

CESSNA 340 OR 340A

SUPPLEMENTAL FLIGHT MANUAL

RATE-OF-CLIMB - SINGLE ENGINE

CONDITIONS:

- 1. 2700 RPM and 41.0 In. Hg. to 13,000 ft. Use placarded manifold pressure above 13,000 ft.
- 2. Mixture Set at 210 PPH
- 3. Landing Gear Up
- 4. Wing Flaps Up
- 5. Inoperative Propeller Feathered
- 6. Wings banked 5 degrees toward operative engine with approximately 1/2 ball slip indicated on turn and bank indicator.
- 7. Cowl Flaps Closed on inoperative engine.
- 8. Climb Speed 100 KIAS.

WEIGHT	PRESSURE ALTITUDE	RATE-OF-CLIMB (FEET PER MINUTE)							
	(FEET)	-25 F	0 F	25 F	50 F	75 F	100 F		
6390	SEA-LEVEL	450	389	332	275	219	162		
	2000	405	348	292	235	178	122		
	4000	356	300	243	194	138	89		
	6000	308	255	203	146	97	41		
	8000	267	215	162	105	57	0		

NOTES:

- Use this chart for weights between 6390 lbs. and 5990 lbs.
- 2. At all weights of 5990 lbs. and below, refer to the original Cessna 340/340A Pilot's Operating Handbook.

FAA Approved

STC SA8604 SW

Date: FEB 1 9 1993 FM1037

Page 11 of 13

2

6

8

10 ALTITUDE 12

16. PRESSURE 18

20-

-40

٥F -40 WEIGHT

POUNDS

5990

5500 5000

4500

40

OUTSIDE AIR TEMPERATURE

60

80

100

120



- CONDITIONS:

 1. 2700 RPM and 38.0 Inches Hg. to 20,000 Feet. Use Placarded Manifold Pressure Above 20,000 Feet.

 2. Mixture CHECK Fuel Flow In the White Arc.

 3. Landing Gear UP.

 4. Wing Flaps UP.

 5. Inoperative Propeller FEATHERED.

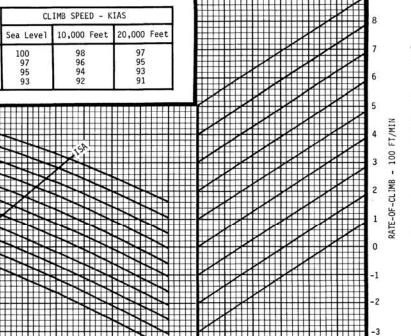
 6. Wings Banked 50 Toward Operative Engine with Approximately 1/2 Ball Slip Indicated on the Turn and Bank Indicator.

 7. Cowl Flaps CLOSED on Inoperative Engine.

NOTE: Approximate Effect of Configuration on One Engine Inoperative Rate-of-Climb.

Subtract values listed below from value obtained in the graph. Effects for a combination of gear, flap or windmilling propeller may be obtained by adding the effects for each.

Inoperative Engine Windmilling Gear Down Flaps Down 15^o Flaps Down 45^o 400 Ft/Min 350 Ft/Min 100 Ft/Min 600 Ft/Min



5990

Figure 5-15

5500

5000

WEIGHT - POUNDS

4500

RATE-OF-CLIMB - ONE ENGINE INOPERATIVE

3 November Revision 2 - 2 January

ONE ENGINE INOPERATIVE SERVICE CEILING

CONDITIONS:

1. One Engine Inoperative Climb Configuration.

NOTE:

- 1. One Engine inoperative service ceiling is the maximum altitude where the airplane has the capability of climbing 50 feet per minute with one engine inoperative and feathered.
 - Increase indicated service ceiling 100 feet for each 0.10 inch Hg. altimeter setting greater than 29.92.
 - Decrease indicated service ceiling 100 feet for each 0.10 inch Hg. altimeter setting less than 29.92.
 - 4. This chart provides performance information to aid in route selection when operating under FAR 135.181 and 91.119 requirements.

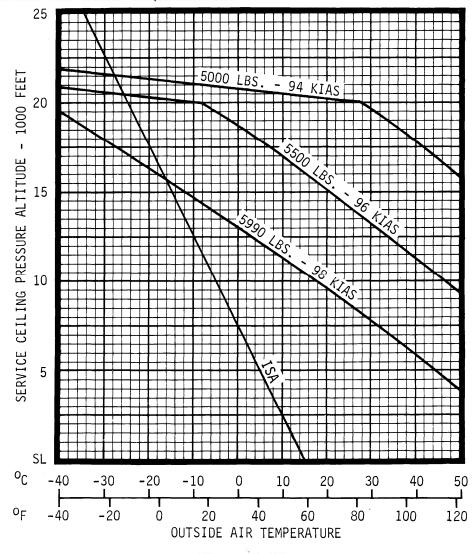


Figure 5-17



STALL SPEEDS

CONDITIONS:

NOTE:

Throttles - IDLE

- 1. Maximum altitude lost during a stall is 400 feet.
- 2. Maximum altitude loss during an engine inoperative stall is 350 feet with a maximum pitch below the horizon of 15°.

WEIGHT Pounds			ANGLE OF BANK							
	Configuration		00		20°		40°		60°	
	Flaps	Gear	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS	KIAS	KCAS
5990	00	Up	83	79	85	82	94	91	117	112
	15 ⁰	Down	76	77	78	80	87	88	109	109
	45 ⁰	Down	71	71	73	74	81	82	103	101
5500	00	Up	80	76	82	79	90	87	113	108
1	15 ⁰	Down	73	74	75	76	84	85	105	105
	450	Down	68	68	70	71	77	78	98	97
5000	00	Up	77	73	78	75	86	83	108	103
	15 ⁰	Down	70	71	71	73	80	81	100	100
	450	Down	65	65	66	67	74	75	94	92
4500	00	Up	73	69	74	71	82	79	102	97
	15 ⁰	Down	66	67	67	69	75	76	95	95
	45 ⁰	Down	62	62	63	64	70	71	89	87

Figure 5-8