Okay.

A. You know, we could say a new NOTAM, same subject -Q. Right.

A. -- but it wouldn't -- it would be another NOTAM for -but the reasoning behind it, it would be an updated NOTAM saying the same thing.

Q. Right, it would be a newer time. So you're saying that, basically, the NOTAM that was out was quarter-inch wet, and it was, I think, 2 hours prior to the event, 1403, I think, Zulu, versus 1603 when the accident occurred. And in that time, intervening time period, I think there were three plows or sweeps of the runway, and the NOTAM hadn't changed in all the time intervening there.

25 So you're saying that they left the runway then, when

they were done sweeping and plowing, with a quarter-inch wet snow on it? That's what I'm trying to understand. Because wouldn't it be clear by the time they're done clearing it? It would've improved to the point where a NOTAM would say --

5 A. No.

6

Q. -- back to blacktop, or whatever?

7 A. I'd have to look at the NOTAM, and I didn't look at 8 that. So I'd have to, you know, go back --

9 Q. Okay.

A. -- to Kevin. But it also, I'd have to -- the other part is, when the snow is coming down out there, you really don't want to say blacktop. I mean --

13 Q. Right, I understand. That was just a --

A. -- because the snow is -- sometimes you clean and you turn right around and you're coming back the opposite direction, and you're like, what happened here? I just cleaned that side of the runway. And you get back to the end and you're close to back where you started at.

You have to keep that process going, though, or eventually pull off the runway and let the aircraft come in and give you your action. The aircraft, you know, were coming in and it was, you know, getting good braking action, so we were looking -- they were getting good braking action but, you know, sometimes -- at a certain point -- it's a very fine line. At a certain point you want to get back out there because if you leave too much

1 of it there, then you're going to have a problem.

2 Q. Yeah.

A. So that's what you -- it's hard to -- much harder to clean and also could have a problem, you know, of the runway itself, so you want to get back on.

Q. So are you, essentially then, using the braking action
reports as an indicator of when to get back on? Or are you using
the --

9 A. It's really --

10 Q. -- (indiscernible) condition?

11 A. I'd have to leave -- it's more of a Kevin question.
12 Q. Okay.

A. I know you asked this morning, but it's a combination.
It's his expertise, or the expertise of whoever the other 100
is --

16 Q. Okay.

A. -- that they have been here quite some time and know the operation. They can tell the runway conditions and they can also -- you hear the braking action.

I've been out there where I've heard a poor and then the next aircraft will come in a fair, and then, okay, we're right on that line of taking a -- if we get a nil or two poors, we're taking the runway. And so now we've affected, you know, the region. Because we're taking a runway, that means either no planes are landing or taking off; it depends on which runway we're

1 on. And, you know, as we do that, you know, the aircraft either 2 have to go in orbit and wait to come in or they have to divert to 3 another location. So we're causing an event, so it's a fine --

4 Q. Right.

A. -- determination. So what they're looking at is, if you get a poor and then a fair, Kevin is right on the phone calling the tower saying give me a slot. Even though I got a poor and a fair and I'm safe, I don't have to take over the runway, I need a slot to get back on that runway. I need -- and it's, you know, it's that coordination effort.

11 The airlines want to get in there and, you know, get 12 their customers to the gates, get the aircraft out of the sky. 13 The tower's under pressure to do that --

14 Q. Sure.

A. -- and we're also, you know, trying to make the -- as soon as a poor comes up, we will tell them -- as soon as a poor comes up, even with the fair the next one, Kevin's on the phone, I want the runway as soon as you can get me a slot.

19 Q. Okay.

A. And that may take 5 minutes, it may take 15 minutes. It depends on the, you know, the tower. And that's what we'll get on, but as soon as we can --

Q. So your trigger to close, then, is two poors or a nil?A. Yes.

25 Q. And other than that, you're trying to work with the

1 tower as much as possible to get me in in gaps and work on a hot 2 runway?

3 A. Yeah. Yeah.

4 Q. That's sort of the philosophy?

5 A. Yeah.

6 Q. Okay.

7 And then, you know, with goods, you're like, this is Α. And it's also the amount of snow. If it's ice, you got 8 great. 9 another problem. If it's wet snow, if it's dry snow -- that was a 10 dry snow that day. It was changing to dry snow that time of day, 11 in that hour that we're talking about. Because it went just a 12 quarter of an inch, so you're sort of looking at all -- there's a 13 lot of different indicators, and it's really the experience of the 14 chief out there, the 100, that has it all.

15 Q. Okay.

16 He's looking at what the call is, what the weather Α. 17 temperature is. He's also monitoring ground temperature and air 18 temperature. So he's looking - he's constantly calling in here, 19 what's the ground temperature? If it's 40 degrees ground 20 temperature, you know, it's going to melt. If it's 15 degrees, 21 it's, you know, it's -- so he's taking that into account. There's a lot of factors that are being taken into account. 22

Q. I don't want to put words in either Kevin's mouth or yours, but this characterization is something that I go back to, and it seems what he was trying to say, if he didn't say it

explicitly, was that having a NOTAM out there, that was -- it never got worse than a quarter of an inch is what, I think, what he said. So that keeping that out there, knowing that they were clearing it and it was never worse than that, was okay, simply because he's sort of erring on the side of caution and being conservative. Is that a fair --

- 7 A. And that's an --
- 8
- Q. -- characterization?

9 A. Yeah, that's absolutely right. I'd rather tell someone 10 I got a quarter inch and I just cleaned it, it went to blacktop, 11 and the snow's coming down and 5 minutes, 10 minutes later it's 12 going to be back to a quarter of an inch, than to say to someone 13 it's blacktop and a pilot's coming in and I'm putting the pilot in 14 harm's way. I mean --

15 Q. I got it.

16 A. -- I think it's a smart move there.

17 Q. Okay.

A. And it does change, and that -- and I've been out there many times and in that short window of 20 to 30 minutes you can have a lot of snow, a burst of snow that could come down, and it just seems like, you know, where did this come from? And now all of a sudden there's an inch out there. And, you know, and then the next time, you go 2 hours and you get an eighth of an inch. It just, it varies.

25 And our job is to keep the airlines and the pilots, as

best we can, flying, you know, because their job's to keep the passengers happy. But it's -- also we got to keep the runway open.

Right. I got it. All right, let's change topics 4 Ο. slightly, on the use of chemicals for deicing and for treating it. 5 6 I know you pretreated when you had wet runways, you went out 7 there, per the NOTAMs, and you pretreated with some chemical. And I talked to Kevin a little bit about this, this morning, about 8 9 when you use solid chemical and sand on the runways. And he gave 10 me an answer and I haven't had a chance to go back and listen to 11 it, and I wanted to ask you about it to make sure that I 12 understand kind of the procedure.

13 So, there was a NOTAM out. It was this one, at -- let's 14 see -- oh, here it is, this one, at 0738. Wet sand, deiced solid 15 and sand and -- observed at 0738. So at 7:30, you know, an hour 16 and a half or so before the accident, you guys were using 17 chemical. But he said that you weren't using chemical and they 18 may have, in that case, had a driver sort of pull an audible and 19 drop chemical on their last pass. Can you just speak to anything about the policy as far as using chemicals and how that works and 20 21 when you find it necessary or not?

A. Well, when -- I mean, I'm not sure I would -- Kevin -I'd have to relook at what, exactly what he said in one piece.
Q. Yeah, I'd have to look back at it, too. But I thought
since I have you here --

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947 54

A. But normally what -- the 100 will make a determination. He'll be looking out there and he'll decide if, on a pass, should he have a -- you know, one of the plows drop sand or drop chemical onto the runway.

5 Q. Okay.

A. So he's looking at -- but again, it's going on the conditions of the runway. It's not a science, it's a --

8 Q. Sure.

9 Α. -- skill that they learn, and they're making a 10 determination, okay, am I going to make another pass, or what is 11 the next time I'm going to make a pass, is it wet snow, is it dry 12 snow? They're looking at all the factors and making that determination of putting more -- putting something on there. 13 But. 14 if they put chemical on sand and the chemical, and they come back 15 30 minutes later, they're just -- before it even really takes 16 effect, they're plowing it all off.

17 Q. Right.

A. You're sort of looking -- you're making a judgment. If I'm going to drop it, it's good for that one aircraft or two aircraft, but I'm going to be there three aircraft later and now I'm taking all that off, which -- you know, so it's a fine judgment. So that's what they're really looking at in making that determination.

And they go on the conditions. If they hear -- again, if they hear poor, if they hear nil, that changes the mindset. So

then they, you know -- but if, you know, if they're hearing good 1 braking action, they're like, well, you know, I can get out there 2 3 faster, because I can clean it faster when it's just snow than 4 having chemical on the ground. And then I'm making that determination if -- of, you know, how fast I got to -- because I 5 6 had to get a couple more vehicles in that process. Because he's 7 right now working with the plows and -- I mean, with the blowers, 8 the --

9 MR. RHOADS: Multis.

10 BY MR. FEDOK:

A. Multis, I'm trying to think. The multis, and we have to get a plow, because the plow has a spinner on the back that's dropping the -- either the sand or the chemical. So he's got to shift his resources around, also.

15 Q. Okay.

16 A. So that's another combination. You got to determine 17 that.

18 MR. RHOADS: If I can --

19 MR.FEDOK: Sure.

20 MR. RHOADS: -- perhaps help?

21 MR. FEDOK: Go ahead, sir.

22 MR. RHOADS: The use of sand or chemical, okay, 23 basically under two conditions. Either to prevent the building of 24 a condition, okay? And by that we mean, depending on the 25 forecast, something early in the event. It's going to be a mixed

1 precip, possible freeze, we'll go ahead and we will treat the 2 runways, okay?

3 MR. FEDOK: Sure.

MR. RHOADS: And then, again, some things go into the forecast, if we're going to have sun later and such, and so we'll be able to make a judgment call on. In doing that, we will have a satisfactory runway service with which to do operations, okay.

8 The other condition -- the other time we'll use it, is 9 to change the condition on the runway, okay? So I'll get -- I'm 10 not saying it happened in this scenario, because I wasn't here.

MR. FEDOK: That's fine.

11

12 MR. RHOADS: But, if every -- because, and it does 13 happen, if everything we're trying to do just isn't having an 14 effect, okay? Several weeks ago, we had a hard, deep freeze, and 15 we're trying to move this snow and ice at the rate it was coming 16 down. And we're trying to get it down to the black, we're trying 17 to get it down to the black, and it's still ice -- patchy ice, 18 thin, patchy ice. In the effort to change the condition and knock it back, the decision is, okay, we're going to start dropping sand 19 and dry chemical on this thing, okay? So, we'll do it in that 20 21 regard.

Normally, if we're over -- if it's snow, and we're plowing, grooming, and blowing, we will continue to do that, okay? Because, as Jim was saying, there's no point at dropping anything if we're going to go out, get a gap, make another pass, and we're

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

57

just going to undo everything that we already did. And sometimes, we kind of make the situation -- it complicates it, you know, because sometimes it creates like a gumbo on the runway, and so we really want to avoid that.

5 So if we're in a snow situation and we're bringing it 6 down to a quarter inch, or thin patchy, we will sustain that 7 condition, okay? That's what the NOTAM's out there for. And for 8 as long as we sustain that condition, there's no change. That 9 NOTAM holds.

10 Now, we don't like NOTAMs to swing in the breeze out 11 there for, like, 3, 4 hours, okay? So occasionally, and I don't know if we do this religiously, but occasionally we will reissue 12 13 and say, the NOTAM, okay, remains. Just so people aren't thinking 14 that, you know, we haven't reissued anything or, you know, that 15 we're not doing anything, okay? So, we will reissue the NOTAM, 16 and say it's sustained. But when we're out there in snow 17 condition plowing, grooming, we're going to keep it down to the 18 condition that the NOTAM was initially issued for, quarter inch, 19 thin patchy, and we'll sustain that condition. For as long as we 20 do that, that NOTAM stays.

If -- and again, we're always looking for gaps. We're always looking for gaps. It's not that, okay, fine, we did the best we could, there's snow on the runway and it's snowing, what do you expect? We will always be asking for gaps, and that's what Kevin was doing. We're down at Double Delta, and we're looking,

1 and we're saying, okay, fine, we're off the runway, let us know 2 when we can go back on. And sometimes, depending on -- you know, 3 tower will say, okay, fine, you're good for two passes. Okay? 4 And we'll do that.

5 Or, can you give us enough of a gap? No, we've got 6 somebody on short, so just let them come in, but we'll put you 7 right back on after he's on. So we're always kind of on top of 8 that because we're not satisfied, of course, with snow on the 9 runway. But we'll try to sustain the condition that the NOTAM was 10 issued for, or better, okay?

11 If we suddenly drop chem or change the condition because 12 we see that it's just not working, then we'll issue the other 13 NOTAM, of course because we've changed the condition.

14 MR. FEDOK: I got it.

15 MR. RHOADS: All right, I hope that didn't --

MR. FEDOK: No, that helps. I think that kind of puts out all the -- everything you guys have said, and I've had to put together, fits.

MR. MUNDAY: And like Chris says, like the gummy conditions, you know, I said if we put it down, it causes us to go slower. And that's --

22 MR. FEDOK: That's why.

23 MR. MUNDAY: -- that's the reason why.

24 MR. FEDOK: Yep.

25 MR. MUNDAY: But we're, and I need to stress and point

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947 59

1 out, we were on that taxiway waiting. We had been there for some 2 time waiting, and waiting on that gap, and -- but with the, you 3 know, tower getting good braking, the tower -- I can see what the 4 tower operator's thinking about. You know, things are good, 5 things are good. And the snow wasn't real heavy at the time. In 6 an hour, you know, .4 coming down in a whole hour, that's not an 7 awful lot of snow.

8

MR. FEDOK: Right.

9 MR. MUNDAY: So, again, the tower's also trying to get the person in. But we were sitting there ready to go. 10 If they 11 had given us, at 10:50, to get on, we would've got on. If they'd 12 given us, you know, 11, we would've got on. We were waiting at 13 that -- as soon as we came off, we got in formation to get ready 14 to attack it again. If it's 15 minutes, if it's an hour, 15 that's -- it's a combination of looking at the weather and also 16 talking to the tower and getting a gap, you know.

17 MR. RHOADS: Okay, but as policy, the NOTAM has to state 18 what you got.

19 MR. FEDOK: Right.

20 MR. RHOADS: Okay, you sustain it, that's what the NOTAM 21 is matching. You're going to make a change, another NOTAM.

22 MR. FEDOK: Okay. So that was an interesting phrase; I 23 like that. Say that again?

24 MR. RHOADS: The NOTAM indicates what you got.

25 MR. FEDOK: NOTAM indicates what you got.

1 MR. RHOADS: It's got to reflect what you got. 2 MR. FEDOK: Yeah. Okay. MR. MUNDAY: So like if it went -- if it was worse than 3 4 the NOTAM, we should have another NOTAM. If it was one inch of snow, it should be a new NOTAM. If it's better than that NOTAM --5 6 you know, it's exactly what Chris said. 7 BY MR. FEDOK: 8 All right, two more topics. Hopefully we can do them Q. 9 quick so we can get to the other meeting. 10 (Indiscernible). Α. 11 Yeah. I told them that we'll get up there as soon as we Q. 12 can if we run a little bit over. But I just want to touch base on 13 the CFME, the Continuous Friction Measuring Equipment, you guys 14 have. You said it was a Ford F-350 --15 Α. Right. 16 -- and it was used weekly in the summer for rubber, Ο. 17 essentially. 18 MR. RHOADS: De-rubber, yeah. De-rubberizing. 19 BY MR. FEDOK: Checking on the friction on rubber surfaces. Not 20 Q. 21 used -- and I think you gave me these. The problem is I haven't 22 had a chance to look at them yet. But not used since roughly 2008-ish, 2009, right? Since the policy --23 24 Α. Well, no, 2010. 25 Q. 2010, okay.

1 A. 2010 is when the -- January 13th, 2010, the FAA came to 2 the Port Authority --

Q. That's right, okay. That's the first letter. A. -- and they made a statement that, you know, we don't need to use it. And then in November 22nd of 2011, the thendirector of aviation put a policy out that we don't --

7 Q. Okay.

A. -- have to use that. And then after that came -- I'd 9 have to look up the date, but it came from our general manager, 10 then put the policy out. So it came from the FAA to the Port 11 Authority Aviation Department, down to the general manager of the 12 airport.

Q. Okay. And I understand that and I know you guys haven't been using it. The one question I had was -- and I asked, I think I asked Kevin, was, after the accident, is there any thought of policy given to, you know, using it just as a point based on, you know, we had an event so we're going to do a friction test per the AC. Is that something you guys have ever thought about or discussed?

- 20 A. Not since the accident, no.
- 21 Q. Okay.

A. I mean, we've found the policies here, and made sure we had the policies, that they're all correct, they're in the ACM and that, you know, we have all the information. It was discussed -so I guess I'd have to back -- it was discussed is this the right

policy? And everyone said the current policy is the right one.
 And all three airports are following this policy because it came
 from the FAA.

Q. All right. The one thing we noted, we went up and spent some time with Lizette, and we got -- it gave us a chance to look at the training records after --

7 A. Did they pass your test?

Well, we took the snow and ice plan test, and the one 8 Q. 9 thing I noted in there was that it does refer to times to do 10 friction measurements. You know, after -- and one of the times is 11 after you do the runway, you know, after you clear the runway, do 12 a friction measurement test. And I was curious, does the training 13 not reflect the policy, or is it just old -- you know, does that 14 training date back prior to the policy and it just hasn't been 15 updated?

16 MR. RHOADS: Lizette mentioned that to me, and I will 17 chase that down for you.

18 MR. FEDOK: Okay.

MR. RHOADS: I think it really goes to how old the kiosk training is --

21 MR. FEDOK: Okay.

22 MR. RHOADS: -- and when it initiated, and I think we've 23 been doing it since before 2010.

24 MR. FEDOK: Probably, yeah.

25 MR. RHOADS: That was a module that we made in

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947 63

3 MR. RHOADS: And I -- as I said, I will validate it, but 4 it may have been something at the time, but invalidated by --5 MR. FEDOK: Right. 6 MR. RHOADS: -- the updated (indiscernible). 7 MR. FEDOK: It seemed to follow the guidance in the AC, as far as the bulletin stuff seemed familiar to me, the language, 8 9 but clearly that wasn't the policy that you guys were operating 10 under, at least at the time of this accident and going back some 11 ways. So that's something that, you know, you guys can --12 MR. RHOADS: Yeah. MR. FEDOK: -- like you said, look into and see exactly 14 where that originated. MR. RHOADS: You know, we are always looking at these things, you know, for things that we should renew. 17 MR. FEDOK: Sure. 18 MR. RHOADS: And it's not done every year. I mean, this 19 is something that it's -- it takes a long time to create one of these things. So, you know, and we look at things, and we say, -- and so --23 MR. FEDOK: No problem. 24 MR. RHOADS: -- but I'm going to check to see if that's 25 on our list of things to change.

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

- 1 cooperation with AAAE, and of course, it's all 139 designed.
- 2 MR. FEDOK: Right.

13

15 16

20 21 you know, we should update this, we should not do this, we should 22

1

BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. And just one last topic. I've asked everybody else, so I need to ask you as far as the FAA oversight and your relationship with the FAA. In your time here -- they're in the 5 room, but they're here --

6 A. Can I look at Kelly?

7 Q. -- they have an NTSB hat on.

A. Actually, I'd have to say our relationship with the FAA9 is excellent.

10 Q. Okay.

11 And I don't know what the others said, I think I've said Α. 12 that. But it's really -- it's a small airport. But since I've 13 been here, you know, our relationship is really tight. I mean, 14 you know, we're involved -- because we have a lot of construction 15 going on, we have a lot of meetings with each other. And it's a 16 lot of partnership in terms of weekend closures to work on the 17 runway, yet we still want to, you know, carry on flights. So the 18 relationship is -- I would say is excellent. I mean, you know, 19 the personnel in charge, you know, I call them, they call me on the cell phones when something's going on or, you know, have a 20 21 question on something.

22 So, and we meet several times a week, actually, on 23 different events. I know I'll see Laura and James on Thursday 24 morning at 8:30, I know I'll see them on Friday morning at 8:30. 25 And because these are different events, you know --

1 Are those, like, working group? Are you --Q. 2 They're working group things that we have, where we're Α. 3 talking -- basically, we're focusing on construction, the 4 runway -- they're not really runway extensions. We are building, you know, making the -- not the runway longer, but we're building 5 6 out, you know, the two decks that we have so we can put EMAS on at 7 each end. And that's a -- you know, it's been an 18-month project, and we have other major projects that are affecting the 8 9 entire air side operation. 10 You don't have EMAS at the end of those right now? Ο. 11 Α. No. 12 Q. Okay. Oh, okay. 13 The two decks do not have EMAS, so we've been Α. 14 directed --15 MR. RHOADS: No, we have two. We're getting another 16 two. 17 MR. FEDOK: Oh, all right. I knew you had some, but the decks don't have them? 18 19 MR. MUNDAY: The decks don't have them. 20 BY MR FEDOK: 21 Ο. It's the other two ends that have them. 22 The other two have them. Α. 23 Okay. Q. 24 Α. The other two were damaged -- or one was damaged 25 significantly during Sandy and had to be replaced. The other had

a little bit of damage but was also just replaced here in the
 August time frame.

3 Q. Okay.

A. And so, but we're extending the decks, not the runway.
Q. Right.

A. Because I keep on saying extending the runway, you know,7 I get corrected on that.

8 Q. Right.

9 A. Extending the decks so we can put the EMAS on the two 10 decks, and have that done for this next fall.

11 Q. Wow.

MR. RHOADS: Yeah. I'd say probably right now, most in the -- more than most other airports right now, because of the construction, everything from the RSA work for the 1331 modification standards work and the repave, we engage the FAA at a lot of levels right now, okay? Just because of all the construction and all the projects that are coming at us.

18 So, like I said, I think more than most other airports, 19 we are fully engaged with multiple levels in the FAA, from 20 engineering to the regular, you know, coming and going of 139, and 21 normal airfield stuff. And it's a very, very good working 22 relationship. It's very, very complicated and we meet with you guys on a regular basis, you know? There are a lot of meetings 23 24 that Jim has alluded to. There are a lot of coordination meetings 25 because of the projects that are going on.

1

BY MR. FEDOK:

2 Q. And they paid you a visit after the accident, right? I 3 think Evelyn came by, and can you characterize that meeting for 4 me? Was that just a how goes it, or was there a --

A. No, they wanted to know some information and ask some questions, but it was a great meeting. I mean, they were asking some -- you know, just wanted to get updates on what went on, get a summary going, ask some questions. They actually asked the same guestions you're asking right now.

10 Q. Okay.

A. About the friction tester and basically, you know, we brought out the documents for them --

13 Q. Right.

A. -- said this is the decision. And, you know, the deputy general manager and Kevin were giving -- you know, gave them the same response I'm giving now.

17 Q. Okay. No, that's great.

18 MR. FEDOK: I'm out of questions, and you guys follow up 19 with anything you have. Kelly?

20 MR. SLUSARSKI: You've hit on all the topics that I 21 wanted to ask and that's -- I -- no, I'm going to refer to these 22 guys, see if they have anything they wanted to add.

23 MR. PICCO: I think I'm all set.

24 MR. JANGELIS: I have a couple.

25 MR. FEDOK: Steve? Steve has a couple.

1 MR. MUNDAY: There's always got to be one guy. 2 MR. JANGELIS: There's always one quy. It's always the 3 quy at the end of the table before it's time to leave, right? BY MR. JANGELIS: 4 5 Your CFME equipment, is it current and up-to-date, and Q. 6 your training up to speed right now? 7 That's a good question. I would have to find out. I Α. don't have an answer for you. 8 9 MR. RHOADS: I'm sorry? 10 MR. JANGELIS: The friction equipment. 11 MR. RHOADS: Our friction tester? 12 MR. JANGELIS: CFME. MR. RHOADS: Yes, if we had to use it, we could use it. 13 14 MR. JANGELIS: If you had to use it, you could? 15 MR. RHOADS: Yeah. 16 MR. JANGELIS: Okay. 17 BY MR. JANGELIS: 18 Ο. And I think my questions following on now is going to 19 deal with the AC Circular on 30-Charlie, which -- 150/5200-30-Charlie. Did Delta request a friction test from you all, post-20 21 accident? 22 Post-accident, a friction test of which runway? Α. 23 Q. Of the runway. 24 Α. Huh? 1-3. 25 Q.

1-3? Delta did not request a friction test of 1-3 after 1 Α. the accident. Delta did request a friction test of 422 after the 2 3 runway, and we said our policy is that we -- you know, following 4 these two policies here that have been stated, it was my response to them, was that they could -- as we always do with all the 5 6 airlines and all the pilots, we would bring any number of pilots 7 out to 422 to, you know, to look at the runway. And that's been our standard policy for years, where, you know, if we don't have a 8 9 braking action, obviously, after we open an airport, we would not. 10 Ο. Sure.

A. We could bring out, you know, pilots, and they could look at any part of the runway.

Q. Okay. Is your policy determined because -- based on this AC that describes the use of the CMFE? Or is it a policy that just came out and, well, we're not using it, so we're not going to give that friction test? My question being --

A. Well, there's no correlation between the friction testand braking action, as noted by the FAA.

19 Q. Well, I beg to differ with you on that, because -- and I 20 could read it to you right now.

MR. FEDOK: Well, Steve, we're not begging to differ.
MR. JANGELIS: Okay.

23 MR. FEDOK: He gave his answer, you answered -- you24 asked your question.

25 MR. JANGELIS: Okay.

1 MR. FEDOK: Ask another question.

2 MR. JANGELIS: Okay.

3 BY MR. JANGELIS:

Q. All right, my next question is, when was your last mass5 casualty drill that you had?

6 A. Last mass casualty drill was in 21 June 2014.

7 Q. Okay.

8 A. I ran it.

9 Q. Tabletop or full --

Full-scale exercise, 225 casualties, a aircraft 10 Α. No. 11 over in Echo parking, mutual aid response, went on for several 12 hours. The airplane that simulated it was on fire. We had an actual live fire burnout on the site, an aircraft out there on the 13 14 site, people in the aircraft, moulage, smoke machines in the aircraft and smoke grenades used outside of the aircraft all 15 16 around. So it completely smoked up, we had people on the ground.

17 So we've changed our model of full-scale exercises for 18 the -- and other airports may be using it, but we've been 19 complimented very highly. Because several years ago, 10 years 20 ago, we'd have people out at the aircraft but not get on the 21 aircraft, not have the, you know, the simulation of that piece. 22 And we looked at it and said, well, this is not really realistic. Well, it was a combination of liability from the Port Authority 23 24 and a combination of liability from an airline that's running 25 We convinced the airlines, and Delta was one of them we there.

1 convinced, and we used them in 2012. And basically, we will not 2 hurt your aircraft. The smoke machines will not hurt your equipment and will not hurt the -- it's Hollywood fog, and that 3 4 the having -- and we cover bags over your seats and that. So when the moulage and victims are on there -- and we have victims, we 5 6 use mannequins in there.

7 So the first responders now, they're not going up there and just say, everyone stand up and, you know, walk off the plane. 8 9 They go in up there, and they have some casualties that are 10 mannequins in code red. So now you've got to triage in the seat, 11 get them in a stretcher, get it to the stairs. The one thing for 12 safety, we don't make them carry the mannequin on the stretcher 13 down the stairs. We don't use people in case we drop a person. 14 And then, we take them down, they put the mannequin back on, strap 15 them back in, and then they go through the process.

16 Okay. Question about the fence and the dimensions away Ο. 17 from the runway, and this might be information you might have to 18 get from another group. Do you know if it's inside the RSA, the 19 fence line that's --

- It's not inside. 20 Α.

21

Ο. It's not in the RSA?

22 It's outside the RSA. Α.

23 So it's outside the RSA, so it doesn't need to be made Q. 24 frangible, then. Okay. And, my final question, have you had a 25 post-accident briefing with your inside internal staff?

1

A. Yes, I have.

2 Q. Have you had any findings that you think you -- could be 3 done better, or anything that came out of it?

4 Α. The overall response was absolutely outstanding. We've conducted an AAR; I ran the AAR. We did that already. 5 We did 6 that on Monday morning. We're doing one with the -- we're doing 7 another one just police, fire -- police, our ARFF, and operations personnel. We're waiting on my ARFF captain to get back and 8 9 my -- and the PAPD lieutenant, he's -- that was there that day. 10 He's on night shift. So we're trying to get them all together. 11 We're going to do that next week.

12 We have a community after-action review this Friday, so 13 we're bringing the whole airport community together. We've talked 14 to Delta about doing this. The station manager cannot make it, 15 and several of the managers cannot, but we have -- a couple are 16 going to make it. And again, I'll run that so we get a community 17 viewpoint and focus on some of the events. And then we're going 18 to do a aviation department after-action review, so we're bringing 19 in our director, deputy director, and all of our managers, general 20 managers, and airport operation managers, so we can go through --21 and the chiefs, so we can go through what we learned here.

And our -- to answer your question, what we learned from the event, I mean, I call it a -- I told them we had three miracles. And I'm thinking, you know, what happened, you know, several years prior. But basically, we were very, very fortunate.

We -- the pilots, and Delta, and the whole community that -- and this is just one of the miracles, but, you know, that the aircraft stopped, did not go in the water, did not catch on fire, did not break up, and we had no casualties -- you know, bad, I mean, lacerations, broken bones, anything like that. It was, you know -- so that was our first main miracle that we saw there.

7 But other -- and, you know, in the AAR is basically some -- there's more logistics on our side in terms of at the command 8 9 post, simple little things that I take responsibility -- and you 10 wouldn't even care about if you're a pilot or you're Delta. Ι 11 didn't bring up Port-a-Johns out there, and so that was, you know 12 -- again, we had a lot of activity in that command post, too much 13 activity. So that was brought up, that too many people. I kept 14 on kicking people out, but I'd get five more people coming in 15 another door, and that was an activity.

16 Some people made a point about having the pilots in, you 17 know, that room for a while. And I said, well, that was my 18 decision. So, you know, those are the -- they're all minor lessons learned. They were not, you know, we should've done this 19 better, that better. Everyone -- first of all, we did think that 20 21 the pilot of the aircraft, this was -- but this was, you know, the pilot's in charge. Maybe we should've opened the chute sooner. 22 23 That didn't happen, because when our people first arrived, as 24 Kevin described, he had to go knock on the, you know, at the 25 co-pilot's window, and was trying to get attention, you know --

1 those are the learnings, but that's not really something we can 2 really control.

3 Q. Sure.

A. So, you know, there was no -- nothing earth-shattering that we'd say, you know, that's such a major thing we really need to do. We did pick up that we want to do even more training and do some cross-training. Right now I'm in charge of both the ARFF and the operations, and so my operations person, I said, can they get some more ARFF training?

Even though that's not their job, and I have to be careful of the union, they said, can they get some more of that kind of training? They would really think that -- just from an awareness, and they said, yeah, we can do that. Can we get some more drills about staging?

15 There was one point on -- out in the field, and then 16 when I say about staging, is when we did get everyone out there, 17 got everyone off, we end up getting a lot of vehicles there, and 18 that vehicle compounded the snow and the conditions, that I 19 should've put a staging area manager out there also, to park all 20 the VIP straphangers that came, that then parked their vehicles 21 right next to the command bus so they didn't have to walk for 10 22 yards. I should've made them walk a half mile or, you know, 23 but --

And we didn't have the -- you know, it's also we were told to reopen an airport, and we had family assistance going on,

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

75

we had family and friends. I had operations person over there.
We also had a whole snow team. Kevin, I removed Kevin and said,
go back and -- he's got the airport, I've got the incident. And
so now he's running and trying to -- snow for a couple of hours
that he has to clear so he can open it up. That was -- there were
learnings like that. Nothing in, hey, this procedure we should
have done better or something. Does that help, or?

8 Q. No, that's great. No --

9 A. I talk too much, I know.

10 Q. No, no, it's good, it's good. Thank you. My pen's been 11 down (indiscernible), so it's good.

12 MR. FEDOK: Anything else for you guys?

13 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I don't think I have anything 14 else, no.

15

MR. FEDOK: Okay.

16 BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. I just want to follow up on one line of questioning Steve started about the request from Delta. This is all new information to me. I hadn't heard that there was a request. Can you walk me through that, and what your -- what happened and what you proceeded -- when you proceeded --

A. Well, I mean, they didn't ask for 1331.

23 Q. Right.

A. They just asked for 422, and --

25 Q. And at what point is this? What time frame are we

1 talking about here?

A. Right about 1400, and I could go look, because I have an email on it.

4 Q. Okay.

5 A. Basically, it was a request, you know, can we --

6 Q. The runway's still closed at this point, or both runways 7 are still closed?

8 A. 1331 was closed.

9 Q. Okay.

10 A. And 422, we were just about to open or it just opened. 11 I can't remember the exact time. Right about 1400. I just can't 12 -- give or take --

13 Q. That's fine.

A. -- 5 or 10 minutes. And the request was, you know, about the -- having a test, and we said, following our policy, this is --

17 Q. Right.

A. -- you know, the requirement, what we do on -- you know, and we've done it before. We have had other times throughout the snow season where they've said, you know, can we get a -- you know, a friction test immediately. And we said, this is the policy that came from the FAA.

23 Q. Got it.

A. And this is, you know, what our policy is, and there's no correlation. We go out there and we do an evaluation, we clean

1 the runway and get it up -- the 100 also, you know, I mean, drives 2 down the runway and does a -- you know, testing the brakes. It's 3 not like landing an aircraft. And then we get that first aircraft 4 in and what -- the reports are off that aircraft.

Q. Okay. So that -- your offer, in lieu of doing a
friction test, is to have someone from the carrier --

7 A. Any airline.

Q. -- come out and inspect the runway prior to it being
9 opened or their operations on it, or whatever?

Before they operate, if they have any questions, and 10 Α. 11 we've covered that in numerous Friday morning meetings and other 12 meetings, we do -- even our snow coordination meetings that we do with the -- on major snow events, which we did do it with the 13 14 community on this event. We will get them together, and we'll --15 the last one, you know, Chris ran. And we get them together and 16 we say, if your pilots want to come out anytime, operations will 17 come pick you up and take you out there to the field and let you 18 look at the -- inspect the field with us.

19 Q. Okay. And has anybody ever taken you up on -- I just, 20 one more -- has anybody ever taken you up on that?

21 A. I don't think anyone's ever taken us up on that. Do 22 you?

23 MR. RHOADS: They have. Not recently.

24 MR. FEDOK: Okay.

25 MR. RHOADS: But they have.

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947 78

1 MR. FEDOK: And this is -- how long have you been making 2 that offer for when you don't do - I mean, you haven't been doing friction tests since 2010. So has that been in effect for that 3 4 period of time? 5 MR. RHOADS: That has been a standing officer - sorry --6 that's been a standing offer throughout. 7 MR. FEDOK: Okav. MR. RHOADS: Friction test days, these days, we've 8 9 always -- all the airports. We really emphasize it at chief 10 pilots meetings. It's usually the chief pilots that we coordinate 11 through for things like that. 12 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 13 MR. RHOADS: Actually, if you want to go back to the old 14 days, we had a -- I forget the airline -- we had a retired pilot 15 that, you know, volunteered to be the person to go out there and 16 take a look at the airfield. 17 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 18 MR. RHOADS: So -- but it's always been a standing offer 19 for as long as I've been around. And that's not forever, that's 20 only about 15 years, I think, so --21 MR. FEDOK: It goes back a while then. MR. RHOADS: The other thing I'd like to mention, 22 23 because it's just -- and it might just be a minor point. You say 24 in lieu of friction testing. It isn't just one thing in lieu of 25 friction testing. It's a cluster of elements in lieu of friction

1 testing, okay? Of course, field observation is one thing, but 2 also, the braking action reports that we're getting, the 3 observations of the people out on the field. So it's a cluster of elements that go into lieu of. It's not just, you know, we're not 4 going to do friction testing because we'll have a pilot come out 5 6 there and look at the airfield. 7 MR. FEDOK: Right. MR. RHOADS: It's --8 9 MR. FEDOK: Yeah, you're doing other things --MR. RHOADS: -- yeah, it's like --10 11 MR. FEDOK: -- in addition to that, things that would be 12 another way. 13 MR. RHOADS: Yeah. 14 Okay. Steve, any follow-ups on that? MR. FEDOK: 15 MR. JANGELIS: No. 16 MR. FEDOK: You all right? 17 MR. JANGELIS: I'm --MR. FEDOK: You guys good? 18 19 MR. JANGELIS: I just --MR. FEDOK: I knew we'd get him eventually. 20

21 MR. JANGELIS: Yeah, well, and then this is, you know, 22 your -- you guys, have you been briefed at all? I mean, this is 23 still forthcoming, but the Takeoff and Landing Performance 24 Assessment upcoming with friction measuring equipment, are you 25 guys aware of any of that? And that's -- you might not be. Some

1 airports around the country have been doing testing with it, so I 2 just wanted to know if you guys -- okay, that's all I got. That's 3 really all I have, yeah.

MR. FEDOK: Well, something to look forward to, right? As soon as you've got it all figured out, something changes. At 6:26, that will end the interview. (Whereupon, at 6:26 p.m., the interview was concluded.)

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached proceeding before the

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF: DELTA AIRLINES FLIGHT 1086 RUNWAY EXCURSION AT LAGUARDIA AIRPORT, NEW YORK MARCH 5, 2015 Interview of James Munday

DOCKET NUMBER: DCA-15-FA-085

PLACE: New York, New York

DATE: March 11, 2015

was held according to the record, and that this is the original, complete, true and accurate transcript which has been transcribed to the best of my skill and ability.

> Amanda Groves Transcriber

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

Interview of: LIZZETTE ROBLES

Airport Operations Conference Room LaGuardia Airport New York, New York

Wednesday, March 11, 2015

The above-captioned matter convened, pursuant to notice.

BEFORE: JASON FEDOK Survival Factors Investigator

APPEARANCES:

JASON FEDOK, Accident Investigator National Transportation Safety Board

KELLY SLUSARSKI, Airport Certification Safety Inspector Federal Aviation Administration

ERIC PRICCO Delta Airlines

STEVE JANGELIS Air Line Pilots Association

CHRIS RHOADS The Port Authority of NY & NJ

MINERVA COLON The Port Authority of NY & NJ

ITEM		PAGE
Interview	of Lizzette Robles:	
	By Mr. Fedok	4
	By Mr. Slusarski	48
	By Mr. Pricco	57
	By Mr. Jangelis	63

By	Mr.	Fedok	71

By Mr.	Slusarski	76
-		

1	INTERVIEW
2	(1:43 p.m.)
3	MR. FEDOK: All right. So this is an interview with
4	Lizzette Robles, 1:43 p.m. on March 11, 2015.
5	And Lizzette, can you just start off by spelling your
6	first and last name for us?
7	MS. ROBLES: L-i-z-z-e-t-t-e, Robles, R-o-b-l-e-s.
8	MR. FEDOK: Thank you very much.
9	And I'd just like to go around the room and state who's
10	here. My name is Jason Fedok. I'm with the National
11	Transportation Safety Board.
12	MR. SLUSARSKI: I'm Kelly Slusarski with the Federal
13	Aviation Administration, Airport Certification, safety inspector.
14	MR. PRICCO: Eric Pricco, Delta Operations out of
15	Detroit.
16	MR. JANGELIS: Steven Jangelis, Air Line Pilots
17	Association.
18	MR. RHOADS: Chris Rhoads, LaGuardia Port Authority Ops.
19	MS. COLON: Minerva Colon, Port Authority Operations.
20	MR. FEDOK: And we know you're here with
21	MS. ROBLES: Yes.
22	MR. FEDOK: Thank you very much for being here.
23	INTERVIEW OF LIZZETTE ROBLES
24	BY MR. FEDOK:
25	Q. So, Lizzette, first of all, you're okay with the

1 recording --

2 A. Um-hum.

Q. -- the interview? Thank you very much. And you've chosen Minerva to be your representative because she was also working through that day?

6 A. She was also working that day.

7 Q. Okay.

8 A. So, yes.

9 Ο. Okay. And I just want to talk a little bit about the 10 process of the interview. So I'll talk to you a little bit and 11 then we'll have each person around the room ask questions. This 12 is the NTSB's Airport Operations Group for the investigation, so 13 each of these individuals is from a different organization within 14 the NTSB investigation. And I'll allow each of them some time to 15 ask questions at the end if there's something that I don't cover. 16 Is that okay?

17 A. Sure.

Q. All right. So I think it's probably best if you could just start by talking about the experience of that day, after I ask you a couple of basic questions about, you know, your position and everything like that.

22 A. Okay.

Q. So what is your current position at the Port Authority?
A. I'm an airport duty manager and I handle certification
and training.

Q. And can you give me a little bit more information about
 what your daily duties, what you --

A. Anything certification related. I make sure the staff is trained, operations staff. They go through several different trainings: wildlife, shotgun -- what other training do they have -- kiosk training. I make sure they have their IDs. I make sure that the airports, that we -- any deficiencies that we have on the aeronautical field is attended to, listed.

9 Q. Okay.

10 A. It's hard to describe what I do.

11 Q. No, that's fine. And how long have you been in your 12 current position?

A. I've been here at LaGuardia since 2010. I've been aairport duty manager since 2003.

15 Q. And where you from 2003 to 2010?

16 A. I was at JFK, Kennedy Airport.

17 Q. Were your daily duties over there similar to what they 18 are here?

A. Yes. I also held the certification and training spot there and I was also just a regular airport duty manager, day-today operational functions.

Q. All right. Very good. So with that, can you just talk me through the day of the accident? Start with sort of your involvement with the snow operation, if you were involved in any of the initial briefings and planning stages, and then take me all

1 the way through the accident and post-accident?

2 A. I'm trying to remember that particular day.

Q. I know it's not --

3

A. No. I am part of some of the briefings. I do sit in on the weather briefings sometimes and staffing briefings. A lot of times I'm in the office and I handle putting together snow teams, deciding who may be a lead, who may be a tail. I post it on the board and brief everybody as to what their assignments are for the day.

And after that, I'm in the office. I issue NOTAMs, answer radio calls, field telephone calls, call for snow equipment when the duties in the field or the snow coordinator calls me for equipment. And Minerva's helping with that a lot of times. She's keeping the chrono, answering the radios and also answering phone calls.

16 Q. So take me through the morning of the accident. Do you 17 remember it?

A. In here, doing what we do. I think I had come up with the snow teams. Of course, the coordinator approves whatever teams I put together. You know, he may say no, I want this person to tail instead or, you know, it depends.

22 We were in here keeping the chrono and I was doing the 23 NOTAMs, and first thing we heard was one of our ops supervisors 24 called that there was an aircraft in the north service road fence. 25 And then we sprang into action, jumping and -- getting anything --

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

7

MS. COLON: I called the 100 to respond to the location. She was calling the call, you know, for the airport close, to get closed.

4 MS. ROBLES: I called Doug on my cell phone. I think I 5 talked to the tower first.

6 MS. COLON: Right.

7 MS. ROBLES: I told them that there was a plane in the fence, because they didn't know. Apparently Kevin in the field, 8 9 as soon as he heard the call, and this was all going on 10 simultaneously --11 MS. COLON: He called us back on --12 MS. ROBLES: -- he must've closed 13, runway 13. With 13 that, the tower rings. I picked it up and --14 MS. COLON: Told him the airport's closed. 15 MS. ROBLES: No, at that time I --16 MS. COLON: Told Kevin --17 MS. ROBLES: -- the controller's yelling, we need more 18 time than that to close a runway. But they didn't realize, I 19 And I said we have a plane in guess, at the time what happened. 20 the fence. And with that, I guess --21 MS. COLON: Kevin said, yeah, let's close. 22 MS. ROBLES: -- Kevin eventually closed the airport, 23 like --24 MS. COLON: With the tower.

25 MS. ROBLES: Right. This all happened within minutes.

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

8

1 MS. COLON: Within seconds. MS. ROBLES: 2 Seconds. Seconds, yeah. 3 I made a couple of phone calls. I called the FAA com 4 center. I have a checklist that I use and I -- if I get the checklist, I can tell you exactly pretty much what steps I took, 5 6 but -- I called the com center. I called my management. I called 7 the com center, called -- I issued a NOTAM, airport closed. I think that was all. 8 9 MS. COLON: I called ops units to respond --10 MS. ROBLES: To respond. MS. COLON: -- to the north vehicle service road. 11 12 MS. ROBLES: Yeah. 13 MS. COLON: You know, we had connects in --14 BY MR. FEDOK: 15 Q. Thank you for that. I want to go back through with you 16 and ask some additional questions. So you sit in on the staffing 17 and weather briefings. Is that a routine for you to sit in or is 18 that an occasional thing? 19 Α. It's routine. It depends; depends on what's going on. Sometimes I'm very busy with office things so I don't get to sit 20 21 in. 22 Q. Okay. 23 This is the briefings, the weather briefings. Α. I'm 24 always in on the staff briefings. 25 Q. Okay.

1 Sometimes I call in too, when it's on a off-tour, I may Α. 2 call in and listen in to the weather briefings. But yeah, it's 3 pretty normal for us, listening. 4 Ο. All right. And you are also responsible for assigning positions to the ops staff? 5 6 Α. Yes. 7 And that is done with the concurrence of the snow Ο. coordinator? 8 9 Α. Snow coordinator, yes. 10 In this case it was Kevin Dauwalter, right? Q. 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. Okay. And you post that information on the board. Now, tell me a little bit more about the shifts and how that works. 13

14 When you go to 12-hour shifts, how does that affect you?

15 A. Well, I work from 0600 to 1830.

16 Q. Okay.

A. And then the next -- and most of the other staff comes in at 0630 to 1830. I work 12½ hours. The duties all work and the coordinator works 12½ hours. And then the next shift, 1830 to 0630.

Q. Okay. And at what point is the decision made as far as who's going to be in what vehicles, how many -- and you post the information on the board?

A. As soon as I know what personnel I have on my shift,then I begin to plan out the manpower.

Would that be at 0600 when you get in? 1 Q. 2 Yeah. Usually, since I get in between 0600 and 0630, Α. 3 I'm usually getting the teams together. Okay. Now what -- if there has been ongoing snow 4 Ο. 5 activity prior to your arrival is there a handoff briefing? 6 Α. Yes. 7 How're you going to know what you're stepping into? Ο. 8 There's always a briefing between shifts with the duty Α. 9 managers and whatever managers are here. 10 Q. Okay. 11 We have a briefing. Α. 12 Q. And so the accident happened at 11:00 in the morning? Um-hum. 13 Α. 14 And the snow was, snow category 5 was in effect at 1830 Ο. 15 the day --16 Α. The night before, um-hum. 17 Q. -- the day before, right? 18 Α. Um-hum. 19 So you left as that was being called on, right? Q. Right. I wasn't here for that when it was started. 20 Α. 21 Q. Right. And then you came in at 6:00 and there was handoff briefing from your -- who was in your position for the 22 23 night shift? 24 Α. It was -- I don't remember was it -- I know Jack --25 MS. COLON: They gave Ron --

1 MS. ROBLES: -- Jack was on our tour. 2 MS. COLON: They gave Ron and --3 MS. ROBLES: No, I think ---- Chris -- no, it wasn't Chris. 4 MS. COLON: 5 MS. ROBLES: No, Chris was on --6 MS. COLON: They gave Ron and --7 MS. ROBLES: Fletch (ph.). Fletch. I probably talked to Fletch, because I think Fletch was in the office that day. 8 So 9 I probably talked to him. BY MR. FEDOK: 10 11 Austin Fletch? Q. 12 Α. Yes. He was also on. He was in the office for the 13 night shift. 14 So you took over for Austin Fletch? Ο. Okay. 15 Α. Yes. 16 And what does a handoff briefing consist of? Ο. 17 Α. He may just tell me what's going on in the field, what 18 NOTAMs are in effect. 19 Q. Okay. And I think this day, I think he had them all on the 20 Α. 21 desk. He had printed NOTAMs and had them all on the desk and basically we just -- yeah, we just discussed what's going on at 22 23 that very moment in the field. 24 Okay. And so, you -- tell me about your work station Q. 25 and what sort of equipment you have with you. Because I was up in

your office yesterday, but --1 2 Α. No, we're down here. 3 Ο. You're down here? Okay. 4 Α. We're down here. 5 So this is the radio room right over here apparently? Q. 6 Α. Yes. 7 Okay. Q. 8 Yes. And a lot of times since Minerva's doing the Α. 9 chrono, I let her sit here with the -- in this office, with the --10 With the log and radios and --MS. COLON: MS. ROBLES: -- the logs and mike and --11 12 MS. ROBLES: Right. And I'm in the 9-8 office, which is right across. So we can actually, we actually talk to each other. 13 14 MS. COLON: Scream at each other. 15 MS. ROBLES: Yeah, scream at each other. BY MR. FEDOK: 16 17 Q. And you used the term several times, but what is chrono? 18 Α. The log, the log of the events. The snow --19 MS. COLON: You got to write an airport log. 20 BY MR. FEDOK: 21 Q. Okay. 22 Α. Right. 23 And that's actually data entry on a computer system. Q. 24 MR. FEDOK: You're doing that --25 MS. ROBLES: Yes.

1 MR. FEDOK: You were doing that, Minerva? Okay. 2 And I'm sorry, I should get this for the record, 3 Minerva, what is your position? 4 MS. COLON: I'm a land side duty manager. 5 Land side duty manager. MR. FEDOK: 6 MS. COLON: Supervisor. 7 MS. ROBLES: General operations, I think --8 MS. COLON: General operations supervisor. 9 MS. ROBLES: -- supervisor is actually her official 10 title. 11 MR. FEDOK: General operations? 12 MS. ROBLES: Operations supervisor. 13 MR. FEDOK: Okay. And did you start your shift at 9 as 14 well? 15 MS. COLON: I start -- I work --MS. ROBLES: 6:30. 16 17 MS. COLON: For snow, 6:30. I come in at 6:30. 18 MR. FEDOK: 6:30, okay. All right. 19 BY MR. FEDOK: And so I just want to understand the differences between 20 Q. 21 those two positions. So you're across the hall here and do you, 22 you have access to radio and --23 Yes. Radio, computers. Α. 24 Q. Okay. 25 Everything. Α.

Q. And tell me more about how the radio system works? So you have a discrete operations frequency?

A. Yes. And that's where we do all of our transmissionswith the snow equipment and us.

5 Q. Okay. And so who are you primarily speaking with over 6 the radio?

7 A. Other operations supervisors primarily.

8 Q. And would that be the leads or Kevin or all of the 9 above.

10 A. It could be the leads. Most of the time Kevin.

11 Q. Okay.

A. Most of the time the coordinator, but we'll give the leads information. We'll talk sometimes to the snow desk, even over that frequency.

Q. And what information are you providing to them, are you obtaining and providing?

A. Whatever we get. We may get snow accumulation; we'llgive them that. Surface temperatures, air temperatures.

19 Q. Where does that information come from?

20 A. A computer system we have, Vaisala.

21 Q. Okay.

22 A. And we get the surface temperatures from there.

23 Q. Right. And the sensors that are in the pavement --

A. Exactly. We get it on the --

25 Q. Okay. So you're actively monitoring --

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. -- the computer system, which is receiving information 3 from the sensors?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. And passing that information -- do they have to request 6 it or do you just automatically pass the --

A. They may request it. We may pass it on. If we see something that needs to be -- we're watching it, so if we see temperatures going below freezing or if we see -- we may relay that to them. If we notice a shift, we'll relay that to them. We relay every hour what the snowfall is, accumulation is. So --Q. Okay. And does all that information also go into the

- 13 incident log?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Incident log?
- 16 A. Um-hum.
- 17 Q. Because I was seeing some of that in there.
- 18 A. Yes.

MR. FEDOK: So as you're passing that via radio, Minerva, you would be entering that information?

21 MS. COLON: I have the same information up and I will 22 log it.

- 23 MR. FEDOK: I got it. Okay.
- 24 BY MR. FEDOK:
- 25 Q. And there are also, I'm sure, requests coming to you

1 from Kevin and from --

2 Α. Yes. 3 Ο. -- the ops folks out in the field? What kind of 4 requests do you receive and what do you do with them? 5 They may ask us to, they may need certain snow Α. Depends. 6 equipment to go out. They may need us to coordinate with the 7 tower to get them again up on the runway to do cleaning. 8 Q. Okay. 9 Α. They may ask us to order food. 10 Okay. No, that's fine. Q. 11 Α. The basics. 12 MS. COLON: They might tell us, like, about a location that there's a aircraft maybe had a, you know, noticed something. 13 14 They might say take a look at this taxiway. 15 MS. ROBLES: Something needs to be cleaned more, we may 16 get a call from the airline or something. 17 MS. COLON: Or sometimes a airline, they can get out of 18 their alleyway. 19 MS. ROBLES: They need Mike cleaned or --20 MS. COLON: So they'll call and say we need help over 21 here, the alleyway's blocked up. 22 MS. ROBLES: Right. 23 MS. COLON: Sometimes the contractor didn't do the work 24 so we get our units to respond. 25 MR. FEDOK: Okay. Very good.

BY MR. FEDOK: 1 2 And specifically with communication with the tower, I Q. want to make sure I understand how that -- because I know Kevin 3 4 was saying he can communicate directly with them. 5 He can, on the radio. Α. 6 Ο. And he can also go through you. 7 Right. Α. What is -- is it just a matter of convenience or is 8 Q. 9 there a standard operating procedure protocol for how that 10 information gets transferred? 11 Α. A lot of times he'll call us and we'll call up to the 12 tower on the tower phone. We have a direct line. 13 Ο. Okay. 14 And we talk to them directly and let them know what Α. 15 they're looking for in the field. And then they'll tell us have 16 them standby or we'll contact them on the frequency or they'll 17 give us an idea how long it may be. 18 And we also relay to them what we need. You know, it's 19 urgent that we get on or it's -- you know, let us know when a good 20 time is, when you see a gap or --21 Ο. So this is mostly operational, we want to get on X 22 runway to clean? 23 Α. Right. 24 And they'll put the request into you via radio, you pick Q. 25 up the tower phone --

- 1
- A. Yes.

2 Q. -- notify the tower, and then either they contact them 3 directly via radio or go back through you?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. Okay.

A. They may also give me field conditions over the radio or sometimes he may call me to give me field conditions, meaning the coordinator or the people out in the field.

9 Q. Call you on his cell phone, you mean?

10 A. Sometimes they'll call me on the cell phone.

11 Q. Okay.

A. Sometimes it's easier because we have a lot of -- there may be a lot of chatter on the radio if everybody's out there working, they may be talking to their plows or equipment, so it may be just easier to give me a phone call.

16 Q. And all the radio traffic is over the same frequency? 17 That's what you --

18 A. Pretty much.

19 Q. Okay.

A. Pretty much. We're trying to get another frequency.We're getting on some radios, I believe.

22 Q. But for this is it was on Echo?

23 A. But it was everything was on Echo, yes.

Q. So everyone who's in ops is hearing the field condition reports he's relaying to you at the same time?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. Okay. And then once you get a field condition report,3 for instance, what do you do with it?

A. I usually issue a NOTAM and give it to the tower. If it's something -- sometimes Kevin will relay to them on the frequency what the condition is, but I will always issue a NOTAM, and they get it directly. As soon as I issue the NOTAM, they get a copy of it.

9 Q. Okay. So if you hear a field condition report relayed 10 directly to the tower over -- you're monitoring the tower 11 frequency, I imagine?

12 A. Yes, we are.

13 Q. Is that -- okay. So if you hear him say something, do 14 you put a NOTAM out based on that or --

A. I will talk directly to him before I put a NOTAM out.
Q. All right, do you want me to put a NOTAM out on that,
and then --

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. -- he'll say yes or no?

20 A. Yes.

21 Q. Okay. All right.

A. But he usually would not give them field conditionswithout giving it to us as well.

Q. Okay. And you've been doing this job now for 5 years.Has this been standard operating procedure for snow operations for

Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947 20

1 that whole time? Have there been any changes in procedures or 2 policy or anything? 3 Α. No, not that I can remember, no. 4 Ο. Okay. So this is -- okay. All right. Let's see here. 5 MR. FEDOK: So -- all right. So other than keeping the 6 snow log, Minerva, what are your other duties in this room over 7 here? 8 MS. COLON: Keeping the chrono, transmitting information 9 over the --10 I'm sorry, I may have missed -- the chrono MR. FEDOK: 11 is? 12 MR. RHOADS: The log. 13 MS. COLON: The log. I'm sorry. 14 MR. FEDOK: That's okay. 15 MR. RHOADS: Computerized log. 16 MR. FEDOK: That's all right. I just wanted to make 17 sure I -- you guys have your own terms. 18 MS. COLON: The chrono logs, yes. 19 MR. FEDOK: Yeah, chrono logs. Uh-huh. 20 MS. COLON: I'm keeping that, relaying information over 21 the radio to the troops out there. 22 Okay. On Echo as well? MR. FEDOK: 23 MS. COLON: On Echo. Calling the tower or taking their 24 call, because the phone is in the duties office. Relaying that 25 information to the 100. If they call and say -- you know,

sometimes tower will call and say we're getting a report of -- we 1 have a burn over by taxiway Alpha. We'll have somebody respond. 2 3 So I'll relay that information out to that. 4 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 5 If they call in --MS. COLON: 6 MS. ROBLES: She calls for the weather also. She 7 calls --8 MS. COLON: -- call for the weather to -- MAT weather to 9 get the snowfall. 10 Now on that one, who is the weather source MR. FEDOK: 11 that you use? 12 MS. COLON: MAT weather. 13 MS. ROBLES: MAT weather. 14 MR. FEDOK: MAT weather? 15 MS. COLON: Yes. That's a --16 MS. ROBLES: It's an FAA contractor, I believe. 17 MS. COLON: -- FAA contractor. 18 MR. FEDOK: Okay. And do you know where that weather 19 information comes from? Is that on the airport? 20 MS. COLON: It's on the airport. 21 MS. ROBLES: Yes. They're at the Marine Air Terminal. 22 MR. FEDOK: Oh, Marine Air Terminal? That's what the 23 MAT -- all right. 24 MS. ROBLES: Yes. 25 MS. COLON: I get that information. If they ask for a

special -- you know, sometimes 100 will call or the 9-0 will call 1 2 and say get an updated snowfall amount because they see there's 3 more falling, then I might do that. Radio transmission --MS. ROBLES: Sometimes I'll call in our -- we have a 4 5 meteorologist as well. 6 MS. COLON: Yes. 7 MS. ROBLES: Sometimes I'll call them to get updates, if we want to see, like, how much longer will we be in this heavy 8 9 snowfall or when is it coming, what do they see on their radars? 10 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 11 MS. ROBLES: I may call -- not MAT weather, but our 12 meteorologist. BY MR. FEDOK: 13 14 Okay. And who is the 9-0? Q. 15 Α. That's the airport duty manager that's out in the field, 16 that's the tour. 17 Ο. Okay. And do you know who that would've been? Chris Plunkett. 18 Α. 19 Oh, that's Chris. Q. Okay. 20 Α. Um-hum. 21 Ο. So he's in the car with --22 Α. Yes, with Kevin. 23 -- with Kevin. Okay. And that's another question. Q. Do 24 they handle duties separately? I should've asked them this. But 25 do they handle duties separately or are you always talking to one

1 while the other's driving or --

2 They're usually together. So as I said, one Α. Yeah. 3 person may be driving, the other one's on the phone or --MS. COLON: With us. 4 5 MS. ROBLES: -- relaying. You know, two eyes better 6 than one out there when they're dealing with conditions, field 7 conditions, so --8 BY MR. FEDOK: 9 Ο. Okay. And how often in one of these situations -- I 10 know it's -- they're all different. But how often are new field 11 condition reports coming in to you for NOTAMs? 12 Α. It could be every minute. It could be every few hours. 13 It could be -- it depends on how often they're changing. 14 Q. Okay. 15 Α. So if we're having a heavy rate of snowfall, I expect them to change quicker than if, you know, we're not getting much. 16 17 Q. Got it. All right. And so then, just going to the 18 accident, your first notification of anything wrong was from one 19 of the ops supervisors out there? 20 Α. Yes. Do you remember --21 Ο. 22 Α. Johnny Benedetto. He was the Red Team, working on the 23 east side taxiways. 24 Q. And walk me through your response to that again. I know 25 you did a lot of things real quickly.

1

A. Yeah.

2 The best you can remember, what did you --Ο. I immediately went from my -- I was in the 9-8 office. 3 Α. 4 I came into this office because this is where everything's at. As I said, the tower phone rang almost as soon as I got in there and 5 6 I talked to the controller. And I think I said there's a plane in 7 the fence, as he's yelling at me for closing the runway too quickly. 8 9 I then made phone calls. I remember being on the phone 10 with my manager over at Hanger 7. I directed my communications 11 coordinator to call Delta to get information, find out flight 12 number and pax and all that. So I had -- Minerva was calling, I 13 think, all troops to go to the area to assist. 14 To get the buses --MS. COLON: 15 MS. ROBLES: We got the --16 MS. COLON: -- 78 for the guard posts. 17 MS. ROBLES: Right. We had one of our guys go get the 18 command post. 19 MS. COLON: 6-1 for the command post. 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Was this on the radio? Or were 21 you making calls --22 MS. ROBLES: This was on the radio. 23 MS. COLON: No. No, on the radio. 24 MS. ROBLES: This is all on the radio at this point. 25 The only calls I was made was to my manager and then the com

1 center, as soon as I knew the airline, the flight number -- I 2 don't know if I even remember people at the time that I called 3 then.

And I called the GM's office and left a 4 MS. COLON: 5 message with -- gave the message to her secretary saying, you 6 know, there's been an aircraft incident here, I don't know any 7 more information, the airport is closed. That's all I said, the airport's closed, and that was it. I didn't have any more 8 9 information. 10 MS. ROBLES: Right. You didn't --MS. COLON: 11 She was on the phone with --12 MS. ROBLES: I called Doug Stern, as a matter of fact. 13 That was the person I called. 14 That's your manager (indiscernible)? MR. FEDOK: 15 MS. ROBLES: That's -- yes. He's the --16 MS. COLON: Deputy. 17 MS. ROBLES: -- deputy GM, general manager. And I 18 called him and I basically said I don't have any information, but 19 there's a plane in the fence, and then it went from there. 20 BY MR. FEDOK: 21 Ο. Okay. Is it anybody's responsibility in ops to notify 22 the fire department or does that all go through the tower? 23 It usually goes -- that goes through the tower. Α. 24 MS. COLON: And they call the --25 MS. ROBLES: Yeah, and they --

1UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm sorry, Jay. Which fire2department? Our ARFF or --

3 MR. FEDOK: Yeah.

4 MR. PRICCO: -- New York Fire?

5 MR. FEDOK: Well, that's a good point. You brought up 6 both, but I was specifically referring to the airport, but I will 7 also ask the follow-up question as far as the mutual aid.

8 BY MR. FEDOK:

9 Q. Is there any notifications from ops?

A. No, not from ops. Mutual aid's notified by the police desk. And also by that phone being picked up, it's broadcast to our mutual aid partners.

13 Q. And tell me what is the police desk?

14 A. Port Authority police desk.

15 Q. Where is that located?

16 A. That's at building 137, it's that field.

Q. All right, so you don't notify the police desk. They were going to get notified over the same line that --

19 A. Right.

20 Q. -- the fire department does?

21 A. Right.

22 Q. Okay.

A. Not to say -- I mean, if there was a failure of the
phone system and we know it, we would then --

25 Q. Sure.

- 1 A. -- make a phone call to them.

-		
2	Q. Okay. So the runway was closed. And how do you	
3	again, I'm sorry, I'm getting a little confused. How did the	
4	runway got closed? It got closed by Kevin, right?	
5	A. On frequency. First he closed 1331. And then I got up	
6	to go come to the phone because I said the airport should be	
7	closed because I'm realizing there's a plane in the fence. And as	
8	I'm running in to pick up the line to the tower, Kevin closed the	
9	airport on the frequency.	
10	Q. Okay. And at that point the tower phone rang coming to	
11	you? You were going to pick it up and call them and close	
12	A. I was going to go to let them know the airport was	
13	closed because Kevin called the runway closed.	
14	Q. Right.	
15	A. But then I think he realized what he had. It was within	
16	seconds. And then he closed the airport so I didn't have to; I	
17	never made it to the phone.	
18	Q. But then the phone rang and you picked it up and it was	
19	the tower yelling at you for	
20	A. Oh, that was before. That was actually before.	
21	Q. Oh, okay.	
22	A. I'm sorry. I know it's	
23	Q. That's all right.	
24	A. Right. As soon as Johnny said there's a plane in the	
25	fence, Kevin must've closed the runway, and in that second the	

phone rang, because now they're upset that the runway was closed
 because there was a plane apparently on short climb.

3 Q. Right.

A. So that's when I picked it up and I said there's a plane in the fence. And I now put the phone back down and we were done, and then all the other things started to transpire. Now, Kevin then closed the airport but he didn't --

8 Q. There was a --

9 A. Right, he -- yeah. I mean, it's confusing, I know that. 10 Q. That's all right. I just want to make sure I understand 11 it and don't misstate anything.

A. Between me telling him that there was a plane in the fence, I then was walking out, I guess, to make a notification. And that must've been when Kevin closed the airport. I realized the airport needed to be closed.

Q. And at that point it's automatic for you to put out a NOTAM to that effect? I mean, he didn't call you specifically and tell you to --

19 A. No.

20 Q. -- put out NOTAM. It went over frequency. That's 21 something you --

A. No. I have a checklist that I go through that I created with -- we had another incident a while back and we created a checklist. So literally I pulled out that checklist and it will tell you, in case you forget to do something -- if I'm not here,

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

29

somebody else is doing and they forget to do something, this
 should kind of remind them of what they should do.

Q. And is that checklist specific to an aircraft event, an accident, or is that just any time the runway or airport needs to be closed, this is what you do?

A. No, it's more for an accident or if something's happening out of the norm. You know, you should call maybe the com center and it's to remind you to call the com center, issue a NOTAM, you know, call the managers.

10 Q. And is that in the ACM or is that just a --

11 A. No, that's just --

12 Q. -- standalone list?

13 A. Standalone document, not in the ACM.

14 Q. Can I get a copy of it?

15 A. Yes. I can --

16 Q. Well, not right now, but just --

17 A. -- get it if you want. Yeah.

18 Q. It's something that --

19 A. Yeah, I can.

20 Q. -- be interesting to see how you guys tackle these 21 events that pop up.

MR. RHOADS: Now, I just wanted to -MS. ROBLES: I'll tell you, like, media -MR. RHOADS: -- that was a request for what, Jason?
MR. FEDOK: The checklist used after an accident or

1 incident here at the airport by operations.

2 MS. ROBLES: I mean, we call media. I mean, 3 everything's happening so quickly, so just --4 MR. FEDOK: Right. 5 MS. ROBLES: -- call media, call --6 BY MR. FEDOK: 7 Okay. All right. I think that is everything I have Ο. about the day of the accident. I have a couple of other topics, 8 9 though, I wanted to talk a little bit about because you are the 10 keeper of the training records. Lots of people --11 Α. For operations. 12 Q. For operations, right. Lots of folks here at operations 13 and lots of different trainings that they need to get done and --14 Α. Yes. -- signed off on and all that sort of thing. How do you 15 Ο. 16 handle that? How do you manage that? 17 Α. I put everybody in a spreadsheet and it actually lets me 18 know when they're due, when they're coming due for certain 19 training, and then I arrange their training. And how many different types of trainings -- obviously 20 Q. 21 everyone's in a different position, but what is the --22 Right. Α. 23 -- overall scope of training that you're required to Q. 24 manage? 25 What they get every year is they get kiosk 139 training. Α.

They get wildlife training, shotgun and pyro training. What else?
 Am I forgetting something that they get yearly? I think that's
 basically it yearly that I make sure that they get. And the kiosk
 has everything related to 139, FAR 139, so ARFF and everything.

Q. And specific to snow, the snowplow driver training, are you in charge of that or -- I mean, your ops guys aren't driving the plows, right? But they're --

8 A. Right. No. We lead the equipment.

9 Q. Is there special training for that?

10 Every year we do have training where we bring our Α. 11 supervisors in and they escort the snow equipment on the field. 12 Now, that's -- it's not mandatory that somebody comes in. I mean, if somebody's away on vacation, we won't coordinate a whole 13 14 another day of it. But for the most part our supervisors come in 15 and they get a little bit of training, and the snow equipment, 16 gets to ride out there at night in the dark, which is a different 17 kind of field than in the daytime.

18 Q. So this is after the airport's closed?

A. Yes, after the airport's closed. We usually do 2 nights
 of training.

21 Q. Two nights -- okay.

22 A. Right.

23 MR. RHOADS: Just so I'm straight on this, Jay, when 24 you're talking about plow training --

25 MS. ROBLES: That's a different training.

of the equipment, how to operate it --3 MS. ROBLES: Yes. 4 MR. RHOADS: -- and then there's training on using the 5 equipment on the airfield. 6 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 7 MR. RHOADS: So which training are you asking about? BY MR. FEDOK: 8 9 Ο. Well, I didn't realize the differentiation there. 10 Α. Yes. 11 So talk to me about the differences. You know, one is Q. 12 actually how to use the broom and --13 Α. Right. 14 -- the plow, and the other one is actually driving that Q. 15 vehicle on the airport surfaces? 16 Α. Yes. 17 MR. RHOADS: Because we have set procedures on snow 18 So people are trained on following a lead, being part of removal. 19 a team, what the team's doing. 20 MS. ROBLES: Right. That's what we do, 2 nights. 21 MR. RHOADS: And that's -- so I'll Lizzette pick it up 22 from that. I just wanted to clarify. 23 MS. ROBLES: That's what we do -- just what he said, 24 it's usually 2 nights of that. But the maintenance group 25 supervisors train their people on how to use the actual equipment, Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

MR. RHOADS: -- there's training on the actual operation

1

2

33

1 how to use the, you know, plows and --

2 BY MR. FEDOK: 3 Ο. So, yeah, so I'm definitely more interested in the 4 training that you do then. So you actually take people out there 5 at night and make them do the formations and --6 Α. We -- right. We simulate what we, simulate things --7 -- the right speeds and all that sort of thing? Ο. 8 MS. COLON: Yeah. 9 MR. RHOADS: Yes. 10 BY MR. FEDOK: 11 I see. Okay. So that would involve the maintenance Q. 12 employees --Α. 13 Yes. 14 -- driving those vehicles, as well as your managers and Q. 15 folks driving leads and tails and that sort of thing? 16 Α. Yes. Yes. 17 Ο. Okay. And that's done, you said, 2 nights? 18 Α. Usually 2 nights in maybe September, October. 19 MS. COLON: One in September; one in October. 20 MS. ROBLES: Maybe October usually. 21 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 22 MS. ROBLES: Yeah, around the October time frame. Ι think we moved it up a little because we've been getting snow in 23 24 October, which we hadn't usually been getting, so we moved it up. 25 BY MR. FEDOK:

Q. Okay. And is that, you said -- is that the training
 that wasn't mandatory or --

A. Yeah, that's not mandatory. That's something that we do to get, you know, people out there and just before the snow season.

Q. Okay. So if I was a new person, would it be possible I
would go out in the field without that training or would --

8 MS. COLON: No.

9 MR. FEDOK: No?

10 MS. COLON: No.

11 MS. ROBLES: Well --

12 MS. COLON: No, you do OJT training.

13 MS. ROBLES: You do OJT -- without the training of

14 leading the equipment.

15 MR. FEDOK: Right.

16 MS. COLON: Right.

17 MS. ROBLES: Yeah, you -- right. Because if you --

18 BY MR. FEDOK:

19 Q. And you would have to ride along with someone?

A. Let's say you started here in January, you might not get -- yes, you would ride along with someone. You wouldn't just be -- you're never just thrown out there.

23 Q. All right.

A. Never. When I make my plan of who's going to ride, I've taken their experience into account, who they're with. If I have

1 -- right, if have newer people, I try to let them either sit in 2 the car -- usually they're sitting in the car with a more 3 experienced person.

Q. And you try to keep people on the same teams, so Blue on Blue, Green on Green, so that the ops supervisors are familiar with --

7 A. You mean all the time? No, not necessarily.

8 Q. No?

9 A. It depends on -- I may have a different mix of people, 10 so they may -- you know, I may have different duty managers, so 11 they may be on different teams.

12 Q. Okay.

A. But they're -- I mean, the Blue and the Green Team are pretty much the same, you know, but -- so --

Q. So is there any required training, FAA-required training on snow operations that operations provide?

17 A. It's in our kiosk training.

18 Q. It is in the kiosk training. Okay.

A. And they get that initially when they start. And then we also have them, during snow operations, going out there and being with a team, in a vehicle training.

22 Q. That's the OJT aspect?

23 A. That's -- it is, yes.

24 Q. Okay. Is that a --

A. Is that something that's documented? I wouldn't say

1 it's formally documented. Because somebody could be trained and 2 not -- we may not have had a snowfall. So they may not --3 MS. COLON: Have actually worked the season, so --4 MS. ROBLES: Right. Right. But they do get driver training out in the field. That they get, but nothing --5 6 MS. COLON: But it's something you keep in your head 7 when we make out teams --8 MS. ROBLES: That's another training that I --9 MS. COLON: -- oh, he's never really worked a full snow So they'll figure out, you know, who to put them with or 10 season. 11 -- to get OJT. 12 MR. FEDOK: Okay. Yeah. 13 MS. ROBLES: No, we never throw anybody out there, and 14 if somebody's not comfortable, they're not out there. And they're 15 always with an experienced person. Always. 16 MR. RHOADS: Yeah. Jason, again, just for 17 clarification, not necessarily being responsive --18 MR. FEDOK: Um-hum. 19 MR. RHOADS: Every person operating equipment out on the field is field trained with regard to what we called Driver-2 --20 21 MS. ROBLES: Driver training. 22 MR. RHOADS: -- DR-2 training. 23 MS. ROBLES: Right. 24 MR. RHOADS: And that is the training that qualifies, you know, people like myself, anyone, for driving in the movement 25

1 area. So that part is done, and that's recurrent. It's --

MR. FEDOK: And that's a FAA-required annual training?
MR. RHOADS: For driving in the movement area.
MR. FEDOK: Right.

5 MR. RHOADS: Yeah. Then maintenance undergoes specific 6 training to the equipment, how to operate a multi-function, how to 7 operate, you know, the plows and such. And people become seasoned 8 in that the way anybody becomes seasoned in anything; they're out 9 there, they do snow.

10 The way we staff equipment is we always staff in twos. 11 So we have a driver and we have what we call a shotgun, person 12 riding in the cab. That's done for two reasons, primarily. The 13 driver, of course, being trained specifically on the operation of 14 the equipment, the shotgun also can be trained on the operation of 15 that equipment, but of course they're not driving it. But they 16 are there for a heightened situational awareness, eyes and ears, monitoring the radio. We want the team leads and the tails the 17 18 same. And they're also being trained. And this is how we sustain 19 the level of training so that we're very sensitive to, of course, 20 putting somebody out on the field behind the wheel of a plow that 21 hasn't done this before. Okay? So we prevent that from 22 happening, in part, by these kinds of pairings, okay? And this is 23 all training that really is coordinated by the maintenance 24 department, okay?

And what I heard Lizzette referring to, as far as the

25

1 2 nights or 3 nights every year, we take them out and we simulate 2 the actual snow, and there's a snow plan, actually with arrows and 3 such. I don't know how updated this is. I can let you look at 4 it.

MR. FEDOK: Okay.

5

6 MR. RHOADS: And then we run them -- we call it a snow 7 rodeo. We run them through the paces. We do that all night. 8 Then the training specific to the lead and the tail, 9 that's us; that's operations. Those are all field supervisors 10 doing that.

11 MR. FEDOK:

MR. RHOADS: And they're trained in that regard and we handle that training. Operations handles that training. So that's all --

right.

15 MR. FEDOK: And is that part of the 139 kiosk that you 16 referred to, that training?

MS. ROBLES: The driver training? The DR-2 training?
18 That is --

MR. FEDOK: Are we talking apples and apples here? MR. RHOADS: DR-2 training is the actual operation of snowplow equipment and such.

MS. ROBLES: No, that's just for the snow equipment. But when we use DR-2 for our ID, that's a different -- we make sure that our guys --

25 MR. RHOADS: Now, I want to be -- make sure that you're

getting the answer to what you're asking. The DR-2 training is 1 2 The training to operate snow equipment and snowplow is FAA. 3 specific to operating equipment. I believe that is not FAA. 4 MR. FEDOK: Right. 5 MR. RHOADS: Okay? But because they operate that 6 equipment out in the movement area and in the airfield, they are 7 FAA-qualified to be out in the airfield. 8 MR. FEDOK: Okay. Okay. Yes. So it's --9 MS. ROBLES: But we have --BY MR. FEDOK: 10 Everyone driving a vehicle, whether it's an ops vehicle 11 Q. 12 or a snowplow, has gone through the FAA-required --13 Α. Training. 14 -- driver training? Q. 15 Α. Yes. They've gone through either --16 The records for the maintenance guys would be kept in Ο. 17 maintenance. The records for the operations --18 Α. The records for their snowplow and snow equipment 19 training is in maintenance. I have all the driver training 20 records. 21 Ο. Okay. 22 That's the one training that I didn't mention that I'm Α. 23 also responsible for. So the snow -- some of the snowplow guys, 24 they may have Driver-1 training and they're -- when they're 25 driving that equipment, they're being led by somebody that has

1 Driver-2, movement-area qualified.

2 That's what I was getting --Ο. 3 Α. They're movement-area qualified. So not every snowplow driver, maintenance employee, 4 Ο. necessarily needs to be a DR-2? 5 6 Α. No. They don't all have to be DR-2. 7 You can be a DR-1 as long as you're being led by a DR-2Ο. ops lead? 8 9 Α. Yes. I believe -- and I'm not sure if they, I'm not 10 sure how maintenance does it. They do have people that are DR-2 11 qualified and DR-1 qualified. So I'm not sure how they pair them 12 up. 13 Q. Okay. 14 But you don't have to be DR-2 qualified to drive the Α. 15 equipment because you're being led by --Got it. 16 Ο. 17 Α. -- a movement-area qualified operations supervisor at 18 all times. MR. RHOADS: And we'll pick it up with maintenance. 19 My understanding is that to the extent that we can -- because we go 20 21 through retirements in -- head count. To the extent that we can, and I think we do it 100 percent, the DR-2 person is actually the 22 23 person driving the equipment, okay? 24 BY MR. FEDOK:

25 Q. And those records are kept by you?

1 I can -- yes, I have DR-2 records. We keep them for 2 Α. 2 years and then we have the 139 kiosk training is their annual 3 recurrent training. They must go through the 139 training yearly 4 if they have Driver-2. 5 So Driver-2, it's like a driver's license? Once you get Ο. 6 it, you've got it, and as long as you keep doing the annual 7 recurrent --8 Α. Every year. 9 Ο. -- training, you don't have to go back to driver's 10 school? 11 Right. Right. Α. 12 Q. Okay. 13 You have to do it every year. Α. 14 Okay. And you keep records for who's gotten their DR-2 Q. 15 for a couple years. So for --16 Α. Yes. 17 Ο. -- the long-term ops supervisors, you're not going to have records of them --18 19 Α. Not of their initial DR-2 training. 20 Q. Right. Got it. 21 Α. No. But I have their annual recurrent training. 22 Okay. And while I have you here, I just want to -- we Q. 23 had requested a whole lot of training records? 24 Α. Um-hum. 25 And you guys supplied those, and I just wanted to --Q.

1	Α.	I think those are for the drivers, I believe.
2	Q.	I need you just sort of walk me through this form. I'm
3	sorry, you	u guys can't all see it, but I'll share
4	Α.	That's the snow now, that's the maintenance form.
5	That's the	em training their drivers on the snow equipment.
6	Q.	Okay.
7	Α.	This is not the driver training. This is their snow
8	equipment	training.
9	Q.	So this is all from maintenance?
10	Α.	From maintenance.
11	Q.	Okay.
12	Α.	This is their snow equipment training.
13	Q.	On how to
14	Α.	How to operate the Oberhaus (ph.) and the Vammas, the
15	high-speed	d plows.
16	Q.	Okay.
17	Α.	The trucks.
18	Q.	All right. So this is not under your purview?
19	Α.	No, it's not.
20	Q.	This is a whole separate
21	Α.	Right.
22	Q.	Okay. Got it. So I guess what I would request, then,
23	are the t	raining records that you have
24	Α.	I have them.
25	Q.	for those folks? And we can put that in

And that's for when you say "of those folks," the ops 1 Α. 2 people? You want --3 MR. RHOADS: She has the training records for operations --4 5 MS. ROBLES: I have all the operations. 6 MR. FEDOK: Anyone who's been through the 139 kiosk 7 training, the annual training --8 MS. ROBLES: Yes. 9 MR. FEDOK: -- you have --10 MS. ROBLES: Right. Any of the maintenance people, if 11 they have DR-2, I have their kiosk records. 12 MR. FEDOK: Yes. 13 MS. ROBLES: You cannot renew your ID without going 14 through that 139 training. 15 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 16 MS. ROBLES: So if I don't do my training every year --She doesn't get them --17 MS. COLON: 18 MS. ROBLES: -- my ID expires and I can't get a new ID. 19 In order to get your ID, you have to show proof -- you have to give proof that you've taken this training before they will renew 20 21 your ID, so nobody slips through the cracks. 22 BY MR. FEDOK: 23 And so how is that -- physically a piece of paper that Q. 24 you print out? 25 It is a piece of paper that prints out of the computer. Α.

1 Q. And then you take that to someone --

2 A. Right. When I'm getting --

3 Q. -- who will renew your ID?

A. Right. When -- let's say, she's going to renew her ID.
She has to take the kiosk training. She'll bring me that paper.
I'll fill out her renewal form for her ID. She takes that form,
along with the kiosk printout, to the ID office in order to get
her ID renewed.

9 Q. I got it. I think I got it. Well, other than the 10 recurrent driver training, what other trainings are incorporated 11 into 139 kiosk training? Is that sort of a --

12 A. Everything under -- everything covered under --

13 Q. Everything that's required by 139 and --

14 A. Right. Markings, writings, signs, our wildlife.

Q. It's a one-stop shop for all your required 139 training?
A. Yes. Snow and ice control. All of that is under our
kiosk training.

Q. Okay. So I guess then, after all of that, I would like to request 139 kiosk training records for all operations personnel.

A. I got that in my office. Is that something that you want to come and look at? I mean, I have them all --

23 Q. Is it electronically?

A. I don't have them electronically.

25 Q. All right.

1 I have binders with everybody's --Α. 2 MR. RHOADS: That's a huge --3 MR. FEDOK: Yeah. Yeah. 4 MR. RHOADS: -- (indiscernible). 5 MS. ROBLES: Yeah. 6 MR. FEDOK: Let me go up and we'll see what you have and 7 I'll be able to --8 MS. ROBLES: I can do -- I could probably do a printout. 9 I could show you the spreadsheet that I have. I can probably do a 10 printout from the kiosk database maybe. But I can show you my 11 records. MR. FEDOK: Okay. I'll take a look at them --12 13 MR. RHOADS: And again, Jay, just so I'm clear, because 14 I'm tracking the requests. 15 MR. FEDOK: Yeah. 16 MR. RHOADS: You want the DR-2 training record for all 17 the ops personnel on duty during that tour March 5th, or do you 18 want it for all ops personnel at the airport? Which --19 MR. FEDOK: Yeah, that's much, much bigger. I'll start with the subset of people who were on duty for that shift, yeah. 20 21 MR. RHOADS: Okay. 22 MR. FEDOK: And I'll come up and take a look and see --23 MS. ROBLES: My records just went through an FAA 24 certification. 25 I was going to say --MR. FEDOK:

1 MS. ROBLES: They're all waiting for you to look at. 2 MR. FEDOK: -- I was going to say, you guys have just 3 been through this rodeo. 4 MS. ROBLES: They're all ready. 5 MR. RHOADS: So that would be for that 12 shift, that 6 dayshift --7 MS. ROBLES: Yeah, it's about 65, 70 --8 MR. RHOADS: -- for March 5th? 9 MR. FEDOK: Yeah. 10 MR. RHOADS: Okay. 11 MR. FEDOK: And you just said 65, 70 people? 12 MS. ROBLES: About 65. What was it, 65 ops 13 supervisors we have? 14 Well, ops --MS. COLON: 15 MR. FEDOK: That were on duty or --16 MS. ROBLES: No, not on duty. That was --17 MS. COLON: We have 62 at this time. 18 MR. FEDOK: Sixty-five's the total amount of ops folks? 19 MS. COLON: We had about 22 on duty. 20 MS. ROBLES: Yeah, that I probably have folders for. 21 MR. FEDOK: Okay. MS. ROBLES: 22 Yeah. 23 MS. COLON: Twenty-two on duty. 24 MR. FEDOK: Okay. 25 MS. ROBLES: Yeah, about -- probably about --

1 MS. COLON: Twenty-two. We have 22 to 25. 2 MS. ROBLES: We could look at the sign-in sheet and get 3 that. Um-hum. MS. COLON: 4 5 MR. FEDOK: All right. I've sufficiently confused 6 myself and my list of where I am. So what I'm going to do is I'm 7 going to let these gentlemen ask some follow-up questions and make 8 sure I've hit everything that I've wanted to. MS. ROBLES: Okay. 9 10 MR. FEDOK: Kelly, you can go right ahead. 11 MR. SLUSARSKI: Thank you. 12 BY MR. SLUSARSKI: 13 Ο. So I'm Airport Certification Safety Inspector. You just 14 went through the inspection. Was it --15 Α. Yes, in February. 16 -- was it Evelyn, by chance? Or --Ο. 17 Α. It was actually Frank Loprano. 18 Ο. Frank? 19 And -- yeah. Well, and Debbie, that I --Α. Debbie? 20 Q. 21 Α. -- she worked with him in his office, but she's not an 22 inspector. 23 Okay. So I was kind of curious. Just a couple quick Q. 24 questions. Digital NOTAMs, is that what you guys are using? 25 Α. Yes.

1 Q. Okay. So you guys -- and you issue those? 2 Yes. Α. 3 Ο. You guys are issuing those directly? 4 Α. Um-hum. 5 Do you do any other notifications to air carries? Q. 6 Faxes, emails? 7 We -- about field conditions? Α. 8 Yes. Yeah, any, like, supplemental ones that might not Q. 9 qo out on a NOTAM? It's --10 No. Pretty much the NOTAM is -- if we have a field Α. 11 condition, it's going to be transmitted by NOTAM. 12 Q. Purely by NOTAM? Okay. 13 Yes. We have Aerobon (ph.), if I think they can --Α. 14 MS. COLON: Chatem (ph.). 15 MS. ROBLES: -- we can talk to them. Chatem. There's a 16 chat line there. 17 BY MR. SLUSARSKI: 18 Q. Okay. 19 That's pretty much how -- and we always offer the Α. airlines that can send their pilots out to see field conditions. 20 21 Ο. Sure. They can send any personnel they want. We're happy to 22 Α. 23 take them out to see. 24 Q. Okay. And you mentioned you guys have your own 25 meteorologist. Is it you're contracted with him? Is he --

A. We hav

1

We have a contract with CompuWeather.

2 Q. Oh, CompuWeather? Okay.

A. And a meteorologist is available for us to talk to if wehave any questions for them.

Q. Okay. And so and I just kind of go back through the events. It sounds like what happened is you said Johnny, who was working on the taxiways, was first called, I am assuming, on the ops radio?

9 A. Yes, on the ops radio.

Q. And so you heard that and I'm assuming Kevin heard that? And then that's when you started making those telephone calls with the tower and Kevin called the tower over the radios?

MS. COLON: I called Kevin when I heard that. I said, 14 100, do you copy the last -- can you respond over to the -- I 15 didn't even say that. I said, "100, can you respond to 1331?" 16 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. All right.

17 MS. COLON: And then from there it went on. She went 18 next.

MS. ROBLES: I went, yeah. When I heard the call from Johnny, I went in the office, and that's when I think the controller called. Because Kevin must've just closed 13 at that point.

23 BY MR. SLUSARSKI:

24 Q. Okay. Oh, and he called --

25 A. Over the frequency. Now, he called it over the

1 frequency.

2 Ο. Kevin did? 3 MS. COLON: Yes. Meanwhile the -- now the controller 4 MS. ROBLES: Yes. 5 calls us over the line to say we need more time than that to close 6 the runway. 7 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 8 MS. ROBLES: And that's when I said we have a plane in 9 the fence and hung up. Now I'm walking away and then I think I 10 realize Kevin said over our frequency 1331's closed. 11 MS. COLON: Closed. 12 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. MS. ROBLES: And that's when I said we need to close the 13 14 And I started in and within that couple of seconds, he airport. 15 actually closed the airport on frequency. 16 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 17 MS. ROBLES: And we heard it, so I didn't pick back up 18 the phone, but that's what happened. 19 BY MR. SLUSARSKI: 20 Okay. And in -- my understanding is that Kevin then Q. 21 requested the tower to call ARFF, aircraft rescue? Do you know --22 that's what you mean? 23 Α. I --24 Okay. Do you know who notified ARFF or how that Q. occurred? You don't? Okay. 25 That's fine.

I don't. At that moment, I mean, to be honest -- I 1 Α. 2 mean, I know because I was told -- I know that my manager, who I 3 called right away, I know he called the captain. 4 Ο. Okay. But just procedurally? Right. Procedurally, no, I can't say the --5 Α. 6 MR. RHOADS: I have the answer to the question. 7 MR. SLUSARSKI: Oh, we're going to interview you next. 8 MS. ROBLES: No, if you're asking me if I could say 9 right then how they were notified, I couldn't. 10 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. That's fine. 11 MS. COLON: Me either. 12 MR. SLUSARSKI: And two other questions I had. You 13 mentioned sometimes you get calls to clean, like, the alleyways 14 and so forth? 15 MS. COLON: Sometimes they call in and they'll say 16 something, are the alleyways blocked? There's a high berm. 17 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 18 MS. COLON: You know, so we'll have to have one of the 19 supervisors go out there, check out the situation. 20 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 21 MS. COLON: So then we could get it --22 MS. ROBLES: To resolve it. 23 MS. COLON: -- get the aircraft into their gate. 24 MR. SLUSARSKI: And how do you resolve that? Do you 25 send just any team? The closest team nearby or --

1 MS. COLON: No, we have an east team and a west team on 2 the taxiway. 3 MR. SLUSARSKI: All right. 4 MS. COLON: So the White Team is usually the west side. 5 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 6 MS. COLON: So if it's something on west side, which 7 very rarely is --8 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 9 MS. ROBLES: Or we'll call the coordinator and say --10 MS. COLON: Right. 11 MS. ROBLES: -- this what we have --12 MS. COLON: Or take a look. MS. ROBLES: -- and then they'll know who to send. 13 14 Right. I could call for the 100 or the 9-0 MS. COLON: 15 to check the location. 16 MR. SLUSARSKI: Do you know that day did any -- did you 17 get any calls? Did you send any -- are you aware of any? 18 MS. COLON: I don't recall any. 19 MS. ROBLES: I'm not aware of any --20 MS. COLON: Not that day, no. 21 MS. ROBLES: -- problems with berms or anything, no. 22 MS. COLON: Yeah. 23 MS. ROBLES: Not at all. 24 BY MR. SLUSARSKI: 25 Okay. And I had one other one. Where'd it go? Oh, do Q.

1 you know, right before the incident, was there -- were they 2 getting ready to take the runway again? Or was there any --3 Α. They were in position. You had coordinated --4 5 MS. COLON: Right. 6 MS. ROBLES: -- actually on the phone with the tower. 7 MS. COLON: I had just called the tower. MR. SLUSARSKI: Oh, you did? 8 9 MS. COLON: -- 100 called me and said let the tower 10 know --11 MS. ROBLES: Blue Team's standing by. 12 MS. COLON: -- he had taken -- yeah, right. He had 13 taken over the Blue Team, or he was telling me the Blue Team is 14 standing by to get onto the runway. 15 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 16 MS. COLON: And the Blue Team was still standing by at 17 the approach end to get onto the runway. 18 MS. ROBLES: At Double Delta, if I'm not mistaken --19 MS. COLON: Yes. 20 MS. ROBLES: -- to get onto the runway. I remember 21 that. 22 MS. COLON: And five pieces of equipment --23 MS. ROBLES: So they could work out a gap. MS. COLON: I can't remember. Yes, they were waiting on 24 25 a gap, so --

1 MS. ROBLES: And we monitor, I don't know if I told --2 we monitor the PIREPS in the office too. I don't know if I 3 mentioned that --4 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (indiscernible) action reports? 5 MS. COLON: Right. 6 MS. ROBLES: -- we mentioned that. 7 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. And what were the PIREPS coming 8 in there? Did you have any that were poor? 9 MS. ROBLES: No. There was one that called, he said, 10 fair. 11 MS. COLON: Fair. 12 MS. ROBLES: And then I think he was turning off at Mike and said --13 14 MS. COLON: It was poor. 15 MS. ROBLES: -- Mike was poor, meaning the taxiway. 16 That's how we took it, meaning the taxiway at that point. But we 17 did get a fair. And then the next --18 MS. COLON: Two goods. 19 MS. ROBLES: -- aircraft landing and reported good. And 20 then another aircraft landed and reported good. And we had those 21 goods just prior to --22 MS. COLON: No --23 MS. ROBLES: -- 1086 coming in --24 MS. COLON: Right. Well, there was another aircraft 25 that landed afterwards, but he didn't give no report.

1 MS. ROBLES: Okay. Yeah, I didn't --2 MS. COLON: Yeah. 3 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 4 MS. COLON: I think, yeah, because it went fair --5 MS. ROBLES: We had a fair and we had -- I know we had 6 two goods. I don't know --7 MS. COLON: It was two Uniteds. 8 MR. SLUSARSKI: Okay. 9 MS. COLON: That's what remember, two Uniteds -- what's 10 the first one we had? 11 MR. FEDOK: That's all right. Don't struggle with it. 12 We got that --13 MR. SLUSARSKI: Yeah, yeah. 14 MR. FEDOK: -- documented already --MS. ROBLES: Okay. 15 16 MR. FEDOK: -- from Kevin and from other sources, so --17 MS. COLON: I can't remember. 18 MR. FEDOK: That's okay. 19 MR. SLUSARSKI: No, that's great. And I --20 MS. ROBLES: Because, you know, there's so much going on 21 at the time that --22 MR. SLUSARSKI: Yeah. 23 MS. ROBLES: -- trying to put it all --24 MR. SLUSARSKI: I think that's all I have right now. 25 Jason did a real good job. A lot of the questions I had, I was

1 able to answer.

2		MR. FEDOK: Eric?
3		MR. PRICCO: Just a couple.
4		BY MR. PRICCO:
5	Q.	Going back to the assignments, you're not making any
6	assignmer	its for the maintenance?
7	Α.	No.
8		MS. COLON: Negative.
9		MS. ROBLES: I'm no.
10		BY MR. PRICCO:
11	Q.	Okay.
12	Α.	Just the people that lead the crews out there, the teams
13	out there	e.
14	Q.	And during that event, no concerns of people that you
15	were assi	gning as
16	Α.	No.
17		MS. COLON: No.
18		MS. ROBLES: No.
19		MS. COLON: The only thing we might make is, we might
20	Kevin mic	ght say I need five plows. Just say, like an example
21		MS. ROBLES: Right. We'll call for equipment from our
22	maintenar	nce and we'll make
23		MS. COLON: And we'll tell them what we need. We don't
24	know who'	s driving
25		BY MR. PRICCO:

1 Q. And then they'll --

2 A. Right.

3 Q. Okay.

A. But as far as making and the teams, if I have a concern, 5 I wouldn't put them out there.

6 MR. RHOADS: Well, just one quick. When you say were 7 there any concerns. You're asking them if they had any concerns 8 about our ops people or any of the maintenance people?

9 MS. ROBLES: That's how I took it.

10 BY MR. PRICCO:

11 Q. Ops?

12 A. That's how I took it. Ops.

13 Q. Ops, yeah.

14 A. Yes. No, not at all. I had no --

Q. And then you had mentioned the checklist that you use.
Was that something that you created?

17 A. It's something that I created. It was --

18 Q. And then but everyone uses it, or just you as a best 19 practice?

A. Well, it's used if there's an incident. Thank God, since I had created it, there were no other incidents prior to this one where we had to use it. I think I created it after Southwest.

24 MS. COLON: After Southwest.

25 MS. ROBLES: And it was so that we wouldn't miss

1 anything. We wouldn't miss --

2 MR. PRICCO: Yeah.

3 MS. ROBLES: -- any step.

4 MS. COLON: Protocol.

5 BY MR. PRICCO:

6 Q. So if you're not here, the other person knows --

7 A. Right.

8 Q. -- to utilize it?

9 A. Anybody could grab that checklist and they should know, 10 okay, let me call the com center. Let me issue a NOTAM. Let me 11 get the airline information. Just in case, because it gets crazy 12 in here and sometimes you got to pull yourself back in to focus on 13 what you need to get.

Q. You had mentioned, and then we had discussed, Kevin, the snow coordinator, making the communication of the closures. Is it frequently that the snow coordinator goes right to the CAB or is it usually funneled through your desk, as far as NOTAMs?

18 A. NOTAMS? They usually --

19 Q. Field conditions? Anything that's going to drive a 20 NOTAM or a decision?

A. Most of the time he'll, to my knowledge, he'll call me and tell me what the updated field condition is, and I'll --

23 Q. Relay?

A. I'll, yeah, I'll issue a NOTAM. Now, he may give it to the tower over the frequency or by phone. I can't answer that.

1 Q. The tracking log, do you document times on, times off? 2 Do you know exactly where -- what's been cleaned, taxiways, 3 runways? Well, I monitor the radio and I try and get, 4 MS. COLON: 5 you know, from that --6 MS. ROBLES: It's approximate times. 7 MS. COLON: -- approximate time because --MS. ROBLES: But close enough, usually. 8 9 MS. COLON: -- you know, and most teams when they start 10 an operation, I'm not saying it's 100 percent, they will call and 11 say ops team, Team Blue has three pieces, 1331; or Team Green has, 12 you know, five multis, two plows and a Vammas, you know, 422. You 13 know, and then I will document that they have five pieces. 14 Sometimes I will actually document four plows, two Vammas, you 15 know --16 BY MR. PRICCO: 17 Q. Is there a SOP requirement for them to make that 18 notification or communication once they go on or --19 Well, we should know. They should call us and we should Α. 20 be listening. We call for the equipment, pretty much. 21 Ο. Yeah. So we know they're looking for Green Team to have four 22 Α. 23 multis and two plows. But just to confirm it, because suppose 24 they get out there and a multi breaks down. 25 MS. COLON: Right.

MS. ROBLES: They should let us know we only have three multis, one broke down. They would relay to us because we don't have eyes on the field in here, so they relay to us what's actually going on.

5 MS. COLON: If they lose a piece of equipment because it 6 breaks down, they'll call and say, you know, we just lost -- you 7 know, this equipment is out; call the snow bus so we can get, you 8 know, it handled, meet them over the staging area.

BY MR. PRICCO:

Q. And then moving towards the training, the OJT. You mentioned that it's not documented. How, I guess, how do you track that or if someone gets hired on, you know --

A. Okay. If somebody -- because I deal with all the training, so I know -- we know who's new and who's not. I mean, we know. You know that. We just -- we have guys in training now, so we're not going to put them out on the equipment. They can't go out there.

18 MS. COLON: They can't -- they're not driving by 19 themselves. They would --

20 MS. ROBLES: Right.

21

9

BY MR. PRICCO:

22 Q. Is there a timeline of what you determine --

A. There's a documentation of their training. There's a documentation of their training. I think you were asking about taking them out, like, on the snow runs?

1 Q. Yeah.

A. Right. No. Other than they'll -- she may have it in the log if somebody's --

4 MS. COLON: OJT.

5 MS. ROBLES: -- riding shotgun with someone else. 6 She'll have that in, we'll have that in the log.

7 MR. PRICCO: Okay.

8 MR. RHOADS: And, I'm sorry, you're talking about ops 9 people?

10 MR. PRICCO: Ops, yeah.

11 MS. ROBLES: Ops, yes.

12 BY MR. PRICCO:

Q. And then just one last question. You had mentioned Aerobon chat. Do you frequently use that, and is that with the FAA? Is that with the airlines?

16 A. No, it's airlines.

17 MS. COLON: Airlines.

18 MS. ROBLES: Airlines, pretty much.

19 BY MR. PRICCO:

20 Q. Is there any protocol or SOP around what's communicated 21 within the Aerobon chat? Or just --

22 A. Not that I know of any --

23 MS. COLON: No.

24 MS. ROBLES: No SOP on it, no.

25 MR. PRICCO: Okay. Thank you.

1

BY MR. JANGELIS:

2 Q. How we doing? You doing okay?

3 A. Good.

4 Q. Doing great. Just a couple questions that I have.

5 A. Okay.

Q. The handoff brief that you had with Mr. Fletch, is that7 logged or recorded or documented anywhere?

8 A. No. It's --

9 Q. Okay. And you've been doing this for a while and, you 10 know, you get the phone calls that come in. How often do you 11 think that the calls were coming in, in your opinion? Were they 12 busy that -- was it a busy day? Were there a lot of --

13 A. When you're saying the calls, what calls?

Q. Calls from the field saying -- giving you condition reports and updating the NOTAMs. Was that more often than usual?

- 16 A. No.
- 17 MS. COLON: No.
- 18 BY MR. JANGELIS:

19 Q. So it was an average snow day?

20 A. It was average. It was --

21 Q. Just comes in on the hour?

A. Right. I don't think conditions were -- at that point were changing rapidly or anything. I remember I probably issued -- I have the NOTAMs here. I think I issued about four. I issued like -- a few, but they weren't changing rapidly at that

1 time before the incident happened.

2	Q. Okay.
3	A. Because I'll even you know, my position, I'll even
4	ask if I think a sufficient amount of time has passed and maybe
5	something has changed, I'll ask. I'll ask for a phone call and
6	I'll say, anything changed? Do I need to update NOTAMs? And
7	because that's my job, to remind them in case of anything; is
8	there anything that's changed out there that I need to know?
9	Q. Which was that's good.
10	A. There was nothing.
11	Q. Do you usually receive the calls and condition reports
12	after a runway sweep is completed, after they finish the runway?
13	Will you get a call on that or
14	A. If there's a change. If they feel there's a change,
15	yes. For conditions, you're saying?
16	Q. Yes.
17	A. Yes. If
18	Q. I mean, if there's snow on the ground and they go out
19	and remove it, do they normally call you and give you an update?
20	A. Yeah. If they feel that there's a major change, yes.
21	If there's a but not every time they clear, they don't call us.
22	Q. Oh, they do not call every time the clear?
23	A. Not they call and let her know that the equipment's
24	cleared off the field.
25	Q. Understood.

A. But they may not call me with an updated field condition
 every time they clear because it may not have changed that much.

3 Q. I see.

A. You know, it may still be between, let's say, thin and an eighth of an inch or a quarter inch. It may still be around that.

7 Q. I understand. Okay.

A. They'll call also if they make a change, like, if they put chemical down or if they just broom it. They'll let me know if there's a change. Because if they put chemical down, I then have to issue the NOTAM saying, even if the condition is the same, I have to say now it's deiced solid and sand, or deiced liquid in the case of the taxiways.

Q. Okay. Is there any special training, whether it's FAA required or LaGuardia required, Port Authority required for special training on condition reporting?

A. Special training? No. We get it in our OJT, prettymuch.

Q. Okay. And is there a syllabus or a style of training or is it someone -- I mean, you say it's OJT, so it's obviously someone showing them that.

22 A. Right.

Q. But I mean, when we do condition reporting, it's just someone's passed down to the next person down the line, according to (indiscernible)?

> Free State Reporting, Inc. (410) 974-0947

65

A. Yeah, I mean we have the ACs that kind of break it down, and some of the people look at the ACs often and that's what we go by pretty much.

Q. And you guys, like, trust your leads who are leading the
5 group to make that call on --

A. The leads are qualified to make the call. Generally, I believe, the coordinator usually makes the calls and gives me the conditions. So after a team is off the runway, they will usually inspect the runway and see if there's a change at that point.

10 Q. But there's no recert training? There is no annual 11 recurrent training for that?

12 A. Every year?

13 Q. No.

14 A. No. Just our 139 training that we go through and it 15 talks about snow and ice control.

Q. Okay. So there's no condition reporting specific training for your people that are out there making the condition reports?

19 A. Not specific.

20 Q. Okay.

21 A. Not yearly recurrence, no.

Q. Who designs and determines your training for your drivers and for your people out on the field doing the snow removal?

25 A. Ops people.

1 MR. RHOADS: Yeah, it's basically ops. BY MR. JANGELIS: 2 3 Q. Strictly ops? 4 Α. Ops people. Well, it's -- you mean who did the 5 training --6 Ο. Well, I mean, you know, you said you have the kiosk 7 training. Who designs it? 8 Α. Right. 9 Ο. Who does that? Is that contracted? Is it designed --10 That was designed --Α. 11 -- by the bosses in the room? Q. 12 Α. Well, it was designed by -- I wasn't part of the design. It was already here when I came. But it was designed by 13 14 operations personnel, and a contractor put it onto the kiosk and 15 they maintain the kiosk. 16 MR. RHOADS: We can clarify that information for you 17 because --18 MS. ROBLES: And we update it. 19 MR. RHOADS: Yeah, Lizzette --MS. ROBLES: Like, I updated it. When I went through it 20 21 -- if I go through it and I see the updates are needed, I call the 22 contractor and we'll get it updated. 23 MR. JANGELIS: Sure. 24 MR. RHOADS: But as Lizzette said, she said she wasn't 25 here when we did it, you know, so I'll get the information. But I

believe that we did it in conjunction with the contractor work
 with the FAA and it's 139 specific.

MS. ROBLES: We did. It is 139 specific, without a doubt. You know, it was --

5 MR. RHOADS: We'll clarify that.

6 MR. JANGELIS: Okay. Very good.

7 MS. ROBLES: AAAE was the contractor.

8

BY MR. JANGELIS:

9 Q. Now if you're communicating with an airline down here 10 and, you know, you're doing all -- you're the heartbeat, the brain 11 in the organization down here where all the radio room and phones 12 are, when you communicate with the airline, how do you do that? 13 Do you call the ramp, the tower? Do you communicate with 14 dispatchers? How does it work when you say you talk to an 15 airline?

A. Depends what we need. Usually we're calling theoperations office and the operations office should reach out.

18 Q. Local operations office?

19 A. Yes.

20 MS. COLON: Yes.

21 MS. ROBLES: Yes.

22 BY MR. JANGELIS:

Q. Okay. And they are the ones -- so you would say, you know, we have -- when you said, you know, sometimes you pass on, you know, when it's a really bad NOTAM or something to that effect

1 regarding conditions, you say you speak to the local ops? 2 Α. I issue -- when I issue the NOTAMs, I -- it's my 3 understanding that the airlines monitor the NOTAMs system, so I 4 don't make a call on NOTAMs to let them know NOTAMs have changed. I just issue the NOTAM and I -- it's my understanding that they 5 6 read them. 7 MS. COLON: That's where they get --8 BY MR. JANGELIS: 9 Ο. Sure. 10 Yeah. Α. 11 Do you recall speaking to Delta Airlines that morning Q. 12 before the incident? Or accident, I should say. 13 Α. Do I recall speaking to them? No, I don't. 14 MS. COLON: I don't either. 15 BY MR. JANGELIS: So no calls in and no calls out to Delta Airlines? 16 Ο. 17 Α. I don't --18 MS. COLON: I don't remember. 19 MS. ROBLES: I mean, we talked to them about deicing on taxiway Mike. I think they called about deicing on taxiway Mike, 20 21 possibly on Echo. But I can't say specifically --22 MS. COLON: Yeah, I don't remember (indiscernible). 23 MS. ROBLES: Because they called --24 MS. COLON: Yeah. MS. ROBLES: -- I think we had the Mike closed for them. 25

1 But no, I don't recall talking to them for anything else.

BY MR. JANGELIS: 2 3 Ο. Okay. One last question that I had. You know, good job on the, I believe, on the incident -- you know, when the incident 4 occurs, checklist, doing your own to make sure everything's 5 6 covered; I think that's great. 7 You complete the post-accident checklist. Am I correct on that? The one that you -- as you go through your checklist of 8 9 items, I believe we have a copy of that. 10 MR. RHOADS: That would be the inspection? 11 MR. JANGELIS: Yeah. 12 MR. RHOADS: The one done by Chris Plunkett? MS. ROBLES: The 139 inspection was done by Chris 13 14 Plunkett. 15 BY MR. JANGELIS: 16 Okay. And then you log it into the -- to your chron Ο. 17 log. 18 Α. It was logged in under my name. 19 Okay. Q. But I did make a footnote at the bottom that Chris --20 Α. 21 Ο. Chris? 22 -- conducted the inspection. Α. 23 Okay. Very good. Ο. 24 Α. Yes. 25 That's all that I have. Q. Thank you.

1

BY MR. FEDOK:

2 Just a few follow-ups for you. He was hitting on the Ο. 3 field condition reports and it struck me that you were at JFK 4 before you were here doing the same job. Do you recall during that transition, did you notice any differences in -- both are 5 6 Port Authority facilities. Did you notice any difference in how 7 they conduct their operations, the field condition report? Did one do something differently than the other and you thought, well, 8 9 this is different? Anything that you ever --

A. Not as far as issuing NOTAMS. I mean, not as far as that, no. I mean, we handle snow operations differently at the two airports. At Kennedy, usually it's a FS-5 that's leaving their equipment on the runway. The duties are coordinating with maintenance. One is in the office, and there's usually three on, and one is playing the actual role of the coordinator.

Q. Okay. So as far as taking field condition reports and submitting NOTAMs, your job is pretty much the same?

18 A. That was always pretty standard. We didn't have digital19 NOTAM at the time, so we wrote them out and called them in.

20 Q. Okay.

21 A. But that's the only difference.

Q. So you mentioned you just had your FAA inspection?A. Um-hum.

Q. So you've interfaced with them during the time of the inspection?

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. Can you just talk about your interaction with them, and 3 who you interact with and how --

4 A. With the FAA?

5 Q. Yeah, and how that goes. How do you -- when your 6 inspection comes in --

A. Frank Loprano comes in and he gives us a listing of what he wants. Matter of fact, I -- oh, I have a letter of correction. He gives us a list of what he needs during the inspection and we provide it. All my training records are brought to a room and he went through all my training records. I then bring him into where our driver training records are kept, bring him there. He goes through all our driver training records.

14 Q. And when you say he goes through them, is that 15 literally --

- 16 A. Literally.
- 17 Q. -- page by page by page?

18 A. Literally.

19 Q. Looking at signatures and check boxes and -- okay.

20 A. Literally goes through everything.

21 Q. Okay.

A. I have all our Driver-2 records pulled. They're all there in boxes and they're all went through.

Q. And the ARFF training records are not kept in house at all?

1	Α.	No.
2	Q.	Those are over at ARFF?
3	Α.	They're kept at ARFF. Yes.
4	Q.	Okay. And so you dealt with Frank this time?
5	Α.	Um-hum.
6	Q.	Is it a different inspector every year that comes
7	through o	r
8	Α.	Every 2 years, usually. Every 2 to 3 years, about
9	every	
10	Q.	It changes.
11	Α.	Yeah.
12	Q.	And have your interactions been well, can you
13	characterize your interactions?	
14	Α.	They're fine.
15	Q.	Okay.
16	Α.	They're
17	Q.	You don't have any there's no friction, no
18	Α.	No.
19	Q.	no concerns? No
20	Α.	No, not at all. No, no. We go out in the field. We
21	ride arou	nd in the field. We look at everything.
22	Q.	Okay.
23	Α.	Aeronautical movement area.
24	Q.	Do they ever come in and do, like, spot inspection for
25		Do they ever just kind of show up and say

A. They haven't done a spot inspection on my records, but
 they can.

3 Q. Okay.

A. They have showed up to do inspections. Sometimes -- we had a -- I don't know which hurricane, but I remember Mahandra (ph.) came after one and they rode around the field to make sure that we were up to standards just before we opened up. So on occasion, if something's going on major, they'll come and do an inspection.

Q. And do you, other than the inspector that may show up here annually, do you have any other interactions with FAA on a --A. Yeah, if we have any questions, we have a good

A. Yeah, if we have any questions, we have a goodrelationship with them. We can call and ask.

14 Q. Okay.

If we have questions about, let's say, a marking in the 15 Α. 16 field, I may call up Dennis, who is the marking expert in their office. Or if I have a question about -- when we were making the 17 18 east point path, where we didn't have to call to tower to go 19 around, we called Guillermo because he's good on, you know, obstructions and what we needed to do to get that done. So we may 20 21 talk to him. So we have a good relationship where if we have 22 questions, we feel free to call them.

23 Q. And are they fairly responsive to those?

A. Yes. No, they're very, very.

25 Q. Good. Anything else of note that we haven't gotten into

1 that you wanted to talk to us about or discuss or anything? Any other thing? I know we try to hit everything and --2 Yeah. I think you've got everything. 3 Α. -- you probably feel like you've been through the 4 Ο. 5 But sometimes people -ringer. 6 Α. No, it's just trying to recall. 7 -- say you didn't ask me about X, Y or Z, so --Ο. 8 No, just trying to recall everything. Like I said, Α. 9 everything happened so quickly --10 Ο. Sure. 11 -- from the call a plane is in the fence. Α. 12 Q. Right. It happened so quickly that -- like you're asking me how 13 Α. 14 was the ARFF notified. 15 Ο. Sure. I understand. 16 I was so busy worrying about my end at that moment that Α. 17 I can't tell you, you know. 18 Ο. Okay. 19 MR. FEDOK: Did you have any questions, Chris? We kind of skipped you around. 20 21 MR. RHOADS: Nope. 22 MR. FEDOK: You're okay? 23 MR. RHOADS: Um-hum. 24 MR. FEDOK: Minerva, do you have anything that you --25 MS. COLON: No.

1 MR. FEDOK: -- wanted to add? Okay. Well, great. I'm 2 going to get you -- you already got some to-do items. It's 2:55. So I think we'll cut you loose. 3 MR. SLUSARSKI: Can I ask one other --4 5 MR. FEDOK: Oh, I'm sorry. 6 MR. SLUSARSKI: -- quick question? I apologize. 7 MR. FEDOK: Yeah, sure, Kelly. MR. SLUSARSKI: I had one other note that came up. 8 9 BY MR. SLUSARSKI: 10 So you guys do the kiosk training for the 139? Q. 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. Is there any other training that you document or is that 13 your core 139 training? 14 That's the core training. Α. 15 Ο. Okay. 16 If we have other trainings in between, some things are Α. 17 documented. I'm trying to think of what trainings we have. 18 Ο. Okay. 19 Like now, I have a lot of new FS-3 supervisors, and they Α. 20 went through the normal wildlife training and they went through 21 all the other training. Now I have a special wildlife training set up just for them because a lot of them are new. They may have 22 23 questions. I have the USDA coming in and our biologists coming in 24 just to give them an 8-hour training. 25 Q. Okay.

I will document that. So on occasion, I'll plan other 1 Α. 2 trainings when I think it's necessary or needed. 3 Ο. Okay. And usually I'll put it in the folder. So when you go 4 Α. 5 through it, you might see other training that they had. 6 Ο. Thanks. 7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Like Lizzette, just your runway 8 safety light training you have coming? 9 MS. ROBLES: Yes. I have runway status lights. 10 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You did plan this for this --11 MS. ROBLES: Just today. Just before I came down here, 12 I was sending out emails. So I have that training next week for people. So the runway status lights are going to get most of our 13 14 people trained, if not all. 15 MR. FEDOK: All right. Good. All right. Well thanks 16 everybody. 2:57. 17 (Whereupon, at 2:57 p.m., the interview was concluded.) 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the attached proceeding before the

NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF: DELTA AIRLINES FLIGHT 1086 RUNWAY EXCURSION AT LAGUARDIA AIRPORT, NEW YORK MARCH 5, 2015 Interview of Lizzette Robles

DOCKET NUMBER: DCA-15-FA-085

PLACE: New York, New York

DATE: March 11, 2015

was held according to the record, and that this is the original, complete, true and accurate transcript which has been transcribed to the best of my skill and ability.

> Karen A. Stockhausen Transcriber