

PROPULSION TURBINES AND GEARS

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SUN SHIPBUILDING AND DRY DOCK COMPANY

GEK-42462



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PROPULSION TURBINES AND GEARS

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SUN SHIPBUILDING AND DRY DOCK COMPANY

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MARINE TURBINE & GEAR PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY LYNN, MASS.



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These instructions do not purport to cover all details or variations in equipment nor to provide for every possible contingency to be met in connection with instalkation, operation or maintenance. Should further information be desired or should particular problems arise which are not covered sufficiently for the purchaser's purposes, the matter should be referred to the General Electric Company.

CONTENTS (CONT'D)

SECTION 5, SPARE PARTS AND TOOLS

Refer to this section for the lists of spare parts for the turbines and accessory equipment, and also for the list of special tools.

SECTION 6, ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT

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Refer to this section for equipment furnished with the turbines but which was manufactured by companies other than the General Electric Company, Lynn, Mass., U.S.A.

TURBINE SERIAL NUMBERS

H.P. TURBINE

200324 200414

42462 SN

L.P. TURBINE

200325 200415



DRAWINGS

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

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The Outline drawing shows the arrangement of the main propulsion machinery.

The propulsion turbines consist of a highpressure turbine and a low-pressure turbine located side by side and connected by a steam crossunder pipe. The rotors of the turbines are connected to the pinions of the double-reduction gear, which reduces the speeds of the turbines to the propeller shaft speed.

The Outline drawing shows the seating plan for the turbines as well as the pipe connections to external sources.

If either the high-pressure turbine or the lowpressure turbine becomes inoperative for any reason, the crossunder piping between the turbines can be rearranged to permit emergency operation on one turbine.

The turbines are equipped with speed-limiting devices which hold the turbine speed at a govern-

ing point if overspeed should occur. See the Control Setting Diagram, and the description of the Overspeed Governor System.

A low bearing-oil-pressure switch is installed in the oil feed line to the bearings. This switch senses a pressure drop in the bearing feed line and actuates to close the steam control valves when the pressure drops to a value where the bearings would not be protected. See the Lube and Control Oil Diagram.

An exhaust sentinel valve is located on top of the exhaust casing of the low-pressure turbine. This valve gives an audible alarm when the exhaust pressure becomes too high. This is not a relief valve.

In case of failure of the control oil system the ahead and astern valves may be operated manually in order to control the movement of the ship. See Section 3, OPERATION.

HIGH-PRESSURE AND LOW-PRESSURE TURBINES

HIGH-PRESSURE TURBINE

The high-pressure turbine casing consists of two halves, upper and lower, and has a metal-tometal steam joint the entire length of the horizontal centerline (see drawing, Assembly of Highpressure Turbine). The upper halves of both the forward and aft bearing brackets can be removed for access to the journal bearings and thrust bearing. The upper halves of both the forward and aft packing boxes can also be removed to inspect the outer rings of packing, and also to provide access to the balance grooves in the shoulders of the rotor. Openings are provided in the lower-half casing for the extraction of steam.

The steam chest, which contains the ahead steam control valves, is integral with the upper half of the casing. The chest has flanged openings at each end; one opening is the steam inlet from the strainer, while the other opening allows steam flow to the astern valve. See the Outline drawing for these connections.

LOW-PRESSURE TURBINE

The low-pressure turbine, like the high-pressure turbine, has a metal-to-metal steam joint the entire length of the horizontal centerline (See drawing, Assembly of Low-Pressure Turbine). The forward and aft bearing brackets, as well as the forward and aft packing boxes also have metalto-metal horizontal joints.

The ahead steam inlet is located in the lower half, aft end, of the turbine casing. This inlet is connected to the exhaust of the high-pressure turbine by the crossover pipe. See the Outline drawing for the arrangement of this piping.

The astern steam inlet, allows steam to flow to the steam ring of the reversing element. The exhaust connection from the turbine is bolted to the main condenser.

Astern Steam Ring

The steam ring for the astern element is an inner casing located in the forward end of the lowpressure turbine. The steam ring consists of an upper-half and lower-half casting with an annular chamber through which the steam flows to both the upper and lower halves of the astern nozzle plate. The steam ring is bolted together at its horizontal joint, and is centerline supported in the turbine casing.