

Aviation Investigation Factual Report

Location:	Sebastian, Florida	Accident Number:	ERA15LA124
Date & Time:	February 9, 2015, 06:15 Local	Registration:	N30EA
Aircraft:	DEHAVILLAND DHC 6 TWIN OTTER	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:	Loss of control on ground	Injuries:	1 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Positionir	g	

Factual Information

On February 9, 2015, at 0615 eastern standard time, N30EA and N70EA, both de Havilland Canada DHC 6 Twin Otters, sustained substantial damage when N30EA collided with N70EA, when the pilot lost control during engine start at the Sebastian Municipal Airport (X26), Sebastian, Florida. The pilot of N30EA and the pilot and mechanic on N70EA were not injured. Both airplanes were registered to and operated by Eagle Air Transport, Ottawa, Illinois. An instrument flight rules flight plan was filed for both airplanes and destined for the Exuma International Airport (MYEF), George Town, Bahamas. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed for the positioning flights conducted under the provisions of 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91.

Both airplanes were parked right next to each other (N30EA was to the right of N70EA) and were preparing to depart. The pilot of N30EA reported that she conducted a normal pre-flight inspection of the airplane and the parking brake was "set." After starting both engines, the pilot advanced the throttles (one at a time) to bring the generators on-line. She said the airplane began to move forward and to the left because the steering-tiller had been positioned "sharply" to the left when the airplane was last parked. The pilot said that when she applied the brakes, there was no response and the airplane turned almost 180 degrees as it collided with N70EA, who also had its engines running. A review of postaccident photographs revealed substantial damage to the right wings and engines of both airplanes. The propeller assembly from N70EA's right engine had sheared off and each blade was damaged. The propeller assembly for N30EA remained attached to the engine and each blade was damaged. The area above the cockpit of N30EA was crushed from impact with N70EA's right wing.

The pilot of N30EA reported that after she did an emergency shut-down of the engines; she realized the hydraulic circuit breaker was "pulled." She said she had been told that a mechanic had "pulled" the circuit breaker to bleed down the hydraulic accumulator during maintenance done the night before the accident, which may have resulted in the parking brake and pedal-brakes not having sufficient fluid to operate correctly. However, a review of maintenance logs for N30EA revealed there was no maintenance to the hydraulic system on the airplane prior to the accident. The pilot also stated that she learned after the accident that even though it is not on the checklist, some pilots will pull the hydraulic circuit breaker when shutting down the aircraft to "save a little wear and tear" on the hydraulic pump. It is not known how or why the hydraulic circuit breaker had opened prior to the accident.

According to the airplane's Normal Operating procedures, section 2.1.2, Before Starting Engines checklist, the pilot was to confirm that all circuit breakers were "In". When asked how this accident could have been prevented, the pilot said she, "...should have seen the pulled circuit breaker on the prestart flow."

The pilot of N70EA stated that he was parked to the left of N30EA and he had just started the engines. He was bringing the generators on-line when the operator's Director of Maintenance (DOM) was boarding the rear of the airplane. The pilot then reached down to turn on the avionics master switch, when N30EA collided with N70EA. He immediately shut down both engines while the DOM exited the airplane.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	40
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Unknown
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine; Airplane single-engine	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	September 30, 2014
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	September 4, 2013
Flight Time:	2654 hours (Total, all aircraft), 372 hours (Total, this make and model), 2524 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 141 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 54 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 0 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	DEHAVILLAND	Registration:	N30EA
Model/Series:	DHC 6 TWIN OTTER	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1968	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	191
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	1
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	January 8, 2015 Continuous airworthiness	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	10501 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	32305 Hrs	Engines:	2 Turbo prop
Airframe Total Time:	at time of accident	Engine Manufacturer:	Pratt and Whitney
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	PT6A-34
Registered Owner:	EAGLE AIR TRANSPORT INC	Rated Power:	750 Horsepower
Operator:	EAGLE AIR TRANSPORT INC	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	On-demand air taxi (135)
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	E2TM

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	VRB,22 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	10 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	05:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	156°
Lowest Cloud Condition:		Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast / 9500 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots / None	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/ None
Wind Direction:	290°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/ N/A
Altimeter Setting:	29.95 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	-11°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	Sebastian, FL (X26)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	IFR
Destination:	Exuma (MYEF)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	

Airport Information

Airport:	Sebastian Municipal X26	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:	21 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Unknown
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	27.815555,-80.469718(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Yeager, Leah
Additional Participating Persons:	
Report Date:	May 21, 2015
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=90702

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) is an independent federal agency charged by Congress with investigating every civil aviation accident in the United States and significant events in other modes of transportation—railroad, transit, highway, marine, pipeline, and commercial space. We determine the probable causes of the accidents and events we investigate, and issue safety recommendations aimed at preventing future occurrences. In addition, we conduct transportation safety research studies and offer information and other assistance to family members and survivors for each accident or event we investigate. We also serve as the appellate authority for enforcement actions involving aviation and mariner certificates issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and US Coast Guard, and we adjudicate appeals of civil penalty actions taken by the FAA.

The NTSB does not assign fault or blame for an accident or incident; rather, as specified by NTSB regulation, "accident/incident investigations are fact-finding proceedings with no formal issues and no adverse parties ... and are not conducted for the purpose of determining the rights or liabilities of any person" (Title 49 *Code of Federal Regulations* section 831.4). Assignment of fault or legal liability is not relevant to the NTSB's statutory mission to improve transportation safety by investigating accidents and incidents and issuing safety recommendations. In addition, statutory language prohibits the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report (Title 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b)). A factual report that may be admissible under 49 *United States Code* section 1154(b) is available <u>here</u>.



Aviation Investigation Factual Report

Location:	Sebastian, Florida	Accident Number:	ERA15LA124
Date & Time:	February 9, 2015, 06:15 Local	Registration:	N70EA
Aircraft:	DEHAVILLAND DHC 6 200	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Defining Event:	Loss of control on ground	Injuries:	2 None
Flight Conducted Under:	Part 91: General aviation - Positionin	g	

Factual Information

On February 9, 2015, at 0615 eastern standard time, N30EA and N70EA, both DeHavilland DH 6 Twin Otters, sustained substantial damage when N30EA collided with N70EA, when it lost control during engine start at the Sebastian Municipal Airport (X26), Sebastian, Florida. The pilot of N30EA and the pilot and mechanic on N70EA were not injured. Both airplanes were registered to and operated by Eagle Air Transport, Ottawa, Illinois. An instrument flight rules flight plan was filed for both airplanes and destined for the Exuma International Airport (MYEF), George Town, Bahamas. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed for the positioning flight conducted under the provisions of 14 Code of Federal Regulations Part 91.

Both airplanes were parked right next to each other (N30EA was to the right of N70EA) and were preparing to depart. The pilot of N30EA reported that she conducted a normal pre-flight inspection of the airplane and the parking brake was "set." After starting both engines, the pilot advanced the throttles (one at a time) to bring the generators on-line. She said the airplane began to move forward and to the left because the steering-tiller had been positioned "sharply" to the left when the airplane was last parked. The pilot said that when she applied the brakes, there was no response and the airplane turned almost 180 degrees as it collided with N70EA, who also had its engines running. A review of postaccident photographs revealed substantial damage to the right wings and engines of both airplanes. The propeller assembly from N70EA's right engine had sheared off and each blade was damaged. The propeller assembly for N30EA remained partially attached to the engine and each blade was damaged. The area above the cockpit of N30EA was crushed from impact with N70EA's right wing.

The pilot of N30EA reported that after she did an emergency shut-down of the engines; she realized the hydraulic circuit breaker was "pulled." She said she had been told that a mechanic had "pulled" the circuit breaker to bleed down the hydraulic accumulator during maintenance done the night before the accident, which may have resulted in the parking brake and pedal-brakes not having sufficient fluid to operate correctly. However, a review of maintenance logs for N30EA revealed there was no maintenance to the hydraulic system on the airplane prior to the accident. The pilot also stated that she learned after the accident that even though it is not on the checklist, some pilots will pull the hydraulic circuit breaker when shutting down the aircraft to "save a little wear and tear" on the hydraulic pump. It is not known how or why the hydraulic circuit breaker had opened prior to the accident.

According to the airplane's Normal Operating procedures, section 2.1.2, Before Starting Engines checklist, the pilot was to confirm that all circuit breakers were "In". When asked how this accident could have been prevented, the pilot said she, "...should have seen the pulled circuit breaker on the prestart flow."

The pilot of N70EA stated that he was parked to the left of N30EA and he had just started the engines. He was bringing the generators on-line when the operator's Director of Maintenance (DOM) was boarding the rear of the airplane. The pilot then reached down to turn on the avionics master switch, when N30EA collided with N70EA. He immediately shut down both engines while the DOM exited the rear of the airplane.

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	54
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Unknown
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane multi-engine; Airplane single-engine	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	February 21, 2015
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	5000 hours (Total, all aircraft), 550 h all aircraft)	nours (Total, this make and model), 10)2 hours (Last 90 days,

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	DEHAVILLAND	Registration:	N70EA
Model/Series:	DHC 6 200	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	139
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	Unknown	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	2 Turbo prop
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Pratt and Whitney
ELT:	Installed	Engine Model/Series:	PT6A-34
Registered Owner:	EAGLE AIR TRANSPORT	Rated Power:	750 Horsepower
Operator:	EAGLE AIR TRANSPORT INC	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	On-demand air taxi (135)
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	E2TM

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Dav
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Observation Facility, Elevation:	VRB,22 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	10 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	05:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	156°
Lowest Cloud Condition:		Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Overcast / 9500 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	5 knots / None	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/ None
Wind Direction:	290°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/ N/A
Altimeter Setting:	29.95 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	-11°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	Sebastian, FL (X26)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	IFR
Destination:	Exuma (MYEF)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:		Type of Airspace:	

Airport Information

Airport:	Sebastian Municipal X26	Runway Surface Type:	
Airport Elevation:	21 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Unknown
Runway Used:		IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:		VFR Approach/Landing:	None

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	27.815555,-80.469718(est)

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Yeager, Leah
Additional Participating Persons:	
Report Date:	May 21, 2015
Last Revision Date:	
Investigation Class:	<u>Class</u>
Note:	The NTSB did not travel to the scene of this accident.
Investigation Docket: https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=90702	

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