United States Coast Guard

Formal Investigation

Caribbean Fantasy Marine Casualty

Caribe Hilton

1 San Geronimo Street

San Juan, Puerto Rico 00901

March 20, 2017 -- March 28, 2017

REPORTER'S OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

DAY III of VIII

DATE TAKEN: Wednesday, March 22, 2017

TIME: 0809-1710

REPORTED BY: Sally Sybert Gessner Official Court Reporter Administrative Law Judge Office Baltimore, Maryland 21202-4022

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PROCEEDINGS

Start Time 0811

CDR CAPELLI: Good morning, the hearing will come to order. Today is March 22st, 2017, and the time is 0811 we are continuing at the Caribe Hilton, in San Juan, Puerto Rico. I am Commander Mike Capelli United States Coast Guard, from the Seventh Coast Guard District, Inspection and Investigation Branch, in Miami, Florida.

I have been directed to serve as the lead investigating officer for this formal investigation which has been convened by the Commander of the Seventh Coast Guard District, Rear Admiral Scott Bushman under the authority of Title 46, United States Code, Section 6301, and Title 46 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 4, to investigate the circumstances surrounding the fire, subsequent grounding, and full evacuation of 511 passengers and crew off the motor vessel Caribbean Fantasy on August 17th, 2016 while approaching the pilot boarding station to the Port of San Juan, Puerto Rico.

I am conducting this investigation under the rules in 46 C.F.R. Part 4. This investigation will determine as closely as possible, the factors that contributed to the incident so that proper recommendations for the prevention of similar

casualties may be made.

2.1

Whether there is evidence that any act misconduct, inattention to duty, negligence, or willful violation of law on the part of any licensed or certificated person contributed to the casualty and whether there is evidence that any Coast Guard personnel, or any representative or employee of any government agency, or any other person caused or contributed to the casualty.

Panama has been invited to attend this hearing as a Substantially Interested State, and is represented by Mr. Arenas. I have previously determined that RINA, American Cruise Ferries, and Baja Ferries are Parties-in-Interest to this investigation.

These parties have a direct interest in the investigation and have demonstrated the potential for contributing significantly to the completeness of the investigation or otherwise enhancing the safety of life and property at sea. All parties-in-interest have a statutory right to employ counsel to represent them, to cross-examine witnesses, have witnesses called on their behalf.

I will examine all witnesses at this formal hearing under oath or affirmation and witnesses will be subject to federal laws and penalties governing false

official statements.

2.1

2.2.

Witnesses who are not parties in interest may be advised by their counsel concerning their rights.

However, such counsel may not examine or cross-examine other witnesses, or otherwise participate.

These proceedings are open to the public, and to the media. I ask for your cooperation of all persons present to minimize any desruptive influence on the proceedings in general, and on the witnesses in particular. I ask that you silence all electronic devices at this time.

The members of the press are, of course, welcome, and an area has been set aside for your use during these proceedings. The news media may question witnesses concerning their testimony after I have released them from these proceedings.

Since the date of the casualty, the NTSB and the Coast Guard have conducted substantial evidence collection activities, and some of that previously collected evidence will be considered during these hearings. Should any person have, or believe he or she has information not brought forward, but which might be of direct significance to the ongoing investigation that person is urged to bring that information to my attention by emailing CaribbeanFantasy@USCG.mil.

The Coast Guard relies on strong partnerships 1 to execute its missions and this investigation is no 2 3 exception. The National Transportation Safety Board is 4 participating in this hearing. Mr. Adam Tucker, seated 5 to my left is the Investigator-In-Charge of the NTSB investigation. Mr. Tucker would you like to make a 6 brief statement? 7 MR. TUCKER: Good morning, my name is Adam 8 9 Tucker; I am the Investigator-In-Charge for the National Transportation Safety Board for this 10 investigation. The National Transportation Safety 11 Board is an independent federal agency which under the 12 Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 49 U.S. Code 13 14 Chapter 11 is required to determine the probable cause of this accident, to issue a report of the facts, 15 conditions, and circumstances related, and make 16 17 recommendations for measures to prevent similar 18 accidents. 19 The NTSB has joined this hearing to avoid duplication of the development of the facts. 20 Nevertheless, I do wish to point out that this does not 21 preclude the NTSB from developing additional 22 information separately from this proceeding if that 23

At the conclusion of this hearing, the Safety

becomes necessary.

24

24	HOTEL MANAGER DRAGAN GRUBISIC
23	WITNESS
22	LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Raise your right hand.
21	THE WITNESS: Yes.
20	could you please stand for me?
19	Colon, Lieutenant JG for the United States Coast Guard;
18	LTJG DIAZ-COLON: My name is Carlos Diaz-
17	morning, good morning to everybody.
16	THE WITNESS: Good morning to you, good
15	LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Good morning, sir.
14	some preliminary questions.
13	and LTJG Diaz-Colon will administer your oath and ask
12	Director onboard the Caribbean Fantasy. Please stand
11	witness via Skype we will hear testimony from the Hotel
10	CDR CAPELLI: We will now call our first
9	Thank you.
8	discovered during this investigation.
7	issue recommendations to correct safety problems
6	this accident. If appropriate, the Safety Board will
5	include our official determination of probable cause of
4	Safety Board's findings will be issued that will
3	Guard. At a future date, a separate report of the
2	determine probable cause independently of the Coast
1	Board Will analyze the facts of the accident, and

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A witness called on behalf of the Coast Guard was
1
    sworn on their oath and testified as follows:
2
              THE WITNESS: Yeah, I swear.
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4
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Please be seated.
5
              THE WITNESS: Thank you.
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay sir, for the record
6
    can you please state your full name, and spell your
7
    last name.
8
9
              THE WITNESS: My name is Dragan Grubisic.
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: And how do you spell your
10
    last name?
11
              THE WITNESS: G-R-U-B-I-S-I-C, Grubisic.
12
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Thank you, and where are
13
    you currently employed, and what is your position?
14
              THE WITNESS: Well, I was employed by ATF, as
15
    a hotel director onboard the ship, Caribbean Fantasy.
16
17
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: And prior to working on
18
    the Caribbean Fantasy, what did you used to do?
              THE WITNESS: Before I joined the Caribbean
19
    Fantasy, can you please repeat the question?
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              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Sure, you stated you are
21
    the hotel director for the Caribbean Fantasy?
22
              THE WITNESS: Yes.
23
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, how long have you
24
    been the hotel director for the Caribbean Fantasy?
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THE WITNESS: I started the ship in 2011 and
1
    I was there until August 2016, almost 5 years.
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              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, and before working on
3
4
    the Caribbean Fantasy, where did you used to work?
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              THE WITNESS: I work on the voyage ferry the
    Ferry Caribe; I have from 2003 to 2009.
6
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: And what was your position
7
    there?
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              THE WITNESS: I was also hotel manager on
    that ship for almost nine years.
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              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, what is the highest
11
    level of education that you've completed?
12
              THE WITNESS: Well, I finished hotel school
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14
    in my country when I come to the cruise industry. I
    started from the lowest position and work many
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16
    positions, assistants, assistant housekeeper,
    housekeeper, storekeeper to become the hotel manager
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18
    with a lot of experience in that industry.
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, do you hold any
19
    professional licenses or certificates?
20
              THE WITNESS: Not really license, because for
21
    that you don't need license, you only need, your CV or
22
    resume, and your working history that you have been in
23
    that position, and you have recommendation from people
24
    who work for the companies you work with and this is
25
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how this happened. 1 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Thank you for that, I'm 2 3 going to pass the floor over to my colleague, LTJG 4 Jennifer Proctor, she has further questions for you. 5 THE WITNESS: Thank you sir. WITNESS 6 HOTEL MANAGER DRAGAN GRUBISIC 7 **EXAMINATION** 8 9 BY LT PROCTOR: Hello, can you hear me okay? 10 0. Yes, I can hear you, I can hear you. Α. 11 Hi, my name is Lieutenant Jennifer Proctor. 12 0. Nice to meet you. 13 Α. 14 All right, sir, just to follow-up on your Q. hotel director contract with the Caribbean Fantasy. 15 So, you said you have been hotel director, specifically 17 for the Caribbean Fantasy since 2011? 18 Α. No, I work with the company from 2003 to 2009. 19 Then they close that ship and they start again in 2011, and I was on the second ship, Caribbean Fantasy for 20 five years, 2011-2016 which almost give me fourteen 2.1 years with (inaudible word). 22 Okay, so fourteen years with the company, but 23 since 2011 you were on the Caribbean Fantasy? 24

I start Caribbean Fantasy from 2011 and stay

- over there until 2016 until they closed the ship, of course, back and forth, going on vacation coming back and continue to be working with the company for this period of time.
- 5 Q. When did you sign onboard the Caribbean 6 Fantasy prior to the incident?
 - A. I sign on in Tunisia because the ship was in dry-dock in that time. I joined the ship in Tunisia in dry-dock.
- Q. Okay, thank you.

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- A. You are welcome.
- Q. Could you please describe which incident codes
 you respond to for an emergency?
 - A. Which incident -- oh, I don't understand this.
- Q. For example, for fire or pollution, abandon ship, which incident codes do you respond to?
 - A. So we do have a code, codes for the crew, which Skylight for the fire, MOB man overboard, code blue for the medical, and pollution Julian, and Mr. (inaudible few words) those are the codes that we are using aboard the ship in the case of emergency situation.
 - Q. And have you ever heard of the code red, red, red?
 - A. I hear that but not in our break down of the

- codes, codes, and so mention that something, some codes
 may change but didn't change in that time.
 - Q. Could you elaborate on that? When you said it's, so was it used in the past, or would it be used as saying the same thing as Mr. Skylight?
 - A. We used Mr. Skylight, and used all of the codes which I mentioned. But, like I said it was mentioned in some discussion that the codes might change. But they did not change in this time.
 - Q. And when would the codes change?
 - A. Well maybe in the future but not in the time period that I was on the ship.
 - Q. Do you recall a time, any time while working onboard the Caribbean Fantasy that the code red, red, red was used, in a drill or in an emergency?
- 16 A. I don't remember that they used that code,
 17 red, red.
- Q. I'd like to call on exhibit Coast Guard
 Exhibit No. 012.
- 20 A. We lost connection?
- Q. We are pulling up a document, can you see the screen?
- A. I can see the screen but it, I think there is more.
- 25 Q. Yes.

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A. Yeah.

- Q. So have you -- this is Exhibit No. 012 -- have you seen this station bill before?
- A. No, I didn't see that, maybe it was somewhere
 on the bridge, I don't see that. Code yellow, yellow,
 no, no, no. Because it is in case of an emergency -seven short blasts, on blast, yes, that's correct, yes,
 abandon the ship, that's correct, seven short followed
 by in an emergency. Okay, this emergency signals are
 okay, one long blast, that's correct.
 - So I see that, but not we have a command from the captain, that's correct, yeah. This yellow and red I didn't see that.
 - Q. Okay, thank you.
 - A. You are welcome.
 - Q. All right sir can you see me, again?
 - A. No, I can't see you -- I see only all the time the same chair and the same person in uniform, he is the last one, and it is the picture on my screen.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. I saw the document which you showed me before but I do not any, anything, any person, any other things.
 - Q. Okay sorry for that, that's just the frozen connection, but we will proceed as long as you can hear

- 1 my voice, okay.
- 2 A. Okay.

- Q. Can you please tell me what the ship's general emergency alarm signal is?
 - A. Seven short on long, continues with ringing, or (inaudible word) -- in all ships.
 - Q. And can you please tell me what the ships abandon ship alarm is?
 - A. Abandon ship, it's one long blast, followed with captain command, abandon the ship, when the captain commands abandon the ship.
 - Q. Okay, and what manifest or manifests do you use for overall accountability?
 - A. What we -- the passenger manifest is what we receive from the terminal after the ship leaves the port. The ship first (inaudible word) the terminal when they -- the passenger -- we should receive a printout of all passenger list, and all other documents with the ship.
 - Q. And what about for crew?
 - A. Well, on that passenger manifest you have crew and passenger manifest, the crew manifest is sent by ship purser, prior to arrival to American port, as per code, the requirement, CBP, control requirement, we send crew, the crew report, we send the crew report to

the Coast Guard prior to arrival to American port.

- Q. Are these two separate documents, or are the contained --
- A. Yes, they are two separate documents. The

 documents, what they send for the crew, they send when

 they leave, before we leave the Dominican Republic.

 And they know that we are coming, and they know the

 number of the crew, the name of crew and all (inaudible

word) information, send it to them before.

Passenger manifest we receive from the (inaudible word) when we leave the port of San Juan, or port of Santo Domingo.

- Q. Okay, and what information is listed on the passenger manifest?
- A. On the passenger manifest are listed all the names of the passengers, the passengers, they show cabins, and those who don't have -- on the same manifest it is a list of disabled people, people with special needs, and people with special needs. So, we know, a number of the passengers.

21 (Brief pause.)

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- Q. Are you still there?
- 23 (Brief pause.)
- 24 A. Can you see me?
- 25 Q. Yes hi, I'm back can you hear me?

- A. Yeah, yeah I can hear you. Can you see me?
- Q. Yes.

2.1

- A. Okay, so can you repeat, and the explanation to that question?
- Q. Yes, so I have just asked what information is listed on the passenger manifest.
- A. Okay, on the passenger manifest the list is the passengers which have cabins, and the passengers, without cabins, so all passengers. And the passengers which require the special services, disabled people and the sick people, that is what is listed on that one.
- Q. For passengers without cabins, what type of codes, or how was that indicated on the list?
- A. When they, the passenger comes to reception they collect the keys, and they register at reception, and they go to their cabins. So these are the passengers which have a cabin. The passengers who have no cabins normally are in the Pullman seat area. So they use the Pullman seat area and they are accommodating themselves there during the cruise.
- Q. Okay, and is passenger manifest the manifest used for accountability during and emergency?
- A. That passenger manifests are given from the ship purser to the bridge, the safety officer arranging that manifest according to muster station what we have

on board, muster station A, B, and C.

- Q. So are the muster stations A, B, and C listed on the passenger manifest?
- A. They are not listed on the passenger manifest, not to my knowledge. This is, this is separating by the safety officer when they receive the manifest onboard the ship.
- Q. So how are the passenger manifests controlled for the muster stations?
- A. In our regular drills, when we have a drill, the muster station leaders from A, B, and C are receiving the crew list together with, given passenger list in that time. So, if we have only the crew drill, which we have, then we check the crew and report if any crew are missing.

Same thing would happen if we have a passenger in some situation and the muster station leader would train the crew and passenger if they are present, and if they are not (inaudible few words).

- Q. So who provides the manifest, or the crew and passenger lists to the muster station leaders?
- A. Safety officer is coming from the bridge.

 They go to the bridge, they pick up their board, the board, and they have attached the crew and passengers list on that board.

- Q. Okay, so just so that I am tracking, you receive the passenger manifest from the terminal.
 - A. Yeah.

- Q. And the crew manifest is created onboard the ship and submitted before you enter port.
 - A. Before arrival to American port, yes.
- Q. And these two manifests, the crew and passenger manifests are the same manifest used in an emergency for accountability?
- A. Yes, the crew manifest, get updated daily onboard the ship because we have crew sign off, sign on, and the crew changes, so this is updating it daily, and presenting to all concerned. Given to the bridge, captain, safety officer, staff captain all department heads so they all know who are the crew onboard.

And in the case of emergency crew aboard the ship will be part of muster station A, B, or C on that board which they receive, muster station leaders, when they collect it from the bridge, to the crew, and to the second (inaudible word).

- Q. So both the crew and passenger manifests are normally stowed or kept on the bridge?
- A. Yes, the bridge has all the time that updated information. They know the number of the crew, they know the number of the passengers, they know (inaudible

1 | word) passengers, they know everything about.

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- Q. And where on the bridge is this located?
- A. They have a safety officer office, captain,

 staff caption, safety officer have that, and she is the

 one responsible for that, this is her part, part of her

 job.
- Q. I would like to call on Exhibit No. 311. When you can see the screen please let me know.
 - A. I see nothing on the screen. Okay, this is the passenger manifest. Okay, yeah, that's the, that's the wooden part or the davits, which they hold the board, the board with the passenger and crew manifest for that flight, that float.
 - Q. Okay, so Exhibit 311 is a box and that -- with the crew list, and where the crew list and passenger manifest should be kept?
 - A. Kept onboard.
- Q. And this is located just outside the bridge in safety officer's office?
- 20 A. That is -- yes, yes.
 - Q. And who is responsible for getting those documents to that box?
- 23 A. The receptionist and the leaders of muster 24 station A, B, and C. They go there, they collect that 25 list, in the time of drill, or in time of emergency.

Q. So sir, could you please, is it only one person or all muster station leaders are supposed to collect the documents from this box?

2.2.

- A. Three of them, they have to go up to the bridge and collect this and go to the different locations. Because they have to go there personally, and get the muster station A, and go to the location of muster station A, then muster station B, and muster station C, they are different locations, so they have to go there, collect that report and report to that location.
- Q. Okay and are there any other places on the ship where the crew list and passenger manifests are kept besides this box?
- A. We know that, we know that in our reception, we know that in our ship purser office, because he is the one bringing the passenger the manifest to the ship after the ship leaves the port. The ship purser is also the one which updates the crew list, and of course it is in his office, in his computer. So they keep them in reception, and they keep them in the purser's office.
- Q. And when you say keep at the reception, and keep at the chief purser's office, are these electronic documents stowed on a computer? Or are they physical

- hard paper documents at the reception desk, and at the chief purser's office?
- A. Daily, and printed and kept in reception -because of various situation, and inspection which -- I
 need, so we are taking the -- crew have inspection
 during the, the Coast Guard come on board for something
 and ask for crew list, they must have an updated crew
 list ready for (inaudible word), and so forth.

The passenger manifest is print out, it's electronic in the computers, but it is also print out, because this is the checklist of the cabin (inaudible few words) for issuing the key and collecting the key, that we know the passenger which received the keep and also they return the key. So we need those lists in reception.

- Q. Okay, I'm going to remove the exhibit from the screen.
 - A. Okay.

Q. So, when we interviewed the senior receptionist, she described her emergency duties to include collecting the passenger manifest located at the reception desk, making three copies upon hearing the general emergency alarm, and then distributing them to the three muster station leaders. Was she correct or incorrect in this procedure?

A. Well, during the last emergency that we have, during the fire, this was -- I cannot give you one hundred percent, because I was in the galley, and in the break area at the time. But I think that that situation that we have was not enough to proceed as she stated. I cannot tell you one hundred percent if she did it or not because I was in the galley, taking inspection at that time.

- Q. Is the process that I just described of the senior receptionist collecting the passenger manifests at the reception desk and making three copies during an emergency, is that the correct process, or normal process that you would do during a drill?
- A. This is normal process during the drill.

 Actually, actually she did not print that in reception, sorry, we have some misunderstanding here. During —

 like I mentioned before, when the ship leave, we are receiving the passenger manifest. The passenger manifest is printed out in reception sending up to the bridge to the safety officer and, the ship the passenger list to the board on the ship. So the board, the (inaudible few words), stay that location down by the safety officer. Receptionist print, and she brings it up to the safety office, and then (inaudible few words), like I said before.

Q. So --1 CDR CAPELLI: At this time we are going to 2 take a quick recess to see if we can get the 3 electronics working better. So the time is 8:47 we 4 5 will recess until 0900. (Whereupon a brief recess was taken.) 6 7 CDR CAPELLI: Good morning, we will now reconvene, the time is 0908 and we are going to 8 9 continue with questions from Lieutenant Proctor. 10 WITNESS HOTEL MANAGER DRAGAN GRUBISIC (cont.) 11 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Sir, just so you know you 12 are still under oath. 13 14 THE WITNESS: The sound breaking down, but let me see, when we have communication if I can --15 16 okay, that's right. 17 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, you going to be okay 18 now? 19 THE WITNESS: Yes, I hear okay. LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Perfect, just as a reminder, 20 you are still under oath. 21 22 THE WITNESS: Yes. BY LT PROCTOR: 23 Q. Hi, this is LT Jennifer Proctor for the U.S. 24 Coast Guard. Okay, so we are going to backtrack just a 25

little bit. Can you please tell me which document do muster station leaders use to determine one hundred percent accountability of personnel assigned to their muster station in an emergency. So please describe to me the process that you would practice during a drill.

- A. Okay, during the drill we have receptionist go to the bridge to the safety officer's office, pick up the board for muster station A, B, and C, the receptionist to the muster station.
- So, with that board they go to their location and they track the crew on that list, they report if any crew member is missing. On the same board is attached also the passenger list, which was given to the safety officer, which was sent to the bridge after the ship's departure.
- Q. Now, the list that the receptionist collects from the bridge, and just to clarify, are you referring to the box, the wooden box that I showed you in Exhibit No. 311?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Now, the documents that she collects, is it one document, or are they three separate documents, one for each muster station, A, B, and C?
- A. It is one for each muster station, A, B, and C.

Q. And --

- A. Each board -- sorry to interrupt you -- these boards have a crew list and the passenger list for that muster station on same board.
- Q. So each list has the -- lists the passengers and crew assigned, specifically to that muster station?
 - A. To that muster station.
- Q. And who generates, or who creates this -- the list for each muster station?
- A. I said it before, the passenger list and crew list are given to the bridge and the safety officer or whoever they assign, maybe a cadet, or some other officer on the bridge which I am not sure about, have to make the same, same arrangements.
 - So it might be three boards, with crew list at the muster station, and passenger, account for passengers, if we have three hundred passenger, four hundred passenger, six hundred passenger, it must be divided on that three boards.
 - Q. Okay, so someone on the bridge takes the passenger manifest and splits up into those assigned to A muster station, those assigned to muster station B, and those assigned to muster station C?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And how do they know which passengers are

assigned to muster station A, muster station B, and muster station C?

A. Well, I assume muster station C passengers are the passengers which are in the Pullman seats. Pullman seats is muster station C. So all the passengers who are located in that location during the cruise are automatically on muster station C.

The passengers which are on muster station A & B might be the passenger from the cabins. Because in the cabins in the back of the door the passenger have the printout of their location, escape route, muster station assigned to cabin -- assigned to what muster station, so they have that information on the back.

Probably, the same information is used for the safety officer to divide the passenger from the cabins in muster station A & B.

O. So --

A. I am not a hundred percent aware of how they do that, because it is not my part, it is their part, how they want to do it. Our part, in hotel, my receptionist and people performing their duty are just there to check the list, and receiving lists, and report anything like I mentioned before, if any crewmember missing, or if any passenger missing in case that you have passenger.

- Q. Okay, and just so I am understanding this correctly. The passenger manifest that you received from the terminal does not list the specific muster station A, B, or C, that each passenger is assigned to.
- A. No.

- Q. That passenger manifest provided by the terminal is given to the chief purser. Who then provides that document to someone on the bridge. And you do not know who that document goes to. And that person on the bridge, then creates each muster station list.
- A. Yeah that should go to the safety officer, the captain should know about that, the staff captain should know about that in the first place. The safety officer is the person because she is the person in charge for the safety onboard the ship, safety officer.
- Q. Okay, and you said the passengers without a cabin are typically assigned to muster station C, is that correct?
- A. Yeah, all the people which are located in muster station C, in the Pullman seats are in the muster station C, because the Pullman seat area is muster station C.
- Q. And do you know how they separate, is it the passengers on the port side are assigned to muster

station A in the cabins? And the passengers in the starboard side cabins are assigned to muster station B, do you know if that is the process they use?

- A. Well, I cannot tell you one hundred percent,
 I think that this is the way it is supposed to be, but
 I am not, I cannot tell you one hundred percent.
- Q. Okay, thank you. Okay so I just want to confirm where we had left off prior to the recess. In our previous interview with senior receptionist, she had stated that her emergency duty upon hearing the general emergency alarm was to go to the reception desk, collect the passenger manifest, make three copies, and then distribute them to the muster station leaders. Is this correct, or was she incorrect? This is for in response to an emergency.
- A. Well if we follow standard operating procedure, then all these passenger lists will be given to bridge after we depart from the port. So bridge will already have that list, the list will be already added to the boards, with that updated crew list. And that is with the updated situation. I don't know why she was printing another list maybe in such a situation that she never printed before, she may have print just in case that it might be needed. I do not see any other reason for that.

- Q. So she was incorrect in that?
- A. Well from that time that she was -- she was incorrect, yeah.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. Because it is not necessary to print it in that moment.
 - Q. Okay, thank you.
 - A. You are welcome.
 - Q. Okay sir, can you please explain to me what your emergency duty and title is according to the muster list?
 - A. According to the muster list, I am the operation team leader. My duties report to on reception and report to the bridge that we start with operation, my first call. Next, then I have to wait until I receive reports from all operation team leaders. Do you hear me?
 - Q. Yes, I hear you.
 - A. Okay, so when I receive all the lists from the operation team leaders, which is food manager, bar manager, ship housekeeper and others, I learn that the ship is clear, that all people, all crew and passenger have been evacuated, and I am calling the bridge and reporting that in this time all passenger and crew have been evacuated. And then waiting for the next order.

is to proceed to evacuation location. So we go to our location, location which for me is to report to MES on the starboard side, the starboard side MES, this is where I am to be as leader of that MES.

- Q. Okay so, just to clarify your duties. Upon hearing the general emergency alarm, is that when you start?
- 9 A. Yes, I do, yes. It is breaking, do you hear 10 me?
- 11 Q. Yes, I hear you.

- 12 A. Okay, because my image is going up and down -13 so I though the sound may be -- okay, please continue,
 14 sorry for interrupting.
 - Q. Okay, and how many drills have you participated in since signing on the Caribbean Fantasy?

 On this contract?
 - A. Yeah, on this contract, which was very short apparently we have a limited number of drills, because, like I said before, I joined the ship in (inaudible word).

From Tunisia we arrived to Santo Domingo and arrived to San Juan. So in the approximately ten days during the crossing the few days down in the Mediterranean, we have, continued training by the staff

captain for the crew which was onboard in that time.

Arriving to Santo Domingo we collect more crew, and complete all crew manning, and we stay for five days when we, approximately five days, I think.

When we have a number of drills and trainings to refresh all the crew and to improve everything, what was necessary. Staff captain, safety officer, staff captain and captain attend to that, to those trainings and drills to make us ready for next Coast Guard inspection which we were supposed to have when the ship arrived in San Juan.

So when we arrive in San Juan, our first thing was to have a Coast Guard inspection, which we passed,

I think without any comments from the crew, crew side.

That the crew did not know, or the crew was not ready to answer the questions which they were asked.

- Q. Okay, thank you. And can you please walk me through a typical drill, what do you do, and include alarms and notifications that you would receive in the process of the drill.
- A. So the drill normally, let me walk you through the drill. The drill normally starts with Mr.

 Skylight. So at that time we learn that we have a fire drill, and that the fire -- then the location which is announced from bridge.

The bridge says, we have a fire in the galley, and at this time, we have Mr. Skylight. So all the crew knows that we have a fire in the galley, to avoid that location, and to not enter to that fire place.

The crew is -- continues to work and doing their job until they hear seven short one long, and general alarm, which is telling them that they have to start their operation. In that time, all the crew goes to their cabins, collecting their life jackets and reports to their assigned areas.

I am, like I said before, on reception, waiting for the operations leaders to pick up the boards, which is the list of their groups, which they are assigned for. After they finish all evacuation, and a check of all the areas, and report to me that everything is clear, that everybody has been evacuated. I report to the bridge that everybody are evacuated and that I am waiting for next order from the captain, from the ship, from the bridge.

So, in the few minutes after we hear the signal, abandon ship, which is one long, the master order that we have to abandon ship. At that time everybody proceeds to their assigned location, and to the abandon ship location. And my part is to go to MES on the starboard side. I receive all the crew over

there, which I have from the raft, the raft leaders,
and the assistant raft leaders, and some extra crew.

And there is a team, there is a team from the deck and
engine crew responsible to operate the MES.

So they go to that location, which now the ship was little bit out in corridor in the small lobby in front to door. And then, once they were there, waiting for the order from the bridge.

They report to the bridge, they report to the bridge that they are ready, that everything is under control from this side. I check my, I have my check list for the starboard side MES, and I check all the crew on that side and report any missing crew, this is how we manage the drill.

- Q. Okay, thank you. Just some follow-up clarifications on how the procedure is supposed to work. So do the three muster station leaders wait in the reception area for senior receptionist to bring their lists from the bridge, once they hear the general emergency alarm?
- A. Yeah, one of the reception goes -- during our drills, one of the reception goes and brings all the boards down, down the board, five boards. So she bring the boards for muster station A, B, and C, she actually -- she is down in reception, and she bring board for me

- 1 I have about five boards, for the evacuation leaders,
 2 yeah.
 - Q. Can you explain what the five boards are?
 - A. One is for the food manager, bar manager, ship housekeeper, because they are the leaders, evacuation leaders. And they have the list with the crew which is assigned to that team. And they have to take that team to that area and they bring it to me the report, and I learn from that -- and I think that all, all area have been evacuated.
 - Q. So you listed three, the food manager, bar manager, and chief housekeeper who are the --
 - A. Yeah, I have one, actually, I have one, the ship housekeeper has one, the bar manager, food manager, the chef have one for the galley.
 - Q. Are these five different lists, or are they the same?
 - A. Excuse me?

- Q. So earlier you had described that each muster station leader receives --
- A. Yes. The muster station leaders have a different, a different board, because they have boards with crew and passengers in the muster station, the other -- for the leaders, evacuation leaders.
- So they report to me on that list that area

- was evacuated, and I receive that list from reception,
- 2 | and this list stay in reception. So I clarify, okay,
- 3 | the food manager report his area is clear, bar manager
- 4 reports everything is clear, and so forth. So after
- 5 | learning that all areas are clear and evacuated, I
- 6 report to the bridge that all ship is, all ships area
- 7 is evacuated.
- 8 We are breaking down -- can you hear me?
- 9 Q. Yes, I can hear you, can you hear me?
- 10 A. Yes, yes I can. It is breaking a little bit,
- 11 but no problem here.
- 12 Q. So can you please confirm that the
- 13 | accountability that you are doing is for the evacuation
- of the spaces, not for the people. Like the entirety
- 15 of the --
- 16 A. Yes, it is just for the evacuation of their
- 17 | areas, their spaces like you said, yeah.
- 18 Q. Can you please explain to me the structure of
- 19 your evacuation teams? How many evacuation teams do
- 20 you have and their locations?
- 21 A. Okay, chief housekeeper is responsible for all
- 22 housekeeping area, so cabins, part of the crew cabins,
- 23 officers cabins, passenger, part of passenger
- 24 accommodations. The bar manager is responsible for the
- 25 | bar areas, the bar area. The food manager is

responsible for the food areas. The Chef is responsible for the galley, the galley area. This is the, this is the things that I'm trying to explain.

- Q. So how do they use the board that they receive from the receptionist to identify full evacuation of their respective areas?
- A. They come to reception, like when we start the evacuation, everybody comes to reception, and they receive their check in list, okay. So they go with that check in list to their area, to check those areas, and they get back to me reporting or writing the time that they started and the time that they finish evacuation. And from that report I learn that all areas have been evacuated.
- Q. And what is on the checklist, is it -because, how do you know how many people are in a
 restaurant, or how, how many people are in the cabins?
- A. On that list are not listed the -- and so this list is only the areas where they need to check, for example bar checked; bar one and pantry, bar two and pantry, just bar areas, by location.

The same thing happen in the galley, the galley has been checked, everybody has been evacuated, and he (inaudible few word) and galley and time in when you start to check, and the time when he finished the

check. So, I know from that list, that that area is 1 evacuated, the names are not (inaudible word) to that 2 3 list. 4 Q. Okay, so how do they make sure no one is in 5 the space? Do they use markers to symbolize that one space has been cleared? 6 7 (Brief pause.) CDR CAPELLI: Okay, it looks like we are 8 9 having some connection issues again. Why don't we take a quick recess until we get the connection back up. 10 Thank you. 11 (Brief recess taken 0934 -- 0946.) 12 CDR CAPELLI: Okay, good morning, the time is 13 14 0946, we will reconvene, we are going to continue with questions Lieutenant Proctor. 15 WITNESS 16 17 HOTEL MANAGER DRAGAN GRUBISIC (cont.) 18 BY LT PROCTOR: 19 Hi sir, just to remind you that you are still under oath. 20 I understand. Α. 2.1 And this is Lieutenant Jennifer Proctor with 22 Q. the U.S. Coast Guard. So to backtrack to where we left 23 off the conversation. 24

Α.

25

Yeah.

- Q. I want to clarify, that of the five boards
 that you receive and distribute to evacuation leaders
 in the reception area, those board only contain the
 crew members assigned to evacuate each of those
 respective areas. So the food manager, bar manager,
 chief housekeeper, the chef and one for yourself. You
 do not --
- 8 A. Yeah, I have all --

- Q. Okay, and you do not actually account for passenger at this time, you only verify that the evacuation teams are present for their respective spaces, and that all the accommodation spaces are evacuated, is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Are you in charge of the accountability of all passengers and crew during an abandonment? Or are you only responsible for the accountability of the evacuation teams I just listed?
- A. My -- only the operation team, only the operation team, and we check -- report to the -- that yeah, it's clear, that everything has been evacuated, so I can proceed, and inform the bridge accordingly.
- Q. Do you know who is responsible for accounting for all persons onboard prior to abandonment?
 - A. Safety officer, staff captain, captain.

- Q. So you do not report a hundred percent accountability to the bridge?
- A. Only the, the drills which I mentioned.

 Evacuation, my duty to evacuate the areas and report to bridge and then after that, (inaudible word) of their orders.
 - Q. Okay, and earlier you had described the process for the muster lists that are kept on the bridge, one for muster station A, muster station B, and muster station C. Do you know who the muster station leaders are?
 - A. Yeah, they are my three receptionists.
 - Q. Three receptionists.
- 14 A. Three receptionists.

2.1

- Q. And are you responsible for the accountability reports from those muster station leaders? Or do they report to someone else?
- A. They are supposed to report to the bridge. To me they are only part, the message, through the radio, okay, muster station, whatever, A, all present, missing number if any crew member is missing. But, some of captains, staff captain's request that they report this to the bridge, not to me.
- Q. Okay, so the muster station leaders report directly to the bridge, you just overhear them on the

radio.

2.2.

- 2 A. Yes.
 - Q. And do you know how the muster station leaders receive their lists for the personnel assigned to their stations?
 - A. Yes, because in that time, they have -- like I mentioned in the very beginning, the three boards, they contain passenger lists, divided on three different boards. They are taken, crew lists is divided on three boards.

So muster station A, for example you have lifeboat number one, or lifeboat number two on the portside, and they have a crew which area assigned to that lifeboat, and a number of passenger which can evacuate to that lifeboat. The number two will be lifeboat number one and three, and probably two -- which is (inaudible word) there to attend to the lifeboats, and evacuate the passengers to the lifeboats.

And C is the, C is the muster station C is the Pullman area, it's with a team of the people evacuation the passenger through MES if necessary.

- Q. Okay and do those three muster station leaders go to bridge to receive their lists? Or do they go --
 - A. They go pick up their list and they go to

- their location. Because they are three different,
 location, yeah.
 - Q. Okay, so I think I have a pretty clear picture now of how the evacuation and reporting process going to go. I am going to summarize. And can you please just acknowledge if what I am saying is correct or incorrect
 - A. Okay.

Q. So, the procedures that you have been practicing according to the drill is, upon hearing the general emergency alarm, you assume the duties of the evacuation leader, and you report to the reception area along with the food manager, bar manager, chief housekeeper, and the chef who are your four evacuation team leaders.

The senior receptionist reports to the bridge to collect the evacuation boards, brings them to the reception area for you. And your team is responsible for evacuating the accommodation spaces and only taking accountability of the crew members assigned to the evacuation teams.

The muster station leaders, the three muster station leaders, A, B, and C, which are your receptionists, report directly to the bridge, to the box that we had previously described, to collect their

respective muster station lists. And they proceed to muster station areas, and they account for crew and passengers assigned to their areas.

2.1

They provide their accountability reports directly to the bridge who then determines a hundred percent accountability of all passengers and crew onboard the vessel prior to abandonment.

A. Yeah, only I can add that they report to me if somebody is missing, the muster station. They report to me, but after they report to bridge. I can also add, that during the evacuation time, I am on the channel, we are all on channel 68, which is hotel channel, 68, and (inaudible few words) time channel 6 so we don't interfere to their communication, the fire teams.

When everything has been evacuated, I report to the bridge that all area has been evacuated, and I inform them that all my (inaudible few words) to -- to channel six. So from that moment, after confirmation, the bridge, I receive my message the (inaudible word) is evacuated, we all go to channel six, because in that time we are only under captain command, listening all (inaudible word) from the bridge.

Q. Does this process change with a different captain or staff captain, regarding reporting passenger

1 | counts to you, versus reporting to the bridge?

- A. No, I think that this is standard operating procedure on the cruise ships, and on ships in general this is how it is supposed to work.
 - Q. Okay, and you said --
 - A. Yeah, that's the --
- Q. Okay, thank you, and you said that sometimes the muster station leaders will call to you on the radio if they are mission someone.
- A. Yeah.

- Q. If that happens, what are you supposed to do?
- A. Well, I just acknowledge that, but it is not really, it is not really my call. So that's why after they tell me that and report that, they switch channels, like I said before, they we go from 68 to 6 and they report to the bridge.

So after that, we are all on the bridge command. The bridge know the ship -- hear, they are told they are ready, they are told crew has been evacuated, that everybody go up to decks -- abandon ship location, muster station location A, B, and C, and the MES port side and starboard side. This is location where they go.

Q. Okay, and during your weekly abandon ship drills, how is the accountability of passengers and

crew practiced? So when you practice an abandon ship drill with passengers, how do you determine numbers?

A. During the drills, during the drills, from the muster station we learn the numbers which are missing, and we learn also from MES, the numbers which are missing. For example, I am the leader on MES starboard side.

My ship housekeeper duty is to be leader on MES port side. So he have his checklist, and I have my checklist, and we inform the crew which was missing, we report the actual -- the same thing is happening from the muster station A, B, and C, they page the numbers which are missing at that time.

- Q. So do they do a head count and is it number, like they just count people by heads, one, two, three, or do they go by a list of names?
- A. That is -- (noise in the background) -- sorry about that, sorry about that. The list has number from number one to thirty, forty, whatever is the number, and there is a name and position of the crewmember. So we report to the bridge the person which -- seeing number one is missing on the deck -- so they know the location of that number.
- Q. And what about the passengers assigned to the muster stations? Is it just a list of the cabin number

with two personnel assigned? Or do they have a name list of passengers assigned to each station?

- A. I cannot tell you that one hundred percent.

 Yeah, I cannot tell you what is given, whatever we are given.
 - Q. Okay. So if someone were to determine that an individual is missing from their station, what follow-up actions are required from you, or what happens with the bridge in communicating that?
 - A. From our part, we did our part and they, we have no further responsibility to that. The bridge knows that it is number 20, 26, 25, and the captain, the staff captain would like to know why these people didn't attend to that location, that particular time.

So they -- if they excuse the people for what is reason, or whatever has happened, they -- the crew is called on the bridge and they are investigated what, or the reason that they are not in that location at that time, why they didn't report and are missing.

- Q. Okay, so I'm going to proceed to the day of the emergency, the -- on August 17th, the day of the fire and abandon ship. How did you know to begin to carry out your general alarm duties? So how did you know that there was an emergency going on?
 - A. Yeah I, I know we have a -- Mr. Skylight, I

- 1 know we have a fire. And I know, not long after, like
- 2 | a half an hour after we have a general announcement, so
- 3 | I know that we have to evacuation, that we have to
- 4 | evacuation passenger and crew.
- 5 Q. Now, when you say general announcement, can
- 6 | you please clarify what that general announcement was.
- 7 | Was it a voice announcement over the public address
- 8 | system, was it a phone call, was it a radio, was it an
- 9 | alarm signal?
- 10 A. It was only alarm signal, only alarm signal,
- only alarm signal. (Phone rings) okay sorry -- only
- 12 | alarm signal, it was no voice, it was no radio, only
- 13 alarm signal.
- 14 Q. So you --
- 15 A. Emergency alarm signal, general emergency
- 16 | alarm signal.
- 17 Q. So you did hear the general alarm of the seven
- 18 | short, plus one long?
- 19 A. Yeah, yeah, continuously ringing ships area,
- 20 yes.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. And at the same time I received some verbal
- 23 | information from reception that the captain has stated
- 24 | that we abandon, that we were abandon ship. Later I
- 25 | learned that he did make or order, captain order

abandon the ship because he didn't want to create panic in the passengers. So it was a general alarm, it was the evacuation and this is how we manage.

- Q. So you heard the general alarm signal, and your receptionist told you that the captain had called her --
 - A. Yeah

- Q. -- saying, stating that to prepare to abandon ship? Or just to evacuate (inaudible few words).
- A. Evacuate and to abandon the ship. Because when they -- in that time I ran from galley, I called to my office pick up our jackets, and crew also -- everyone can pick up their life jacket, pick up life jackets, and this start the evacuation. We have a procedure for that, and many other crew, and I started evacuation in that time.

Passengers were coming from the cabins with their luggage and I advised them to leave luggage in their cabins, or in the reception because it was pretty late and proceed to the muster station A and B.

- Q. Were the crew and passenger manifests used on the day of the abandonment?
- A. Not to my knowledge, because there was no time for that.
 - Q. Did you ever make any reports to the captain

regarding the status of the evacuation, and accountability?

- A. I just mentioned, yes, the captain was on the radio, extremely busy with his officers, first officer, second officer, third officer, safety officer, staff captain, they have a complication, and radio there we are preparing the boat number one, number two, number three, and start to lower the boat to embarkation level. So I did not interfere to their communication. I just mentioned that we start the evacuation, and that's what we did, we start the evacuation.
- Q. Did your evacuation team leaders receive the boards that you had previously described to me for their stations?
 - A. Not in that time.
 - Q. So how many different times during the evacuation process would you say that you updated or called the bridge reporting the progress, of the evacuation of your spaces?
 - A. Well we -- I just say that we start the evacuation and that that was it. And in five, ten minutes we were up in the deck seven muster station A and B, because we could not use muster station C. Muster station C was under smoke coming from the galley. So they automatically called to go to A and B.

And the staff captain, the safety officer was over there. I see the captain over there from that point. So everyone come. I did find this necessary to interfere to identify the complication with them because they know that we are bringing the passengers, the boats are going down, people are going to go to the boats, and so forth, yeah.

- Q. So did you ever receive a hundred percent reports from your evacuation team that everyone was evacuated from your accommodation spaces?
- A. Yes, I am, yes I am, during the lowering of boats, when they were preparing the boats I was still down in reception, and I was still waiting for everybody, from people which are part of the evacuation team, all the people on this team, to check all areas, to make sure that all crew and passengers are not in this area. We check the galleys, toilets, galleys, storeroom, everything, everything.

And then when I went there is nothing is happening on deck five, I go up to deck six and I saw passengers and crew (line breaking) -- on the (inaudible word) I think with the (line fades out).

Q. Did you report to the bridge once you received the evacuation team reports that the accommodation spaces were a hundred percent evacuated?

- A. Yeah, I understand that all areas are evacuation, nothing, nothing else.
- Q. Did the captain proceed with abandoning before you reported to him that all spaces were evacuated?
- A. Well, passengers were over there on deck seven, and this happened, probable the same time boat team was already lowering the boats, lowering the boats and start with evacuating -- with the lifeboat.

I mentioned before that we have 380 passengers, I think on that time. And we have about 126 crewmembers if I remember, so this was 126 crewmembers assisting 380 passengers on that evacuation.

- Q. Did you ever perform your abandon ship duties on the day in question?
 - A. Sorry --

2.2.

- Q. Abandon -- so your abandon ship duties, I believe you said was the MES starboard side leader.
- A. Yeah, I always during drill and I did this time as well, because it was it was happened that I learned that boat number two was going to the water -- facing the difficulties, had been rescued by the Coast Guard.

Then boat number three, I think those having difficulty, and stuck, when it was going down to the

water had been rescued by the Coast Guard, they had numerous boats, Coast Guard boats, and some other boats around. And at the same time, all that is happening almost in the same time.

Passengers, boats going down, the officer is complaining -- difficulties on boat number three. At the time, I hear that, from Captain that the MES on port side go to MES. So at that time I went to deck seven, and I was on seven, going down from deck seven to six. Going down to deck five the pool area and my (inaudible few words), called me -- and the team from the MES on the port side help us, and help me to make the column of the passenger, which at that time were assigned to go down to MES on the starboard side.

So it was when I saw the people and the passengers coming from deck seven going to deck six, and (inaudible few words) on deck five to the MES area and starting the operation, that was on the starboard side.

- Q. Okay. Did you launch the starboard side MES, or were you involved in the launching of the starboard side MES?
- A. No, at that time I was (inaudible word) ready,
 MES leader, and we have a lot of teams, because the one
 on the port side didn't work -- so all our forces were

on the starboard side.

Q. And --

- A. And we have real good control and could proceed properly, yeah.
- Q. And what are your duties as a starboard side MES leader, your normal duties that you would practice during --
- A. My normal duty is to check, to have a checklist and check my crew, if they are there. And evacuate the passengers in the groups, as (inaudible few words line breaking up). So whenever that raft is ready, my order should be given to the raft number one, number one okay -- go (Line breaking up, in audible). To the side, go to and move on.

And I proceed with number 3, number 5, number 7, all the odd numbers. So I call 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 that is supposed to be the procedure. But in this time we could not follow that.

So what happened, the team which was assigned to operate the MES on the starboard side, was there, they opened the doors, they inflated the slide -- the platform opened down there and we are ready to start the debarkation.

At that time I called the names of the crew leaders, prepare the boat, (inaudible few words) for

the water. Passengers, they were asking what to do
with the dog. And so many things were happening at
that time.

It was sufficient for me to be down there and do what I (inaudible word) do, with the boat in this kind of emergency, there was no time to follow standard procedure. So the procedure was to open the slide, to make (inaudible few words), manage the people, and start to launch the MES on the starboard side, more or less.

- Q. Do -- as the MES starboard side leader, do you receive accountability of passengers or crew from your muster station leaders?
 - A. No, nothing, there is nothing.
 - Q. Are you supposed to?

- A. This time I don't think they have any lists with them. In that kind of emergency, with the short time, and situation that we have, we just act according, the best we can. You know, bring the people to safe place, all of the people to (inaudible word) in the most safe way is to use the MES on the starboard side. It was no lists, record, or presented in that emergency.
- Q. Have you ever seen an MES, Marine Evacuation System, deployed before, either on board the Caribbean

Fantasy or at a shore side training facility, prior to this incident?

- A. Yeah I -- I didn't hear that clearly, and I apologize, I didn't hear, can you please repeat?
- Q. Yes, have you ever witnessed in person a marine evacuation system deploy either on board the Caribbean Fantasy or shore side at a training facility?
- A. I saw that in shore side training facilities.

 But I also saw -- in our, the Caribbean Fantasy and the other ship. It is a practice that when MES expire date, after expire date has to be sent to the service.

 The captain organized a presentation/demonstration for all the crew. They open the slides, they send all the crew down to have this, hearing how to slide. They go to the boats, they do that presentation very well.

And I think that in my time on this ship and the other ship I saw that at least six to seven times during my career time.

- Q. When you saw this, was this in person, physically? Or did you watch the deployment from a video?
- A. I -- they open the slides, they inflate in front of everybody. They ask all the crew, including me to go down to the slides. So we go down to the slides, we go down to the platform, we go down to the

- 1 | raft, and we have a training of how, how is to slide,
- 2 how is to be in the raft, when we are in the ship,
- demonstration. So you can only imagine how in the
- 4 rough sea.
- Q. So you slid down the marine evacuation system
- 6 | slide from the Caribbean Fantasy at a previous date?
- 7 A. Yes ma'am, yes. During inspection I
- 8 participated together with the crew.
- 9 Q. Do you recall when this occurred?
- 10 A. The date?
- 11 Q. Yes.
- 12 A. Well, I cannot tell you the date, but they
- 13 | should have records of that, because they have records
- 14 of repairing of rafts service and MES in the Puerto
- 15 Rico in the service station, where they service rafts
- 16 and MES.
- 17 Q. Do you recall which year this happened? Was
- 18 | this this year, last year, a couple years ago?
- 19 A. The last year, I think they did 2016 no. But
- 20 I think it was sometime in 2015 was the last time.
- 21 Q. So just to confirm, in -- around 2015, you
- 22 | personally witnessed the deployment of the marine
- 23 | evacuation system slides from the Caribbean Fantasy and
- 24 | you slid down the slide yourself?
- 25 A. Yes, and also the raft demonstration as well.

- Q. Were any of the current crew that was on board the ship during the incident, do you recall if any of them were leading or directing this training at that previous deployment?
 - A. Well, I'm sure the come, all the crew came. I can't remember the same, the same thing like I mentioned. But now, I cannot remember the names, it was a whole bunch of them.

- Q. And who trains the evacuation teams on board the Caribbean Fantasy?
- A. Safety officer is responsible for training all the crew, from inflation, training of the crew, and everything else dealing with safety.
 - Q. How do you evaluate your evacuation team's proficiency?
 - A. I think they were very good, and I think I recall my five years during one inspection (Inaudible word) ever for everything (inaudible few words) I recall that the inspection this is for, the covered by the inspection is one year. Five years, I saw almost twenty-four inspection when this crew (inaudible word). And we have people with minimum performance comments, write-ups, comments.
 - Q. Okay. All right thank you. That is all the questions I have for now.

CDR CAPELLI: Okay hotel, Adam Tucker will be 1 asking the next questions. 2 3 WITNESS HOTEL MANAGER DRAGAN GRUBISIC 4 5 **EXAMINATION** BY MR. TUCKER: 6 7 Good day, sir. Q. Good day to you, sir. 8 9 0. My name is Adam Tucker and I am with the National Transportation Safety Board. I'm going to be 10 asking a few general questions, and then a couple more 11 specific questions. And I hope you can bear with me, 12 there may be a few pauses while a take a few notes as 13 14 well. First of all, I understand you are the hotel 15 director on board the Caribbean Fantasy, and I believe 16 17 you have the largest amount of crew under your area of responsibility, is that correct? 18 19 Yes, that is correct. We have around eighty to ninety high season crew members in hotel, in hotel. 20 And just so I can be familiar, can you tell me 21 Q. roughly, just generally, sorry, what is the 22 organization of the hotel department, how it is 23 organized? 24

A. Hotel department, all the time like in any

- other cruise ships, when you have a hotel manager,
- 2 | hotel director, hotel manager who is responsible for
- 3 | entire operation of the hotel. So, I hire the crew, I
- 4 | hire the managers, and I work with crew together with
- 5 | managers, with department head, which is the food
- 6 manager, bar manager, chief housekeeper, chief purser,
- 7 | those are the department leaders. Which are
- 8 | supervising training, and (inaudible word) and working
- 9 | with their team on a daily basis.
- So, food manager is responsible for the food
- 11 operation, restaurant, buffet, crew mess, officer's
- mess, and so forth.
- Bar manager is responsible for the bar service
- 14 | in the passenger bars, and in the crew bar.
- The ship housekeeper is responsible for
- 16 passenger accommodation, passenger cabins and crew
- 17 cabins.
- 18 Ship purser is the person which is taking care
- 19 of administration so she (inaudible word) all the
- 20 papers (inaudible few words) to the arrival to the
- 21 port, after departure of the port, all financial
- 22 | reports, payroll, sign on crew, sign off the crew and
- 23 any other crew matters.
- On the ship is also the doctor, which is part
- of our team, and his responsibility is to work in the

infirmary, and check our crew and passenger, in case they need something.

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There are a number of those operations and policies on board the ship when all the managers, starting from myself down to the (inaudible word) management and then the crew have to have their basic safety training certificates.

Then we are, must be very knowledgeable and experienced to work with age, it's limitations, practice on daily basis, we need to meet all (inaudible word) and other requirement, whatever coming from shore.

Especially in American ports, where you have
- (inaudible word) they have passenger evacuation, an

embarkation, loading, we are loading the food and

beverages in the U.S. Everything is (inaudible word),

crew, and this is where we do our loading of beverages

and any material from that port.

Maybe you can -- need to ask some questions to that, so I will give you more information.

- Q. Thank you. No, that was a good general overview, I appreciate it. But in that, you mentioned the crew, they are required to have, I believe you mentioned basic safety training.
- A. Yes, we all have to have basic safety

training. So it is basic. It is not the training which are receiving the officers and crew which are working on deck and engine. They are more heavier, and more safe on their certificate.

For us, as a hotel crew we assist deck and engine crew in case of any emergency. The duties limited, and are more limited. Be we attend to this, safety training and they help still pay for basic training, for survival on the sea and so forth, so security of MES, that's what (inaudible word) have.

Beside I have to be -- I have attend

(inaudible word) courses, which I did three times in

Miami to qualify for U.S. (inaudible word) inspection,

together with my crew manager, bar manager, if they are

not attending to that, to bring them to assure that we

are able to pass those inspection.

The other trainings which we receive on board the ship, considering the safety are provided by the safety officer when the crew comes on board the ship must have all necessary paperwork, and document. And the safety officer is the one that check expiration date of the documents, and provide daily training to the crew, and weekly training as the captain requests, staff captain requests a drill schedule. So to organize the drills, to organize the training as they

wish.

- Q. Is there -- have you ever seen a circumstance or a situation in your tenure with the company where a crewmember arrives to the vessel and they do not have the basic safety training certificate? What happens then, or has it ever happened?
- A. Well, this can happen, because according to the policy the crewing manager, before they arrange any crewmember to join the ship must check that that crewmember has all certificates, all documents, medical, health, emergency, fire up to date, passports and everything else. We just -- whatever is on the list, check them, and make sure crewmember have everything up to date in order to join the ship.

So, now double check is made down in the safety office, and she check and confirm that with the crew manager, they are on the same page, they are communicating together to see who will be receiving — what is the verification of the crewmember, if they have certificates, do they have everything what we need. And then we approve his sign on, and he can join.

- Q. Understood. Thank you.
- A. You are welcome.
- Q. And in your time as hotel director, hotel

- manager, what is your experience, are the crew very regular, or are you getting a lot of new crewmembers, with respect to turnover of crew.
- A. Yeah we do have turnover, but it is not that high, maybe twenty-thirty percent of the crew which move around. But majority of the crew love to work on the ferry and they stay there for longer time. I have crew with me, which had been there for five years, or even eight years if I am connected to the (inaudible word) ship, you know, yeah.
- Q. Thank you.

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- A. Yeah, you are welcome.
- Q. You also mentioned the bar. Do you recall what time the bars close on board the ship for the, both the crew and passengers bar?
- A. The crew bar closes at eleven o'clock, eleven o'clock in the evening, which is not very attended, because -- and it is very limited to the beverage service. When we are out, crew to have only two, two drinks, so you can have two beers, or two vodka per person in the crew bar.

The passenger bar closes, one closes at eleven o'clock, and open in the morning at six o'clock, that is my hotel bar out by the pool bar and (inaudible word) bar was open until midnight, one o'clock in high

- 1 | season, maybe a little bit longer, it depends on
- 2 passenger attendance. If we have passengers there was
- 3 | stay open, if not we close.
- 4 O. Understood.
- 5 A. (Inaudible.)
- Q. And the connection got a little bad. Can you
- 7 | verify the time for crew bar closing?
- 8 A. Eleven o'clock.
- 9 Q. Eleven, eleven p.m., 2300.
- 10 A. Eleven p.m., 2300, correct, sir -- yeah the
- 11 | connection is getting a little bit down -- do you hear
- 12 me?
- Q. I hear you fine now, thank you.
- 14 A. Okay, thank you.
- 15 Q. Okay. Just another clarification. You
- 16 mentioned earlier Pullman six, I believe, and I just
- 17 | wanted to verify --
- 18 A. Pullman.
- 19 Q. -- that's the main passenger lounge with all
- 20 | the airline type chairs, is that correct?
- 21 A. That's the Pullman seat area with airline type
- 22 chairs, yes sir.
- 23 Q. Thank you.
- 24 A. You are welcome.
- Q. The other question I have, is how many

1 passenger cabins does the Caribbean Fantasy have?

- A. A hundred and forty-eight for passenger, for passenger, hundred forty-eight.
- Q. One forty-eight, and are they double occupancy, or quad?
- A. Well you have a master suites which have a double bed, and bunk bed, you have twenty-seven junior suited, which have four beds, they are bigger, but they have four beds inside, and the rest -- do hear me?
 - Q. I can hear you.

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- A. Okay, because I do not see you anymore, and the picture is gone. No problem, but I can continue -- and the rest of the cabins are four bed cabin except a few maybe one, two, three cabins which are tow bed cabins, three two bed cabins.
 - Q. Thank you very much.
- A. And then, of course, you have outside cabins and inside cabins, yeah, that's the breakdown.
 - Q. Thank you.
 - A. You are welcome, sir.
- Q. And we spoke earlier on the -- quite a lot on the passenger manifest and the muster lists. I wanted to clarify one thing, is there a separate list that you have on board, or maintain on board for any children, or passengers with either disabilities, or are limited

in mobility?

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- A. This is the list which we receive after

 departure from the port of San Juan, or port of Santo

 Domingo. And it is a passenger list with handicapped,

 disabled people. And also you can see the kids are

 listed by age, and so forth, yeah, we have that list.
 - Q. This information given to the bridge and the safety officer?
 - A. Yes, captain, staff captain, safety officer, chief purser distribute that list to all concerned.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. On a daily basis, on a daily basis.
- Q. And I understand that there is also a kennel on board for the dogs, is there a list of how many pets, or how many animals are on board?
 - A. We learn that, I think verbally, we don't have a list of how many dogs we have. We get verbally, you have fifteen dogs, twelve dogs, and so forth. But all the dogs are checked before they come on board the ship through their medical and other certificate which is dog supposed to have. But we don't have the dog list.
- 22 Q. Okay.
 - A. We only learn the number.
- Q. How many dogs on, did you have on board during the accident voyage?

- A. Well, exactly I cannot remember now, I'm
- 2 sorry, I cannot remember.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- A. Maybe six, seven dogs or something, some small
- 5 -- and I remember that I have a couple small dogs like
- 6 type Chihuahua, and that is all I can remember, but I
- 7 | cannot tell you the number, I don't remember.
- 8 Q. Understood. And as the hotel manager on board
- 9 and the biggest number of crew, we've understood that a
- 10 lot of the crew speaks Spanish. Do you speak Spanish?
- 11 A. Si senor.
- 12 O. Si senor.
- 13 A. Comprende mucho.
- 14 Q. Okay, si.
- 15 A. Yeah, yeah.
- Q. So you, as the department head, you are able
- 17 to communicate well with the crewmembers that speak
- 18 | Spanish?
- A. We are able communicate with the crew who
- 20 | speak Spanish.
- Q. Okay, and of course you can speak well with
- 22 | the passengers in Spanish as well?
- 23 A. Yeah, I can speak with passenger, we can
- 24 | communicate, you know, I'm not a hundred percent
- 25 | Spanish speaking guy but we can communicate, yeah.

- Q. Understood. And with that, I understand
 sometimes the hotel department, they make announcements
 to the passengers. Is there a specific person that
 makes the announcements in different languages on
 board?
- A. We have, eighty percent of our announcements including the safety announcement it is a recorded announcement. It is recorded. So very clearly in English and Spanish. Do you hear me?
- Q. I can hear you fine. Sorry, I was just making a note.
- 12 A. Okay, yeah.
 - Q. And these recorded announcements are they broadcast from the bridge, or from another location?
 - A. From reception, we do that from reception.
 - Q. From reception, okay.
- 17 A. Yeah.

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- Q. The other question I have is with respect to evacuation, how do -- I believe you mentioned the chief housekeeper is responsible for the evacuation of passenger cabins.
- 22 A. Yes, correct.
 - Q. Once the cabin has been determined to be evacuated, is there like a way -- a marking for the cabin, or any type of system used to show that the

cabin has been checked, and has been evacuated?

- A. Yeah, we have every person which is assigned to check cabin areas have a bag with a flashlight and charcoal inside. So when they check the cabin, they mark X on entrance door, which means that cabin was totally checked.
- Q. And you said they have, each person checking has a bag and a flashlight.
- A. Flashlight and charcoal, and this is how -the purpose of charcoal is to mark the door, to make x
 that this cabin has been checked.
- Q. Okay, charcoal, X, and flashlight, thank you.
- A. You are welcome.

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- Q. And you mentioned recorded announcements. I wanted to know what do you, is the announcement for the passenger safety briefing, before the ship gets underway, is that made from the reception, and is it recorded?
- A. Yeah that announcement is recorded, and it is made from reception in English and Spanish.
 - Q. In English and Spanish.
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you remember the details of what that announcement are?
 - A. It's telling the people in the same time that

we have that announcement, we make a lifejacket

demonstration in the various areas of the ship. So you

have a person in reception making lifejacket

demonstration. You have four person in Pullman area,

one person showing them the lifejacket demonstration.

because it is divided with walls, so every section has

The other person is in the bar area, showing the people -- we stop all activities when we make announcement, the music, everything stop, we make announcement and the demonstration, like I said before, on English and Spanish.

- Q. Thank you. Do you -- in addition to the announcement, do the passengers have the opportunity tohear the seven short and one long alarm?
- A. Yes, yes we improvise that from reception during the announcement, which is recorded. But then when it comes to the point, and now pay attention to the signal, because this is the signal for evacuation. Then reception has recorded signal and put on the mic so the signal is improvised to the whole ship area, through the whole PA system.
- Q. Okay, so I just wanted to be clear, you actually have signal sounded from the recording, it doesn't actually come from the alarm system on the bridge?

A. No, it, no it doesn't come from alarm system on bridge.

- Q. Okay. And we talked about training, and I understand as the hotel manager you are the most senior hotel officer on ship. Is there any other training that you have, or that you are required to have for your position?
- A. Well, when it comes to safety and security I am not, because I am the hotel person, and I manage hotel. I assist the captain and his officers together with my crew in case of any emergency, this is our part.

But like I said, our certificate and the requirement, it is limited like any other crews. I have my certificates and trainings for my jobs, but this is the hotel part, this is for the hotel operation.

- Q. Do you have a certificate or training in survival craft?
- A. Yes, I have, I have recognition before, for basic certificate, it is survival craft, it is survival certificate, it is security, crowd management, crisis management, first aid, firefighting all these certificate I do have.
- Q. Okay. The other question I have is do you

- work directly for Baja Ferries, or are you working for another company, a crewing agency or anything?
- A. I work for the charter, which charters the ship in that time.
 - Q. And the charter is?
- 6 A. The charter is ACF, American Cruise Ferries.
- Q. Okay, and are all the hotel crew working for American Cruise Ferries?
- 9 A. Yes, sir.

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- 10 Q. Thank you.
- 11 A. You are welcome.
- 12 Q. Just bear with me one second.
- A. No problem, anytime, anytime you need it, no problem.
- Q. Back to manifests. If there is any type of
 medical evacuation prior to departure, can you explain
 to me the procedure for if a passenger, or passengers
 are landed prior to getting underway? How that
 information is updated and communicated?
 - A. You mean -- if I understand you, if we have an emergency on board, then we have to disembark the passenger which have a medical emergency?
 - Q. Yes, correct.
- A. Okay, in case that we have a medical
 emergency, the doctor on board the ship is attending to

- 1 | the passenger. They -- call it a code blue and the
- 2 | team, which belong to the medical team, they go with
- 3 | the stretcher and they bring the passenger, if it is
- 4 possible to the infirmary.
- Or if not, to the disembarkation location if
- 6 | it is going to be by the boat through the pilot
- 7 | station, or it is going to be by helicopter, then they
- 8 | have to bring it up to the helo.
- 9 So we coordinate shore side, either in U.S.
- 10 port, or Dominican port is it the same procedure.
- 11 Reporting, doctor report, make his report to the
- 12 captain, and the captain and doctor are organizing
- 13 evacuation of that passenger.
- 14 Q. Okay.
 - A. Yeah.

- 16 Q. And --
- 17 A. Okay, so then when this happens, chief purser
- is sending a report to the -- the doctor's report to
- 19 the officials that this passenger will not arrive to
- 20 that port where we are going. If we are going to
- 21 Dominican port, that report will go to the DR. Or if
- 22 | we are going San Juan, that report would be presented
- 23 to San Juan official, to our office and to San Juan
- 24 official.

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Q. Understood. So it is reported to the

- officials in either port, it is reported to the office.
- 2 Is there, are there any changes made on board to the
- manifest because you have decreased the passenger
- 4 | count?
- A. Yeah, well we don't make changes on the
- 6 | manifest, it is just a report, we automatically we make
- 7 | that change to the -- on shore, because the shore, on
- 8 | shore will know that that particular person which is
- 9 manifested have a medical condition and has been
- 10 evacuated from the ship, and is not on the ship no
- 11 more.
- 12 Q. Okay, and with respect to manifest
- 13 communication, I understand it goes to the authorities,
- 14 does it go to anybody ashore, or to -- within the
- 15 company?
- A. It is going to the company, and the company
- 17 | will inform all concerned, accordingly. But if this is
- 18 | the helicopter coming to ship, which happened, then
- 19 | Coast Guard will know automatically about that. The
- 20 office will communicate they also know that that person
- 21 | is evacuated by helicopter, or with the boat, and is
- 22 | not on board no more.
- Q. Understood, thank you.
- 24 A. You are welcome, sir.
- 25 Q. And again in a senior position onboard the

- ship, I'm just wondering do you meet with other senior positions on board the ship to discuss just ship operations and safety?
- A. We do have our weekly senior manager meeting with the captain, staff captain, chief engineer, and myself. And sometimes participation of safety officer or any officer which is invited by the captain. Or from my side, depends on the subject which will be discussed. And we have records of our meetings, or our weekly meetings, this is the must, this is the SOP, Standard Operating Procedure.

We do have a safety meetings together with all the, the captain, staff captain, chief engineer, some of the deck hands, all hotel, officers and representatives attending to the monthly safety meeting where we discuss all safety methods.

We have safety drills, weekly drills, where after the drills, captain, staff captain, call all the crew to the -- big lunch, and present to them, what was good during that drill and what was not good enough to crew, and that's how we manage those things.

Q. Thank you.

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A. You are welcome. But of course, I meet the captain every day, I meet the staff captain every day and we have coffee all the time and we discuss

- officially and unofficially things, and the operation for during the voyage as well.
- Q. And staying to that, I understand you've been on -- with the Caribbean Fantasy, and with the company for a few years. And how is it with the turnover of the marine crew? So for example is the -- are the captain and the staff captain, and the chief engineer are they the same faces you see all the time? Or are you seeing more new faces coming to the ship?
- A. Well there are many old faces. But regardless of new or old, they do have almost two weeks and over from one to another. I think in two weeks there is sufficient time for them, being professionals on the ship to learn what is happening on our ship.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. Yeah.

- Q. Just one second.
- 18 A. All right.
 - Q. I wanted to clarify something else, you mentioned the hotel working frequency on the radio is channel 68, is that correct?
 - A. Yes, on channel 68.
 - Q. And what is the emergency frequency, or the frequency that you use to communicate with the bridge in an emergency?

- A. Yeah, number six is the bridge, deck area, is number six.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. And number twelve is the engine, number twelve is the engine room.
- Q. Okay. And during an emergency either in the actual emergency, or during a drill, are you communicating with your staff, the hotel staff, the evacuation control personnel, are you talking with them on channel 68, or are you talking with them on channel six?
- A. I am talking to them on channel 68. But after we learn everything, all the crew, all crew and passengers have been evacuated, we change the channel to channel six, because at that time, they have to proceed to our assigned stations and receive the orders from the bridge, from the captain.
- Q. Okay. With respect to passengers with any disabilities, do you recall during the accident voyage, if you had any people with mobility issues, or disabilities on board?
- A. I have few, over eight people which had been evacuated through helicopter, and some overweight went down with the slide, but they were not really, really heavy, they were a little bit more heavy, but not that

- 1 | much. And some others which have difficulty during
- that emergency, overweight, or high blood pressure
- 3 | situation, those passenger had been evacuated with
- 4 helicopter.
- 5 Q. Thank you.
- 6 A. You are welcome, sir.
- Q. And with respect to children, and kids, how
- 8 was that handled during the emergency?
- 9 A. Well, they go together with their parents.
- 10 Like I said, you know, to evacuate 380 passengers with
- 11 | the assistance of 126 crew was enough crew to manage
- 12 any difficulties. So if we have a higher number maybe
- 13 things might be more difficult, but with low passenger
- 14 | count and high crew count we managed without any
- issues.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. Yeah, it was not a (inaudible word) crowd, the
- 18 people was running around, that kids were running and
- 19 so forth. You know, things were pretty much under
- 20 control.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. And it was not too many kids at that time if I
- 23 remember it was not too many kids at that time all.
- O. One second.
- 25 A. Yes, sir.

- Q. All right, and just so I understand the ship 1 to shore communications, you work for American Cruise 2 Ferries, so who is your -- do you primarily contact 3 4 representative from American Cruise Ferries, in your 5 day to day communications with shore, or do you contact Baja Ferries?
 - We contact our, we report, hotel operation Α. report to the operation manager of our charter, we report to our head office, to our operation manager.
 - Ο. Okay.

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- We communicate, and report necessity to Baja Ferries, which is the management and owner of the ship. And we communicate to the captain, staff captain, chief engineer, with various matters when necessary on board, yes.
 - Q. Thank you.
 - You are welcome. Α.
- Q. All right, now I'm going to move to the emergency, to the actual accident.
- Α. Um-hmm.
- And in particular I want to ask about the Q. evacuation and the checking of the passenger cabins. Do they, does someone have like a master key to go into the passenger cabins and check?
- Which I mentioned before the group which have 25 Α.

- the assignment to check the cabins, they do have a bag with a flashlight, charcoal, and I forget to mention they have a master key issued from reception at that particular time, only for that purposes.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. After they -- the master key has to be returned to the reception, we have to (inaudible few words).
- Q. Okay, and is this a metal key, or a plastic key?
 - A. We have only metal keys on board.
 - Q. Understood. And if for any circumstance, a crewmember does not manage to get their bag with the flashlight, and the charcoal, is there another means to, for this particular emergency, to identify the -- to indicate what cabins have been searched, and what have not been searched?
 - A. Well, the ship housekeeper, assistant housekeeper, myself, we do have a master key, we are entitled to have a master key all the time with us. So we can assist and check any of these cases, if they cannot go in, and make double check, or give the key to the crew, with the only (inaudible word), so they clarify everything okay in that area.
 - Q. Okay. For this particular -- for the actual

emergency, itself.

- A. Yeah.
- Q. Were you informed that some crewmembers did not have the charcoal they had to use tissue to identify the cabins being searched?
- A. No sir. This emergency posed such a situation that we had a very short time, and everything was managed as fast as we can when the checklist and our procedures which you mentioned before, didn't take place because there was no time for that.

So we, the crew check everything, they report to me by housekeeper, by some other leaders and crew around that everything is checked, there is nobody down there.

And I left the deck five going down to deck six after I learned that. And I see that everybody was already to deck seven and muster station A and B. So, this is how, how they manage that moment of emergency.

- Q. Understood. And during the emergency and during your time at the muster station and observing the people on deck, what was your general feeling for the mood amongst the passengers, were they -- was it calm, was there order, was there panic, what are some of the things that you remember?
 - A. I can say that some people were upset and

- nervous and didn't feel comfortable, but seeing that
- 2 | situation, that we are all in the same situation, then
- 3 | people just accept the condition and cooperated well
- 4 | with the requirement at that time. To the lifeboat,
- 5 | after that, go -- order, in order, and MES area all the
- 6 | people were calm, I didn't see any problem.
- 7 I have only a few situations like I mentioned
- 8 | before with some heavy people, and some high pressure
- 9 people, which I personally sit down on the pool area
- 10 and they were waiting to be evacuated until helicopter.
- 11 Q. Thank you.
- 12 A. You are welcome.
- Q. And during your time at the MES, I understand
- 14 you are in charge of MES on the starboard side.
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. As the people were going down the slide was
- 17 anybody keeping a count for a number of the people
- 18 | going down?
- 19 A. No sir.
- Q. Okay. There's also, within the company
- 21 | policies it mentions a specific duty of the hotel
- 22 manager, oversight of the safety pamphlet that is in
- 23 | the passenger cabins. Do you know what, specifically,
- 24 | is in the safety pamphlet?
- 25 A. In the passenger cabin?

1	Q. Yes.
2	A. In the passenger cabin is a demonstration of
3	lifejackets, and how to us the lifejackets, and
4	location of escape route and muster station, is their
5	muster station A or B to have escape route together,
6	that is more or less on that template.
7	Q. Okay, and my last question for you, and I
8	forgot to ask it earlier, is, how many passengers, what
9	is the maximum number of passengers that are allowed to
10	be seated in the Pullman six area?
11	A. Pullman seat area I have four hundred 450
12	seats.
13	Q. Okay that's all the questions I have.
14	A. Okay.
15	Q. I am going to turn it over to one of my
16	colleagues. And again, a big thank you for your time.
17	A. Thank you sir, no problem.
18	Q. Thank you.
19	A. Thank you.
20	WITNESS
21	HOTEL MANAGER DRAGAN GRUBISIC
22	EXAMINATION
23	BY MS. BELL:
24	Q. Good afternoon sir.

A. Good afternoon.

Q. My name is Carrie Bell, I am with the NTSB as well. So I want to make a couple of clarifications.

Can you tell me, did you say that you worked for Baja

Ferries, or American Cruise Ferries?

- A. No, I work for American Cruise Ferries.
- Q. Okay, and when you were hired, were you hired directly with that company, or through a crewing company?
 - A. No, we are hired through the crewing agency.
- Q. Okay. And have you ever experienced a fire on board a vessel, previously?
- A. Yes, in the last thirty years on the ships, I experienced all kind of fires, but thank God they were small and easy to manage. I never have had this kind of experience.
 - Q. And have, what about an abandon ship event?
- A. No, nothing like that, nothing, nothing, this was the first time that we have such a situation that we have to abandon ship in the way we did, yeah.
- Q. And a question about the muster lists, I know we've gone on about that a lot, but can you explain why all the muster lists are kept on bridge and there are not copies kept in the reception area?
- A. Why these lists are kept in (inaudible word) which I mentioned before, for muster station A, B, and

C?

- Q. Correct.
- A. Yeah, they are kept on the bridge, because like I mentioned before, after the ship's departure it is the duty of the ship purser to send this report to all concerned. A duty of reception is to bring that passenger manifest, and bring the bridge, to the safety officer.

And then our safety officer should be the one dividing this passenger account to muster station after her (inaudible few words). This trip, things that occurred, I can't tell you much about that, because it is not my, my part, yeah.

- Q. So at the point when she assigns all of the passengers to their different muster stations, why would those not be distributed to the different areas so that they wouldn't have to go all the way back to the bridge in an actual emergency, it seems like that would take more time.
- A. Well this was the set up, and this was the procedures, and I cannot tell you why, or anything else. This is what it is, because it has always been like that and would never happen, the thing which has happened. So maybe next time they will -- something different. But in this particular time, they stay the

bridge.

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- Q. So from your perspective, would it save time if those would be distributed to the different areas after they were assigned to the passengers?
- 5 Α. It depends on the situation. You know, if a -- if you keep it down in the -- I think the ship, the 6 bridge is the most important, the most safest place. 7 But you never know where you can have a fire, this can 8 9 happen down in (line breaking up), have to leave the reception for an alternative station. So I think this 10 -- for one keep by the -- it is important everything is 11 -- the bridge, you know. 12
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. I cannot tell you the reason for, like I said it is not my call to -- about that. I can only tell you where they are and they are managed, and why, that's a captain call, that's a safety officer call.
- 18 Q. Understood, thank you.
- 19 A. You are welcome.
 - Q. And you state earlier that you do speak some Spanish. What is your native language?
 - A. My native language, I am from Latvia, so I speak Polish (inaudible word), is my mother language.
- Q. And on the ship in your department, in the hotel department, what is the working language? Say

for example you have a meeting --

- 2 A. On the ship it is officially -- yeah,
- 3 officially, it is English, so I, if I have a meeting
- 4 | with the crew, I always use English, officially. And I
- 5 always have interpreter, one of the Spanish speaking
- 6 crew, which speak better Spanish than me, so they
- 7 | interpret, and translate everything to Spanish and they
- 8 communicate -- that's how we manage.
- 9 Q. Okay, thank you.
- 10 A. You are welcome.
- 11 Q. Do you recall if the passenger evacuation
- 12 information in the cabins, on the back of the doors is
- in English and/or Spanish?
- 14 A. I think that there is the double language. I
- 15 | cannot guarantee now, now I really don't know, but I
- 16 think they are in both.
- 17 Q. And what about the safety pamphlet that you
- 18 were discussing earlier, that demonstrates the
- 19 | lifejackets, what language was that?
- 20 A. Yes, you are talking about safety
- 21 | announcement, yeah?
- 22 Q. The safety pamphlet, the brochure in the
- 23 cabins.
- 24 A. We are talking what is on the back of the
- 25 door, yeah?

- Q. It is my understanding that there is, there is something on the back of the door, but there is also a pamphlet that describes the safety, the safety equipment such as lifejackets, is that correct?
- A. No, it is only, it is only that on the back of the door where you have an evacuation station, and muster station, and safe route to muster station.
- Q. Okay. And are the drills that you have on ship, are they conducted in both English and Spanish?
- A. No the drills are only English, but trainings are provided by the safety officer in English and Spanish.
- Q. Okay, and do you do any of the training for your staff?
- A. I do some of the training for the staff, but not safety training. I do the training which is considered my management my crew operations for the hotel and so forth, but (inaudible word) training, but not the safety training, only for operation and hotel training.
 - Q. And do you do your training in English?
- A. My training, yes.
- Q. Of the staff.

2.1

A. Yes, because my training to the department head, which is food manager, bar manager, housekeeper,

they are all speaking very well English, so we can communicate in English very good.

- Q. And you were talking earlier about the passenger safety briefing, and you said that that is done from reception. Can that be heard throughout the ship?
- A. Yeah, this you can hear through the PA system inside and outside on the open decks.
 - Q. So you can hear that outside as well?
- A. Yeah, I do have a -- there are speakers are on the open decks, and you can hear that from the outside as well, yes.
- Q. And on that day of the incident did you hear any announcement over the PA system?
- A. Yeah, I said before, I heard Mr. Skylight and after that general announcement, so everybody hear the general announcement because it was seven short, continuously on the ship, in all ship areas. So you can clearly hear that announcement.
- Q. And do you know is that was a recorded PA announcement, or if the captain was actually speaking?
- A. This was -- this was not announcement, this was a signal coming from the bridge without any information.
 - Q. So -- just to clarify, you don't recall

- 1 hearing the captain make an announcement, you just
- 2 heard the alarm signal?
- A. Only the alarm signal that is correct.
- 4 Q. And you said that you had taken a proficiency
- 5 | in survival craft and rescue boats training in the
- 6 past. Can you tell me where you took that training and
- 7 | when? Do you recall?
- 8 A. Well, in the many years of being on the ships
- 9 there were trainers coming onto ships and training on
- 10 the ships. The last training I had updated was in the
- 11 Dominican Republic, in the training center, (inaudible
- 12 | word) training center in the Dominican Republic, in
- 13 Santo Domingo.
- 14 Q. And do you recall when that was?
- 15 A. Safety training (Inaudible name) training
- 16 center.
- Q. Do you remember the date? Or what year?
- 18 A. Well, the last issue was 2016, the updated
- 19 certificate.
- 20 Q. 2016?
- 21 A. No, I cannot tell you the date.
- 22 Q. Okay.
- A. But the year was 2016.
- Q. It was in the year 2016, is that correct?
- A. Well, the beginning of the year 2016.

- Q. Okay, thank you.
- A. Yeah. Because we do have the certificate, but they need to be updated again, and again, the idea it have an updated certificate, yeah.
 - Q. Um-hmm.

2.2.

- A. Some of them, not all, it depends on when certificate is expired.
- Q. Okay, and a little while ago we were talking about the launching of starboard MES, and you said that you did not launch that. Do you know who did?
- A. I know, because we have a team, which have a leader, and there are four crew members, the team which is assigned for that job. So their duty is to report to MES and to operate MES. That includes, opening the doors, inflate, secure slide, make sure that the platform is in place, everything is in place.

They are the ones which are going down to the platform to be ready to receive the rafts which need to be tied to the platform in order to start the evacuation.

- Q. Okay, so you are the starboard MES commander, correct?
- A. Yes, I am commander of the starboard side MES.

 But I am not commanding to MES, I am commanding,

 managing the crew which I have in front of me. But I

have the raft commanders, raft commander number one,

two, three, five, seven, nine -- (inaudible few words).

And their assistants, which will assist the passengers

when we start the evacuation to that MES.

2.1

- Q. Just to clarify, though you -- were you present when they launched the MES?
- A. No, I was coming down, I was on deck six when this happened. And the team was already opening and launching the MES directed by the captain. They are on channel six and they report to the bridge already, so the get the order from captain, and they were starting that, (inaudible word) already when I was coming down. At the same time.

Like I mentioned before, the port side was closed, and people from port side come to the starboard to handle the passenger, and assist the passengers to go down the slide. It was no time, it was no time that you have procedures like have number one go assist passengers to the slide and the start (inaudible word). And then have (Line breaking up, inaudible few words), with three to four.

The situation was a little bit difficult because bad weather and the rough sea, when the vessel was shaking it was very difficult to tie the raft. And they have -- they manage, I think the raft to be tied

up and embarking the passenger. But they would not be able to manage that without Coast Guard help.

So the Coast Guard boats would stay close, and they were helping them to do that. After that raft has been released, all the passenger had been taken out to the Coast Guard boats, and all other passengers later were (inaudible word) straight to boats or to (inaudible word) -- so the raft was not in use.

- Q. Okay, thank you. And so eventually you made it to the starboard MES then, did you spend most of the time there once the abandon ship started?
- A. Yes, I was on deck six, which is a deck above. But you can see the, you can see the area, the embarkation area and crew and passenger when that are going down to the slide. So for me I have at that time reporting what are we going to with the dogs. The passengers were asking for the water, so many other things are happening.

So I see that the line is going down, the passengers are sliding one by one, everything goes okay. I see many Coast Guardboats from that point helping and come out to the ship. And I organize the water, for the passenger open the bunker and find the water, accomodate some disabled and high pressure, and waiting for the helicopter to take the passenger in the

helicopter.

At the same time, when I was (inaudible word), was coming the fire brigade, I think, firefighter and he told me this passenger we will be taking with helicopter. So he was the one organizing all that, with the help of my crew to take passenger up to helo deck.

And after that we have a situation with the dogs, when I also had to arrange the crew to take the cages, and bring the cages with the dogs to deck seven, so that is what we were doing at that moment of the evacuation of the boat.

- Q. Okay, thank you for that. And just a couple more questions. You -- can you tell me how you evacuated the ship?
- A. I evacuated the ship last, I was the last one. After I see that all passengers and all the crew are going out, I was the one, the last one together with the safety officer, security -- the sanitation officer, we were last to slide to the platform. And I was taken down by the Coast Guard from platform to the boat and they bring us to the land.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. Yeah, but for me there were no more passengers on board the ship, it was only some deck and engine

crew on ship at that time, captain, staff captain, and safety officer and some other crew.

- Q. Okay. And one last question. Earlier you were talking about the weekly shipboard safety meetings, and you mentioned that you keep, or that logs are kept, or minutes, meeting minutes.
- A. Yeah, they have that, yeah every week we have a senior management meeting with the captain, staff captain, ship engineer, myself, the chief purser, and invited -- there is, are crew which we call to that meeting.
- Q. Are the notes from that meeting sent to the company?
- A. The meeting, the ship board meeting it is sent to the company. Yeah, captain have that, staff captain have that in his office, and computer, and they are sending that to their companies. I have a copy of that, I receive a copy so I am aware of an update of everything what is happening, happening to that matter.
 - Q. All right, thank you.
- A. Then, yeah, we also have a safety meeting, like I mentioned before, once a month. This is also recorded, and filed. We have a captain, staff captain, chief engineers, and deck and engine officers, the hotel officers. The session is preventative, it is a

1	big group of crew attending to the safety meeting when
2	we discuss the safety matters, in all department areas,
3	and they know, have questions, somebody have something
4	to report, that safety, safety matter. Some
5	accommodation, the duration and so forth.
6	Q. Okay, so the monthly meeting, the crew is
7	involved in those meetings.
8	A. Yes, the crew is involved on those meetings.
9	Q. Okay.
10	A. Then we have weekly drill where the
11	(inaudible few words), boat drill, fire drill and boat
12	drill, and after that finish we all come to big lounge
13	with the captain, and the staff captain presenting what
14	is good and what needs to be improved on that drill
15	performance.
16	Q. Okay, thank you for that detail. That is all
17	the questions I have, thank you.
18	A. You are welcome, you are welcome.
19	WITNESS
20	HOTEL MANAGER DRAGAN GRUBISIC
21	EXAMINATION
22	BY LT PROCTOR:
23	Q. Hi, just a couple follow-up questions, this is

A. You are welcome.

Q. How did you know to abandon the ship and proceed to the starboard MES after you accounted for the evacuation teams?

A. Well, when we finish evacuation all the passengers were brought to the muster station A and B. During that process, I was, like I said before, I remain on deck five just to make sure that everything is a hundred percent evacuated.

So when this was reported by chief housekeeper and some other crew that we are okay. We proceeded to deck six to help with the passengers, evacuating the passengers. We were -- we come out to deck six and I see on deck seven, port side and starboard side crew and passengers on the boat stations.

At that time I learned, because the captain communicated with the staff captain, with the safety officer, with the first officer, third officer, they have communication, I learned that they want to open the slide.

So I saw from that point that the slides are opening. So the captain gave the order to the crew of the slides, the slide team, the MES team to open the slides. Like I mentioned earlier, I was, at that time I was still on channel 68, and captain probably gave the order on channel six, because they were on channel

six.

I switched to channel six when I come up, and I was sure that everything is okay (inaudible line breaking, inaudible few words), said, we are going to channel six, so we were on channel six.

- Q. So earlier, you had stated that during a drill after you receive a hundred percent evacuation from your team leaders, you wait in the reception area until you hear the abandon ship alarm from the captain -- from the bridge, and the -- and then that's proceed to your abandon ship station, which is the starboard side MES. Was there any -- did you hear any alarm that triggered you to proceed to the upper decks? Or did you just go, or did you hear on radio ...
- A. What I mentioned before, it was a procedure during our drill. So, I stay in reception, I receive all these things, like I mentioned before, and then I proceed to my starboard side, during our drill, weekly drills.

But now in that emergency, it was a different situation. We -- with a general alarm we all start to evacuate the passengers, it was time to move the passengers to the safest area. So, I said to the ship housekeeper and his crew, come to reception and help me to move the passengers to deck seven.

So, I learned that the MES starboard side, port side didn't open when I was coming already up to deck six and seven, forward. The MES teams were in that location already operating, they operate the MES.

- Q. Okay, so you believe that the way that incident, the evacuation and abandon ship procedures were handled on the day of the incident was different than the way you normally conducted them during the drills?
- A. Yes, they were different, because during the regular drill we have time and we go with the, our standard operating procedures, step by step and we always follow the same routine. This was out of any routine, and it was just a situation that I could see and act accordingly.
- Q. Okay, on the day of the incident, did you receive any reports of missing crew prior to you going to the starboard side MES?
- A. No, I did not. Because no checklist procedure in that emergency time.
- Q. And you had stated earlier, that your evacuation team leaders did not receive their boards for checking -- evacuation in their areas, to include the crew assigned to their evacuation team. How did they know that their evacuation team crewmembers were

- present if they did not receive the boards to tally
 that?
 - A. You are talking about an emergency situation which has happened, the fire?
 - Q. Yes, on the day in question.

2.1

- A. Yeah on that, on that particular moment we didn't have no checklist, we don't go with -- like I said before all the crew was up, so all areas were evacuated, and we were line up from deck seven to deck five to have the passenger to disembark as soon as possible, that is what happened.
- Q. Right, but you had stated that the evacuation team leaders received the board that say, okay, we have four team members assigned to evacuate all the housekeeping areas.
- A. This is during the -- our regular drills. So we -- our, I am mixing up, maybe I am mixing up, I apologize. Our regular drills, the regular situation is one situation. This emergency was totally different situation.
- Q. I understand that. So during the actual emergency, the fire, you know, on the day in question. Without those boards how did evacuation team leaders account for the crewmembers that were assigned to evacuate those spaces?

A. Well, they didn't do that, they didn't have no time for that. When the group of people, crew go to the hotel and search everything, they just came down and reported that nobody was there, and the smoke was coming up.

- So all the crew from the aft to the forward, and participate in the passenger evacuation, and rescue going up to deck six and going up to deck seven. So it was not any checklist or something like that in that time. There was no time for that.
- Q. So you never actually had a hundred percent accountability of your evacuation team crewmembers on the day of the incident?
 - A. During the emergency no, we did not have.
- Q. Okay, and you had also stated that due to the smoke, people were not mustering in muster station C, they went up to deck seven?
 - A. That is correct, that is correct.
- Q. How did they know not to go to muster station C, the crew and passengers?
- A. Well the crew already knows if there is smoke they don't go to this area, and they know that they have alternative stations. So if any passenger was confused -- which I don't think it was, because nobody wanted to go to the smoke area -- the crew just sends

- them up to the open area where there was no smoke. We have alternative area for all our muster station.
 - Q. Was there smoke in other accommodation spaces that prohibited personnel from being in there?
 - A. Well, if we have smoke we all learn do not go to that area because it is not that you are prohibited, it is dangerous. We all train, and we all learn people that people don't die from fire, they die from smoke, from intoxication.
 - Q. So, your evacuation team -- if there is smoke in an area that they are supposed to be evacuating, do they still proceed to that area, to check that no one --
 - A. No.

- Q. -- is unconscious, or no one is trapped in that area?
- A. This area had been checked, because at that time the smoke was not really, really heavy. But if we have heavy smoke, then the firefighting teams have masks and they have all equipment to enter any fire, or any smoke, or smoky section. At that time, on deck five, crew and passenger accommodation there was some smoke, but not that heavy smoke. But even that small smoke was enough not to send people and crew in that, in muster station C.

Q. So was there any announcement via radio, or on 1 the public address system to the crew or passengers not 2 3 to proceed to muster station C? 4 No, there is not, there was not. Probably, 5 the little muster station C, and crew which is supposed to be there, were already moving passenger to deck, to 6 open deck on deck six and seven. 7 Okay, all right thank you. 8 Q. 9 You are welcome. CDR CAPELLI: Good morning hotel director, 10 Commander Mike Capelli, U.S. Coast Guard. 11 THE WITNESS: Hello Commander. 12 CDR CAPELLI: I have no further questions, I 13 14 have no questions, but I am going to call on our parties-in-interest, and substantially interested 15 parties, if they have any questions. Panama do you have 17 any questions for the witness? 18 MR. ARENAS: (No audible response.) 19 CDR CAPELLI: Panama has no questions for the witness. American Cruise Ferries? 20 MS. LUZ: No questions. 21 American Cruise Ferries has no 22 CDR CAPELLI: questions for the witness. Does Baja Ferries have any 23

MR. BLASINI: No questions.

questions for the witness?

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CDR CAPELLI: Baja Ferries has no questions
1
    for the witness. Sir, thank you for your time, you are
2
    now released as a witness at this hearing, thank you
3
4
    for your testimony and cooperation. If I later
5
    determine that we need additional information from you,
    I will contact you through counsel. If you have any
6
    questions about this investigation you may contact the
7
    recorder, LTJG Grade Diaz-Colon.
8
9
              THE WITNESS: Okay, I understand all that you
    mentioned, and I thank you very much.
10
              CDR CAPELLI: At the hearing the time is 1141,
11
    we are going to take a recess now, we won't start with
12
    the master until -- we are going to give ourselves an
13
14
    hour, so we will try and start at 1300. The hearing is
    now in recess until 1300.
15
              THE WITNESS: So you will need my
16
    participation at 1300?
17
18
              CDR CAPELLI: No, I will not need your
    participation at 1300, thank you very much.
19
              THE WITNESS: So, I am released now from the
20
    hearing?
21
22
              CDR CAPELLI: Yes, you are released, thank
23
    you.
              THE WITNESS: Okay, thank you very much, sir,
24
    thanks to all.
25
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1	(Whereupon a luncheon recess was taken.)
2	CDR CAPELLI: Good afternoon the time is 1304
3	we will reconvene the hearing. We are going to hear
4	testimony from the master of the Caribbean Fantasy at
5	the time of the casualty. If you don't mind, would you
6	please stand, and LT Diaz-Colon with administer the
7	oath and ask you some preliminary questions.
8	LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Good afternoon captain, can
9	you please stand?
10	THE WITNESS: It is okay for you?
11	LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Yes captain, can you please
12	raise your right hand for me.
13	THE WITNESS: It's okay.
14	(Administers oath to the witness.)
15	WITNESS
16	CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA
17	WITNESS
18	ALLAN LAGRONE
19	A witness called on behalf of the Coast Guard was
20	sworn on their oath and testified as follows:
21	THE WITNESS: Yes, what did you say?
22	LTJG DIAZ-COLON: For the record, please
23	state your full name, and spell your last name.
24	THE WITNESS: Okay, my name Casabianca, my
25	family name is Casabianca, my first name is Jacques.

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LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Can you spell your last name
1
    for me, please?
2
              THE WITNESS: My family name I spell is C-A-
3
    S-A-B-I-A-N-C-A, Casabianca.
4
5
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Thank you, captain. And for
    the record will the counsel please state your full name
6
    and spell your last name.
7
              COUNSEL FOR THE WITNESS/MR. RODRIGUEZ: Good
8
9
    afternoon, yes, it is Jay Rodriguez, last name is R-O-
    D-R-I-G-U-E-Z, and I am acting as counsel for Baja
10
    Ferries as well as for the captain as a representative
11
    of the company.
12
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, thank you sir.
13
14
             MR. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay captain, can you please
15
    tell me where you are currently employed and what your
16
17
    position is?
18
              THE WITNESS: I am currently employed by Baja
19
    Ferries, on the (inaudible word) ship, the Caribbean
    Fantasy as the captain, on the ship to represent my
20
    owner, and the shipyard in the Bahamas.
21
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay and prior to working on
22
    the Caribbean Fantasy can you briefly describe or
23
    discuss what your previous work experience is?
24
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THE WITNESS: Before Baja Ferries?

LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Before Baja Ferries. 1 THE WITNESS: I was working for, I was 2 working together as training master in training center 3 4 in Marseille, and also -- the sound is not good -- and 5 also as captain of the (inaudible word) ferry between France and Morocco for two years, and for as captain on 6 accommodation barge in Aprica. Before as a captain on 7 a salvage (inaudible word). And before I was officer, 8 9 of course until I'm working -- I am sixty-two, and I have been at sea including my navy (inaudible word), 10 until 1974. 11 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Sorry sir, your total sea 12 experience has been since 1974? 13 14 THE WITNESS: Yes, that is when I started to navigate, go to school to get it. 15 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay thank you. And what is 16 the highest level of education that you have completed? 17 18 THE WITNESS: In spite of the naval academy, 19 you say? LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Yes, captain. 20 THE WITNESS: I don't know if you are familiar 21 with (inaudible word), bacheloria, it is bachelor, I 22 don't know what you how you call that. 23 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: It's the same, bachelor's 24 degree. 25

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THE WITNESS: Bachelor's degree, yes.
1
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, and do you hold --
2
3
              THE WITNESS: (Inaudible word) University.
4
             LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay.
5
              THE WITNESS: And I did one year at the
    university, but it is beside.
6
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, thank you. And do
7
    you hold any professional licenses or certificates in
8
9
    addition to your captain's license?
              THE WITNESS: No, no.
10
             LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay thank you.
11
                             I mean -- that -- sorry -- you
12
              THE WITNESS:
    mean captain's license, you know in France you know
13
14
    that it is different, with are engineer and captain,
    but we are both for the navy we used to train as engine
15
    officer, and technician.
16
17
             LTJG DIAZ-COLON: So you have a professional
18
    engineer's license as well?
              THE WITNESS: As well, but not valid anymore
19
    because you need to -- renew every five years.
20
21
             LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, thank you.
              THE WITNESS: The only license I have valid
22
    today is captain.
23
              LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, I appreciate it, so
24
    now I am going to turn over the floor to Mr. Jason
25
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Yets, who is going to continue with questions, okay? 1 THE WITNESS: Okay. 2 3 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Thank you. WITNESS 4 5 CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA **EXAMINATION** 6 BY MR. YETS: 7 Captain, good afternoon. Q. 8 9 Α. Good afternoon. What was your sign on date on the Caribbean 10 Q. Fantasy as the captain for this last contract? 11 Α. What was my? 12 Sign-on date, when did you join the vessel? 13 Q. 14 Α. On the fifth of August, for the second time, on the fifth of August. 15 All right, so you were on board for just under 16 17 two weeks then, is that correct? 18 Α. Yes. I want to talk to you about your handover. 19 Q. Α. Yes. 20 What is the company's policy on the captain's 21 Q. handover. And what I mean by that, is there a 22 prescribed time period that you are supposed to have 23 when you are a new captain on board a ship? 24 Α. Yes, there is. 25

- Q. Okay, and what is that time period, what does the safety management system require for a minimum
- 3 handover for a new captain?
- A. Okay, I was not a new captain, because I joined the ship before in the dry-dock in Tunisia, so it was my second time.
- 7 Q. Okay.
- A. So that was what your question is, what was my handover on the fifth of August?
- 10 Q. No --
- 11 A. The company, the company, the company, hires
 12 (inaudible inaudible word) for forty-eight hours, two
 13 days of handover, plus the document, of course, signed
 14 with old captain handover, which is a document included
 15 in the ISM book.
 - Q. Okay, thank you.
- 17 A. Um-hmm.
- Q. Was there any information that you feel that
 you did not receive during the handover that you had to
 learn on job?
- 21 A. No.
- Q. Okay, I'd like to talk to you briefly about your crew muster lists.
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. On board the Caribbean Fantasy. If I use the

- 1 | term incident codes, do you know what I mean?
- A. If I go back to the, on the date of the incident, you mean.
 - Q. No, no, let me rephrase.
- 5 A. Oh.

- Q. You have different codes that you use on board the ship for fire, for grounding, for pollution.
- 8 A. Yes, yes, yes.
- 9 Q. Could you explain what those different codes are, what each one of them means?
- 11 A. Okay, for instance, for the fire it is Mr.
- 12 | Skylight. For the man overboard it is MOB. For
- 13 (inaudible word), and I don't recall but it was stated
- on the muster list. But a fire, in that case, it was
- 15 Mr. Skylight.
- Q. Okay, thank you. Have you ever heard of the code red, red, red?
- A. What do you mean exactly, because I don't understand what does it mean, red, red.
- 20 Q. Okay, let me ask the question a different way, 21 so you just stated that for a fire, you would call Mr.
- 22 Skylight.
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Is there any incident on board the ship where you would use the code red, red, red?

- A. No, no, but I understand what you mean,
- 2 | but no, no, no. It was still Mr. Skylight.
- Q. Okay.
- A. This code red, was maybe something proposed by
- 5 | the new muster list to be approved?
- 6 Q. All right, at this time I'd like to call
- 7 Exhibit E012, so if you would just give us a moment,
- 8 captain, we are going to be pulling up a document on
- 9 the computer and sharing it with you so you can see it.
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 (Brief pause.)
- 12 A. At the moment I don't see it, nothing.
- Q. We are pulling it up right now.
- 14 (Brief pause.)
- 15 A. Ah -- okay, yes, I can see the muster list,
- 16 okay.
- 17 Q. All right.
- 18 A. But I have to remove my -- I have to remove my
- 19 -- now it is okay, right, stop sharing -- means stop
- 20 | sharing because, okay, now it is okay. Red, muster -
- 21 green, okay.
- 22 Q. Captain have you ever seen this crew muster
- 23 | list before, or ever used this crew must list before on
- 24 | the Caribbean Fantasy?
- 25 A. Yes, it looks like it is the same, but as far

- 1 | as I can -- wait a minute -- I cannot stop that. I
- 2 | have a problem with my computer with the -- okay,
- anyway. Yes, this is the same, yes it is the one we
- 4 used to have displayed in the corridor officer, and in
- 5 the crew mess.
- 6 Q. Okay, so this is an old station bill that has
- 7 | since been replaced with an updated station bill?
- 8 A. I can't tell you, because I am not -- it is --
- 9 no, because the -- this one is red, red, red. That is
- 10 | what -- okay, it is fire incident red, red, red, was
- 11 | not applied. It is probably the one -- to be applied
- 12 | afterwards -- the validation with the RINA, with class
- 13 | society, because this one did not get in (inaudible
- 14 word). It is the new one. The one that we had, had
- 15 Mr. Skylight still, this one was not.
- Q. Okay, so this was not the approved muster list
- 17 | for the Caribbean Fantasy at the time of the incident?
- 18 A. During -- can you repeat, please?
- 19 Q. I said, so this was not the approved crew
- 20 muster list at the time of the accident on the
- 21 | Caribbean Fantasy?
- 22 A. No, not to my knowledge, no.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- 24 A. It was not yet approved.
- 25 Q. Okay. Captain would there be any situation in

- 1 | an emergency where a crewmember could have two
- 2 different abandon ship duties. Perhaps, a captain's
- 3 standing order, a policy or procedure within your SMS?
- 4 A. Is it possible that a crewmember, can ask, a
- 5 | role upon request, regarding a procedure, because for
- 6 (inaudible word) as work as guidelines mainly. And in
- 7 | an emergency situation, those are not useful, but
- 8 | sometimes you can adapt. So, it is possible that
- 9 somebody -- they are not exactly the same function as
- 10 on the muster list, it is possible.
- 11 Q. At this time I'd like to call two exhibits,
- 12 E313 and E314.
- 13 A. Okay.
- Q. So just give us a moment captain, we are just
- 15 going to pull up a couple more documents.
- 16 A. Yes, I understand. I can see, it's the crew
- 17 | list (inaudible few words), crew list. It is clear.
- 18 (Brief pause.)
- 19 A. Yeah, okay.
- Q. Captain can you see the picture that we have
- 21 up on the screen?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Of the crew emergency card?
- 24 A. Yes, yes, yes, I can see.
- 25 Q. Is this your crew emergency card, emergency

1 | number one?

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- 2 A. Yes, yes it is.
 - Q. All right, so on this crew emergency card, it shows that your survival craft is lifeboat number one, and your role is the commander is that correct?
 - A. Yes, in a survival craft, yes it is.
- Q. Okay, I'd like now to call Exhibit No. 313.

 Captain this is the MES port side life raft crew muster

 list.
- 10 A. Yes.
 - Q. Crew accountability list. You see under emergency number one, there is your name, rank is master, and then it states your job as life raft #24 Commander.
 - A. Yes, that is what the last -- yes, that was the list between the (inaudible few word), or at least I think. This one is the (inaudible word), and lifeboat, life raft, last life raft, yes. It is the last one. And lifeboat #1 is probably on the new muster list which was not validated.
 - Q. Okay so can you explain how you can serve as lifeboat #1 Commander and a life raft #24 Commander?
 - A. I cannot explain that. It is just because the crew lists were supersedes me, during this regular time. It should have been, probable corrected quickly.

- Q. Okay, so this is a, this is incorrect information?
- A. This is an improper -- yeah. This is an adjustment to be -- must be done within a short time, because we were servicing again and starting on the service, again for a short time. So it should have been modified shortly. Unfortunately before we have the fire.
 - Q. Okay, thank you. Captain is there any -again, standing order, a policy, a procedure, or
 otherwise that would allow two different people to have
 the same abandon ship duty? So for example, could two
 people be the commander of the same lifeboat?
 - A. After that, after what you showed me I would say no, but after what you showed me, it could be possible, because those two muster lists have supersede. So for I don't know.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. Nobody know, but --
- Q. All right, at this time I'd like to call
 Exhibit No. 314, again.
- 22 (Brief pause.)
- Q. All right Captain, this is the same exhibit
 that I just showed you, and this is your safety card,
 emergency number one?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Okay.

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- A. Yeah, but frankly speaking I am a little bit (inaudible word), because I didn't have time when you have that, to when I went up to the bridge, I didn't have that with me. So, but it is -- it is written.
- Q. Okay.
 - A. Captain, and it is -- yeah it is mine, yeah
- 9 Q. Okay. At this time I'd like to call Exhibit 10 No. E315.
- 11 A. (Reading the exhibit unintelligibly.) Okay.
- Q. So Captain, this is a crew safety card that we had found in third officer, the third officer's cabin.
 - A. Yeah.
 - Q. And as you can see, this also states that he is the lifeboat #1 Commander.
- A. Yeah, it is -- it was what -- this is what has
 been done, in fact he was, he was the -- because I
 think that life boat #1 for me is a mistake, I will
 tell you that. Because the lifeboat, I'm not supposed
 to leave, to quit the ship at this period. I'm
 supposed to quit, to leave the ship at the last moment.
 - And the life raft #24 sounds more logical, and it is probably something like typing mistake or double, it is a mistake, obviously. But this one is good,

- because the -- Javier Boliver was in command on the day of the fire, and was in command of lifeboat #1.
 - Q. Okay, thank you very much. Captain are you aware of what your staff captain's duties are during the general emergency alarm, according to the crew muster list?
 - A. Yes, yes, yes.

- Q. Can you please explain what the staff captain's duties are in accordance with the crew muster list?
- A. The staff captain must by my first assistant. So, for that reason, I sent him wherever I think I needed him. So, he can be sent anywhere. He can be sent, like I did the last time, on the fire, first to support investigation, inspection, and give me some report.

I can send him, like I did to the drencher afterwards, to cool down, to operate the drencher. I can send him to the CO2, to operate the CO2 upon my orders. And I can send him, like I did this time on the -- as an on scene commander, local for the MES, that's what I did. For instance, this person can be used several -- upon my request.

- Q. All right.
- A. Not only for communication on the bridge,

because communication on the bridge was handled, easily handled already, and it was not the main aim, the main target.

- Q. Okay, so according to the crew muster list on the, on the Caribbean Fantasy, the staff captain's duty in a general emergency alarm, is to go around the ship and do the things that you tell him to do?
- A. No, it is to -- he is on the bridge team. But this team is at my disposal to do what I expect them to do. It is my decision, that is the way that procedure is there to be a (inaudible word), to be a (inaudible word), and not just it, according -- it is not a drill, it is a real case.

So we are prepared, and not (inaudible few words), to that all along. I mean, I need this, I need that, I need that, it is changing so fast, that you know already, and you have seen how the fire was big, and brutal, and fast. Okay, so it was necessary to adapt my orders and instruction, respecting as far as possible, the procedure.

Q. Okay, and is there any standing order, policy, procedure or otherwise that would allow for this deviation? Because you say he is supposed to report to the bridge, and then when he gets to the bridge you send him out to do these other tasks. Is that what the

crew muster list says? Report to the bridge, and then, you know take directions from the captain as assigned?

- A. No, no is that what I (inaudible word), on him as staff captain.
- Q. Okay, so in a real emergency, if I understand correctly, you -- it is okay to deviate away from the emergency plan, crew muster list if you feel that a part task takes priority over another?
- A. According to my experience, my age and my experience as officer, firefighting officer, training, master and master, you must adapt. And it is, of course sometimes some deviation can be more useful than respecting point and point the procedure. It is my opinion, and it is validated. To save the people, my target was only to do that. To have no casualties, no deceased, no -- it was -- I was just guided by this.

And the procedure was for me like support to sometimes come back to the track. Let's follow the procedure, but let's adapt, because I am -- my target is to put all the people out as fast as possible from the moment I make the decision, I give the order, and not before.

Q. Okay, so you had mentioned, a few different tasks that you may use the staff captain for during an emergency. You had mentioned drencher.

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. You had mentioned marine evacuation system,
- 3 and you had mentioned the CO2 system.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. So, I'd like to address each of those individually, if I may. Are you aware in the crew muster if there is a safety position assigned to
- 9 A. If there is any procedure --

energize or activate the CO2 system?

- 10 Q. Let me rephrase the question.
- 11 A. (Inaudible.)
- Q. Is there any crewmember on board whose specific duty according to the crew muster list is to release the CO2?
 - A. I don't recall that, I don't recall that. But to me is sounds -- it certainly an (inaudible word) of I -- but I don't recall.
- Q. Okay. For the marine evacuation system, are there people that are individually assigned to operate the marine evacuation system? Besides the staff captain?
- 22 A. They were assigned by the staff captain?
- Q. Let me rephrase. You have said that you may send him down to do something with the MES, launch the MES whatever it may be. Are there not already people

- assigned to the marine evacuation system to launch that system in an emergency?
- a. Yes, there are some -- all the people are assigned, yes.
- 5 Q. Okay.
- 6 A. Yes.

- Q. And the drencher system, is there a specific position whose emergency duty is to release the drencher system?
- 10 A. Probably, but I don't recall which one is 11 this.
 - Q. Thank you. Would you receive the call,

 Captain, from the engine room, regarding the fuel

 leak/fire in the engine room. Did you order the staff

 captain to leave the bridge and go down to the fire, or

 did he inform you that he was going to be going down to

 the fire?
 - A. No, it was not like that. The sequence is not proper, appropriate. And I can give you the sequence, but -- was we called the engine room to slow down.

 Then we get the information that they have a leak. So we hang up the call, they recall -- they call us back saying we have a fire, okay?
 - And at this moment I sent the safety officer, the safety officer was reaching the bridge as --

during. I said to him, I sent all the people

(inaudible word) and on the bridge, safety officer to

go, on scene commander. Staff captain to give me

information and support to give me some information,

and I sent him to do that.

It was similar to, I say okay, you know, when he says, Captain can I go -- yes you go, you give me a report, report and go and do it as fast, as soon as possible, very fast please. That's it.

- Q. Okay, so if I understand you correctly, the staff captain said or implied, that you know, I'm going to go down to the fire, to check on things, and you agreed with his decision to go down and do that, is that correct?
- A. I could have been that but in fact, if I don't agree he, he doesn't do, because it is on my command and my responsibility so in that -- that is such a heavy case, a question fire plus passenger means you are in a dangerous situation, and you have to act properly, rapidly, and you have to save the people.

It was to -- knowing that by my experience and training, I know that I have to control everything as much as possible, and of course keep person like staff captain.

Q. Okay thank you. Did you perform any duties

- the day of the incident that were the responsibility of
 another crewmember? So, for example, something needed
 to be done, but the crewmember assigned to do that job
 on the crew muster was not available, and so you had to
 complete the task? Or you had to do the job?
 - A. Me, personally?
 - Q. Yes, sir.
 - A. No, I did my job staying on the bridge and giving instruction, and follow-up, the situation evolution. I don't recall any other discrepancy about -- regarding the muster list.
- 12 Q. Okay.

- A. Like I said, the muster list is there a -- let's say support, a guideline.
- Q. Okay, thank you. Captain I'd like to talk to you briefly about some of the announcements that were made the day of the incident.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Is there anyone specific on the ship who is responsible for making announcements from the bridge during an emergency? Is that a position on the crew muster list that their job is to make announcements?
 - A. Don't know if it is on the muster list, but it is the officer on duty. And in that case it was the -Mr. Ricardo (inaudible last name) was on duty. Made

- 1 | the announcement after sending Mr. Skylight on the PA,
- 2 | plus the alarm, the general alarm. It is -- he was
- making the announcements, in both languages, because he
- 4 | speaks both languages, French -- not French, sorry --
- 5 English and Spanish.
- 6 So, it was explaining that Mr. Skylight was
- 7 | expected at the garage A, because that is the code,
- 8 | secret, and say secret to avoid panic among the
- 9 passengers. To avoid you saying, fire, fire, or
- 10 | something like that you could -- we could start a panic
- 11 among the passengers. So it was done by the officer on
- 12 duty, Mr. Ricardo (inaudible last name).
- 0. So Ricardo -- so Mr. -- so the officer that
- 14 was on the bridge with you, he was the only person that
- 15 made any announcements on the bridge that day?
- A. Yes, to the best of my knowledge, I recall
- 17 yes, I think so.
- 18 Q. All right.
- 19 A. But -- I didn't do that, but I know that he
- 20 did.
- 21 Q. Were the announcements made -- were the
- 22 announcements made using a scripted sheet, with
- 23 | translations for both English and Spanish, for each
- 24 emergency signal?
- 25 A. I don't know -- I don't know, because this,

- 1 this officer is, mother language is Spanish, and he
- 2 | speaks very good English, so he made it spontaneously
- 3 | in English before, and in Spanish to help, of course,
- 4 | because as you know already, working language, I'm told
- 5 | compulsory by the flag state is the English.
- But we have a lot of Spanish speaking, Spanish
- 7 | people and almost, and mainly all the passengers are
- 8 | generally speaking Spanish. So it was a way to
- 9 communicate better, to avoid any panic.
- 10 Q. All right so, so there are no scripted
- 11 announcement sheets that you would use during
- 12 | emergencies to announce --
- A. I don't recall sir, I don't recall that, I
- 14 don't recall.
- 15 Q. All right, at this time I'd like to call an
- 16 Exhibit, and it is going to be a VDR recording.
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And we are going to go to a very specific time
- 19 within the VDR.
- 20 A. Yeah. To listen? It's a tape? It's a --
- Q. Exhibit number E173, and we are going to call
- 22 | the time 7:46:25 --
- 23 CDR CAPELLI: Captain, at this time we are
- 24 going to take a quick recess for five minutes to make
- 25 | sure that this comes up properly, so we don't waste

your time. So we are going to take a five minute 1 2 recess. 3 (At 1:38 a brief recess was taken.) 4 CDR CAPELLI: Good afternoon, the time is 5 1346 and we are reconvened after a short recess. We were testing some technology to try and see if we can 6 7 get the witness to hear something. So we are not going to use that exhibit, we are going to continue with 8 9 questions from Mr. Jason Yets. 10 WITNESS CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA 11 EXAMINATION (cont.) 12 BY MR. YETS: 13 14 This is Jason Yets, of the United States Coast Guard. Captain, I just want to remind you that you are 15 still under oath. 16 17 Α. Yes, I'm --18 So the VDR clip that I was going to play for 19 you Captain, was the announcements that were made during the emergency on board the Caribbean Fantasy. 20 21 And what I wanted you to hear, was that two announcements were made. 2.2. One announcement was made in English and one 23 announcement was made in Spanish. What I want to point 24

out, and see if you can explain for me, is the

- announcement that was made in English was the
- 2 announcement that said the fire is out of control
- 3 | follow the instructions of the crew.
- 4 And the announcement that was made in Spanish
- 5 | was that you have determined that we are going to
- 6 abandon ship. Do you consider those two announcements
- 7 | to be the same thing, do they translate differently, or
- 8 | why were the announcements, why were two different
- 9 languages?
- 10 A. I didn't know that, because I don't understand
- 11 Spanish. But it should have been the same, normally.
- 12 It should, normally should have been fire and gather at
- 13 | the -- the first one.
- 14 The original abandon the ship in Spanish, were
- 15 | made -- it is not appropriate. If it has been done at
- 16 | the same time or one after the other it is improper, I
- 17 | did not notice that, because I don't speak Spanish, a
- 18 word of Spanish, sorry.
- 19 Q. Okay, thank you Captain. I'd like to move on
- 20 now, and talk about lifeboat #3.
- 21 A. Lifeboat #3.
- Q. Your fully enclosed lifeboat on the starboard
- 23 side.
- A. Um-hmm.
- 25 Q. When you released your third officer from the

- bridge, and directed him to proceed to lifeboat #3.
- A. Um-hmm.

- Q. Were you informed by anybody on the boat deck, perhaps a preparation team, or someone else, that lifeboat #3 was manned, fully manned, loaded with passengers and ready to launch?
 - A. When I sent my officer?
 - Q. Yes, sir.
 - A. I sent -- as far as I remember, I sent my officer before, a little bit ahead, that the lifeboat was fully, full of -- I think I sent him a little bit ahead, how long time I don't know. But not at the last minute. He was there before.
 - So I raised him, I raised him from bridge, let's say as far as I remember, after all announcements have been done, after I -- activation, so I made all the people viable for preparing the abandon. So, it was there a little bit before.
 - Q. Okay. Did you ever receive any reports that lifeboat three was ready to launch? Did any reports ever come to the bridge that said lifeboat three is ready, it's full of passengers, all the crew are here, we just need the commander? Did anything, did any information like that come across?
 - A. No, not, I don't recall that, no, no. Because

- of course they were ready to launch, because I have
- 2 asked for, but they were not launched because they were
- 3 launched upon my order, so they were ready to launch,
- 4 | but not launched. When we start to release it, after I
- 5 | give the order to launch the boat, but I don't recall
- 6 | what you are -- during the operation, no, actually no.
- 7 Q. Okay.
- 8 A. No, no, no.
- 9 Q. All right so when your officer arrived at
- 10 lifeboat #3, did he ask for permission to launch the
- 11 boat?
- 12 A. Yes -- he did not ask for permission, because
- 13 I gave the instruction to launch the boat. So there is
- 14 | no asking, and no way of asking for permission or not.
- 15 He launched the boat because I gave the permission to
- 16 do it.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18 A. So I don't really know how I did that, by
- 19 voice, because the lifeboat #3 was very close to me --
- 20 | it was in my voice range, by sign, or by -- I don't
- 21 | know, you usually, you have to -- okay.
- 22 Q. Okay, so --
- 23 A. And I don't, I don't remember.
- Q. Okay, so he didn't ask for permission to
- 25 | launch lifeboat #3, you gave him the order to launch

lifeboat #3?

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- 2 A. That is probably the case, that was probably
- 3 the case, yes.
 - Q. Okay.
- 5 A. Was probably the case.
- Q. Were you aware at the time that the second
- 7 | commander and the assigned engineer for lifeboat #3
- 8 | were not present in the boat at the time that it
- 9 launched?
- 10 A. Well, I was informed that who?
- 11 Q. So each lifeboat has two commanders, a primary
- 12 | commander and a second commander, correct?
- 13 A. Yeah, no, I was not informed that the second
- 14 was not in. No.
- Q. Were you informed that the engineer was not in
- 16 | the boat?
- 17 A. I was informed that the engineer was in the
- 18 | boat, yes he was in the boat, I think.
- 19 Q. Okay.
- 20 A. Okay, three lifeboats, generally, I can't
- 21 | recall which one -- now it is seven months ago -- I
- 22 | will say yes, but I am not sure. I will say yes, I was
- 23 | informed that they have an engineer, obviously, but I
- 24 don't know. Yes, yes.
- Q. Explain to me how that process works when you

- are -- when you are that point in the emergency where the boats are loaded up with people, and they are just waiting for their, you know, the last few crew to get there so they can launch the boats. How do you know as the captain, that that boat has its full complement of crew and passengers prior to giving permission to launch the boat?
 - A. Because I was informed by the officer himself, that everything was ongoing properly. I was informed that he count one hundred person on board, and that may come in another questions, but he told me that he was equipped with everything that one hundred person on board, including or plus the crew I don't remember that.

But one hundred persons were on board this lifeboat #3. It was the same about -- the same amount on those, on those -- on the two other lifeboats, one hundred, one hundred, on hundred, it was an approximate amount, approximated, yes.

- Q. So now I'm going to talk to you about each of the lifeboats, lifeboat #1, lifeboat #2, and lifeboat #3.
- A. Um-hmm.

Q. Was there any lifeboat, out of the three lifeboats, that you -- let me think how I want to

- phrase this -- were you aware of any lifeboats that
 were launched without their full capacity of
 passengers?
 - A. No.

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- Q. Or without their full complement of crew?
- No. The full capacity, yes because the full 6 capacity is one hundred and fifteen on the one, on the 7 one and two. And I am sure they were not full. So 8 9 there were around one hundred and five for lifeboat #2 and around one hundred for the #1, something like that. 10 I'm not -- but they were not full obviously, not full 11 capacity. I -- I was not informed but this was my 12 direction. 13
 - Q. So you were aware that the boats were launching with less people than they were able to hold?
 - A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. And as far as you were aware before you gave
 permission to launch any boats, you were under the
 understanding that they each had their full complement
 of crew inside, is that correct?
- A. I was reported that it was, every crew -- each boat was complete, and ready to (inaudible word), yes I was reported.

- Q. Did each of the lifeboat commanders report to you, or to anyone else on the bridge the total number of persons on each lifeboat prior to launching?
- A. The one hundred and five was reported to me by
 one official, I can't, I will not tell you which one,
 maybe the secure officer, and one-o-five on the
 lifeboat #2, and one hundred was reported by the
 lifeboat #3 and I suppose around one hundred or so on
 the lifeboat #1, but I am not sure. I don't remember
 exactly.
 - Q. Okay, thank you Captain. Did you have any radio communications with lifeboat #3 regarding the fact that the boat needed to be hoisted back out of the water, when they were unable to launch it?
 - A. Yes. Yes, I made the decision to re-hook, and re-(inaudible word) the boat to avoid lifeboat to hit the hull, because it was starting to be critical.
- 18 Q. Okay, so you --
 - A. And I lost communication with the officer.
 - Q. Okay, so you gave the permission, or order to raise lifeboat #3 back up?
- 22 A. Yes, yes.
- 23 Q. Okay.

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- A. Go ahead.
- 25 Q. Captain were you aware that the davit for

- 1 lifeboat #3 was only designed to hoist with a crew of
 2 six, and not with a full complement of crew?
- A. Honestly, it was a crew of six, and then when

 we -- it is strange but no, no, no, I don't' recall

 that, I don't remember.
- Q. Okay. Were you aware when you gave permission to hoist boat #6, that if it was raised with more than a crew of six, that it would trip the circuit breaker and cause a failure of the winch?
 - A. No but it didn't, it didn't do that, because it was working.
- 12 Q. All right, give me one second, Captain.
- 13 A. Yeah.

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- 14 (Brief pause.)
- Q. All right Captain we are going to go, I have to pull up an exhibit, so if you will just give me a moment to pull it up.
 - A. Yeah.
- 19 (Brief pause.)
- Q. All right Captain, while we are pulling up
 this document, do you know -- okay, when I -- I just
 asked you that did you know that the circuit breaker
 was going to trip, for the winch on lifeboat #3 davit
 if it was hoisted with more than a crew of six for
 which it was designed. And you had stated that that is

- not what happened. Do you know why the winch stopped
 hoisting lifeboat #3?
- A. I think that it was enough it was enough over
- 4 | the water level to keep the boat safe, the lifeboat
- 5 | safe. We start, I think that they stopped -- you don't
- 6 see me?
- 7 Q. No, I can see you -- I'm looking at this
- 8 report trying to find the section I want to reference.
- 9 All right Captain, we are going to share our screen
- 10 | with you here in a moment.
- 11 A. Okay.
- 12 Q. All right sir, can you see this report?
- 13 A. Yes, yes, yes.
- Q. All right, so at this time I'd like to --
- 15 A. I am (inaudible word).
- Q. -- call Exhibit number E281, and I'd like to
- 17 | reference line 5.5. (READS) "The W120 R2 winch"
- 18 A. Yeah, okay.
- 19 Q. (Reading) "The W120 R2 winch used to lower
- 20 lifeboat #3 is designed to hoist with a crew of six and
- 21 | not with a fully loaded boat. The excess weight on the
- 22 electrical motor caused the circuit breaker to trip and
- 23 prevent further hoisting."
- 24 A. Un-hmm, yeah, okay, I can see that now. But
- 25 | I, I didn't know that at that moment. It was something

- 1 I didn't notice before. I was not informed of that at
 2 this moment, for this lifeboat.
 - Q. What was your understanding, Captain as to why the lifeboat stopped hoisting?
- 5 Α. When they stopped hoisting, my understanding was that the ship was high enough to -- the lifeboat 6 was high enough to protect it from the swell and from 7 hitting the hull. Which was done, in fact. It is 8 9 probably a mistake, but it was done, I mean, it works because the ship was more in danger by floating then by 10 hanging. And we saved these passengers because it 11 wasn't hit again. 12
 - Q. So were --

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- A. We save one hundred passengers because of that action, which is apparently a discrepancy.
- Q. Okay, so you were not aware that the winch for lifeboat #3 davits stopped hoisting. You just thought that that is where they stopped hoisting the boat, is that correct?
- A. Yes, yes that's correct.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. I wasn't aware that it was an emergency stop.
- Q. All right, thank you.
- A. Because I have a lot of things to do besides that, also. I was not focused on that.

- Q. Okay, thank you Captain. Now I'd like to talk
 about evacuation. Captain are you responsible for the
 overall accountability of all the passenger and crew
 during an abandonment?
 - A. Of course, but I have to delegate. Mainly to the hotel manager, chief purser, and hotel crew, okay, mainly to people.
 - Q. Correct.

- A. And also, yeah.
- Q. But is it ultimately your decision to say yes, we have all passengers and crew accounted for. Or no we do not have all the passengers and crew accounted for prior to abandoning ship?
- A. Frankly speaking, on this day the count was after a certain period of time was not a priority because the ship was starting to be safe again. I mean the floater was starting to be safe again.

As soon as I evaluate that more or less three hundred people were evacuated, most of them passengers, excluding the crew boat, the crew for the boat was remaining two hundred on board. Those were evacuated by helicopter, by different way, some by helicopter, dog, pets, owner, these, some disabled person. Some were evacuated by the -- also by the MES. Okay?

So the account, the -- (inaudible word)

- 1 | commission of counting of all the people was coming for
- 2 | me close to end of the abandon, because the floater was
- 3 | safe. I have dropped the anchor, unfortunately we were
- 4 just touched the ground, and the ship at this moment
- 5 | was safe, in two brackets, okay? So the accounting was
- 6 to me important before I leave myself, the ship.
- 7 | Before I receive the order from USCG to leave the ship.
- 8 And I start to ask for what I call POB person on board
- 9 a lot of times.
- 10 Q. All right, thank you for that.
- 11 A. Remaining people, yeah.
- 12 Q. Thank you for that.
- 13 A. Yeah.
- Q. So in a real emergency, captain, how would you
- determine the overall accountability of the passengers
- 16 and the crew, for the total POB? Can you explain that
- 17 | process, how do you do it during drills, what
- 18 checklists you use, you know, what communication takes
- 19 place, how does that, that whole process work of
- 20 accounting --
- 21 A. Yeah.
- 22 | Q. -- for all the, for the total POB of the ship
- 23 | prior to abandonment?
- 24 A. That is the main difference between the drill
- 25 and the real. The drill is organized with boards, you

have names, you have a muster list, you have the

people, you have the roles we can prepare, we can call

the people, go to this muster station, this one, A, B,

C. It goes -- so it is really easy because we are

working ahead of the let's say incident we are ready

program.

Which is completely different from the emergency, the real. Because as I told you at the beginning we have to adjust from minute to minute with several issues at the same time. You just were talking to me about the issue of the lifeboat #3. I have this to manage, with the accounting, where is the smoke, plus my people still in the engine room fighting trying to find out, before CO2, of course releasing.

And it was a lot of preoccupation for me, so that the -- in a normal situation, the count is very simple, you count the people, you can name them because you have the passenger lists, because the boards has been completed by the safety officer, and on each list, on each muster they have the list of Mr. D., Mr. Z, Mr. A, Mr. -- and you can call and count. This one is missing.

Or for the crew -- that is for the passenger - for the crew it is more simple, because they know
everybody, more or less know each other so it is very

- fact, they go very fast. This, Z is missing, oh, where
 is he? So it is very fast. But for the passenger, of
 course, we don't know, so that is why we use that. We
 gather them, and we count and we say okay, we totalize,
 we summarize and we have five hundred and twelve, five
 hundred and eleven, for that case.
 - Because you remember we forgot one which was the day before releasing in Santo Domingo for a heart attack. And this passenger was supposed to be on board. The manifest was not updated, it was -- again, a small mistake, but we had an issue because one person was missing. And when we found out, finally we were relieved, because all of the five hundred and eleven were safe. And I still, and they are still, I hope for them, and are still alive.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. But the way we proceeded is what I tell you.
- Q. Okay, thank you for explaining that to me.
- 19 Now can you -- so you are saying that the way it
- 20 | happens during a drill is different than the way it
- 21 | would happen in a real emergency. So, if you could for
- 22 | me, explain to me how the accountability process for
- 23 | the POB works during the drill?
- 24 A. During the drill?
 - Q. Yeah, during the drill how do you guys

practice accounting for all the passengers and crew prior to abandonment?

Each muster, each head of group got a board which is updated by the safety officer. They take this small board, this -- on the bridge on the safety officer office, and go like that and they call the people, that's what I'm telling you, I told you, they call the people one by one, or they count. If you can call the people, because you cannot count, you say station A, I have 27, station B I have 72. Which is like that on a general drill.

So at the end, we make the count on the bridge and say, okay, I have the total, summarize is okay.

That's it. That is the way we proceed usually on the drill.

- Q. All right, so if I understand you correctly, captain. During the drills, you -- you just simply do a headcount. Each station reports how many people they have at their station, and you just need to get to that total POB number that you have recorded up on the bridge wipe board?
- A. Okay, but on this Caribbean Fantasy, I think that names were printed on the -- they put names on the -- they used to put names on the boards, but I am not sure. I cannot tell you now, but it is the way we

proceed on all (inaudible few words sounds like rollback and cutteries), that the best way to be sure that nobody is missing.

- Q. Okay, so you just have head counts reported to the bridge, and you are working towards a number. You are not counting individual persons based on the name -
- A. Of course we -- of course if you have (inaudible word) you cannot -- it is the case, that was the case for me before, but you know, but normally you might know that it is okay.
- Q. Okay, thank you for that. So what are the different kind of manifests that the ship uses for the total accountability of the total persons on board?
- A. Excuse me, can you repeat -- excuse me, can you repeat please?
- A. Yes, of course. So what type of manifests do you use whether manifests are provided to you or manifests that you generate, that you use to verify the accountability of all the passengers and crew on board prior to an abandonment during a drill?
- A. This, in the hand of the hotel manager. They are dealing with this, mainly. But -- sorry, but on the bridge the officer on duty, and myself of course, we always have the total amount of PAX, and trucks, and

1 cars we have on board.

So this manifest is just an account okay. We know the quantity we have. And it is still on the bridge now, on our mission, it is still written on the board.

- Q. But what manifest do you receive that account for the passengers individually, and what manifest or list do you have for the crew, so that way you can --
- A. Personally I have crew list, I sign crew list.

 But I don't have in hands a manifest of passengers with

 names. I don't used to have that, it is the hotel

 managers, department, and business. But I know the

 amount of people, I don't know the details.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. I know the list for the crew, I have a crew list.
- Q. So were there any passenger or crew manifests in place on the day of the abandonment of the Caribbean Fantasy?
 - A. In place where?
- Q. In place wherever they are supposed to be to allow for the crew that are responsible for accounting for the passengers, say muster assembly stations, were those lists in place, and were they used to account for the passengers?

- Α. I assume it was, but I am not sure they used -- because regarding the way it was going on they probably didn't use. Because we were using another measure to be sure that nobody -- I used, and made a lot sweeping, several hundred, a lot of people, hotel crew, and after that marine crew to be sure that nobody was remaining in the ship way. It's a way of being sure that nobody is there.
 - And at the end, several passages, after several sweeps, that's what I call sweep, or you know, several -- how you call that inspection, investigation, done by the people knowing, of course. Not by somebody out of the crew, like people knowing the place, and accommodation, after several of that I was sure that nobody was remaining on board. But me and -- I was the last to leave the ship.
 - Q. All right, thank you, Captain.

- A. But it was a group mission, I was not reported, yes, I was not reported of the exact figure.
- Q. Okay. Did you ever receive any reports of a headcount from each of the three muster assembly stations?
- A. Did I receive some reports from the -- the headcount from the muster? Responsible from the muster station, no, I did not, no I did not. After my -- as

- far as I remember I did not. Like that, after seven

 months I didn't. But I don't think I received, I don't

 think. Because people was, were traveling from one

 place to the other, because we have had some issue with

 the wind, and the smoke, and the MES on the port side

 too.
 - Q. Captain how did you begin the process of the evacuation of the Caribbean Fantasy?

- A. Please clarify this, because it is an open question, I cannot clarify it. What do you mean to say? What do you want --
- Q. I'll rephrase the question. When you had made the decision that you thought the fire was too big, and it was time to start evacuating the passengers to their muster stations. How did you—how did you inform all of the teams on board that are in charge of that accountability that it is time to start doing our emergency duties?
- A. Okay, I inform on channel six which is usually the emergency channel on board, working channel when we have an emergency. I advise my officers and everybody by my voice to evacuate, give the order. But in, ahead of that it is the result something ahead of that, I had done a lot of things before, okay? Because this evacuation has to be done properly because the people,

and that's why I look at the -- the counting was more easy for me.

The people who were gathered before, just when I made my decision with the question, fire, for a passenger ship -- fire in the engine like that, for a passenger ship means, translation equal evacuation.

That was on my, in my mind. After I will see what I will do, and when I will give the order.

In between I have to fight a fire, to try to (inaudible word). And the people were gathered because ahead -- or not ahead, in parallel to the announcement. I personally, personally call the chief receptionist and said to that girl, please start to gather the passengers, to gather the passengers, explain to them that we are on a ship having a problem, it is under control. But we need them to be gathered.

And it was easy because the ship was entering
-- it was not in the middle of the night, everybody was
ready with a suitcase to go ashore. The people were
ready to go ashore.

So it was really easy to proceed with that, induce person, all the hotel crew, all the personnel from the reception, and housekeeper, and everything, they proceed with that, very smoothly upon my instruction.

And after that -- we make the announcement, and all that you know by VDR and everything. Maybe I call, you have on the VDR I don't know. But, I (inaudible few words). So my decision was made before.

And when I gave the order it was when everything and everybody was ready to go. Plus, when I said, I forgot that one important asset is on the water plan the USCG rescue team and support. And not only U.S. Coast Guard but police, tugs, a lot of craft there, so for me it was an asset and a relief, so that my decision more easy too because I knew that due to that fact, I was, let's say comfortable is not the word — but quite, a little bit more comfortable that — about the call.

- Q. Okay so, if I understand you correctly, you initiated the evacuation by making a phone call to the senior receptionist, is that correct?
- A. No not the evacuation. I initiate the gathering of the people, which is different.

 Preparation, let's call that preparation for evacuation, but don't evacuation, prepare the people, be there, be ready, be there, put your jacket, put everything, be there, don't evacuate.

Because the order came maybe thirty minutes later -- not -- when I did, did call it was at the

beginning. And when I start the evacuation, maybe you
have the schedule. I don't have my documents here, I

just have a paper to -- but I don't have my documents,

I don't remember the time between the beginning. I

remember the schedule 724 yes, but I don't remember

when I gave the order to evacuation, I don't remember,

I don't recall that.

- Q. All right so when you say you wanted to gather everybody together, you wanted to get everybody to their muster stations, get their lifejackets on, get them ready, but not, not at that point abandon the ship, is that correct?
- A. Yeah, and it was not exactly the muster station, it was just to gather. But, but naturally I mean, the crew was going to the muster station, which was an initiative, a good initiative, finally, they extrapolate, I say, it's correct? Extrapolating, I don't know the English. Okay? And it was good, for them gathering was gathering to the muster it was -- I was a little bit ahead of evacuation, it was okay for me.
- Q. Captain, why did you make the decision to begin the process of gathering up the passengers by making a phone call and not utilizing the general emergency alarm?

A. To avoid any panic movement. If you say something like abandon, we have a fire. I cannot imagine for one minute, let's make one minute silent, and let's imagine you are on a craft/ship, or something like that, and you hear voice you don't know saying that on the public address. It is a beginning of the panic for sure.

So, according to my experience, according to my experience as master, and as also as training master, seeing the people, panic comes quickly when you become again -- you don't see, you don't even know your name, you just speak your mother language, you don't understand nothing.

But you know, you don't see any color but yellow. You know, you know all these crisis description, when you are in that situation, it is very difficult to manage, and people can be aggressive. If you surround the people with kind words, if you go smoothly, and in that point Spanish speaking people was an asset also. Because the clients, the passengers are Spanish and most of the hotel people they speak Spanish, it was really a good asset for me to calm, and there was no panic.

Of course some people were a little bit nervous, like usually. But no panic was reported to

me, and no panic was observed by myself. And the result is there, in fact, there was no panic was my, the reason why I didn't sound this general alarm. But it was sent also --

- Q. Are the passengers aware before you sail of what the general emergency alarm is, and what it does, and what they should do if they hear it?
- A. Normally it is done during the induction, when they come on board during that induction. And as far as I know it is specified, but it should be, it should have been specified during the induction of passenger, which is a five minute induction showing how to put the jacket, how to -- where to go, what to do in case of.
- Q. Okay, thank you for that. Did you ever receive any reports regarding the status of the evacuation and accountability from the hotel manager?
- A. I don't remember that, maybe, but I don't remember. Maybe, yeah I don't, I have no -- I don't know, I don't have nothing -- I tried to come back, because seven months from now, but. No.
- Q. Captain at any point did you ever have one hundred percent accountability of the total persons on board, prior to abandoning the vessel?
 - A. Myself do it?
 - Q. Yes, sir. Did you ever have a hundred

- percent accountability of all the passengers and crew
 on board?
- A. No, no, it was a deduction from me. No, I

 didn't have any count. But, but I left the ship, I

 don't know how long time, you could know in your

 schedule. But I left the ship really long time after

 everybody was off, okay?

And at this time, the ship was under control, the fire was with the fire brigade people coming from the shore, the response teams, police, helicopters and USCG command center gave me the instruction to abandon — to my abandon, to abandon the ship. I didn't want to, but I got, I received this instruction from police captain several times, go away. So I want to be — but I was sure that nobody was remaining on board, and in case of —

Q. Captain who --

- A. Okay, and I was comfortable because I knew that the ship was safe.
 - Q. Okay, did -- I'm not sure if I understood you correctly or not. Did you say that somebody had requested, or told you that you needed to abandon the ship?
- A. Well yes, it was your instruction coming from the Coast Guard.

- 1 Q. Okay.
- A. You have to go. I didn't want to go because I
- 3 | wanted to stay, but you know, you have to -- I don't
- 4 know maybe the on scene commander, I don't, I don't
- 5 | remember who it was. But it was the -- somebody saying
- 6 | that it was the Coast Guard team like (inaudible word)
- 7 or commander, or something like that. You have to
- 8 leave the ship.
- 9 Q. Okay, thank you Captain. Captain I would
- 10 | like to talk to you now, and it is -- we are going to
- 11 | switch topics. We are going to talk about your
- 12 decision support system?
- 13 A. My decision --
- Q. Are you familiar with the term, decision
- 15 | support system?
- A. Decision what? Can you -- decision? What?
- 17 Q. Decision support system.
- 18 A. Ah, support system. Yes, yes, I am familiar
- 19 yes. But, we don't have, I don't think we have that on
- 20 board.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. But I know this, I know that exists, I have on
- 23 | my British ship I have that, yes, of course.
- Q. But you did not have a decision support system
- on the Caribbean Fantasy?

- A. I don't think so, I didn't have time to

 notice, because it was short between my first day and

 the day of this accident happened it was very, very

 short.
- 5 So have had a lot of things to, of course to go through. The details, and it was the kind of 6 details that is not the priority. This kind of 7 instruction is far away from a priority. Priority is 8 9 lifesaving plans, firefighting equipment, squad firefighting teams, emergency response team, everything 10 is -- and drills, and that's the priority. I have to 11 go through so many things. This was not my priority. 12 That's why maybe, if it is was a listing, I didn't 13 14 notice that.
 - Q. Okay, thank you. And all right the last, the last thing I'd like to talk to you about, Captain, is the rescue boat.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Is the rescue boat supposed to be used to assist in the deployment of the marine evacuation system?
- A. Yes, it is part of the MES.
- Q. Who made the decision to not use the rescue boat?
- 25 A. Me.

- Q. Do you want to speak to that? What your thought process was, why you made the decision to not use the rescue boat for launching the MES.
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Knowing that the MES is an integral part of the successful launching of the marine evacuation system?
- A. Yes, I tell you that, and maybe we can reach another point. But, because I wanted to use, use two people supposed to be on the MES, supposed to be in the rescue boat, I prefer to have them on the ship board team for evacuation, and then to use -- because I told you before, USCG crafts, on the plan, was for me an asset.

So I was asking several times to the USCG crafts to do what the MES, what the -- excuse me -- the fast rescue boat was supposed to do, that being to pull platform, and to gather the life rafts. And it took time because between the on scene commander from USCG and myself, we didn't have good communication, and we didn't, identify each other. Maybe me, I was identified as Captain, of course.

But I didn't identify the commander, the on scene commander because anytime I was calling this on scene commander, which is the -- let's say the GMDSS,

- 1 | the person responding on the radio was giving me a
- 2 | name, like I don't know (inaudible name). And this
- 3 | name, in fact, was the ship of the U.S. Coast Guard.
- 4 And we waste time with that.
- But after -- when they got it, the craft from
- 6 | the -- zodiac, the small dingy, I think it was from the
- 7 U.S. Coast Guard came and do (inaudible few words).
- 8 And I was really in need of arms to support my
- 9 passenger, my electrician, and my, all my lifeboat was
- 10 older issue, you mentioned, before. That's the reason
- 11 | why I made this choice.
- 12 Q. All right Captain, thank you very much, that
- concludes my questioning for right now. I am going to
- 14 pass the microphone on to the next investigator. Thank
- 15 | you very much for your time.
- THE WITNESS: You are welcome.
- 17 CDR CAPELLI: We are going to take a quick
- 18 recess before the next set of questions, the time is
- 19 | 1432 this hearing is now in recess.
- 20 (At 1432 a brief recess was taken.)
- 21 CDR CAPELLI: Good afternoon, the time is
- 22 | 1450, we will now recommence the hearing, we are going
- 23 | to continue questions to the master of the Caribbean
- 24 | Fantasy, and Adam Tucker has the floor.
- THE WITNESS: Okay.

LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Good afternoon Captain, we 1 have commenced the hearing, I just wanted to remind you 2 3 that you are still under oath. 4 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 5 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Okay, and I am going to pass the floor over to Mr. Adam Tucker who will continue 6 7 with questions, okay? THE WITNESS: Okay. 8 9 LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Thank you. 10 WITNESS CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA 11 **EXAMINATION** 12 BY MR. TUCKER: 13 14 Q. Good afternoon Captain. Good afternoon Adam. Α. 15 16 Q. Bonjour. 17 Α. Bonjour. 18 Q. My name is Adam Tucker, I am with the National Transportation Safety Board. Captain I'm -- I do have 19 a couple of questions for you as well. Some of them 20 are rather pointed, and some of them are a little more 21 lengthy. I will try and keep it as short and to the 22 point as possible for you. Captain I also may take a 23 few pauses, just to go over my notes, and my list of 24

questions so there may be a short pause of a couple

seconds.

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- 2 A. Okay. One observation Adam, please.
- 3 Q. Yes, sir.
- A. Again, you know that English is not my mother language. I can speak and understand English more or less. But if you can speak with -- slowly and clear for me it is an asset, it is (inaudible word). Thank you.
- 9 Q. Yes, Captain I will speak slowly. If I do
 10 speak too fast, please let me know, I will slow down
 11 for you.
 - A. Okay, thank you.
 - Q. All right. Captain one thing I just wanted to confirm was who is your employer? Is it Baja Ferries, or are you employed by like a crewing or manning agency?
 - A. The selection is done by the crewing agency, but I am of course a representative, paid by this, Baja Ferries through this crewing agency.
 - Q. Understood. Captain I understand as well that you were on board the Caribbean Fantasy during the drydock period. During that time was there any type of sea trail that took place after leaving dry-dock?
 - A. Yes, but I was not on board on this period.
 - Q. Okay. Do you have any recollection of, maybe

- from your reliever if there was a crash stop, or
 anything conducted?
- A. I don't have exact, no, I don't have exact
 report for that, but I know that they did some things,
 but I don't know exactly what.
 - Q. Okay. Captain another question that I have for you, is with respect to general alarm, I understand the button to activate the general alarm, the seven short and one long, that is located on the bridge.
- 10 A. Yes.

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- Q. In your experience, either with this emergency or past drills, when that alarm is activated do you hear that on the bridge? Is it audible on the bridge?
- 14 A. Yes, it is.
- 15 Q. It is?
- 16 A. Yeah.
- 17 Q. Okay. In addition to the -- go ahead Captain.
- 18 A. It is if there is not too much noise in back -
- 19 it was at that time, it is clearly heard, you can
- open, you can listen from the outside deck, from the
- 21 inside, yes it is.
- Q. Okay. But so the alarm does not come over the speakers inside bridge?
- 24 A. No, no.
- Q. Okay. And do you know, does the alarm go

- through the ship's whistle as well? Or does it just
- 2 | ring in the accommodation?
- 3 A. No. Accommodation and all decks, all outer
- 4 | deck, all the decks outside and inside in
- 5 | accommodation, crew accommodation, inside and outside,
- 6 | everywhere, but not (inaudible two words).
- 7 Q. Okay, and for the day of the accident, do you
- 8 remember when or who activated the general alarm, the
- 9 seven short and one long?
- 10 A. It is the, the one who made the announcement
- 11 it is Mr. Campbell, Mr. Ricardo Campbell made it.
- 12 Q. Okay, thank you. Captain another
- 13 | clarification I just wanted to get an understanding of,
- 14 is with respect to announcements. In particular, Mr.
- 15 Yets had made reference to two different announcements
- 16 that you had mentioned you were not aware of.
- 17 A. Um-hmm.
- Q. I'm going to ask my colleague to bring up
- 19 Exhibit No. 176, E176.
- 20 A. Okay. Um-hmm, drill announcement, Mr.
- 21 | Skylight, that is -- okay. May I have your attention,
- 22 okay. It disappear okay.
- 23 Q. Just one second Captain, there is a little bit
- 24 of a communication delay.
- 25 A. I'm reading the book yes?

- 1 (Brief pause.)
- 2 A. Okay -- (reading), okay I got it, yes.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- 4 A. Yeah.

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- Q. Thank you, Captain. The, my question is, do
 you recall either one of these announcements being made
 the day of the accident?
- For me, the first one on top, I don't see now, 8 9 but the first one on top it was the one I instructed (reading) "Ladies and gentlemen may I have your 10 attention, I would like to inform you" -- (reading 11 announcement) "In the engine control we have a problem, 12 request to remain calm", and of course, transcription 13 14 in -- okay, that's the one I asked for. I didn't know that this was already, this was already printed. Okay, 15 the first one I said. I would say the first one, I 17 don't know.
 - Q. Okay, so the first one, Item Number one is the one that you requested to have announced, is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct, yes.
- Q. Okay, and how about item number two, Captain,
 do you remember anybody making that announcement? I
 understand you don't speak Spanish, but do you remember
 anyone making that announcement in English?

A. No.

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2 Q. Okay.

word spread.

Q.

- A. No, I don't remember because at this time I

 was so -- no I don't remember. For sure that's not

 what I ordered for. Fire, I didn't want to see this
- 8 A. Um-hmm. We didn't do it.
 - Q. Do you remember hearing that announcement?

Okay, and last, Captain is item number 3.

- 10 A. No, no, no I don't remember.
- Okay. So the announcement, what we learned 11 0. from the VDR, Captain, was that the announcement given 12 the -- the announcement that was announced in English 13 14 was actually number two. That was the English that was given over the PA, it was made by the cadet. However, 15 immediately after, the Spanish announcement was number 16 17 three. That is the announcement that, "We have 18 determined to abandon the vessel", that came immediately after. 19
 - A. Yeah, it is also the cadet?
- Q. No, that was done by another individual who spoke Spanish.
- 23 A. I didn't -- immediately after?
- Q. Immediately, well within second, yes.
- 25 A. It is not normal, it is -- do you have the

- 1 | time please, what time was it?
- Q. I do not have that in front of me right now,
 Captain, I can get that for you.
 - A. Okay. Because it was exactly opposite to my willing -- it was not --
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. Which was not my instruction, but for --
- Q. Understood. I just wanted, really your clarification of that. I understand you didn't make those announcements.
- 11 A. No.
- Q. Thank you very much for clarifying that. Bear with me one minute Captain.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. My next question, Captain, understanding that your role as master is also management of the vessel is, who did you routinely communicate with shore side? Did you communicate with management at Baja Ferries, or your crew management, or with the charter? Who was your kind of day to day communication shore side?
 - A. All of them, all of them. Baja Ferries for DPA, and owner, owner as representative owner business. Crew management for relief, and some issues we have, or some needs we may have, and of course American Cruise Ferries the charter for daily business. With the --

- our agent and everybody, all of them on my daily conversation.
 - Q. Understood. And Captain back to the maintenance of the vessel, in particular safety equipment and operational readiness of equipment. Were you aware of during your command, of any problems with any of the survival craft prior to the accident?
- 8 A. No, no, there were supposed --
 - Q. I'm sorry --

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- A. They were serviced during the dry-dock, and I have got all documentation that you can witness in the safety officer, office, and my office. And they were serviced and some of them been replaced, thirteen, I think of them have been replaced, brand new. So it was, for me it was okay, ready to work, ready to operate.
- Q. Okay, thank you. The next question is similar and related. Operational readiness of firefighting equipment and firefighting systems, Captain, before the accident were there any problems that you were aware of?
- A. I connect to some maintenance, current maintenance, no. Why because one week ahead of the accident we passed through the PSC, and COC, POC is Port State Control, COC is Certificate of Compliance

- for the ship to navigate in the U.S. water, and this certificate is delivered after the USCG -- there was shop inspection.
- So we have been making all that, drills, demonstration, documentation, inspections, certificates for the crew, everything was clearly inspected before.

 And in spite of some discrepancies shown in the COC no particular things. It was mentioned as routine maintenance, nothing special, and everything was working according to what we expect, what I expect, what we expect in the rules of the SOLAS, because we were inspected SOLAS rules.
 - Q. Understood, thank you. Captain were you aware of any problems with any of the emergency shutoffs, or emergency shutdowns in particular in the engine control, or sorry, in the engine room?
 - A. No.

- Q. Okay. Any problems with the ventilation or ventilation systems, in particular on the car deck?
- A. On the car decks, no. There was an observation from the U.S. Coast Guard, the dampers on the -- one or two dampers, we corrected and I sent some pictures to the Officer MacMillan, was supposed to be re-controlled and re-inspected by RINA. But everything was corrected within 48 hours after the observation was

made. So except that, no.

- Q. Understood. Captain, one thing I wanted to ask, we understand your always a starboard side ship and of course you have been on board Caribbean Fantasy for a limited time. But was there any type of standard procedure or process for putting the starboard side lifeboats in the water and operating them?
 - A. Yes, starboard side, no, no, no, starboard side is not very often because it is the side we go alongside. So we cannot lower during normal operation, we cannot lower those lifeboats without taking a lot of risk, we don't do that, okay. It was done during the dry-dock, they were lowered during the dry-dock, lowered, inspected, and serviced.
 - Q. Understood. Captain, what I'm going to ask now, is in general, can you take me through a typical drill, a typical crew drill that you do. So for example you have there's a --I understood from previous interviews there is fire, and then it kind of escalates into the last thing, the typical abandon ship. Can you just walk me through how that is run, just in general?
 - A. Okay, we have several type, we have instruction, induction, and drills. You are talking about drills. For drills, the preparation is done with the concerned people. Because we don't want to make

surprise which is usually, the target being to train
the people not to trap the people.

there is a pre-instruction, it will be a -there will be a -- so it gave the occasion to the

person in charge, the officer, the person in charge.

To prepare themselves, and it is positive the question
is safety is to be positive. So we prepare the drill,
determined, the safety officer, determine generally
with one officer of his choice. Maybe the engine room
it is the first engineer who is the safety responsible
for the engine room. And we say, okay, there will be a
fire, there and there.

For instance, let's say there is fire in the engine room, like we have it. So they organize, so that step one they send the preparation, of course, send the alarm, Mr. Skylight. Okay?

Of course Mr. Skylight is for drill, or real, because if you don't say for drill, you can make a mistake, it is for drill, for drill Mr. Skylight, which is fire. Mr. Skylight in the garage B, or in the engine room. Mr. Skylight is in the engine, is asked, is requested in the engine room. For that the people gather, they know that there is a fire in engine room, and they are to reach the muster station.

For the response team, say okay, we go over

there, you will be the investigator, you will be the support, you will be in charge of closing the dampers, and so everything is pre-organized, and they know what they have to do.

And once it gets done, the simulation and the -- you -- the U.S. Coast Guard have been attending this type of (inaudible word) one week before and they were satisfied, I think, otherwise we -- they didn't, then we are not given the COC.

After that, the people are gathered, we simulate an attack, we use the different, they talk about the different -- and after there is, afterward, there is a debriefing.

This debriefing is done for people to ask questions, to have more details and for the officers in charge to explain what was wrong, what was good, what was -- that is the usual way of proceeding. This is a period of time of between twenty and forty-five minutes. It must not exceed that, because otherwise you harass the people with that, and they don't -- it is contraproductive. So it is the way, or it is not.

Is it good?

Q. Yeah, but just in particular, so we -- you mentioned the fire, and the simulated attack and the

de-brief. But, after --

- A. I forgot communication, I forgot communication, sorry.
 - Q. Okay. And then after the fire is -- do you go typically, again, do you go to like, seven short and one long and then lowering the boats during drills?
 - A. We go to general with one long. For fire, I don't think -- let me check, but I don't remember that. Because we make one during the COC, we were supposed to make another one on the day that we have the accident. Because it was -- the frequency is weekly, approximately weekly, so I can't tell you if it is -- we used the general or the long, just the long one for -- I can't remember.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. I don't -- for that, yeah, sometimes we make after the fire, in order to make complete, we make
 another one, sometimes. Sometimes, not any time, so
 that we use the seven plus long.
 - Q. Okay, and now to the bridge, to the operation on the bridge, and I understand that during any event, and most events similar to this are very unpredictable, and as you mentioned earlier, they are changing in a very short period of time. I'm wondering if you can just tell me what the command, I believe they call the

- bridge the command center. What's the role of the

 command center during an emergency? What happens with

 the command center and whose running the command
 - A. You mean on board the ship?
 - Q. Correct, yeah, on board the ship. So during so I guess even in radio communications back and
 forth they call the bridge, they call it command
 center. What's the role of the command center?
 - A. You are talking about during a drill, or during this period, or generally speaking?
- 12 Q. Generally speaking.
 - A. So general --
- Q. Yeah.

center?

- A. Okay, the role of the command center is to gather that information, to analyze, and to response, and to give, if necessary, instruction. But to collect information to analyze, and to give back, to feedback accordingly with action, that's my, that's the command center.
 - Q. Okay. And who is usually a part of the command center, is that you, or is that another officer with an emergency duty, or is it multiple people?
- A. No. During the drill I am not alone on the bridge. There is the duty officer, depending on what I

need or what they need, of course. But there is the 1 staff captain, and for communication, there is myself, 2 there is all the bridge team, there is the helmsman, 3 4 there is the officer, the bridge team which is 5 described on muster station, muster list, it is the bridge team composing the command center, I am not 6 alone. Like I was on the D-day, not, not all, but at 7 the end of the fire, at the end of the period. 8

Q. Okay.

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- A. And the beginning of (inaudible few words).
- Q. And do you, does the command center, does it use any type kind of tools to help with responding or analyzing the situation at hand? Like do you use drawings or markers or anything to, to --
- A. We have -- we have a fire plan, a big fire plan on the bridge which is deployed. And we can use as -- which is on the Plexiglas, and we can use with drawings showing what is the evolution of the situations. We can use the draft paper.

But we have this big table in the middle of the bridge which is very useful to see where is the fire, what are the means, what we have close, do we have some hydrants, do we have some extinguisher, what matter are you, what are the way out, escape routes and everything. This fire plan on the bridge is displayed

- on the table, and it is available for making that.
- Q. Understood. And in addition to that, it is
- 3 going back to a question that was asked to you
- 4 | previously by Mr. Yets, was do you have any other
- 5 | tools, I'm not going to use the word system, but do you
- 6 have any other things, tools to assist you or the
- 7 | command center in decision-making, checklists, quick-
- 8 reference cards, anything like that?
- 9 A. To my knowledge no. I have my experience and
- 10 | my usual training on fire, on emergency, on response
- 11 | team, bridge management team, all my management and --
- 12 and I don't understand what you mean by tools, could
- 13 you please paraphrase?
- 14 Q. Sure, for example do you have any type of
- 15 checklists that you follow for fires, any type of cards
- 16 | that give guidance to people as to actions, or quick
- 17 | actions to take, anything like that?
- 18 A. I -- frankly speaking I don't remember I had
- 19 that.
- 20 Q. Okay, anything like an emergency management
- 21 checklist?
- 22 A. It does not come to me, no, no.
- 23 Q. Okay, understood. My next question Captain, I
- 24 forgot to ask this earlier, was do you recall any
- 25 problems, or any issues with voyage data recorder on

your vessel at the time?

A. No.

- Q. Okay. Just give me one second.
 - A. Please.
- 5 (Brief pause.)
 - Q. Captain, another question I have is -- I don't have it in front of me, I just wanted -- do you recall maximum number of passengers according to you PSSC?
 - A. A maximum was around eight, close to nine hundred, something like that, close to nine hundred, sorry I don't know the exact number. Maximum, it is around nine hundred and eighteen maybe, I don't know, I am not sure.
- Q. That's okay, I know it's been a while since the accident, so no worries, here.
 - A. Um-hmm.
 - Q. But with that rough figure, you were nowhere near maximum capacity for passengers on the ship at that time, is that correct?
 - A. No, we were not at the maximum capacity, and but maybe less, no, no, it is yes, because the maximum, the maximum is one thousand and fifteen including the crew, so it is less, it is closer to eight hundred and fifteen or something like that, because when we have the maximum crew, passenger capacity we have -- the

- crew is a little bit more, it is around one hundred and fifty, something like that.
- 3 Q. Okay.

Q.

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- A. Used to be, um-hmm.
- 6 I have is with respect to announcements, and I know on

Okay, thank you, Captain. The other question

- 7 | board the Caribbean Fantasy the official language is
- 8 | English, however a lot of the crew speak Spanish,
- 9 especially on the hotel side. And most of the
- 10 passengers, as I understand speak Spanish. The
- 11 question is, during an emergency, do you have anyone
- 12 designated to you or your bridge team specifically for
- 13 | making announcements in Spanish?
- A. During, you mean during (inaudible two words),
- or what?
- Q. During --
- 17 A. Announcement? What?
- Q. During an emergency, during say for example a
- 19 Mr. Skylight, or a general emergency.
- 20 A. That was my first experience, and the
- 21 | announcement was done by the -- and I didn't recall
- 22 | that we have a book, you show me this book is probably
- 23 | also on the bridge, and the announcements is done by
- 24 | the officer on duty. Or -- and otherwise it can be by
- 25 | the reception, chief of reception.

- Q. Okay, so you mentioned the officer on duty, and if the officer on duty at the time did not speak Spanish, what would happen?
- Α. Yeah, well what would happen if they had the book that you showed me, it's okay, you can -- some -you can, you don't speak very well, but you can read. But most of the -- all of the deck officers were speaking Spanish also, that was the case on this ship because the crew is also from Central America, and the marine crew, most of the marine crew, except the engine crew and the staff, engine crew, most of the mariner crew speaks Spanish also.
 - Q. Understood. And just for clarification, you don't -- do you speak Spanish at all?
 - A. No, no, so very poor.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. No, no, nothing, nothing.
- Q. All right Captain, I'm going to ask now, we are going to get to the accident now. It's, I know it's not fresh in your memory, it's been quite a few months, and if you don't know, if you forget that's fine.
 - But -- and I only have specific questions regarding this for you. My first question with respect to the emergency is, do you remember at any time when

- 1 | the ship went into a transition of power? So it left
- 2 | the main power and went to the emergency generator, do
- 3 | you remember if that happened, or what time it
- 4 happened?
- A. No, no I don't.
- 6 Q. Okay, and you were asked earlier about the
- 7 | launching of the fast rescue boat, and the decision not
- 8 to launch the fast rescue boat.
- 9 A. Um-hmm.
- 10 Q. And understood that there were many Coast
- 11 | Guard assets on scene at the time to assist.
- 12 A. Um-hmm.
- Q. But, I wanted to clarify one thing.
- A. Um-hmm.
- Q. We listened to audio on the VHF, on the -- the
- 16 communications between both yourself and Coast Guard.
- 17 A. Yeah.
- 18 Q. And I wanted to clarify one thing, when you
- 19 | say close the life rafts what does that mean? When you
- 20 | say close the life rafts? If you remember.
- 21 A. Approach.
- 22 Q. Hm?
- 23 A. I say approach, close is, close -- approach
- 24 the life rafts.
- Q. Approach?

- Α. That is what I want to say, maybe it is a language, it is a problem of communication, language. Obviously the first problem, when you are under stress sometimes you cannot find the right words. And for me you can imagine that it was a day of stress, not that one, I mean, I was managing that but it was difficult. But it was, the meaning was approach the life raft from the platform, that's what -- maybe you hear that on
 - Q. No, it was a clarification, and thank you for letting me know, and I understand it is a -- it was a stressful day and you had a very big pair of shoes for that, so we understand.

Captain, do you remember ever giving any order to stop the drencher, or stop any part of the drencher on the car decks?

- A. Yes, to avoid too much water, because we started to list. And to evacuate because we start to list because the -- probably the scuttles were obstructed by debris. So the ship was starting to have a list of four, and come back to two, so that's why I start the drenchers, I decided.
- Q. Understood, so you said up to four, that's four degrees in what direction?
 - A. Port side.

beginning?

- Q. Four degrees to post, okay. And after the drencher was stopped it came back to two?
 - A. Came back, yeah slowly, yeah.
 - Q. Okay. And Captain during this accident did you have any, any indication on the bridge that the water mist system in the engine room was working?
 - A. You mean the high fog?
- Q. Yeah I -- the crew members call it the high
 fog, yeah.
- 10 A. Yeah.

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- Q. Did you have any indication that the water mist was working?
- 13 A. There is a panel, but the panel on the
 14 starboard side which indicates the engine alarm. But
 15 not the high fog system, I don't recall if it is -- the
 16 high fog system, or the ship alarm. I am not sure,
 17 because now it is far away.
 - Q. Understood. Do you have any indication of the dampers being closed on the bridge?
- 20 A. No.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. Dampers no.
- Q. And still staying with the accident.
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. What -- as you were approaching pilot station

- and as you received the call from the ECR, from the

 chief engineer that there was a leak, and then there

 was a fire, who had control of the propulsion was that

 -- did you, did the bridge have control, or was it down

 with the ECR?
 - A. It was just at the, what you call the -- just the time to change, we were under standby, we were under standby period, that means that we transfer the command to the engine, okay? That is the intermediate period just exactly when we must change. So, I can't tell you exactly. We still have, already they have in the engine room. But what I know is that we put, I put, or we put, I say I, but on the bridge, put the CPP to zero to stop the ship.
 - Q. And when you put it to -- the CPP to zero, controllable pitch propeller --
 - A. Yeah.

- Q. Was that on both engines, or just on the port engine?
 - A. Both engines.
 - Q. Both, okay.
- A. Yeah, on the bridge I put CPP zero, both engines, that's right.
- Q. Okay. During the emergency, Captain, I am
 wondering if you can tell me, who did you contact shore

side? Who was the first person you contacted shore side with the company to advise of the situation?

A. On the -- you mean -- okay. First it is MRCC, NRCC, and U.S. Coast Guard together, knowing that is it the same, the MRCC of San Juan is head by the Coast Guard, okay by the USCG, okay. So I call into the GMDSS instruction and SOLAS instruction, that is the first contact happen. But ahead of that, of course it was the pilot, because he was the first, I was talking to. Because when he saw me after entering my course to port, and going north, hey what is happening. I told him I have a fire, so I getting away from the (inaudible word), he was the first informed.

Second MRCC, the Coast Guard in San Juan, the MRCC San Juan, okay. And from the company, you mean.

So, I have -- that's for me now, I can't remember,

because you know, you obviously know that I reached

something afterwards.

But I don't remember if I was calling the company (inaudible word), for the non-tank vessel response plan. We have a subcontractor, which was (inaudible word) and this I contact the company for that. But I don't remember the management saying please contact the DPA, and (inaudible word) for me, because we are having a fire, and we may have some

- spill, some pollution, something like that, so I want the response team, as soon as possible, activate the
- 3 response plan for non-tank vessel.
- I cannot tell you, because now it is a little
 bit mixed up, I say something, I say something else,
 and you know, it is after while I am sure that I made
 confusion. So, that the confusion is still there. Or
 maybe it was (inaudible word), but -- okay, I won't
 extend.
- Q. Understood. So just to clarify, you did contact someone shore side and activate the vessel response plan?
 - A. Sure, of course.
- 14 Q. Okay.

- 15 A. Yes, it is an asset --
- Q. Captain, you mentioned earlier with Mr. Yets, and again, staying in the emergency, staying in the response. You highlighted that it was difficult to -- no, not difficult, but you mentioned there were some challenges with talking with U.S. Coast Guard vessels.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Can you just refresh, just go back in memory on that. What were those challenges, did you -- what was the problem?
- 25 A. The problem was to identify, you know, for me

the procedure is the current procedure, the described procedure. And I know that procedures are sometimes diverted, not to be -- but when the GDMSS, you are a specific person whose name is not Mr. So and Mr. So. This guy, this person is on scene commander, okay.

So I was trying to call the on scene commander, and identify myself as the Captain of the Caribbean Fantasy, which is easy, me. But the guy replying to me was using the name of ship which was the on scene commander.

So, let's say that this name is Captain

Labiger, and I would say Captain Labiger, I don't know

what it is, who is that Labiger, I don't know, I don't

remember the name. But it was something like that, and

after twenty minutes, after a certain period of time I

understood that this Captain (inaudible name), was the

on scene commander.

But during it was a communication, again, it was a misunderstanding between myself, it is shared, of course, I use on scene commander, the person was responding something else.

And as soon as I understand I say okay, the name -- I cannot because it was a Spanish name, and it was difficult for me to pronounce properly. When I identify this, this is a big white ship in San Juan,

when I identify that, I say okay, it is the on scene commander, but it took time. Yeah, that is what the main issue, I mean -- with that, okay.

- Q. Captain, do you remember that vessel ever identifying themselves as the on scene commander? Did they ever say, we are the on scene commander, do you remember?
- A. No, but they reply on -- and each time I was calling on scene commander, this person was replying with the same name. That is why my direction was, it is the on scene commander. But they never, maybe they -- I don't recall that-- I recall they say, we are the on scene commander, that I don't recall now, for sure. But it was not so easy to -- for me the connection between on scene commander and the ship was not clear.
- Q. Thank you. Do you remember any other challenges in communication with the Coast Guard?
- A. With the Coast Guard? No, no because in spite of that, it was, for general communication was the noise, you know, and helicopters around, you can maybe check on the video, it is, it is awful, you have a lot of noise, and it was several communications, several channels, some people talking at the same time. Some people making some long sentences.

In spite of say, okay, they say -- it was,

- communication was an issue. I would say it was -- the main think on which I would, if I had to work on that, I would say, okay I have to make a -- to work on communication because it was not so easy. Can you understand, I can understand that because of stress, but it is the main point, I experience several times, it is not the first time I experienced that, communication problem.
 - Q. Thank you. How many people in addition to yourself were on the bridge with you?

A. From the beginning, let me count, officer on duty, helmsman, and the AB, (inaudible word), staff captain and safety officer joined later on because we were entering the port. All of the usual deck crew, because we used to have a smaller, because the safety officer is in charge, the (inaudible word).

The officer on duty is in charge of the navigation up to the point we have the POB, the pilot on board, so at that time, he used to go at the pilot station, the aft mooring station. And the staff remained with me, and of course the helmsman as well, and the cadet, of course it was (inaudible word). So that my usual staff and the usual crew on the bridge on each arrival and departure.

Q. And then during the emergency, after the Mr.

Skylight announcement, who remained with you?

A. Okay, we were rapidly three, officer on duty, myself, the cadet and myself. And because I released the order to go on sight and to take their -- and I ordered the staff captain to go on scene to see and to control, to double check with the fire, what was possible to do, and to report.

And I gave the order to go and give a hand to the rest of the crew, not to stay with me on the bridge, which was best. And once the officer on duty stayed around and made all the announcements before going to the evacuation.

He was leaving, we were three, and I thought two. I just keep the cadet with me, and at the end, - I was alone because I released the cadet, maybe, but when I released the cadet, no more crew was anymore on board, I was alone with the, not alone, but I was with the electrician, the chief engineer, the chief engineer, the staff captain and the safety officer and myself.

When I released the cadet we were five on board five of the crew on board. So I was alone for maybe, I don't know, but a very short time, for maybe twenty, twenty-five minutes, not more. I don't remember exactly, it was long, it was a long day.

- Q. I'm sure it was, sounds like a long day. And you mentioned they -- that you were ordered, or you were told to leave the vessel.
 - A. Yeah.

- Q. Who told you that, how did you get that information to leave?
- A. Phone, yeah, for me, it was the Coast Guard, you have to leave the ship. Who I don't know, but it was an instruction from the Coast Guard, you have to and I was ready to stay, because I wanted to stay with my short team, staff, safety, engineer, and in order to help the rest of the shore response team, to guide them, help them as far as possible.

But I was instructed, for me, it was the Coast Guard, because it is the authority. The on scene commander who, I mean, is the authority, and I have to respect those instruction, and I was trying to find a way -- because, no, no, I say, okay Captain, you have to go now. No, no, no, I stay. Captain you have to go.

So I don't, I can't certify that it was the Coast Guard but it presented as this otherwise, of course I would not have, I would have stayed on board.

Q. Was this by radio, that you received the instruction?

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. Or by phone, or --
- 3 A. By VHF, no, no, on VHF.
- 4 Q. VHF, okay.
- 5 A. On six or sixteen, but probably six.
- Q. And at that time, were all the passengers and all the remaining crew ashore?
- 8 A. For long, for more than a half an hour 9 probably.
- 10 Q. Okay.

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- 11 A. And there were already, have take, I think,

 12 there were already counted, okay, because when I

 13 reached the shore by the helicopter, the first question

 14 who came up, was, Captain do you have 512 or 511? I

 15 say I don't recall, and one cadet, or somebody, they

 16 say, it was on the manifest says 512, say okay. So the

 17 manifest says 512.
 - So someone was missing, it was the big issue. And of course, we determine, afterwards that this person, this missing was the person we disembark the day before in Santo Domingo. So, the count was right, and everybody safe.
- 23 Q. Yes, they are. Do you need a minute, Captain?
- A. Excuse me?
- Q. Are you okay? Do you need a minute? Okay.

1 A. Okay.

- 2 (Brief pause.)
 - Q. I understand that there were people put on your vessel during the actual emergency.
 - A. Yeah, yes.
 - Q. I believe they were firefighters.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Were you aware, or did you request them to
 g come on board?
 - A. No, no, no, no. They came, no I did not request but did not obstruct -- I do not make any obstruction because it was in my interest to let them act. I was not capable to handle it, so it was a good initiative. Maybe not respecting the process, but it sounded good to me, so I have the support, professional fire brigade, it was okay for me. It was a kind of a gift, I mean, let's say a support, an asset, an asset.
 - Q. When you left the vessel did they remain on board?
 - A. Yes, yes they remain on board a long time, yes, yes probably a long time. Because I left, I was the last one with the safety officer, and after the crew and me. The crew, staff commander, and nobody else was on board but this response team, and the fire brigade from San Juan. Maybe some type of police also,

maybe.

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Because they were -- they were dealing with 2 3 the helicopter traffic. Which was a -- we had a lot of 4 helicopters to take care of the pets, and of the some 5 disabled people, and some people were, as far as the counting was difficult to control. Because I have 6 several ways out, MES, lifeboats, and helicopters. But 7 at the end I was -- when I left that, nobody was 8 9 remaining on board, but this crew, this guys from fire brigade. 10

- Q. And you mentioned many helicopters, what helicopter did you leave -- did you leave on a Coast Guard helicopter?
- A. I leave on -- I later identify police and the Coast Guard, two times.
- 16 Q. Okay.
 - A. The police and the Coast Guard, nothing else.
- 18 Q. Well, what one did you leave on?
- 19 A. The police, the police.
- Q. Police.
- 21 A. I left the police, yes. Because it was a
 22 small one. The Coast Guard one was a little big, and
 23 it was not landing. This one was just staying away
 24 from the deck, let's say twenty meters above because it
 25 prefer not to land. It was just limit for this --

Q. I also wanted to ask, I believe you were informed that there were explosions on the ship.

A. Yes, yes. That's why I decided to, at this period, I decide -- that's when I decide to send the drencher, it was in the beginning, it was the tires, of the trucks, of the trailer tires. Because of the over (inaudible word) of the (inaudible word), and when you afterwards see the deformation of the (inaudible word) on the video you understand why they explode.

But I cannot discern, I cannot sort if this explosions was this thing or this thing. But obviously, the tires, and afterwards we observed that it was that, mainly that, because we have had several explosions.

- Q. Thank you. The other question I have is I believe at some point during the emergency the chief engineer came to the bridge. What update did the chief engineer give you at that time that he came to the bridge, if you remember?
- A. I remember he came at the beginning, at the very beginning, but after I didn't see him anywhere. It came, the information that we have to stop, we have a fire, something like that. It was very -- it was just tic tac, I can't remember, it was not a report, it just a word, as far as I remember the sequence.

- Q. So he didn't tell you what he witnessed, or any of the problem?
- A. No, no detail. A leak, a fuel leak, that's it.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. And after, of course, you can make some conjectures, but he didn't tell nothing more at this time. After all, yes, we talk a lot. But not before.
- Q. The ah -- and with that, what information do you remember getting about the smoke, and where the smoke was throughout the ship?
- A. By my own observations, and you cannot miss that, because it was important, really important, sudden and thick, and black. It was a big thick smoke, soot, and learn that, you know, like very, very big (inaudible two word) -- so it was the indication that a lot of fuel was, for me, it is of course when you know, with your experience, a lot of fuel was probably a lot of quantity, enough quantity to make this kind of smoke.

So that's what I observed from the bridge, and an obvious, that's what I saw from the bridge, went out from the door, the funnel, from the aft doors, from everywhere. You can see this smoke, immediately.

Because it was very sudden, the problem is --

- there is fire, the fire is an accident, of course. And
 we manage it more or less the best that we can. But
 this accident was sudden, brutal, and important, very,
 very important, it was close to the explosion. So you
 obviously see the smoke, and the time to react was very
 short.
 - Q. Understood. And with that, were you-informed of any smoke going into the hotel, into the
 accommodation? Were you aware of any smoke intrusion?
 - A. Not at the beginning, not at the beginning, it came later on, it came later on. And it came later on in which proportion I don't know, but it came later on.

 And I think that when this smoke came the passenger were already gathered and on the muster points and gathered out. And the hotel crew made the, already the swift operation of controlling that nobody was remaining, that nobody was remaining.

I think it was ahead. And the smoke, come later, and as you have been observing yourself, you have seen the Pullman seats were soot, coming by probably by the air intakes of AC and it was going everywhere.

Q. Thank you.

A. Mainly on the stern parts, or everywhere, but mainly on the stern part. After -- they probably,

- displace to the -- because of the draft, the natural air draft, huh? Because those were open and so obviously.
 - Q. And Captain, you mentioned earlier about the dogs as well, I believe there were some dogs on board.
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Were you aware, prior to the accident how many dogs you had on board the vessel?
 - A. Prior to the accident, no. I learn it after.
- Q. Okay.
- 11 A. No.
 - Q. And what do you remember of the dogs, and how they were evacuated?
 - A. They were evacuated by helicopter, they were in the kennel, because the kennel is on the deck six, seven, and that, deck six, six or seven, okay, six or seven, six.

Anyway, and they were evacuated by helicopter, and with their owner. And the hotel crew gave the dogs and the cages, and everything to the owner. And take them by helicopter, and there were six, except those two, we don't know -- we didn't know they were there. That -- they should not have been there, but we didn't know they were there -- the poor two dogs, remaining in the garage.

- Q. And you didn't know they were there until after when you were ashore?
- A. Ah yes, after, I learn that after. For me, all the dogs, all the pets were clear. I learn that because the owners were complaining, they made it and of course they made that clear, some noise about that.

And we, of course, really disappointed, and of course we were trying to do our best, but the poor, the poor pets that were in such a situation nobody could have them, and, no, no, it was -- nobody noticed that, nobody knew about that.

- Q. Okay. And back to the question that I had earlier about the number of people you had on the bridge, and I know that number changed, and eventually dwindled to when you were by yourself shortly before Coast Guard requesting you to leave the vessel.
- A. Um-hmm.

2.1

- Q. But, I believe you had mentioned that there was during the emergency it was the, yourself, the cadet, the watch officer --
- A. Um-hmm.
 - Q. And the helmsman.
- A. The helmsman and the staff captain, and joining -- but joining and going back because it was

- similar to an, obviously, the safety officer. We were
 maximum six, but not for long becoming, becoming four
 because the safety and the staff went on scene.
 - Q. Okay, and with the number of people that were helping you manage that, did you feel that that was adequate to manage the emergency?
 - A. Yes, at the beginning, all along, yes, of course, helmsman to steer, and to put the ship away from the (inaudible word), way. Cadet to acknowledge the alarm, officer to make the announcement, and acknowledge, and order preparation. Yes it was useful, of course, of course.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. The more you got, the best it is, but you adapt.
- Q. Thank you. And my last question Captain, and I forgot to ask this earlier when we were talking about the drills.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Is, do -- during the drills, do you ever simulate missing persons, like a missing passenger, missing crewmember, do you simulate that during drills?
- A. I was not enough on the ship to say that. But it is, of course, one of the exercise we have to do like the bomb, the terrorist attack, the security --

- 1 all those things we have to do.
- But we have to, to the best of my knowledge,
- 3 | just before that -- I didn't do this, and the direct to
- 4 me as well, you, even with the -- with activity
- officer, you may know that, not with me. Sure not, we
- 6 didn't do that, no. At this time, with me. Under my
- 7 | command, I mean with me under my command it was not
- 8 done.
- 9 Q. Okay.
- 10 A. It was foreseeable, it was not done.
- 11 Q. Thank you.
- 12 A. You are welcome.
- A. And that's all the question that I have,
- 14 | Captain, and I appreciate your time, I appreciate your
- openness, and I understand that this is, you know, the
- 16 memory fades over time.
- 17 A. Bad memory too.
- 18 Q. Yeah, and this is -- but you know, there was a
- 19 positive outcome, everyone is alive, so that's very
- 20 | important, the most important. So thank you again. I
- 21 | appreciate your time, and I'm going to let my next
- 22 | colleague ask you a few questions.
- 23 A. Okay.
- CDR CAPELLI: Captain, actually, we will take
- 25 | a quick recess, a ten minute recess before we start

1	asking some more questions, thank you.
2	THE WITNESS: Okay.
3	CDR CAPELLI: The hearing is now in recess.
4	(At 3:57 a brief recess was taken.)
5	CDR CAPELLI: Good afternoon, the time is
6	1613 and the hearing has reconvened. We are going to
7	continue questions with the master of the Caribbean
8	Fantasy, Ms. Carrie Bell will be doing the questions.
9	LTJG DIAZ-COLON: Captain, I just want to
10	remind you you are still under oath.
11	THE WITNESS: Yes.
12	WITNESS
	G1 DE1 TV
13	CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA
13	EXAMINATION
14	EXAMINATION
14	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL:
14 15 16	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL: Q. Good afternoon Captain.
14 15 16	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL: Q. Good afternoon Captain. A. Good afternoon.
14 15 16 17	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL: Q. Good afternoon Captain. A. Good afternoon. Q. I am Carrie Bell with the NTSB, good to see
14 15 16 17 18	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL: Q. Good afternoon Captain. A. Good afternoon. Q. I am Carrie Bell with the NTSB, good to see you again.
114 115 116 117 118 119	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL: Q. Good afternoon Captain. A. Good afternoon. Q. I am Carrie Bell with the NTSB, good to see you again. A. Um-hmm.
114 115 116 117 118 119 119 120	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL: Q. Good afternoon Captain. A. Good afternoon. Q. I am Carrie Bell with the NTSB, good to see you again. A. Um-hmm. Q. I just have a few questions about your
114 115 116 117 118 119 120 221	EXAMINATION BY MS. BELL: Q. Good afternoon Captain. A. Good afternoon. Q. I am Carrie Bell with the NTSB, good to see you again. A. Um-hmm. Q. I just have a few questions about your experience in the past, as a Captain, have you ever had

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. Have you ever had an abandon ship event?
- 3 A. No.

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- Q. And you said that you were new to Caribbean

 Fantasy, just a few months prior to incident, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Did you receive any kind of familiarization training on the ship?
 - A. Yes, yes.
 - Q. Do you recall who, who gave you that familiarization training?
 - A. The former Captain, information and okay, it is the way we proceed, for Captain, we -- when we have a handover, you have a specific handover which is foreseen, of course by the regulation, and ISM.

But for Captain it is a little bit different, it creates something more, and the opportunity for us was very good to have the dry-dock, because he had spent more time than necessary together around the ship, which is an asset for us to make, complete this (inaudible word) of the ship, of the crew, it is a ship (inaudible word) okay. So it was done, yes, of course.

- Q. Okay, and did that include going through the station bill and your emergency station information?
- A. Yeah, also more or less also yes. And we --

- but this is done on a time, time basis. And it is we are creating our own experience through of course, the priority is not given to that, so that we know that we have to go through that, and we go (inaudible word) through that with the safety officer, with all the officers on board, when you take a new ship as Captain, you have to be familiar with the habits of the ship, and the crew also. Not only to take over that. So, it takes time, yeah.
 - Q. Okay, and I know we have talked a lot about the station bill, and your position. Do you remember specifically, if you were assigned, when you, when you went through that training, if you have been assigned to life raft #24 or lifeboat #1?

A. No, because the training was not including that. The training was just between myself and the other Captain, okay. It is not the training, it is a long handover. It is not training like you say, I don't know, I will teach you to drive my car. No, it is something else, it is more general, and we go to the place, we check people and these places such as firefighting equipment, the fire -- lifesaving appliance, all the (inaudible word).

Is the ISM code respected, is everything, all the certificates -- the documentation is very huge on a

ship, huh, it is something like big piles. So we have to check, go over across all that. Which is our private -- I mean our private guard, so it is already huge. But of course we go through a lot of things together, and we cannot see everything it takes. So I didn't notice -- I wasn't 24 no. But I learn that yes, it is now, in fact it was the former muster bill, the new muster station is still what the other, the second The first one was of course the life raft #24,

which is, I believe, more logical.

- Q. Okay, thank you, for that. And in previous testimony when we have talked to you, you had mentioned that bridge resource management was required by Baja Ferries, when you -- and so you had when you were hired, is that correct? In addition to what you already had to have, the company required you to have that training?
- A. Yes, being a Captain on a ferry, on a roll ship, on a passenger ship generates that you need one to be or manage the bridge, be bridge pressure management, which is training during five days in agreed training center.

For me it was in Nicaragua, and not in (inaudible few words), from the first (inaudible word) it was in (inaudible town) in France on the Naval,

- French National Academy. French National Marine
 Academy.
 - Q. And when was that training?
- A. Maybe July or September 2016, something like
 that, just before -- no -- yea -- no, sorry. We are in
 2017, so the fire was in 2016, no it was in 2015,
 because I joined the ship it was in 2016. Yeah, okay,
 sorry.
 - Q. Okay, no, that's fine.
 - A. Um-hmm.

- Q. And in that training does it include going through communications with the bridge team during emergencies?
- A. Communication is the point. But during this training, mainly, the main target is to control the stress and avoid act under stressful conditions. So, for instance you raise, you can come something, you find some higher, like you are saying (three words in French), something like that, which is very hard to avoid the stress. It is the main target of this.
- Of course, communication is, of course,

 (inaudible word), and it is also including -- but the

 main thing to learn to -- because this training session

 is coming from the airport authority, generally, and it

 comes to the navy, but before it was for the air -- for

- 1 | the aircraft commanders and everything.
- 2 So it came to me like that, in duress, like
- 3 | that, to learn to control the stress within a very
- 4 | short time of the pilot, or the aircraft, commander,
- 5 | pilot. And for us, of course, it was a benefit. And
- 6 of course, communication also with the outside/inside
- 7 and everything.
- Q. And was that training useful for you during
- 9 this emergency?
- 10 A. Oh yes, very good, yes, it was, yes, for sure.
- 11 For sure, because in training you must renew/refresh
- 12 each and five years, I think.
- 13 Q. Yes.
- 14 A. You must refresh, it is compulsory, you cannot
- 15 go if you do not have this, you have to refresh like
- 16 | medical, like basic safety training, like everything.
- 17 You must refresh that on regular basis, which is
- 18 described in the STCW regulation.
- 19 Q. Okay, I want to just clarify, when I asked
- 20 originally the question I -- in your other testimony
- 21 | previous to this, when we were still in San Juan, you
- 22 | had stated that the company also required you to have
- 23 | that as something in addition to what you already had,
- 24 | that's how I understood it.
- 25 A. No it's, it is a point on which that --

- insists, if you don't have that you cannot be recruited 1 as a Captain. Okay? It is -- you can say it is not 2 valid, today, but no, no, it must be refreshed and 3 4 valid, it is compulsory for all, but it is not -- in 5 ship or not, what is required in ship from the company, SSO, safety, ship safety officer, security officer, I'm 6 sorry, ship security officer, which is in addition to 7 the requirement from the STCW. 8
 - Q. Okay, thank you.

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- You are welcome. Α.
- And we also talked a lot about language, and 0. some of the language barriers. Have you discussed with the officers or your company, any of the issues related to crew competency in the English language, your crew?
 - When, when, when? Before or afterwards? Α.
- Before. 16 Q.
 - Before, no, I didn't do that -- but it is Α. known that this is, can be an issue. But we have a -no, I did not talk about that with the company.
 - And what about since the incident? Q.
- Since the incident -- of course, a lot of Α. discussion about that. And it is, but I will tell you 22 I think, I already told you that Spanish speaking was 23 not permitted because the working language was English. 24 But afterwards, I observed that the Spanish speaking by 25

- 1 | the crew, in (inaudible few words), in fact was a
- 2 | relief, and was really one of the main reason for what
- 3 | no panic was emerging. That's my opinion. This is not
- 4 | a (inaudible word), it is my opinion. And this is
- 5 | because I have experienced, that before with some other
- 6 language, afterwards.
- 7 Q. So you think that, I -- let me just clarify
- 8 | what you said. You think that because they were able
- 9 to speak Spanish, that it eliminated some of the panic
- 10 of the passengers?
- 11 A. Yes, that's my opinion, yes.
- 12 Q. Okay, thank you. A couple of questions about
- 13 the passenger and crew manifest. The original
- 14 passenger manifest comes from the terminal, is that
- 15 correct?
- A. Yes, that's correct.
- 17 Q. And who is that emailed to?
- 18 A. Oh, it is e-mailed, it is transmitted to the
- 19 | to the staff captain, to the general -- to the hotel
- 20 manager, to me probably to me, to safety officer
- 21 | probably, they spread it, it is spread, yeah on board.
- 22 | But main, the main concern is for the hotel manager.
- 23 | Q. I'm sorry, for the what?
- A. The main concern for the hotel manager,
- 25 | because of the feeding, of the restaurant, of the

- cabin, of the partition of seats, and for the control of the tickets and everything.
 - Q. And so once the safety officer has gone in and assigned the muster stations to the passengers that was discussed this morning, with the hotel manager, is that list then sent to the company, or anywhere else?
 - A. I don't know, madam.

- Q. So I have a question about -- we heard, we listened to the VDR and one of the things early on, around seven in the morning we heard you speaking with the staff captain about your sleep the night before, and --
 - A. About what? Sorry?
- Q. About your sleep, your rest the night before. And you said for me it was not so good, and I was wondering if you could -- I know it has been a few months since the incident. But, if you could remember that?
- A. No, I don't remember that, because sometimes,
 you know, it is a little bit too chop, so, I mean, you
 know, what I can regularly, you are -- but I was
 rested, I was comfortable, I was, it was not something
 I would be disturbed by something and wake up in the
 night for some reasons, I wouldn't say that, in
 between, in front of you. I really don't remember,

- 1 that's it. Something really human.
- 2 Q. So no, no specific incident that kept you --
- 3 A. No, no, no.
 - Q. -- from sleeping that you recall?
- A. No pre-occupation I was really -- what you say
- 6 -- comfortable with the crew, with the ship, my crew
- 7 | was good, they demonstrate they were good, by
- 8 (inaudible word) the people. Everything was good for
- 9 me, comfortable. I felt good.
- 10 Q. Okay.
- 11 A. I felt --
- Q. And while we are on that topic, can you
- describe to me how you keep track of work/rest on the
- 14 ship?

- 15 A. The work/rest? It is the staff captain's
- 16 business to deal that with the marine crew. And I
- 17 | think for the hotel manager, the purser is also
- 18 recording that, because the resting hours, the extra
- 19 | hours, you know, the overtime and everything is handled
- 20 by them.
- So, at the end of month before the payroll
- 22 delivered, they have to account everything for resting
- 23 | hours, what you, those main people, they handle that.
- 24 The staff captain and the hotel manager with the
- 25 purser. And the records, the records on board.

- 1 Q. I'm sorry?
- 2 A. They have some records on board, records.
- 3 Q. There are records on board?
 - A. Yeah, they are.
- Q. Is there a software program that you used to keep track of your rest and work hours?
- 7 A. Myself?
- 8 Q. Yes.

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- A. Oh no, it is not possible because as the
 manager you can be, that's my, that is what I am paid
 for to be called, it is my, and my standing orders, and
 night orders, if you need me you call me whenever. So
 okay, I try to rest maximum time, I do it, and I try to
 rest maximum as possible, but normally it is okay,
 (inaudible word), okay, I have time to rest.
 - Q. So about how much sleep do you -- were you getting per night, do you recall?
- 18 A. What -- I have to do it --
- 19 Q. Sorry.
- 20 A. Could you repeat the question?
- Q. About how much sleep do you typically get per night?
- 23 A. Except on the weekend, when we are on call on
 24 the Santo Domingo, so we have two days rest completely.
 25 Or -- I go to sleep around between nine and ten o'clock

- in the evening, let's say ten o'clock, at least, latest is ten o'clock, and I wake up at 630.
 - Q. And so you don't keep a record of your work hours?
 - A. No.

- Q. Okay, thank you.
- A. I would like because I would make more money,

 but this is not included in my contract.
 - Q. Understood. And I wanted to get a clarification, earlier Mr. Yets had mentioned something about the decision support system. And then Mr. Tucker had mentioned the emergency management checklist, and you didn't recall either of those, but just -- I am curious if you have, you have checklists for various, when you are doing drills on board there are, are there checklists that you use for those drills?
 - A. Yes, there are checklist for induction, and checklists for drills, you have a bunch for induction of four or five steps, for induction. There are checklists for drills, everything is recorded, everything is -- all the remarks of inspection, you have checklists for instruction, and so a report of comments, it is done, yes.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- 25 A. And then the monthly report, of course I have

- to write that on the captain's monthly report, to

 report all incidents, near misses, so and so from this

 department, from the from everywhere, I collect. Which

 is, of course important. Not the details, but even the

 details are -- some details like incident with the

 (inaudible two words) something like that is reported,

 yeah, yeah.
 - Q. And those are sent to the company?

- A. Oh yes, on a regular basis, monthly or maybe depending on the degree. If it is an emergency,
 urgent topic or not. If it is something like urgent it
 is sent on the hour. It is very, with the
 communication level we have, internet, everything, the
 chief, the head of departments. And for your
 information I was in copy of all exchanges between,
 department engine and the company, everything is coming
 to my desk also, was coming to my desk, to my computer.
 - Q. And going back to the day of the incident, when you were in communications with the Coast Guard on radio do you recall any specific questions that were asked of you or your team that you didn't understand? Let me just give you an example, like using acronyms or anything like that, that made it hard to understand?
 - A. Yes, not because only of that, because of the noise, and all of the things, and the radio even went,

1	It is var, sometimes it is very weak. And a lot of
2	people, and it is not because of the Coast Guard or us,
3	because some people are around. But also, you know
4	that it was a good that they wanted to help, but
5	they speak, they talk over.
6	So it makes some interferences, and of course,
7	that makes the communication level a little bit tough.
8	Plus the mother language, plus, you know, that is
9	something that to be integrated. That on international
10	ships you have several languages, and that when you
11	speak English, this is basic, you have to radio, to
12	be slow, like I asked from the beginning, if you speak
13	to me.
14	If you sort of speak like you speak to your
15	family or maybe I will understand you. But now I
16	understand you very clearly. That is distinct, I want
17	to point out, that communication, is quite significant,
18	tough.
19	Q. That is all the questions I have for you,
20	thank you very much for your time. I am going to pass
21	it on to someone else, hang on just a minute.
22	THE WITNESS: Okay.
23	WITNESS
24	CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA
25	EXAMINATION

BY CDR CAPELLI:

- Q. Good afternoon Captain, this is Commander Mike Capelli with the U.S. Coast Guard.
 - A. Good afternoon commander.
- Q. I don't believe we addressed the port side MES. Some people had said that the port side MES did not activate as it was designed, is that what you saw?
- A. That's what I observed, yes, afterwards. But on the moment for me, it was deployed, and not that.

 Afterwards, I observed that it was not what was expected due to the certificate and all of the documents, and the thing was supposed to be serviced one year later, so to me it was okay, it was not -- and that was on the report. Hopefully, it was the wrong side.
 - Q. Okay, and so during the casualty what was the reason that you didn't use the port side MES?
 - A. I was reported by the staff captain that there was some smoke and heat, okay? And also that the slide was a little bit too much -- the angle was a little bit too much important. And due to smokes, smoke and heat on this, the radius was alongside the hull, and the people were afraid to prepare, to send them to the starboard side.

Observing that there were, at this time not

- that much people to be evacuated. Because most of the people as was already been evacuated through lifeboats and helicopters. So it was very few people remaining to be evacuated by the MES.
 - Q. Okay, Captain, keeping with the evacuation, what do you recall about having people jumping over the side from lifeboat #2?
 - A. No, not -- from lifeboat #2?
 - O. Yes.

- A. I don't recall that I was not -- we -- the only people reported going, jumping at sea was from one of my crew afterwards he told me, because he was on the slide, and it was a hotel crew, a cook, a young guy and before -- close to the platform it was going too fast, and there was a lady who was not (inaudible word), and to avoid to hit this lady, he decided to jump in the water, it was from the MES. I was not reported that somebody was going overboard in the lifeboat, or not.
 - Q. So you, did you receive any reports of people in the water, on the bridge?
 - A. Except this one, no.
- 22 Q. Okay.
- 23 A. I didn't know who that was. I knew that it
 24 was this guy on the crew afterwards. But at the
 25 beginning I didn't know. I was not reported, I listen

to that through the radio, I was listening that somebody was in the water. But I was not reported.

- Q. Okay. And at the end of the evacuation you said the small police helicopter, and the Coast Guard helicopter were evacuating people, and you specifically said, owners with their dogs. Did the helicopters evacuate other people too, or just owners and dogs?
- A. No, no, no, some other people, some other people, because, I don't remember exactly, but some, a little bit disabled people, you know by the weight.

 And because I saw that. And some, and after myself, of course, some of the crew, myself in the end, in the police helicopter. The changing of some of the crew, the firefighters were evacuated.

But I don't know, I cannot tell you exactly how many people were evacuated, because for the Coast Guard it was not -- the Coast Guard helicopter, it was not easy to land. And they use this stretcher, you know, this thing, this basket so of course, so one people at the same time. It was not so easy.

And I was not concentrating on that, because I was concentrating on my water plan. And have my eyes going in all the directions. So -- but I know that there were evacuating some, a lot of -- some people from the helicopter, both Coast Guard and police.

- Q. And you, at that time you said a fire team had joined the vessel, do you know how many people on the fire team joined your vessel?
 - A. I cannot tell you an exact figure. I would say around ten.
 - Q. Around ten?

- A. Something like that, around ten.
- Q. And, was that a local fire department, or was that a salvage team?
 - A. No, it was local, no, no, no, it was a local fire department equipped with breathing -- with everything, the material, the breathing material. That they know they are with the helicopter bringing material, and breathing apparatus to the people, equipped, they went down to inspect, to control, and finally to --
 - Q. So they came with all their own equipment, right?
 - A. Yes, yes, their own equipment.
 - Q. Did they use any of the ship's equipment while they were trying to help?
- A. I don't know, I don't think so, but I don't
 know, frankly speaking, I don't know who bring it,

 afterward, we make an inquiry of what was used, maybe,

 maybe. I don't recall that, the safety officer, and

- 1 (inaudible word) could tell you that, but that, no, I
- 2 don't know how many equipment were used, if it was ours
- 3 or not.
- 4 Q. And you said after you evacuated the vessel
- 5 | the fire team stayed on board.
- A. Yes, yes.
- 7 Q. When did you return to the vessel, and how?
- 8 A. Never, because I was not, never, I returned to
- 9 the vessel after (inaudible few word), come alongside.
- 10 But never because the response team I was not suitable
- 11 | person on board. For what reason I don't -- I can't
- 12 | tell you, I cannot tell you. But they prefer to have
- 13 the staff captain, bosun, and electrician, and I was
- 14 staying on shore with restaurant team supervisor. How
- 15 that commander decided, I don't remember his name now.
- 16 | I was not.
- 17 Q. So after the casualty did you interact with
- 18 | the salvage teams at all?
- 19 A. After?
- 20 Q. Yes.
- 21 A. No.
- 22 Q. No?
- 23 A. No, no, no, no.
- Q. So do you know who the salvage companies
- 25 interacted with?

A. Could you repeat please?

- Q. The salvage companies, who did they interact with?
 - A. The salvage company was Ardent Company from Vito Brand, the subcontractor. But do I know what? If they went on board with?
 - Q. Well they didn't speak to you as the Captain. Who were they working with?
 - A. They speak to me, they speak to me, of course, they spoke to me. But I was not, they did not want me on board, I was not -- and it was like that. So, okay, I didn't want to disturb their own action, okay? So I was staying on the command center on shore, and they sent, I send, they asked me, they asked me of course.

I could have been insisting, but I saw that the guy was -- preferred to have the staff captain, and the electrician, and the chief engineer. So that, I accept my position on shore, the fire was under control, under control why? Because everything to be burned, was burnt, probably. And some action must be taken, but they took the action, and they made it properly. They were -- that was under control from my site.

Q. Okay. When we went on board, and we looked at the vessel, we saw that your safe in your cabin had

- been broken into. Did you authorize somebody to go in,
 and retrieve stuff from your safe?
- A. No, no. It is before, no, no, no, the safe is
 an incident reported before. We have been, have been
 subject to a thief, and it was ahead of that, it was
 ten days before. The safe box has been, the key was
 lost, and I was obliged to make it open.
- 8 Q. Okay.
- 9 A. By a locksmith. So that is the reason why, it 10 is nothing related to the incident.
- 11 Q. Okay.

- 12 A. It was before.
- 13 Q. Thank you.
- 14 A. You are welcome.
- Q. And while you were on board did -- how did you, how did the SMS, or the safety management system on the vessel, how did it operate?
- 18 A. Could you clarify, please?
 - Q. Was it as designed? Or did you make any changes since you were on board?
- 21 A. Ah no, no because it is not permitted. The
 22 SMS is approved, an approved document by the class, by
 23 the company, and you cannot modify this, it is not
 24 possible. Okay, for this document is to be followed.
 25 If you have -- if you, when I made a Captain review,

- okay, of the SMS, you can make some proposing the this
- 2 | document must be amended, or this one is useless, or
- 3 | this one is to be refreshed, or something like that.
- 4 But you cannot do that on your own.
 - Q. Yes, did you make --
 - A. I have no permission to do that.
- Q. Okay, did you make any recommendations to change your SMS?
- A. I was not old enough in the company to proceed
 with that, but yes it was something to come. I have my
 idea, and I was of course aware of some simplifications
 some reduction, but I didn't make note at this moment.
- 13 Q. And --

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- 14 A. No, remarks.
- Q. And who is your primary person ashore that you dealt with?
- 17 A. For SMS it is the DPA.
- Q. No, for all issues, anything that you needed, did you always go through the DPA?
- A. No, no, no, because if I need some, for
 instance, some I'm sorry -- if I need some extra crew,
 for instance, I go to the management, the crew
 management, the crew management company, okay? If I
 need some staff to be assembled, or let's say like

consumables, I go through the agent, I go through the

- representative in the head office, I go to the
- 2 | technical manager, or ship technical manager, doing the
- 3 (inaudible word) action sometimes.
- And the DPA only for the -- of course, the DPA
- 5 is in the middle of all the things. Because the
- 6 quality assurances, the provider (inaudible word), and
- 7 | everything, so of course the SMS in the middle, of
- 8 | course. But the DPA, I deal with him only with
- 9 documents, and SMS.
- 10 Q. Okay.
- 11 A. And ISM topics, I mean.
- 12 Q. And was the communication good? Did you
- 13 receive what you requested in a timely manner?
- 14 A. Perfect, it was perfect. Some discrepancies,
- 15 I go, sometimes you can find. But as far as I know,
- 16 and you knew, during the COC, the PSC, everything was
- 17 | normal, everything was clear, transparent in there like
- 18 | it was -- I won't say perfect, but it was respecting
- 19 the rules and the usual professional business practices
- 20 in that topic.
- 21 Q. And sorry to change topics, thank you. But we
- 22 | are going to go back to at the end of the casualty the
- 23 | tug boat put a line on your vessel.
- A. Um-hmm.
- 25 Q. And but it never really took it on taught, or

- actually pulled on the vessel. Was that your decision or the tug boat's decision?
- What to send a line? Before? You mean before 3 4 we leave the ship, during the -- no, no, it was the tug 5 boat -- as far as I remember, it was the tug boat's proposal, submitted, but I was accepted, but why not, 6 but it was not important to me. Say okay, we can have 7 a line, why not? But it is not important, because I 8 9 dropped the anchor. And after they let go the line, and this, this was not used, this was not used. 10 Afterwards --11
 - 0.

Okay.

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- -- when I was not on board, it was during the 13 salvage, okay, they made some other jobs with the tug, 14 but I was not on board. 15
 - And when you dropped the anchor, did you already have an anchor team pre-positioned, or did you -- did you have to send, find a new team to do that?
 - For dropping the anchor, you mean? The team who dropped the anchor?
 - Yes, did you have a team on standby? Q.
 - No, no, no. I just asked the bosun to go because he prepared the ship, I say please go and drop five shackle, please. Five shackle or four shackle, or four shackle in the water, as soon as possible. And he

dropped it.

- Q. Okay.
- A. It was very, it is very, it is an operation, it is quick, you don't need to, you just unbreak, you undo the -- you remove the sleeves, and -- you open the brake, you leave four shackle, and you close the brakes, that's it, it was no put the engine on and -- no, it was just drop it and go back to your duty. It was at least, a maximum ten, less than ten minutes operation, five minutes, something very quick.
 - Q. Okay, thank you. When you arrived at pier six, where all the passengers were gathering after the casualty, was there a manifest there, at the pier?
 - A. Yes, yes because you mean once everybody was on shore? Yes, because I went to the command car, I don't know if you were in, but I don't remember the people. And there were a lot of people and the first question coming out was 511/512, so obviously they have a manifest, and we also compare the manifest, and we observe that 511 person were accounted, and the manifest say 512. So we are -- had one person gap. And finally we solved that this person in San Juan was released the day before.
 - Q. Okay. Thank you. Where did that MES document come from? That -- the one that they had at the pier?

1	A. What, could you tell it again, please?
2	Q. You had mentioned that you had the manifest at
3	the pier, on pier six, where did that document come
4	from?
5	A. The passenger manifest?
6	Q. Yes.
7	A. Maybe it could have been from ACF, it could
8	have been from the hotel manager, I don't know, but
9	they have that.
10	Q. Okay, thank you. Does anyone from the
11	investigative team have any more questions?
12	MR. BOWLING: Commander I have a few, please.
13	CDR CAPELLI: Okay, thanks Captain I am going
14	to turn you over to Larry Bowling from the NTSB.
15	WITNESS
16	CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA
17	EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. BOWLING:
19	Q. Captain good afternoon, Larry Bowling with the
20	National Transportation Safety Board, and I'll be as
21	brief as I can. A quick question related to the safety
22	management system, can you just describe
23	A. Sorry sir, sorry, to which system?
24	Q. The safety management system on board the
25	vessel, can you describe your familiarity with.

- A. The safety, what did you call --
- Q. The safety management system.
 - A. The safety management system you mean?
- 4 Q. Yes, sir.

- A. SMS, okay, ISM, yes, yes, okay, okay.
- Q. Yes, can you tell me about your familiarity with the system, and your involvement, how you became familiar with that safety management system. Did you read through it, walk me through that.
- A. This question, sir, is very huge. Can be, can take a book. I mean, the ISM system has been installed after the (inaudible word) accident/incident in 1995 something like that. And this ISM system, generally speaking has been included in the SOLAS obligation, mainly for passenger ship in 1995 or 1996.

And all the system, and you have chapters and recommendations and each company adapts its own, like an insurance creating, like it has all what you would always do. But that is procedure to the system. And we have operation forms, safety form, generally we have the books, the forms all describing with an exhaustive, as far as possible way, what is done on board, what reboard, everything is classified.

You have a form for such a report, the near misses, the accident, the disciplinary, the --

everything which is going on on board, the safety

meetings, the -- all the meetings we have to do, the

frequency, of course, that the Captain -- it is one of

the main concern of the Captain to make this respected,

which is not so simple, it's a big deal.

- But it is our -- private gardener (sounds like), we saw to ensure that everybody is respecting that with the support, of course of the staff captain and the chief engineer, and all of the head of departments, with whom we have weekly/monthly and when necessary, on purpose meetings.
- Q. Yes sir, thank you. My question was actually specific to how you became familiar with the system that Baja Ferries had in place that was approved, and signed off on by RINA, who issued the safety management certificate to the vessel.
- A. Because on all companies it is quite the same, and it is very easy to come through, because like it is another edition of the same book you have on the -- the naval company, and the same company for the same type of ship, it is always the same thing. So some details, some names, of course, some things are different, but it is very easy to come through in a short time, when you have my experience, of course.

If you start you have to go through this book,

but you know the general lines. And these days it is common, it is a common application on each and every company. It is different from company A to company B, but it is very, very close. So to be familiar with that, it is not a big deal to know this system by (inaudible word). It is something else, you need some more time. But to be familiar with the system is not a big deal.

Q. Okay.

- A. That is why you -- so, I go through my, for instance I can tell you one example, the monthly report that the first, the handover, everything you describe, so in fact you take this instrument, and you fill out, the -- you know what to -- which step you have to go and what you have to do, what -- and it is, everything is explained, and it is the same for most of the companies dealing with the same business. I mean, all the (inaudible word) companies should be different from the rollback, from a passenger ship, of course. But in spite of these difference, the spirit remains the same, and then the forms are very similar.
- Q. Okay, thank you Captain. The next question is related to a term, the mass rescue operation, or mass rescue operation planning MRO. Do you have any training with regard to that particular specialty, can

you tell me, if you do, where it came from, and what your experience is?

A. Yes, I did. I did that on some different, ramp on the Viking, on some other brands I have been attending some real trials. Also with the video training, video training, which is very comfortable with, very easy to handle. Yes, I have been managing that on several ships. And passenger ships, I think the same system, okay?

The same MES system which you don't have on the old ships but now, which is compulsory. For instance, in the passenger, in passenger ships like your rollbacks in the united, in the U.S. waters, if you want to have your COC you must have an MES, which is not, obviously compulsory for all ships, all over the world. But I experience this, material several times, yes. And I have had.

- Q. Thank you Captain. Do you know if Baja

 Ferries has any planning, or contingencies drafted,

 that are in place to handle such an event as a mass

 rescue operation, or an event like happened on the

 Caribbean Fantasy in August?
- A. I'm sorry, I didn't understand the question, could you come back again, please? I'm sorry.
 - Q. No problem Captain, thank you. Are you aware

- of any contingency plans or other documents that are
- 2 | planning related that Baja, which indicate the Baja
- 3 | Ferries has addressed a potential situation, such as a
- 4 | mass rescue operation, for many of its vessels? The
- 5 Caribbean Fantasy, or any other vessels?
- A. No, I'm not.
- 7 Q. All right, thank you. Captain the -- earlier
- 8 in some of your statements you used the term, on scene
- 9 commander, and I think you referenced, a Spanish name.
- 10 Would the Coast Guard cutter, Joseph Tezanos be that
- 11 vessel?
- 12 A. Yes, yes.
- 13 Q. Okay.
- 14 A. That is the -- for me it was difficult to
- 15 understand that.
- Q. I understand, Captain. And my question is
- 17 | related to VHF radio communications from the Coast
- 18 | Guard cutter Joseph Tezanos, to the Caribbean Fantasy
- 19 do you recall any VHF transmissions from the Coast
- 20 | Guard cutter to your ship, asking you to address issues
- 21 | with passengers entering the water from any of the
- 22 lifesaving appliances?
- 23 A. I'm sorry, I don't get exactly what you mean,
- 24 | but I am sorry -- if I learned from the U.S. Coast
- 25 | Guard that -- question, is? The U.S. Coast Guard asked

me a question?

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- 2 Q. Let me --
- A. Asked some people onto the sea? No?
 - Q. Let me rephrase the question.
- 5 A. Yes, please.
 - Q. Specifically to radio communications, prior to the, and prior to the abandonment of the ship, during the abandonment of the ship
- 9 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you recall any radio communication, channel sixteen VHF, coming to you from the Joseph Tezanos, from the on scene commander, and asking you to address passengers who were jumping into the water from lifeboats, or life rafts, or any other appliances that were in the water?
 - A. No, no, no, I have been in touch with this ship, I don't know, I can't say the name. But on scene commander, what I call on scene commander is not my choice, it is the GMDSS compulsory language to be used, okay.

On scene commander is not an invention, it is like ISM, or it is something you must use. When you don't, I don't, I cannot remember your name because I am not familiar with English, but I know that you are from NTSB, and an investigator, that's identify you

clearly, identify very clearly. But that is the same from on scene commander, but I don't recall any, any conversation like you say asking me to address a passenger that is going --

- Q. Okay, thank you Captain very much. I have no further questions, thank you.
 - A. Thank you.

8 WITNESS

CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA

EXAMINATION

BY LTJG DIAZ-COLON:

- Q. Good afternoon Captain this is Lieutenant

 Junior Grade Carlos Diaz from the Coast Guard. I had

 one follow up question. To (inaudible word) that you

 had said earlier. You had said that they ah, as a

 company they require you to submit monthly near misses,

 and depending on the severity, you will do it more

 frequently for any near miss that you have on the

 vessel, is that correct?
- A. That's not correctly, that the company, the ISM we make monthly report, on the Captain monthly report. Okay? And that report, we attached some complementary document. Okay, but for instance, near misses, if there are some images, we send it directly to the DPA.

Whether I have near misses for (inaudible word), or something like that, for instance. I wrote in my, I send to the officer is in trouble that -- make a report. We make a proposal, while we study them together and then we send this to the company, it is sent to the company immediately, and attached to the report, I say, this near miss, for so, so and so, on the monthly report, is a reminder of the, what we have That's what -- and it is compulsory, the report is, it is something that you have to do monthly, on a monthly basis.

- Q. Okay, thank you for the clarification. So, my question is, the week prior to the fire, I believe it was August seventh, the fire was on August seventeenth.
 - A. Um-hmm.

- Q. On August 12th the starboard engine had a similar issue that caused a fire in the port engine. Which was a failure to the flange on fuel rail. Was that reported to you?
 - A. No.
- Q. Would you consider that a near miss the padding?
- A. No, no. No, no, I am not considering a near miss, it is not mine, a near miss something like the rain, it is the rain, it rains, a near miss is

something like that. Near miss that you have close to an accident. And nothing was reported to me regarding this topic.

- Q. So you are saying --
- A. No flanges, no nothing.
- Q. Okay.

- A. It is an engine issue. And I am not dealing, I am not chief engineer, I am the Captain. So, if there is something which is important, that the chief engineer thinks is important, of course, he will report to me this, something like that. And if this technical problem becomes a near miss, it's possible, so okay, oh, we have to consider that is a near miss. And in the yellow sheet of the -- what you call that -- the tree, in the tree of the document you have to, of course, address to the company a near miss due to an engine problem. But it is something different, separate, I was not informed no near miss on this, though, no.
 - Q. Okay, thank you for that, Captain.
- LTJG DIAZ-COLON: I don't have any further questions.
- 23 CDR CAPELLI: Good afternoon Captain.

 24 Commander Capelli U.S. Coast Guard. The investigative

 25 team has no more questions. I am going to go around

the room and make sure the parties-in-interest don't 1 have any questions. Panama, do you have any questions 2 3 for the witness? 4 MR. ARENAS: Yes. 5 CDR CAPELLI: Panama has questions for you, he will be here in a second. 6 7 THE WITNESS: Um-hmm. WITNESS 8 9 CAPTAIN JACQUES LEON CASABIANCA 10 EXAMINATION BY MR. ARENAS: 11 Good afternoon Captain, my name is Gaspar 12 Arenas, I am from Panama Maritime Authority. 13 14 Α. Yes. Just to clarify, I understand that you have a 15 short time on Caribbean Fantasy, but you have knowledge 16 of the recommendation that, of who make a 17 18 recommendation to change the muster list and why? 19 Because you have two muster lists, right, the old one and the new one. 20 2.1 Α. Apparently, yes. 22 Q. Yes. And it is apparently, yes? And it is, I told 23 already, it is to my, in my opinion that's a mistake. 24

And the recommendation is coming from RINA, because it

- is RINA who approved, and representing, RINA is
 representing your county, the flag ship, the flag, and
 say okay we prefer this to this. So (inaudible few
 words), but it was not yet in application. And that is
 why, supersede and make this mistake of course. And
 that's a mistake. Of course, that is a reason, not a
 real mistake, a misunderstanding I'd say.
 - Q. Okay, and why this new muster list was, that wasn't approved was on board the ship, why?

- A. I don't know, it is a question of time.
- Q. Okay, on the duty and time that this two muster lists affect directly, or make confusion to the response, or in this case of this incident do you think that --
- A. No, it didn't make any confusion except for the investigator, I can understand that. But for us, the muster or the former one, because this was a question of time, it was under process to change this. And all the crew react to Mr. Skylight, and that muster list was before. So, it was not -- no confusion, no confusion, sorry, on behalf on the crew. Who was to be active, and action and brave to save all the people, all the bodies. That is why we have this (inaudible word), because the -- as I told people, muster list is a procedure, it is a guideline, sometimes you have to

- adapt. 1 Okay, thank you Captain. 2 Α. 3 Q. Okay. 4 CDR CAPELLI: American Cruise Ferries, do you 5 have any questions? MR. BAYRON: (No audible response.) 6 7 CDR CAPELLI: American Cruise Ferries has no questions. 8 9 CDR CAPELLI: Baja Ferries, do you have any questions? 10 MR. CHENAULT: No questions. 11 Baja Ferries has no questions. 12 CDR CAPELLI: Okay, Captain at this time, you are now released as a 13 14 witness at this hearing, thank you for your testimony and cooperation. 15 CAPTAIN/THE WITNESS: Is that the --16 17 CDR CAPELLI: If I later determine that you 18 are needed -- if we need additional information from 19 you, we will contact you through counsel. If you have any questions for us or this investigation, you may 20 contact the recorder, LTJG Diaz-Colon. Thank you for 21 22 your time.
- THE WITNESS: Thank you, thank you Captain.

 That's -- thank you, commander, that is what we did

 from the beginning, and we cooperate fully with the,

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all the authorities, and we will continue, sure.
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             CDR CAPELLI: Thank you sir, thank you very
3
    much.
              The time is 1710 the hearing will now recess
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    until tomorrow morning, 0800.
              THE WITNESS: Thank you again, stop the
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    communication?
              CDR CAPELLI: Yes.
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              THE WITNESS: Okay, by to everybody.
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             CDR CAPELLI: By Captain, thank you.
10
              (At 1710 the proceedings concluded.)
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CERTIFICATION

This certificate is valid only for a transcript accompanied by my original required signature on this page.

I hereby certify that the proceedings in the matter of the Formal Investigation of the Caribbean Fantasy Marine Casualty, heard in the Hilton Caribe, San Juan, Puerto Rico, Wednesday March 22, 2017, were recorded by means of audiotape.

I further certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, page numbers one to two hundred thirty-seven constitute a complete and accurate transcript of the proceedings as transcribed by me.

I further certify that I am neither a relative to nor an employee of any attorney or party herein, and that I have no interest in the outcome of this case.

In witness whereof, I have affixed my signature this $18^{\rm th}$ day of April, 2017.

Sally S. Gessner, Court Reporter